

CHAPTER 186

CREDIT UNIONS

186.01	Definitions.	186.18	Dissolution.
186.012	Commissioner of credit unions	186.19	Credit union officers bonded.
186.015	Credit union review board	186.21	Credit unions promoted.
186.02	Incorporation, amendment, fees	186.22	Credit union finance corporation; incorporation; organization certificate.
186.03	Use of name exclusive	186.23	Rules and regulations.
186.04	Examination and supervision fees.	186.24	Removal of officials of credit union; procedure
186.05	Bylaws	186.25	Supervision; reports.
186.06	Members, fiscal year, meetings, powers.	186.26	Examinations.
186.07	Directors, credit committee and loan officers	186.27	Disclosure of information
186.08	Officers, management	186.28	Bookkeeping; forfeiture for failure to obey commissioner
186.09	Loans	186.29	Possession by commissioner.
186.10	Minors' rights	186.30	Readjustment in other cases
186.11	Investments.	186.31	Consolidation of credit unions.
186.112	Credit union borrowing.	186.314	Conversion.
186.113	Credit union services	186.315	Charter cancellation.
186.119	Appointment of organizers and examiners; eligibility.	186.32	Central credit unions.
186.12	Compensation of officers, sureties, operation expenses	186.33	Other powers.
186.13	Expulsion.	186.35	Wisconsin credit union savings insurance corporation
186.14	Expelled member, rights and liabilities	186.36	Sale of insurance in credit unions.
186.15	Auditing	186.37	Immunity of commissioner.
186.16	Dividends	186.38	American share deposit guarantee corporation
186.17	Reserves		

186.01 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Credit union" means a cooperative, nonprofit corporation, incorporated under this chapter to encourage thrift among its members, create a source of credit at a fair and reasonable rate of interest and provide an opportunity for its members to improve their economic and social conditions.

(2) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of credit unions.

(3) "Savings" means the same as "share".

(4) "Risk assets" means investments with maturities in excess of 60 months, loans other than first mortgage real estate loans and loans to credit unions. Risk assets of central credit unions shall be reduced by an amount equal to member credit union shares.

(5) "Regular reserve" means the reserve set aside to cover losses.

(6) "Deposit account" means an account limited to members and treated as a form of savings. These accounts are subject to conditions established by the board of directors. Deposit accounts differ from savings accounts in that a predeclared dividend may be established, and that they have prior claim to savings accounts.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1973 c. 255.

186.012 Commissioner of credit unions.

(1) The commissioner shall appoint a deputy subject to s. 15.04 (2) and (3) who shall possess

all powers and perform the duties attached to the office of the commissioner during a vacancy thereof and during the absence or inability of the commissioner. The commissioner may also employ such examiners and clerks to assist him or her and the deputy in the discharge of the several duties imposed upon the commissioner by this chapter as he or she finds necessary, and who shall perform such other duties as the commissioner directs.

(2) The commissioner of credit unions shall enforce the laws of this chapter and other laws relating to credit unions.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in s. 186.015, any interested person or credit union aggrieved by an act, order or determination of the commissioner may, within 30 days from the date thereof, apply to the credit union review board to review the same. All such applications for review shall be considered and disposed of as speedily as possible. The credit union review board may require the commissioner to submit any of his official actions subject to such review to the board for its approval.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1977 c. 418

186.015 Credit union review board. (1)

The commissioner shall confer with the credit union review board on matters affecting credit unions and his office. Detailed minutes of each board meeting shall be kept, and the decision of the board with reference to all orders issued, or

policies established by the commissioner pursuant to ch. 186 is final, except for judicial review as provided in ch. 227.

(2) The board shall advise the commissioner, supervisor of credit unions and others in improving the condition and service of credit unions. In addition, the board shall review the acts and decisions of the commissioner in relation to credit unions and shall serve as an appeal board for credit unions with the same procedure and powers as the banking review board has under ch. 220 and perform such other review functions in relation to credit unions as are provided by law. The board may issue subpoenas, take testimony and administer oaths to witnesses.

(3) (a) The board may require the commissioner to submit any of his official actions to the board for its approval. The board may make rules of procedure as provided in ch. 227.

(b) Any interested person aggrieved by any act, order or determination of the commissioner may apply for review thereof by filing a petition with the secretary of the board within 30 days after the act, order or determination to be reviewed. The petition shall state the nature of the petitioner's interest, facts showing that petitioner is aggrieved and directly affected by the act, order or determination to be reviewed and the ground or grounds upon which the petitioner claims that the act, order or determination should be modified or reversed. The issues raised by the petition for review shall be considered by the board upon giving at least 10 days' written notice of the time and place when said matter will be heard to the commissioner and the person applying for review or his attorney and upon any other person who participated in the proceedings before the commissioner or his attorney. Notice of hearing may be given by registered mail, return receipt requested, and the return receipt signed by the addressee or his agent shall be presumptive evidence that such notice was received by the addressee on the day stated on the receipt. Any other interested party shall have the right to appear in any proceeding before the board.

(c) The board shall base its determination upon the record made by the commissioner and may also receive additional evidence to supplement such record if it finds it necessary. The board shall affirm, modify or reverse the act, order or determination under review. The burden of overcoming the act, order or determination of the commissioner under review shall be on the person seeking the review. Any findings of fact made by the commissioner shall be sustained if supported by substantial evidence in the record made by him or in such record supplemented by evidence taken by the board. The board shall have the powers granted by s.

885.01 (4). Any person causing a witness to be subpoenaed shall advance and pay the fees and mileage of such witness which shall be the same as in circuit court. The fees and mileage of witnesses who are called at the instance of the commissioner shall be paid by the state in the same manner that other expenses are audited and paid upon presentation of properly verified vouchers approved by at least one member of the board and charged to the appropriation of the office of the commissioner of credit unions.

(d) Three members shall constitute a quorum and a majority vote of those present shall decide. No member of such board shall be qualified to act in any matter involving a credit union in which the member is an officer, director or stockholder, or to which the member is indebted.

(e) The board may make rules to safeguard the interest of depositors and shareholders.

(f) Any final order or determination of the board shall be subject to review in the manner provided in ch. 227.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1975 c. 345, 421.

186.02 Incorporation, amendment, fees.

Seven or more citizens of this state may organize a credit union by filing with the commissioner articles of association in duplicate, stating the name, location and purpose of the credit union, the par value of its shares, and the names, residences and occupations of the incorporators, and paying a fee of \$5 to the commissioner. A verified copy of the bylaws adopted by the incorporators shall be filed with the articles. If the commissioner approves the articles and bylaws, he shall return one duplicate original of the articles to the incorporators with his approval indorsed thereon, and they shall cause the same to be recorded within 30 days in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which said credit union is to be located, and the credit union shall have no legal existence until its articles are so left for record. The register of deeds shall transmit to the commissioner a certificate stating the date when such articles were left for record, and the commissioner shall issue to the credit union a certificate of incorporation. Approval of the articles and bylaws shall be discretionary with the commissioner. If the commissioner refuses to approve the articles and bylaws and the applicants feel aggrieved at such decision they may appeal to the credit union review board and the decision of said board shall be final except for judicial review as provided in ch. 227. Amendments to the articles adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the credit union present at an annual meeting or a special meeting called for that purpose may be filed with the commissioner upon payment of a fee of

\$5, and if approved by him shall become effective upon being recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the same manner as the original articles. All amendments to the bylaws shall be filed with the commissioner and shall become operative only when approved by him.

History: 1971 c. 193 ss 42 (1), (3).

186.03 Use of name exclusive. No person, partnership, association or corporation, except corporations formed under this chapter, shall hereafter transact within this state the business authorized by this chapter, nor any business whatever under any name or title which includes the 2 words "credit" and "union", except that any organization whose membership is made up of credit unions may use the name, with the consent of the commissioner. Violation of this section may be enjoined at the instance of the commissioner or of any credit union, and shall in addition be a misdemeanor punishable as provided in s. 224.03.

History: 1971 c. 193 s. 42 (1).

186.04 Examination and supervision fees. (1) The commissioner, with the approval of the credit union review board, shall fix the amounts to be assessed against credit unions for their supervision and the examination under and by virtue of this chapter. Such amounts shall be determined and paid as provided in this section.

(2) On or before July 15 of each year, each credit union shall pay to the office of the commissioner an annual fee to be determined as provided in sub. (1), which shall represent as nearly as practicable its fair share of the maintenance of the office of the commissioner.

(3) In addition to the annual fee, each credit union shall be assessed for the cost of every examination made, which cost shall be determined as provided in subsection (1) and shall include the pro rata amount of salaries and expenses of all examiners and other employes actively engaged in such examination, the salaries and expenses of any other person whose services are required in connection with such examination and any reports thereof, and any other expenses which may be directly attributable thereto. Any charge so made shall be paid within 30 days from the date the credit union receives notice of the assessment of such fee.

(4) Failure of any credit union to pay any amount as herein provided shall be grounds for the revocation of the charter of the credit union failing to make such payment.

(5) In the event that the amounts collected pursuant to this provision are in excess of the actual amounts necessary for the supervision and examination of credit unions in each year,

such excess shall be retained by the commissioner and applied by him in reducing the amounts chargeable for ensuing years.

History: 1971 c. 193 s. 42 (1), (2); 1971 c. 307.

186.05 Bylaws. The bylaws shall prescribe:

(1) The conditions of residence or occupation which qualify persons for membership, however:

(a) Credit unions shall be open to groups having common or related bonds of occupation or association, or to residents within a well-defined neighborhood, community, or rural district, or to employes of related or vicinal industries, or to members of bona fide fraternal, religious, cooperative, labor, rural, educational, or similar organization and employes of the credit union. Members of the immediate family of all qualified persons are eligible for membership. In this section "members of the immediate family" include the wife, husband, parents and children of a member whether living together in the same household or not and any other relatives of the member or spouse of a member living together in the same household as the member.

(b) Organizations and associations composed of individuals, the majority of whom are eligible for membership, may be admitted to membership in the same manner and under the same conditions as individuals.

