

No. 500, S.]

[Published August 25, 1915.

CHAPTER 594.

AN ACT to amend the title of chapter 62 of the statutes, and to revise, consolidate, renumber, amend, or repeal, respectively, sections 1494t—7, 1494t—8, 1494t—9, sections 1495 to 1498x, and sections 1498—2 to 1498—25, all inclusive, relating to fish and game; sections 1626 to 1630d, both inclusive, relating to bounties for the destruction of wild animals; and sections 4560 to 4567m, both inclusive, excepting sections 4562b, 4562c, 4565b, 4565d, and 4567b to 4567g, inclusive, relating to fish and game; to expressly repeal all superseded chapters of the session laws, particularly enumerated in the bill, relating to fish and game; and to create sections 62.01 to 62.58, inclusive, relating to wild animals, and regulation of the enjoyment, disposition, and conservation thereof.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The title of chapter 62 of the statutes is revised to read: Chapter 62. WILD ANIMALS, STATE FORESTS AND PARKS, AND THE REGULATION OF THE ENJOYMENT, DISPOSITION AND CONSERVATION THEREOF.

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ADMINISTRATION.

SECTION 2. STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION. Section 1494t—7 of the statutes is renumbered to be section 62.01 thereof.

SECTION 3. TRANSFER OF POWERS, DUTIES AND FUNDS TO NEW COMMISSION. Section 1494t—8 of the statutes is renumbered to be section 62.02 thereof.

SECTION 4. RESPONSIBILITY TO LEGISLATURE. The section number of section 1494t—9 of the statutes is stricken out, and subsections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of said section are renumbered to be, respectively, subsections (9), (10), (11) and (12) of section 62.01 of the statutes.

SECTION 5. Sections 1498, 1498b, subsections 1 and 2 of section 1498b—1, and sections 1498b—2 and 1498L of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.03 and revised to read:

62.03 DEPUTY CONSERVATION WARDENS. (1) The state conservation commission shall secure the enforcement of this chapter, and bring, or cause to be brought, actions and proceedings in the name of the state therefor. The persons appointed by said commission to exercise and perform the powers and duties heretofore conferred and imposed upon deputy fish and game wardens, trespass agents, and fire wardens shall be known as deputy conservation wardens.

(2) Whenever the county board of any county shall by resolution authorize the appointment of county conservation war-

dens, and shall fix the number of the same, it shall be the duty of the county judge, district attorney and county clerk, acting as a board of appointment, to select the persons for such positions and certify their names to the state conservation commission which shall, if in its judgment such persons are competent and efficient, issue to them commissions as county conservation wardens. Such wardens shall, within their county, have all the powers and perform the duties of deputy conservation wardens, but their compensation shall be fixed by the county board in the resolution authorizing their appointment and be paid out of the county treasury.

(3) On application, supported by satisfactory testimonials, the state conservation commission may appoint, and issue a commission to any resident of this state as special deputy conservation warden. The civil service law shall not apply to such appointments. Such special deputies shall have all the powers of deputy conservation wardens; but no compensation for such service, nor any other expense or charge on account thereof, shall be paid from the state treasury.

(4) All deputy conservation wardens shall, before exercising any of their powers, be provided with a commission issued by the state conservation commission under its seal, substantially as follows:

State Conservation Commission of Wisconsin.

To all to whom these presents shall come, greeting:

Know ye, that reposing special trust and confidence in the integrity and ability of, of the county of, we do hereby appoint and constitute him a deputy conservation warden (or county, or special deputy conservation warden) for the (county of), state of Wisconsin, and do authorize and empower him to execute and fulfill the duties of that office according to law, during good behavior and the faithful performance of his duties.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto affixed the signature and official seal of said commission, at its office in the city of Madison, Wisconsin, this day of, 191...

State Conservation Commission of Wisconsin.

By

[SEAL]

(5) The state conservation commission shall furnish to each deputy conservation warden at the time of his appointment, a pocket identification folder in form and substance as follows: A leather-covered folder, size when folded, three by four inches; on one of the inner sides thereof shall be securely fastened a

photograph of such appointee to be furnished by him, and partly on the photograph and partly on the margin of such folder shall be an impression of the seal of the state conservation commission; such appointee shall also affix his signature below the photograph on such folder; on the other inner side of such folder shall be securely fastened a miniature true copy of the commission issued to such appointee, which shall be signed by the state conservation commission. Such appointee, when on official duty, shall at all times carry such identification folder on his person, and shall on demand exhibit the same to any person to whom he may represent himself as a deputy conservation warden. The cost of such identification folder shall be charged to the appropriation for the state conservation commission.

(6) All deputy conservation wardens shall make full and complete reports of their transactions as such, according to the demand of the state conservation commission and shall at all times be subject to its direction and control in the performance of their duties. They shall also gather and transmit any and all statistical information relative to such matters within their charge as the said commission shall from time to time direct. The commission shall make an annual report to the governor at the close of each fiscal year, covering its work and such other information as may be valuable to the state in relation thereto and including an itemized statement of receipts and disbursements.

SECTION 6. Section 1498c, subsection 1 of section 4560a—23, section 22 of chapter 312 Laws of 1899, section 1498k—1, 1498j, subsection (e) of section 1498—2, the first two sentences of subsection 1 of section 4560a—17 and part of 4565g of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.04 of the statutes and revised to read:

62.04 POLICE POWERS; SEIZURES; SEARCH WARRANTS. (1) The members of the state conservation commission and deputy conservation wardens shall each have full authority to execute and serve all warrants and processes issued by any justice of the peace or police magistrate, or by any court having jurisdiction under any law relating to wild animals, in the same manner as any constable may serve and execute such process, and arrest with or without a warrant any person by him detected in actually violating or whom he has reason to believe guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, and may take such person before any court and make proper complaint.

(2) They shall, upon receiving information that any provision of this chapter has been violated, immediately make a thorough

investigation and cause proceedings to be instituted if the proof at hand warrants.

(3) They shall seize and confiscate in the name of the state any wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, caught, killed, taken, had in possession, sold, or transported in violation of this chapter, and either of them may, with or without a warrant, open, enter, and examine all buildings, camps, vessels, boats, wagons, cars, stages, tents, and other receptacles and places where he has reason to believe that wild animals taken, or held in violation of this chapter are to be found; but no dwelling house or sealed railroad cars shall be searched for the above purposes without a warrant.

(4) They may examine and open any package in the possession of a common carrier, which they shall suspect or have reason to believe contains contraband wild animals, or carcasses or parts thereof, or is falsely labeled in violation of the provisions of this chapter; and every such common carrier, agent, servant, or employe thereof, shall permit any such officer to examine and open any such package.

(5) They shall be permitted by the owner or occupant of any cold-storage warehouse or building used for the storage or retention of wild animals, or carcasses or parts thereof, to enter and examine said premises; and the said owner, occupant, or his agent, servant, or employe, shall deliver to said officer any wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, in his possession during the close season therefor, whether taken within or without this state.

(6) Upon complaint made to any magistrate authorized to issue warrants in criminal cases, by any person that he knows or has good reason to believe that any wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, caught, taken, killed or had in possession contrary to the provisions of this chapter, is concealed in any particular house or place, he shall examine such complainant on oath, reduce his complaint to writing, describing as particularly as may be the place where said wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, is alleged to be concealed, and cause the same to be subscribed by the person complaining. If it appears to such magistrate that there is reasonable cause to believe that the facts alleged in said complaint are true he shall immediately issue his warrant, reciting therein the substance of the complaint and the description of the premises described therein, and requiring the officer to whom it is directed forthwith to search such premises and seize any such wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, and to bring the same, when found, and the person in whose possession the same is found, before the magistrate who issued the warrant,

or before some other magistrate or court having jurisdiction of the case. The officer executing such warrant shall state in his return, as particularly as may be, the property seized, which shall be safely kept under the direction of the court or magistrate so long as necessary for the purpose of being used as evidence on any trial; and if such trial results in a conviction, the property so seized shall, under the direction of the court or magistrate, be confiscated.

(7) The state conservation commissioners, or any deputy conservation warden shall seize and forthwith confiscate or destroy any apparatus, appliance, or device, declared by any provision of this chapter to be a public nuisance; and shall seize and hold subject to the order of the court any other apparatus, appliance, or device which either of them shall have reason to believe is being used in violation of this chapter, and if it be proven that the same is or has been, within six months previous to such seizure, used in violation of this chapter, the court before which the said apparatus, appliance, or device is taken, may order the destruction thereof or its confiscation.

(8) In the performance of his duties as state conservation commissioner, or deputy conservation warden each of them shall be exempt from any and all liability to any person for acts done or permitted or property destroyed by authority of law.

SECTION 7. Section 1498k of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 8. Subsections 1, 2, and 3 of section 4560a—11 of the statutes are renumbered to be section 62.05 and revised to read:

62.05 SALES OF CONFISCATED GAME AND APPARATUS. (1) All confiscated wild animals, or carcasses or parts thereof, and all confiscated apparatus, appliances, or devices shall, if not destroyed as authorized by law, be sold at the highest price obtainable, by the state conservation commission or its deputies, or by an agent on commission under the written authority and supervision of the state conservation commission or its deputies. The net proceeds of such sales, after deducting the expense of seizure and sale and any such commissions, shall be promptly remitted by the warden by whom or under whose authority and supervision the sales are made, to the state conservation commission and by it paid into the state treasury; the remittance to be accompanied by a complete and certified report of such sales, supported by proper vouchers covering all deductions made for expenses and commissions, to be filed for record in the office of the state conservation commission.

(2) On any such sales of wild animals, or carcasses or parts thereof, the warden or agent selling them shall issue to each pur-

chaser a certificate, on forms to be prepared and furnished by the state conservation commission, covering such sales. The animals, or carcasses or parts thereof, so purchased shall be consumed or otherwise disposed of by the purchaser within five days thereafter, but shall not be resold, bartered, or exchanged, in whole or in part, to any other person, except as provided in subsection (3).

(3) Confiscated fish or game sold to the keeper, manager, or steward of any restaurant, club, hotel, or boarding house may be served to the guests thereof; but in such case the certificate covering the purchase shall be hung in public view in the place where the fish or game is served, and such fish or game shall at the time of sale be tagged by the warden or agent selling it, such tag to show the date of sale and be returned to said warden or agent within five days thereafter.

SECTION 9. Sections 1498e, 1498f, and 1498g are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.06 of the statutes and revised to read:

62.06 EX OFFICIO DUTIES OF POLICE OFFICERS. All sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, coroners and police officers are ex officio deputy conservation wardens, and shall assist the state conservation commission and its deputies in the enforcement of this chapter whenever notice of a violation thereof is given to either of them by the commission or its deputies.

SECTION 10. Section 1498—4, 1498—5, 1498—7, 1498—8, subsections (o) and (s) of section 4560a—10, subsection (c) of section 4560a—16, and section 4565m of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.07 and revised to read:

62.07 INTERSTATE COMITY. (1) No person shall transport or cause to be transported, or deliver or receive or offer to deliver or receive for transportation, into or through this state, any wild animal or carcass or part thereof, from any other state in violation of the laws of such state relating to the transportation thereof; nor any wild animal or carcass or part thereof lawfully transported from any other state, nor have the same in his possession, during the close season, or in excess of the limitations prescribed for such animal in this chapter, unless a permit therefor has been duly issued to such person by the state conservation commission; but any person who has lawfully caught or killed any deer in this state, may on his license only, take such deer into any adjoining state, if the laws thereof permit, and ship the same from any point in that state to any point within this state.

(2) Whenever and so long as any other state confers upon the officers of this state reciprocal powers, any officer of such other state who is by the laws of said state authorized or directed to enforce the laws of said state relating to the protection of wild animals, is hereby designated an agent of said state within this state. It shall be lawful for said officer to follow any wild animal, or carcass or part thereof unlawfully shipped or taken from his state into this state, seize, and convey the same back to his own state; and so far as concerns any such wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, the laws of the state from which the same was brought into this state are hereby adopted as the laws of this state. Transportation companies shall deliver to such officer, upon submission of proper proof of his official capacity, any wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, so demanded or seized by him. Said officer may dispose of any such wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, within this state, in accordance with the laws of the state from which the same was taken or shipped, under the supervision of any conservation commissioner or deputy conservation warden of this state, whose expenses for his assistance shall be a lien upon such wild animal or carcass or part thereof, or the proceeds thereof.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (2), the state conservation commission or its deputies shall seize, hold and dispose, according to the laws of this state, of any wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, brought or shipped into or through this state, or attempted to be carried through this state, in violation of the laws of any other state.

(4) The state game warden of every other state, and his deputies and all other officers therein charged with the enforcement of the laws relating to wild animals are hereby designated agents of this state for the taking possession, seizing, holding and disposing, within such state, of any wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, protected by the laws of this state.

(5) Whenever and so long as any other state confers upon the officers of this state reciprocal powers, the state conservation commission is hereby authorized to appoint persons who shall have been appointed game wardens or deputy game wardens of such other state to act as and have all the powers of deputy conservation wardens of this state, but without compensation from this state.

(6) Whenever and so long as the states of Minnesota or Iowa confer upon the licensees of this state reciprocal rights, privileges, and immunities, any fishing license issued by such other state shall entitle the licensee to all the rights, privileges, and

immunities, in and upon the boundary waters between such state and this state, enjoyed by the holders of equivalent licenses issued by this state; subject, however, to the duties, responsibilities, and liabilities imposed on its own licensees by the laws of this state.

GENERAL CONTROL AND REGULATION.

SECTION 11. Section 4560; subsection 8 of section 1498s; part of subsection 10 of section 4560a—2; subsection 2 of section 4560a—8; part of subsection 1 of section 4560a—20; part of the second paragraph of section 4560a—36; and part of subsection 3 of section 4565c—5 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.08 and revised to read:

62.08 TITLE TO WILD ANIMALS. (1) The legal title to, and the custody and protection of, all wild animals within this state are vested in the state for the purposes of regulating the enjoyment, taking, use, disposition and conservation thereof. The term "wild animal" wherever used in this chapter means all creatures of a wild nature endowed with sensation and the power of voluntary motion; and the term "carcass" means the dead body of such animals, including the skin, head, hair, plumage, skeleton, or any other part thereof.

(2) The legal title to any such wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, taken or reduced to possession in violation of this chapter, remains in the state. The title to any such wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, lawfully acquired, is subject to the condition subsequent that, upon the violation of any of the provisions of this chapter relating to the possession, use, giving, sale, barter, or transportation of such wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, by the holder of such title, the same shall revert, ipso facto, to the state. In either case, any such wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, may be seized forthwith, wherever found, by the state conservation commission or its deputies.

(3) Any apparatus, appliance, device, or other property declared a public nuisance in this chapter, or used by any person in violation thereof, or any wild animal, or carcass or part thereof, taken or reduced to possession in another state and imported into this state or possessed, used, given, sold, bartered, or transported in this state, in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, is contraband and may be seized and confiscated by the state conservation commission or its deputies.

(4) Confiscation of any part of a shipment under this section shall include the entire shipment.

SECTION 12. Sections 1497q, 1498o and 4567h; part of paragraph (3) of subsection 1 of section 4563b—1; subsection 2 of section 4560a—8; part of subsection 1 of section 4560a—20; part of subsection 2 of section 4565c—1; and the last paragraph of section 4560a—35 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.09 and revised to read:

62.09 DECLARED PUBLIC NUISANCES. (1) The following are declared public nuisances:

(a) Any net of any kind when set, placed, or found in any waters where such net is prohibited to be used.

(b) Any seine or other devices, traps, or contrivances set, placed, or found in any waters in a manner prohibited by any law relating to such waters.

