## **CHAPTER 969**

## BAIL

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- **969.01** Right to bail. (1) BEFORE CONVICTION. Before conviction, a defendant arrested for a criminal offense shall be admitted to bail, except as provided in s. 971.14 (1).
- (2) AFTER CONVICTION. (a) Release pursuant to s. 969.02 or 969.03 may be allowed in the discretion of the trial court after conviction and prior to sentencing or the granting of probation.
- (b) In misdemeanors, bail shall be allowed upon appeal
- (c) In felonies, bail may be allowed upon appeal in the discretion of the trial court
- (d) The supreme court or a justice thereof may allow bail after conviction.
- (e) Any court or judge or any justice authorized to grant bail after conviction for a felony may, in addition to the powers granted in s 969.08, revoke the order admitting a defendant to bail.
- (3) BAIL FOR WITNESS. If it appears by affidavit that the testimony of a person is material in any felony criminal proceeding and that it may become impracticable to secure his presence by subpoena, the judge may require such person to give bail for his appearance as a witness. If the witness is not in court, a warrant for his arrest may be issued and upon return thereof the court may require him to give bail as provided in s. 969.03 for his appearance as a witness. If he fails to give bail, he may be committed to the custody of the sheriff for a period not to exceed 15 days within which time his deposition shall be taken as provided in s. 967-04.
- (4) CONSIDERATIONS IN FIXING AMOUNT OF BAIL. The amount of bail shall be determined in reference to the purpose of bail to assure the appearance of the defendant when it is his duty to appear to answer a criminal prosecution. Proper considerations in fixing a reasonable amount of bail which will assure the defendant's appearance for trial are: The ability of the arrested person to give bail, the nature and gravity of the offense and the potential penalty the defendant faces, the defendant's prior crimi-

nal record, if any, the character, residence and reputation of the defendant, his health, the character and strength of the evidence which has been presented to the judge, whether the defendant is already on bail in other pending cases, whether the defendant has in the past forfeited bail or was a fugitive from justice at the time of his arrest, and the policy against unnecessary detention of defendants pending trial.

- 969.02 Bail in misdemeanors. (1) A judge may release a defendant charged with a misdemeanor without bail or may permit him to execute an unsecured appearance bond in an amount specified by the judge.
- (2) In lieu of release pursuant to sub. (1), the judge may:
- (a) Permit the defendant to deposit with the clerk, in cash, a sum not to exceed 10% of the amount of the bond but in no event less than \$25; or
- (b) Require the execution of an appearance bond with sufficient solvent sureties, or the deposit of cash in lieu thereof.
- (3) Once bail has been given and a charge is pending or is thereafter filed or transferred to another court, the latter court shall continue the original bail in that court subject to s. 969.08.
- (4) When a judgment for a fine or costs or both is entered in a prosecution in which a deposit had been made in accordance with sub. (2), the balance of such deposit, after deduction of the bond costs, shall be applied to the payment of the judgment.
- (5) Subject to sub. (4), when the conditions of the bond have been performed and the person for whom bail was required has been discharged from all obligations, the clerk shall return to the defendant 90% of the sum which had been deposited and shall retain as costs 10% of the amount deposited pursuant to sub. (2). If the complaint against the defendant has been dismissed or if the defendant has been acquitted, the entire sum deposited shall be returned. A

deposit pursuant to sub. (2) shall be returned to the person who made the deposit, his heirs or assigns, subject to sub. (4)

