

from United States highway 141 at Crivitz in Marinette county, southeasterly on state trunk highway 158 to its junction with state trunk highway 64, a total of approximately 12 miles.

SECTION 5. In addition to the mileage specified in SECTION 3, the state highway commission is authorized to add to the state trunk highway system additional mileage to a total of not to exceed 145 miles, making a total addition of not to exceed 1,000 miles.

SECTION 6. Sections 1 to 4 inclusive shall take effect at the close of business on June 30, 1947, and shall apply to the distribution of the revenues of the fiscal year ending on that date.

Approved August 6, 1947.

No. 35, A.]

[Published August 11, 1947.

CHAPTER 519.

AN ACT to consolidate, renumber and revise chapters 53, 54 and 55 of the statutes, relating to prisons.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapters 53, 54 and 55 of the statutes are consolidated, renumbered chapter 53 and revised to read:

CHAPTER 53

PRISONS; STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL

53.01 NAMES OF PRISONS. The penitentiary at Waupun is named "Wisconsin State Prison." The penitentiary at Taycheedah, formerly known as the Wisconsin industrial home for women and the Wisconsin prison for women, is named "Wisconsin Home for Women." The penitentiary at Green Bay is named "Wisconsin State Reformatory." The institutions named in this section are state prisons.

53.02 JURISDICTION AND EXTENT OF STATE PRISONS; SERVICE OF PROCESS THEREIN. (1) WISCONSIN STATE PRISON. For all purposes of discipline and for judicial proceedings, the Wisconsin state prison and the precincts thereof shall be deemed to be in Dodge county, and the courts of that county shall have jurisdiction of all crimes committed within the same. Every activity conducted under the jurisdiction of

and by the prison, wherever located, is a precinct of the prison; and each precinct is part of the prison.

(2) **WISCONSIN STATE REFORMATORY.** For all purposes of discipline and for judicial proceedings, the Wisconsin state reformatory and the precincts thereof shall be deemed to be in Brown county, and the courts of that county shall have jurisdiction of all crimes committed within the same. Every activity conducted under the jurisdiction of and by the reformatory, wherever located, is a precinct of the reformatory; and each precinct is part of the reformatory.

(3) **WISCONSIN HOME FOR WOMEN.** For all purposes of discipline and for judicial proceedings, the Wisconsin home for women and the precincts thereof shall be deemed to be in Fond du Lac county, and the courts of that county shall have jurisdiction of all crimes committed within the same. Every activity conducted under the jurisdiction of and by such home, wherever located, is a precinct of the home; and each precinct is part of the home.

(4) **SERVICE OF PROCESS.** (a) Service of process may be made on the warden or superintendent of any prison named in section 53.01 as upon any other resident of this state.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (a), service of process within any such prison on any officer or employe or inmate thereof shall be made by the warden or superintendent or some person appointed by him to serve process.

53.03 OATH OF OFFICE; BOND. (1) The warden and the superintendents of the state prisons shall each take the official oath required by section 19.01.

(2) They shall each execute the official bond required by section 19.01, the amount of which shall be fixed by the department, with surety or sureties approved by the department.

53.04 DUTIES OF WARDEN AND SUPERINTENDENTS. The warden or the superintendent of each state prison shall have charge and custody of his prison and all lands, belongings, furniture, implements, stock and provisions and every other species of property within the same or pertaining thereto. He shall enforce the regulations of the department for the administration of the prison and for the government of its officers and the discipline of its inmates.

53.05 RESIDENCE OF WARDEN AND SUPERINTENDENTS. The state shall furnish the warden and each super-

intendent of a state prison a dwelling located conveniently to the prison, where he shall reside.

53.06 DELIVERY OF PERSONS TO PRISONS. The sheriff shall deliver to the proper state prison every person convicted in his county and sentenced to such prison as soon as may be after sentence, together with the certificate of conviction. The warden or superintendent shall deliver to the sheriff a receipt acknowledging receipt of the prisoner, naming him, which receipt the sheriff shall file in the office of the clerk who issued the certificate of conviction.

