

98.16 (14) (b) The requirement of subsection (3) (b) shall not apply to (1) the retailing of flours, meals, hominy and hominy grits direct to the consumer from bulk stock, or (2) the sale of flours and meals to commercial bakers or blenders or for export in containers of more than 100 pounds, or (3) specialty cake and pancake-making flours packed in cartons the net contents of which are less than 5 pounds, or (4) the exchange of wheat for flour by mills grinding for toll.

Approved May 7, 1945.

No. 234, A.]

[Published May 11, 1945.]

CHAPTER 130.

AN ACT to amend 54.02 (1) and 57.07 (1) of the statutes, relating to sentences and paroles.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 54.02 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

54.02 (1) Male persons not less than 16 nor more than * * * 30, and female persons not less than 18 nor more than 30 years of age, of the following classes, may, in the discretion of the court, be sentenced and committed, respectively, to the said reformatory or industrial home, namely:

(a) Class one: Male persons convicted of a felony, or convicted of any misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail or house of correction for one year or more; except male persons convicted of murder in the first or second degree.

(b) Class two: Female persons convicted of a felony, and female persons whenever convicted, of any misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail or house of correction for one year or more; except female persons convicted of murder in the first or second degree.

(c) Class three: Female persons convicted of any other misdemeanor.

SECTION 2. 57.07 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

57.07 (1) The state department of public welfare with the approval of the governor, may parole any inmate in the state reformatory or industrial home for women whenever suitable

employment has been secured for such inmate, and his past conduct for a reasonable time has satisfied said board that he will be law abiding, temperate, honest and industrious.

Approved May 9, 1945.

No. 130, S.]

[Published May 11, 1945.

CHAPTER 131.

AN ACT to repeal 95.495 and to repeal and recreate 95.26, 95.30, 95.35 to 95.49 and 95.69 of the statutes, relating to bovine tuberculosis, Bang's disease, slaughter of and indemnity for diseased animals, bovine disease control, providing penalties and making an appropriation.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 95.26 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

95.26 BRUCELLOSIS TESTED AREAS. (1) County areas for testing for the presence of Brucellosis shall be determined by the department in the same manner as provided in section 95.25 except that 75 per cent of the cattle owners in the county shall be required as signers upon such petition. All of the provisions of section 95.25 except subsection (8) shall apply to such work with like effect as though the words "Brucellosis" and "Bang's test" were substituted for the words "tuberculosis" and "tuberculin test".

(2) Area testing and retesting shall be discontinued any time after the expiration of one year from the final determination of the sufficiency of the original petition asking for such testing upon filing with the department a petition requesting such discontinuance signed by at least 65 per cent of the cattle owners (as disclosed by last assessment rolls) in such county.

(3) For each animal condemned and slaughtered, unless otherwise provided by law, the owner shall receive and, upon certificate of the department, the state shall pay one-third of the difference between the net salvage and the appraised or agreed value of the animal, but such payment shall not exceed \$50 for a registered animal and \$25 for an unregistered one.

(4) An owner of a herd outside of an area-tested county may qualify for such indemnity by entering into an agreement to