(c) An individual who ceases to qualify under par. (a) may retain his full membership in the credit union at the discretion of the board of directors.

(2) The par value of the shares of capital stock which shall in no event be more than \$25;

(3) The conditions on which accounts may be paid in, transferred and withdrawn;

(4) The method of receipting for money paid on accounts;

(5) The number of directors and the length of their terms, a credit committee or loan officer;

(6) The duties of the several officers;

(7) The time of the annual meeting of members, which shall be held within 90 days after the end of the calendar year;

(8) The manner in which members and directors shall be notified of meetings;

(9) The number of members which shall constitute a quorum at meetings, and

(10) Such other regulations as may seem necessary.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1973 c. 12 s. 20; 1973 c. 255

Organizations and associations eligible for credit union membership under (1) (b) defined and discussed 65 Atty. Gen. 77.

186.06 Members, fiscal year, meetings, powers. (1) The incorporators shall call the first meeting of the eligible membership with the

primary purpose of electing a board of directors. No person may vote at a meeting unless he has been a member for at least 3 months, except during the first 12 months of the existence of the corporation. Members shall not have more than one vote.

(2) Special meetings may be held by order of the directors or the secretary shall call a special meeting upon written request of one-third of the members. Notice of the meeting shall state the purpose of the meeting.

(3) At any meeting the members may:

(a) Decide, by a majority of members present, any question of interest to the corporation.

(b) Reverse, by a two-thirds vote of the members present, if the notice of the meeting specified the questions to be considered and upon appeal of 15 members, decisions of the credit committee, loan officers or board of directors.

(c) Remove, by a three-fourths vote of the members present, any officer or member of the credit committee, loan officer or member of the board of directors, fill the vacancy caused by such removal and amend the bylaws if the notice of meeting specified the questions to be considered.

(4) The fiscal year of every credit union shall end at the close of business on December 31 and the credit union shall, at least semiannually, transfer funds to the loss reserve account as provided in s. 186.17.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1973 c. 255.

186.07 Directors, credit committee and loan officers. The members shall elect at the first meeting a board of directors consisting of an odd number of directors, however, not less than 5 directors shall be elected. The board of directors shall appoint a credit committee and such other officers as it determines are necessary. No director may be a member of the credit committee. The directors, officers, committees and employes of the credit union shall be sworn and shall hold their offices until others are elected or appointed, and qualified, in their stead. A record of every such oath shall be filed and preserved with the records of the corporation.

History: 1971 c. 193.

186.08 Officers, management. At their first meeting the board of directors shall elect from their number a chairman of the board and one or more vice chairmen, a secretary and a treasurer. The directors shall appoint a president and may appoint one or more vice presidents. The president shall be the operating

executive officer. The president and vice presidents may be directors. Any 2 or more offices may be held by the same person, except the offices of president and secretary and the offices of president and vice president. The board of directors shall have the general management of the affairs, funds and records of the credit union, and shall meet as often as may be necessary. It shall be their special duty:

(1) To act upon all applications for membership, unless a membership officer is appointed;

(2) To act upon the expulsion of members;

(3) To fix the amount of surety bond which shall be required of each officer having custody of funds;

(4) To fill vacancies in the board of directors or executive offices or in the credit committee in such manner as the by-laws prescribe;

(5) To make recommendations to meetings of the members relative to matters which, in their opinion, the members should decide.

(6) To establish rates of interest on all loans.

History: 1971 c. 193 ss 18, 19, 42 (3); 1975 c. 345; 1977 c. 152.

186.09 Loans. (1) The credit union may make loans to members upon such terms as approved by the credit committee or loan officers at rates of interest not to exceed the rate permitted by ch. 422.

(2) The credit committee or loan officer shall maintain a record of each loan approved or not approved. The applicant for a loan may appeal the decision of the credit committee or the loan officer to the board of directors.

(3) Every application for a loan shall be in writing and shall state the security or collateral offered, if any.

(4) Approval of loans shall be the responsibility of the credit committee or loan officer, except where application for loans are made by members of the credit committee or the loan officers. No loan shall be made unless approved by the majority of the credit committee or by a loan officer, except that the board of directors shall act on the applications of credit committee members and loan officers and applications appealed to it by members.

(5) No loans shall be made to any member in excess of \$100 or 10% of the credit union's assets, whichever is greater; plus the balance of his share account pledged as security for such loan, but these limitations shall not apply to loans made to member credit unions by a central credit union.

(6) (a) The board of directors shall determine the policy regarding collateral acceptable for secured loans. Loans to individuals which in the aggregate exceed the amount shown in the

schedule below shall be secured by such collateral having a value which, in the opinion of the credit committee or loan officer, is at least equal to any amount exceeding this schedule, except that all loans between \$2,500 and \$5,000 not subject to collateral shall be supported by a sworn financial statement:

1. \$250, in credit unions with assets of less than \$5,000;
2. \$500, in credit unions with assets of \$5,000 and less than \$25,000;
3. \$1,000, in credit unions with assets of \$25,000 and less than \$100,000;
4. \$2,500, in credit unions with assets of \$100,000 and less than \$500,000;
5. \$3,500 in credit unions with assets of \$500,000 and less than \$1,000,000;
6. \$5,000 in credit unions with assets of \$1,000,000 or more.

(b) This subsection does not preclude the credit committee or loan officer from requiring security on any loan. Where such loans are secured by one or more comakers, such comakers shall furnish the credit union with written evidence of financial responsibility.

(7) The commissioner may reduce the loan limits specified in sub. (6) on an individual basis.

(8) (a) The credit committee or a loan officer may approve in advance, upon its own motion or upon application by a member, an extension of credit, and loans may be granted to such member within the limit of such extension of credit. The credit committee or loan officers shall annually review all extensions of credit.

(b) With the approval of the commissioner, credit unions may utilize credit cards, including point-of-purchase credit, providing the credit committee or loan officer, upon their own motion or upon application by a member, has predetermined the extent of credit extension.

(9) A borrower may pay the whole or part of his loan on any day the credit union is open for business.

(10) Loans to members secured by mortgages on real estate may be made subject to the rules prescribed by the commissioner. Such loans may provide for additional advances, but any additional advance made to a member, if the mortgage and mortgage note so provide, may not exceed an amount specified in the mortgage.

History: 1971 c. 193 ss. 20, 42 (1); 1971 c. 239, 307; 1973 c. 255; 1975 c. 345.

Cross Reference: See 138.053 for interest adjustment clauses and 138.055 for variable rate contracts.

186.10 Minors' rights. Shares may be issued in the name of a minor, and may be withdrawn by such minor or by his agent under ch. 705. Minors' eligibility to vote at the meetings of the

members is at the discretion of the board of directors.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1973 c. 291.

186.11 Investments. (1) GENERAL. The board of directors may invest credit union funds in U.S. government direct and agency obligations, municipal bonds issued by municipalities of the state, central credit unions, banks and savings and loans associations located in Wisconsin and may, with the approval of the commissioner, make other investments including investments in credit unions.

(2) CREDIT UNION PROPERTY. With the approval of the commissioner the board of directors may purchase or construct a building for the operation of the credit union provided the aggregate cost, including the cost of land acquisition, does not exceed 100% of regular reserve unless prior approval for greater amounts, not to exceed 10% of savings, is given by the commissioner and the credit union review board. The cost of land acquisition may include vicinal property for future expansion but may not exceed the aggregate cost limitation. The credit union may rent or lease a portion of its building or property.

(3) COOPERATIVE HOUSING. A credit union may invest an amount not to exceed 10% of its regular reserve in agreements with other corporations or its members to provide cooperative housing and related facilities for its members.

History: 1971 c. 193.

186.112 Credit union borrowing. (1) The board of directors may borrow money, from any source, not to exceed 50% of total savings, deposits and reserves, but not for a period longer than 12 months, except that such period may be extended when approved by the commissioner.

(2) Credit unions with the approval of the commissioner may also loan surplus funds to other credit unions subject to the restrictions contained in this section.

History: 1971 c. 193 ss. 23, 42 (1).

186.113 Credit union services. A credit union may:

(1) If the need and necessity exists, establish subsidiary offices within the state with the approval of the commissioner.

(2) Share office space with one or more credit unions and contract with a corporation to provide facilities or personnel. Such service center corporation shall be deemed thereby to be under the supervision of the commissioner.

(3) Provide nonprofit financial counseling.

(4) Charge for perfection of security interests and investigations of borrowers.

(5) Issue third-party checks upon request of the member.

(6) Provide pension savings programs and deferred income accounts.

(7) Purchase or acquire conditional sales contracts or similar instruments executed by credit union members.

(8) Make grants in the aggregate not to exceed one-half of one per cent of regular reserves within a given year.

(9) Collect, receive and disburse moneys in connection with the sale of travelers checks, money orders and credit cards.

(10) Exercise all powers necessary and proper to carry out the purposes of the credit union.

(11) Have deposit accounts such as Christmas, vacation, education, deferred income, pension and similar types.

(12) Conduct elections by mail ballot which shall be valid only for the meeting designated.

(13) Issue multiple accounts in joint tenancy with any person designated by the credit union member. The person first named in any such joint account shall be a member of the credit union. A nonmember named in the joint account shall not acquire the right to vote, obtain loans or hold office because of his inclusion in the joint account.

(14) Process applications, act as closing agent and service loans made under s. 45.79 with the approval of the department of veterans affairs.