53.07 MAINTENANCE OF ORDER. The warden or superintendent shall maintain order, enforce obedience, suppress riots and prevent escapes. For such purposes he may command the aid of the officers of the institution and of persons outside of the prison; and any person who fails to obey such command shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not more than one year or by a fine not exceeding \$500. The warden or superintendent may adopt proper means to capture escaped inmates.

53.08 HUMANE TREATMENT AND PUNISHMENT. The warden and the superintendent and all prison officers shall uniformly treat the inmates with kindness. There shall be no corporal or other painful and unusual punishment inflicted upon inmates.

53.09 LABOR AND COMMUNICATIONS. Inmates shall be employed as provided in chapter 56. Communication shall not be allowed between inmates and any person outside the prison except as prescribed by the prison regulations.

53.10 SOLITARY CONFINEMENT. For violation of the rules of the prison an inmate may be confined to a solitary cell, under the care and advice of the physician.

53.11 CREDIT FOR GOOD CONDUCT; FORFEITURE FOR BAD. (1) The warden or superintendent shall keep a record of the conduct of each inmate, specifying each infraction of the rules. Each inmate who shall conduct himself in a proper manner and perform all the duties required of him shall be entitled to good time or diminution of sentence according to the following table, pro-rated for any part of a year: First year, one month; second year, 2 months; third year, 3 months; fourth year, 4 months; fifth year, 5 months; every year thereafter, 6 months.

(2) Any inmate who violates any regulation of the prison

or refuses or neglects to perform the duties required of him shall forfeit from any good time previously earned 5 days for the first offense, 10 days for the second offense and 20 days for the third or each subsequent offense. Good time so forfeited shall not be restored. In addition, the warden or superintendent, with the approval of the department, may cancel all or part of such good time.

(3) Whenever any inmate is committed under several convictions with separate consecutive sentences they shall be construed as one continuous sentence for the purpose of computing good time earned or forfeited under this section. All other sentences, whenever imposed, shall be deemed first sentences for purpose of computing good time; but no more good time shall be granted for any one year than is specified in subsection (1), as modified by section 53.12 (1).

(4) An inmate may waive his good time.

(5) The time during which an inmate who escaped is at large shall not be computed as time served.

(6) Allowances for good conduct earned in any institution shall be allowed in the institution to which an inmate may be transferred.

53.12 CREDIT FOR DILIGENCE; EARNINGS; REWARD OF MERIT. (1) In addition to the credit for good conduct prescribed in section 53.11, every inmate whose diligence in labor or study surpasses the general average is entitled to a diminution of time at the rate of one day for each 6 days during which he shows such diligence. The diminution shall be made under the rules of the department.

(2) The department may provide by rules for the payment of wages to inmates. The rate of such wages may vary for different prisoners in accordance with the pecuniary value of the work performed, willingness, and good behavior.

(3) If by continued good conduct, diligence or otherwise, an inmate surpasses the general average, the department may provide by rules to compensate him therefor by the allowance of money.

(4) Money accruing under this section remains under the control of the department, to be used for the benefit of the inmate or his family or dependents, under rules prescribed by the department as to time, manner and amount of disbursements; but if he escapes or becomes a fugitive from justice or commits a breach of discipline, the department may declare for-

feited all earnings remaining to his credit, and such remainder shall be replaced in the fund from which it came.

53.13 PROPERTY OF INMATES; DONATIONS; EMPLOYMENT ON DISCHARGE. The money and effects (except the clothes) in possession of an inmate when admitted to the prison shall be preserved and shall be restored to him when discharged. When released on discharge or parole he shall be given adequate clothing and \$10 in money, in addition to transportation or the means to procure transportation from the prison to any place in this state.

53.17 REGISTER OF INMATES. When any inmate is received into any state penal institution the department shall register the date of admission, the name, age, nativity and nationality and such other facts as may be obtained as to parentage, education and previous history and environments of such inmate. Entries shall be made on the register of the progress made by each inmate and his parole and his condition at the time of parole and the progress made by him while on parole.

53.18 TRANSFERS OF INMATES. (1) Inmates of the Wisconsin state reformatory may be transferred by the department to the Wisconsin state prison.

