

CHAPTER 10

DATES AND NOTICES

10.01 Election notice form.	10.20 Public and general provisions; spring primary and election.
10.02 Type B notice content.	10.22 Secretary of state; September primary and general election.
10.03 Cross references required.	10.24 County clerk; September primary and general election.
10.04 Newspaper selection and fees.	10.26 Municipal clerk and governing body; September primary and general election.
10.05 Posting.	10.28 Candidates; September primary and general election.
10.06 Basic election notices.	10.30 Public and general provisions; September primary and general election.
10.08 Election occurrences listing explanation.	10.32 Special primary and election.
10.10 Election occurrences listing; fluctuations.	
10.12 Secretary of state; spring primary and election.	
10.14 County clerk; spring primary and election.	
10.16 Municipal clerk and governing body; spring primary and election.	
10.18 Candidates; spring primary and election.	

10.01 Election notice form. (1) The form of the various election notices shall be prescribed by the secretary of state to standardize election notices. To accomplish this purpose, the secretary of state shall make rules and draft whatever forms he considers necessary. Notification or certification lists of candidates or referenda questions sent to the county clerks shall prescribe the form in which the county clerks shall publish the relevant portions of the notice and any additional county offices and referenda questions. The secretary of state shall also prescribe the provisions for municipal notices which shall be sent to each county clerk who shall immediately forward them to each municipal clerk.

(2) For election purposes there shall be 4 basic types of notices, modified as necessary to apply to the various elections, which shall be published in substantially the same form as prescribed by the secretary of state. The 4 types of notices are:

(a) Type A—The type A notice shall list the date of the election; the offices to be filled and the incumbent for each; the length of the term of office and the expiration date; and the beginning date for circulating and the deadline for filing nomination papers for the offices listed. This notice shall be published once by the secretary of state, twice by the county clerks, and, for municipal elections, once by the municipal clerks at the times designated in s. 10.06.

(b) Type B—The type B notice shall give the relevant facsimile ballots and the relevant portions of voting instructions to electors under s. 10.02 and the date of the appropriate primary or election. This notice shall be published twice by the county clerks, and for municipal elections, twice by the municipal

clerks on the 2nd Monday and the Monday preceding an election.

(c) Type C—The type C notice shall be given whenever referenda questions are submitted to a vote of the people. The notice shall contain the entire text of the referenda questions and an explanatory statement of the effect of either a “yes” or “no” vote. For state questions, the statement shall be prepared by the attorney general. The secretary of state shall publish one notice under s. 10.06. County clerks and, for local referenda questions, municipal clerks shall publish the notice twice at the same times as the facsimile ballots are published. The type C notice shall be printed in the newspaper as close as possible to the facsimile ballot containing the referenda questions.

(d) Type D—The type D notice shall state the hours the polls will be open and the polling locations or a concise statement of how polling location information may be obtained. Municipal clerks shall give the polling location information as each determines or the municipal governing body decides will most effectively inform the electors. The type D notice shall be published by the municipal clerks once when the last facsimile ballots for a municipal election are published or in the last publication of the selected newspaper preceding any other election at which the electors of that municipality are entitled to vote.

History: 1965 c. 666.

Legislative Council Note, 1965: This section has several new provisions. The provision of sub. (1) whereby the secretary of state prescribes the form of notice is new. As a part of the attempt to establish more significant notices of elections, the secretary of state is assigned this duty to provide more uniformity and more effective notices throughout the state.

Sub. (2) establishes 4 basic types of election notice. Each is based on present statutes, but the frequency of publication is made uniform, the times for giving the notices are changed to provide the notice intended at the proper time, and

the components of the notices are changed as necessary to include all relevant information which should be given at the time of the notice. Par. (a) is based on s. 5.04. Par. (b) is based on s. 6.21 (3) (a), (b) and (c) and (4) (1st part). Par. (c) is based on s. 6.10 (in part). Par. (d) is based on s. 6.21 (2) (1st part) and 6.22 (3) (last part). (Bill No. 755-A)

10.02 Type B notice content. (1) Before any election an appropriate type B notice shall be published in substantially the form prescribed by the secretary of state at the times prescribed in s. 10.06. The type B notice shall include the following relevant sections and be within the guidelines established in this section.

(2) (a) The headline or caption, the introductory paragraph and the voting instructions shall be printed once at the beginning of the notice followed by a facsimile of each ballot to be used at the election. The headline or caption shall be conspicuously displayed, but the caption together with the necessary spacing above and below shall not exceed 1- $\frac{1}{4}$ inches in depth. The introductory paragraph and voting instructions shall be set solid in the type of the regular reading matter of the newspaper but no smaller than 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ -point nor larger than 10-point type.

(b) Following the introductory paragraph, but preceding the facsimile ballot notice, the county clerk shall publish a statement of information to electors in the form prescribed in sub. (3). When the county clerk is not required to publish the instructions, the municipal clerk may do so.

(c) The facsimile ballots shall follow the voting instructions. The size and style of type and the general display of the facsimile ballots shall be prescribed by the secretary of state and shall conform substantially to the sample ballots annexed to the statutes. The party columns shall not exceed 2- $\frac{1}{8}$ inches in width and the ballot size may be reduced. Voting machine facsimile ballots shall show a reduced diagram of the front of the voting machine and instructions to electors on how to vote on the machine.

(3) The statement of information to electors shall contain the following relevant sections:

FACSIMILE BALLOT NOTICE

OF ELECTION

Office of (County) (Municipal) Clerk
To the Electors of
(County) (Municipality):

Notice is hereby given of a election to be held in the several precincts in the (county) (municipality) of, on the day of, 19.., at which the officers named below

shall be chosen. The names of the candidates for each office to be voted for, whose nominations have been certified to or filed in this office, are given under the title of the office and under the appropriate party or other designation, each in its proper column, together with the questions submitted to a vote, in the sample ballot below.

INFORMATION TO ELECTORS

Voting instructions shall be given substantially as follows:

(a) Upon entering the polling place, an elector shall give his name and address before receiving the ballot from the ballot clerk. The initials of 2 ballot clerks must appear on the ballot. Upon receiving the ballot, the elector shall retire alone to a voting booth and mark his ballot. A ballot clerk may inform the elector of the proper manner for marking a ballot, but he shall not in any manner advise or indicate for whom to vote.

(b) 1. If an elector wishes to vote for all candidates nominated by any party, he shall make a cross or other mark in the circle under the party designation printed at the top of the ballot. Unless a name has been erased or crossed out, another name written in, a mark placed to the right of a candidate for the same office in another column or a sticker applied, a mark in the circle at the top of the column is a vote for all the party's candidates listed in the column. If an elector does not wish to vote for all the candidates nominated by one party, he shall make a cross or mark in the square at the right of each candidate's name for whom he intends to vote, or by inserting or writing in the name of a candidate.

2. At a partisan primary, the elector shall select the party ballot of his choice and make a cross or other mark in the square at the right of the candidate's name for each office for whom he intends to vote or insert or write in the name of his choice for a candidate.

3. At an election for delegates to the national conventions, the elector shall select the party ballot of his choice and make a cross or other mark in the circle under the name of the presidential candidate of his choice printed at the head of the column. If the elector desires to vote for uninstructed delegates, he shall make a cross or other mark in the square at the right of each uninstructed delegate's name for whom he intends to vote.

4. At a nonpartisan primary, the elector shall place a cross or other mark in the square at the right of the candidate's name for each office for whom he intends to vote, or insert

or write in the name of his choice for a candidate.

(c) In presidential elections, the elector shall place a cross or other mark in the square at the right of the set of candidates for president and vice president for whom he intends to vote. The vote shall be counted for all the candidates for presidential electors of those candidates.

(d) On referenda questions, the elector shall make a cross or other mark in the square at the right of the answer which he intends to give.

(e) The ballot should not be marked in any other manner. If the elector spoils a ballot, he shall return it to an election official who shall issue another in its place, but not more than 3 ballots shall be issued to any one elector. Not more than 5 minutes' time shall be allowed to mark the ballot. Unofficial ballots or a memorandum to assist the elector in marking his ballot may be taken into the booth and copied. The sample ballot shall not be shown to anyone so as to reveal how the ballot is marked.

(f) After the official ballot is marked, it shall be folded so the inside marks do not show but so the printed indorsements and ballot clerks' initials on the outside do show. After folding the ballot, the elector shall leave the booth, give his name to the inspector in charge of the ballot box, hand him the ballot to be placed in the ballot box, and leave the polling place promptly.

(g) An elector may be assisted by 2 election officials of different political parties in marking the ballot if he declares to the presiding official that he is unable to read or that due to physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot. If an elector declares that he is visually handicapped, he may have anyone assist him in marking his ballot or operating a voting machine. The presiding official may administer an oath as to a person's disability.

(h) The following is a facsimile of the official ballot: (insert facsimile of [official] ballot)

.... ., (County Clerk)
(Municipal Clerk)

(4) No further publication of notice provided for by this section or by a type B notice shall be required by the county or municipal clerk.

History: 1965 c. 666.

Legislative Council Note, 1965: Sub. (1) is based on s. 6.21 (1), but made general in some respects to allow the secretary of state to prescribe the form.

Sub. (2) (a) is a restatement of s. 6.22 (2) (a) (1st part). Par. (b) is based on s. 6.21 (2) (last part) and provision added for the municipal clerk

to publish the instructions when the county clerk will not be publishing them. Par. (c) is based on ss. 6.21 (3) (c) and (4), and 6.22 (2) (a) (3rd sentence).

Sub. (3) is a restatement of s. 6.22 (1), except for the required changes in instructions to adopt changes made elsewhere in this bill.

Sub. (4) is based on s. 6.22 (3) (1st part). (Bill No. 755-A)

See note to 7.50, citing 52 Atty. Gen. 51.

10.03 Cross references required. Whenever possible the complete election notice shall appear on a single page of the newspaper. If this is impracticable, a footnote in 12-point caps shall indicate the page where the notice is continued. At the top of each succeeding page, or column of the notice, shall appear in 12-point caps and figures the notation, "For information to Electors and other facsimile ballots, see page"

History: 1965 c. 666.

Legislative Council Note, 1965: This section is based on s. 6.22 (2) (b) (2nd, 3rd and 4th sentences), but its application has been changed from only facsimile ballot notices to all election notices. (Bill No. 755-A)

10.04 Newspaper selection and fees. (1) All election notices or certificates of election required by statutes to be published shall be published in one or more newspapers qualified under ch. 985.

(2) (a) County clerks shall publish election notices in all newspapers published within the county that qualify under ch. 985 unless the county board provides otherwise by resolution.

(b) The governing body of a municipality may authorize by resolution the publication of election notices in more than one newspaper. The resolution may name the newspapers in which all election notices shall appear.

