

GENERAL LAWS.—CHAPTERS 55–57.

CHAPTER 55.

[Published February 28, 1862.]

AN ACT to authorize the extension of the time for the collection of taxes in the town of Windsor, in the county [of] Dane, in this state.

(See supplement to local laws.)

CHAPTER 56.

[Published March 1, 1862.]

AN ACT to extend the time for collecting taxes in the town of Center, La Fayette county, Wisconsin.

(See supplement to local laws.)

CHAPTER 57.

[Published March 5, 1862.]

AN ACT to amend chapter ninety-four of the revised statutes, entitled "of the sale of lands for the payment of debts by executors, administrators and guardians."

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows :

Advertisement
and sale of lands
lying in different
counties.

SECTION 1. Section twenty-five of chapter ninety-four of the revised statutes, entitled "of the sale of lands for the payment of debts by executors, administrators and guardians," is hereby amended by adding thereto the following: "*provided*, that where the lands are adjacent and lie in two or more counties, the sale shall be had in either of such counties; and in such case the judge of the county court is authorized to direct, by order, in which of such counties the lands shall be sold; and if there be a newspaper published in more than one of such counties, the said judge shall direct in which of such newspapers the notice of sale

shall be published, as provided in the preceding section."

Approved February 28, 1862.

CHAPTER 58.

[Published March 5, 1862.]

AN ACT to amend section four of chapter one hundred and twenty-four of the revised statutes, entitled "of the manner of commencing civil actions."

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows :

SECTION 1. Section four of chapter one hundred and twenty-four of the revised statutes, is hereby amended so that the same shall read as follows, viz. : "The summons must be filed with the clerk, and the state tax on the action paid within ten days after the service of an answer or demurrer in the action. In case no answer or demurrer be served, then the summons shall be filed with the clerk, and the state tax on the action paid at the time of entering up judgment, or applying for relief in the action; and if the summons be not filed and the state tax paid, as herein provided, the action may be dismissed by the court. In case a motion is made by the adverse party to dismiss such action for such cause, the court may allow the action to stand: *provided*, the plaintiff forthwith pays the state tax and five dollars costs of motion."

Filing of summons—state tax.

Approved February 28, 1862.