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State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



2013 ASSEMBLY BILL 720

February 3, 2014 – Introduced by Representative Sinicki. Referred to Committee on Labor.

AN ACT to renumber 104.01 (1); to renumber and amend 104.045; to amend 49.141 (1) (g), 103.67 (2) (fm) 3., 103.70 (2) (b) 3., 104.01 (intro.), 104.01 (8), 104.04, 104.05, 104.07 (1), 104.07 (2), 104.10, 104.11, 234.94 (5), 234.94 (8), 800.09 (1j), 800.095 (1) (d) and 895.035 (2m) (c); to repeal and recreate 104.06; and to create 15.227 (1), 19.85 (1) (ej), 104.01 (1d), 104.01 (1g), 104.01 (5m), 104.01 (7m), 104.035 and 104.045 (2) and (3) of the statutes; relating to: creation of a wage council to study and make recommendations concerning increases in the living wage, increasing the state minimum wage, and granting rule–making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under the current state minimum wage law, employers are required to pay to their employees a living wage, which is defined as compensation that is sufficient to enable an employee to maintain himself or herself under conditions consistent with his or her welfare. Under that law, the Department of Workforce Development (DWD) is required to investigate and determine the living wage. If, upon investigation, DWD finds that there is reasonable cause to believe that the wages paid to any employee are not a living wage, DWD must appoint a wage council,

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selected so as fairly to represent employers, employees, and the public, to assist DWD in its investigations and determinations. In determining the living wage, DWD may consider the effect that an increase in the living wage might have on the economy of the state, including the effect of a living wage increase on job creation, retention, and expansion; on the availability of entry-level jobs; and on regional economic conditions within the state.

This bill creates a permanent wage council in DWD and requires the wage council, early in each regular session of the legislature, to convene for the purpose of studying the need for an increase in the living wage and making recommendations to DWD for any changes in the living wage that may be necessary to ensure that the wages paid to any employee are a living wage. The wage council, in conducting that study and making those recommendations, and DWD, in revising the living wage, must consider: 1) any changes in the consumer price index; 2) the effect of those changes on the real income of employees in this state; and 3) the effect that an increase in the living wage might have on the economy of the state, including the effect of a living wage increase on job creation, retention, and expansion; on the availability of entry-level jobs; and on regional economic conditions within the state. If DWD approves the findings and recommendations of the wage council, DWD may promulgate rules to revise the living wage.

In addition, the bill specifies that the biennial living wage revision procedure created under the bill does not preclude DWD from convening the wage council at other times during the regular session of the legislature if, upon investigation, DWD finds that there is reasonable cause to believe that the wages paid to any employee are not a living wage. If DWD so convenes the wage council, the wage council so convened must study the need for an increase in the living wage and report its recommendations as provided in the bill.

Finally, the bill increases the minimum wage for employees generally, beginning on January 1, 2015, from \$7.25 per hour to \$8 per hour or an amount determined by DWD by rule, whichever is greater.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- **Section 1.** 15.227 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
- 2 15.227 (1) Wage council. There is created in the department of workforce
- development a wage council consisting of all of the following members:

1	(a) Five representatives of employers, including a representative of an
2	association that is primarily composed of small businesses, appointed by the
3	secretary of workforce development for 3-year terms.
4	(b) Five representatives of employees appointed by the secretary of workforce
5	development for 3-year terms.
6	(c) The chairpersons and ranking minority party members of one senate
7	standing committee and one assembly standing committee concerned with labor
8	issues, appointed as are the members of standing committees in their respective
9	houses.
10	(d) Five representatives of the public interest who do not have the
11	qualifications of the members described in pars. (a) to (c) appointed by the secretary
12	of workforce development for 3-year terms.
13	Section 2. 19.85 (1) (ej) of the statutes is created to read:
14	19.85 (1) (ej) Deliberating by the wage council in a meeting at which all
15	employer members of the council or all employee members of the council are
16	excluded.
17	SECTION 3. 49.141 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	49.141 (1) (g) "Minimum wage" means the state minimum hourly wage under
19	ch. 104 ± 0.035 (1) or the federal minimum hourly wage under 29 USC 206 (a) (1),
20	whichever is applicable.
21	Section 4. 103.67 (2) (fm) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
22	103.67 (2) (fm) 3. The minor is paid the applicable minimum wage under ch.
23	$104 \underline{\text{s. }} 104.035$ or under federal law, whichever is greater, for the work.
24	SECTION 5. 103.70 (2) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