(c) Any gill net operated in inland lakes without a license, or without a metal tag, as required by law.

(d) Except as authorized by license duly issued, any set line, cable, rope, or line with more than one fishline attached thereto, either directly or indirectly, or any fishline left in the water unattended by the person using the same, whether having one or more hooks attached.

(e) Any building, enclosure, structure, or shelter placed, occupied, or used on the ice of any waters in violation of this chapter.

(f) Any screen set in public waters to prevent the free passage of fish, or set in any stream which has been stocked by state authorities.

(g) Any net, spread upon or under the surface of any waters, which shall or might entrap, ensnare, or kill any wild bird.

(h) Except as expressly authorized to be used, any trap, snare, spring gun, set gun, or other device or contrivance which might entrap, ensnare, or kill any wild animal for which a close season is prescribed in this chapter.

(i) Any boat, together with its machinery, sails, tackle and equipment, or any lamp, or light, or gun, used in violation of this chapter.

(j) Any pivot or swivel gun, or other firearm, not habitually held at arm's length and discharged from the shoulder, while the same is in unlawful use.

(k) Any boat, floating raft, box, or blind set in open water and used in taking or attempting to take any wild bird.

(l) Any decoys set in any waters during the close season for waterfowl, or in excess of the number authorized to be used, or more than two hundred feet from the weeds, rushes, or other vegetation in which the hunter is concealed.

(m) Any dog found running deer at any time, or used in violation of this chapter.

(n) Any ferret unlawfully used in hunting, catching, taking, or killing rabbits.

(2) The state conservation commission may remove or cause to be removed, in such manner as they may deem fit, old and abandoned dams in streams in the state of Wisconsin, upon giving sixty days' notice in writing to the owner thereof, if he can be found. If the owner of such dam be unknown or cannot, by due diligence, be found, the commission shall publish notice once each week for four successive weeks in some newspaper published in the county in which such dam is situated.

SECTION 13. Section 1498m, part of section 1498—2, part of subsection 9 of section 4560a—12, subsections (c), (d), (g), of section 4560a—13, the first paragraph of section 4560a—31, and sections 4560a—36, 4560a—37, 4565e, part of paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of section 4562d, part of 4565g, part of 4565b—1, 4565i and 4566 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.10 and revised to read:

62.10 POSSESSION, SALE, AND TRANSPORTATION OF WILD ANIMALS. (1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall have in his possession or under his control, or have in storage or retention or as common carrier, any wild animal or carcass or part thereof during the close season therefor, or in excess of the daily bag limit therefor for each person at any one time during the open season, whether lawfully or unlawfully taken within or without this state.

(2) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall sell, or barter, or offer to sell or barter, or have in his possession for the purpose of sale or barter, any deer, or any bird for which a close season is prescribed in this chapter, or any trout other than lake trout, or the carcass or part thereof, at any time, or any other wild animal or carcass or part thereof during the close season therefor, whether lawfully or unlawfully taken within or without this state.

(3) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no keeper, manager, or steward of any restaurant, club, hotel, boarding house, logging camp, or mining camp shall sell, barter, serve, or give, or cause to be sold, bartered, served, or given to the guests or boarders thereof, the meat of any deer, wild bird, or trout of any variety other than lake trout, at any time; or the meat of any other wild animal during the close season therefor.

(4) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall transport or cause to be transported, or deliver or receive

or offer to deliver or receive for transportation, any wild animal or carcass or part thereof during the close season therefor, whether lawfully or unlawfully taken. Whenever any wild animal or carcass or part thereof is offered to any person for transportation out of this state during the close season therefor, such person shall forthwith notify the state conservation commission or its deputy, stating full particulars of such offer and by whom made.

(5) No person shall transport or cause to be transported, or deliver or receive for transportation, any package or parcel containing any wild animal or carcass or part thereof, unless the same is labeled in plain letters on the address side of such package or parcel so as to disclose the name and address of the consignor, the name and address of the consignee, and the number of pounds of each kind of fish or the number of each variety of other wild animals, or carcasses or parts thereof, contained therein; and unless the consignor is the owner of such shipment and shall deliver to the common carrier therewith, either personally or by agent, a writing signed by him personally, stating that he is the owner of the shipment.

SECTION 14. Subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, part of subsection 6, and subsection 7 of section 1498p; subsections 1, 4, 5, 6, and 7 of section 1498q; part of subsection 1, and subsections 2 and 3 of section 1498s; parts of subsections 2 and 3 and subsection 9 of section 4560a—2; section 1498t; section 1498—6; part of subsection (g), and subsection (m) of section 4560a—10; part of section 4560a—35; subsections 4, 5, 6, and 7 of section 4560a—40; parts of subsections 2 and 3, and subsections 4 and 9 of section 4560d—1; and section 4562a of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.11, and revised to read:

62.11 GAME LICENSES; GENERAL PROVISIONS.

(1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall pursue, hunt, take, catch, or kill any wild animal for which a close season is prescribed in this chapter, unless a license therefor has been duly issued to him, by the state conservation commission or a county clerk, as hereinafter authorized, which shall be carried on his person at the time and shall be exhibited to the state conservation commission or to any deputy conservation warden on demand. Such licenses shall be issued only to natural persons, and not more than one such license of the same series shall be issued to the same person in any year. No licensee shall transfer his license to or permit the use thereof by any other person, nor shall any person while hunting or fishing use or carry any license issued to another. No hunting license

shall be issued to any person who is less than fifteen years of age, or who has not taken out his first citizenship papers in conformity with the laws of the United States.

(2) The applications for such licenses shall state the residence and post-office address of the applicant, a description of his person, and such other facts, showing him to be entitled to the license for which he applies, as may be required by the state conservation commission, and shall be verified by the affidavit of the applicant; but no written or verified application shall be required for any nonresident fishing license issued under section 62.25. Each such application shall be accompanied by the license fee prescribed for the license applied for.

(3) Each such license shall state for what year the same is issued and the date of expiration, and, except as expressly provided in this chapter, shall be effective only from the first day of May until the next succeeding thirtieth day of April, during the open season for any such wild animal and subject to the conditions, limitations and restrictions prescribed in this chapter. Each such license issued shall further state the name and residence of the licensee, a description of his person, and such other matter as may be determined by the state conservation commission; shall bear upon its face a true signature of the licensee; and shall be signed by and sealed with the seal of the commission, or officer who issues it.

(4) Whenever any such license is lost the person to whom the same was issued may present to the state conservation commission an affidavit proving such loss, together with a fee of fifty cents, whereupon the latter shall issue a duplicate license to such person.

(5) The state conservation commission shall prepare, procure the printing of, and supply all necessary blanks for such licenses and applications. The licenses shall be numbered consecutively, at the time of printing, in a separate series for each kind of license, and shall be printed upon paper of a separate color for each series. Each license shall be provided with two stubs, numbered with the serial number and containing the essential information of the license. Each requisition for the printing of such license blanks shall specify the serial numbers thereof.

(6) From each such license issued by a county clerk he shall detach one stub when issuing the license and transmit the same to the state conservation commission for record in its office; the other stub and the application shall be retained for record in the office of the county clerk. The county clerk shall also keep

an alphabetical index of the names of all persons to whom he issues licenses, such names to be entered therein at the time the licenses are issued. The state conservation commission or its deputies may at any time examine such records.

(7) Of the fees paid for such licenses the county clerk may retain ten per cent as compensation for his services to the state; the remainder he shall return to the state conservation commission on the first day of each month, with a report of the number of licenses issued by him during the preceding month and the amount of money thus remitted. All such moneys received by the commission shall be paid into the state treasury. All unused license blanks shall be returned by the county clerks to the state conservation commission at the close of the year for which they were supplied.

(8) From every license issued by the state conservation commission one stub shall be detached when issuing the license and delivered, together with the license fee, to the state treasurer. A complete record of all such licenses, issued by the commission and by the county clerks shall be kept at the office of the state conservation commission, which shall also be accountable for all unused license blanks.

HUNTING RIGHTS.

SECTION 15. Subsection 1, part of subsection 3, and subsection 4 of section 1498s of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.12 and revised to read:

62.12 RESIDENT HUNTING LICENSES. (1) Resident hunting licenses shall be issued, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, by the county clerks of the several counties, upon blanks to be supplied to them by the state conservation commission, to residents of each such county duly applying therefor who have resided in this state for at least one year next preceding the application. The fee for each such license is one dollar. Each such license shall have attached when issued one coupon consisting of two sections, bearing the number of the license and lettered "A" and "B", respectively, for use in the transportation of deer.

SECTION 16. Section 1498s—1 of the statutes is renumbered to be section 62.13 and revised to read:

62.13 SETTLERS' HUNTING LICENSES. Settlers' hunting licenses, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, may be issued by the state conservation commission, in its discretion, to actual settlers in this state duly applying therefor who have resided in this state less than one year next preceding the appli-

cation. Such licenses shall be in substantially the same form, subject to the same conditions and restrictions, and entitle the holder to the same rights, privileges and immunities as a resident hunting license. No nonresident hunting license shall be issued in the same year to any person to whom a settler's hunting license has been issued, and no settler's hunting license to any holder of a nonresident hunting license.

SECTION 17. Subsection 6 of section 1498p; subsection 8 of section 1498q; and section 1498r of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.14 and revised to read:

62.14 NONRESIDENT HUNTING LICENSES. (1) Nonresident hunting licenses, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, shall be either general or limited, and shall be issued by the state conservation commission to persons duly applying therefor who are not residents of this state or have resided therein less than one year next preceding the application. The fee for each such general license is twenty-five dollars, and for each such limited license ten dollars.

(2) Each such general license shall extend to all wild animals during the open seasons therefor, respectively, and shall have attached when issued one coupon consisting of three sections, bearing the number of the license and lettered "A," "B," and "C," respectively, for use in the transportation of deer.

(3) Each such limited license, shall extend to all wild animals during the open seasons therefor, respectively, except deer. The holder of such limited license may at any time before its expiration surrender the same for cancellation, and in lieu thereof, upon payment of an additional fee of fifteen dollars, the state conservation commission shall issue to such person a general license as prescribed in subsection (2) of this section.

SECTION 18. Section 1498i of the statutes is renumbered to be section 62.15 and revised to read:

62.15 CERTIFICATES TO SCIENTISTS. (1) The state conservation commission may grant, on satisfactory testimonials of well-known scientists only, a certificate to any member of an incorporated society of natural history, or to any professor of any university, school or college, or to any person properly accredited by any such institution, or to any custodian of a public museum, authorizing such person or institution to collect for scientific purposes only, any nests, eggs, or wild animals, except deer. Such specimens may be transported by any common carrier; but no person to whom such certificate is issued shall dispose of any such specimen except in exchange for scientific purposes. All such certificates shall expire on the first day of

January following the date of their issue, and shall not be transferable.

(2) The application for such certificate shall be made upon blanks to be furnished by the state conservation commission, shall be accompanied by a fee of two dollars, and the applicant shall execute and deliver to the state conservation commission a bond running to the state of Wisconsin, in the sum of one hundred dollars, with two sureties, and conditioned that if the applicant shall well and faithfully observe and comply with all the requirements of this section, and the certificate issued thereunder, said obligation to be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force. Each said surety shall be worth and qualify in at least the sum of one hundred dollars, over and above all his debts and liabilities, in property within this state not exempt from sale on execution.

(3) The certificate of any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be forfeited and revoked, and such convicted person shall not be entitled to another certificate for the period of one year from and after the date of such conviction.

SECTION 19. The first paragraph and paragraphs (a), (b), and (i) of subsection 1 and part of paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of section 4562d; the first paragraph and paragraphs (1), (1a), (2), (3), (5), and (6) of subsection 1 of section 4565c—5; section 4562c; the first paragraph and subsections (1), (2) and (3) of section 4563; the second sentence of paragraph (5) of subsection 1 of section 4563b—1; the first paragraph and paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of subsection 1 and part of subsection 2 of section 4560a—22; part of section 4565; and sections 4565b—1 and 4565b—4 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.16 and revised to read:

62.16 CLOSE SEASONS FOR WILD MAMMALS AND BIRDS. A close season is established for each variety of wild mammals and birds listed in the following table, extending during all the time in each year except the period embraced within the dates, both inclusive, set opposite the name of each variety or each locality, respectively, in the column headed "Open Season"; and, except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall hunt, take, capture, shoot at or kill any such wild mammal or bird at any time other than the open season therefor, nor in the open season in excess of the number designated opposite each variety or each locality, respectively, in the column headed "Bag Limit," nor wild birds of more than one variety except a mixed bag limit of twenty each day in the open season. Wild ducks and American coots or mud hens shall be deemed, collectively, as one variety:

Kind of Animal and Locality.	Open Season.	Bag Limit.
(1) Moose, elk	None.	
(2) Deer:		
(a) Bucks in the velvet, or in the red, blue or spotted coat, or does, in any county	None.	
(b) Other bucks in the counties of Adams, Brown, Buffalo, Calumet, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Dodge, Fond du Lac, Grant, Green, Green Lake, Iowa, Jefferson, Kenosha, Kewaunee, La Crosse, La Fayette, Manitowoc, Marquette, Milwaukee, Monroe, Outagamie, Ozaukee, Pepin, Polk, Portage, Racine, Richland, Rock, Sheboygan, Vernon, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago and Wood.....	None.	
(c) Other bucks in any other county.....	Nov. 11 to Nov. 30	One each year
(3) Beaver, otter	None.	
(4) Fisher, marten, mink.....	Nov. 15 to Mar. 15	No limit
(5) Muskrat:		
(a) In Lake St. Croix, Lake Pepin, Mississippi river, and all inland bays, bayous and sloughs tributary thereto.....	Mar. 1 to April 10	No limit
(b) In the counties of Polk, Barron, Rusk, Price, Lincoln, Langlade, Forest, Marinette, Florence, Oneida, Vilas, Iron, Ashland, Sawyer, Washburn, Burnett, Douglas, and Bayfield.....	Nov. 1 to April 20 Nov. 15 to Mar. 15	No limit No limit
(c) In any other place.....		
(6) Raccoon:		
(a) In Washington and Ozaukee counties...	Nov. 15 to Dec. 15	No limit
(b) In any other county	Nov. 1 to Feb. 1	No limit
(7) Skunk:		
(a) In Washington and Ozaukee counties..	Oct. 10 to Feb. 1	No limit
(b) In any other county	All the year.	No limit
(8) Gray, fox, or black squirrel:		
(a) In Dodge and Jefferson counties.....	Nov. 1 to Jan. 1	Fifteen each day
(b) In Waukesha, Kenosha, Pierce, Racine, Washington and Ozaukee counties.....	None.	
(c) In Waushara county	Sept. 10 to Feb. 1	Ten each day
(d) In Eau Claire, Portage, Waupaca, Richland and Vernon counties.....	Sept. 10 to Feb. 1	No limit
(e) In any other county.....	Oct. 10 to Feb. 1	No limit
(9) Rabbit:		
(a) In Washington and Ozaukee counties...	Nov. 1 to Jan. 1	Ten each day
(b) In Dodge, Jefferson, Manitowoc and Waukesha counties	Nov. 1 to Jan. 1	Fifteen each day
(c) In Dane, Dunn, Green, Green Lake, Juneau, La Crosse, Marinette, Outagamie, Rock, Sheboygan, Trempealeau, Walworth and Wood counties..	Oct. 10 to Feb. 1 Sept. 10 to Feb. 1	No limit Ten each day
(d) In Waushara county.....		
(e) In Eau Claire, Portage, Waupaca, Richland and Pierce counties.....	Sept. 10 to Feb. 1	No limit
(f) In any other county.....	All the year.	No limit
(10) Wild swan	None.	
(11) Wild goose, brant:		
(a) On the main waters of the Mississippi river	None.	
(b) Elsewhere	Sept. 7 to Nov. 30	Ten each day

Kind of Animal and Locality.	Open Season.	Bag Limit.
(12) Wild duck, including American coot or mud hen, but excepting wood duck: (a) On the main waters of the Mississippi river	None. Sept. 7 to Nov. 30	Fifteen each day
(b) Elsewhere	None.	
(13) Wood duck, woodcock.....	None.	
(14) Plover, snipe, rail, rice hen:		
(a) On the main waters of the Mississippi river	None.	Fifteen each day
(b) Elsewhere	Sept. 7 to Nov. 30	
(15) Partridge or ruffed grouse, spruce hens:		
(a) In Washington and Ozaukee counties..	Sept. 7 to Oct. 31	Two each day
(b) In any other county.....	Sept. 7 to Oct. 31	Ten each day
(16) Prairie chicken or plinnated grouse, sharp-tailed grouse:		
(a) In the counties of Calumet, Dane, Door, Forest, Iron, Jefferson, Kenosha, La Crosse, Langlade, Lincoln, Manitowoc, Milwaukee, Oneida, Ozaukee, Price, Racine, Sauk, Sheboygan, Taylor, Trempealeau, Vilas, Walworth, Washington, and Winnebago.....	None.	Five each day
(b) In the county of Waukesha.....	Sept. 7 to Sept. 15	
(c) In Vernon and Chippewa counties.....	Sept. 7 to Nov. 30	
(d) In any other county.....	Sept. 7 to Sept. 30	
(17) Mongolian, Chinese, or English pheasant, Hungarian partridge, quail or bobwhite	None.	
(18) Any other wild bird, except crows, English sparrows, blackbirds, sharp-shinned hawks, Cooper's hawks and owls.....	None.	

