

State of Misconsin 2015 - 2016 LEGISLATURE

LRB-2750/1 MDK:klm

2015 ASSEMBLY BILL 761

January 20, 2016 – Introduced by Representatives SINICKI, OHNSTAD and BERCEAU, cosponsored by Senator CARPENTER. Referred to Committee on Consumer Protection.

1 AN ACT *to amend* 165.25 (4) (ar); and *to create* 100.56 of the statutes; **relating** 2 **to:** terms and conditions of gift certificates, gift cards, and other gift obligations 3 and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill regulates the sale and redemption of gift certificates, gift cards, and similar items (gift obligations). The bill prohibits the following: 1) failing to honor a valid gift obligation; 2) selling a gift obligation that is subject to an expiration date; 3) reducing the value of a gift obligation except for the sale price of goods or services provided to the bearer; and 4) reducing the value of a gift obligation as a condition of disclosing the value of the gift obligation. Under the bill, the prohibitions numbered 2) and 3) above do not apply to a gift obligation given or sold for less than face value to a nonprofit organization, a person who transfers the gift obligation to another person primarily for the benefit of a nonprofit organization, or to a gift obligation issued for no consideration. Also under the bill, if a person that owns a business intends to transfer ownership of the business or otherwise cease to operate the business, the person may not issue gift obligations that may be redeemed at the business unless the intended transferee agrees to honor gift obligations issued by the person. The provisions of the bill do not apply to certain state-chartered financial institutions to the extent that federal law preempts or prohibits the application of the provisions of the bill to certain federally chartered financial institutions.

The Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection or a district attorney may enforce the provisions of the bill by bringing an action for a civil penalty

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of up to \$10,000. Also, the bill creates a private right of action in which a person may recover the greater of twice the person's pecuniary loss or \$200 for each violation.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 100.56 of the statutes is created to read:
100.56 Gift obligations. (1) DEFINITION. In this section, "gift obligation"
means an obligation, evidenced by a gift certificate, gift card, or other object or
document, to accept the gift certificate, gift card, or other object or document from the
holder as payment, up to a specified amount, for a merchant's goods or services.
(2) PROHIBITIONS; TERMS OF GIFT OBLIGATIONS. (a) No person may refuse to honor
a valid gift obligation.
(b) Subject to sub. (4), no person may reduce the value of a gift obligation, except
that when a holder of a gift obligation partially redeems the gift obligation as
payment for goods or services, the merchant that provides the goods or services may
subtract the sale price of the goods or services.
(c) Subject to sub. (4), no person may sell a gift obligation that is subject to an
expiration date. An expiration date that purports to apply to a gift obligation is void
and unenforceable.
(d) No person who sells a gift obligation may reduce the value of a gift obligation
as a condition of disclosing the value of the gift obligation.
(e) No person that owns a business may issue a gift obligation that may be
redeemed at that business if the person intends to cease operation of the business or
if the person intends to transfer ownership of the business, unless the intended
transferee has agreed to honor gift obligations issued by the person under the terms

and conditions applicable to the person. For purposes of this paragraph, a person

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intends to cease operation of the business or transfer ownership of the business if anyof the following applies:

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1. The person enters into an agreement to sell the business.

2. The person enters into an agreement to sell realty, fixtures, or personalty
associated with the business without which the business is unable to continue
operating, and the person does not actively seek to replace the realty, fixture, or
personalty.

8 3. The person files for bankruptcy in a manner that requires the person to9 relinquish ownership of the business.

4. The person takes an action similar to the actions described in subds. 1. to 3.
that commits the person to relinquishing ownership of the business to another
person.

(3) PENALTIES AND REMEDIES. (a) Any person who suffers pecuniary loss because
of a violation of this section may commence an action for the pecuniary loss. If the
person prevails, the person shall recover twice the amount of the pecuniary loss, or
\$200 for each violation, whichever is greater, together with costs, including
reasonable attorney fees, notwithstanding s. 814.04 (1).

(b) The department may commence an action in the name of the state to
restrain by temporary or permanent injunction a violation of this section. Before
entry of final judgment, the court may make any necessary orders to restore to any
person any pecuniary loss suffered by the person because of the violation.

(c) The department or any district attorney may commence an action in the
name of the state to recover a forfeiture to the state of not less than \$100 nor more
than \$10,000 for a violation of this section.

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1 (4) EXCEPTIONS. (a) Subsection (2) (b) and (c) does not apply to any of the 2 following:

1. A gift obligation given or sold to a person for an amount that is less than the value of the gift obligation, if the person is an organization that is exempt from federal income tax under section 501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code or if the person transfers the gift obligation to another person primarily for the benefit of an organization that is exempt from federal income tax under section 501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

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2. A gift obligation issued for no consideration.

10 (b) This section does not apply to a state-chartered bank, trust company, 11 savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union, or to a subsidiary of a 12 state-chartered bank, trust company, savings and loan association, savings bank, or 13 credit union, to the extent that federal law preempts or prohibits the application of 14 this section to a federally chartered bank, trust company, savings and loan 15 association, savings bank, or credit union of the same type.

SECTION 2. 165.25 (4) (ar) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 165.25 (4) (ar) The department of justice shall furnish all legal services
18 required by the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection relating
19 to the enforcement of ss. 91.68, 93.73, 100.171, 100.173, 100.174, 100.175, 100.177,
20 100.18, 100.182, 100.195, 100.20, 100.205, 100.207, 100.209, 100.21, 100.28, 100.37,
21 100.42, 100.50, 100.51, 100.55, <u>100.56</u>, and 846.45 and chs. 126, 136, 344, 704, 707,
22 and 779, together with any other services as are necessarily connected to the legal
23 services.

24 SECTION 3. Initial applicability.

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1 (1) This act first applies to gift obligations, as defined in section 100.56 (1) of 2 the statutes, as created by this act, that are sold on the effective date of this 3 subsection.

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SECTION 4. Effective date.

5 (1) This act takes effect on first day of the 6th month beginning after6 publication.

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(END)