(15) (a) Directly or indirectly, acquire, place and operate, or participate in the acquisition, placement and operation of, at locations other than its offices, remote terminals, in accordance with rules established by the commissioner. The rules of the commissioner shall provide that any remote terminal shall be available for use, on a nondiscriminatory basis, by any state or federal credit union which has its principal place of business in this state, by any other credit union obtaining the consent of a state or federal credit union which has its principal place of business in this state and is using the terminal and by all members designated by a credit union using the terminal. This subsection does not authorize a credit union which has its principal place of business outside the state to conduct business as a credit union in this state. The remote terminals also shall be available for use, on a nondiscriminatory basis, by any state or national bank, mutual savings bank or state or federal savings and loan association, whose home office is located in this state, if the bank, mutual savings bank or savings and loan association requests to share its use, subject to the joint rules established under s. 221.04 (1) (k). The

rules of the commissioner shall prohibit any advertising with regard to a shared remote terminal which suggests or implies exclusive ownership or control of the shared terminal by any credit union or group of credit unions operating or participating in the operation of the terminal. The commissioner by order may authorize the installation and operation of a remote terminal in a mobile facility, after notice and hearing upon the proposed service stops of the mobile facility.

(b) In this subsection, "remote terminal" means a terminal or other facility or installation, attended or unattended, which is not located at the principal office or at a subsidiary office of a credit union and through which members and credit unions may engage, by means of either the direct transmission of electronic impulses to and from a credit union or the recording of electronic impulses or other indicia of a transaction for delayed transmission to a credit union, in transactions which are incidental to the conduct of the business of a credit union and which are otherwise permitted by law. "Remote terminal" also includes all equipment, regardless of location, which is interconnected with a remote terminal and which is necessary to transmit, route and process electronic impulses in order to enable the remote terminal to perform any function for which it is designed.

(c) If any person primarily engaged in the retail sale of goods or services owns or operates a remote terminal on such person's premises and allows access to the unit by any financial institution, group of financial institutions or their customers, nothing in this subsection or in rules established by the commissioner shall, or shall be construed or interpreted to, require such person to accept any connection to or use of the unit on its premises for any other purpose or function or to accept any connection to the unit on its premises by any other financial institution.

(d) If a person primarily engaged in the retail sale of goods or services owns or operates a remote terminal on such person's premises and allows access to the unit by any financial institution, group of financial institutions or their customers for any purpose or function, no laws governing such institutions or rules established by the commissioner shall apply to such person other than those laws or rules directly related to the particular function performed by the unit on such person's premises for a financial institution.

(e) Information transmitted from a remote terminal, either identified as to particular transactions or aggregate information, shall only be used for purposes of effecting the financial transactions for which such information was

received, for any other purpose lawfully authorized by contract, or for any other purpose permitted by statute and rules pertaining to the dissemination and disclosure of such information.

(16) Levy an annual maintenance charge, not to exceed 50 cents per month against member or eligible member dormant accounts of less than \$25, in order to recover fixed operating costs of dormant accounts. An account is dormant if no deposit has been made to the account or no withdrawal has been made from the account by the member in a period of 36 months or more and if mailings to the member at the member's last-known address are not accepted or are returned to the credit union marked "address unknown".

History: 1971 c. 193; 1973 c. 12 s. 20; 1973 c. 208; 1973 c. 255 ss. 2, 3, 5; 1973 c. 336 s. 56; 1975 c. 345; 1977 c. 136, 342, 447.

Under (7) a credit union is not obliged to secure a sales finance company license to purchase instalment contracts of its members, nor is an auto dealer subject to penalty if he sells such a contract to a credit union. 61 Atty Gen. 439

186.119 Appointment of organizers and examiners; eligibility. (1) The commissioner shall employ in the office of the commissioner of credit unions one or more competent persons for the organization and examination of credit unions, who shall be under the direction and control of the commissioner. No person shall be eligible for such appointment unless he shall have had at least 3 years' actual experience in the business of conducting a credit union, or has served an equal length of time in the office of the commissioner of credit unions, in connection with the credit union movement, of this or some other state, and who shall furnish corporate surety bonds in accordance with s. 220.025.

(2) The commissioner may also employ such additional office and clerical help and examiners as are necessary to carry out his functions under ch. 186.

History: 1971 c. 193 s. 42 (1), (2).

186.12 Compensation of officers, sureties, operation expenses. No member of the board of directors may receive any compensation for his services as a member of the board. A member of the credit committee or a loan officer shall not, directly or indirectly, become surety for any loan or advance made by the credit union. The officers elected by the board of directors, the members of the credit committee and loan officers may receive such compensation as the board authorizes, but the expenditures of the credit union for all purposes shall be paid from its earnings.

History: 1971 c. 193.

186.13 Expulsion. The board of directors may expel a member from the credit union who neglects or refuses to comply with this chapter or the bylaws, or for any other just cause; but no member may be expelled until he has been informed in writing of the charges against him, and given an opportunity after reasonable notice, to be heard thereon.

History: 1971 c. 193.

186.14 Expelled member, rights and liabilities. The amounts paid in on shares by members who have withdrawn or have been expelled shall be paid to them, but in the order of withdrawal or expulsion and only as funds therefor become available and after deducting any amounts due by said members to the credit union; but such expulsion or withdrawal shall not operate to relieve a member from any remaining liability to the credit union.

History: 1971 c. 193 s. 42 (3)

186.15 Auditing. After the annual meeting and within one month the board of directors shall appoint a competent and qualified person to audit the operations of the credit union. The auditor shall at least annually report his activities and recommendations to the board of directors and to the membership at the annual meeting. Reports shall be filed and preserved with the records of the credit union.

History: 1971 c. 193.

186.16 Dividends. (1) The board of directors shall establish the dividend period. Such dividends may be considered a normal operating expense of the credit union. Rates of such dividends and terms of payment may be established and guaranteed in advance by action of the board of directors. The board of directors may classify its accounts and declare dividends which may be at variable rates. Savings deposited during the dividend period shall be entitled to an apportionate part of said dividend providing said savings are on deposit at the close of the period.

(2) The commissioner may establish the maximum dividend that a credit union and a central credit union may pay in each classification of its savings.

History: 1971 c. 193.

186.17 Reserves. (1) The regular reserve of a credit union shall be based on risk assets and the formula for transfer to the reserve is at the rate of 10% of gross income until such time as the reserve fund reaches 5% of risk assets; then the formula is decreased to 7% of gross income until such time as the reserve fund reaches 6% of risk assets; and then the formula is decreased

to 5% of gross income until the reserve fund attains a maximum of 7% of risk assets. Subsequent transfers are required only to maintain 7% maximum. Such reserves shall belong to the credit union and shall be held to meet contingencies or losses in its business.

(2) Special reserves may be required by the commissioner on an individual credit union basis for purchased accounts or when serious threat of impairment threatens regular reserve.

(3) Additional reserves for central credit unions may be required by the commissioner when adjustments of corporate investments are not offset by current transfers from gross income to the regular reserves.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1975 c. 345

186.18 Dissolution. Upon the unanimous recommendation of the board of directors, the members may vote to dissolve the credit union provided that a majority of the members vote by ballot in person or by letter or other written communication in favor of dissolution, and provided not more than 15 members or 10% of the total membership, whichever is greater, by written notice, object thereto. A committee of 3 shall thereupon be elected to liquidate the assets of the credit union. Members may be paid a liquidating dividend in proportion to their savings after the debts of the credit union have been paid. The committee in charge of liquidation shall have the power and authority to sell or dispose of the assets in whole or in part at a public or private sale subject to confirmation by the board of directors and the office of the commissioner of credit unions.

History: 1971 c. 193

186.19 Credit union officers bonded. (1) As a condition precedent to qualification or entry upon the discharge of his duties, every person appointed or elected to any position requiring the receipt, payment or custody of money or other personal property owned by a credit union or in its custody or control as collateral or otherwise, shall give a bond in some responsible corporate surety company, licensed to do business in this state, in such adequate sum as the directors shall require and approve. In lieu of individual bonds the commissioner may accept a schedule or blanket bond which covers all of the officers and employes of any credit union whose duties include the receipt, payment or custody of money or other personal property for or on behalf of the credit union. All such bonds shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner.

(2) No officer or employe who is required to give bond shall be deemed qualified nor shall be permitted to enter upon the discharge of his

duties until his bond shall have been approved by a majority of the board of directors. Such bonds shall be filed with the commissioner within 10 days next after approval thereof by the board of directors. The minute books of each credit union shall contain a record of each bond executed and approved.

(3) Such bond shall be sufficient in amount to protect the credit union from loss by reason of acts of fraud or dishonesty including forgery, theft, embezzlement, wrongful abstraction or misapplication on the part of the person, directly or through connivance with others. At any time the commissioner may require additional bond or security, when, in his opinion, the bonds then executed and approved are insufficient.

(4) Every such bond shall also include the following provisions:

(a) No cancellation or other termination of this bond shall be effective unless the surety gives in advance at least 10 days' written notice by registered mail to the commissioner. If this bond is canceled or terminated at the request of the insured (employer) this provision nevertheless shall apply, it being the duty of the surety to give the required written notice to the commissioner, such notice to be given promptly and in any event within 10 days after the receipt of such request.

(b) The surety agrees to furnish the commissioner a copy of all riders and indorsements executed subsequently to the effective date of this bond.

(5) For reasons which he deems valid and sufficient the commissioner may waive as to the cancellation or termination of any such bond the 10-day written notice in advance required by subsection (4) (a) and may give his written consent to the termination or cancellation being made effective as of a date agreed upon and requested by the surety and credit union.

(6) The provisions required by subsection (4) to be in every such bond shall not in any way modify, impair or otherwise affect or render invalid a provision therein to the effect that the bond shall terminate as to any person covered thereby upon the discovery by the credit union of any dishonest act on the part of such person.

History: 1971 c. 193 s. 42 (1); 1971 c. 307

186.21 Credit unions promoted. (1) It shall be the duty of the office of the commissioner of credit unions to promote the extension of credit at the lowest possible rates and cooperate with every group of people who may be or may become interested in the formation and development of a credit union in this state for that purpose, and it may do all things reasonably necessary for the discharge of this duty.

(2) The office of the commissioner of credit unions shall carry on advertising of whatever character is most suitable and effective to acquaint the people of this state with the agencies and organizations dealing in consumer credit, and of the rates of interest, the condition of loans, the benefits and safeguards and the savings features of each such type, agency and organization.