SECTION 20. Sections 4564a and 4564b of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 21. Paragraph (1) of subsection 1 of section 4563b—1, and section 4563c and parts of sections 4564a, 4564b, and 4562d of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.17, and revised to read:

62.17 PROHIBITED METHODS OF HUNTING. Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall hunt, take, catch, or kill any wild mammal or bird for which a close season is prescribed in this chapter, by any means other than the use of a gun held at arm's length and discharged from the shoulder; or place, spread or set any net, pit, pitfall, trap, snare, spring gun, pivot gun, swivel gun, or other similar contrivance for the purpose of catching, or which might catch, take or ensnare any such wild mammals or birds.

SECTION 22. Paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) of subsection 1 of section 4562d, and the first sentence of subsection 1 of section 4560a—20 are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.18 and revised to read:

62.18 DEER HUNTING; PROHIBITED METHODS.

(1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall hunt, take, capture, or kill any deer between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise of the following morning; or in the water or on the ice of any stream, lake, or pond; or with a dog or dogs; or with the aid of artificial light; nor place any salt in any place for the purpose of enticing deer thereto, or construct, occupy, or use any elevated scaffold or other device for the purpose of hunting, watching for, or killing deer.

(2) During the month of November, in the counties where there is an open season for deer, no person shall hunt, take, capture, or kill any wild animal with a dog or dogs, or have a dog or dogs in his possession or under his control in or about a hunting or logging camp.

SECTION 23. Section 4565f of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 24. Subsection 8 of section 1498s, section 4565h, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 2 of section 4562d, paragraph (b) of section 4560a—16, and the last two sentences of subsection 1 of section 4560a—17 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.19 and revised to read:

62.19 POSSESSION OF DEER; HEADS AND SKINS.

(1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, any person having lawfully captured or killed a deer shall immediately attach and leave attached thereto, or to the carcass or part thereof, section "B" of his resident or settler's hunting license, or sections "B" and "C" of his nonresident general hunting license; and no person shall have in his possession or under his control, or have in storage or as common carrier, any such carcass without such coupons attached or which does not have thereon sufficient natural evidence of its sex to enable the same to be readily determined by ordinary inspection.

(2) Any person residing in this state, having lawfully killed a deer may have in his possession and consume the meat thereof in his own family at any time on serving a written notice on the state conservation commission on or before the last day of the open season for deer, stating as near as may be when and where said deer was killed, and the number of pounds of venison then in his possession.

(3) The head and skin of any deer lawfully killed, when severed from the rest of the carcass, are not subject to the provisions of this chapter; but, except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall have in his possession or under his control the green head or green skin of a deer between the third day of January and the succeeding eleventh day of November of each year, or at any time a deer head in the velvet, a deer skin

in the red, blue, or spotted coat, or any doe skin, or any untanned deer skin from which the hair has been removed, or which does not have thereon sufficient natural evidence of its sex to enable the same to be readily determined by ordinary inspection.

SECTION 25. Subsections 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 15 of section 1498q; the last sentence of subsection 4, and subsections 5 and 7 of section 1498s; and the first paragraph and paragraph (a) of section 4560a—16 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.20 and revised to read:

62.20 TRANSPORTATION OF DEER. (1) Each holder of a resident hunting license, settler's hunting license, or non-resident general hunting license, may transport or cause to be transported one deer, or carcass or part thereof, between the twelfth day of November and the third day of December, both inclusive, of each year; and any common carrier may transport the same subject to the provisions of this section.

(2) The agent of the common carrier receiving such deer, or carcass or part thereof, for transportation shall detach section "A" of the consignor's license coupon and forward the same within two days after the date of shipment, to the state conservation commission. Section "B", or sections "B" and "C", respectively, shall remain attached to the said deer, or carcass or part thereof, while in transit, except as provided in subsection (3). All sections of the coupon shall be canceled by said agent, by plainly writing or stamping thereon the station and date of shipment and his signature or the initials thereof.

(3) The place of delivery of any such shipment on a non-resident license may be either within or without the state. If within the state, the carrier's agent at such place shall, before delivery, detach section "C" of the coupon; and if without the state, the person having charge of such shipment while enroute shall detach said section "C" and deliver it to the carrier's agent at the last place of regular stoppage within the state. In either case, the agent so detaching or receiving said section "C" shall write or stamp thereon the name of his station, date when received, and his signature or initials, and transmit the same forthwith to the state conservation commission.

(4) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no common carrier shall receive for transportation or transport or attempt to transport any deer, or carcass or part thereof, unless the same shall be received for transportation, carried, and delivered as provided in this section.

SECTION 26. Subsection 1 of section 4565c—1; paragraph (4) of subsection 1, the first sentence of subsection 2, subsec-

tions 3 and 4 of section 4565c—5 and section 1498a—1 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.21 and revised to read:

62.21 FUR BEARING ANIMALS; PROHIBITED METHODS OF HUNTING; POSSESSION OF SKINS. (1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall hunt, take, capture, or kill any fisher, marten, mink, or muskrat with the aid of any spear, gun, or dog; or any rabbit with a ferret or ferrets, or have in his possession or under his control any ferret or ferrets while hunting rabbits; or disturb or molest muskrat houses, or beaver houses, or beaver dams, or raccoon den trees for the purpose of capturing the raccoons; or set any trap or traps at any time within five hundred feet of any beaver dam or beaver house; but steel traps may be used for capturing the animals mentioned in this subsection.

(2) The owner or occupant of any land, and any member of his family, may, without a license, hunt and kill thereon rabbits at any time, and squirrels during the open season therefor; and the owner or occupant or any other person upon the written request of the owner or occupant of any land in the counties of Door, Grant, Vernon, Richland and Crawford may use a ferret or ferrets thereon for hunting and killing rabbits.

(3) The skin of any fur-bearing animal lawfully killed, when separated from the rest of the carcass, is not subject to the provisions of this chapter; but, except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall have in his possession or under his control the skin of any fisher, marten, mink, or muskrat showing that the same has been shot or speared, or the green skin of any fur bearing animal during the close season for such animal.

SECTION 27. Paragraphs (2), (3), (4), and (5) of subsection 1 of section 4563b—1, and the second sentence of subsection 1 of section 4560a—20 are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.22 and revised to read:

62.22 WILD BIRDS; PROHIBITED METHODS OF HUNTING; USE OF DOGS. (1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall hunt, take, catch, or kill any wild bird by shooting it or at it from any automobile, motor cycle or any other vehicle; or by shooting it or at it from any boat, canoe, raft, blind, contrivance or device in or on open water; or any aquatic fowl from any boat or craft other than such as are propelled by paddle, oars, or pole, or with the use of more than twenty-five decoys within, or any decoys beyond, two hundred feet from the blind or covering in which the hunter is located; or any wild bird between sunset and sunrise;

or any aquatic fowl other than wild geese and brant with the use of a rifle.

(2) Open water is any water outside or beyond a natural growth of vegetation sufficiently high and dense to furnish substantial concealment for the hunter.

(3) No person carrying or being in possession of a gun shall run or use a dog or dogs in the field, or upon lands frequented by or upon which game birds may be found between the first day of August and the seventh day of September in each year.

SECTION 28. Sections 4565 and 4565a are repealed.

SECTION 29. Section 4565b—2 of the statutes is renumbered to be section 62.23 and revised to read:

62.23 NESTS AND EGGS OF WILD BIRDS. Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall take or needlessly destroy, or have in his possession, the nest or eggs of any wild bird for which a close season is prescribed in this chapter.

SECTION 30. Paragraph (e) of subsection 1 and subsections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of section 4560a—22 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.24 and revised to read:

62.24 WILD BIRDS; POSSESSION AND TRANSPORTATION. (1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person, other than the holder of a hunting license duly issued to him and in force and carried by him on his person, shall have in his possession or under his control any wild bird for which a close season is prescribed in this chapter, or any carcass or part thereof.

(2) Any common carrier may transport any such wild birds, or carcasses or parts thereof, in the open seasons therefor only, subject to the following restrictions:

(a) The holder of a resident or settler's hunting license may carry with him as baggage or express, or in his personal possession, not more than the bag limit of such birds for one day; but shall carry or convey such birds only to points within the state, and shall accompany the same from the point of shipment to the point of destination.

(b) The holder of a nonresident hunting license may carry with him as baggage or express, or in his personal possession, not more than thirty of such birds in any one year, and may carry or convey the same to points within or without this state; but shall accompany such birds from the point of shipment to the point of destination, or to the boundary of the state, respectively.

FISHING RIGHTS.

SECTION 31. Subsections 2 and 3 of section 1498q of the statutes are renumbered to be section 62.25 and revised to read:

62.25 FISHING LICENSES. (1) Any natural person, other than nonresident males over the age of sixteen years, may without a license take, catch, or kill fish of any variety, subject to all other conditions and restrictions prescribed in this chapter.

(2) Except as provided in this chapter, any nonresident male person over the age of sixteen years shall have the rights of a resident to take, catch, or kill fish of any variety in outlying waters; but not in inland waters unless a license, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, has been duly issued to him by the conservation commission. The fee for each such license is one dollar. The commission may cause such licenses to be issued through agents for a compensation of ten per cent of the license fees collected therefor; but this shall not apply to any of its regular deputies or other employes.

SECTION 32. Section 4560a of the statutes is renumbered to be section 62.26 and revised to read:

62.26 CLASSIFICATION OF WATERS. All waters within the boundaries of the state are for the purposes of this chapter, classified as follows: Lakes Superior and Michigan and the harbors and bays immediately connected with said lakes, Green Bay, Sturgeon Bay and Sawyer's Harbor, the Fox river from its mouth up to the dam across said river at the city of De Pere, the Mississippi river including Lake Pepin, and that part of the St. Croix river known as Lake St. Croix are outlying waters. All other waters are inland waters.

SECTION 33. Subsections 1, 2, and 3 of section 4560a—4 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.27 and revised to read:

62.27 CLASSIFICATION OF FISH. For the purposes of this chapter, all varieties of fish within this state are classified as follows: Brook trout, rainbow trout, brown trout, grayling, lake trout, whitefish, strawberry bass, calico bass, crappie, small-mouth black bass, large-mouth black bass, Oswego bass, green bass, yellow bass, silver bass, white bass, rock bass, pike, catfish, muskellunge, sturgeon, and pickerel, in all waters, and perch in Lake Winnebago, Lakes Butte des Morts and Poygan, Fox river, and Wolf river and tributary streams within Winnebago county, are game fish. Perch in all other waters and all varieties of fish not named in this section are rough fish.

SECTION 34. Subsections 2 and 3 of section 4560a—4; section 4560a—5; subsections (a) and (r) of section 4560a—10; subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, part of 5, 6, 7 and 8 of section 4560a—12; subsections (a), (e), and (g) of section 4560a—13; subsection (g) of section 4560a—25; subsection (b) of section 4560a—27; part of the last paragraph of section 4560a—28; subsection (3) of section 4560a—42m; paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of section 4560a—43; section 4560a—47; paragraph (c) of subsection 1, subsection 2, and part of subsection 4 of section 4560a—48; paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 1 of section 4560a—50; and section 4561a of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.28, and revised to read:

62.28 CLOSE SEASONS FOR FISH. A close season is established for each variety of fish listed in the following table, extending during all the time in each year except the period embraced within the dates, both inclusive, set opposite the name of each variety or each locality, respectively, in the column headed "Open Season"; and, except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall take, capture, or kill fish of any variety listed in the following table at any time other than the open season therefor, nor in the open season in excess of the quantity, or under the minimum length or weight for each fish, designated opposite each variety or each locality, respectively, in the columns headed "Bag Limit". Whenever the size of any fish is specified in this chapter in measurement of length, such measurement shall be taken in a straight line from the tip of the nose to the tip of the tail:

Kind of Fish and Locality.	Open Season.	Bag Limit.	
		Quantity.	Minimum length or weight.
(1) Large and small-mouthed black bass, Oswego green bass and yellow bass:			
(a) In Big Green lake, Green Lake county	July 1-Mar. 1	Fifteen each day	10 inches
(b) In Devil's lake, Mirror lake, and Dell creek, Sauk county	June 15-Dec. 15		
(c) In all other inland and outlying waters	May 29-Mar. 1		
(2) Strawberry bass, calico bass, silver bass, crappie, white bass:			
(a) In all lakes in Washington county	May 1-Mar. 1	No limit	7 inches
(b) In counties bordering on the Mississippi river and in all other inland waters	May 29-Mar. 1		
(c) In all other outlying waters	All the year		

Kind of Fish and Locality.	Open Season.	Bag Limit.	
		Quantity.	Minimum length or weight.
(3) Rock bass: (a) In Green Lake county.... (b) In counties bordering on the Mississippi river and in all other inland waters (c) In all other outlying waters	All the year May 29-Mar. 1 All the year	No limit	
(4) Trout of any variety, except lake trout: (a) In the inland waters within the counties of Douglas, Bayfield, Ashland and Iron	May 1-Sept. 1	Forty-five each day	7 inches
(b) In the inland waters within the counties of Sheboygan, Fond du Lac and Manitowoc	April 15-Aug. 1		
(c) In all other inland waters	April 15-Aug. 31		
(d) In all outlying waters....	All the year		
(5) Pike of any variety: (a) In counties bordering on the Mississippi river and in all other inland waters. (b) In all other outlying waters	May 29-Mar. 1 May 1-Mar. 10	No limit	13 inches
(6) Pickerel: (a) In Beaver lake, Birch lake, Silver lake, Rat lake, Riley lake, and the waters connecting the same, all in towns 35 and 36 north, ranges 14 and 15 east, Forest county	None		
(b) In Beaver Dam lake, and Fox lake, Dodge county; Pine lake, and Cedar lake, Washington county; and Neshkoro mill pond, Marquette county	May 1-Mar. 1	No limit	16 inches
(c) In counties bordering on the Mississippi river and in all other inland waters.	May 29-Mar. 1		
(d) In all other outlying waters	May 1-Mar. 10		
(7) Muskellunge: (a) In all inland waters..... (b) In all outlying waters.....	May 29-Mar. 1 All the year	No limit	5 lbs. round 4 lbs. dressed
(8) Sturgeon, and the spawn, eggs and fry thereof.....	None		
(9) Catfish: (a) In the Mississippi river and Lakes Pepin and St. Croix	May 29-Mar. 1	No limit.....	{15 in. round {12 in. with hd. off
(b) In all other outlying waters	All the year	No limit.....	{1½ lbs. round {1 lb. dressed
(c) In all inland waters.....	May 29-Mar. 1		
(10) Bullheads: (a) In Dodge county..... (b) In all other inland and outlying waters	All the year All the year	25 lbs. ea. day No limit	

Kind of Fish and Locality.	Open Season.	Bag Limit.	
		Quantity.	Minimum length or weight.
(11) Perch: (a) In counties bordering on the Mississippi river and in Lake Winnebago, Lake Butte des Morts, Lake Poygan, Fox river, and Wolf river and tributary streams within Winnebago county	May 29—Mar. 1	No limit	
(b) In all other inland and outlying waters	All the year		
(12) Sunfish: (a) In counties bordering on the Mississippi river	May 29—Mar. 1	No limit	
(b) In all other inland and outlying waters	All the year		
(13) Whitefish	All the year	No limit	2 lbs. round 1½ lbs. dressed
(14) Lake trout: (a) In Lake Superior	Oct. 15—Sept. 15	No limit	
(b) In all other outlying and inland waters	All the year		

(15) There shall be no close season in Green, Juneau, and Winnebago counties for any variety of fish except trout, black bass and sturgeon.