1	103.70 (2) (b) 3. The minor is paid the applicable minimum wage under ch. 104
2	s. 104.035 or under federal law, whichever is greater, for the work.
3	Section 6. 104.01 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	104.01 Definitions. (intro.) The following terms as used in In this chapter
5	shall be construed as follows:
6	Section 7. 104.01 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 104.01 (1m).
7	Section 8. 104.01 (1d) of the statutes is created to read:
8	104.01 (1d) "Agricultural employee" means an employee who is employed in
9	the operation of farm premises, as described in s. 102.04 (3).
10	Section 9. 104.01 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:
11	104.01 (1g) "Consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price
12	index over each 12-month period for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, all
13	items, not seasonally adjusted, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the
14	federal department of labor.
15	Section 10. 104.01 (5m) of the statutes is created to read:
16	104.01 (5m) "Opportunity employee" means a person under 20 years of age who
17	is in the first 90 consecutive days of employment with his or her employer.
18	Section 11. 104.01 (7m) of the statutes is created to read:
19	104.01 (7m) "Tipped employee" means an employee who in the course of
20	employment customarily and regularly receives money or other gratuities from
21	persons other than the employee's employer.
22	Section 12. 104.01 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	104.01 (8) The term "wage" and the term "wages" shall each mean "Wage"
24	means any compensation for labor measured by time, piece, or otherwise.
25	Section 13. 104.035 of the statutes is created to read:

1	104.035 Minimum wage. (1) EMPLOYEES GENERALLY. Except as provided in
2	subs. (2) and (3), the minimum wage for wages earned beginning on January 1, 2015
3	is \$8 per hour or the amount determined by the department by rule promulgated
4	under s. 106.04, whichever is greater.
5	(2) Minimum wage established by department. The department shall
6	promulgate rules providing the minimum wage for all of the following:
7	(a) Tipped employees.
8	(b) Opportunity employees.
9	(c) Agricultural employees.
10	(d) Camp counselors.
11	(e) Golf caddies.
12	(f) An employee or worker with a disability covered under a license under s
13	104.07.
14	(g) A student learner.
15	(h) A student employed by an independent college or university for less than
16	20 hours per week.
17	(3) Employment exempted by department. The department shall promulgate
18	rules exempting from the minimum wage requirements under subs. (1) to (3) all of
19	the following:
20	(a) A person engaged in casual employment in and around an employer's home
21	on an irregular or intermittent basis for not more than 15 hours per week.
22	(b) A person who resides in the home of an employer who, due to advanced age
23	or physical or mental disability, cannot care for his or her own needs, for the purpose
24	of companionship and who spends not more than 15 hours per week on general
25	household work for the employer.

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(c) An elementary or secondary school student performing student work-like activities in the student's school.

Section 14. 104.04 of the statutes is amended to read:

104.04 Classifications; department's authority. The department, with the assistance of the wage council as provided in s. 104.06, shall investigate, ascertain, determine, and fix such reasonable classifications, and shall impose general or special orders, determining the living wage, and shall carry out the purposes of this chapter. Such investigations, classifications, and orders shall be made as provided under s. 103.005, and the penalties specified in s. 103.005 (12) shall apply to and be imposed for any violation of this chapter. In determining the living wage, the department may consider the effect that an increase in the living wage might have on the economy of the state, including the effect of a living wage increase on job creation, retention, and expansion, on the availability of entry-level jobs, and on regional economic conditions within the state and the wage council shall use the procedures specified in s. 104.06. A living wage determined under this section shall be the living wage for all employees within the same class as established by the classification of the department. The department may not establish a different minimum wage for men and women. Said orders shall be subject to review in the manner provided in ch. 227.