(2) Inmates of the Wisconsin state prison and of the Milwaukee county house of correction (except those convicted of murder in the first or second degree) may be transferred to the reformatory or to the home for women and may be returned to the institution from which they were taken. If any county discontinues its workhouse or house of correction, inmates at the time of such discontinuance may be transferred to the state prison or to the county jail of the county as the commitment may indicate.

(3) Inmates of the Wisconsin school for boys or of the Wisconsin school for girls who have reached the age of 16 years and inmates of other institutions, public or private, who have reached that age and who were lawfully committed thereto and were then subject to commitment to said schools, may also be transferred to the reformatory or to the home for women by the department. The term "inmates" as used in this subsection includes children on parole from the Wisconsin school for boys and the Wisconsin school for girls. The department may return such children at any time to the school or to the county from which they were sent to the school. Any child so transferred to the reformatory or home for women, or the parent, guardian

or next friend of any such child may have the action of the department in ordering such transfer reviewed by the court which made the original commitment, on petition to said court and after notice to the department in such manner as the court may direct.

(4) With each person transferred to a state prison from another institution, the warden or superintendent of such other institution shall transmit copies of the original commitment and of his prison record of service, conduct and history.

(5) Any person who is legally transferred by the department to a penal institution shall be subject to the same statutes, regulations and discipline as if he had been originally sentenced to that institution, but the transfer shall not change the term of sentence.

53.30 DEFINITION OF JAIL. As used in sections 53.30 to 53.43, the word "jail" includes municipal prisons by whatever name they are known.

53.31 USE OF JAILS. The county jail may be used for the detention of persons charged with crime and committed for trial; for the detention of persons committed to secure their attendance as witnesses; to imprison persons committed pursuant to a sentence or held in custody by the sheriff for any cause authorized by law; for the detention of persons sentenced to imprisonment in state penal institutions or the Milwaukee county house of correction, until they are removed to said institutions; for the temporary detention of persons in the custody of the department; and for other detentions authorized by law.

53.32 LOCATION OF JAILS RESTRICTED. No jail, lockup or temporary place of confinement shall be erected within 300 feet of any public, private or parochial school building or building used regularly or principally for school purposes.

53.33 MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS IN COUNTY JAIL. The maintenance of persons who have been sentenced to the state penal institutions, persons accused of crime and committed for trial, persons committed for the nonpayment of fines and expenses, and persons sentenced to imprisonment therein, while in the county jail, shall be paid out of the county treasury; but no claim shall be allowed to any sheriff for keeping or boarding any person in the county jail unless he was lawfully detained therein.

53.34 USE OF JAIL OF ANOTHER COUNTY. Courts, magistrates and officers of any county having no jail may sen-

tence, commit or deliver any person to the jail of any other county as if such jail existed in their own county; and the sheriff of such other county shall receive and keep the prisoner in all respects as if committed from his county; but the cost of such keep shall be paid by the county from which the prisoner was sentenced, committed or delivered.

53.35 REMOVAL OF PRISONERS IN EMERGENCY. In an emergency and for the safety of prisoners in any jail, the sheriff or other keeper may remove them to a place of safety and there confine them so long as necessary. If any county jail is destroyed or is insecure for keeping prisoners, the sheriff may remove them to some other county jail, where they shall be received and kept as if committed thereto, but at the expense of the county from which they were removed. An indorsement on the commitment of a prisoner, made by the sheriff in charge of such prisoner, directed to the sheriff of another county, shall be authority for the latter to hold the prisoner.

53.36 SEGREGATION OF PRISONERS. All jails shall be provided with suitable wards or buildings for the separation of criminals from noncriminals; persons of different sexes; and persons alleged to be mentally ill. All prisoners shall be kept segregated accordingly.

53.37 MAINTENANCE AND SANITATION OF PRISONERS; DIET; COST OF FOOD. (1) The sheriff or other keeper of a jail shall constantly keep it clean and in a healthful condition and pay strict attention to the personal cleanliness of the prisoners and shall cause the clothing of each prisoner to be properly laundered. He shall furnish each prisoner with clean water, towels and bedding. He shall serve each prisoner 3 times daily with enough well-cooked, wholesome food. The county board shall prescribe an adequate diet for the prisoners in the county jail.

