

atility petroleum products must be delivered in red containers, with the flash point of 110° F. determining the dividing line between the 2 categories. Johnson v. Chemical Supply Co. 38 W (2d) 194, 156 NW (2d) 455.

Drums in which gasoline is shipped into this state need not be painted red. Such drums, when used for delivery of gasoline within the state, after it has ceased to be a subject of interstate commerce, must be painted red. Both the vendor and vendee are guilty of an offense if such drums are used for delivery within the state without being painted red. 1912 Atty. Gen. 701.

The provisions of 168.11 (1), Stats. 1945, preventing a dealer from delivering kerosene "in" certain types of containers, would probably not cover the act of delivering kerosene from an unobjectionable container into one which did not conform to the law. Such act might be prosecuted criminally as aiding and abetting the offense of the receiver in keeping the kerosene in an unsatisfactory container. 35 Atty. Gen. 63.

A container of gasoline, of a capacity of more than one quart, must be painted red. A container of kerosene may not be. 35 Atty. Gen. 321.

168.12 History: 1941 c. 265, 305; Stats. 1941 s. 168.12; 1943 c. 132; 1949 c. 17 s. 23; 1949 c. 197; 1953 c. 323 s. 15, 16; 1955 c. 204 s. 69; 1955 c. 221 s. 51; 1955 c. 652; 1959 c. 636; 1967 c. 43, 137.

Inspection fees may be collected under 168.12, Stats. 1947, for inspection of a commingled petroleum product even though the commingled product does not meet the standards prescribed by 168.04 for gasoline and kerosene. 37 Atty. Gen. 201.

168.13 History: 1941 c. 265, 305; Stats. 1941 s. 168.13; 1949 c. 17 s. 23; 1953 c. 323.

168.14 History: 1945 c. 98; Stats. 1945 s. 168.155; 1949 c. 17 s. 19; 1953 c. 323 s. 19; Stats. 1953 s. 168.14; 1967 c. 137.

168.15 History: 1941 c. 265, 305; Stats. 1941 s. 168.15; 1945 c. 98; 1953 c. 323; 1967 c. 137.

168.16 History: 1953 c. 323; Stats. 1953 s. 168.16.

168.17 History: 1953 c. 323; Stats. 1953 s. 168.17.

168.18 History: 1941 c. 265, 305; Stats. 1945 s. 168.16; 1953 c. 323 s. 21; Stats. 1953 s. 168.18.

CHAPTER 170.

Strays and Lost Chattels.

170.01 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 1; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 1; 1869 c. 54; R. S. 1878 s. 1608; Stats. 1898 s. 1608; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.01.

"Stray" denotes a wandering beast whose owner is, at the time it is taken up, unknown to the person who takes it up. Roberts v. Barnes, 27 W 422.

170.01, Stats. 1923, confines within narrow limits the right of individuals to take up animals running at large. Fox v. Koehnig, 190 W 528, 209 NW 708.

170.02 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 2, 3; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 2, 3; 1869 c. 54; R. S. 1878 s. 1609; Stats. 1898 s. 1609; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.02; 1965 c. 252.

"If to him known" must be understood as referring to a case in which the owner becomes known within 7 days. Roberts v. Barnes, 27 W 422.

170.03 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 4; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 4; 1869 c. 54; R. S. 1878 s. 1610; Stats. 1898 s. 1610; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.03; 1945 c. 110; 1967 c. 276 s. 39; 1969 c. 87.

170.04 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 5, 6; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 5, 6; 1869 c. 54; R. S. 1878 s. 1611; Stats. 1898 s. 1611; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.04; 1945 c. 110; 1967 c. 276 ss. 39, 40; 1969 c. 87.

170.05 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 7; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 7; 1869 c. 54; 1874 c. 167; R. S. 1878 s. 1612; Stats. 1898 s. 1612; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.05; 1969 c. 87, 241.

170.06 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 8, 9; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 8, 9; 1869 c. 54; R. S. 1878 s. 1613; Stats. 1898 s. 1613; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.06.

170.07 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 10; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 10; R. S. 1878 s. 1614; Stats. 1898 s. 1614; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.07.

Paper money concealed by an unknown owner in a ball of carpet rags, and found by a woman to whom a quantity of carpet rags had been delivered by an aid society to be woven into rugs, was "treasure-trove," to which 170.07 to 170.11 did not apply, and hence the finder, without complying with such statutes, was entitled to keep the money as against the aid society and the town in which the money was found. Zech v. Accola, 253 W 80, 32 NW (2d) 232.

170.08 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 11; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 11; R. S. 1878 s. 1615; Stats. 1898 s. 1615; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.08; 1945 c. 110; 1965 c. 252; 1967 c. 276 s. 39; 1969 c. 87.

After appraisal a certificate of title for an abandoned automobile may be issued to the finder and the finder may sell same. 19 Atty. Gen. 354.

170.09 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 12; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 12; R. S. 1878 s. 1616; Stats. 1898 s. 1616; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.09.

170.10 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 13; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 13; R. S. 1878 s. 1617; Stats. 1898 s. 1617; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.10.

170.11 History: R. S. 1849 c. 36 s. 14; R. S. 1858 c. 43 s. 14; R. S. 1878 s. 1618; Stats. 1898 s. 1618; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 170.11.

CHAPTER 171.

Unclaimed Property.

171.01 History: R. S. 1849 c. 37 s. 1, 2; R. S. 1858 c. 44 s. 1, 2; R. S. 1878 s. 1637; Stats. 1898 s. 1637; 1923 c. 291 s. 3; Stats. 1923 s. 171.01.