SECTION 15. 104.045 of the statutes is renumbered 104.045 (intro.) and amended to read:

104.045 Tipped employees Tips, meals, lodging, and hours worked.

(intro.) The department shall by rule determine what amount of promulgate rules governing all of the following:

1	(1) The counting of tips or similar gratuities may be counted toward fulfillment
2	of the employer's obligation under this chapter.
3	Section 16. 104.045 (2) and (3) of the statutes are created to read:
4	104.045 (2) The deduction of meals or lodging provided by an employer to an
5	employee from the employer's obligation under this chapter.
6	(3) The determination of hours worked by an employee during which the
7	employee is entitled to a living wage under this chapter.
8	SECTION 17. 104.05 of the statutes is amended to read:
9	104.05 Complaints; investigation. The department shall, within Within 20
10	days after the filing of a verified complaint of any person setting forth alleging that
11	the wages paid to any employee in any occupation are not sufficient to enable the
12	employee to maintain himself or herself under conditions consistent with his or her
13	welfare, the department shall investigate and determine whether there is
14	reasonable cause to believe that the wage paid to any employee is not a living wage.
15	Section 18. 104.06 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
16	104.06 Wage council; determination of living wage. (1) LIVING WAGE
17	STUDY AND RECOMMENDATIONS. (a) Early in each regular session of the legislature, the
18	wage council shall convene for the purpose of studying the need for an increase in the
19	living wage and making recommendations to the department for any changes in the
20	living wage that may be necessary to ensure that the wages paid to any employee are
21	a living wage.
22	(b) The wage council, in conducting the study and making the
23	recommendations under par. (a), and the department, in revising the living wage

under sub. (3), shall consider all of the following:

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- 1. The percentage difference between the consumer price index, as defined in s. 49.455 (1) (b), for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the preceding year and the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the most recent even-numbered year before the preceding year, except that the wage council may not consider that percentage difference if the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the preceding year did not increase over the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the most recent even-numbered year before the preceding year.
- 2. The effect that any change in the consumer price index might have on the real incomes of employees in this state, unless the department is precluded from considering such a change under subd. 1.
- 3. The effect that an increase in the living wage might have on the economy of the state, including the effect of a living wage increase on job creation, retention, and expansion; on the availability of entry-level jobs; and on regional economic conditions within the state.
- (c) If the wage council recommends an increase in the living wage for a class of employees for whom the living wage is determined on an hourly basis, the wage council shall recommend the same increase for all classes of employees for whom the living wage is determined on an hourly basis.
- (2) Report of findings and recommendations, together with an explanation for those findings and recommendations, to the secretary, the governor, the speaker of the assembly, the senate majority leader, and the minority leaders of each house of the legislature and to the standing committee of each house of the legislature that is concerned with labor issues under s. 13.172 (3).

(3) Rules revising living wage. The department shall consider the findings
and recommendations of the wage council and, if the department approves those
findings and recommendations, the department may promulgate rules under s.
104.04 to revise the living wage.
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- (4) Other Living wage increases not precluded. The biennial living wage revision procedure specified in subs. (1) to (3) does not preclude the department from convening the wage council at other times during the regular session of the legislature if, upon investigation, the department finds that there is reasonable cause to believe that the wages paid to any employee are not a living wage. If the department so convenes the wage council, the wage council so convened shall study the need for an increase in the living wage as provided in sub. (1) and report its findings and recommendations as provided in sub. (2).
- **SECTION 19.** 104.07 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 36, is amended to read:
- 104.07 (1) The department shall make promulgate rules, and, except as provided under subs. (5), (6), and (7), grant licenses a license to any employer who employs any employee who is unable to earn the living wage determined by the department, permitting the employee to work for a wage that is commensurate with the employee's ability. Each license so granted shall establish a wage for the licensee employees of the licensee who are unable to earn a living wage.
- **SECTION 20.** 104.07 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 36, is amended to read:
- 104.07 **(2)** The department shall make promulgate rules, and, except as provided under subs. (5), (6), and (7), grant licenses to sheltered workshops, to permit the employment of workers with disabilities who are unable to earn the living wage

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at a wage that is commensurate with their ability and productivity. A license granted to a sheltered workshop under this subsection may be issued for the entire workshop or a department of the workshop.

Section 21. 104.10 of the statutes is amended to read:

104.10 Penalty for intimidating witness. Any employer who discharges or threatens to discharge, or who in any way discriminates, or threatens to discriminate against, any employee because the employee has testified or is about to testify, or because the employer believes that the employee may testify, in any investigation or proceeding relative to the enforcement of this chapter, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of may be fined \$25 for each offense.