(3) The office of the commissioner of credit unions shall further offer without charge to any group, either joined in a credit union or considering such an organization, whatever advice and direction on accounting practice and managerial problems that may be needful.

(4) The office of the commissioner of credit unions shall provide application blanks, model bylaws, and whatever other material may be needful or helpful in the organization, efficient functioning and expansion of credit unions.

History: 1971 c. 193 s. 42 (2).

186.22 Credit union finance corporation; incorporation; organization certificate. (1)

ORGANIZATION. When authorized by the commissioner, 10 or more credit unions, the aggregate resources of which shall not be less than \$50,000, may form the "Credit Union Finance Corporation". Each of such credit unions shall subscribe, acknowledge and submit to the commissioner an organization certificate in duplicate which shall specifically state:

(a) The name "Credit Union Finance Corporation".

(b) The place in the state where its business is to be transacted.

(c) The number of shares for which each credit union has subscribed, which shall amount in the aggregate to not less than \$200.

(d) The number of directors of such credit union finance corporation, which shall not be less than 7, and the names of the persons who shall be its directors until the first annual meeting. The certificate shall recite that the directors possess the qualifications specified in sub. (10).

(e) The name and location of the business office of each credit union subscribing the certificate and the aggregate resources of each such credit union.

(2) **PROPOSED BYLAWS.** The incorporators shall subscribe and acknowledge and submit to the commissioner proposed bylaws in duplicate, which shall prescribe the manner in which the business of such credit union finance corporation shall be conducted with reference to the following matters:

(a) The date during the month of February of the annual meeting of shareholders; the manner of calling special meetings, and the number of members which shall constitute a quorum.

(b) The number and qualifications of directors, subject to sub. (10); the method of division into classes for the purpose of electing, as nearly as may be, an equal number of directors each year; the removal or suspension of directors; the filling of vacancies in the board of directors, and the number of directors which shall constitute a quorum, which shall not be less than 4.

(c) The meetings, powers and duties of directors; the appointment or election of appraisal, supervisory and auditing committees.

(d) The officers; the manner of their election; their terms of office, duties and compensation; and the bonds which shall be required of officers who have the custody or possession of money, securities or property of the credit union finance corporation.

(e) The annual commission that may be charged each member, subject to the limitations of sub. (9).

(f) The transfer of membership, subject to the limitations of sub. (8).

(g) The manner in which the bylaws may be altered or amended.

(3) **WHEN CORPORATE EXISTENCE BEGINS; CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO COMMENCING BUSINESS.** When the commissioner shall have indorsed his approval on the organization certificate, the corporate existence of the credit union finance corporation shall begin and it shall then have power to elect officers and transact such other business as relates to its organization; but such credit union finance corporation shall transact no other business until:

(a) Subscriptions to its shares aggregating \$2,000 shall have been paid in cash and an affidavit stating that such subscriptions have been so paid, subscribed and sworn to by its 2 principal officers, shall have been filed with the secretary of state and a certified copy thereof in the office of the commissioner.

(b) The commissioner shall have duly issued to it an authorization certificate.

(4) **GENERAL POWERS.** In addition to the powers conferred by the general corporation law the credit union finance corporation shall, subject to the restrictions and limitations contained in this section and its bylaws, have the following powers:

(a) To issue, sell and redeem bonds and notes secured by bonds and first mortgages made to or held by member credit unions.

(b) To receive money or property from its members and from other associations, corporations and persons with whom it has contracts, engagements or undertakings, in instalments or

otherwise; to enter into any contract engagement or undertaking with such associations, corporations or persons for the withdrawal of such money or property, with any increase thereof, or for the payment to them or to any association, corporation or person of any sum of money, at any time, either fixed or uncertain; to lend money to credit unions upon the security of their promissory notes with or without collateral.

(c) To invest its capital and other funds in bonds and notes of the United States, the state of Wisconsin, and the political subdivisions of this state.

(d) To receive by assignment from its members and to deposit in trust with the commissioner to be held by him as security for its and their outstanding obligations any first mortgages on real estate and the bonds secured thereby and such other securities as are provided for in section 186.11 and are legally receivable by credit unions; to empower such credit unions as agents of the credit union finance corporation to collect and immediately pay over to the credit union the dues, interest and other sums payable under the terms, conditions and covenants of the bonds and mortgages or, prior to a default upon any such bond and mortgage so assigned and when adequate security has been given to the credit union finance corporation, by any such credit union, to retain such collections until a payment to the credit union finance corporation from such credit union becomes due; to return to, or permit such credit unions to retain any sums of money so collected in excess of the amount required to meet the obligations of such credit unions respectively.

(e) To purchase in its own name, hold and convey real property for the following purposes and no others:

1. A plot whereon there is or may be erected a building suitable for the convenient transaction of its business, from portions of which not required for its own use a revenue may be derived.

2. Such as shall be mortgaged to it in good faith, by way of security for loans made by it or moneys due to it.

3. Such as shall be conveyed to it for debts previously contracted in the course of its business, and such as it shall purchase at sales under judgments, decrees or mortgages held by it.

(f) To designate as depositories of its funds any bank, trust company, or savings bank of this state, or any national banking association located in this state doing a banking business under the laws of the United States.

(g) With the advice and approval of the commissioner, to become a member of or to subscribe for and purchase notes and debentures

issued by any federal finance or credit corporation which may be organized by act of congress for aiding and assisting credit unions to utilize their resources and credit, or to borrow from such finance or credit corporation, in either case, in an amount not exceeding in the aggregate amount two-fifths of the assets on hand.

(h) To borrow money from the state teachers' retirement fund, the state insurance fund, and from any other state investment fund.

(5) RESTRICTIONS UPON THE POWERS OF THE CREDIT UNION FINANCE CORPORATION. The credit union finance corporation shall not:

(a) Do a general deposit business.

(b) Receive from its members bonds and mortgages if the amount secured by any such mortgage is in excess of 60 per centum of the appraised value of such real estate.

(c) Invest more than 25 per centum of its surplus in real estate occupied, or to be occupied, by it for office purposes, without the written approval of the commissioner.

(d) Incur any indebtedness upon bonds and notes in excess of 20 times the amount of its capital, nor issue bonds on behalf of any of its members in excess of 20 times the amount of the shares of such capital held by such member or in excess of 80 per centum of the value of the collateral security pledged therefor to such credit union finance corporation.

(6) ISSUING OF BONDS. Bonds shall be issued in series of not less than \$10,000. All bonds issued by the credit union finance corporation may be called on any interest day at 102 1/2% and interest by publishing a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, not less than 60 days prior to said day. Any member credit union which is not indebted for borrowed money to any other bank or trust company which does business exclusively with the credit union finance corporation shall submit a schedule of assets from time to time as the board of directors of such finance corporation shall require. Any member credit union which may have a loan from any other banking institution may borrow money from such credit union finance corporation upon pledging therefor such amount of its mortgages with the bonds secured thereby as collateral security for bonds issued on its behalf as the commissioner and the board of directors of such credit union finance corporation may require; provided that the aggregate of all loans made by such credit union shall not exceed 40% of its assets as provided in s. 186.11. The amortization payments upon all mortgages accepted by the credit union finance corporation as collateral security for bonds shall be sufficient to liquidate the debt in a period not exceeding 40 years. In the event of any default for more than 90 days in the payment of the principal of, or for more than 90 days in the payment

of any instalment of interest upon, any of said bonds, the commissioner may, of his own motion, and shall, upon the request in writing of the holders of said bonds in default to the amount of \$10,000, forthwith take possession of and proceed to liquidate the credit union finance corporation. Upon such liquidation it shall be entitled in the name of the credit union finance corporation to enforce all of its rights and securities and to collect and realize upon all of its assets, including all mortgages assigned to said credit union finance corporation by the several member credit unions, and deposited with the state treasurer, up to the amounts advanced by the credit union finance corporation to the several member credit unions thereon. Upon any such liquidation all said bonds then issued and outstanding shall forthwith become due and payable equally and ratably out of all the assets of said credit union finance corporation in advance of any other debts thereof not specifically preferred by law.

(7) GUARANTY FUND. The credit union finance corporation shall accumulate from its net profits a guaranty fund by carrying thereto annually a sum equal to one-half of one per centum of its capital, until such guaranty fund shall be equal to at least 15 per centum of such capital.

(8) MEMBERSHIP; TRANSFER OF SHARES. (a) Every member shall pay \$200 for each share of the capital of the credit union finance corporation issued to it, provided that no credit union shall subscribe for or hold shares of such capital to an amount in excess of 10 per centum of the resources of such association.

(b) Such shares shall not be transferable, except that a member, who is not liable to the credit union finance corporation for any obligation, direct or contingent, may transfer its shares therein to another credit union, by and with the consent of the board of directors of the credit union finance corporation; or it may retire from membership and receive back such sums as it has paid for its shares, but no withdrawal shall be permitted by the board of directors, which shall reduce the total amount of the capital of the credit union corporation below \$50,000.

(9) COMMISSIONS AND PAYMENT OF EXPENSES. The credit union finance corporation may charge each member an annual commission, not to exceed one-half of one per centum, upon the outstanding debenture bonds issued in its behalf, provided that the rate of commission in any year shall be the same on all outstanding bonds; or in lieu of charging such commission the expenses incurred on account of any debenture bond issued may be charged to the credit union on whose behalf such bonds are issued,

and the general expenses of the credit union finance corporation assessed against the members in proportion to the bonds issued for them.

(10) QUALIFICATIONS AND DISQUALIFICATIONS OF DIRECTORS; BOND. All of the directors of the credit union finance corporation must reside in the state of Wisconsin during their term of office, and all must be citizens of the United States. No person shall be elected a director unless he is a shareholder of a member credit union and has been nominated by it for that office; and every person elected to be a director who, after such election, shall cease to be a shareholder of a member credit union, shall cease to be a director of the credit union finance corporation, and his office shall be vacant. Directors who have the custody or possession of money, securities or property shall give bond to the credit union finance corporation in an amount commensurate with their liability, as approved by the commissioner.