(3) (a) Whenever, in Title II, provision is made for the publication of a notice on a specific date and a weekly newspaper is chosen, the notice shall appear in that newspaper's closest preceding issue.

(b) Whenever, in Title II, provision is made for publication of an election notice by more than one insertion, this may be done (in counties over 200,000 population) by publication in one or more newspapers on the dates prescribed or in different newspapers at least equal in number to the number of insertions required. When different newspapers are used, the publications shall always be in each newspaper's latest issue preceding the last given date for publishing that notice.

(4) Compensation for publishing all notices and certificates of elections shall not exceed that for legal notices under s. 985.08.

(5) When a voting machine ballot includes 2 or more levels of government, the cost of

giving the type B notice shall be prorated under s. 5.68 (2).

History: 1965 c. 666.

Legislative Council Note, 1965: Sub. (1) is based on s. 6.82 (2) (1st sentence), but the provision has been changed from "one to 4 newspapers" to remove any restriction. The provisions of s. 6.82 (2) establishing which newspapers should be used based on party affiliation was deleted.

Sub. (2) is based on s. 6.82 (2) (3rd sentence). The provision has been changed from requiring authorization when more than 2 newspapers are used. The last sentence of s. 6.82 (2) has been deleted as ch. 985 provides the necessary standards for newspapers.

Sub. (3) is new. It is intended to present alternatives when more than one newspaper is used or when weeklies are used.

Sub. (4) is a restatement of ss. 6.22 (2) (a) (last sentence) and 6.82 (3).

Sub. (5) is a restatement of s. 6.21 (4) (last part, in part). (Bill No. 755-A)

10.05 Posting of notice. Unless specifically designated elsewhere, this section applies to villages, towns and school districts. Whenever a notice is required to be published, they may post 3 notices in lieu of publication under ch. 985 whenever there is not a newspaper of general circulation in the area or whenever the governing body chooses to post in lieu of or to supplement notice in a newspaper. Whenever the manner of giving notice is changed by the governing body, notice of the change shall be given in the manner used before the change. Whenever posting is used, the notices shall be posted at least one week before the event for which the posting intends to serve notice. All notices given for the same election shall be given in the same manner.

History: 1965 c. 666.

Legislative Council Note, 1965: This section replaces the posting provisions throughout Title II of the general statutes. It is intended to provide uniformity to those municipalities which use posting, but it does not prevent any municipality, county or the state from posting in addition to their statutory notice requirements. (Bill No. 755-A)

10.06 Basic election notices. (1) SECRETARY OF STATE. (a) On or before the 2nd Tuesday in December preceding a spring election the secretary of state shall send a type A notice to each county clerk.

(b) On the last Tuesday in December the secretary of state shall publish one type A notice of the coming spring election. Publication shall be on the next day if Tuesday is a holiday.

(c) As soon as possible after the deadline for filing nomination papers for the spring election on the last Tuesday in January, but no later than the first Tuesday in February, the secretary of state shall send a type B notice certifying the list of candidates to each county clerk if a primary is required.

(d) On the 3rd Tuesday preceding the spring primary the secretary of state shall

publish one notice of all candidates for each office in the spring primary, when held.

(e) As soon as possible following the state canvass of the spring primary vote, but no later than the 3rd Tuesday in March, the secretary of state shall send type B notice certifying to each county clerk the list of candidates for the spring election. When no primary is held, this notice shall be sent under par. (c). When there are referenda questions, he shall send a type C notice certifying the questions to the county clerks as soon as possible, but no later than the 3rd Tuesday in March. On the 3rd Tuesday in March the secretary of state shall publish one notice of all candidates and offices which he has certified. Also on the 3rd Tuesday in March the secretary of state shall publish one type C notice for any referenda questions which he has certified.

(f) On or before the 2nd Tuesday in May preceding a September primary and general election the secretary of state shall send a type A notice to each county clerk.

(g) On the last Tuesday in May preceding a September primary and general election the secretary of state shall publish one type A notice of the coming September primary and general election.

(h) As soon as possible after the deadline for filing nomination papers for the September primary on the 2nd Tuesday in July but no later than the 3rd Tuesday in July, the secretary of state shall send a type B notice to each county clerk certifying the list of candidates for the September primary.

(i) As soon as possible after the state canvass and the deadline for filing nomination papers for independents, but no later than the 4th Tuesday in September, the secretary of state shall send a type B notice certifying the list of candidates and a type C notice certifying any referenda questions to each county clerk for the general election.

(j) On the 3rd Tuesday preceding the general election the secretary of state shall publish one notice of the candidates and offices which he has certified. The form of notice shall be as he prescribes. Whenever referenda questions are to be voted on, the secretary of state also shall publish one type C notice on this date.

(2) COUNTY CLERKS. (a) On the last Tuesday in December and the first Tuesday in January preceding a spring election each county clerk shall publish a type A notice based on the relevant portions of the notice received from the secretary of state and in-

corporating any county offices. Publication shall be on the next day if Tuesday is a holiday.

(b) Upon receipt of the type B notice from the secretary of state preceding the spring election each county clerk shall add any county offices, prepare the ballots and send notice to each municipal clerk of the coming spring primary. When there is no state spring primary within the county, but there is to be a county spring primary, the county clerk shall prepare the ballots and send notice to each municipal clerk.

(c) On the 2nd Monday and the Monday preceding the spring primary, when held, a type B notice shall be published.

(d) Upon receipt of the type B notice from the secretary of state each county clerk shall add any county offices, prepare the ballots and send notice to each municipal clerk of the coming spring election.

(e) On the 2nd Monday and the Monday preceding the spring election, a type B notice shall be published. A type C notice also shall be published on these dates whenever there are referenda questions.

(f) On the last Tuesday in May and the first Tuesday in June preceding a September primary and general election, each county clerk shall publish a type A notice based on the relevant portions of the notice received from the secretary of state and incorporating county offices. On the last Tuesday in May the county clerk shall send notice of the coming elections to each municipal clerk.

(g) On the 2nd Monday and the Monday preceding the September primary a type B notice shall be published.

(h) Upon receipt of the type B notice from the secretary of state preceding the general election, the county clerk shall send notice to each municipal clerk of the coming general election and prepare the ballots.

(i) On the 2nd Monday and the Monday preceding the general election a type B notice shall be published. When there are referenda questions, a type C notice shall be published at the same time.

(3) MUNICIPAL CLERKS. (a) On the last Tuesday in December preceding a spring municipal election the municipal clerk shall publish one type A notice for municipal offices. Publication shall be on the following day if Tuesday is a holiday.

(b) If there is to be a municipal primary, the municipal clerk shall publish type B notices on the 2nd Monday and the Monday before the primary election. In cities, any

direct legislation questions to be voted on at the primary shall be included in the municipal type B notice.

(c) On the 2nd Monday and the Monday before the municipal spring election, the municipal clerk shall publish type B notices. If there are any municipal referenda questions, a type C notice shall be published at the same time. In cities, any direct legislation questions to be voted on at the election shall be included with the type B notice.

(d) A type D notice shall be published preceding any election. When other municipal election notices are published, the type D notice shall be published at the time of the last insertion. When there are no municipal election notices, the type D notice shall be published on the day preceding the election.

(e) When voting machines are used in a municipality, the municipal clerk shall publish a type B notice on the 2nd Monday and the Monday before every election. The notice shall include all offices and questions to be voted on at the election.

History: 1965 c. 666.

Legislative Council Note, 1965: This section is based on ss. 5.04, 6.10, 6.11, 6.21, 8.03, 8.04 (1) and (2) (1st sentence), 10.36 (3), 10.45 (2nd sentence through end of section), 10.52 (1) (2nd sentence) and 11.10 (5) (1st sentence). The dates have been changed and the number of newspaper insertions have been made uniform for all areas of the state whether paper ballots or voting machines are used. The exceptions of s. 6.10 (1) (b) as to what constitutional amendments can be made and when, have been deleted for uniformity. (Bill No. 755-A)

10.08 Election occurrences listing explanation. Sections 10.12 to 10.32 contain listings of election occurrences in chronological order by date according to the position or persons involved with the specific actions or notices to be performed or given. All the listings contained in ss. 10.12 to 10.32 relate to other provisions of the statutes which are referred to in each paragraph of these listings. Sections 10.12 to 10.32 are intended as a timetable guide and check list to certain election procedure requirements, and shall not be considered substantive law.

History: 1967 c. 88.

10.10 Election occurrences listing; fluctuations. In ss. 10.12 to 10.32, each subsection is arranged in chronological order with each occurrence listed in the month it is most likely to happen. Due to calendar fluctuations, there will be times when these occurrences will happen in a different month than listed and may occur in a different sequence than as shown.

History: 1965 c. 666; 1967 c. 88.

10.12 Secretary of state; spring primary and election. The following subsections set

forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the spring primary and election which affect the secretary of state.

(1) DECEMBER. (a) *2nd Tuesday in December.* On or before the 2nd Tuesday in December the secretary of state sends a type A notice of the spring election to the county clerks. See s. 10.06 (1) (a).

(b) *Last Tuesday in December.* On the last Tuesday in December, or the next day if Tuesday is a holiday, the secretary of state publishes one type A notice for the spring election. See s. 10.06 (1) (b).

(2) JANUARY. (a) *January 1.* January 1 is the earliest date that nomination papers may be circulated for candidates running in the spring election. See s. 8.10 (2).

2. January 1 is the earliest date that candidates for delegates to party national conventions may circulate nomination papers or proposed presidential candidates file list of delegates. See s. 8.12 (2) (e) and (3).

(b) *Last Tuesday in January.* 5 p.m., on the last Tuesday in January, is the deadline for filing nomination papers for the spring election. See s. 8.10 (2).

(3) FEBRUARY. (a) *First Tuesday in February.* 1. As soon as possible after the deadline for filing nomination papers, but no later than the first Tuesday in February, the secretary of state sends the county clerks notice of required primary and includes the certified list of candidates. See s. 10.06 (1) (c).

2. 5 p.m., on the first Tuesday in February, is the deadline to decline nomination for all persons filing nomination papers on the last Tuesday in January as a candidate for an office which includes more than one county. See s. 8.35 (1).

3. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

4. The committee to determine the candidates for the presidential preference determination shall convene—8.12 (1) (a).

(am) *Friday after first Tuesday in February.* Secretary of state shall contact each person who has been nominated—8.12 (1) (c).

(b) *3rd Tuesday before election.* On the 3rd Tuesday before the spring election the secretary of state publishes one notice of all candidates for each office in the spring primary. See s. 10.06 (1) (d).

(c) *10 days before primary.* No later than 10 days before the spring primary the secretary of state or other appropriate filing officer sends notice and forms to all committees and candidates for financial accounting. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

(d) *Tuesday before primary.* 1. On the Tuesday before the primary every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the primary. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(e) *Last day of February.* Last day to remove candidate's name from presidential preference ballot—8.12 (1) (c).

