

SECTION 3. No process or warrant or other official paper or proceeding shall be held invalid when issued or signed by the justice of the peace for the city at large, or police justice, by reason of the addition or omission of the words, "police" or "of the peace," to the signature of such officer, and it shall be deemed sufficient in all courts and places and proceedings, if said officer shall add the word "justice" after his signature, without any prefix or the addition of any other word.

When process not to be held invalid.

SECTION 4. No action or proceeding shall be commenced or maintained by any judgment debtor, or any person claiming under him, or by any defendant in a criminal proceeding to recover any damages, money or property by reason of any judgment, process, order or proceeding heretofore rendered or issued by the police justice of the city of La Crosse, or for or by reason of any act or proceeding of any officer or person under any such judgment, process, order or proceeding, unless the same shall be commenced within three months after the passage of this act; and no judgment rendered by said police justice shall be held void or invalid for any reason, where process has been duly or legally served, or the defendant has appeared, unless an appeal shall be taken within the time prescribed by law, or an action or proceeding shall be brought to set aside such judgment, or to test its validity, within three months after the passage of this act.

When proceedings to be commenced.

When judgment shall not be held void.

SECTION 5. All acts or parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this act, or for the purposes of this act, are hereby repealed: *provided*, that the provisions of this section shall not be construed so as to create a vacancy in the office of police justice of the city of La Crosse.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 12, 1874.

CHAPTER 301.

[*Published March 24, 1874.*]

AN ACT to legalize the acts of the supervisors of the towns of Eden and Osceola, in the county of Fond du Lac, in laying out a town line road between said towns.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The acts of the supervisors of the

Legalizing acts of supervisors.

Town clerk to record papers and such record legalized.

towns of Eden and Osceola in the county of Fond du Lac in laying out a town line road between said towns, described as follows: Commencing at the S. W. corner of N. W. 1-4 of section No. 30 in the town of Osceola, and N. E. corner of S. E. 1-4 of section No. 25 in the town of Eden, and running thence south on the town line one and one-half miles, are hereby legalized, and the town clerks of said towns are hereby authorized to receive and record all papers pertaining and relating to the laying out of said town line road, and they shall be as valid as if recorded within ten days after the laying out and establishing of said highway.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 12, 1874.

CHAPTER 302.

[Published March 24, 1874.]

AN ACT to amend section 3 of chapter 44 of the revised statutes entitled "of the disposition of unclaimed property."

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Sec. 3 of ch. 44 revised statutes amended.

If property not claimed within one year may be sold.

If property is left with tavern keeper and is unclaimed for three months, may be sold.

SECTION 1. Section 3 of chapter 44 of the revised statutes, entitled "of the disposition of unclaimed property," is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 3. If any such property shall not be claimed and taken away within one year after the time it shall have been received, the person having possession thereof may at any time thereafter proceed to sell the same in the manner provided in this chapter: *provided*, that if such property be deposited with any tavern keeper, and on which such tavern keeper has an inn keeper's lien, then if such property shall not be claimed and taken away within three months after the time it shall have been so received, the said tavern keeper having possession thereof may, at any time thereafter proceed to sell the same in the manner provided in this chapter.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 12, 1874.