

SEC. 3. Eli P. Royce, H. K. Fowler, and Augustus Cole, are hereby appointed commissioners for said county, and said Royce shall be acting commissioner, and shall have the immediate superintendence of the work done on said roads, and shall receive for his services the sum of two dollars per day, for every day actually spent by him in the superintendence of said work: *Provided*, that in case of the incapacity or refusal of said Royce to discharge the duties of acting commissioner as aforesaid, either of the other two commissioners may discharge the duties, and receive the pay of acting commissioner, until the board of supervisors of said county, by warrant under their hands, appoint a substitute for said Royce.

Commissioners.

Compensation.

Proviso.

SEC. 5. The said commissioners shall have entire control and superintendence of the expenditure of the moneys paid to said county. The commissioners of said county may draw orders on the county treasurer of their county, payable from the drainage fund; they may employ such overseers, laborers, or let such contracts, as they may deem necessary. They shall keep a record of their doings, and vouchers for all moneys drawn out by them, and shall make a full report of their doings and expenditures to the county board of supervisors of their county, at the November session in 1860.

Powers of commissioners.

SEC. 6. All acts and parts of acts, in so far as they contravene the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed. Approved March 30, 1860.

Repeal.

CHAPTER 248.

[Published April 17, 1860.]

AN ACT to amend chapter 12, of the Revised Statutes, entitled "of Notaries Public."

The People of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. In all actions the certificate of a notary public, under his hand and seal of office, of the presentment, by him, of any promissory note or bill of exchange, for payment or acceptance, and of any protest of such note or bill for non-payment or non-acceptance, and of the contents and service of the notice thereof, and specifying the mode of giving such notice and the reputed

Certificate of Notary to be prima facie evidence.

residence of the party to whom the notice was given, and the post office nearest thereto, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the facts contained in such certificate.

When bills of exchange, &c., shall be payable.

SEC. 2. Whenever any bill of exchange or negotiable promissory note shall be payable in this State, and the third day of grace on such note or bill shall fall upon a day appointed by the Governor of this State as a day of public thanksgiving, or on the fourth day of July, or upon the twenty-fifth day of December, or the first day of January, such promissory note or bill of exchange shall be due and payable on the secular day next succeeding the Fourth day of July, Thanksgiving, Christmas, or New Year's day.

Repeal.

SEC. 3. Section four, of chapter twelve, of the Revised Statutes, and all acts and parts of acts, contravening the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 30, 1860.

CHAPTER 249.

[Published April 4, 1860.]

AN ACT to authorize the city of Milwaukee to construct and maintain certain bridges.

The People of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Authorizing mayor and common council to construct bridges

SECTION 1. The mayor and common council of the city of Milwaukee may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, in the discretion of the common council, to build and maintain a bridge across the Menomonee river, in the fifth ward, at south water street; also across the Menomonee river in the fifth and eight [eighth] wards, at Monroe street or first avenue, and across the bayou or canal in the fourth ward from Monroe to sixth street in the fourth ward of said city, and to pay for the construction of said bridges, or the rebuilding of the same, at any time thereafter; the common council shall levy a tax upon all the taxable property in said city, sufficient to raise the amount of money necessary for that purpose, which tax shall be levied and collected at the same time, and in the same manner as other city taxes are levied and

May levy tax.