(4) MARCH. (a) *March 1.* 1. 5 p.m., on March 1, is the deadline for candidates for delegates to party national conventions to file nomination papers and declaration of acceptance or a statement of withdrawal or for proposed presidential candidates to consent to the use of their names by delegates filing nomination papers or to file list of delegates. See s. 8.12 (2) (e) and (3).

2. Within one week of the March 1 deadline, vacancies in the presidential candidate's lists shall be filled by a majority of the delegation and the names filed with the secretary of state. See s. 8.12 (5).

(b) *First Tuesday in March.* 1. The first Tuesday in March is the spring primary. See s. 5.02 (2).

2. 5 p.m. deadline of any person seeking indorsement by national convention of a political party for office of president—8.12 (1) (b).

(c) *2nd Tuesday in March.* 1. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the 2nd Tuesday in March. See s. 12.09 (1).

2. If the statements under subd. 1 are not received within the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) and 12.10.

3. 5 p.m. deadline for presidential candidates to submit list of delegates and alternates—8.12 (1) (d).

(d) *2nd Thursday after primary.* On or before the 2nd Thursday after the spring primary the state board of canvassers shall meet. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

1. 5 p.m., 3 days after the last day of the canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m., on the day following filing of recount petition, the board of canvassers re-

convenes to begin the recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of the first recount, is the deadline to demand a recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after the recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(e) *3rd Tuesday in March*. 1. As soon as possible after the state canvass but no later than the 3rd Tuesday in March the secretary of state sends the county clerks a type B notice and a type C notice, when necessary, of the spring election. See s. 10.06 (1) (e).

2. The secretary of state publishes one type B notice and type C notice, when necessary. See s. 10.06 (1) (e).

3. The 3rd Tuesday in March is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring primary to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(f) *10 days before election*. No later than 10 days before the spring election the secretary of state or other appropriate filing officer sends notice and forms for financial accounting to all committees and candidates. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

(g) *Tuesday before election*. 1. On the Tuesday before the spring election, groups under s. 12.09 (5) shall file expense statements of their efforts in the spring election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the spring election. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, violators must be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(5) APRIL. (a) *First Tuesday in April*. The first Tuesday in April is the spring election. See s. 5.02 (3).

(b) *2nd Tuesday in April*. 1. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the 2nd Tuesday in April. See s. 12.09 (1).

2. If the statements under subd. 1 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(c) *3rd Tuesday in April*. The 3rd Tuesday in April is the deadline for groups under s.

12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(d) *Last Monday in April*. Deadline for secretary of state to notify party chairman of results of presidential preference vote—8.12 (3) (a).

(e) *Tuesday after last Monday in April*. First day for selection of delegates and alternates to national conventions by the parties—8.12 (3) (b).

(6) MAY. (a) *May 15*. May 15 is the latest date the state board of canvassers may meet to canvass the spring election. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

1. 5 p.m., 3 days after the last day of the state canvass, is the deadline to demand the first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m., on the day following the filing of a recount petition, the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin the recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of the first recount, is the deadline to demand a recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after the recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

5. Following the canvass, the secretary of state issues the certificates of election and publishes one notice of the canvass results. See s. 7.70 (5) (a).

(7) JUNE. (a) *90 days after primary*. Most spring primary election materials may be destroyed 90 days after the spring primary. See s. 7.23.

(b) *June 15*. 1. Deadline for written declaration of acceptance by delegates and alternates to be deposited with the secretary of state—8.12 (3) (b).

2. Secretary of state shall certify the names of delegates and alternates to the credentials committee at the national convention of each party—8.12 (3) (d).

(8) JULY. (a) *90 days after election*. Most spring election materials may be destroyed 90 days after the spring election. See s. 7.23.

(b) *6 years after any election*. Financial statements may be destroyed 6 years after any election. See s. 7.23 (1) (d).

History: 1967 c. 88, 90, 228.

10.14 County clerk; spring primary and election. The following subsections set forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the

spring primary and election which affect the county clerk.

(1) DECEMBER. (a) *Last Tuesday in December.* On the last Tuesday in December, or the next day if Tuesday is a holiday, the county clerk uses the relevant parts of the notice received from the secretary of state, adds county offices and publishes the first of 2 type A notices. See s. 10.06 (2) (a).

(2) JANUARY. (a) *January 1.* January 1 is the earliest date that nomination papers may be circulated for candidates running for office in the spring election. See s. 8.10 (2).

(b) *First Tuesday in January.* On the first Tuesday in January, or the next day if Tuesday is a holiday, the county clerk publishes the 2nd of 2 type A notices. See s. 10.06 (2) (a).

(c) *Last Tuesday in January.* 5 p.m., on the last Tuesday in January, is the deadline for candidates running for office in the spring election to file nomination papers. See ss. 8.05 (3) (a) and (4) (b) and 8.10 (2).

(3) FEBRUARY. (a) *First Tuesday in February.* 1. On the first Tuesday in February the county clerk upon receipt of the notice from the secretary of state prepares the ballots and gives notice to all municipal clerks that there will be a primary. See s. 10.07 (2) (b).

2. 5 p.m., on the first Tuesday in February, is the deadline to decline nomination for all persons filing nomination papers on the last Tuesday in January as a candidate for office which includes more than one county. See s. 8.35 (1).

3. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

(b) *3rd Tuesday before primary.* The 3rd Tuesday before the spring primary is the latest date the county clerk may distribute spring primary ballots and election blanks to municipal clerks. See s. 7.10 (3).

(c) *10 days before primary.* No later than 10 days before the spring primary the county clerk or other appropriate filing officer sends notice and forms to all committees and candidates for financial accounting. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

(d) *2nd Monday before primary.* When a spring primary is held, the county clerk publishes the first of 2 type B notices on the 2nd Monday before the spring primary. See s. 10.06 (2) (c).

(e) *Tuesday before primary.* 1. On the Tuesday before the primary every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any meas-

ure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Every candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the primary. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(4) MARCH. (a) *Monday before primary.* On the Monday before the spring primary the 2nd of 2 type B notices is published by the county clerks. See s. 10.06 (2) (c).

(b) *First Tuesday in March.* The first Tuesday in March is the spring primary. See s. 5.02 (2).

(c) *Thursday after primary.* No later than 9 a.m. on the Thursday after the spring primary the county canvass shall begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of the county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m., on the day following filing recount petition, the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(d) *2nd Tuesday in March.* 1. On the 2nd Tuesday in March the candidates and personal campaign committees shall file their verified financial statements. See s. 12.09 (1).

2. If the statements under subd. 1 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(e) *2nd Wednesday after primary.* The 2nd Wednesday after spring primary is the deadline for the county clerk to make returns to the secretary of state. See s. 7.70 (1) (b).

(f) *3rd Tuesday in March.* On the 3rd Tuesday in March or upon receipt of notice from the secretary of state the county clerk prepares the ballots and gives notice to all the municipal clerks. See s. 10.06 (2) (d).

(g) *2nd Thursday before election.* The 2nd Thursday before spring election is the latest date the county clerks may distribute spring election ballots and election blanks to municipal clerks so they will arrive at least 10 days before the election. See s. 7.10 (3).

(h) *10 days before election.* Not later than 10 days before the spring election the county clerk sends notice and forms for financial accounting to all committees and candidates. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

(i) *2nd Monday before election.* On the 2nd Monday before the spring election the county clerk publishes the first of 2 type B notices and the first of 2 type C notices, when necessary. See s. 10.06 (2) (e).

(j) *Tuesday before election.* 1. On the Tuesday before the spring election every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Every candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the primary. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(5) APRIL. (a) *Monday before election.* On the Monday before the spring election county clerks publish 2nd of 2 type B and C notices. See s. 10.06 (2) (c).

(b) *First Tuesday in April.* The first Tuesday in April is the spring election. See s. 5.02 (3).

(c) *Thursday after election.* The county canvass shall begin no later than 9 a.m. on the Thursday after the spring election.

1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m., on the day following the filing of recount petition, the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of the first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

5. Immediately after expiration of the recount period, the county clerk issues a certificate of election to each person elected in the county and publish results in a newspaper. See s. 7.60 (6) and (7).

(d) *2nd Tuesday in April.* 1. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the 2nd Tuesday in April. See s. 12.09 (1).

2. If the statements under subd. 1 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(e) *3rd Tuesday in April.* The 3rd Tuesday in April is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(f) *3rd Wednesday after election.* The 3rd Wednesday after the spring election is the deadline for the county clerk to make returns to the secretary of state. See s. 7.70 (1) (b).

(6) JUNE. (a) *90 days after primary.* Most spring primary election materials may be destroyed 90 days after the spring primary. See s. 7.23.

(7) JULY. (a) *90 days after election.* Most spring election material may be destroyed 90 days after the spring election. See s. 7.23.

(b) *6 years after any election.* Financial statements may be destroyed 6 years after any election. See s. 7.23 (1) (d).

History: 1987 c. 88.

10.16 Municipal clerk and governing body; spring primary and election. The following subsections set forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the spring primary and election which affect the municipal clerk and governing body.

(1) DECEMBER. (a) *December 1.* December 1 is the earliest application may be made for absentee ballots for the spring primary. See s. 6.86.

(b) *Last Tuesday in December.* On the last Tuesday in December, or the next day if Tuesday is a holiday, the municipal clerk publishes one type A notice of the municipal spring election. See s. 10.06 (3) (a).

(2) JANUARY. (a) *January 1.* January 1 is the earliest date nomination papers may be circulated for candidates running in the spring election. See ss. 8.05 (3) (a) and (4) (b) and 8.10 (2).

(b) *60 days before primary.* Until 60 days before spring primary precincts or wards may be united to facilitate using voting machines. See s. 5.15 (6) (b).

(c) *Last Tuesday in January.* 5 p.m., on the last Tuesday in January, is the deadline for candidates running for office in the spring election to file nomination papers. See ss. 8.05 (3) (a) and (4) (b) and 8.10 (2).

(d) *Day after last Tuesday in January.* At 2 p.m., on the day after last Tuesday in Jan-

uary, is the time when the ballot arrangement in cities of the 1st class and counties having a population of 500,000 or more are determined by drawing lots. See s. 5.58 (1) (b) and (2).

(e) *3 days after last Tuesday in January.* The deadline for a city to decide to hold a spring primary or for petition requesting a spring primary is 3 days after the last Tuesday in January.

(3) FEBRUARY. (a) *February 1.* On February 1 preceding a primary, the municipal clerks certify the number of electors in the district. See s. 5.66 (1).

(b) *60 days before election.* 1. The deadline for petition requesting submission of question to require or abolish registration in municipalities under 5,000 population is 60 days before the spring election. See s. 6.27 (3) and (4).

2. Until 60 days before spring election, precincts or wards may be united to facilitate using voting machines. See s. 5.15 (6) (b).

