



2005 SENATE BILL 569

February 3, 2006 - Introduced by Senators REYNOLDS, ROESSLER, GROTHMAN, LASSA and LEIBHAM, cosponsored by Representatives GUNDRUM, CULLEN, MUSSER, KRAWCZYK, MURSAU, GUNDERSON, LEHMAN, F. LASEE, TOWNSEND, ALBERS and PETROWSKI. Referred to Committee on Judiciary, Corrections and Privacy.

1 **AN ACT to amend** 973.047 (1f) of the statutes; **relating to:** deoxyribonucleic acid
2 testing of criminals.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, any person who is sentenced or placed on probation for conviction of a felony (a crime for which a person may be sentenced to prison) must provide a biological specimen to the state crime laboratories for deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) analysis. The crime laboratories must analyze the DNA in such specimens and store DNA profiles from the specimens in the crime laboratories' DNA data bank. The crime laboratories may compare DNA samples from a variety of sources to the DNA profiles in the data bank and may provide information from such comparisons to law enforcement agencies for criminal investigations. If a person provides proof that a court has reversed, set aside, or vacated the conviction for which the person was required to provide a biological specimen, the crime laboratories must expunge from the data bank any information concerning the person and destroy any remaining biological specimen from the person.

This bill requires that any person who is sentenced or placed on probation for conviction of a fourth-degree sexual assault or the crime of exposing oneself to a child or causing a child to expose himself or herself must provide a biological specimen to the crime laboratories. The bill requires the crime laboratories to analyze the specimens and store DNA profiles from the specimens in the DNA data bank.