SECTION 35. Subsections 5, 11, and 12 of section 4560a—12; section 4560a—51; subsection 4 of section 4560a—4; and section 4562 of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 36. Subsection (f) of section 4560a—13, and subsections 2 and 3 of section 4560d of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.29 and revised to read:

62.29 PROHIBITED FISHING UNDER PARTICULAR CONDITIONS. Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall take, capture, or kill fish of any variety, during the close season for trout, in nonnavigable waters containing trout; or at any time in or from any spring hole or artificial well connected with any of the waters of this state; or by means of shutting or drawing off water for that purpose; nor within two hundred feet of any fishway, lock, or dam otherwise than with a hook and line.

SECTION 37. Paragraphs (3), (4), (5), (6), (7) and (11) of subsection 1 of section 4560d; part of subsection 1 of section 4560a—7; and subsection 1 of section 4560b of the statutes are

consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.30 and revised to read:

62.30 PROHIBITED METHODS OF FISHING; SPEARING; SNAG LINES. Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall take, catch, kill, or fish for fish of any variety with more than five lines, or with any line equipped with more than one hook, trolling spoon, or artificial bait or left in the water unattended by such person; or any game fish by any means other than angling or trolling; nor shall any person use a spear for the purpose of taking, catching, or killing any rough fish at any time in nonnavigable waters containing trout, or during the close season for trout in navigable waters containing trout, or at any time in Lake Mason, commonly known as Briggsville pond, or the inlet, outlet or marshes adjacent to the same, or in Pine lake, in the town of Hancock, and Fish lake, in the towns of Hancock and Deerfield, Waushara county, or in the Chain of Lakes, Mirror or Shadow lakes, in the towns of Farmington, Dayton, Waupaca, and the city of Waupaca, Waupaca county, or in Devil's lake or Mirror lake, Sauk county, or in the waters known as "Koenig's Millpond," situated in sections seven, eight, seventeen and eighteen of township nine, north of range six east, town of Prairie du Sac, or in the nighttime in any other inland waters; nor shall any person set, place, use, have, or control any snag line or snag pole, meaning any line, cable, or pole to which a number of fishhooks or clusters of fishhooks of any kind or description are attached, and designed to be placed in or drawn through the water for the purpose of catching or drawing such hooks into the body of fish.

SECTION 38. Subsection (b) of section 4560a—10, and sections 4560g and 4560g—1 of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 39. Subsection 1 of section 4560a—8; subsection 1 of section 4560a—7; and section 4560g—2 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.31 and revised to read:

62.31 ICE FISHING. (1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall construct, place or occupy upon the ice of any inland waters, any building, inclosure, or shelter whatsoever which might conceal the occupant while engaged in fishing through the ice.

(2) On the ice of Geneva Lake, in Walworth county; Lake Winnebago, Lake Butte des Morts, Little Lake Butte des Morts; all lakes in Waukesha county except Phantom lake and Howitt's lake; Beaver Dam lake or pond, in Dodge county; Stone lake, in Washburn county; Sand lake, in Sawyer county; the Mississippi

river; all lakes and streams in the counties of Buffalo, Trempealeau, and La Crosse; the Fox river within Brown county; Lake Winneconne and Lake Poygan, in Winnebago county; Oconto river within the limits of the city of Oconto; Cedar lakes, in Washington county; and where there is not less than fifty feet of water in Big Green lake, in Green lake county, buildings, inclosures, or shelters may be placed and occupied while fishing with hook and line, or while spearing rough fish; except that no person shall use or keep, in any such building, inclosure or shelter placed upon the ice of any lake in Waukesha county, any spear, gaff hook, or snatch hook.

(3) Wind shields may be used in Dane county while fishing through the ice with hook and line.

(4) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall take, catch, or kill fish of any variety through the ice on Silver lake, situated within the city limits of Portage, Columbia county; Pardeeville mill pond, formed by the Fox river, in Columbia county; Pine lake, town of Hancock, and Fish lake, towns of Hancock and Deerfield, and the mill pond in the village of Wautoma, Waushara county; Lake Nocquebay in Marinette county; Lake Mason commonly known as Briggsville pond, in the counties of Adams and Marquette; Shell lake, Washburn county; Chain of Lakes, in townships thirty-seven and thirty-eight north, of range twelve west, in Washburn county; Spring lake and the upper mill lake in the village and town of Palmyra, Jefferson county; Big Slough in Lewiston, Columbia county; Devil's lake and Mears lake, and tributary streams; the waters known as "Koenig's Millpond," in sections seven, eight, seventeen and eighteen of township nine north, of range six east, town of Prairie du Sac, and Mirror lake, in Sauk county; Twin lakes, in the town of Lincoln, Polk county; any lake in the counties of Forest, Langlade and Marquette; and Phantom lake and Howitt's lake, in Waukesha county.

SECTION 40. Sections 4560a—30 and 4560i of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 41. Subsections 1 and 3 of section 4560a—14; paragraph (10) of subsection 1 of section 4560d; and section 4567 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.32 and revised to read:

62.32 FISHING WITH EXPLOSIVES, STUPEFACTIVES OR MEDICATED BAIT; DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCES. (1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall take, capture, or kill fish of any variety in any waters of this state by means of dynamite or other explo-

sives or poisonous or stupefying substances; or place in any waters of this state explosives which might cause the destruction of fish, except for the purpose of raising dead bodies whenever ordered by the public authorities, or clearing a channel, or breaking a log jam; or have in his possession or under his control, upon any inland waters, any dynamite or other explosives for the purpose of taking, catching, or killing fish.

(2) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall use, set, lay, or prepare in any of the waters of this state any lime, poison, medicated bait, fish berries, or any other substance deleterious to fish life or which might attract fish in unusual numbers; but in Oconomowoc lake, North lake, Silver lake, Lake Okauchee, Beaver lake, Pine lake, LaBelle lake, Fowler lake, Upper and Lower Nashotah lakes, Upper and Lower Nebahmin lakes, and Nagawicka lake, all in Waukesha county, the feeding of cisco with oatmeal or other similar food, for the purpose of catching such fish with hook and line through the ice, is lawful.

(3) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall cast, deposit, or throw overboard from any boat, vessel, or other craft into any waters within the jurisdiction of the state, or deposit or leave upon the ice thereof until it melts, any fish offal (meaning dead fish, or the head, intestines, blood and cleanings of fish); or throw or deposit, or permit to be thrown or deposited, into any waters within the jurisdiction of the state any lime, tanbark, ship ballast, stone, sand, slabs, decayed wood, sawdust, sawmill refuse, planing mill shavings, or any acids or chemicals or waste or refuse arising from the manufacture of pulp, paper or beet sugar, or any other substance deleterious to fish life other than authorized drainage and sewage from municipalities.

(4) Subsection (3) shall not apply to Kickapoo river, Pine river in Richland county, Balsam branch in Polk county, Chippewa river from the mouth of Thornapple river to its mouth, Flambeau river from the dam at Ladysmith to its mouth, Jump river from its fork in town thirty-four north, range two west, to its mouth, Leavitt creek that empties into Jump river in town thirty-three north, range three west, Black river from the Falls dam down to the boundary of Jackson county, and Wisconsin river from the north boundary line of the city of Rhinelander to its mouth.

FISHING WITH NETS AND SET LINES.

SECTION 42. The first paragraph, and subsections (1), (2) and (4) of section 25, chapter 489 of the laws of 1905; subsection (c) of section 4560a—1; part of subsection 2, and subsections 6, 7 and 8 of section 4560a—2; subsection (a) of section 4560a—3; part of subsection (c), and subsections (e), (f) and (j), and parts of subsections (k) and (q) of section 4560a—10; subsection (g) of section 4560a—25; section 4560a—26; section 4560a—29; part of section 4560a—35; part of subsection 1, and subsection 9 of section 4560a—40; section 4560a—41; paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection 1, and subsection 3 of section 4560a—48; paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection 1 of section 4560d; subsections 5 and 8 of section 4560d—1; and section 4567h—1 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.33 and revised to read:

62.33 USE OF NETS AND SET LINES; GENERAL LIMITATIONS. (1) Nets and set lines may be used for the purpose of taking, catching, or killing rough fish and game fish; but the use thereof is subject to the conditions, limitations and restrictions prescribed in this chapter; and, except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall set, place, or use in any waters of this state any net, trap, snare, set hook, or set line, which is intended to or might take, catch, or kill fish of any variety, other than a landing net, dip net, minnow seine, or minnow dip net, unless a license therefor has been duly issued to such person.

(2) Such use of nets and set lines is subject, further, to the following conditions:

(a) No seine shall be drawn over spawning beds of game fish during their spawning season.

(b) Rough fish of a length of less than seven inches, in the outlying waters, shall not be taken, killed, or retained in any net, excepting rough fish minnows or bloaters for bait.

(c) No apron or other device shall be used in any pound net, which might prevent the escape of small fish through the meshes of the net when it is set or raised.

(d) No net of any kind shall be set so as to shut off more than two-thirds of any channel or passageway of any stream.

(e) At each end of every licensed net or set line when set in outlying waters, or every set line when set in inland waters, shall be placed and maintained a white flag not less than sixteen inches square with the upper end of the staff extending at least two feet above the water and numbered with figures at

least three inches in height, corresponding with the number of the license authorizing the use of such net or set line.

(f) The licensees of licensed nets or set lines used in outlying waters shall carry the state conservation commission, or its deputies to and from their nets or set lines when set and, on demand of such officer, shall raise the same for his inspection; and any such officer is authorized, in the presence or absence of the licensee, at any time, to raise any set line set in any waters, with as little damage as may be, for inspection.

(g) No licensed net shall be drawn or lifted at any time between one hour after sunset and sunrise of the following morning, in any waters other than Lake Superior, Lake Michigan, Green Bay, Sturgeon Bay, and the Fox river below the dam at De Pere.

(h) No fish of any kind shall be taken or retained in any net, when drawn or lifted other than the kind or kinds expressly authorized to be taken or retained in such net, as provided in this chapter; and except as provided in paragraph (i) any such other kind or kinds of fish coming into or taken in such net shall be immediately returned, carefully and with as little injury as possible to the waters from which they were taken.

(i) All buffalo fish, carp, eelpout, garfish, red horse, suckers, dogfish, lawyers, lizards, or sheepshead taken in nets shall be brought to shore and buried, sold or otherwise lawfully disposed of; but none of such fish shall be returned to any waters of this state.

(3) Wherever the size of mesh of any net is specified in this chapter it shall be the size of such mesh at the time of sale by the manufacturer of the net; but this rule shall not apply if the reduction of the size of mesh by shrinkage is not a natural and necessary consequence of the use and preservation of the net in the customary manner.

SECTION 43. Subsection 3 of section 25, chapter 489, laws of 1905; the introductory clause, and subsections (a) and (d) of section 4560a—1; part of subsection 2 of section 4560a—4; subsections 5 and 6 of section 4560a—12; section 4560a—25; the first paragraph, and subsection (a) of section 4560a—27; section 4560a—28; section 4560a—29; subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 8 of section 4560a—40; section 4560a—42; subsection 1, and subsection 3 of section 4560a—42m; section 4560a—43; subsection 1 of section 4560a—44; section 4560a—45; section 4560a—46; section 4560a—47; the first paragraph and paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of subsection 1, and subsections 2 and 4 of section

4560a—48; and section 4567a of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.34, and revised to read:

62.34 NET AND SET LINE LICENSES, DIP NETS, MINNOW NETS; LAKES SUPERIOR AND MICHIGAN.

(1) Net or set line licenses which shall authorize the use of one or more of the kinds of nets or set lines named in subsection (3) of this section, as further limited in this section, for the taking, catching, or killing of fish in the waters of Lake Superior, Lake Michigan, Green Bay, Sturgeon Bay, and the Fox river below the dam at De Pere, shall be issued, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, by the state conservation commission to any person duly applying therefor.

(2) In addition to the facts required by section 62.11, each such license, and the application therefor, shall state the name and kind of vessel and whether with or without a steam lifter, and the number and kind of nets or set lines, to be covered by the license for which the applicant applies.

(3) Each such license shall be effective only from the first day of January until the thirty-first day of December of the same year; and the fee for each such license issued to any resident of this state is two dollars for a gill net or nets, or pound net or nets; and one dollar for a fyke net or nets, drop net or nets, seine, trammel net, trap net or nets, or set line or lines. The fee for each such license issued to any nonresident is the same as the resident fee, except for gill nets operated in conjunction with or from any vessel; and for gill nets so operated two dollars for any vessel propelled by oars, paddle, or pole, fifty dollars for any other vessel propelled otherwise than by steam, one hundred dollars for any steam vessel without a steam lifter, and two hundred dollars for any steam vessel with a steam lifter.

(4) No such licensed net or set line shall be used until the same is equipped with metal tags stamped to designate the kind of net or set line and number of the license covering the same. One such tag shall be securely fastened to each two thousand lineal feet, or fraction thereof, of gill net or set line; one to each seven hundred lineal feet, or fraction thereof, of pound net leaders; one to each five hundred lineal feet, or fraction thereof, of seine; and one to each fyke, drop, trap, or trammel net. Such tags shall be furnished by the state conservation commission to the licensee at the time of issuing the license, on payment of a fee of twenty-five cents for each tag.

(5) On or before January tenth following the expiration of his license, each such licensee shall report to the state conservation commission in writing, on blanks furnished by said commis-

sion, the number of the license; the kind, number and size of the nets, and set lines used; the number of pounds and value of each variety of fish caught with each kind of net, or set line; and such other information as may be required on the blanks furnished.

(6) No such licensed net or set line shall be used for taking, catching, or killing fish of any variety during the close season therefor, or in excess of the bag limit in the open season, as prescribed in this chapter; nor shall any lake trout less than fourteen inches long be taken or retained in any pound net.

