

bers of the family, nor to any person nursing the sick for hire who does not in any way assume or pretend to be a registered nurse, and this act shall not be construed to interfere in any way with members of religious communities or orders which have charge of hospitals or take care of the sick in their own homes; provided, such members do not in any way assume to be registered nurses.

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 50.)

Section 1409a—11. The state board of health shall enforce the provisions of this act, and cause the prosecution of all persons violating any of the provisions thereof, and may incur necessary expenses in that behalf. The secretary of the state board of health shall keep a register of the names and addresses of all nurses duly registered under this act, which shall be open at all reasonable times to public inspection. He shall also keep a record of all applications for registration and a detailed account of all moneys received and disbursed. All moneys shall be kept as a special fund to meet the expenses of carrying out and enforcing this act and of prosecuting violations thereof, and all expenses and compensations under this act shall be paid from such fund and no part thereof shall be paid out of the state treasury. The secretary of the board shall make a semi-annual report of its proceedings under this act to the governor, and such report shall contain a true and itemized account of all moneys received and disbursed under this act. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be fined for each offense in the sum of not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars.

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 50.)

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 15, 1911.

No. 461, A.]

[Published June 17, 1911.

CHAPTER 347.

AN ACT to repeal sections 2377 to 2394, inclusive, of the statutes, and to create sections 2377 to 2387, inclusive, of the statutes, relating to apprenticeship, and providing a penalty.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Sections 2377 and 2394, inclusive, of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 2. There are added to the statutes eleven new sections to read: Section 2377. Every contract or agreement en-

tered into between a minor and employer, by which the minor is to learn a trade, shall be known as an indenture, and shall comply with the provisions of sections 2378 to 2386, inclusive, of the statutes. Every minor entering into such a contract shall be known as an apprentice.

Section 2378. Any minor may, by the execution of an indenture, bind himself as hereinafter provided, and such indenture may provide that the length of the term of the apprentice shall depend upon the degree of efficiency reached in the work assigned, but no indenture shall be made for less than one year, and if the minor is less than eighteen years of age, the indenture shall in no case be for a period of less than two years.

Section 2379. Any person or persons apprenticing a minor or forming any contractual relation in the nature of an apprenticeship, without complying with the provisions of sections 2377 to 2387, inclusive, of the statutes, shall upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars.

Section 2380. It shall be the duty of the commissioner of labor, the factory inspector or assistant factory inspectors to enforce the provisions of this act, and to prosecute violations of the same before any court of competent jurisdiction in this state.

(Am. 1911, c. 604, s. 51.)

Section 2381. Every indenture shall be signed:

- (1) By the minor.
- (2) By the father; and if the father be dead or legally incapable of giving consent or has abandoned his family, then
- (3) By the mother; and if both the father and mother be dead or legally incapable of giving consent, then
- (4) By the guardian of the minor, if any.
- (5) If there be no parent or guardian with authority to sign, then by two justices of the peace of the county of residence of the minor.
- (6) By the employer.

Section 2382. Every indenture shall contain:

- (1) The names of the parties.
- (2) The date of the birth of the minor.
- (3) A statement of the trade the minor is to be taught, and the time at which the apprenticeship shall begin and end.
- (4) An agreement stating the number of hours to be spent in work, and the number of hours to be spent in instruction. The total of such number of hours shall not exceed fifty-five in any one week.

(5) An agreement that the whole trade, as carried on by the employer, shall be taught, and an agreement as to the time to be spent at each process or machine.

(6) An agreement between the employer and the apprentice that not less than five hours per week of the aforementioned fifty-five hours per week shall be devoted to instruction. Such instruction shall include:

(a) Two hours a week instruction in English, in citizenship, business practice, physiology, hygiene and the use of safety devices.

(b) Such other branches as may be approved by the state board of industrial education.

(7) A statement of the compensation to be paid the apprentice.

Section 2383. The instruction specified in section 2382 may be given in a public school, or in such other manner as may be approved by the local board of industrial education, and if there be no local board, subject to the approval of the state board of industrial education. Attendance at the public school, if any, shall be certified to by the teachers in charge of the courses, and failure to attend shall subject the apprentice to the penalty of a loss of compensation for three hours for every hour such apprentice shall be absent without good cause. It shall be the duty of the school officials to co-operate for the enforcement of this law.

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 51.)

Section 2384. It shall be lawful to include in the indenture or agreement an article stipulating that during such period of the year, as the public schools shall not be in session, the employer and the apprentice may be released from those portions of the indenture which affect the instruction to be given.

Section 2385. If either party to an indenture shall fail to perform any of the stipulations, he shall forfeit not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars on complaint, the collection of which may be made by the commissioner of labor, factory inspector or assistant factory inspectors in any court of competent jurisdiction in this state. Any court of competent jurisdiction may in its discretion also annul the indenture. Nothing herein prescribed shall deprive the employer of the right to dismiss any apprentice who has wilfully violated the rules and regulations applying to all workmen.

Section 2386. The employer shall give a bonus of not less than fifty dollars to the apprentice, on the expiration of the term of the indenture, and also a certificate stating the term of the indenture.

Section 2387. A certified copy of every indenture by which any minor may be apprenticed shall be filed by the employer with the state commissioner of labor.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 15, 1911.

No. 594, A.]

[Published June 17, 1911.

CHAPTER 348.

AN ACT to amend section 4687 of the statutes, relating to trial by jury in criminal actions.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 4687 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 4687. Issues of fact joined upon any indictment or information * * * *may be tried * * * by a jury of less than twelve men whenever the accused in writing, or by consent in open court, entered in the minutes, waives a trial by a jury of twelve men. When there is no such waiver such issue shall be tried by a jury drawn and returned in the manner prescribed by law for the trial of issues of fact in civil causes.*

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 15, 1911.

No. 595, A.]

[Published June 17, 1911.

CHAPTER 349.

AN ACT to amend section 411—6a of the statutes, relating to persons that may be employed as teachers in the county training schools for teachers.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 411—6a of the statutes is amended to read: Section 411—6a. No member of any county training school board shall be employed in the county training school for teachers, either as principal or as assistant teacher during the term for which he was elected or appointed as a member of such county training school board, nor shall any person be employed as a teacher in such school who * * * *does not hold some form of a state license or certificate; provided, that the provisions of this section shall not apply to any person now engaged as a teacher in a county training school, nor shall any person be employed as principal of such school who is not legally qualified*