- 969.03 Bail in felonies. (1) A defendant charged with a felony may be released by the judge upon the execution of an unsecured appearance bond or the judge may in addition thereto or in lieu thereof impose one or more of the following conditions which will assure his appearance for trial:
- (a) Place the person in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him.
- (b) Place restrictions on the travel, association or place of abode of the defendant during the period of release.
- (c) Require the deposit with the clerk, in cash, of a sum not to exceed 10% of the amount of the bond. When the conditions of the bond have been performed and the defendant for whom bail was required has been discharged from all obligations, the clerk shall return to the defendant 90% of the sum which had been deposited and shall retain as costs 10% of the amount deposited. If the complaint against the defendant has been dismissed or if the defendant is acquitted, the entire sum deposited shall be returned When a judgment for a fine or costs or both is entered in a prosecution in which a deposit has been made, the balance of such deposit after deduction of the bond costs shall be applied to the payment of the judgment.
- (d) Require the execution of an appearance bond with sufficient solvent sureties, or the deposit of cash in lieu thereof.
- (e) Impose any other condition deemed reasonably necessary to assure appearance as required, including a condition requiring that the defendant return to custody after specified hours. The charges authorized by s. 56.08 (4) and (5) shall not apply under this section.
- (2) Once bail has been given and a charge is pending or is thereafter filed or transferred to another court, the latter court shall continue the original bail in that court subject to s. 969.08. A single bond form shall be utilized for all stages of the proceedings through conviction and sentencing or the granting of probation.
- 969.04 Surety may satisfy default. Any surety may, after default, pay to the clerk of the court the amount for which he was bound, or such lesser sum as the court, after notice and hearing, may direct, and thereupon be discharged.

- 969.05 Endorsement of bail upon warrants. (1) In misdemeanor actions, the judge who issues a warrant may indorse upon the warrant the amount of bail. If no indorsement is made, s. 969.06 shall apply
- (2) The amount and method of posting bail may be indorsed upon felony warrants
- 969.06 Bail schedules. (1) County judges having jurisdiction over misdemeanors shall by rule adopt a schedule of cash bail for all misdemeanors. The schedule shall contain a list of offenses and the amount of cash bail applicable thereto as the judges determine to be appropriate. If the schedule does not list all misdemeanors, it shall contain a general clause providing for a designated amount of bail for all misdemeanors not specifically listed in the schedule. The schedule of bail may be revised from time to time.
- (2) In all misdemeanors, bail shall not exceed the maximum fine provided for the offense.
- 969.07 Taking of bail by law enforcement officer. When bail conditions have been set for a particular offense or defendant, any law enforcement officer may take bail in accordance with ss. 969.02 and 969.03 and release the defendant to appear in accordance with the conditions of the appearance bond. The law enforcement officer shall give a receipt to the defendant for the bail so taken and within a reasonable time deposit such bail with the clerk of court before whom the defendant is to appear. Bail taken by a law enforcement officer may be taken only at a sheriff's office or police station. The receipts shall be numbered serially and shall be in triplicate, one copy for the defendant, one copy to be filed with the clerk and one copy to be filed with the police or sheriff's department which takes the bail. Nothing herein shall require the release of a defendant from custody under this section when an officer is of the opinion that the defendant is not in a fit condition to care for his own safety or would constitute, because of his physical condition, a danger to the safety of others. If a defendant is not released pursuant to this section, s. 970.01 shall apply.
- **969.08** Reduction or increase of bail. (1) Either party on reasonable notice may petition the court for an alteration in the amount of the bail or conditions of the bond.
- (2) A judge ordering the release of a person on any condition specified in this chapter may at any time amend his order to impose additional or different conditions of release.
- (3) A defendant for whom conditions of release are imposed and who after 72 hours from

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the time of his initial appearance before a judge continues to be detained in custody as a result of his inability to meet the conditions of release shall, upon application, be entitled to have the conditions reviewed by the judge of the court before whom the action against the defendant is pending Unless the conditions of release are amended and the defendant is thereupon released, the judge shall set forth on the record his reasons for requiring the continuation of the conditions imposed. A defendant who is ordered released on a condition which requires that he return to custody after specified hours shall, upon application, be entitled to a review by the judge of the court before whom the action is pending. Unless the requirement is removed and the defendant thereupon released on another condition, the judge shall set forth on the record the reasons for continuing the requirement. If the judge before whom the action is pending is not available, any other county judge or circuit judge of the county may review such conditions.