(7) The use of such licensed nets or set lines, and of dip nets, minnow seines, and minnow dip nets in the waters specified in this section, is further limited as indicated in the following table, which shall mean that in the waters described in each square under the heading "Locality," only such nets or set lines may be used as are designated opposite such squares, respectively, in the column headed "Kind of net or set line," having the dimensions set opposite the designations of such nets and set lines, respectively, in the double column headed "Dimensions," and only during the periods of time, respectively, extending from the date first entered to the date last entered, both inclusive, opposite the squares including the designations of such nets or set lines or groups thereof, respectively, in the column headed "May be used," and for taking only the varieties of fish specified opposite the squares including the dates or groups of dates, respectively, in the column headed "For taking;" but if, on account of stress of weather, the licensee shall be unable to raise and bring in his nets, or set lines, and the fish caught therein, at the termination of the period during which they may be used, he shall have three days of grace thereafter within which to do so:

Locality	Kind of net or set line	Dimensions		May be used	For taking	
		Maximum size	Minimum mesh inches			
(a) In all waters of Lake Superior, except those specified in paragraphs (b) to (f) inclusive.	Gill net	—	3½	Nov. 1-Oct. 1	Rough fish Whitefish	
	Pound net	—	—	—	—	
	Fyke net	—	2¼	—	—	
	Seine	—	3	Nov. 1-Sept. 15	Lake trout	
	Drop net	—	—	—	—	
	Trammel net	—	—	Nov. 1-Mar. 10	Pickereel	
	Trap net	—	—	May 1-Oct. 1	Pike	
	Gill net	—	2¾	Nov. 1-Oct. 1	Herring	
(b) In Lake Superior within one mile of the main shore, except in waters specified in paragraphs (c) to (f) inclusive.	Gill net	—	4¼	Nov. 1-Oct. 1	Rough fish Whitefish	
	Pound net	—	4	—	—	
	Fyke net	—	2¾	—	—	
	Seine	—	4	Nov. 1-Sept. 15	Lake trout	
	Drop net	—	—	—	—	
	Trammel net	—	—	Nov. 1-Mar. 10	Pickereel	
	Trap net	—	—	May 1-Oct. 1	Pike	
		Gill net	—	3¾	Nov. 1-July 15	Rough fish Whitefish
		Pound net	—	2	Sept. 15-Oct. 1	—
		Seine	—	2	Nov. 1-July 15	Lake trout
(c) In Lake Superior, within one thousand feet of the entry of the channel between Wisconsin Point and Minnesota Point, or within one thousand feet of the mouth of any stream or river flowing into said lake.						
	None.					
(d) In the waters of Chequamegon bay included within the following boundaries: Beginning at Houghton stone quarry, Bayfield county, thence along the shore line of said bay to the line between sections two and three, township forty-eight north, range three west; thence north on a straight line to Long Island; thence along the south and west shores of Long Island to the extreme northwest point of said island; thence southwesterly on a straight line to the point of beginning; except as provided in paragraph (c).	Gill net	—	4¼	Jan. 1-May 1	Rough fish Lake trout Whitefish	
				Jan. 1-Mar. 10	Pike Pickereel	
	Gill net	—	2¾	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	Rough fish	
	Pound net	—	2			
	Seine	—	3			

Locality	Kind of net or set line	Dimensions		May be used	For taking
		Maximum size	Minimum mesh inches		
(e) In Lake Superior within one mile from the shores of Douglas county, except in waters specified in paragraphs (c) and (f).	Gill net	—	4 $\frac{1}{4}$	Nov. 1-Oct. 1	Rough fish Whitefish
	Pound net	—	4		
	Fyke net	—	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	Nov. 1-Sept. 15	Lake trout
	Seine	—	4		
	Drop net	—	—	Nov. 1-Mar. 10	Pickerel Pike
	Trammel net	—	—		
	Trap net	—	—	May 1-Oct. 1	
				Nov. 1-July 15	Rough fish
				Sept. 15-Oct. 1	Whitefish
				Nov. 1-July 15	Lake trout
			Nov. 1-Mar. 10	Pickerel	
			May 1-July 15	Pike	
			Sept. 15-Oct. 1		
	Pound net	—	2 $\frac{3}{8}$	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	Herring
(f) In Lake Superior within the boundary of Douglas county, in water less than ten feet deep, or within six hundred feet of the shore, or within one thousand feet of any pier, harbor or entrance.	None.				
(g) In all waters of Lake Michigan except those specified in paragraphs (h) to (v), inclusive.	Gill net	—	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Rough fish Lake trout Whitefish
	Pound net	—	3 $\frac{1}{2}$		
	Fyke net	—	2 $\frac{1}{4}$	Dec. 1-Mar. 10	Pickerel Pike
	Seine	—	3		
	Drop net	—	—	May 1-Nov. 1	
	Trammel net	—	—		
Trap net	—	—			
(h) In Lake Michigan waters less than forty fathoms deep except the waters specified in paragraphs (i) to (v), inclusive.	Gill net	—	4	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Rough fish Lake trout Whitefish
	Pound net	—	3 $\frac{1}{2}$		
	Fyke net	—	2 $\frac{1}{4}$	Dec. 1-Mar. 10	Pickerel Pike
	Seine	—	3		
	Drop net	—	—	May 1-Nov. 1	
	Trammel net	—	—		
Trap net	—	—			
	Gill net	—	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Rough fish
(i) In the waters bordering on Door county except those specified in paragraphs (j) to (v), inclusive.	Gill net	—	4	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Rough fish Lake trout Whitefish
	Pound net	—	3 $\frac{1}{2}$		
	Seine	—	3	Dec. 1-Mar. 10	Pickerel Pike
	Drop net	—	—		
	Trammel net	—	—	May 1-Nov. 1	
Trap net	—	—			
	Gill net	—	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Rough fish
(j) In Lake Michigan within one-half of a mile of the shore, except the waters specified in paragraphs (k) to (v), inclusive.	Pound net	—	2	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Rough fish
	Seine	—	3		
	Dip net	—	—		

Locality	Kind of net or set line	Dimensions		May be used	For taking
		Maximum size	Minimum mesh inches		
(k) In Lake Michigan within one-half of a mile from any harbor, pier, or breakwater, or within one-quarter of a mile from the mouth of any stream except the waters specified in paragraphs (l) to (v), inclusive.	Seine..... Dip net	— 6 ft. dia.	3 —	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Carp
(l) In Mud Bay, in the town of Bailey's Harbor, Door county.	None.				
(m) Rowley's Bay and Mink River: The waters lying north and west of a straight line running easterly from the point where the section line between section number twenty-five and section thirty-six, township thirty-two, range twenty-eight east, intersects the meandered line of Rowley's Bay to the point where the section line between section twenty-nine and section thirty-two, township thirty-two, range twenty-nine east, intersects the meandered line of Rowley's Bay.	None.				
(n) In Detroit Harbor, the waters lying north and west of a straight line running in an easterly direction from the extreme southern point of lot three in section fourteen, township thirty-three north, of range twenty-nine east, to the most southerly point of lot two, in section eighteen, township thirty-three north, of range thirty east.	None.				
(o) In Green Bay, except the waters specified in paragraphs (p) to (v), inclusive.	Gill net	—	4	April 1-May 1	Lake trout Whitefish
	Gill net	—	—	May 1-Mar. 10	Pickrel Pike
	Gill net	—	2%	May 1-April 1	Rough fish
	Gill net	—	2%	Jan. 1-April 1	Herring
	Pound net	—	2	April 1-May 1	Herring
	Pound net	—	3½	Dec. 1-April 1	Lake trout
	Fyke net	—	2%	May 1-Nov. 1	Whitefish
	Seine	—	3		
Drop net	—	—	May 1-Mar. 10	Pickrel Pike	
Trammel net	—	—	May 1-April 1	Rough fish	
Trap net	—	—			

Locality	Kind of net or set line	Dimensions		May be used	For taking
		Maximum size	Minimum mesh inches		
(p) In the waters of Green Bay bordering on Door county except those specified in paragraphs (q) to (v), inclusive.	Gill net	—	4	April 1-May 1	Lake trout Whitefish
				May 1-Mar. 10	Pickeral Pike
	Gill net	—	2¾	May 1-April 1	Rough fish
	Gill net	—	2½	Jan. 1-April 1	Herring
	Pound net	—	2	April 1-May 1	Herring
	Pound net	—	3½	Dec. 1-April 1	Lake trout Whitefish
	Seine	—	3	May 1-Nov. 1	
	Drop net	—	—	May 1-Mar. 10	Pickeral Pike
	Trammel net	—	—	May 1-April 1	Rough fish
(q) On perch and herring grounds in the waters of Green Bay and the Fox river below the dam at De Pere except the waters specified in paragraphs (r) to (v), inclusive.	Gill net	—	4	April 1-May 1	Lake trout Whitefish
				May 1-Mar. 10	Pickeral Pike
	Gill net	—	2¾	May 1-April 1	Rough fish
	Gill net	—	2½	Jan. 1-April 1	Herring
	Pound net	—	2	April 1-May 1	Herring
	Pound net	—	2	Dec. 1-April 1	Lake trout Whitefish
	Fyke net	—	2¾	May 1-Nov. 1	
	Seine	—	3		
	Drop net	—	—	May 1-Mar. 10	Pike Pickeral
(r) On perch and herring grounds in the waters of Green Bay bordering on Door county, except the waters specified in paragraphs (s) to (v), inclusive.	Trammel net	—	—	May 1-April 1	Rough fish
	Gill net	—	4	April 1-May 1	Lake trout Whitefish
				May 1-Mar. 10	Pickeral Pike
	Gill net	—	2¾	May 1-April 1	Rough fish
	Gill net	—	2½	Jan. 1-April 1	Herring
	Pound net	—	2	April 1-May 1	Herring
	Pound net	—	2	Dec. 1-April 1	Lake trout Whitefish
	Seine	—	3	May 1-Nov. 1	
	Drop net	—	—	May 1-Mar. 10	Pike Pickeral
(s) In Green Bay within one-third a mile of the shore, except in the waters specified in paragraphs (t), (u) and (v).	Trammel net	—	—	May 1-April 1	Rough fish
	Pound net	—	2		
	Seine	—	3	May 1-April 1	Rough fish
Dip net	—	—			

Locality	Kind of net or set line	Dimensions		May be used	For taking
		Maximum size	Minimum mesh inches		
(t) In Green Bay within one-third a mile of any harbor, pier or breakwater, except in the waters specified in paragraphs (u) and (v).	Seine Dip net	—	?	May 1-April 1	Carp
(u) In Sturgeon Bay, the waters lying south of a straight line running easterly from Sherwood Point lighthouse to a point where the south line of lot one in section nineteen, township twenty-eight north, of range twenty-six east, intersects the meandered line of Sturgeon Bay, including also the waters of Sawyer's Harbor.	None.				
(v) In Little Sturgeon Bay, south of a straight line drawn from Horseshoe or Squaw Island to Bonnet's Point on the mainland.	None.				
(w) In all the waters of Lake Superior.	Set line	—	—	Dec. 1-Oct. 15	Rough fish Whitefish White bass Silver bass Rock bass
				Dec. 1-Mar. 1 May 29-Oct. 15	Black bass Yellow bass
				Dec. 1-Sept. 15	Lake trout
				Dec. 1-Mar. 10 May 1-Oct. 15	Pickeral Pike
(x) In all waters of Lake Michigan except Green Bay.	Set line	—	—	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Rough fish Lake trout Whitefish White bass Silver bass Rock bass
				Dec. 1-Mar. 1 May 29-Nov. 1	Black bass Yellow bass
				Dec. 1-Mar. 10 May 1-Nov. 1	Pickeral Pike
(y) In all waters of Green Bay and the Fox river below the dam at De Pere.	Set line	—	—	Dec. 1-April 1 May 1-Nov. 1	Lake trout Whitefish
				May 1-April 1	Rough fish White bass Silver bass Rock bass
				May 29-Mar. 1 May 1-Mar. 10	Black bass Yellow bass Pickeral Pike

Locality	Kind of net or set line	Dimensions		May be used	For taking
		Maximum size	Minimum mesh inches		
(z) In all waters of Lake Superior.	Gill net	1,000 feet	1%	Nov. 1-Oct. 1	Bloaters
	Minnow seine	50 ft. long 5 ft. deep	—	Nov. 1-Oct. 1	Rough fish minnows
	Minnow dip net....	—	—	—	—
(za) In all waters of Lake Michigan except Green Bay.	Gill net	—	1%	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Bloaters
	Minnow seine	50 ft. long 5 ft. deep	—	Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Rough fish minnows
	Minnow dip net....	—	—	—	—
(zb) In all waters of Green Bay and the Fox river below the dam at De Pere.	Gill net	—	1%	May 1-April 1	Bloaters
	Minnow seine	50 ft. long 5 ft. deep	—	May 1-April 1	Rough fish minnows
	Minnow dip net....	—	—	—	—

SECTION 44. Subsections (c), (d), (g), (h), (i), (k), (l) and (n) of section 4560a—10 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.35, and revised to read:

62.35 NET LICENSES; MISSISSIPPI RIVER WATERS.

(1) Net licenses which shall authorize the use of the nets named in subsection (3) of this section, as further limited in this section, during the period of time extending from the fifteenth day of June to the next succeeding fifteenth day of April, for taking, catching, or killing fish of any kind except as specified in subsection (6) of this section, in the waters of the Mississippi river, Lake Pepin, and Lake St. Croix, and the lakes, bays, bayous, and sloughs tributary thereto and connected therewith, except the waters described in subsection (7) of this section, shall be issued, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, by the state conservation commission to any resident of this state duly applying therefor.

(2) Before any such license is issued, the applicant shall execute and deliver to the state conservation commission a bond running to the state of Wisconsin, in the sum of two hundred dollars, with two sureties, and conditioned that if the applicant shall well and faithfully observe and comply with all the provisions of this chapter, said obligation to be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force. Each said surety shall be worth

and qualify in at least the sum of two hundred dollars, over and above all his debts and liabilities, in property within this state not exempt from sale on execution.

(3) Each such license shall expire on the fifteenth day of April next succeeding the date of its issue, and shall authorize the use of one or more of the following nets only: Seines not exceeding a total length of four thousand feet, and having meshes of not less than five inches on the wings, or four inches in the center of the pot, the pot not exceeding one hundred and fifty feet in length; gill nets having meshes of not less than seven inches; pound or hoop nets, having meshes of not less than six inches in the leaders, five inches in the hearts, or three inches in the hoops; and bait nets to be used without leads, having meshes of not less than three inches, and not more than a four-foot hoop front. No licensee shall join his seine to that of any other licensee.

(4) The fee for each such license is as follows: for seines, one dollar per hundred for the first five hundred lineal feet, two dollars per hundred for the second five hundred lineal feet, three dollars per hundred for the third five hundred lineal feet, four dollars per hundred for the fourth five hundred lineal feet, five dollars per hundred for the fifth five hundred lineal feet, and six dollars for each one hundred lineal feet over twenty-five hundred; for gill nets, five dollars for the first two thousand lineal feet, and five dollars for each additional one thousand lineal feet; for pound or hoop nets, five dollars for each seven hundred lineal feet of leader and one pound, and five dollars for each additional pound; for bait nets, one dollar each.

(5) No such licensed net shall be used until the same is equipped with metal tags stamped to designate the kind of net and number of the license covering the same. One such tag shall be securely fastened to each five hundred lineal feet, or fraction thereof, of seine; one to each two thousand lineal feet, or fraction thereof, of gill net; and one to each fyke, hoop, or bait net. Such tags shall be furnished by the state conservation commission to the licensee at the time of issuing the license, on payment of a fee of twenty-five cents for each tag.

