

vided, that such associations may also be formed in like manner, and may take, hold and occupy any tract or parcel of ground heretofore set apart or dedicated, or used or heretofore occupied as a public burial-ground, for the purpose of preserving and caring for the same, and such associations shall not be required in platting such ground to designate more than the boundaries thereof; but no such association for the purpose in this proviso stated, shall be formed unless in addition to the requirements prescribed by law, each person taking part in perfecting such organization is interested in the ground proposed to be so taken by such association, by having deceased relatives buried therein; but nothing contained in this act shall be construed as conferring any rights of burial of the dead where the same are now prohibited by law, or the ordinance of any incorporated city or village.

May hold land.

SECTION 2. No such association for the purpose hereinbefore stated shall be formed unless in addition to the requirements now prescribed by law each person taking part in perfecting such organizations shall be interested in the ground proposed to be so taken by such association by having deceased relatives buried therein.

Persons to be interested in grounds.

SECTION 3. Nothing contained in this act shall be so construed as conferring any rights of burial of the dead where the same are now prohibited by law, or the ordinances of any incorporated city or village.

Where rights of burial prohibited.

SECTION 4. This act shall be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved February 24, 1875.

CHAPTER 56.

[Published March 1, 1875.]

AN ACT to more fully define and punish the crime of bribery, committed at or before elections.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. If any person, directly or indirectly, or in any way whatsoever, give or promise to give to any elector or to any society or corporation, any money or thing of value for the purpose of inducing

Unlawful to give or promise money or thing of value to electors.

or influencing such elector to vote for any particular person, object or ticket, or in any particular way, at any election whatever, either general or special required by law, or who shall by bribery in any way or by menace or threat, in any way directly or indirectly induce or influence, or attempt to induce or influence any elector to vote for any particular person, object or ticket, or in any particular way at any such election, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine of not less than one hundred dollars and of not more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or by both fine and imprisonment as above limited, in the discretion of the court, and be disfranchised and disqualified to hold any civil office for the term of not less than five nor more than ten years.

Penalty.

Unlawful to solicit or receive money for vote.

SECTION 2. If any elector shall ask for or solicit or receive from any person or persons, at any general or special election required by law, any money or thing of value, or any pecuniary advantage or benefit in consideration of his vote for any particular person, object or ticket, at any such election, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in the first section of this act.

Candidates for office shall not give or promise consideration for votes in convention or meeting.

SECTION 3. If any person being, or seeking to be, a candidate for any office, and to be voted for at any general or special election, shall give or promise to give, to any elector any money or thing of value, or any pecuniary advantage or benefit, for the purpose of inducing or influencing such elector to vote for him in any convention or meeting of the people, held for the purpose of nominating any person or persons, to be voted for at any such election, to make him the nominee of any such convention or meeting, and the candidate to be voted for at any such election for any office, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as provided for in the first section of this act.

Penalty.

Punishment for soliciting or receiving consideration for vote.

SECTION 4. If any elector shall ask or solicit or receive, any money or thing of value, or any pecuniary advantage or benefit, from any person or persons, as a consideration or inducement for his vote, at any convention or meeting of the people, held for the purpose of nominating any person or persons, to be voted for at any general or special election, he

shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in the first section of this act.

SECTION 5. If any person shall bribe, menace, threaten, or intimidate any elector, at any general or special election, required by law, or at any convention or meeting of the people, held for the purpose of nominating any person or persons, to be voted for at any such election, to induce, compel, or influence any such elector to vote for any particular person or persons, or object or ticket, at any such election, convention or meeting, or by any or all such means, shall attempt so to do, or by any or all such means shall deter or prevent such elector from voting at such election, convention or meeting, or obstruct such elector in so voting, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in the first section of this act.

Punishment
for bribery, in-
timidation &c.

SECTION 6. If any person is elected at any election to any office whatever at which election, or at any convention or meeting prior thereto, held for the purpose of nominating candidates to be voted for at such election, he shall have committed any offense defined in this act, the election of such person shall be void, and he shall be disqualified from holding said office, and upon conviction of any such offense, he shall be ousted and expelled therefrom, and said office be considered and deemed vacant, to be filled by appointment or election, as provided by law for filling vacancies in office.

Election to
be void.

SECTION 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved February 24, 1875.

CHAPTER 57.

[Published March 1, 1875.]

AN ACT to amend section 1 of chapter 200 of the general laws of 1864, entitled an act to authorize garnishee actions in the circuit courts.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section number one, of chapter 200, of Amended.