(2) Neither the sheriff or other keeper of any jail nor any other person shall give, sell or deliver to any prisoner for any cause whatever any spirituous liquor or wine or cider or beer unless a physician certifies in writing that the health of the prisoner requires it, in which case he may be allowed the quantity prescribed.

(3) The county or municipality shall furnish its jail with necessary bedding, clothing, toilet facilities, light and heat for prisoners.

53.38 MEDICAL CARE OF PRISONERS. If a prisoner

needs medical or hospital care the sheriff or other keeper of the jail shall provide such care and may transfer him to a hospital, making provision for the security of the prisoner. The costs of medical and hospital care outside of the jail shall (if the prisoner is unable to pay for it) in the case of persons held under the state criminal laws or for contempt of court, be borne by the county and in the case of persons held under municipal ordinance by the municipality. The governmental unit paying such costs of medical or hospital care may collect the value of the same from him or his estate as provided for in section 49.08.

53.39 FREEDOM OF WORSHIP; RELIGIOUS MINISTRATION. In so far as practicable, the provisions of section 46.066 shall apply to county jails.

53.40 DISCIPLINE; SOLITARY CONFINEMENT. For violating the rules of the jail, an inmate may be kept in solitary confinement, under the care and advice of a physician, but not over 10 days.

53.41 JAIL MATRONS. Whenever there is a female prisoner in any jail there shall be a matron on duty who is wholly responsible to the sheriff or keeper for the custody, cleanliness, food and care of such prisoner.

53.42 JAILER CONSTANTLY AT JAIL. There shall be a keeper or custodian or attendant present at every jail while there is a prisoner therein.

53.43 CREDIT FOR GOOD CONDUCT. If approved by the committing court, a prisoner sentenced to the county jail obtains a diminution of one-fourth of his term if his conduct, diligence and general attitude merit such diminution.

SECTION 2. 55.10 is renumbered 59.685 and is reenacted.

SECTION 3. 59.081 of the statutes is created to read:

59.081 CONTRACT WITH UNITED STATES FOR CUSTODY OF FEDERAL PRISONERS. The county board, by resolution, may empower the sheriff or superintendent of the house of correction to contract with the United States to keep in the county jail or house of correction any person who is legally committed under United States authority, but not for a term exceeding 18 months.

SECTION 4. 54.03 and 54.04 are renumbered 359.051 and 359.052 and are reenacted.

SECTION 5. 54.02 is renumbered and revised to read:

359.053 SENTENCE AND COMMITMENT. (1) Male per-

sons not less than 16 nor more than 30 years of age may be sentenced to the Wisconsin state reformatory if convicted of a felony (other than murder in the first or second degree) or a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail or house of correction for one year or more.

(2) All commitments to the Wisconsin home for women shall be for one year or more.

(3) Female persons over 16 and not yet 18 years of age shall be committed either to the Wisconsin school for girls or the Wisconsin home for women. Female persons over 18 years of age shall be committed to the Wisconsin home for women.

SECTION 6. 14.30 (16) is amended by substituting "section 53.02" for "sections 53.01 (2), 54.01 (4) and 54.015 (2)".

SECTION 7. The second sentence of 48.16 (2) (b) is amended to read:

48.16 (2) (b) (second sentence) Every such paroled child shall remain in the legal custody of the department until 21 years of age and may be returned to the institution from which paroled, in the manner provided in section 57.06 (3), or if then * * * 16 years of age or more * * * may be transferred to the state reformatory or home for women, as provided in section * * * 53.18 (3).

SECTION 8. 346.47 is amended by substituting "section 53.37 (2)" for "subsection (2) of section 55.07".

Approved August 5, 1947.

No. 264, A.]

[Published August 11, 1947.

CHAPTER 520.

AN ACT to create 133.28 and 207.01 to 207.14 of the statutes, relating to unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in the business in insurance, and providing penalties.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 133.28 of the statutes is created to read:

133.28 The provisions of sections 133.17, 133.18 and 133.25 as respects the business of insurance are superseded by the provisions of sections 207.01 to 207.14.