(11) OATH OF DIRECTORS. Each director, when appointed or elected, shall take an oath that he will, so far as the duty devolves upon him, diligently and honestly administer the affairs of the credit union finance corporation, and will not knowingly violate, or willingly permit to be violated, any of the provisions of law applicable to such corporation, and that he is the owner in good faith and in his own right on the books of the credit union which nominated him of shares in value of not less than \$100, or other shares of the withdrawal value of \$100, and that the same is not hypothecated, or in any way pledged as security for any loan or debt and, in case of reelection that such share was not hypothecated or in any way pledged as security for any loan or debt during his previous term. Such oath shall be subscribed by the directors and officers making it, and certified by an officer authorized by law to administer oaths, and immediately transmitted to the commissioner.

(12) CHANGE OF NUMBER OF DIRECTORS. The members of the credit union finance corporation may at any time change the number of its directors by amending its by-laws in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(13) OFFICERS; POWERS; DUTIES AND COMPENSATION. (a) The by-laws of the credit union finance corporation shall specify its officers, the manner of their election, and their terms of office.

(b) The officers who have the custody or possession of money, securities, or property shall give bond to the credit union as provided in the by-laws. They shall receive such compensation as is prescribed in the by-laws and shall hold office until their successors are elected and have qualified.

(14) ANNUAL MEETING; NOTICE; VOTING.

The annual meeting of the credit union finance corporation, for the election of directors, shall be held at its principal place of business in February in each year. Notice of the time and place of holding such election shall be given by mailing a copy of such notice, postage prepaid, to each shareholder of the credit union finance corporation 15 days before the holding of such meeting. Each member shall be entitled to one vote for every share of the capital standing in its name on the books of the credit union finance corporation.

(15) PREFERENCE OF CREDIT. All the property of any bank, trust company or credit union which shall become insolvent shall be applied by the trustees, assignees or receivers thereof or by the commissioner in the first place to the payment in full of any sum or sums of money deposited therewith by the credit union finance corporation or due to the credit union finance corporation for subscriptions, sinking funds, interest and principal of bonds, or guaranty of mortgages, ratably and proportionately but not to an amount exceeding that authorized to be so deposited or contracted by the provisions of this section and in accordance and on an equality with any other preference provided for in this section.

(16) CREDIT UNION FINANCE CORPORATION AND ITS DEBENTURES NOT LIABLE FOR TAXATION. (a) The debentures issued by the credit union finance corporation and the credit union finance corporation itself, together with its capital, accumulations and funds, shall have the same exemption from taxation as credit unions. No law which taxes corporations in any form, or the shares thereof, or the accumulations therein, shall be deemed to include the credit union finance corporation or its issues of debenture bonds unless they are specifically named in such law.

History: 1971 c. 193 s. 42 (1).

186.23 Rules and regulations. The commissioner shall, with the approval of the credit union review board, issue orders prescribing reasonable rules and regulations in conducting the business of credit unions or corporations operating as provided in this chapter and it may in like manner issue orders amending, modifying, repealing or supplementing rules or orders. The violation of any such rule may be cause for the removal of any officer, director or employe of any credit union or corporation.

186.24 Removal of officials of credit union; procedure. (1) Whenever the commissioner is of the opinion that the loaning, investing or other policies and practices of any officer,

director or committeeman of any credit union have been prejudicial to the best interest of such credit union or its investors, or that such policies or practices, if put into operation or continued, will endanger the safety or solvency of said credit union or impair the interest of its investors, the commissioner may request the removal of such officer, director or committeeman. Such request shall be served on the credit union and on such officer, director or committeeman in the manner provided by law for serving a summons in a court of record, or shall be transmitted to the credit union and the officer, director or committeeman by registered mail, with return receipt requested. Such request shall specify the reasons for the removal of such officer, director or committeeman, and also shall advise such officer, director or committeeman relative to his rights to a hearing before the credit union review board as provided in this section. A copy of such request for removal shall be transmitted to each member of the credit union review board at the same time such request is being served upon the credit union and officer, director or committeeman involved. If such request for removal is not complied with within a reasonable time fixed by the commissioner, he may by order, with approval of the credit union review board, remove such officer, director or committeeman, but no order for removal shall be entered until after an opportunity for a hearing before the credit union review board is given such officer, director or committeeman upon not less than 30 days' notice. An order for removal shall take effect as of the date issued.

(2) Any removal under this section shall be effective in all respects the same as if made by the board of directors or stockholders of said credit union. Any officer, director or committeeman removed from such office under the provisions of this section shall not be reelected as an officer, director or committeeman of any credit union without the approval of the commissioner and advisory committee.

(3) If the removal under sub. (1) or the resignation or death of credit union directors prevents a credit union board of directors from securing the quorum required at board meetings and thus prevents continued operation of the credit union, the commissioner may appoint temporary directors to fill the vacancies for up to 120 days or until an election of directors to fill the vacancies has been held at a special meeting of the membership called for such purpose.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1973 c. 12; 1977 c. 152.

186.25 Supervision; reports. All credit unions formed under this or other similar law, or authorized to transact in this state a business similar to that authorized to be done by this

chapter, shall be under the control and supervision of the commissioner. Every such corporation shall make a full and detailed report of its business as of December 31 for that year, and of its condition on such date, in such form and containing such information as the commissioner may prescribe, and shall file with the commissioner a true and verified copy thereof on or before February 1 thereafter. Accompanying the same shall be attached a copy of the statement of the credit union at the close of its last fiscal year. If any such credit union fails or refuses to furnish the report herein required, it shall be subject, at the discretion of the commissioner, to a forfeiture of \$1 to \$10 per day for each day of default, and the commissioner may maintain an action in the name of the state to recover such penalty, and the same shall be paid into the state treasury.

History: 1971 c. 193, 307.

186.26 Examinations. (1) At least once each year, the commissioner shall make or cause to be made an examination into the affairs of all such credit unions and for that purpose the commissioner or the examiners appointed by him shall have full access to, and may compel the production of, all their books, papers, securities and moneys, administer oaths to and examine their officers and agents as to their affairs. Special examination shall be made upon written request of 5 or more members, they guaranteeing the expense of the same. The refusal of any credit union to submit to an examination ordered or requested shall be reported to the department of justice for the purpose of instituting proceedings to have the charter of the credit union revoked because of the refusal.

(2) If records are located outside this state, at the option of the commissioner, the credit union shall either make such records available to the commissioner at a convenient location within this state or pay the reasonable and necessary expenses for the commissioner or examiners to examine such records at the place where they are maintained. The commissioner may designate examiners, including comparable officials of the state in which the records are located, to inspect them on the commissioner's behalf. The maintenance of any office or branch outside this state is not allowed under this chapter.

History: 1971 c. 307 s. 119; 1973 c. 255; 1975 c. 345, 421.

186.27 Disclosure of Information. The commissioner, all other officers and employees of the office, and members of the review board shall keep secret all the facts and information obtained in the course of examinations, except:

(1) So far as the public duty of such person requires the person to report upon or take special action regarding the affairs of any credit union; or

(2) When called as a witness in any criminal proceeding or trial in a court of justice.

History: 1975 c. 345, 421

186.28 Bookkeeping; forfeiture for failure to obey commissioner. (1) A credit union shall open and keep accurate and convenient records of its transactions and accounts. If the commissioner determines that a credit union does not keep its books and accounts in a manner which enables the commissioner to readily ascertain the true condition of the credit union, the commissioner may require any officer of the credit union to open and keep such books or accounts as the commissioner may prescribe in order to remedy the deficiency.

(2) Any credit union that refuses or neglects to maintain books or accounts in the manner prescribed under sub. (1) shall be subject, upon written notification of the commissioner, to a forfeiture not to exceed \$10 for each day it is in violation. If any credit union fails or refuses to pay the forfeiture, the commissioner may institute proceedings to enforce its collection.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1975 c. 345, 421.

186.29 Possession by commissioner. (1)

CONDITIONS FOR TAKING POSSESSION. The commissioner may forthwith take possession and control of the business and property of any credit union to which this chapter is applicable whenever he finds a credit union violating this chapter or that the credit union:

(a) Is conducting its business contrary to law; or

(b) Has violated its charter, or any law; or

(c) Is conducting its business in an unauthorized or unsafe manner; or

(d) Is in an unsound or unsafe condition to transact its business; or

(e) Has an impairment of its capital; or

(f) Cannot with safety and expediency continue business; or

(g) Has suspended payment of its obligations; or

(h) Has neglected or refused to comply with the terms of a duly issued order of the commissioner; or

(i) Has refused to submit its books, papers, records or affairs for inspection to any examiner; or

(j) Has refused to be examined upon oath regarding its affairs.

(1m) **SUSPENSION.** The commissioner may suspend for a period up to 120 days the business or any officer, director, committee member or

employe of any credit union for conduct specified under sub (1) (a) to (j).

(2) PROCEDURE ON TAKING POSSESSION. Upon taking possession of the business and property of any such credit union the commissioner shall forthwith:

(a) Serve a notice in writing upon the president and secretary of said credit union setting forth therein that he has taken possession and control of the business and property of said credit union. Said notice shall be executed in duplicate, and immediately after the same has been served, one of the said notices shall be filed with the clerk of the circuit court of the county where said credit union is located together with proof of service.

(b) Give notice to all individuals, partnerships, corporations and associations known to the commissioner to be holding or in possession of any assets of such credit union.

(c) The commissioner may appoint one or more special deputy commissioners as agent to assist in the duty of liquidation and distribution of the assets of one or more credit unions of whose business and property the commissioner shall have taken possession pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. A certificate of such appointment shall be filed in the office of the commissioner and a certified copy in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for the county in which such credit union is located. The commissioner may employ such counsel and procure such expert assistance and advice as may be necessary in the liquidation and distribution of the assets of such credit union, and may retain such of the officers or employes of such credit union as he deems necessary. The special deputy commissioner and assistants shall furnish such security for the faithful discharge of their duties as the commissioner deems proper. Such special deputy commissioner may execute, acknowledge and deliver any and all deeds, assignments, releases or other instruments necessary and proper to effect any sale and transfer or incumbrance of real estate or personal property and may borrow money for use in the liquidation after the same has been approved by the commissioner and an order obtained from the circuit court of the county in which said credit union is located as hereinafter provided.

