

No. 203, S.]

[Published May 29, 1951.]

CHAPTER 261.

AN ACT to repeal 235.17 and 370.015; to renumber 370.01 (40); to amend 5.08 (4), 261.01 (4), 370.02 and 370.07; to repeal and recreate 370.01 and to create 370.001 of the statutes, relating to construction and citation of the statutes and definitions of words and phrases.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 5.08 (4) of the statutes is amended by substituting "section 370.01." for "section 370.01 (14)."

SECTION 2. 235.17 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 3. 261.01 (4) of the statutes is amended by substituting "section 370.01" for "subsection (42) of section 370.01".

SECTION 4. 370.01 (40) of the statutes is renumbered 327.08 (5).

SECTION 5. 370.001 of the statutes is created to read:

370.001 CONSTRUCTION OF LAWS; RULES FOR. In construing Wisconsin laws the following rules shall be observed unless construction in accordance with a rule would produce a result inconsistent with the manifest intent of the legislature.

(1) SINGULAR AND PLURAL. Words importing the singular number extend and may be applied to several persons or things; words importing the plural number extend and may be applied to one person or thing.

(2) GENDER. Words importing one gender extend and may be applied to any gender.

(3) TENSES. The present tense of a verb includes the future when applicable. The future perfect tense includes past and future tenses.

(4) TIME, HOW COMPUTED. The time within which an act is to be done, when expressed in days, is computed by excluding the first day and including the last; if the last day falls on Sunday or a legal holiday the act may be done on the next secular day; and when time is expressed in hours the whole of Sunday and of any legal holiday, from midnight to midnight, is excluded.

(5) STATUTORY REFERENCES. If a statute refers, by number, to a group of chapters, sections, subsections or paragraphs of the statutes, the reference includes both the first and the last numbers mentioned.

(6) STATUTE TITLES. The titles to subchapters, sections, subsections and paragraphs of the statutes are not part of the statutes.

(7) CONSTRUCTION OF REVISED STATUTES. A revised statute is to be understood in the same sense as the original unless the change in language indicates a different meaning so clearly as to preclude judicial construction. If the revision bill contains a note which says that the meaning of the statute to which the note relates is not changed by the revision, the note is indicative of the legislative intent.

(8) JOINT AUTHORITY, HOW EXERCISED. All words purporting to give a joint authority to 3 or more public officers or other persons shall be construed as giving such authority to a majority of such officers or other persons.

(9) ACTS BY AGENTS. If a statute requires an act to be done which may legally be done by an agent, such requirement includes all such acts when done by an authorized agent.

(10) LIABILITY OF SURETIES. If an officer is liable on his official bond for any act, the sureties on his bond are also liable.

(11) SEVERABILITY. The provisions of the statutes are severable. The provisions of any session law are severable. If any provision of the statutes or of a session law is invalid, or if the application of either to any person or circumstance is invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

(12) TIME. When time is referred to, central standard time is meant.

SECTION 6. 370.01 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

370.01 CONSTRUCTION OF STATUTES; WORDS AND PHRASES. In the construction of Wisconsin laws the words and phrases which follow shall be construed as indicated unless such construction would produce a result inconsistent with the manifest intent of the legislature.

(1) **GENERAL RULE.** All words and phrases shall be construed according to common and approved usage; but technical words and phrases and others that have a peculiar meaning in the law shall be construed according to such meaning.

(2) **ACQUIRE.** "Acquire", when used in connection with a grant of power to any person, includes the acquisition by purchase, grant, gift or bequest. It includes the power to condemn in the cases specified in section 32.02.

(3) **ADULT.** An adult is a person who has attained the age of 21 years.

(4) **BEQUEST AND BEQUEATH.** "Bequest" includes a devise; "bequeath" includes devise.

(5) **CHIROPRACTOR.** "Chiropractor" means a person holding a license issued by the state board of examiners in chiropractic.

(6) **COUNTY BOARD.** "County board" means the county board of supervisors.

(7) **EXECUTOR.** "Executor", in statutes relating to probate proceedings, includes an administrator with the will annexed.

(8) **FOLIO.** "Folio" means 100 words or figures. Any fraction of a folio shall be paid for as a full folio.

(9) **FOLLOWING.** "Following", when used by way of reference to any statute section, means the section next following that in which the reference is made.

(10) **GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.** "Grantor" includes every person from or by whom any freehold estate or interest passes in or by any deed; and "grantee" includes every person to whom any such estate or interest passes in like manner.

(11) **HERETOFORE AND HEREAFTER.** "Heretofore" means any time previous to the day on which the statute containing it takes effect; "hereafter" means the time after the statute containing such word takes effect.

(12) **HIGHWAY.** "Highway" includes all public ways and thoroughfares and all bridges upon the same.

(13) **HOMESTEAD.** (a) The word "homestead" means the dwelling and so much of the land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home, but not less than one-fourth acre (if available) and not exceeding 40 acres.

(b) The amendment effected September 1, 1949 by chapter 245, laws of 1949, shall not affect liens of creditors attaching prior thereto nor rights of devisees or heirs of persons dying prior thereto.

(14) **HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION.** The words "exempt homestead" mean that part of the homestead within the limitation as to value set forth in section 272.20, except as to liens attaching before September 1, 1949 or rights of devisees or heirs of persons dying before September 1, 1949.

(15) **INHABITANT.** "Inhabitant" means a resident.

(16) **INSANE PERSONS.** "Insane persons" include every idiot, non compos, lunatic and distracted person.

(17) **ISSUE.** "Issue", as applied to descent of estate, includes all the lawful descendants of the ancestor.

(18) **LAND.** "Land" includes lands, tenements and hereditaments and all rights thereto and interests therein.

