

SECTION 8. Section 64 of chapter 23, laws of 1907, as last amended by chapter 54, laws of 1913, is amended to read:

(Chapter 23, Laws of 1907) Section 64. 1. *Actions may be instituted before the municipal court either by the voluntary appearance of the parties or by the process of summons, signed by such municipal judge or by a person licensed to practice as an attorney in a court of record in this state, together with the address of his office, or by warrant signed by such municipal judge.*

2. The municipal judge may sign in blank, any summons, writ or other process common to the practice in civil actions in justice court, and deliver the same to attorneys of courts of record to be issued by them as occasion may require, substantially in the manner provided by section * * * 301.02 of the statutes.

3. The attorney issuing the same shall within 24 hours thereafter file with the municipal court the affidavit, if any, upon which such summons, writ or other process * * * is based, and a statement of the names of the parties to the action, the date of the summons, writ or *other* process, the time when the same is returnable and the nature of the demand or claim, upon which the judge of said court shall forthwith docket *the* said case, and which docket entries shall have the same force and effect as if made at the time of issuing the summons, writ or other process.

Approved March 29, 1945.

No. 69, S.]

[Published April 6, 1945.

CHAPTER 20.

AN ACT to harmonize the terminology of the statutes, relating to the state normal schools with the change made in the name of those institutions by the board of regents of normal schools, namely, the state teachers colleges.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The board of regents of normal schools having, pursuant to authority granted by section 37.11 (1) of the statutes, adopted the designation "state teachers colleges" for the state normal schools, the revisor of statutes is directed to change the language of the statutes to conform to that designa-

tion, and for that purpose he shall substitute (in singular or plural form as may be appropriate) “state teachers college,” “teachers college” or “college” for “state normal school,” “normal school” or “school.”

SECTION 2. This act does not change the title or designation of the board of regents of normal schools, the board of visitors of normal schools, the normal school fund, the normal school lands, normal institutes, normal training departments, or the county or rural normal schools or training schools or their boards.

Approved April 4, 1945.

No. 30, A.]

[Published April 6, 1945.

CHAPTER 21.

AN ACT to create 6.60 (7) of the statutes, relating to the disposition of nomination papers and used and unused ballots other than by the destruction thereof by fire.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

6.60 (7) of the statutes is created to read:

6.60 (7) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the boards of city and county election commissioners, and town, village, city and county clerks, if no contest of the election of any office voted for at any election be pending at the expiration of the time provided for in sections 5.07 (5), 5.26 (7) and 6.60 (3), and (5), shall cause all nomination papers and all used, unused and defective or objected-to ballots in their possession or custody at the expiration of that time and in the manner as otherwise provided for in said section, to be tightly packed or baled and moved or transported by the proper and accredited agency of the United States government in charge of the salvaging or collection of waste paper and other materials for the uses and distribution by said agency in the war effort. Any compensation derived from such disposition shall belong to the municipal unit disposing of the same. This section shall be in effect only for the duration of the present war between the United States and her enemies and for 6 months after the termination thereof as proclaimed by Congress or by the President.

Approved April 4, 1945.