(d) Upon taking possession of the property and business of such credit union, the special deputy commissioner is authorized to collect all moneys due to such credit union, and do such other acts as are necessary to conserve its assets and business, and shall proceed to liquidate the affairs thereof as hereinafter provided. He shall collect all debts due and claims belonging to it, and upon a petition approved by the commissioner and upon order of the circuit court of the

county in which such credit union is located, may sell or compound all bad or doubtful debts, or do any act or execute any other necessary instruments and upon like petition and order may sell all the real and personal property of such credit union on such terms as the court shall approve. Such special deputy commissioner may, if necessary, enforce individual liability of the stockholders to pay the debts of such corporation.

(3) NOTICE, ALLOWANCE AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. The special deputy commissioner shall cause a class 3 notice, under ch. 985, to be published, calling on all persons who may have claims against such credit union, to present the same to the special deputy commissioner and make legal proof thereof at a place and within a time, not earlier than the last day of publication, to be therein specified. He shall mail a similar notice to all persons at their last-known address, whose names appear as creditors upon the books of the credit union. Proof of service of such notice shall be filed with the clerk of said court. The special deputy commissioner may reject any claim. Any party interested may also file written objections to any claim with the special deputy commissioner and after notice by registered mail of such rejection, said claimant shall be barred unless he commences an action thereon within 3 months. Claims presented after the expiration of the time fixed in the notice to creditors shall be entitled to share in the distribution only to the extent of the assets then in the hands of the special deputy commissioner equitably applicable thereto.

(4) INVENTORY OF ASSETS AND STATEMENT OF LIABILITIES. Upon taking possession of the property and assets of such credit union, the special deputy commissioner shall make an inventory of the assets of such credit union, in duplicate, one to be filed in the office of the commissioner and one in the office of the clerk of circuit court for the county in which such credit union is located. Upon the expiration of the time fixed for the presentation of claims, the special deputy commissioner shall make in duplicate a full and complete list of the claims presented, including and specifying such claims as have been rejected by him, one to be filed in the office of the commissioner, and one in the office of the clerk of circuit court for the county in which such credit union is located. Such inventory and list of claims shall be open at all reasonable times to inspection.

(5) ADJUSTMENT OF LOANS AND WITHDRAWAL VALUE OF SHARES. The value of shares pledged upon a loan to the credit union shall be applied and credited to the loan and the borrower shall be liable only for the balance. The

rate of interest charged upon the balance shall be the legal rate. The value shall be determined in such manner as the commissioner prescribes, and shall be made under s. 186.30 (1) and (3), or in such other manner as the commissioner may prescribe. Upon the approval of the value by the commissioner and the circuit court of the county in which the credit union is located, the book value of each member shall be reduced proportionately. At least 5 days' written notice of the determination of value shall be given to all shareholders of the time and place the value shall be submitted to the circuit court for approval. Should any stockholder or creditor of such credit union feel aggrieved by the determination of value, he or she may at any time within 15 days after the mailing of a notice by the commissioner, addressed to the last-known address of the party, giving notice of the determination and value of the shares, appeal to the court of appeals.

(6) COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES IN CONNECTION WITH LIQUIDATION. The compensation of the special deputy commissioners, counsel and other employes and assistants, and all expenses of supervision and liquidation shall be fixed by the commissioner, subject to the approval of the circuit court for the county in which such credit union is located, and shall upon the certificate of the commissioner be paid out of the funds of such credit union. Expenses of supervision and liquidation shall include the cost of the service rendered by the office of the commissioner of credit unions to the credit union being liquidated and shall be determined from time to time by the commissioner and shall be paid to the office of the commissioner of credit unions from the assets of the credit union as other expenses of liquidation are paid. The moneys collected by the special deputy commissioner shall be from time to time deposited in one or more state banks, and, in case of the suspension or insolvency of the depository, such deposits shall be preferred before all other deposits.

(7) LIQUIDATING DIVIDENDS. At any time after the expiration of the date fixed for the presentation of claims, the special deputy commissioner in charge of the liquidation of such credit union may, upon a petition approved by the commissioner and an order of the circuit court of the county in which such credit union is located, out of the funds remaining, after the payment of expenses and debts, declare one or more dividends, and may declare a final dividend, such dividend to be paid to such persons, and in such amounts as may be directed by the circuit court.

(8) TITLE PASSES TO COMMISSIONER. Immediately upon filing the notice as provided for in subsection (2), the possession of all assets and property of such credit union of every kind and nature, wheresoever situated shall be deemed to be transferred from such credit union to, and assumed by the commissioner; and filing of the notice mentioned herein, shall of itself, and without the execution or delivery of any instruments of conveyance, assignment, transfer or indorsement, vest the title to all such assets and property in the commissioner. Such filing shall also operate as a bar to any attachment, garnishment, execution or other legal proceedings against such credit union, or its assets and property, or its liabilities.

(9) EFFECT OF POSSESSION. No credit union shall have a lien, or charge for any payment, advance or clearance made, or liability thereafter incurred, against any of the assets of the credit union of whose property and business the commissioner shall have taken possession.

(10) APPEAL. Whenever any such credit union, whose property and business the commissioner has taken possession of, as aforesaid, deems itself aggrieved thereby, it may, at any time within 10 days after such taking, appeal to the credit union review board for relief from such possession by the commissioner. In the event the credit union review board sustains the commissioner, the said credit union may then at any time within 10 days after the decision of the credit union review board, apply to the circuit court of the county in which such credit union is located to enjoin further proceedings; and said court, after citing the commissioner to show cause why further proceedings should not be enjoined and hearing all allegations and proofs of the parties and determining the facts, may, upon the merits dismiss such application or enjoin the commissioner from further proceedings, and direct it to surrender such business and property to such credit union.

(11) REINSTATEMENT. Whenever the commissioner shall have taken over the possession and control of the business and property of any credit union the same may resume business when and if:

(a) The owners of at least two-thirds of such credit union dollar value of outstanding shares, execute a petition to such effect, the form of which shall be prescribed by the commissioner, and

(b) There is submitted to the commissioner by such shareholders or a committee duly selected by them, a plan for the reorganization and reinstatement of such credit union, and

(c) The commissioner recommends that control of the business and property of such credit union be returned to the shareholders, and

(d) The court in which such liquidation is pending, upon application of the commissioner, makes an order approving the commissioner's recommendations, which order shall contain a finding that such credit union will be in a safe and sound condition when control is resumed by the shareholders.

(12) REINSTATEMENT UPON RESTRICTED BASIS. Such credit union may also resume business upon a restricted basis, and upon such limitations and conditions as may be prescribed by the commissioner when approved by the circuit court in and for the county in which such credit union is located, upon application of the commissioner. Such restrictions and conditions may include, among others, a prohibition against the selling of new shares, reasonable restrictions upon withdrawals and the payment of other liabilities. Such credit union shall thereupon be relieved from the control and supervision of the commissioner as provided in this section, but nothing herein shall, in any manner, prohibit the commissioner from again proceeding against such credit union as provided herein.

(13) LIQUIDATING DIVIDENDS AND UNCLAIMED FUNDS. (a) Unclaimed liquidating dividends and unclaimed funds remaining unpaid in the hands of the special deputy commissioner for 6 months after the order for final distribution shall be by him deposited in one or more state banks, to the credit of the commissioner in his name, in trust for the several shareholders and creditors. The commissioner shall include in his annual report to the governor the names of credit unions so taken possession of and liquidated, and the sums of unclaimed and unpaid liquidating dividends and unclaimed funds with respect to each of them respectively, including a statement of interest earned upon such funds.

(b) The commissioner may pay over the moneys so held by him to the persons respectively entitled thereto, upon being furnished satisfactory evidence of their right to the same. In case of doubt or conflicting claims, he may require an order of the circuit court authorizing and directing the payment thereof. He may apply the interest earned by the moneys so held by him towards defraying the expenses in the payment and distribution of such unclaimed liquidating dividends and funds to the stockholders and creditors entitled to receive the same.

(c) After one year from the time of the order for final distribution, all unclaimed funds shall be turned over to the state treasury by said commissioner and shall be kept in a separate fund. All claims subsequently arising shall be

presented to the commissioner. If the commissioner determines that any claim so presented is a proper claim against said fund he shall certify to the department of administration the name and address of the person entitled to payment and the amount thereof and shall attach said claim to said certificate. The department of administration shall thereupon draw a warrant on the state treasurer for payment of the amount stated in said certificate to the person named thereon.

History: 1971 c. 193 ss. 35, 36, 42 (1), (2); 1971 c. 307; 1977 c. 187.

Cross Reference: See Chap. 177 for disposition of unclaimed funds.

186.30 Readjustment in other cases. (1)

Whenever from an examination or report, it shall appear to the commissioner that the capital of any credit union is impaired, or may in the near future become impaired, the commissioner may, with the approval of the credit union review board, issue an order to such credit union, requiring the directors to forthwith appoint subject to the approval of the commissioner 3 competent persons, not members of such credit union, who shall appraise such property owned by, or upon which such credit union has a loan or judgment, as the commissioner shall designate. The appraisers so appointed and approved shall appraise and fix the current market value of all such property as aforesaid and report their findings to the commissioner and the directors. The value as found by such appraisers shall be the value from which all losses shall be determined.

(2) Whenever the commissioner finds that the losses existing, or which it may reasonably be anticipated will be sustained in the near future, are more than two-thirds of the amount in the regular reserve of the credit union, he may, with the approval of the review board, issue an order to such credit union, which order shall provide that no further dividends be credited or paid and no moneys paid out for retiring shares, whether noticed for withdrawal, until the commissioner otherwise orders.

