

No. 291, S.]

[Published May 2, 1913.]

**CHAPTER 152.**

AN ACT to amend subsection 2 of section 1931 of the statutes, relating to maximum amount to be carried on any single risk by town insurance companies.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Subsection 2 of section 1931 of the statutes is amended to read: (Section 1931) 2. No such corporation shall insure any property other than detached dwellings and their contents, farm buildings and their contents, live stock in possession, use or running at large, farm products on premises and farming tools, implements and machinery; providing that it may, when its directors shall be so authorized at any annual meeting, insure property in any of the following classes, in an amount not exceeding \* \* \* five thousand dollars on any single risk, to wit: (1) country stores, (2) schoolhouses, (3) town and society halls, (4) churches, (5) country hotels, (6) water mills, (7) blacksmith shops, (8) cheese factories, (9) creameries, and the contents of any such buildings.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 30, 1913.

No. 31, S.]

[Published May 3, 1913.]

**CHAPTER 153.**

AN ACT to amend section 2849 of the statutes, relating to the qualifications of jurors.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 2849 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 2849. The court shall, on request of either party, examine on oath any person who is called as a juror therein to know whether he is related to either party, or has any interest in the cause, or has expressed or formed any opinion, or is sensible of any bias or prejudice therein, and the party objecting to the juror may introduce any other competent evidence in support of the objection, and if it shall appear to the court that the juror does not stand indifferent in the cause another shall be called and placed in his stead for trial of that cause; provided, that nothing contained in this section shall be construed as abridging in any manner the right of either party in person or through his attorneys to examine any person so called in