(c) *30 days before primary.* 1. The deadline for selecting tabulators to assist with the spring primary canvass is 30 days before the spring primary. See s. 7.30 (3).

2. The deadline for establishing polling places is 30 days before the spring primary. See s. 5.25 (1).

(d) *First week in February.* During the first week in February towns and villages having a caucus shall establish the caucus date between the last Tuesday in February and first Tuesday in March. See s. 8.05 (1) (a).

(e) *First February meeting.* 1. In February of odd-numbered years in cities of the 1st class, board of election commissioners appoint election officials for 2-year terms. See s. 7.30 (4) (b) 1.

2. Within 5 days the municipal clerk notifies each election official appointee of his appointment. See s. 7.30 (5).

3. Within 10 days of mailed notice election official appointees shall file official oath with municipal clerk. See s. 7.30 (5).

(f) *February.* 1. In February in odd-numbered years, except in cities that have a board of election commissioners, the municipal executive shall nominate to the governing body at the first regular meeting the necessary election officials. If no regular meeting is scheduled a special meeting shall be called on the last Tuesday in February. See s. 7.30 (4).

2. Within 5 days the municipal clerk notifies each election official appointee of his appointment. See s. 7.30 (5).

3. Within 10 days of mailed notice elec-

tion official appointees shall file official oath with municipal clerk. See s. 7.30 (5).

(g) *3rd Wednesday before primary.* 1. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Wednesday before the spring primary, is the deadline for voter registration. See ss. 6.28 (1) and 6.30 (3) (c).

2. The 3rd day after registration closes is the latest the registering municipal clerk may mail voting privilege cancellation cards. See s. 6.40 (1) (b).

(h) *10 days before primary.* No later than 10 days before the spring primary the municipal clerk, if a filing officer, sends notice and forms to all committees and candidates for financial accounting. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

(i) *2nd Monday before primary.* 1. The 2nd Monday before the spring primary is the latest date 4th class cities, villages and towns may publish the first of 2 notices of a change in the polling hours for a spring primary. See s. 6.78 (2).

2. The municipal clerk, where a primary for municipal offices is scheduled, publishes first of 2 type B notices on the 2nd Monday before the spring primary. See s. 10.06 (3) (b).

(j) *Tuesday before primary.* 1. On the Tuesday before the spring primary every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the primary. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(k) *Last Tuesday in February.* 1. On the last Tuesday in February in odd-numbered years, whenever there is no regular meeting of the governing body of the municipality scheduled during February, the municipal clerk shall call a special meeting. See s. 7.30 (4) (a).

2. The last Tuesday in February is the earliest date the town or village caucus may be held. See s. 8.05 (1) (a).

a. At least 5 days' notice of the caucus shall be given. See s. 8.05 (1) (b).

b. Declination of nomination must be filed within 5 days after the caucus. See s. 8.05 (1) (j).

(4) MARCH. (a) *Wednesday before primary.* On the Wednesday before the spring primary in cities of the 1st class, the board of

election commissioners sits to hear registration objections. See s. 6.48 (2).

(b) *Thursday before primary.* The Thursday before the spring primary is the latest posting may be substituted for newspaper publication in villages, towns and school districts taking part in the spring primary. See s. 10.05.

(c) *Friday before primary.* 5 p.m., on the Friday before the spring primary, is the deadline for application by mail for absentee ballots for the spring primary. See s. 6.86.

(d) *30 days before election.* 1. The deadline for selecting tabulators to assist with the spring election canvass is 30 days before the spring election. See s. 7.30 (3).

2. The deadline for establishing polling places is 30 days before the spring election. See s. 5.25 (1).

(e) *2 days before primary.* Ballots in cities of the 1st class shall be ready 2 days before the spring primary when they print their own ballots. See s. 7.15 (2) (b).

(f) *Monday before primary.* 1. On the Monday before the spring primary the municipal clerk publishes the 2nd of 2 type B notices. If there is a spring primary, municipal clerks also publish a type D notice on this date. See s. 10.06 (3) (b) and (d).

2. The Monday before a spring primary is the latest day 4th class cities, villages and towns may publish the 2nd of 2 notices of a change in the polling hours. See s. 6.78 (2).

3. The Monday before the spring primary is the latest date election materials may be delivered to precincts. See s. 7.15 (3) (b) and (5).

4. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the spring primary, is the deadline for application in person for absentee ballots for the spring primary. See s. 6.86.

5. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the spring primary, is the deadline for registration with freeholders. See s. 6.55.

(g) *First Tuesday in March.* 1. The first Tuesday in March is the latest date the town or village caucus may be held. See s. 8.05 (1) (a).

a. At least 5 days' notice of the caucus shall be given. See s. 8.05 (1) (b).

b. Declination of nomination shall be filed within 5 days after the caucus. See s. 8.05 (1) (j).

2. The first Tuesday in March is the spring primary. See s. 5.02 (2).

a. Upon completion of the precinct canvass, the results shall be announced, the results telephoned to the proper clerks and all mate-

rials returned to the municipal clerk immediately. See ss. 7.51 (4) (b) and (5) and 7.53 (1).

b. Following spring primary any unused election materials may be destroyed as the municipal clerk directs. See s. 7.23 (1) (a).

(h) *Day after primary.* 1. 2 p.m., the day after the spring primary, is the deadline for municipal clerks to deliver election materials to the county clerk. See ss. 7.51 (5) and 7.53 (3).

2. Within 24 hours after the polls close, municipalities with more than one precinct shall begin municipal canvass. See s. 7.53 (2).

(i) *2 days after primary municipal canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 2 days after the spring primary municipal canvass, is the deadline for declination of nomination to office. See s. 8.35 (1).

2. Vacancy may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

(j) *3 days after last day of municipal canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of municipal canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(k) *2nd Tuesday in March.* 1. a. 5 p.m., on the 2nd Tuesday in March, is the deadline for filing petition in towns requesting submission of question whether to require nomination papers and a nonpartisan primary in lieu of the caucus. See s. 8.05 (3) (e).

b. Separate notice shall be given 5 days before the election. See s. 8.05 (3) (e).

2. a. 5 p.m., on the 2nd Tuesday in March, is the deadline for all persons nominated to office which includes more than one county to decline nomination. See s. 8.35 (1).

b. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

3. a. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the 2nd Tuesday in March. See s. 12.09 (1).

b. If the statements under subd. 3. a. are not received within the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and

order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) and 12.10.

(m) *3rd Tuesday in March.* 1. The 3rd Tuesday in March is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring primary to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. On the 3rd Tuesday in March voting machines used in the spring primary may be reactivated. See s. 7.23 (1) (b).

(n) *3rd Wednesday before election.* 1. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Wednesday before the spring election, is the deadline for registration. See ss. 6.28 (1) and 6.30 (3) (c).

2. The 3rd day after registration closes is the latest date registering municipal clerks may mail voting privilege cancellation cards. See s. 6.40 (1) (b).

(o) *10 days before election.* No later than 10 days before the spring election the municipal clerk, if a filing officer sends notice and forms for financial accounting to all committees and candidates. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

(p) *2nd Monday before election.* 1. The municipal clerks publish first of 2 type B notices for local offices and first of 2 type C notices for local referenda the 2nd Monday before election. See s. 10.06 (3) (c).

2. The 2nd Monday before election is the latest date 4th class cities, villages and towns may publish first of 2 notices of a change in the polling hours. See s. 6.78 (2).

(q) *Tuesday before election.* 1. The Tuesday before spring election is the latest date posting may be substituted for newspaper publication in villages, towns and school districts taking part in the spring election. See s. 10.05.

2. On the Tuesday before the spring election, groups under s. 12.09 (5) shall file expense statements of their efforts in the spring election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

3. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the spring election. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

4. If the statements under subd. 3 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(r) *Thursday before election.* No later than the Thursday before the spring election, the town clerk gives separate notice of question requiring nomination papers and nonpartisan primary in lieu of the caucus. See s.

8.05 (3) (e).

(s) *Friday before election.* 1. The Friday before the spring election is the deadline for filing observer appointments. See s. 7.38 (1) (b).

2. Vacancies may be filled in 4 days. See s. 7.38 (3).

3. 5 p.m., on the Friday before the spring election, is the deadline for application by mail for absentee ballots for spring election. See s. 6.86.

(t) *2 days before election.* Ballots in cities of the 1st class shall be ready 2 days before the election when they print their own ballots. See s. 7.15 (2) (b).

(u) *Monday before election.* 1. The municipal clerks publish 2nd of 2 type B and C notices on the Monday before spring election. See s. 10.06 (3) (b).

2. Municipal clerks publish a type D notice on the Monday before spring election. See s. 10.06 (3) (d).

3. The Monday before the spring election is the latest date election materials may be delivered to precincts. See s. 7.15 (3) (b) and (5).

4. The Monday before the spring election is the latest date 4th class cities, villages and towns may publish 2nd of 2 notices of a change in the polling hours. See s. 6.78 (2).

5. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the spring election, is the deadline for application, in person, for absentee ballots for the spring election. See s. 6.86.

6. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the spring election, is the deadline for registration with freeholders. See s. 6.55.

(5) APRIL. (a) *First Tuesday in April.* 1. The first Tuesday in April is the spring election. See s. 5.02 (3).

2. Upon completion of the precinct canvass, the results shall be announced, the results telephoned to the proper clerks and all materials returned to the municipal clerk immediately. See ss. 7.51 (4) (b) and (5) and 7.53 (1).

3. Following spring election any unused election materials and contents of blank ballot box may be destroyed as the municipal clerk directs. See s. 7.23 (1) (a).

(b) *Day after election.* 1. 2 p.m., on the day after the spring election, is the deadline for the municipal clerk to deliver election materials to the county clerk. See ss. 7.51 (5) and 7.53 (3).

2. Within 24 hours after the polls close, municipalities with more than one precinct shall begin municipal canvass. See s. 7.53 (2).

(c) *3 days after last day of municipal can-*

vass. 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of municipal canvass, is the deadline to demand recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(d) *2nd Tuesday in April.* 1. The 2nd Tuesday in April is the latest municipalities holding annual elections may declare results of the spring election. See s. 7.53 (2).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the 2nd Tuesday in April. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(e) *3rd Tuesday in April.* The 3rd Tuesday in April is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring primary to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(6) JUNE. (a) *90 days after primary.* Most spring primary election materials may be destroyed 90 days after the spring election. See s. 7.23.

(7) JULY. (a) *90 days after election.* Most spring election materials may be destroyed 90 days after spring election. See s. 7.23.

(b) *6 years after any election.* Financial statements may be destroyed 6 years after any election. See s. 7.23 (1) (d).

History: 1967 c. 88.

10.18 Candidates; spring primary and election. The following subsections set forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the spring primary and election which affect the candidates.