(6) No such licensed net shall be used for taking, catching, or killing any of the following named fish: catfish of any variety under fifteen inches in length in the rough, or twelve inches dressed with the head detached; pike of any variety; bass of any variety; crappies; sunfish; pickerel; or perch.

(7) No such licensed net shall be used for taking, catching, or killing fish of any kind in any of the following named waters: Rice lake, French lake, Mud lake, Round lake, French

slough, Spring creek, Spring slough, and Black river, in La Crosse county; Courtois pond and Frenchtown slough, in Crawford county; Cassville slough from Glen Haven to Cassville; Daley lake, Wyalusing bay, and Glen lake between Wyalusing and the Burlington railway bridge, Plondke and Harris sloughs, Crawford lake, Ferry lake, and Bertram lake, all in Grant county; Trenton lake, Trenton slough, Mud lake and Mero slough in Pierce county; and Beef slough in Buffalo county; and the Mississippi river within fifteen hundred feet of the mouth of the Chippewa river.

(8) Each such licensee may construct temporary fish ponds and keep his fish therein until they can be marketed; and such fish may be transported to points within or without the state at any time in any quantity. A card shall be attached to the package or box in which the same shall be shipped, on which shall be written "Shipped under section 62.35," the signature of the licensee, and the number of his license.

(9) Each such licensee shall keep a strict record and account, as to each variety of fish and the number of pounds thereof, taken by him in such licensed nets; and shall report thereon to the state conservation commission on or before the tenth day of each month, covering his operations during the next preceding calendar month.

SECTION 45. Sections 4560a—35 and 4560a—52 of the statutes are renumbered to be section 62.36, and revised to read:

62.36 NET LICENSES; WHITEFISH AND CISCO IN INLAND LAKES. (1) Net licenses which shall authorize the use of not exceeding one hundred lineal feet of gill net, with meshes not less than two and one-half inches, for taking, catching, or killing whitefish in the waters of Rice Lake, Cedar lake, Bear lake, Long lake, Shell lake and Gilmore lake, in Barron and Washburn counties, or not exceeding one hundred lineal feet of gill net, with meshes not more than one and one-half inches, for the purpose of catching ciscos in the Chain of Lakes, Mirror and Shadow lakes, in Waupaca county, and Gilbert and Long lakes, in Waushara county, shall be issued without fee, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, by the state conservation commission to any person duly applying therefor.

(2) Each such license for taking whitefish shall be limited to the period of time extending from October first to October tenth, and for catching ciscos from November first to November twentieth, both dates inclusive; and no such whitefish licensee shall have in his possession or under his control at any time more than fifty pounds of whitefish, or sell, barter, or exchange any whitefish taken in such nets.

(3) No such licensed net shall be used until the same is equipped with a metal tag, stamped to designate the kind of net and number of the license covering the same, to be securely fastened to each such net. Such tag shall be furnished by the state conservation commission to the licensee at the time of issuing the license, on payment of a fee of twenty-five cents therefor.

SECTION 46. Subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 of section 4560a—2 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.37 and revised to read:

62.37 NET LICENSES; ROUGH FISH IN INLAND WATERS. (1) Net licenses which shall authorize the use of one or more of the kinds of nets named in subsection (3) of this section, as further limited in this section, for taking, catching or killing buffalo fish, carp, red horse, suckers, sheepshead, eelpout, garfish, and dogfish in all inland waters, except the waters named in subsection (5) of this section, may be issued, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, by the state conservation commission in its discretion to any resident of this state duly applying therefor.

(2) Before any such license is issued, the applicant shall execute and deliver to the state conservation commission a bond running to the state of Wisconsin, in the sum of two hundred dollars, with two sureties; and conditioned that if the applicant shall well and faithfully observe and comply with all the provisions of this chapter, said obligation to be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force. Each said surety shall be worth and shall qualify in at least the sum of two hundred dollars, over and above all his debts and liabilities, in property within this state not exempt from sale on execution.

(3) Each such license shall be limited to the period of time extending from the first day of June to the next succeeding first day of April, and the fee therefor is as follows: for seines of less than one thousand lineal feet, twenty-five dollars each; seines of one thousand lineal feet or over, fifty dollars each; for fyke or hoop nets, five dollars each.

(4) No such licensed net shall be used until the same is equipped with metal tags, stamped to designate the kind of net and number of the license covering the same; one such tag to be securely fastened to each net. Such tags shall be furnished by the state conservation commission to the licensee at the time of issuing the license, on payment of a fee of twenty-five cents for each tag.

(5) No such licensed net shall be used for taking, catching, or killing fish of any kind in any of the following named waters:

Rice lake, French lake, Mud lake, Round lake, French slough, Spring creek, Spring slough, and Black river in La Crosse county; all sloughs connected with the Black and Mississippi rivers in La Crosse county; Courtois pond and Frenchtown slough in Crawford county; Beaver lake and Rock river in Dodge county; Cassville slough from Glen Haven to Cassville, Daley lake, Wyalusing bay and Glen lakes between Wyalusing and the Burlington railroad bridge, Plondke and Harris sloughs. Crawford lake, Ferry lake and Bertram lake, all in Grant county, Koshkonong lake in Jefferson, Rock and Dane counties; Lakes Kegonsa, Waubesa, Monona and Mendota in Dane county; Round lake, Second lake, Third lake, Mud lake, Spring lake and Trempealeau river in Trempealeau county; all inland waters of Walworth county; Lake Poygan in Waushara and Winnebago counties; Lakes Winneconne, Butte des Morts and Little Butte des Morts in Winnebago county; Lake Winnebago in Winnebago, Calumet and Fond du Lac counties; the Fox and Wolf rivers; that part of the Mississippi river within fifteen hundred feet of the Chippewa river; Beef slough and all inland bays, sloughs, bayous, lakes and rivers in Buffalo county; Thompson lake, Dead lake and all inland bays, sloughs, bayous, lakes and rivers in Pepin county.

(6) Such licensed nets shall be used only under the direction and supervision of the state conservation commission; and the licensee shall pay a per diem of all expenses of the commission or its deputies incurred in such supervision.

(7) Each such licensee may construct temporary fish ponds and keep his fish therein until they can be marketed; and such fish may be transported to points within or without the state at any time in any quantity. A card shall be attached to the package or box in which the same shall be shipped, on which shall be written "Shipped under section 62.37," the signature of the licensee, and the number of his license.

SECTION 47. Section 4560a—2m of the statutes is renumbered to be section 62.38 and revised to read:

62.38 NET LICENSES; ROUGH FISH IN WINNEBAGO COUNTY. (1) The state conservation commission may upon due application therefor issue to any person a license to use and operate a seine, fyke, hoop net or turtle net in lakes Winnebago, Winneconne, Poygan, Butte des Morts, Little Butte des Morts, and the Fox and Wolf rivers, for the purpose of taking and catching rough fish between the first day of June of each year and the next succeeding first day of April. All the following varieties of fish so caught shall be the property of the licensee,

i. e., buffalo fish, carp, eelpout, dogfish, sheephead, bill-fish, red horse, suckers, lawyers and lizards.

(2) The fee for each such license is as follows: For a seine of five hundred feet and not over one thousand feet, twenty-five dollars; of one thousand feet or over, fifty dollars each; for seines of less than five hundred feet, or fyke, hoop or turtle nets, five dollars each. No nets shall be used until the same are equipped with metal tags, stamped to designate the kind of net and number to correspond with the number of the license authorizing the operation of said net or nets, one such metal tag to be securely fastened to each net. Such metal tag shall be furnished to the licensee by the state conservation commission on the payment of a fee of twenty-five cents for each tag. Whenever ordered by the commission, any licensee operating a seine, seines, fyke or hoop net, under the provisions of this section, shall do so under the direction and personal supervision of the state conservation commission or one of its deputies, but not otherwise; but the state conservation commission may order one deputy to direct and supervise the operation of a seine, seines, fyke or hoop nets by more than one licensee.

(3) All licenses, under the provisions of this section, shall be issued upon the express condition that each licensee operating a seine or seines shall pay to the state conservation commission one-half cent per pound for all fish taken under such license and which are packed, ready to ship. Any and all moneys so received by the commission shall be paid into the state treasury.

(4) Any licensee shall be allowed to ship or transport to any place he desires any fish taken under the provisions of this section except those required to be immediately returned to the waters. A card shall be attached to the package or box in which the same shall be shipped, on which shall be written "Shipped under section 62.38," the signature of the licensee and the number of his license.

(5) Each such licensee may construct temporary fish ponds and keep his fish therein until they can be marketed.

SECTION 48. Section 4560f—11 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 49. Subsection (q) of section 4560a—10; subsections 1, 2 and 3, part of subsection 4 and subsections 6 and 7 of section 4560d—1 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.39 and revised to read:

62.39 SET LINE LICENSES; MISSISSIPPI RIVER AND INLAND WATERS. (1) Set line licenses which shall authorize the use of one set line only, with not exceeding twenty-five hooks, in the waters of the Mississippi river, Lake Pepin, or

Lake St. Croix, or one or more set lines but not exceeding an aggregate of one thousand yards in inland waters, as further limited in this section, for taking, catching, or killing fish, shall be issued, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, by the county clerk of the county bordering on the waters where such set lines are intended and permitted to be used, to any person duly applying therefor.

(2) Each such license shall be limited to the period of time extending from the twenty-fifth day of May to the next succeeding fifteenth day of February. The fee for each such license is one dollar.

(3) No such licensed set line shall be used until the same is equipped with metal tags, stamped to designate the number of the license covering the same; one of which shall be securely fastened to each one hundred yards, or fraction thereof, of set line. Such tags shall be furnished by the state conservation commission to the county clerk, and by the latter to the licensee at the time of issuing the license, on payment of a fee of twenty-five cents for each tag. All fees received by county clerks for such metal tags shall be returned and reported in the same manner as are license fees, as prescribed in section 62.11, but without deduction.

(4) Such licensed set lines may be used only in the following named waters: Big Wolf river in Waupaca and Outagamie counties; Lake Winnebago, Lake Butte des Morts, Little Lake Butte des Morts, Lake Winneconne, Lake Poygan, Lake Puckaway, and the rivers connecting said Lakes; Fox river except below the dam at De Pere; Wisconsin river from the north line of Sauk county to its mouth; Black river from the north line of Jackson county to its mouth; the Chippewa river to the dam at Jims Falls, Chippewa county; Menominee river bordering on Marinette county; the Pecatonica river in Green county; and the Mississippi river, Lake Pepin, and Lake St. Croix.

(5) No such licensed set line shall be equipped with any hooks smaller than 5.0; nor shall any frog, minnow, or live bait be used on them except in the Chippewa river to the dam at Jims Falls, Chippewa county; and such lines shall be weighted so that all bait shall rest upon the bottom of the water.

SECTION 50. The first paragraph of section 4560a—3; and section 4560a—6 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.40 and revised to read:

62.40 DIP NETS IN INLAND WATERS. (1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall set, use, or operate any dip net in any of the waters of this state for taking,

catching, or killing fish of any variety other than as specified in this section.

(2) Dip nets not exceeding fourteen feet in diameter and with meshes of not less than two inches may be used for taking, catching, or killing buffalo fish, carp, eelpout, garfish, red horse, or suckers, in the streams and rivers flowing into Lake Michigan within a distance of ten miles from the mouth of such streams, except the Milwaukee river; in the Milwaukee river within a distance of thirty miles from its mouth; in the Fond du Lac river within three miles of its mouth; in Silver creek in the town of Ripon, Fond du Lac county, from the old Arcade dam to the Green Lake county line; and in Wolf river and all streams flowing into said river.

(3) Dip nets not exceeding eight feet in diameter with meshes of not less than four inches may be used for taking, catching, or killing rough fish in the Rock river; Crawfish river up to bridge number four in the town of Beaver Dam, Dodge county; Butternut lake, Ashland and Price counties; and all waters in Racine and Kenosha counties.

SECTION 51. Section 4560a—38, paragraphs (8) and (9) of subsection 1 of section 4560d of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.41, and revised to read:

62.41 MINNOW NETS IN INLAND WATERS. (1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall set, use, or operate any minnow seine, or minnow dip net in any of the waters of this state for taking, catching, or killing fish of any variety other than as specified in this section.

(2) Minnow seines not exceeding twenty feet in length and five feet in depth, and minnow dip nets not exceeding four feet in diameter may be used in all inland waters for taking, catching, or killing rough fish minnows for bait only; but not in any such waters, creeks, or streams inhabited by trout or in which trout have been planted, or in Turtle creek in Walworth and Rock counties, unless supervised by the state conservation commission or its deputies.

SECTION 52. The first paragraph, and subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of section 1498—2; subsection 9 of section 4560a—12; the introductory clause, and subsection (b) of section 4560a—13; section 4560a—39; the first two sentences of the second paragraph of section 4560a—31; subsection 2 of section 4560a—44; part of section 4560a—47; and section 4565 l of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.42, and revised to read:

62.42 TRANSPORTATION OF FISH. (1) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall sell or bar-

ter, or cause to be sold or bartered, or transport or cause to be transported, or deliver or receive or offer to deliver or receive for transportation, any game fish taken from inland waters during the period extending from the first day of January to the next succeeding thirtieth day of May of each year.

(2) In addition to the restrictions of subsection (1) of this section, and section 62.10, except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall transport or cause to be transported, or deliver or receive or offer to deliver or receive for transportation, at any time, any fish taken from inland waters other than as follows:

(a) One shipment only, of not more than one package, and containing not more than twenty pounds of fish of any variety other than those named in paragraphs (c), (d) and (e) of this subsection, or containing in lieu thereof not more than two such fish of any weight, may be transported by any resident or any nonresident licensee in each period of seven days, to any point within or without this state. For the purpose of this section, nonresident fishing licenses shall be issued by the state conservation commission on due application to any nonresident female of the age of sixteen years or over upon the same terms and conditions governing the issuance of such licenses to nonresident males.

(b) Any shipment containing more than twenty but not exceeding fifty pounds of fish of any variety other than those named in paragraphs (c), (d) and (e) of this subsection may be transported to any point within this state only, when accompanied by the consignor from the point of shipment to the point of destination.

(c) Trout of any variety other than lake trout may be transported to any point within or without this state, when accompanied by the consignor from the point of shipment to the point of destination.

(d) One shipment only, containing not more than twenty pounds of lake trout taken from inland waters, may be transported by any person in each period of seven days, to any point within or without this state, when accompanied by the consignor from the point of shipment to the point of destination.

(e) Chubs, dace, suckers, carp, red horse, sheepshead, eel-pout, dogfish, garfish, buffalo fish, bill-fish, lawyers and lizards may be shipped regardless of the limitations of this section, but subject to the provisions of subsection (5) of section 62.10.

(3) In addition to the restrictions of section 62.10, the transportation of fish taken in outlying waters is subject to the following further limitations:

(a) No green fish of any variety other than lake trout, whitefish, or herring, shall be shipped from any port on Green Bay and the Fox river below the dam at De Pere during the time extending from the first day of April to the next succeeding first day of May of each year.

(b) Pike and pickerel taken from any outlying waters shall not be transported to points without this state, except only under the limitations prescribed in paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section; and except that pike and pickerel lawfully taken from Lake Superior, Lake Michigan, Green Bay and the Fox river below the dam at De Pere may be transported to points within or without the state without limitation as to quantity. All such shipments shall be billed only from a port on said waters directly to their destination, and shall not be rebilled or reshipped from any other point within this state.

(4) Any shipment of fish of any variety originating at any point in this state other than the ports located on outlying waters, is subject to the provisions of this section governing the transportation of fish taken from inland waters.

