

the holding of general or special meetings of said corporation.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 21, 1866.

CHAPTER 28.

[Published March 30, 1866.]

AN ACT to authorize the commissioners of school and university lands, with the governor and superintendent of public instruction, to settle and compromise certain indebtedness to the state.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Compromise for balances due the state upon foreclosed mortgages

SECTION 1. It shall be lawful for the commissioners of school and university lands, in connection with the governor and superintendent of public instruction, in all cases where it shall appear for the interest of the state to do so, after full examination and a report, as is provided in this act, to settle with parties who are owing the state on notes heretofore executed for the loan made from the trust funds of the state, over the amounts produced by the sales of the lands mortgaged as collateral to said notes, and compromise with the parties liable to pay such notes, on such terms and conditions as they, or a majority of them, may deem for the best interests of the state. And upon such settlement, they are hereby authorized to surrender to said parties such notes on the compliance with the terms of said settlement by said parties: *provided*, that in all cases where it shall appear to them that there is a probable chance to collect the full amount remaining due to the state on notes of the description herein mentioned, it shall not be lawful for such commissioners and other officers, in all such cases, to remit or deduct any greater sum than the entire amount of penalty included in the amount claimed as due for deficiency on such notes.

Deductions limited in certain cases.

Proposed compromises to be submitted to sheriffs and district attorneys, &c.

SECTION 2. The said commissioners, governor and superintendent shall not settle or compromise any claims as is provided in the preceding section, until the case-

presented to them for settlement shall have been by them submitted to the district attorney and sheriff of the county in which the party or parties applying for a settlement of such claims shall reside, with instructions to said attorney and sheriff to report to the said commissioners and other officers, as near as may be, the true condition and circumstances of the party or parties so applying for settlement, and their means or ability to pay any portion or all such claim; and it shall be the duty of each and every district attorney and sheriff in this state, whenever so requested by the said commissioners, governor and superintendent, or a majority of them, to report to them the true condition and ability of any such person or persons to pay all or any portion of said claim.

SECTION 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 22, 1866.

CHAPTER 24.

[Published March 30, 1866.]

AN ACT to amend section 88 of chapter 120 of the revised statutes, entitled "of courts held by justices of the peace."

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 88 of chapter 120 of the revised statutes, is hereby amended, so as to read as follows: "Section 88. Every person who, being duly summoned as a juror, (*who*) shall fail to appear, or who shall refuse to serve, shall be deemed guilty of a contempt, and it shall be the duty of the justice to fine each of such persons in a sum not less than five nor more than ten dollars, and to commit him to the common jail of the proper county until such fine be paid; and it shall be the duty of the justice, whenever any person duly summoned to appear before him to serve as a juror, shall refuse to appear, to issue an attachment for such person, directed to the sheriff or any constable of his county, requiring such officer to attach

When juror deemed guilty of contempt, and punishment therefor

Attachment against jurors.