(1) JANUARY. (a) *January 1.* January 1 is the earliest nomination papers may be circulated for candidates running for office in the spring election. See ss. 8.05 (3) (a) and (4) (b) and 8.10 (2).

(b) *Last Tuesday in January.* 5 p.m., on the last Tuesday in January, is the deadline for candidates running for office in the spring election to file nomination papers. See ss.

8.05 (3) (a) and (4) (b) and 8.10 (2).

(2) FEBRUARY. (a) *First Tuesday in February.* 1. 5 p.m., on the first Tuesday in February, is the deadline for all persons filing nomination papers on the last Tuesday in January as a candidate for office which includes more than one county to decline nomination. See s. 8.35 (1).

2. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

(b) *Tuesday before primary.* 1. On the Tuesday before the primary every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the primary. See s. 12.09 (1).

(3) MARCH. (a) *Friday before primary.* 1. The Friday before spring primary is the deadline for filing observer appointments. See s. 7.38 (1) (b).

2. Vacancies may be filled in 4 days. See s. 7.38 (3).

(b) *March 1.* 1. 5 p.m., on March 1, is the deadline for candidates for delegates to party national conventions to file nomination papers and declaration of acceptance or a statement of withdrawal or for proposed presidential candidates to consent to the use of their names by delegates filing nomination papers or to file list of delegates. See s. 8.12 (2) (e) and (3).

2. Within one week from March 1, vacancies in the presidential candidate's lists shall be filled by a majority of the delegation and the names filed with the secretary of state. See s. 8.12 (5).

(c) *First Tuesday in March.* 1. Declination of nomination must be filed within 5 days of the town or village caucus if held. See s. 8.05 (1) (j).

2. The first Tuesday in March is the spring primary. See s. 5.02 (2).

3. Upon completion of the precinct canvass, the results shall be announced, the results telephoned to the proper clerks and all materials returned to the municipal clerk immediately. See ss. 7.51 (4) (b) and (5) and 7.53 (1).

(d) *2 days after primary municipal canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 2 days after spring primary municipal canvass, is the deadline for declination of nomination to office. See s. 8.35 (1).

2. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

(e) *3 days after last day of municipal can-*

vass. 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of municipal canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(f) *3 days after last day of county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(g) *3 days after last day of state canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(h) *2 days after primary county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 2 days after spring primary county canvass, is the deadline for declination of nomination to office. See s. 8.35 (1).

2. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

(i) *2nd Tuesday in March.* 1. 5 p.m., on the 2nd Tuesday in March, is the deadline for all persons nominated to office which includes more than one county to decline nominations. See s. 8.35 (1).

2. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

3. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements must be filed on the 2nd Tuesday in March. See s. 12.09 (1).

(j) *10 days after primary.* The deadline for submitting campaign bills for payment is 10 days after primary. See s. 12.08.

(k) *3rd Tuesday in March.* The 3rd Tuesday in March is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring primary to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(m) *Tuesday before election.* 1. On the Tuesday before the spring election, groups under s. 12.09 (5) shall file expense statements of their efforts in the spring election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the spring election. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

(4) APRIL. (a) *Friday before election.* 1. The Friday before the spring election is the deadline for filing observer appointments. See s. 7.38 (1) (b).

2. Vacancies may be filled in 4 days. See s. 7.38 (3).

(b) *30 days after primary.* Within 30 days after the spring primary the treasurer of each political committee shall file with the county register of deeds a sworn statement of all moneys received and disbursed for 90 days before the spring primary through the date of filing. See s. 12.58 (3) (a).

(c) *First Tuesday in April.* The first Tuesday in April is the spring election. See s. 5.02 (3).

(d) *Day after election.* Within 24 hours after the polls close, municipalities with more than one precinct shall begin municipal canvass. See s. 7.53 (2).

(e) *3 days after last day of municipal canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of municipal canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(f) *3 days after last day of county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of

recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(g) *Thursday after election.* 9 a.m., on the Thursday after the spring election, is the latest county canvass may begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

(h) *2nd Tuesday in April.* The 2nd Tuesday in April is the latest municipalities holding annual elections may declare results of spring election. See s. 7.53 (2).

(5) MAY. (a) *30 days after election.* Within 30 days after the spring election the treasurer of each political committee shall file with county register of deeds a sworn statement of all money received and disbursed for 90 days before the spring election through the date of filing. See s. 12.58 (3) (a).

History: 1987 c. 88.

10.20 Public and general provisions; spring primary and election. The following subsections set forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the spring primary and election which affect the public.

(1) DECEMBER. (a) *December 1.* December 1 is the earliest application may be made for absentee ballots for the spring primary. See s. 6.86.

(2) JANUARY. (a) *January 1.* January 1 is the earliest application may be made for absentee ballots for the spring election. See s. 6.86.

(3) FEBRUARY. (a) *60 days before election.* The deadline for petition requesting submission of question to require or abolish registration in municipalities under 5,000 is 60 days before the spring election. See s. 6.27 (3) and (4).

(b) *3rd Wednesday before primary.* 5 p.m., on the 3rd Wednesday before spring primary, is the deadline for registration. See ss. 6.28 (1) and 6.30 (3) (c).

(c) *Tuesday before primary.* On the Tuesday before the spring primary every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file expense statements of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(4) MARCH. (a) *Wednesday before primary.* On the Wednesday before the spring primary, in cities of the 1st class, the board of election commissioners sits to hear registration objections. See s. 6.48 (2).

(b) *Friday before primary.* 5 p.m., on the Friday before spring primary, is the deadline for application by mail for absentee ballots for the spring primary. See s. 6.86.

(c) *Monday before primary.* 1. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the spring primary, is the deadline for application in person for absentee ballots for spring primary. See s. 6.86.

2. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the spring primary, is the deadline for registration with freeholders. See s. 6.55.

(d) *First Tuesday in March.* The first Tuesday in March is the spring primary. See s. 5.02 (2).

(e) *3 days after last day of municipal canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of municipal canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(f) *3 days after last day of county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedures. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(g) *3 days after last day of canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(h) *Thursday after primary.* At 9 a.m. the Thursday after spring primary is the latest

county canvass may begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

(i) *2nd Tuesday in March.* 1. 5 p.m., the 2nd Tuesday in March, is the deadline for filing petition in towns requesting submission of question whether to require nomination papers and a nonpartisan primary in lieu of the caucus. See s. 8.05 (3) (e).

2. Separate notice 5 days before the election shall be given. See s. 8.05 (3) (e).

(j) *2nd Thursday after primary.* The 2nd Thursday after spring primary is the latest state board of canvassers may meet. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

(k) *10 days after primary.* The deadline for submitting campaign bills for payment is 10 days after primary. See s. 12.08.

(m) *3rd Tuesday in March.* The 3rd Tuesday in March is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring primary to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(n) *3rd Wednesday before election.* 5 p.m., on the 3rd Wednesday before spring election, is the deadline for registration. See ss. 6.28 (1) and 6.30 (3) (c).

(o) *Tuesday before election.* On the Tuesday before the spring election, groups under s. 12.09 (5) shall file expense statements of their efforts in the spring election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(5) APRIL. (a) *Wednesday before election.* On the Wednesday before spring election the 1st class city board of election commissioners sits to hear registration objections. See s. 6.48 (2).

(b) *Friday before election.* 5 p.m., on the Friday before spring election, is the deadline for application by mail for absentee ballots for spring election. See s. 6.86.

(c) *Monday before election.* 1. 5 p.m., on the Monday before spring election, is the deadline for application, in person, for absentee ballots for spring election. See s. 6.86.

2. 5 p.m., on the Monday before spring election, is the deadline for registration with freeholders. See s. 6.55.

(d) *First Tuesday in April.* The first Tuesday in April is spring election. See s. 5.02 (3).

(e) *Day after election.* Within 24 hours after the polls close, municipalities with more than one precinct shall begin municipal canvass. See s. 7.53 (2).

(f) *3 days after last day of municipal canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of municipal canvass, is the deadline to demand

first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(g) *3 days after last day of county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(h) *3 days after last day of state canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of state canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(i) *Thursday after election.* 9 a.m., on Thursday after spring election, is latest county canvass may begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

(j) *3rd Tuesday in April.* The 3rd Tuesday in April is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(6) MAY. (a) *30 days after election.* Within 30 days after spring election the treasurer of each political committee shall file with the county register of deeds a sworn statement of all money received and disbursed for 90 days before spring election through the date of filing. See s. 12.58 (3) (a).

(b) *May 15.* May 15 is the latest the state board of canvassers may meet to can-

vass spring election. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

History: 1967 c. 88.

10.22 Secretary of state; September primary and general election. The following subsections set forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the September primary and general election which affect the secretary of state.

(1) **MAY.** (a) *2nd Tuesday in May.* On or before the 2nd Tuesday in May the secretary of state sends type A notice of the September primary and general election to the county clerks. See s. 10.06 (1) (f).

(b) *Last Tuesday in May.* On the last Tuesday in May the secretary of state publishes one type A notice. See s. 10.06 (1) (g).

(2) **JUNE.** (a) *June 1.* June 1 is earliest nomination papers may be circulated for candidates seeking party indorsement at the September primary for offices to be filled at the general election and for party committeemen. See ss. 8.15 (1) and 8.17 (2).

(3) **JULY.** (a) *2nd Tuesday in July.* 1. 5 p.m., on the 2nd Tuesday in July, is the deadline for candidates seeking party indorsement in the September primary and candidates for party committeemen to file nomination papers. See ss. 8.15 (1) and 8.17 (2).

2. No later than the 2nd Tuesday in July, any group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate, covering the period from last report filed. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(b) *3rd Tuesday in July.* As soon as possible after the last day for filing nomination papers but no later than the 3rd Tuesday in July the secretary of state certifies candidates for offices for the September primary and mails notice to county clerks. See s. 10.06 (1) (h).

(4) **AUGUST.** (a) *August 1.* August 1 is earliest independent candidates seeking office in the general election may circulate nomination papers. See s. 8.20 (8).

(b) *2nd Friday in August.* The 2nd Friday in August is the latest the secretary of state may send blanks for use at the September primary. See s. 7.08 (1) (b).

(5) **SEPTEMBER.** (a) *September 1.* In a general election year, no special election may be scheduled between September 1 and the general election. See s. 8.50 (intro.).

(b) *10 days before primary.* No later than 10 days before the September primary, the secretary of state sends notice and forms

to all committees and candidates for financial accounting. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

(c) *Tuesday before primary.* 1. On the Tuesday before the September primary every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the September primary. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(d) *2nd Tuesday in September.* The 2nd Tuesday in September is the September primary. See s. 5.02 (4).

(e) *3rd Tuesday in September.* 1. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Tuesday in September, is the deadline for independent candidates seeking office in the general election to file nomination papers. See s. 8.20 (8).

2. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Tuesday in September, is the deadline for all persons nominated at the September primary to decline nomination. See s. 8.35 (1).

3. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

4. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the 3rd Tuesday in September. See s. 12.09 (1).

5. If the statements under subd. 4 are not received within 2 days after deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(f) *4th Tuesday in September.* 1. Immediately after the filing deadline for independent candidates but no later than the 4th Tuesday in September the secretary of state certifies candidates and referenda questions for the general election. See s. 10.06 (1) (i).

2. The 4th Tuesday in September is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the September primary to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(g) *3rd Thursday after primary.* The 3rd Thursday after September primary is the latest state board of canvassers may meet to canvass September primary. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

(h) *3 days after last day of state canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of state can-

vass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(6) OCTOBER. (a) *2nd Friday in October*. The 2nd Friday in October is the latest the secretary of state may send blanks for use at the general election. See s. 7.08 (1) (b).

(b) *3rd Tuesday before election*. On the 3rd Tuesday before the general election the secretary of state publishes one notice of all candidates for each office plus the full text and explanation of any referenda. See s. 10.06 (1) (j).

(d) *10 days before election*. 10 days before the general election is the latest the secretary of state may send notice and forms for financial accounting to all committees and candidates. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(7) NOVEMBER. (a) *Tuesday before election*. 1. On the Tuesday before the general election, groups under s. 12.09 (5) shall file expense statements of their efforts in the general election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the general election. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, violators must be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(b) *Tuesday after first Monday in November*. The Tuesday after first Monday in November is the general election. See s. 5.02 (5).

(c) *2nd Tuesday after election*. 1. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the 2nd Tuesday after the general election. See s. 12.09 (1).

2. If the statements under subd. 1 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(d) *3rd Tuesday in November*. The 3rd Tuesday in November is the deadline for

groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the general election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(8) DECEMBER. (a) *December 1*. 1. December 1 is the latest the state board of canvassers may meet to canvass the general election. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

2. Following the canvass, the secretary of state issues certificates of election and publishes one notice of the canvass results. See s. 7.70 (5) (a).

(b) *3 days after last day of state canvass*. 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after the last day of state canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(c) *90 days after primary*. Most September primary election materials may be destroyed 90 days after the September primary. See s. 7.23.

(d) *First Monday after 2nd Wednesday in December*. First Monday after 2nd Wednesday in December is the latest the secretary of state may deliver to one of the presidential electors, in presidential election years, 3 lists of the electors. See s. 7.70 (5) (b).

(e) *90 days after election*. Most general election materials may be destroyed 90 days after the general election. See s. 7.23.

(f) *6 years after any election*. Financial statements may be destroyed 6 years after any election. See s. 7.23 (1) (d).

History: 1967 c. 88.

10.24 County clerk; September primary and general election. The following subsections set forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the September primary and general election which affect the county clerk.

(1) MAY. (a) *Last Tuesday in May*. On the last Tuesday in May the county clerks give notice to municipal clerks and publish the first of 2 type A notices. See s. 10.06 (2) (f).

(2) JUNE. (a) *June 1*. June 1 is the earliest nomination papers may be circulated for candidates seeking party indorsement at the September primary for offices to be filled at the general election and for party committee-

men. See ss. 8.15 (1) and 8.17 (2).

(b) *First Tuesday in June*. On the first Tuesday in June the county clerks publish the 2nd of 2 type A notices. See s. 10.06 (2) (f).

(3) JULY. (a) *2nd Tuesday in July*. 1. 5 p.m., on the 2nd Tuesday in July, is the deadline for candidates seeking party indorsement in the September primary and candidates for party committeemen to file nomination papers. See ss. 8.15 (1) and 8.17 (2).

2. No later than the 2nd Tuesday in July any group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate, covering period from last report filed. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(b) *3rd Monday in July*. The 3rd Monday in July is the latest county clerks may send to secretary of state the list of all legislative candidates when the district is within the county. See s. 8.15 (8) (b).

(4) AUGUST. (a) *August 1*. August 1 is the earliest independent candidates seeking office in the general election may circulate nomination papers. See s. 8.20 (8).

(b) *3rd Tuesday before primary*. The 3rd Tuesday before the September primary is the latest county clerks may distribute spring primary ballots and election blanks to municipal clerks. See s. 7.10 (3).

(5) SEPTEMBER. (a) *September 1*. In a general election year, no special election may be scheduled between September 1 and the general election. See s. 8.50 (intro.).

(b) *10 days before primary*. No later than 10 days before the primary the county clerks send notice and forms to all committees and candidates for financial accounting. See s. 12.09 (4) (b).

(c) *2nd Monday before primary*. On the 2nd Monday before the September primary the county clerks publish first of 2 type B notices. See s. 10.06 (2) (g).

(d) *Tuesday before primary*. 1. On the Tuesday before the September primary every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the September primary. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(e) *Monday before primary*. On the Mon-

day before the September primary county clerks publish 2nd of 2 type B notices. See s. 10.06 (2) (g).

(f) *2nd Tuesday in September*. The 2nd Tuesday in September is the September primary. See s. 5.02 (4).

(g) *Thursday after primary*. 1. 9 a.m., on the Thursday after the September primary, is the latest county canvass may begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

2. 5 p.m., 2 days after the September primary county canvass, is the deadline for declination of nomination to office. See s. 8.35 (1).

3. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

(h) *3 days after last day of county canvass*. 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after the last day of the county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 3 days after completion of the first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(i) *3rd Tuesday in September*. 1. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Tuesday in September, is the deadline for independent candidates seeking office in the general election to file nomination papers. See s. 8.20 (8).

2. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Tuesday in September, is the deadline for all persons nominated at the September primary to decline nomination. See s. 8.35 (1).

3. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the 3rd Tuesday in September. See s. 12.09 (1).

4. If the statements under subd. 3 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and an order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(j) *4th Tuesday in September*. The 4th Tuesday in September is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the September primary to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(k) *3rd Wednesday after primary*. The 3rd Wednesday after the September primary is the deadline for county clerks to make returns

to the secretary of state. See s. 7.70 (1) (b).

(6) OCTOBER. (a) *3rd Tuesday before election.* The 3rd Tuesday before the general election is the latest county clerks may distribute ballots and election blanks to municipal clerks. See s. 7.10 (3).

(b) *10 days before election.* No later than 10 days before election the county clerks send notice and forms for financial accounting to all committees and candidates. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(c) *2nd Monday before election.* On the 2nd Monday before the general election county clerks publish first of 2 type B notices including county offices and first of 2 type C notices including county referenda questions, when necessary. See s. 10.06 (2) (i).

(d) *Tuesday before election.* 1. On the Tuesday before the general election, groups under s. 12.09 (5) shall file expense statements of their efforts in the general election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the general election. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after deadline, violators must be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(7) NOVEMBER. (a) *Monday before election.* On the Monday before the general election county clerk publishes 2nd of 2 type B notices and 2nd of 2 type C notices when necessary. See s. 10.06 (2) (i).

(b) *Tuesday after first Monday in November.* The Tuesday after the first Monday in November is the general election. See s. 5.02 (5).

(c) *Thursday after election.* 9 a.m., on the Thursday after the general election, is the latest county canvass may begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

(d) *3 days after last day of county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to

circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(e) *Expiration of recount period.* Immediately after expiration of the recount period, the county clerks issue certificate of election to persons elected in the county and publish results in a newspaper. See s. 7.60 (6) and (7).

(f) *First Tuesday after election.* 1. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the first Tuesday after election. See s. 12.09 (1).

2. If the statements under subd. 1 are not received within 2 days after the deadline, the violators shall be notified and be sent an affidavit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(g) *2nd Tuesday after election.* The 2nd Tuesday after the general election is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(h) *3rd Wednesday after election.* The 3rd Wednesday after the general election is the deadline for county clerks to make returns to the secretary of state. See s. 7.70 (1) (b).

(8) DECEMBER. (a) *90 days after primary.* Most September primary election materials may be destroyed 90 days after the September primary. See s. 7.23.

(b) *90 days after election.* Most general election materials may be destroyed 90 days after the general election. See s. 7.23.

(c) *6 years after any election.* Financial statements may be destroyed 6 years after any election. See s. 7.23 (1) (d).

History: 1967 c. 88.

10.26 Municipal clerk and governing body; September primary and general election. The following subsections set forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the September primary and general election which affect the municipal clerk and governing body.

(1) JUNE. (a) *June 1.* June 1 is the earliest application may be made for absentee ballots for the September primary. See s. 6.86.

(2) JULY. (a) *4 months before election.* 4 months before the general election is the latest precincts may be divided. See s. 5.15 (3).

(b) *60 days before primary.* Until 60 days before the September primary precincts or wards may be united to facilitate using voting machines. See s. 5.15 (6) (b).

(3) AUGUST. (a) *August 1.* 1. On the August 1 preceding a September primary, the municipal clerks certify to the county clerk

the approximate number of electors in the district. See s. 5.66 (1).

2. August 1 is the earliest application may be made for absentee ballots for the general election. See s. 6.86.

(b) *30 days before primary*. 1. The deadline for establishing polling places is 30 days before the September primary. See s. 5.25 (1).

2. The deadline for selecting tabulators to assist with the September primary canvass is 30 days before the September primary. See s. 7.30 (3).

(c) *3rd Wednesday before primary*. 1. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Wednesday before September primary, is the deadline for registration. See ss. 6.28 (1) and 6.30 (3) (c).

2. The 3rd day after registration closes is the latest registering municipal clerks may mail voting privilege cancellation cards. See s. 6.40 (1) (b).

(4) **SEPTEMBER**. (a) *60 days before election*. 1. Until 60 days before the general election precincts or wards may be united to facilitate the use of voting machines. See s. 5.15 (6) (b).

2. The deadline for petitions requesting submission of question to require or abolish registration in municipalities under 5,000 population is 60 days before the general election. See s. 6.27 (3) and (4).

(b) *2nd Monday before primary*. The 2nd Monday before the September primary is the latest 4th class cities, villages and towns may publish first of 2 notices of a change in the polling hours. See s. 6.78 (2).

(c) *Wednesday before primary*. On the Wednesday before the September primary in cities of the 1st class the board of election commissioners sits to hear registration objections. See s. 6.48 (2).

(d) *Friday before primary*. 1. 5 p.m., on the Friday before September primary, is the deadline for application by mail for absentee ballots for September primary. See s. 6.86.

2. The Friday before September primary is the deadline for filing observer appointments. See s. 7.38 (1) (b).

3. Vacancies may be filled in 4 days. See s. 7.38 (3).

(e) *Monday before primary*. 1. The Monday before the September primary is the latest election materials may be delivered to precincts. See s. 7.15 (3) (b) and (5).

2. The Monday before the September primary is the latest 4th class cities, villages and towns may publish 2nd of 2 notices of a change in the polling hours. See s. 6.78 (2).