(5) Pike and pickerel in their natural frozen state, whether dressed or undressed, imported from any foreign country, are not subject to the provisions of this section; but the person importing, transporting, dealing in, or selling such fish shall keep a separate record of all shipments and consignments thereof, containing the number of pounds, the date received, the name of the consignor, and the name of the carrier transporting the same, which shall be at all times open to inspection by the state conservation commission or its deputies.

(6) Live carp minnows and dogfish minnows shall not be transported within the state.

FROGS, CRAWFISH AND CLAMS.

SECTION 53. Subsection 1 of section 4560a—15 and subsections 1, 2 and 3 of section 4560da of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.43 and revised to read:

62.43 CLOSE SEASON FOR CRAWFISH AND FROGS. Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no person shall take, catch or kill in any waters of this state, any variety of crawfish or crabs between the first day of March and the next succeeding tenth day of June; or any frog during the months of March and April of each year; but nothing in this section shall prevent any person from having frogs in his possession who is in business of propagating frogs or where same are used for scientific and educational purposes.

SECTION 54. Subsections 4 and 5 of section 4560da of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 4565dm and amended to read:

TAKING FROGS ON LANDS OF ANOTHER. Section 4565dm. It shall be unlawful for any person to take, catch, kill or have in his possession any frogs or parts of frogs taken from lands owned by another without the consent of the owner of said lands, and any person violating the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than fifteen days, nor more than sixty days.

SECTION 55. Sections 1498t—1 and 1498t—10 of the statutes are renumbered to be section 62.44 and revised to read:

62.44 NONRESIDENT CLAMMING LICENSES. (1) No person who is not a resident of this state or has resided in this state less than one year next previous shall take, catch, or kill any clam in the inland waters of the state unless a license therefor has been duly issued to him. Such licenses shall be issued subject to the provisions of section 62.11 by the state conservation commission to all such persons duly applying therefor. The fee for each such license is fifty dollars. Each such licensee may use one boat only, in the exercise of his clamming privilege.

(2) No person shall take, catch, or kill any mussels in any of the waters of this state at any time with the use of a dredge.

DESTRUCTION OF INJURIOUS ANIMALS.

SECTION 56. Subsection 5 of section 4565c—5 is renumbered to be section 62.45 and revised to read:

62.45 MUSKRATS IN CRANBERRY MARSHES. The owner of any cranberry marsh may in any manner kill muskrats at any time when said muskrats are destroying the dams of such owner; but shall not sell, barter, or give, or offer to sell, barter, or give to any other person the skin of any such muskrats killed during the close season therefor.

SECTION 57. All but the first sentence of subsection 2 of section 4565c—5 of the statutes is renumbered to be section 62.46 and revised to read:

62.46 BEAVERS DOING DAMAGE. The state conservation commission, or its deputies by its direction, may at any time capture and take alive, and transplant to such other suitable locality as may be determined by the commission, any beaver or beavers causing damage by reason of dams built by

Thereupon said chairman shall cause to be removed in his presence the scalp of said animal with both ears and both of the upper eyelids entire, and may issue a certificate to said claimant in duplicate, in the following form :

STATE OF WISCONSIN, }
County of , Town of } ss.

I,, chairman of said town in said county, do certify that has this day of , 19. . . , at o'clock M., exhibited to me the carcass of a , which he claims to have killed in said town on the day of 19. . . . , and that the scalp with both ears and both of the upper eyelids entire of said were removed in my presence and that he delivered to me the statement in writing required by law of him to be made.

Given under my hand and witnessed this day of , 19. . . .

In the presence of: Chairman of the Town
.
.

Such statement and a duplicate copy of such certificate shall be filed and recorded in the office of the town clerk of said town within ten days after the same is issued.

(3) Thereupon such claimant shall within thirty days after the killing of any such animal produce the scalp of the animal killed with both ears and both of the upper eyelids entire to the county clerk and register of deeds of said county and shall take and subscribe before the county clerk the following oath :

STATE OF WISCONSIN, }
County of } ss.

I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that the scalp produced by me is the scalp of a taken and killed by me in the town of in said county on the day of , 19. . . ; that I made and delivered to the chairman of said town the statement required by law, and exhibited to him the carcass of such ; that the certificate of said chairman now produced by me was signed in my presence and in the presence of and that I have not spared the life of any wolf, wildcat or lynx within my power to kill, and that each and every declaration and statement made by me in the statement delivered to the chairman of said town is true.

., Claimant.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of , 19. . . .

.
County Clerk.

(4) Such clerk and register of deeds shall cause such scalp to be destroyed in their presence, and the clerk shall issue an order in favor of the claimant for the amount due from the county, and shall enter in a book the name of the claimant, date of oath and amount paid by said county to such claimant, and within ten days shall transmit to the secretary of state such oath together with a certificate on blanks furnished by the secretary of state in the following form:

STATE OF WISCONSIN, }
 County of } ss.

I,, county clerk of said county, do certify that, who subscribed the foregoing affidavit, presented to me and the register of deeds at said time the scalp of a ... with both ears and both upper eyelids entire; that we caused such scalp with both ears and both upper eyelids entire to be destroyed in our presence before the signing of this certificate; that the certificate of the chairman of the town of ... is on file in the office of the county clerk; that said county of ... paid the said, claimant, who subscribed to the said oath the sum of ... dollars for the killing of said ... mentioned in said oath.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at ..., this ... day of ..., 19..

.....
 County Clerk.

On receipt of such oath and certificate by the secretary of state, he shall audit such claim and issue his warrant for its payment.

SECTION 59. Sections 1629 and 1630 are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.48 of the statutes and revised to read:

62.48 POISONED BAITS FOR WOLVES, WILDCATS AND LYNXES. For the destruction of wolves, wildcats or lynxes it is lawful to put out baits containing poison between the first day of December and the first day of March, but the same shall not be placed within eighty rods of a dwelling house, and the person putting out such baits shall, before doing so, post in three public places in the town notice of putting out such baits, describing the land and location where such baits are placed and the date when put out, and within three days after the first day of March shall take up and effectually destroy the same. For failure or neglect to so post such notices or to so take up and destroy said baits the person so putting out the same shall be liable for all damages resulting therefrom. The same reward shall be paid for any wolf, lynx or wildcat so destroyed by poison as is provided in section 62.47.

SECTION 60. Sections 1630a, 1630b, 1630c and 1630d of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.49 and revised to read:

62.49 DESTRUCTION OF OTHER INJURIOUS ANIMALS; REWARDS. (1) The county board of any county may direct that every person who shall kill any crow shall be entitled to a reward of not to exceed fifteen cents, or any hen hawk twenty-five cents, or any pocket gopher twenty-five cents, or any streaked gopher ten cents, or any English sparrow four cents, or any rattlesnake fifty cents.

(2) Any person claiming such reward shall exhibit the head or rattles of the animal so killed to the chairman of the town or the president of the village wherein it was killed and present an affidavit to such president or chairman, stating that said head or rattles are of the animal killed by him and that he has not spared the life of any such animal or bird within his power to kill. Such chairman or president shall then issue a certificate in the following form:

STATE OF WISCONSIN, }
County of } ss.

I,, chairman of the town of (or president of the village of), do certify that has this day exhibited to me the head (or rattles) of, which he claims to have killed in said town (village), and that the head (or rattles) of said was (were) destroyed in my presence, and that the said is on presentation of this certificate to the town clerk (village clerk), within twenty days from the date hereof, entitled to an order on the town (village) treasurer for the sum of dollars, to be drawn from the general fund of said town (village).

Dated this day of, 19...

.....
Chairman (president) of the town (village) of.....

(3) The town or village clerk, respectively, shall on the production of the certificate of the chairman of the town, or president of the village, issue to the holder thereof an order on the town or village treasurer, respectively, for the amount stated in said certificate.

(4) The treasurers of the various villages and towns shall, at the close of their accounts on the thirtieth day of October in each year certify to the county clerk the amount of moneys expended by their respective towns and villages under the provisions of this section. Such treasurer shall attach to the certificate an affidavit stating that the account is just and that his

town or village has actually expended the amount therein stated. The certificate and affidavit shall be placed on file in the office of the county clerk and the account shall be audited by the county board and the amount thereof paid to the treasurers of the respective towns and villages from any money in the general fund of the county not otherwise appropriated.

SECTION 61. Sections 4560f—10, 4560f—11m and 4560f—12 of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.50 and revised to read:

62.50 DESTRUCTION OF INJURIOUS FISH. (1) The state conservation commission is authorized to take, or cause to be taken, by means of nets from any of the inland waters in this state, exclusive of Rock river in Dodge county and Lake Koshkonong, buffalo fish, carp, dogfish, garfish, lawyers, lizards, eelpout, red horse, sheephead or suckers whenever it shall find that such fish or any of them are detrimental to and tend to retard the propagation of, or destroy game fish therein; and in addition to the above-named rough fish may take from Lakes Poygan, Winneconne, Winnebago, Buttes des Morts, and Little Lake Buttes des Morts, and the rivers connecting said lakes, and the Fox river in Winnebago county bullheads for sale in this state in such quantities as together with the net proceeds of the sale of the above-named rough fish taken from said waters will pay all expenses of taking the same.

(2) All such fish shall be disposed of as provided in subsection (1) of section 62.05.

(3) For the purpose of keeping such fish until the same can be disposed of to the best interests of the state, the state conservation commission may create or cause to be created temporary fishponds in the waters of this state.

DOMESTICATION AND PROPAGATION OF WILD ANIMALS AND BIRDS.

SECTION 62. Subsections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of section 1498im are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.51 of the statutes and revised to read:

62.51 GAME FARMERS' LICENSES. (1) Game farmer's licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to engage in the business of breeding and selling moose, caribou, elk, deer, beaver, otter, fisher, marten, mink, muskrats, raccoons, or wild birds, as limited herein, shall be issued, subject to the provisions of section 62.11, by the state conservation commission to any person duly applying therefor.

(2) In addition to the facts required by section 62.11, each such license, and the application therefor, shall state the descrip-

tion of the premises to be covered by the license, that the same are wholly enclosed or are an entire island, and that the applicant or licensee is the owner or lessee thereof. The fee for each such license is five dollars.

(3) Any such licensee may possess, transport, or sell any such wild animals only as hereinafter set forth. The quarters or loins of the carcasses of any such moose, caribou, elk or deer, and the skins of any such fur bearing animals, and the carcasses of such wild birds, may be possessed, transported, or sold at any time, but only if tagged under the supervision of the state conservation commission, with an indestructible tag or seal, to be supplied by the commission to the licensee upon payment of the actual cost thereof. A complete record of such tags and tagging shall be kept at the office of the state conservation commission. Such tags or seals shall remain attached to the carcasses or parts thereof, as aforesaid, until the same shall have been wholly consumed.

(4) The keeper of a hotel, restaurant, boarding house, or club, or any retail dealer in meats may sell portions of any such carcasses or parts thereof, tagged and sealed as aforesaid, to any patron or customer for actual consumption; and no license shall be required by any such person or club.

(5) Any common carrier may at any time transport any such carcass or part thereof, if tagged or sealed as aforesaid; but to every package containing such tagged or sealed carcass or part thereof, shall be affixed an additional tag or label upon which shall be plainly printed or written the name of the licensee, the name of the consignee, the name of the person by whom the same were tagged or sealed, and the number of carcasses or parts thereof contained therein.

(6) On or before the 15th day of May of each year, each such licensee shall make a report to the state conservation commission covering the period from the 1st day of May to the 30th day of April next preceding, and stating the total number of such wild animals killed, transported, or sold during said period under the provisions of this section, the names of the persons to whom the same were transported or sold and the names of the persons by whom the same were tagged and sealed. Each such report shall be verified by the affidavit of the licensee.

(7) The premises used for the breeding of moose, caribou, elk, or deer, pursuant to this section shall be enclosed by a fence of a pattern to be approved by the state conservation commission, not less than seven feet high.

SECTION 63. Subsection 2 of section 4560a—17 and section 4566j of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.52 and revised to read:

62.52 PROPAGATION OF WILD ANIMALS. (1) The state conservation commission may, on application of any park board, grant permits to take, have, sell, barter, or transport, at any time, live wild animals for park purposes. Such applications shall be verified by affidavit stating that the applicants are members of said board at the time of the application.

(2) The state conservation commission may, on application of any person, grant a permit to such person to take and transport wild birds for propagation within the state, under the supervision of the commission or its deputies.

SECTION 64. Section 1498—25 is renumbered to be section 62.53 of the statutes and revised to read:

62.53 PROPAGATION OF GAME BIRDS. The state conservation commission is authorized to take or purchase wild birds and their eggs for propagation. The distribution of said wild birds and eggs shall be made throughout the various parts of the state under the supervision and direction of the commission, and according to such regulations as they shall prescribe.

SECTION 65. Section 4565e—10 of the statutes is renumbered to be section 62.54 and is revised to read:

62.54 FOREST COUNTY GAME REFUGE. Township thirty-eight north, range twelve east, and township thirty-eight north, range thirteen east, Forest county, shall be known as the Forest County Game Refuge. No person shall, within said refuge, at any time or in any manner, take, catch, kill, hunt or pursue any wild mammal or bird for which a close season is prescribed in this chapter.

PROPAGATION OF FISH.

SECTION 66. Sections 1497, 1497a, 1497d and 1498n of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.55 and revised to read:

62.55 GENERAL CONTROL. (1) The state conservation commission shall have general charge of the following matters and all necessary powers therefor.

(a) The propagation and breeding of fish of such species and varieties as they deem of value.

(b) The collection and diffusion of useful information in regard to the propagation and preservation of fish.

(c) The government and control, supply and repair of the state hatcheries, the grounds used therefor, whether owned or leased, the buildings, ponds, apparatus and all other property belonging to or held by the state for the propagation of fish.

(d) The purchase and establishment and control in like manner of new hatcheries when appropriations shall be made by law, and the establishment of such temporary hatching stations as they may deem necessary.

(e) The receiving from the commissioner of fisheries of the United States and from the commissioners of fisheries of other states or other persons all spawn, fry and fish donated to the state or purchased, and in the most practical ways by exchange or otherwise, to procure, receive, distribute and dispose of spawn and fish; to make contracts and carry out the same for the transportation of fish cars, cans, commissioners and employes by land or water as may be most advantageous to the state; and to take such other measures as shall in their judgment best promote the abundant supply of food fishes in the waters of the state.

(2) It shall be the further duty of the commission:

(a) To superintend the receiving and hatching of spawn; its proper care and distribution, and care of the property.

(b) To direct the running and use of the fish car and its care, repair and preservation.

(c) To care for the property of the several hatcheries; keep a proper inventory thereof, together with the cost of each article.

(d) To keep a careful account in detail and separately of the expenses of each of the hatcheries; the distribution of the fish and the collection of wild fish and their distribution, of maintaining and repairing the fish car, and of such improvements and repairs as may from time to time be ordered.

(3) Nothing in these statutes concerning the protection of wild animals shall affect the operation of state or private hatcheries, the removal of fish which have died from natural causes from the waters of this state, the removal of deleterious fish, with the written consent and under the direction of the state conservation commission, the propagation or transportation, collecting and transplanting of fish or fish fry by state authority, the propagation of fish in private waters or the transportation of fish therefrom in the manner directed by law, nor the transportation of fish into or through this state or out of it by the commissioners of fisheries of other states or of the United States; but the state conservation commission, or its agents and employes, are prohibited from furnishing fish or fry from the state hatcheries to private ponds, private clubs, corporations or preserves or planting them in waters where the public are not allowed the rights and privileges enjoyed by any other person.