Section 22. 104.11 of the statutes is amended to read:

104.11 Definition of violation. Each day during which any employer shall employ employs a person for whom a living wage has been fixed at a wage that is less than the living wage fixed shall constitute a separate and distinct violation of this chapter.

Section 23. 234.94 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

234.94 (5) "Primary employment" means work which that pays at least the minimum wage as established under ch. 104 s. 104.035 (1) or under federal law, whichever is greater; offers adequate fringe benefits, including health insurance; and is not seasonal or part time.

Section 24. 234.94 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

234.94 **(8)** "Target group" means a population group for which the unemployment level is at least 25% 25 percent higher than the statewide unemployment level, or a population group for which the average wage received is

less than 1.2 times the minimum wage as established under ch. 104 s. 104.035 (1) or under federal law, whichever is greater. No population group is required to be located within a contiguous geographic area to be considered a target group.

Section 25. 800.09 (1j) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.09 (1j) If the court orders the defendant to perform community service work in lieu of making restitution or of paying the forfeiture, surcharges, fees and costs, or both, the court may order that the defendant perform community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization that is approved by the court and agreed to by the public agency or nonprofit charitable organization. Community service work may be in lieu of restitution only if also agreed to by the person to whom restitution is owed. The number of hours of community service work required may not exceed the number determined by dividing the amount owed on the forfeiture by the minimum wage established under ch. 104 for adults in nonagriculture, nontipped employment s. 104.035 (1). The court shall ensure that the defendant is provided a written statement of the terms of the community service order and that the community service order is monitored.

Section 26. 800.095 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.095 (1) (d) That the defendant perform community service work for a public agency or nonprofit charitable organization approved by the court and agreed to by the agency or nonprofit charitable organization. If the community service work is in lieu of restitution, then the person to whom restitution is owed must agree; the defendant shall be given credit at the rate of not less than the minimum wage established under ch. 104 for adults in nonagriculture, nontipped employment <u>s.</u> 104.035 (1) for each one hour of community service completed. The defendant shall be given a written statement of the community service order. Nothing in this

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paragraph makes the defendant an employee or agent of the court or the municipality. The defendant shall be responsible for providing the court with proof that the community service hours have been completed.

Section 27. 895.035 (2m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

895.035 (2m) (c) The court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 may order that the juvenile perform community service work for a public agency or nonprofit charitable organization that is designated by the court in lieu of making restitution or paying the forfeiture or surcharge. If the parent agrees to perform community service work in lieu of making restitution or paying the forfeiture or surcharge, the court may order that the parent perform community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization that is designated by the court. Community service work may be in lieu of restitution only if also agreed to by the public agency or nonprofit charitable organization and by the person to whom restitution is owed. The court may utilize any available resources, including any community service work program, in ordering the juvenile or parent to perform community service work. The number of hours of community service work required may not exceed the number determined by dividing the amount owed on the restitution, forfeiture, or surcharge by the minimum wage established under ch. 104 for adults in nonagriculture, nontipped employment s. 104.035 (1). The court shall ensure that the juvenile or parent is provided with a written statement of the terms of the community service order and that the community service order is monitored.

Section 28. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) WAGE COUNCIL; INITIAL TERMS. Notwithstanding the length of terms specified for the members of the wage council specified under section 15.227 (1) (a), (b), and

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- (d) of the statutes, as created by this act, the initial members specified in those paragraphs shall be appointed for the following terms:
- (a) One of the initial members specified under section 15.227 (1) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act, one of the initial members specified under section 15.227 (1) (b) of the statutes, as created by this act, and one of the initial members specified under section 15.227 (1) (d) of the statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for a term that expires on June 1, 2015.
- (b) Two of the initial members specified under section 15.227 (1) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act, 2 of the initial members specified under section 15.227 (1) (b) of the statutes, as created by this act, and 2 of the initial members specified under section 15.227 (1) (d) of the statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for a term that expires on June 1, 2016.
- (c) Two of the initial members specified under section 15.227 (1) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act, 2 of the initial members specified under section 15.227 (1) (b) of the statutes, as created by this act, and 2 of the initial members specified under section 15.227 (1) (d) of the statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for a term that expires on June 1, 2017.

SECTION 29. Effective date.

(1) Wage council and minimum wage increase. This act takes effect on January 1, 2015.

21 (END)