3. On the Monday before the September primary municipal clerks publish one type D notice. See s. 10.06 (3) (d).

4. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the September primary, is the deadline for registration with freeholders. See s. 6.55.

5. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the September primary, is the deadline for application, in person, for absentee ballots for September primary. See s. 6.86.

(f) *2nd Tuesday in September*. 1. The 2nd Tuesday in September is the September primary. See s. 5.02 (4).

2. Upon completion of the precinct canvass, the results shall be announced, the results telephoned to the proper clerks and all materials returned to the municipal clerk immediately. See ss. 7.51 (4) (b) and (5) and 7.53 (1).

3. Following the September primary any unused election materials and contents of blank ballot box may be destroyed as the municipal clerk directs. See s. 7.23 (1) (a).

(g) *Day after primary*. 2 p.m., on the day after the September primary, is the deadline for municipal clerks to deliver election materials to the county clerk. See ss. 7.51 (5) and 7.53 (3).

(5) **OCTOBER**. (a) *30 days before election*. 1. The deadline for selecting tabulators to assist with the general election canvass is 30 days before the general election. See s. 7.30 (3).

2. The deadline for establishing polling places is 30 days before the general election. See s. 5.25 (1) (b).

(b) *3rd Wednesday before election*. 1. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Wednesday before the general election, is the deadline for registration. See ss. 6.28 (1) and 6.30 (3) (c).

2. The 3rd day after registration closes is the latest registering municipal clerks may mail voting privilege cancellation cards. See s. 6.40 (1) (b).

(c) *2nd Monday before election*. The 2nd Monday before the general election is the latest 4th class cities, villages and towns may publish first of 2 notices of a change in the polling hours. See s. 6.78 (2).

(d) *Wednesday before election*. On the Wednesday before the general election in cities of the 1st class, the board of election commissioners sits to hear registration objections. See s. 6.48 (2).

(e) *Friday before election*. 1. The Friday before the general election is the deadline for filing observer appointments. See s. 7.38 (1) (b).

2. Vacancies may be filled in 4 days. See s. 7.38 (3).

3. 5 p.m., on the Friday before the general election, is the deadline for application by mail for absentee ballots for general election. See s. 6.86.

(6) NOVEMBER. (a) *Monday before election*. 1. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the general election, is the deadline for application, in person, for absentee ballots for general election. See s. 6.68.

2. The Monday before the general election is the latest 4th class cities, villages and towns may publish 2nd of 2 notices of a change in the polling hours. See s. 6.78 (2).

3. The Monday before the general election is the latest election materials may be delivered to precincts. See s. 7.15 (3) (b) and (5).

4. 5 p.m., on the day before the general election, is the deadline for registration with freeholders. See s. 6.55.

(b) *Tuesday after first Monday in November*. 1. The Tuesday after the first Monday in November is the general election. See s. 5.02 (5).

2. Upon completion of the precinct canvass, the results shall be announced, the results telephoned to the proper clerks and all materials returned to the municipal clerk immediately. See ss. 7.51 (4) (b) and (5) and 7.53 (1).

3. Following the general election any unused election materials may be destroyed as municipal clerk directs. See s. 7.23 (1) (a).

(c) *Following presidential election*. 1. Following the presidential election municipal clerks cancel registration of persons who have not voted for 2 years. See s. 6.50 (2).

2. 4 years after registration cancellation the cards may be destroyed. See s. 6.50 (1) (a) and (2) (f).

(d) *Day after general election*. 2 p.m., on the day after the general election, is the deadline for municipal clerks to deliver election materials to the county clerk. See ss. 7.51 (5) and 7.53 (3).

(7) DECEMBER. (a) *90 days after primary*. Most September primary election materials may be destroyed 90 days after September primary. See s. 7.23.

(b) *December 15*. On December 15 in the year prior to the time for appointment of new election officials, the political parties shall submit their nominees for election officials. See s. 7.30 (4) (c).

(c) *90 days after election*. Most general election materials may be destroyed 90 days after general election. See s. 7.23.

(d) *6 years after any election*. Financial

statements may be destroyed 6 years after any election. See s. 7.23.

History: 1967 c. 88.

10.28 Candidates; September primary and general election. The following subsections set forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the September primary and general election which affect the candidates.

(1) JUNE. (a) *June 1*. June 1 is the earliest nomination papers may be circulated for candidates seeking party indorsement at the September primary for offices to be filled at the general election and for party committeemen. See ss. 8.15 (1) and 8.17 (2).

(2) JULY. (a) *State central committee meeting*. A meeting to elect alternates for the national convention shall be called by giving at least 10 days' notice of the meeting which shall be scheduled at least 15 days before the national convention. See s. 8.12 (7).

(b) *2nd Tuesday in July*. 1. 5 p.m., on the 2nd Tuesday in July, is the deadline for candidates seeking party indorsement in the September primary and candidates for party committeemen to file nomination papers. See ss. 8.15 (1) and 8.17 (2).

2. No later than the 2nd Tuesday in July, any group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate covering the period from the last report filed. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(c) *3rd Tuesday in July*. 1. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Tuesday in July, is the deadline for all persons filing nomination papers on the 2nd Tuesday in July as a candidate for office seeking party indorsement which includes more than one county. See s. 8.35 (1).

2. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

(3) AUGUST. (a) *August 1*. August 1 is the earliest independent candidates seeking office in the general election may circulate nomination papers. See s. 8.20 (8).

(4) SEPTEMBER. (a) *Tuesday before primary*. 1. On the Tuesday before the September primary every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the September primary. See s. 12.09 (1).

3. If the statements under subd. 2 are not received within 2 days after the deadline the violators shall be notified and be sent an affi-

davit and order of the court. See ss. 12.09 (4) (b) and 12.10.

(b) *Friday before primary.* 1. The Friday before the September primary is the deadline for filing observer appointments. See s. 7.38 (1) (b).

2. Vacancies may be filled in 4 days. See s. 7.38 (3).

(c) *2nd Tuesday in September.* 1. The 2nd Tuesday in September is the September primary. See s. 5.02 (4).

2. Upon completion of the precinct canvass, the results shall be announced, the results telephoned to the proper clerks and all materials returned to the municipal clerk immediately. See ss. 7.51 (4) (b) and (5) and 7.53 (1).

(d) *Thursday after primary.* 9 a.m., on the Thursday after September primary, is the latest county canvass may begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

(e) *2 days after primary county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 2 days after the September primary county canvass, is the deadline for declination of nomination to office. See s. 8.35 (1).

2. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

(f) *2 days after completion of county canvass.* Within 2 days after completion of the county canvass the chairman of each party committee calls county committee meeting by giving 5 days' notice of the meeting scheduled not more than 15 days after the date of calling it. See s. 8.17 (5) (b).

(g) *3 days after last day of county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to the circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(h) *3rd Tuesday in September.* 1. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Tuesday in September, is the deadline for independent candidates seeking office in the general election to file nomination papers. See s. 8.20 (8).

2. 5 p.m., on the 3rd Tuesday in September, is the deadline for all persons nominated at the September primary to decline nomination. See s. 8.35 (1).

3. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

4. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the 3rd Tuesday in September. See s. 12.09 (1).

(i) *10 days after primary.* The deadline for submitting campaign bills for payment is 10 days after primary. See s. 12.08.

(j) *4th Tuesday in September.* 1. 5 p.m., on the 4th Tuesday in September, is the deadline for all persons filing nomination papers on the 3rd Tuesday in September as an independent candidate for office which includes more than one county to decline nomination. See s. 8.35 (1).

2. Vacancies may be filled within 2 days. See s. 8.35 (2).

3. The 4th Tuesday in September is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the September primary to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(k) *3rd Thursday after primary.* The 3rd Thursday after September primary is the latest the state board of canvassers may meet to canvass September primary. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

(m) *3 days after last day of state canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after the last day of state canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(5) OCTOBER. (a) *First Tuesday in October.* 1. At 10 a.m. on the first Tuesday in October the state central committee platform convention in state capitol shall be held. See s. 8.18.

2. Within 10 days after the convention a certified copy of proceedings and platform shall be filed with secretary of state. See s. 8.18 (3).

(b) *30 days after primary.* No later than 30 days after the primary the treasurer of each political committee shall file with the county register of deeds a sworn statement of all money received and disbursed for 90 days before the primary election through the date of filing. See s. 12.58 (3) (a).

(c) *Tuesday before election.* 1. On the Tuesday before the election, groups under s.

12.09 (5) shall file expense statements of their efforts in the election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

2. Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday before the election. See s. 12.09 (1).

(d) *Friday before election.* 1. The Friday before general election is the deadline for filing observer appointments. See s. 7.38 (1) (b).

2. Vacancies may be filled in 4 days. See s. 7.38 (3).

(6) NOVEMBER. (a) *Tuesday after first Monday in November.* 1. The Tuesday after the first Monday in November is the general election. See s. 5.02 (5).

2. Upon completion of the precinct canvass, the results shall be announced, the results telephoned to the proper clerks and all materials returned to the municipal clerk immediately. See ss. 7.51 (4) (b) and (5) and 7.53 (1).

(b) *Thursday after election.* At 9 a.m. on the Thursday after the general election is the latest county canvass may begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

(c) *3 days after last day of county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after the last day of county canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following the filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(d) *10 days after election.* 10 days after the election is the deadline for submitting campaign bills for payment. See s. 12.08.

(e) *Tuesday after election.* Candidate's and personal campaign committee's verified financial statements shall be filed on the Tuesday after election. See s. 12.09 (1).

(f) *2nd Tuesday after election.* The 2nd Tuesday after election is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the spring election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(7) DECEMBER. (a) *December 1.* December 1 is the latest the state board of canvassers may meet to canvass general election. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

(b) *3 days after last day of state canvass.*

1. 5 p.m., 3 days after the last day of state canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(c) *First Monday after 2nd Wednesday in December.* At 12 noon on the first Monday after 2nd Wednesday in December, in presidential election years, the presidential electors meet at the state capitol. See s. 7.75.

(d) *30 days after election.* Within 30 days after election the treasurer of each political committee shall file with the county register of deeds a sworn statement of all money received and disbursed for 90 days before election through the date of filing. See s. 12.58 (3) (a).

(e) *December 15.* On December 15 in the year prior to the time for appointment of new election officials, the political parties shall submit their nominees for election officials. See s. 7.30 (4) (c).

History: 1967 c. 88.

10.30 Public and general provisions; September primary and general election. The following subsections set forth, in chronological order, dates relating to the September primary and general election which affect the public.

(1) JUNE. (a) *June 1.* June 1 is the earliest application may be made for absentee ballots for the September primary. See s. 6.86.

(2) JULY. (a) *2nd Tuesday in July.* No later than the 2nd Tuesday in July any group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of their efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate covering the period from the last report filed. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(3) AUGUST. (a) *August 1.* August 1 is the earliest application may be made for absentee ballots for the general election. See s. 6.86.