SECTION 67. Section 1496b of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 68. The last two sentences of the second paragraph

of section 4560a—31 and subsection (p) of section 4560a—10 of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 69. Sections 1497b, 1498v, 1497cm—2 and 1497c of the statutes are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.56 and revised to read:

62.56 TRANSPLANTATION OF FISH. (1) The state conservation commission may take fish at all seasons of the year from the inland or outlying waters of the state for stocking other waters or for the purpose of securing eggs for artificial propagation. They shall take and remove from all land-locked sloughs, bays, lakes and bayous adjacent to the Mississippi river, all small fish and minnows which are held therein by reason of the falling of the water, and deposit them in the waters of the Mississippi river, or distribute them in other waters of the state, as they shall deem best. No such fish or eggs shall be taken at any time by any person except in the presence of and under the direction of the commission, or its deputies, or an authorized agent, with tanks or other appliances suitable for keeping the fish alive. The authority of such agent shall be evidenced by a written permit stating plainly to whom the permit is given, the date of expiration and what kind or kinds of fish shall be taken thereunder and only such fish shall be taken and possessed and no other.

(2) Any person fishing in any of the waters of this state shall deliver, on demand, to the state conservation commission, or its deputies, or authorized agents all kinds of fish, during the spawning season, for the purpose of being stripped of their eggs and milt; and the person receiving them shall, immediately after having stripped the fish, return them to the person from whom received. Any such person shall permit the commission, or its deputies, or authorized agents to enter any boats, docks, grounds or other places where such fish may be, for the purpose of stripping the same while alive, and shall render such assistance as may be necessary to expedite the work of the mixture of the eggs and milt for proper impregnation.

SECTION 70. Sections 1497c—1 to 1497c—7, inclusive, are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.57 and revised to read:

62.57 LAKE TROUT AND WHITEFISH PROPAGATION. (1) For the purpose of securing and fertilizing the spawn of lake trout and whitefish the state conservation commission shall, upon written request therefor, issue to any person, firm or corporation a permit to catch whitefish and lake trout from the waters of Lake Michigan and Green Bay from November first to November fifteenth, or from the waters of Lake Superior from October fifth to October twentieth in any year.

(2) The holder of such permit may set or cause to be set or fish with not more than three gangs of gill nets in the water at one time; nor shall any such net have meshes less than four and one-half inches, stretch measure; and no nets shall be set under the provisions of this section after the twelfth day of November in the waters of Lake Michigan and Green Bay.

(3) Such permit shall at all times be in the possession of the captain or owner of the boat used in lifting nets and shall be exhibited, on demand, to the state conservation commission or its deputies, or any citizen; and such captain or owner shall accompany the boat whenever nets are raised or set by virtue thereof.

(4) The holder of such permit shall, at his expense, employ a competent person, who shall be approved by the state conservation commission, to collect and fertilize the spawn, from the lake trout and whitefish taken by authority of such permit; and shall provide necessary utensils and facilities for collecting and fertilizing the eggs taken, and deliver such eggs in good condition to the state conservation commission, or its deputies, at such place as the commission shall designate, or if so directed by the commission, plant the same on the spawning grounds from which the fish are caught. He shall report to the state conservation commission on or before the fifteenth day of December following, the number of quarts of eggs taken, the number delivered to the commission, the number of quarts planted on the spawning grounds from which the parent fish were taken, the dates on which nets were lifted and the dates on which they did not lift nets during the period for which the permit is issued. For the purpose of receiving and caring for spawn the state conservation commission, or its deputies, shall have access to the boats, docks and buildings belonging to or used by the holder of such permit and shall be afforded transportation by such holder to and from the fishing grounds and all other facilities necessary for overseeing the work and caring for the spawn collected. Whenever the holder of such permit violates any of the provisions of this section, his rights thereunder shall be forfeited and the state conservation commission shall forthwith revoke his permit.

SECTION 71. Section 1497k of the statutes is renumbered to be section 1596m.

SECTION 72. Sections 1497l to 1497p, inclusive, of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 73. Sections 1498—10, 1498—11, 1498—13 and 1498—14 are consolidated and renumbered to be section 62.58 of the statutes and revised to read:

62.58 PRIVATE FISH HATCHERIES. (1) No person shall stock any private fish hatchery with fish or fry obtained from any Wisconsin state fish hatcheries, nor from any waters of the state except when such fish have been taken in a lawful manner. The term "private fish hatchery" includes the following named equipments and no others:

(a) Private ponds and the buildings used for the purpose of hatching fish, located at the headwaters of and along a stream for a distance of not to exceed one mile on private land possessed and controlled by the owner or owners of such hatchery.

(b) Private ponds and the buildings used for the purpose of hatching fish, located on private land where the supply of water for the hatchery is furnished by springs or artificial wells.

(c) Ponds and the buildings used for hatching fish, located on private land where the supply of water for the hatchery is obtained by the use of flumes, pipes, or ditches from flowing streams; provided that said flumes, pipes, or ditches shall be properly screened so as to prevent fish from passing from such streams to the ponds of such hatchery.

(2) The owner or lessee of any private fish hatchery shall report to the state conservation commission the name, if any, and location of such hatchery, whereupon the commission shall inspect, number and register such hatchery and immediately inform the owner of the number given such hatchery.

(3) Each package or box containing fish propagated and raised in any private hatchery shipped or offered for shipment shall be branded with an iron brand as follows: "Shipped from the private fish hatchery of (here insert the name of the owner or lessee, location and number of the hatchery)," and such brands shall not be used on packages containing fish not taken from such private hatchery.

SECTION 74. Section 1498x of the statutes is renumbered to be section 1494—40 thereof.

SECTION 75. Subsection 3 of section 1498b—1 of the statutes is renumbered to be section 4562a thereof.

SECTION 76. Subsection 2 of section 4560b; section 22 chapter 312 Laws of 1899; subsection 3 of section 1498i; subsection 10 of section 4560a—2; subsections (t) and (u) of section 4560a—10; subsections 2 and 4 of section 4560a—14; section 4560a—32; fourth paragraph of section 4560a—35; subsections 2 and 3 of section 4560a—42m; paragraph (c) of subsection 11 of section 4560a—48; sections 4560a—49, 4562a, paragraph (d) of subsection 2 of section 4562d; section 4560d—4; sections 4565g, 4567a; subsection 6 of section 4560a—22; sections 4565, 4565a, 4565b—3; subsection 5 of section 1498im; sections 1498—6;

part of section 1629; subsection 2 of section 4560a—7; subsection 3 of section 4560a—8; subsection 4 of section 4560a—11; subsection 2 of section 4560a—15; subsection 2 of section 4560a—38; subsection 2 of section 4565c—1; section 1498m; subsections 3 and 14 of section 1498q; subsections 6 and 9 of section 1498s; subsection 2 of section 1498t—1; sections 1498—4, 1498—12, 1498—15; subsection (d) of section 4560a—1; subsection (b) of section 4560a—3; subsections 10 and 14 of section 4560a—12; subsection (h) of section 4560a—13; subsection 3 of section 4560a—17; subsection 2 of section 4560a—20; subsection 2 of section 4560a—23; second paragraph of section 4560a—36; section 4560a—37; subsection 10 of section 4560a—40; subsection 2 of section 4560a—50; subsection 4 of section 4560d; section 4560d—2; last paragraph of section 4560g—1; section 4561a; paragraph (c) of subsection 2 of section 4562d; section 4562f; last paragraph of section 4563; subsection 2 of section 4563b—1; 4563c; subsection 6 of section 4565c—5; sections 4565e, 4565i, 4565k, 4565l, 4565m, 4566, 4567; subsection 2 of section 4567h—1; and section 4567l, so far as they are not already embraced in previous sections of this bill, are consolidated and renumbered to be section 4562d of the statutes and revised to read:

OFFENSES RELATING TO WILD ANIMALS. Section 4562d. (1) Any person who, for himself, or by his agent, servant, or employe, or who, as agent, servant, or employe for another, violates any of the provisions of chapter 62 of the statutes, relating to wild animals, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, in addition to any other liability, forfeiture, or penalty prescribed in said chapter for such violation, be punished, respectively, as follows:

(a) For unlawfully setting, placing, or using any snag line or lines, as prohibited in section 62.30, by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than sixty days nor more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment;

(b) For any violation of sections 62.34, 62.35, 62.36, 62.37, 62.38 or 62.39 regulating the use of licensed nets and set lines; subsections (1) or (2) of section 62.32, prohibiting the use of explosives, poisons, stupefactive, and medicated baits; subsection (1) of section 62.11, requiring and regulating the use of licenses to hunt or fish; section 62.15, authorizing the issue of certificates to scientists and regulating the use thereof; paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 62.16, establishing an absolute close season for deer in certain counties; subsections (4) or (5) of sec-

tion 62.04, requiring common carriers, or cold-storage warehouse keepers to permit the examination of packages or premises by the state conservation commission or its deputies, or section 62.54, relating to the Forest County Game Refuge, or paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section 62.28, prescribing a bag limit for bullheads, by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred and fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than sixty days nor more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment;

(c) For any violation of section 62.10 so far as it relates to wild birds; subsections (9) to (17), both inclusive, of section 62.16; or sections 62.22, 62.23, or 62.24, relating to wild birds, by a fine of five dollars, and an additional five dollars for each bird, or nest, or egg unlawfully destroyed, possessed, sold, bartered, or transported, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(d) For any violation of section 62.05, relating to the disposition of confiscated game; subsections (6) or (7) of section 62.11 relating to the duties of county clerks respecting licenses; section 62.21, so far as it relates to the possession and use of ferrets for hunting rabbits; section 62.31, relating to fishing through ice; section 62.41 relating to the use of minnow nets; section 62.43 so far as it relates to crawfish; section 62.48 relating to poisoned baits; or section 62.51 relating to domesticated wild animals, by a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than ten days nor more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment;

(e) For any violation of any other provision of said chapter, by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) The word "person" as used in this section includes natural persons, firms, associations, and corporations.

(3) Upon a second or subsequent conviction of any person for any violation of sections 62.34, 62.35, 62.36, 62.37, 62.38 or 62.39 regulating the use of licensed nets and set lines, any license issued to such person by authority of any of said sections shall, in addition to any other penalty, be immediately revoked and canceled, and no license shall be issued to such person for a period of one year thereafter.

SECTION 77. Section 1498in of the statutes is renumbered to be subsection (4) of section 4562d and revised to read:

(4) In any prosecution under this section it shall not be necessary for the prosecution to allege or prove that the animals were not domesticated or were not taken for scientific purposes, but the person claiming that such animals were domesticated, or were taken for scientific purposes, shall prove on the hearing or trial that such animals were domesticated, or were taken for scientific purposes as provided by law, or were not had in possession without license or permit therefor.

SECTION 78. Section 4567m of the statutes is renumbered to be subsection (5) of section 4562d and revised to read:

(5) One-third of the fines imposed and collected under this section shall be paid by the magistrate to the person informing of the offense and prosecuting the offender to conviction, one-third shall be paid by the magistrate to the county treasurer and set apart as a fund to reimburse the county for the moneys which it shall expend for the enforcement of the provisions of said chapter 62 of the statutes, and the remainder shall go to the school fund as provided by law.

SECTION 79. Chapters 8 and 271, private and local laws of 1854; chapters 232 and 380, private and local laws of 1855; chapters 245, 257 and 315, private and local laws of 1856; chapters 98, 149, and 194, private and local laws of 1858; chapters 59 and 99 of laws of 1859; chapters 105, 119, 131, and 169, private and local laws of 1859; chapters 194, 314, and 375, laws of 1860; chapters 22, 75, and 84, laws of 1861; chapter 67, private and local laws of 1861; chapter 213, Supplement to private and local laws of 1862; chapter 49, laws of 1863; chapters 44 and 63, laws of 1864; chapter 493, laws of 1865; chapters 18, 58, 153, 394, and 427, private and local laws of 1866; chapters 213, 233, 266, 269, 292, 437, 442, 550, 594, and 599, private and local laws of 1867; chapters 3 and 115, laws of 1868; chapters 28, 34, 36, 104, 290, 317, 349, 399, and 488, private and local laws of 1868; chapters 103, 114, 151, 191, 196, 275, 292, and 383, private and local laws of 1869; chapters 78 and 105, laws of 1870; chapters 37, 113, and 425, private and local laws of 1870; chapters 58, 116, and 121, laws of 1871; chapters 231, 311, 313, 320, and 340, private and local laws of 1871; chapters 35, 72, and 93, private and local laws of 1872; chapters 51, 63, 91, 95, 144, 211, and 273, laws of 1873; chapters 20, 148, 168, 187, 195, 224, 235, 253, laws of 1874; chapters 11, 12, 15, 76, 80, 138, 182, 217, 219, 222, 271, and 307, laws of 1875; chapters 8, 76, 222, 237, 291, 309, 368, 397, laws of 1876; chapters 51, 77, 88, 131, 178, 187, 188, 203, laws of 1877; chapters 67, 94, 120, 125, 126, 127, 231, 241, 245, 297, laws of 1878; chapters 15, 33, 39, 40, 145, 166, 182, 228, 254, laws of 1879; chapters 57, 64, 135, 137, 140, 198, 224, 272, laws

of 1880; chapters 38, 117, 120, 122, 316, laws of 1881; chapters 43, 47, 49, 67, 88, 111, 147, 160, 181, 225, laws of 1882; chapters 52, 62, 89, 126, 208, 297, laws of 1883; chapters 24, 40, 44, 45, 47, 49, 179, 213, 228, 392, 407, 417, laws of 1885; chapters 9, 415, 520, 538, laws of 1887; chapters 364, 367, 392, 412, 453, 477, and 511 laws of 1889; chapters 211, 213, 214, 233, 251, 307, 339, 343, 345, 398, 435, 448, 451, 458, laws of 1891; chapters 130, 186, 306, laws of 1893; chapters 157, 159, laws of 1895; chapters 85, 107, 209, 253, 281, 339 and 363 laws of 1897; chapters 75, 92, 123, 203, 207, 266, 267, 312, and 350, laws of 1899; chapters 53, 128, 156, 187, 189, 218, 230, 300, 307, 325, 407, 408, laws of 1901; chapters 53, 194, 236, 269, 325, 410, 449, laws of 1903; chapters 93, 113, 185, 186, 190, 318, 393, 402, 404, 405, 435, 436, 449, 460, 461, 465, 484, 489, 500, 514, laws of 1905; chapters 79, 130, 136, 147, 162, 193, 201, 207, 226, 257, 259, 287, 295, 311, 315, 347, 355, 382, 394, 414, 415, 450, 471, 488, 544, 548, 577, 586, 603, 609, 611, 612, 627, 628, laws of 1907; chapters 15, 102, 161, 263, 357, 428, 480, 513, 525, 531, laws of 1909; chapters 30, 33, 40, 41, 51, 52, 68, 74, 80, 104, 112, 120, 124, 127, 135, 151, 181, 259, 276, 282, 293, 296, 299, 361, 374, 389, 442, 474, 527, 551, 559, 563, 573, 643, 659, laws of 1911; chapters 2, 12, 18, 19, laws of special session of 1912; chapters 49, 50, 369, 391, 414, 415, 420, 423, 424, 431, 504, 508, 512, 528, 530, 559, 573, 578, 640, 642, 645, 719, 737, 748, laws of 1913; and chapters 32, 42, 46, 47, 54, 55, 56, 57, 85, 99, 102, 103, 105, 107, 124, 125, 159, 172, 183, 184, 237, 246, 247, 260, 262, 282, 289, 294, 295, 297, 309, 310, 314, 315, 346, laws of 1915, are added to section 4978 of the statutes, at appropriate places according to their number and date, as further acts repealed by said section.

SECTION 80. The section titles at the beginning of each section of this bill and the table of contents are intended to accompany this bill only for convenience of reference, and are not a part of this enactment.

SECTION 81. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved August 19, 1915.