(3) After the commissioner shall have determined the losses existing or which he shall determine may reasonably be sustained in the near future, he shall issue an order providing that the book value of each share be depreciated as stated in such order, the officers shall forthwith proceed to depreciate the book value of all shares as ordered. A record shall be made on the books showing the amount by which the book value of the shares was depreciated, and a copy of such record shall be filed with the commissioner.

(4) Any borrowing member may, after the book value of his shares shall have depreciated as provided in subsection (3), pay to the credit union the difference between the withdrawal value of his shares as depreciated, and the amount due on his loan, and his note and other securities shall thereupon be released.

(5) The directors may, with the approval of the commissioner, make share loans to members upon such terms and conditions as the commissioner may order, but such loans shall be for provident purposes only and not more than \$100 shall be loaned to any one member in any one month.

(6) The directors shall give notice by mail to each member, stating in such notice that the book value of his shares has been depreciated, the date when such book value was depreciated and the book value of his shares after such depreciation. The mailing of such notice to the last-known place of abode as shown on the records of the credit union shall be a compliance with this subsection.

(7) The directors may, with the approval of the commissioner, sell, lease, transfer, exchange and convey any of the property of the credit union, and upon their order the proper officers shall execute and deliver such deeds, leases, assignments, bills of sale and such other transfers and conveyances as are necessary to dispose of such property as herein provided.

(8) The directors may compromise and settle any claim, demand or judgment which is a part of the assets of the credit union, but no compromise of any claim, demand or judgment shall be made except upon express consent of the commissioner.

(9) The commissioner shall prescribe reasonable rules and regulations not inconsistent with laws for the operation of credit unions operating as provided in this section.

(10) Except as otherwise provided in this section, such credit union shall be operated as provided in this chapter.

(11) The directors shall make no disbursements or contract to make disbursements for salaries, compensation, fees or any other item of expense, nor retire shares, nor pay or declare dividends during the time such credit union is operating as provided in this section without the approval of the commissioner.

History: 1971 c. 307 ss. 81, 119.

186.31 Consolidation of credit unions.

(1) Any credit union, which is in good faith winding up its business for the purpose of consolidating with some other credit union, may transfer its assets and liabilities to the credit union with which it is in the process of consolidation;

but no consolidation may be made without the consent of the commissioner, and not then to defeat or defraud any of its creditors in the collection of debts against such credit union.

(2) With the approval of the commissioner credit unions may consolidate. To effect a consolidation, the board of directors of each consolidating union shall, by resolution, propose a specific plan for consolidation which shall be agreed to by a majority of the board of each credit union joining in the consolidation and directing that the proposed plan of consolidation be submitted to a vote at a meeting of members of the credit unions being absorbed which may be either an annual or a special meeting. Written notice of the meeting setting forth the proposed plan of consolidation or a summary shall be given to each member of the credit unions being absorbed within the time and in the manner provided for the giving of notice of meetings of members of the credit union. The proposed plan shall be adopted upon receiving a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by members present at the meeting.

(3) The credit union consolidating with another credit union under the subs. (1) and (2) shall not be required to go into liquidation but its assets and liabilities shall be reported by the credit union with which it has consolidated, and all the rights, franchises and interests of said credit union so consolidated in and to any species of property, personal and mixed, and choses in action thereto belonging, shall be deemed to be transferred, and the said consolidated credit union shall hold and enjoy the same and all rights of property, franchises and interest in the same manner and to the same extent as was held and enjoyed by the credit union so consolidated therewith; and the members or shareholders of such absorbed credit union shall without any further act on their part be members and shareholders of such consolidated credit union and be subject to all rights, privileges and duties as provided for in the bylaws of the credit union which has so absorbed their credit union.

History: 1971 c. 193; 1977 c. 152.

186.314 Conversion. A credit union chartered under this chapter may be converted to a federal credit union by complying with the following:

(1) The proposition for a conversion shall first be approved by unanimous recommendation of the directors of the credit union. The directors shall set a date for a vote by the members on the conversion. Written notice specifying the reason for conversion and the date set for the vote shall be delivered in person or mailed to each member at the address for such member appearing on the records of the credit

union, not more than 30 nor less than 7 days prior to such date. A majority of the members voting, in person or in writing, may approve the proposition for conversion, provided not more than 15 members or 10% of the total membership, whichever is greater, by written notice, object.

(2) A statement of the results of the vote, verified by the affidavits of the president or vice president and the secretary, shall be filed with the office of the commissioner within 10 days after the vote is taken.

(3) Promptly after the vote is taken and in no event later than 90 days thereafter, if the proposition for conversion was approved by such vote, the credit union shall take such action as may be necessary under the federal law to make it a federal credit union, and within 10 days after receipt of the federal credit union charter, there shall be filed with the office of the commissioner a copy of the charter thus issued. Upon such filing, the credit union shall cease to be a state credit union.

(4) Upon ceasing to be a state credit union, such credit union shall no longer be subject to this chapter. The successor federal credit union shall be vested with all the assets and shall continue to be responsible for all of the obligations of the state credit union to the same extent as though the conversion had not taken place.

History: 1971 c. 193.

186.315 Charter cancellation. Upon completion of a voluntary liquidation as provided in s. 186.18, or upon completion of the liquidation in cases under s. 186.29, or after the assets and liabilities of a credit union are transferred to another credit union for the purpose of consolidation as provided in s. 186.31 (3), the commissioner shall forthwith cancel the charter of the credit union or credit unions liquidated or absorbed in consolidation without any other or further notice to said credit union or to any person. A certified copy of the order or certificate of the commissioner shall be recorded with the register of deeds of the county where said credit union is located. The register of deeds shall note on the margin of the record of the articles of incorporation of said credit union the volume and page where said order or certificate canceling its charter is recorded and shall be entitled to a fee of 50 cents therefor. In case of voluntary liquidation under s. 186.18 or consolidation under s. 186.31, the credit union shall record the order or certificate of the commissioner and pay the fee therefor. In case of liquidation under s. 186.29, the commissioner or special deputy commissioner as therein provided shall record the order or certificate of the commissioner and pay the fee therefor out of the

assets of the credit union as an expense of liquidation.

History: 1971 c. 193 s. 42 (1).

186.32 Central credit unions. (1) Central credit unions may be organized and operated under the conditions and provisions of this chapter and subject to all of the provisions of this chapter not inconsistent herewith. It shall be lawful for other credit unions located in this state and any other state to become members of central credit unions. Credit unions having membership in a central credit union may be represented at annual or special meetings of the central credit union by one member duly authorized by the board of directors of such member credit union and shall be entitled to one vote, and such representative shall be eligible for office in the central credit union the same as though he were a member of the central credit union.

(2) A central credit union may pay to the accounts of member credit unions dividends on a basis other than that required by this section for other members of a central credit union. Such dividends may be considered as a legitimate expense of the central credit union's operation and rates of such dividends and terms of payment may be established and guaranteed in advance by action of the central credit union's board of directors.

History: 1971 c. 193.

186.33 Other powers. Credit unions may engage in the business and functions provided for in s. 218.05 and ch. 217 for their members upon receiving a certificate of authority from the commissioner. The certificate of authority shall be issued by the commissioner upon application of a credit union whenever the commissioner finds that the credit union has adequate clerical facilities and has provided for the keeping of adequate accounts and for the segregation of funds used in carrying on the business of issuing their own credit union money orders. The applicants shall meet the same requirements as other applicants under ch. 217, but no investigation fee may be charged of credit union applicants. The commissioner may revoke a certificate of authority following a hearing held upon 10 days' notice to the credit union for any reason which would have justified the rejection of an application or on the ground that the continued operation of the business threatens the solvency of the credit union.

History: 1971 c. 193 s. 42 (1); 1971 c. 307; 1977 c. 152.

186.35 Wisconsin credit union savings insurance corporation. (1) ORGANIZATION. The Wisconsin credit union savings insurance

corporation, a nonprofit corporation, hereinafter referred to as the "corporation", shall be organized within one year after February 14, 1970, by the duly authorized representatives of not less than 9 credit unions chartered and existing under ch. 186. The articles of incorporation shall require the approval of the commissioner, and shall be filed with the commissioner and the register of deeds of the county in which the principal office of the corporation is located. Amendments to the articles, adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the member credit unions present at an annual meeting or a special meeting called for that purpose, shall be filed with the commissioner upon payment of a fee of \$5 and if approved by the commissioner shall become effective upon being recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the same manner as the original articles. This corporation shall be under the exclusive supervision of the commissioner.

(2) PURPOSES. The general purposes of the corporation shall be to:

(a) Aid and assist any member credit union which develops financial difficulties such as insolvency, nonliquidity or liquidation, in order that the savings of any individual member of a member credit union shall be protected or guaranteed to any amount not to exceed \$40,000.

(b) Cooperate with its member credit unions and the credit union division of the office of the commissioner for the purpose of improving the general welfare of credit unions in this state.

(3) POWERS. Should any of the powers in this subsection conflict with any other provision in ch. 186, the powers granted in this section shall prevail. The corporation may:

(a) Make contracts.

(b) Sue and be sued.

(c) Adopt, use and display a corporate seal.

(d) Advance funds to aid member credit unions to operate and to meet liquidity requirements.

(e) Assist in the orderly liquidation of credit unions.

(f) Receive money or property from its member credit unions, or any corporation, association or person.

(g) Invest its funds in bonds, notes or securities of the federal government or its agencies, and such other investments as are deemed prudent by the trustees but these other investments shall not exceed 50% of the outstanding capital of the corporation.

(h) Borrow money from any source, upon such terms and conditions as the trustees determine, for the purpose of this section.

(i) Purchase in its own name, hold and convey real and personal property.

(j) Receive by assignment or purchase, from its member credit unions, any notes, mortgages,

real estate, securities and other assets owned by those member credit unions.

(k) Sell, assign, mortgage, encumber or transfer any notes, mortgages, real estate, securities and other assets.

(m) Adopt and amend bylaws, rules and regulations for carrying out the purposes of this section.

