

No. 177, S.]

[Published May 1, 1915.]

CHAPTER 50.

AN ACT to create section 959—70g, of the statutes, to authorize cities to regulate or prohibit the carrying of concealed weapons, to confiscate the same, and to provide a prison penalty for the violation of ordinances relating to the same.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 959—70g. The council of any city however organized is authorized and empowered to regulate or prohibit the carrying or wearing by any person, under his or her clothes, or concealed about his or her person, of any pistol or revolver, or slung shot, or cross knuckles, or knuckles of lead, brass or other metal, or bowie knife, dirk knife, or dirk or dagger, or any other dangerous or deadly weapon, and to provide for the confiscation or sale of such confiscated weapons, and to provide for the punishment by imprisonment of persons who shall carry any such weapons.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved April 30, 1915.

No. 192, S.]

[Published May 1, 1915.]

CHAPTER 51.

AN ACT to amend section 610 of the statutes, relating to the organization of the Wisconsin national guard.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 610 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 610. The organized militia of this state shall be known as the "Wisconsin National Guard" and shall consist of not more than forty companies of infantry, one battery of artillery, one troop of cavalry, an adjutant general's department, a quartermaster's and ordnance department, a subsistence department, a medical department, a pay department and such other officers as may be required. *Provided, that the governor shall have power to alter, divide, transfer, consolidate, disband, or reorganize any organization; to create new organizations, and to enlist, organize and prescribe regulations to govern a reserve corps for the organized militia so as to conform in quota of troops and arm or kind of service to any organization or system now or hereafter*

adopted by the regular army or prescribed by order of the secretary of war for the government of the organized militia.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved April 30, 1915.

No. 204, S.]

[Published May 1, 1915.

CHAPTER 52.

AN ACT to amend section 633m of the statutes, relating to the Wisconsin national guard.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 633m is amended to read: Section 633m. The organization, armament, and discipline of the Wisconsin national guard shall be the same as that which is now, or may hereafter be prescribed for the regular and volunteer armies of the United States; and the governor may by order perfect such organization, armament and discipline, at any time, so as to comply with the laws, rules and regulations that may be prescribed for the regular and volunteer armies of the United States; and the governor shall have power to fix and from time to time to alter the maximum number of enlisted men which shall form part of any organization of the Wisconsin national guard; provided, that such maximum shall not exceed the statutory maximum prescribed for a like organization of the regular army.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved April 30, 1915.

No. 321, S.]

[Published May 1, 1915.

CHAPTER 53.

AN ACT to amend chapter 395, laws of 1911, conferring upon the municipal court of Milwaukee county concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit court in matters pertaining to writs of habeas corpus.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 395, laws of 1911, is amended to read: (Chapter 395, laws of 1911) Section 1. The municipal court of the city and county of Milwaukee is hereby given concurrent jurisdiction equal with the circuit court in all divorce and bastardy proceedings or actions and in all matters pertaining to