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State of Misconsin 2021 - 2022 LEGISLATURE

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2021 SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 113

March 9, 2022 - Introduced by Senators Johnson, Agard, Bewley, Ringhand, Roys, Carpenter, Erpenbach, Larson and Pfaff, cosponsored by Representatives S. Rodriguez, Subeck, Sinicki, Hong, Emerson, Stubbs, Andraca, Billings, Cabrera, Conley, Drake, Hesselbein, B. Meyers, Neubauer, Ortiz-Velez, Pope, Shankland, Shelton, Snodgrass, Vining, Anderson, Milroy, Spreitzer, Cabral-Guevara, Haywood, Vruwink, Hintz, Considine, Hebl and Ohnstad. Referred to Committee on Senate Organization.

Relating to: proclaiming March 2022 as Women's History Month.

Whereas, American women of every race, class, and ethnic background have made historic contributions to the growth and strength of our nation in countless recorded and unrecorded ways; and

Whereas, American women have played, and continue to play, a critical economic, cultural, and social role in every sphere of life and constitute a significant portion of the labor force working inside and outside the home; and

Whereas, American women have played a unique role throughout the history of the nation by providing the majority of the volunteer labor force; and

Whereas, American women were particularly important in the establishment of early philanthropic and cultural institutions in our nation; and

Whereas, American women have been leaders, not only in securing their own rights of suffrage and equal opportunity, but also in the abolitionist movement, the emancipation movement, the industrial labor movement, the civil rights movement,

and the peace movement, all of which have created a fairer and more just society for 1 all; and 2 3 Whereas, in 1925, not one but three women were the first female assembly representatives to be elected to the Wisconsin Legislature; and 4 5 Whereas, Assembly Representative Mildred Barber, a Republican teacher, 6 Assembly Representative Helen Brooks, a Republican teacher, and Assembly 7 Representative Helen Thompson, a Republican teacher and hotel keeper, paved the 8 way for other female leaders to hold legislative positions in Wisconsin; and 9 Whereas, Democrat Marcia P. Coggs was elected to the state assembly in 1977, 10 becoming the first African American woman to serve in the assembly; and 11 Whereas, Democrat JoCasta Zamarripa, elected in 2010, became the first 12 Latina elected to the assembly; and Whereas, Democrat Francesca Hong, elected in 2020, became the first Asian 13 14 American elected to the legislature; and Whereas, Democrat Kathryn Morrison, elected in 1974, became the first 15 16 woman elected to the state senate; and Whereas, Democrat Gwen Moore, elected in 1992, became the first African 17 18 American woman elected to the state senate; and 19 Whereas, in 1987, Republican Betty Jo Nelson became the first woman to serve 20 as assembly minority leader; and 21Whereas, in 2014, Republican Pat Strachota became the first woman to serve 22 as assembly majority leader; and 23 Whereas, in 2022, Democrat Greta Neubauer became the youngest woman ever 24 to serve as assembly minority leader; and

1	Whereas, in 1985, Senator Susan Engeleiter became the first Republican
2	woman to be senate minority leader, and she was the youngest woman ever elected
3	to the Wisconsin Legislature; and
4	Whereas, in 2003, Senator Mary Panzer became the first Republican woman to
5	be senate majority leader, and in 2005, Senator Judith Robson became the first
6	Democratic woman to be senate minority leader and, in 2007, became the first
7	Democratic woman to be senate majority leader, making them the highest-ranking
8	women legislators; and
9	Whereas, in 1973, Barbara Thompson became the first woman to serve as
10	superintendent of public instruction; and
11	Whereas, in 1978, Democrat Vel Phillips became the first African American
12	woman elected to statewide office as secretary of state; and
13	Whereas, in 2019, Carolyn Stanford Taylor became the first African American
14	woman to serve as superintendent of public instruction; and
15	Whereas, Margaret Farrow was the first Republican woman to be lieutenant
16	governor, and Barbara Lawton was the first Democratic woman to be lieutenant
17	governor in Wisconsin's history; and
18	Whereas, in 1996 Justice Shirley S. Abrahamson became the first woman to
19	serve as chief justice of the Wisconsin Supreme Court; and
20	Whereas, Democrat Tammy Baldwin became the first woman in the history of
21	Wisconsin to be elected to the United States Senate and the first openly LGBTQ
22	person to serve in the United States Senate; and
23	Whereas, in 2021, a total of 41 women took their seats in the state assembly and
24	senate, the most ever in Wisconsin history; and

Whereas, the role of American women continues to evolve and their positive	
contributions to our culture, society, and government continue to grow and inspire	
future generations; now, therefore, be it	
Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That the month of March	
2022 shall be designated as Women's History Month.	
(END)	