(4) USE OF NAME. This corporation shall have the sole right to the use of the name "Wisconsin Credit Union Savings Insurance Corporation".

(5) MEMBERSHIP. (a) All credit unions operating and existing under this chapter shall become members of the corporation. Credit unions organized under federal charter, whose principal office is located in this state, may become members upon application and approval of the trustees.

(b) The corporation shall bill and collect from all credit unions the membership fee of \$5 or one-half per cent of the share capital of each member credit union, whichever is greater. This membership fee, when paid by the individual member credit union, shall be a charge to its regular reserve or may be established as a pre-paid asset, to be charged against its regular reserve over a period of 5 years.

(c) The membership fee of each member credit union will be refunded to each member credit union when the unencumbered funds of the corporation reach 2% of the aggregate total share capital of the member credit unions, as determined by the annual report of the office of the commissioner. These refunds shall be paid to the then existing member credit unions. The refund shall be credited to the member credit union's regular reserve.

(d) A regular annual assessment, not to exceed one-tenth of one percent of the member credit union's savings capital, shall be levied by the trustees. In the event of potential impairment of the corporation's capital funds, special assessments may be levied by the trustees with the approval of the commissioner. The member credit union's savings capital as of December 31 shall be the basis for calculating the assessment due the ensuing year. The trustees shall determine the date the annual assessment is due and payable. The annual assessment, and any special assessment, when paid by the member credit union, shall be a charge to its regular reserve. The membership fee and the annual assessment shall also be levied on credit union savings in a central credit union on a similar basis as stated herein; however, the guaranty on such credit union savings extends to the full amount of such savings balances and is not limited by the maximum protection afforded an individual member under sub. (2).

(e) A member credit union's membership fee to the corporation shall be considered as part of its individual regular reserve for the purpose of determining its 7% limit under s. 186.17 as well as its office building investment under s. 186.11 (2).

(f) The trustees may reduce or waive the annual assessment when the total funds in this corporation equal an amount which is mutually agreed upon by the trustees and the commissioner.

(g) In case of liquidation of this corporation, the funds shall be paid to the then existing member credit unions in proportion to contributions made. Such funds shall be credited to the member credit union's regular reserve.

(6) TRUSTEES. The corporation's business shall be conducted by the incorporators who shall serve until the organizational meeting of the corporation, at which time not less than 7 trustees shall be elected by the members of the corporation in accordance with the bylaws.

(7) SUPERVISION OF CORPORATION. The corporation shall be subject to supervision and an annual examination by the office of the commissioner. The cost of each examination shall be paid by the corporation.

(8) EXAMINATIONS OF CREDIT UNIONS. The office of the commissioner of credit unions shall promptly forward to the corporation copies of examination reports of all member credit unions. The cost of these copies shall be paid by the corporation. If the trustees of the corporation ascertain evidence of carelessness, unsound practices or mismanagement of any member credit union, and these weaknesses are not corrected, the trustees may recommend to the office of the commissioner of credit unions that the credit union be liquidated.

(9) BYLAWS. The incorporators shall subscribe and submit to the commissioner, for approval, the bylaws and any amendments thereto under which the corporation shall operate. These bylaws may be amended at any regular or special meeting of the trustees or any annual or special meeting of the corporation.

History: 1971 c. 136; 1971 c. 193 ss. 40, 42 (1), (2), (4), (5); 1971 c. 307 ss. 83, 119; 1975 c. 14, 15, 16, 199.

The Wisconsin credit union share insurance corporation does not have authority unilaterally to regulate the credit union industry of this state. 64 Atty. Gen. 7.

186.36 Sale of insurance in credit unions. Any agent who is an officer or employe of a credit union may pay the whole or any part of his commissions from the sale of credit life insurance or credit accident and sickness insurance to the credit union.

History: 1973 c. 243.

186.37 Immunity of commissioner. The commissioner of credit unions shall not be subject to any civil liability or penalty, nor to any criminal prosecution, for any error in judgment or discretion made in good faith and upon reasonable grounds in any action taken or omitted by him in his official capacity under this chapter.

History: 1971 c. 193.

186.38 American share deposit guarantee corporation. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Corporation" means the American share deposit guarantee corporation.

(b) "State credit union share or deposit corporation" means any state or regional credit union share or deposit insurance or guarantee corporation that is insuring or guaranteeing credit union share or deposit accounts against loss.

(2) ORGANIZATION. The corporation may be organized under this section by the duly authorized representatives of both the Wisconsin credit union savings insurance corporation and one or more other credit union share or deposit corporations. The articles of incorporation shall require the approval of the commissioner and shall be filed with the commissioner and the register of deeds of the county in which the principal office of the corporation is located. Amendments to the articles, adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the voting shares represented at an annual meeting or at a special meeting called for that purpose, shall be filed with the commissioner upon payment of a fee of \$5 and if approved by the commissioner shall become effective upon being recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the same manner as the original articles. This corporation shall be under the exclusive supervision of the commissioner under sub. (9) and the commissioner shall, with the approval of the credit union review board, fix and assess the corporation a fair amount for such supervision and examination of the corporation.

(3) PURPOSES. The general purposes of the corporation shall be to:

(a) Preserve and strengthen the systems of state chartering of credit unions.

(b) Aid and assist state credit union share or deposit corporations.

(c) Cooperate with state credit union share or deposit corporations and the credit union supervisory authorities in their respective states for the purpose of providing financial stability for state chartered credit unions.

(4) POWERS. If any of the powers in this subsection conflict with other provisions in this

chapter, the powers granted in this subsection shall prevail. The corporation may:

(a) Incur obligations for and participate in losses to member state credit union share or deposit corporations resulting from their services to their member credit unions and advance funds to aid member state credit union share or deposit corporations to operate and meet liquidity requirements.

(b) Make contracts.

(c) Assist in the liquidation of credit unions with the cooperation of appropriate supervisory authorities.

(d) Sue and be sued.

(e) Adopt, use and display a corporate seal.

(f) Receive money or property.

(g) Invest its funds in excess of those used for its services as follows:

1. In bonds, notes, or securities of the federal government or its agencies, or other evidences of indebtedness of any county, city, town, village, school district, or of any other subdivision within the United States or the District of Columbia, which are a direct obligation of the county, city, town, village, school district, or other subdivision issuing the same.

2. Not more than 10% of such funds in other categories of investments as are deemed prudent under the "prudent person rule" of s. 881.01 by the board of directors.

(h) Make arrangements and commitments for additional sources of financial liquidity from the U.S. government, any state government, their agencies or private organizations.

(i) Borrow money from any source, upon such terms and conditions as the board of directors determines.

(j) Purchase in its own name, hold and convey real and personal property.

(k) Receive by assignment or purchase, any notes, mortgages, real estate, securities and other assets owned by state credit union share or deposit corporations.

(l) Sell, assign, mortgage, encumber or transfer any notes, mortgages, real estate, securities and other assets.

(m) Declare dividends for its stockholders.

(n) Have and exercise all powers necessary or convenient to effect its purposes including such other powers as set forth in ch. 180 which are not in conflict with this subsection.

(5) MEMBERSHIP. Any state credit union share or deposit corporation may become a member of the corporation upon approval of the board of directors. Authority is hereby granted for the Wisconsin credit union savings insurance corporation to become a member of and to purchase reinsurance from the corporation.

(a) The corporation shall bill and collect from each member state credit union share or

deposit corporation a membership fee of one-tenth of one percent of the outstanding credit union shares and deposits, as of December 31 of the year prior to membership, of those credit unions guaranteed or insured by such state credit union share or deposit corporation. The corporation shall annually declare and collect additions to the membership fee so that the fee of any member never is less than one-tenth of one percent of the outstanding credit unions shares and deposits of its insured credit unions. This membership fee shall be received by the corporation as capital for which capital stock shall be issued as provided in the articles of incorporation or bylaws. The membership fee or a portion thereof of each then existing member state credit union share or deposit corporation will be proportionately refunded when the unencumbered capital of the corporation exceeds 2% of the aggregate total outstanding credit union shares and deposits of those credit unions guaranteed or insured by all such members, but no such refund shall reduce the unencumbered capital of the corporation below 2%.

(b) In addition to the membership fee under par. (a), the corporation shall make periodic assessments, but not more often than annually, on each member state credit union share or deposit corporation based on the services provided to such member and other risk factors involved in insuring such member, as set forth in the corporation bylaws.

(c) The terms of withdrawal from membership and restrictions on sale of capital stock shall be as prescribed in the articles of incorporation as approved by the commissioner, and such terms shall be binding on all members and shareholders.

(6) SHAREHOLDERS. Any state credit union share or deposit corporation which becomes a member of the corporation shall become a shareholder of the corporation.

(7) RESERVES. The corporation shall maintain reserves for its liabilities, including contingent liabilities, and the commissioner shall have authority to order a change in reserves if the commissioner deems them to be unacceptable.

(8) BOARD OF DIRECTORS. The corporation's business shall be conducted by the initial board of directors named in the articles of incorporation who shall serve until the first shareholders' meeting of the corporation, at which time not less than 7 members of the board of directors shall be elected by the stockholders of the corporation in accordance with the articles or bylaws.

(9) SUPERVISION OF CORPORATION. The corporation shall be subject to supervision and an

annual examination by the office of the commissioner, who may invite participation by credit union supervisory authorities from other states.

(10) EXAMINATIONS. The office of the commissioner shall promptly forward to the corporation a copy of its examination report of the Wisconsin credit union savings insurance corporation, if it becomes a member of the corporation, and shall cooperate with the corporation in obtaining similar examination reports from other state credit union supervisory authorities

where member state credit union share or deposit corporations are domiciled.

(11) BYLAWS. The board of directors shall subscribe and submit to the commissioner, for filing and approval, the bylaws and any amendments thereto under which the corporation shall operate. These bylaws may be amended at any regular or special meeting of the board of directors or at any annual or special meeting of the shareholders.

History: 1975 c. 13, 198, 199, 200.