

be erected in suitable places near public waters or public property where the American lotus is found or the restricted areas where the arbutus or lady's-slipper or trillium are prevalent, substantial and permanent signs warning all persons against violations of this section. It may also erect or cause to be erected similar signs on private property with the consent of the owner thereof. *When the American lotus causes damage to property bordering on public waters, the commission may authorize the removal of all or part of the American lotus growing in such waters.*

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 5, 1933.

No. 326, A.]

[Published May 8, 1933.

### CHAPTER 109.

AN ACT to amend section 69.31 of the statutes, relating to death registration.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 69.31 of the statutes is amended to read: 69.31 The body of any person whose death occurs in this state shall not be interred, deposited in a vault or tomb, cremated, or otherwise disposed of \* \* \* until a permit for burial or removal shall have been properly issued by \* \* \* a local registrar \* \* \* , deputy or subregistrar \* \* \* , and no such burial or removal permit shall be issued by any registrar, deputy or subregistrar until a complete and satisfactory certificate and return of the death has been filed with him as hereinafter provided.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 5, 1933.

No. 445, A.]

[Published May 8, 1933.

### CHAPTER 110.

AN ACT to amend section 69.27 of the statutes, relating to foundlings.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 69.27 of the statutes is amended to read: (69.27) (1) If there be no attending physician or midwife, then the father of the child, householder or owner of the premises, manager or superintendent of a public or private institution in which the birth occurred shall file a satisfactory certificate of birth with the local registrar within five days.

(2) *It shall be the duty of anyone finding an unknown child, to immediately report that fact to the local registrar of vital statistics of the town, village or city where the child was found; such report shall show the sex and color of the child, the date and place of finding the child, and the name of the person or institution in charge of such child. The town, village or city in which the child is found shall be known as the place of legal birth and the date of birth shall be stated by the person in charge of the child as nearly as can be determined and the date so given shall be known as the legal date of birth. The person or superintendent of the institution with whom the child is placed for care shall give the child a name and shall be responsible for filling out as completely as possible the regular form of birth certificate and filing it with the local registrar where the child was found, who shall make a copy for the register of deeds, a copy for the local record, if required, and then forward the original certificate to the state board of health with his next monthly report. If the child should later be identified and a certificate of birth be found or obtained, the record provided for by this section shall be destroyed. When foundlings or other children for whom it is impossible to provide a regular form of birth certificate are adopted, it shall be lawful for the adoptive parents to fill out and sign a birth record, giving their names as the adoptive parents.*

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 5, 1933.

No. 459, A.]

[Published May 8, 1933.

### CHAPTER 111.

AN ACT to create subsection (11) of section 140.05 of the statutes, relating to cancer.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*