- (4) Information stated in, or offered in connection with, any order entered pursuant to this chapter setting bail need not conform to the rules of evidence
- 969.09 Conditions of bond. (1) If a defendant is admitted to bail before sentencing the conditions of the bond shall include, without limitation, the requirements that he will appear in the court having jurisdiction on a day certain and thereafter as ordered until discharged on final order of the court and that he will submit himself to the orders and process of the court.
- (2) If the defendant is admitted to bail upon appeal, the conditions of the bond shall be that he will duly prosecute his appeal, that he will appear at such time and place as the court directs, and that if the judgment is affirmed or reversed and remanded for a new trial or further proceedings upon notice after remittitur, he will surrender to the sheriff of the county in which he was tried
- (3) A defendant shall receive a copy of the bond which he executes pursuant to this chapter
- 969.10 Notice of change of address. A person who has been admitted to bail shall give written notice to the clerk of any change in his address within 48 hours after such change. This requirement shall be printed on all bonds.
- 969.11 Bail upon arrest in another county. (1) If the defendant is arrested in a county other than the county in which the offense was committed, he shall, without unreasonable delay, either be brought before a judge of the county in which arrested for the purpose

- of setting bail or be returned to the county in which the offense was committed. The judge shall admit him to bail under this chapter to appear before a court in the county in which the offense was committed at a specified time and place.
- (2) If the defendant is released on bail pursuant to sub. (1), the judge shall make a record of the proceedings and shall certify his minutes thereof and shall forward the bond and bail to the court before whom the defendant is bound to appear.
- **969.12** Sureties. (1) Every surety, except a corporate surety, shall be a resident of the state.
- (2) A corporate surety shall be licensed to do business in the state and the commissioner of insurance shall file with the clerk in each county a list of corporate sureties so licensed.
- (3) A court may require a surety to justify by sworn affidavit that he is worth the amount specified in the bond exclusive of property exempt from execution. The surety shall provide such evidence of financial responsibility as the judge requires. The court may at any time examine the sufficiency of the bail in such manner as it deems proper, and in all cases the state may challenge the sufficiency of the surety.
- **969.13** Forfeiture. (1) If the conditions of the bond are not complied with, the court having jurisdiction over the defendant in the criminal action shall enter an order declaring the bail to be forfeited.
- (2) This order may be set aside upon such conditions as the court imposes if it appears that justice does not require the enforcement of the forfeiture.
- (3) By entering into a bond, the defendant and sureties submit to the jurisdiction of the court for the purposes of liability on the bond and irrevocably appoint the clerk as their agent upon whom any papers affecting their bond liability may be served. Their liability may be enforced without the necessity of an independent action.
- (4) Notice of the order of forfeiture under sub. (1) shall be mailed forthwith by the clerk to the defendant and his sureties at their last addresses. If the defendant does not appear and surrender to the court within 30 days from the date of the forfeiture or within such period he or his sureties do not satisfy the court that appearance and surrender by the defendant is impossible and without his fault, the court shall upon motion of the district attorney enter judgment for the state against the defendant and any surety for the amount of the bail and costs of the court proceeding. The motion and such notice of motion as the court prescribes may be served on the

clerk who shall forthwith mail copies to the defendant and his sureties at their last addresses.

(5) A cash deposit made with the clerk pursuant to this chapter shall be applied to the payment of costs. If any amount of such deposit remains after the payment of costs, it shall be applied to payment of the judgment of forfeiture.

## 969.14 Surrender of principal by surety.

(1) When the sureties desire to be discharged from the obligations of their bond, they may arrest the principal and deliver him to the sheriff of the county in which the action against him is pending

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- (2) The sureties shall, at the time of surrendering the principal, deliver to the sheriff a certified copy of the original warrant and of the order admitting him to bail and of the bond thereon; such delivery of these documents shall be sufficient authority for the sheriff to receive and retain the principal until he is otherwise bailed or discharged.
- (3) Upon the delivery of the principal as provided herein, the sureties may apply to the court for an order discharging them from liability as sureties; and upon satisfactory proof being made that this section has been complied with the court shall make an order discharging them from liability