(b) *3rd Wednesday before primary.* 5 p.m., on the 3rd Wednesday before the September primary, is the deadline for registration. See ss. 6.28 (1) and 6.30 (3) (c).

(4) SEPTEMBER. (a) *60 days before election.* The deadline for petition requesting submission of question to require or abolish registration in municipalities under 5,000 popula-

tion is 60 days before the general election. See s. 6.27 (3) and (4).

(b) *Tuesday before primary.* On the Tuesday before the September primary every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(c) *Wednesday before primary.* On the Wednesday before the September primary, in cities of the 1st class, the board of election commissioners sits to hear registration objections. See s. 6.48 (2).

(d) *Friday before primary.* 5 p.m., on the Friday before the September primary, is the deadline for application by mail for absentee ballots for September primary. See s. 6.86.

(e) *Monday before primary.* 1. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the September primary, is the deadline for application, in person, for absentee ballots for September primary. See s. 6.86.

2. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the September primary, is the deadline for registration with freeholders. See s. 6.55.

(f) *2nd Tuesday in September.* 1. The 2nd Tuesday in September is the September primary. See s. 5.02 (4).

2. Upon completion of the precinct canvass, the results shall be announced, the results telephoned to the proper clerks and all materials returned to the municipal clerk immediately. See ss. 7.51 (4) (b) and (5) and 7.53 (1).

(g) *Thursday after primary.* At 9 a.m. on Thursday after the September primary is the latest county canvass shall begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

(h) *10 days after primary.* The deadline for submitting campaign bills for payment is 10 days after primary. See s. 12.08.

(i) *2nd Tuesday after primary.* 1. On the 2nd Tuesday after the primary, every group under s. 12.09 (5) shall file an expense statement of its efforts to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(j) *3rd Thursday after primary.* The 3rd Thursday after the September primary is the latest the state board of canvassers may meet to canvass September primary. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

(k) *3 days after last day of state canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of state canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first

recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(5) OCTOBER. (a) *30 days after primary.* No later than 30 days after the primary the treasurer of each political committee shall file with the county register of deeds a sworn statement of all money received and disbursed for 90 days before election through the date of filing. See s. 12.53 (3) (a).

(b) *3rd Wednesday before election.* 5 p.m., on the 3rd Wednesday before the general election, is the deadline for registration. See ss. 6.28 (1) and 6.30 (3) (c).

(c) *Tuesday before election.* On the Tuesday before the election, groups under s. 12.09 (5) shall file expense statements of their efforts in the election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(d) *Wednesday before election.* On the Wednesday before the general election in cities of the 1st class, the board of election commissioners sits to hear registration objections. See s. 6.48 (2).

(6) NOVEMBER. (a) *Friday before election.* 5 p.m., on the Friday before the general election, is the deadline for application by mail for absentee ballots for general election. See s. 6.86.

(b) *Monday before election.* 1. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the general election, is the deadline for application, in person, for absentee ballots for general election. See s. 6.86.

2. 5 p.m., on the Monday before the general election, is the deadline for registration with freeholders. See s. 6.55.

(c) *Tuesday after first Monday in November.* 1. The Tuesday after the first Monday in November is the general election. See s. 5.02 (5).

2. Upon completion of the precinct canvass, the results shall be announced, the results telephoned to the proper clerks and all materials returned to the municipal clerk immediately. See ss. 7.51 (4) (b) and (5) and 7.53 (1).

(d) *Following presidential election.* Municipal clerks shall cancel registration of persons who have not voted for 2 years. See s. 6.50 (2).

(e) *Thursday after election.* At 9 a.m. on the Thursday after the general election is the latest county canvass may begin. See s. 7.60 (3).

(f) *3 days after last day of county canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after the last day of county

canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition, the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(g) *10 days after election.* The deadline for submitting campaign bills for payment is 10 days after election. See s. 12.08.

(h) *2nd Tuesday after election.* The 2nd Tuesday after election is the deadline for groups under s. 12.09 (5) to file expense statements of their efforts in the election to help or hinder any measure or candidate. See s. 12.09 (5) (b).

(7) DECEMBER. (a) *December 1.* December 1 is the latest the state board of canvassers may meet to canvass general election. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

(b) *3 days after last day of state canvass.* 1. 5 p.m., 3 days after last day of state canvass, is the deadline to demand first recount. See s. 9.01 (1) (a).

2. At 9 a.m. on the day following filing of recount petition the board of canvassers reconvenes to begin recount procedure. See s. 9.01 (1) (b).

3. 5 p.m., 2 days after completion of first recount, is the deadline to demand recount in any remaining precincts. See s. 9.01 (4).

4. No later than 5 days after recount determination aggrieved parties may appeal to circuit court. See s. 9.01 (6).

(c) *First Monday after 2nd Wednesday in December.* At 12 noon on the first Monday after the 2nd Wednesday in December, in presidential election years, the presidential electors meet at the state capitol. See s. 7.75.

(d) *30 days after election.* Within 30 days after election the treasurer of each political committee shall file with the county register of deeds a sworn statement of all money received and disbursed for 90 days before the election through the date of filing. See s. 12.58 (3) (a).

History: 1967 c. 88.

10.32 Special primary and election. (1) SECRETARY OF STATE. (a) *General.* The provisions for financial statements, recount, registration, absentee voting and other general provisions apply to special elections.

(b) *Nomination papers.* Nomination papers may be circulated no sooner than the day the order for the special election is filed and shall be filed no later than 5 p.m. 18 days before the special primary. See s. 8.50 (3).

(c) *Date for special primary.* The date for the special primary is 4 weeks before the day of the special election. See ss. 5.02 (6) (a) and 8.50 (2) (b).

(d) *Date for special election.* The date for the special election shall be not less than 55 nor more than 70 days from date of order. See s. 8.50 (2).

(e) *Special election notice.* 1. Notice shall be given upon filing of the order calling the election. See s. 8.50 (1) (b).

2. If the special election includes the secretary of state, he shall give one notice. See s. 8.50 (1) (b).

(f) *15 days before special primary.* 15 days before the special primary the secretary of state sends certified list of candidates to county clerk. See s. 8.50 (1) (d).

(g) *4 weeks before special election.* 4 weeks before the special election is the special primary. See ss. 5.02 (6) (a) and 8.50.

(h) *2nd Thursday after special primary.* The 2nd Thursday after the special primary is the latest the state board of canvassers may meet. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

(i) *Special election.* See ss. 5.02 (6) (b) and 8.50.

(j) *25 days after special election.* No later than 25 days after the special election is the latest the state board of canvassers may meet to canvass special election. See s. 7.70 (3) (a).

(2) COUNTY CLERK. (a) *General.* The provisions for financial statements, recount, registration, absentee voting and other general provisions apply to special elections.

(b) *Special dates affecting filling vacancies by special election.* See s. 8.50 (3).

(c) *Date for special primary.* The special primary shall be 4 weeks before the day of the special election. See ss. 5.02 (6) (a) and 8.50 (2) (b).

(d) *Date for special election.* The date for special election shall be not less than 55 nor more than 70 days from date of order. See s. 8.50 (2).

(e) *Date special election ordered.* The earliest nomination papers may be circulated for special election is the date the special election is ordered. See s. 8.50 (3).

(f) *Special election notice.* The county clerk gives 2 notices of the special election. See s. 8.50 (1) (b) and (c).

(g) *2nd Monday before special primary and election.* On the 2nd Monday before the special primary and election the proper clerk publishes first of 2 type B notices. See ss. 8.50 (1) (d) and 10.01.

(h) *Monday before special primary and election.* On the Monday before the special primary and election the proper clerk publishes 2nd of 2 type B notices. See ss. 8.50 (1) (d) and 10.01.

(i) *2nd Wednesday after special primary.* The 2nd Wednesday after the special primary is the deadline for county clerk to make returns to secretary of state. See s. 7.70 (1) (b).

(j) *Special election.* See ss. 5.02 (6) (b) and 8.50.

(k) *3rd Wednesday after special election.* The 3rd Wednesday after the special election is the deadline for county clerk to make returns to secretary of state. See s. 7.70 (1) (b).

(3) MUNICIPAL CLERK AND GOVERNING BODY. (a) *General.* The provisions for financial statements, recount, registration, absentee voting and other general provisions apply to special elections.

(b) *Special dates affecting filling vacancies by special election.* See s. 8.50 (3).

(c) *Date for special primary.* The special primary shall be 4 weeks before the day of the special election. See ss. 5.02 (6) (a) and 8.50 (2) (b).

(d) *Date for special election.* The date for the special election shall be not less than 55 nor more than 70 days from date of order. See s. 8.50 (2).

(e) *4 weeks before special election.* The special primary shall be 4 weeks before the special election. See ss. 5.02 (6) (a) and 8.50.

(f) *Special election.* See ss. 5.02 (6) (b) and 8.50.

(4) CANDIDATES. (a) *General.* The provisions for financial statements recount, registration, absentee voting and other general provisions apply to special elections.

(b) *Special dates affecting filling vacancies by special election.* See s. 8.50 (3).

(c) *Date for special primary.* The special primary shall be 4 weeks before the day of the special election. See ss. 5.02 (6) (a) and 8.50 (2).

(d) *Date for special election.* The date for the special election shall be not less than 55 nor more than 70 days from date of order. See s. 8.50 (2).

(e) *Date special election ordered.* The earliest nomination papers may be circulated for the special election is the date the special election is ordered. See s. 8.50 (3).

(f) *18 days before special primary.* 5 p.m., 18 days before the special primary, is the deadline for filing nomination papers for special election. See s. 8.50 (3).

(g) *4 weeks before special election.* 4 weeks before the special election is the special primary. See ss. 5.02 (6) (a) and 8.50.

(h) *Special election.* See ss. 5.02 (6) (b) and 8.50.

(5) PUBLIC AND GENERAL PROVISIONS. (a) *General.* The provisions for financial statements, recount, registration, absentee voting and other general provisions apply to special elections.

(b) *Date for special primary.* The special primary shall be 4 weeks before the day of the special election. See ss. 5.02 (6) (a) and 8.50 (2) (b).

(c) *Date for special election.* The date for the special election shall be not less than 55 nor more than 70 days from date of order. See s. 8.50 (3).

(d) *Date special election ordered.* The earliest nomination papers may be circulated for the special election is the date the special election is ordered. See s. 8.50 (3).

(e) *18 days before special primary.* 5 p.m., 18 days before the special primary, is the deadline for filing nomination papers for special election. See s. 8.50 (3).

(f) *4 weeks before special election.* 4 weeks before the special election is the special primary. See ss. 5.02 (6) (a) and 8.50.

(g) *Special election.* See ss. 5.02 (6) (b) and 8.50.

History: 1967 c. 88.