(19) **LEGACY, LEGATEE.** "Legacy" includes a devise; "legatee" includes a devisee.

(20) **MINOR.** A minor is a person who has not attained the age of 21 years.

(21) **MONTH.** "Month" means a calendar month unless otherwise expressed.

(22) **MUNICIPALITY.** "Municipality" includes cities and villages; it may be construed to include towns.

(23) **NIGHTTIME.** "Nighttime", used in any statute, ordinance, indictment or information means the time between one hour after sunset on one day and one hour before sunrise on the following day; and the time of sunset and sunrise shall be ascertained according to the mean solar time of the ninetieth meridian west of Greenwich, commonly known as central time, as given in any almanac.

(24) **OATH.** "Oath" includes affirmation in all cases where by law an affirmation may be substituted for an oath. If any oath or affirmation is required to be taken such oath or affirmation shall be taken before and administered by some officer authorized by the laws of this state to administer oaths, at the place where the same is required to be taken or administered, unless otherwise expressly directed, and, when necessary, duly certified by such officer.

(25) **OFFICERS.** "Officers" when applied to corporations include directors and trustees.

(26) PERSON. "Person" includes all partnerships, associations and bodies politic and corporate.

(27) PERSONAL PROPERTY. "Personal property" includes money, goods, chattels, things in action, evidences of debt and energy.

(28) PHYSICIAN, SURGEON OR OSTEOPATH. "Physician", "surgeon" or "osteopath" means a person holding a license or certificate of registration from the state board of medical examiners.

(29) POPULATION. "Population", when used in connection with a classification of municipal corporations for the exercise of their corporate powers or for convenience of legislation, means the population according to the last national census.

(30) PRECEDING. "Preceding", when used by way of reference to any statute section, means the section next preceding that in which the reference is made.

(31) PROPERTY. "Property" includes real and personal property.

(32) PUBLICATION. "Publication" in a newspaper of any notice or other matter indicated to be for a stated number of weeks means one insertion in each week, unless specifically stated to be for more than one day in each week.

(33) QUALIFIED. "Qualified", when applied to any person elected or appointed to office means that such person has done those things which he was by law required to do before entering upon the duties of his office.

(34) RAILROAD CORPORATION. "Railroad corporation" and "railroad company" include any person managing, maintaining, operating or in possession of a railroad, whether as owner, contractor, lessee, mortgagee, trustee, assignee or receiver.

(35) REAL ESTATE OR REAL PROPERTY. "Real estate" or "real property" includes lands, tenements and hereditaments and all rights thereto and interests therein.

(36) RECORDED. If any instrument is required to be recorded by any officer or in any office it must be recorded in a suitable book kept for that purpose unless otherwise expressly directed.

(37) SEAL. Except for the sealing of instruments by persons required to have and use official seals, "seal" includes the word "seal", the letters "L S" and a scroll or other device intended to represent a seal, if any is affixed in the proper place for a seal, as well as an impression of a seal on the instrument. An instrument executed in the corporate name, by the proper officers of a corporation, under any seal is sealed even though the corporate seal is not used. If the seal of any court or public officer is required to be affixed to any paper issuing from such court or officer "seal" includes an impression of such official seal made upon the paper alone.

(38) SIGNATURE. If the signature of any person is required by law it shall always be the handwriting of such person or if he is unable to write, his mark or his name written by some person at his request and in his presence.

(39) SQUARE. "Square" means one inch in length of a column and not more than a newspaper column in width. Any fraction of a square shall be paid for as a full square.

(40) STATE. "State", when applied to states of the United States, includes the District of Columbia and the several territories organized by congress.

(41) SWORN. "Sworn" includes "affirmed" in all cases where by law an affirmation may be substituted for an oath.

(42) TOWN. "Town" includes cities, villages, wards or districts.

(43) TOWN BOARD. "Town board" means the town board of supervisors.

(44) UNITED STATES. "United States" includes the District of Columbia, the states, and the territories organized by congress.

(45) VILLAGE. "Village" means incorporated village.

(46) WEEK. "Week" means 7 days.

(47) WILL. "Will" includes codicils as well as wills.

(48) WRITTEN AND IN WRITING. "Written" and "in writing" include printing, engraving, lithographing and any other mode of representing words and letters.

(49) YEAR. "Year" means a calendar year, unless otherwise expressed; "year" alone means "year of our Lord".

SECTION 7. 370.015 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 8. 370.02 of the statutes is amended to read:

370.02 CONSTRUING STATUTES OF 1898. * * *

(1) All references to titles, chapters or sections *in the statutes of 1898* are to the titles, chapters and sections of * * * *those* statutes.

(2) If the provisions of different chapters of * * * *the statutes of 1898* conflict with or contravene each other the provisions of each chapter shall prevail as to all matters and questions growing out of the subject matter of such chapter.

(3) If conflicting provisions * * * *are* found in different sections of the same chapter of *the statutes of 1898* the provisions of the section which is last in numerical order shall prevail unless such construction * * * *is* inconsistent with the meaning of such chapter.

SECTION 9. 370.07 of the statutes is amended to read:

370.07 CITATION OF STATUTES. The statutes designated since 1898 as "the statutes of 1898" and all additions thereto may be styled in any act of the legislature or proceeding in a court of justice, or wherever otherwise referred to, as "Wisconsin Statutes"; * * * *former* statutes of this state may be * * * referred to as the annotated statutes *or as* the revised statutes of 1878, 1858, or 1849 * * *

SECTION 10. The severability clause enacted as 370.001 (11) takes the place of the severability clauses now in the statutes and the session laws. All such clauses in the statutes are repealed, and shall be omitted by the revisor in printing the statutes.

Approved May 23, 1951.
