CHAPTER 39

HIGHER EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES AND EDUCATION COMPACTS

SUBCHAPTER I
EDUCATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS BOARD

39.11 Educational communications board; duties. The educational communications board shall:

(1) Receive and disburse state, federal and private funds and engage or contract for such personnel and facilities as it deems necessary to carry out the purpose of this section.

(2) Plan, construct and develop a state system of radio broadcasting for the presentation of educational, informational and public service programs and formulate policies regulating the operation of such a state system.

(3) Protect the public interest in educational television by making application to the federal communications commission for educational television channels reserved for Wisconsin, and take such action as is necessary to preserve such channels to Wisconsin for educational use.

(4) Initiate, develop and maintain a comprehensive state plan for the orderly operation of a statewide television system for the presentation of noncommercial instructional programs which will serve the best interests of the people of the state now and in the future;

(5) Work with the educational agencies and institutions of the state as reviewer, adviser and coordinator of their joint efforts to meet the educational needs of the state through radio and television.

(6) Furnish leadership in securing adequate funding for statewide joint use of radio and television for educational and cultural purposes, including funding for media programming for broadcast over the state networks. The educational communications board may submit joint budget requests with state agencies and other nonstate organizations or corporations for the purposes stated above;

(7) Lease, purchase or construct radio and television facilities for joint use, such as network interconnection or relay equipment, mobile units, or other equipment available for statewide use;

(8) Apply for, construct and operate radio and television transmission equipment in order to provide broadcast service to all areas of this state;

(9) Establish and maintain a continuing evaluation of the effectiveness of the joint efforts of all participating educational institutions in terms of jointly-established goals in the area of educational radio and television.

(10) Act as a central clearing house and source of information concerning educational radio and television activities in this state, including the furnishing of such information to legislators, offices of government, educational institutions and the general public.

(11) If appropriate funds are made available, file applications after appropriate engineering studies and feasibility surveys for the construction and operation of noncommercial educational radio and television transmitters in the vicinity of Wausau, Colfax, La Crosse and Appleton and translators in the Platteville and Ashland areas.

(12) Establish and operate, as soon as practicable, an interconnection between the broadcast facilities and higher education campuses to facilitate statewide use of closed circuit and broadcast radio and television for educational purposes. Additional facilities may be authorized by the educational communications board if deemed necessary and if funds are available for such purposes.

(13) Throughout this development, seek to cooperate with similar bodies in other states and participate in regional and national network planning so as to insure maximum educational benefits for the people of this state.

(14) Coordinate the radio activities of the various educational and informational agencies, civic groups, and citizens having contributions to make to the public interest and welfare.

(15) Manage, operate and maintain broadcasting station WLWL.

(16) When appropriate and related to the programs of the state educational radio and television network, procure or publish instructional material. A reasonable handling charge may be established to cover the costs of providing such material.

(16g) Expending at least $140,200 in fiscal year 1994–95 and every fiscal year thereafter for the development and periodic update of instructional television programs that are specific to this state for use in schools. Funds may be expended for the programs from the appropriation under s. 20.225 (1) (f), (g), (h) or (m).
(16m) Give priority in the development of instructional television programs to programs specific to this state.

(17) Assist any state agency, upon its request, in the development and review of plans for the utilization of educational radio and television to include, but not be limited to, equipment, personnel, facilities and programming.

(17m) Maintain annual records of its expenditures for programming purposes by type of programming and by source of revenue. By December 1, 1981, and annually thereafter, the educational communications board shall submit to the governor and the chief clerk of each house of the legislature, for distribution to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2), a report on all of the board’s sources of revenue by source and amount.

(18) Use the funds appropriated under s. 20.225 (1) (d) to contract with Milwaukee area technical college for television facilities access or programs of statewide interest produced by the technical college, or both.

(20) Provide leadership in securing appropriate funding for regional educational telecommunications networks maintained by schools and other educational institutions, coordinate the development of the networks and establish technical standards for the networks and their interconnections.


Board’s relationship with support organizations discussed. 70 Atty. Gen. 163.

39.115 Educational communications board; powers.
The educational communications board may:

(1) Copyright in its own name or acquire copyrights by assignment and charge for their use.

(2) Review capital equipment purchases related to public broadcasting made by any state agency.

(3) Enter into a contract with any state agency, county, cooperative educational service agency, technical college district, municipality or school district for the educational communications board to furnish engineering and other services related to the construction or operation of telecommunications facilities.

History: 1985 a. 29 ss. 711g, 711r; 1995 a. 27.

39.12 Nonstock corporation. (1) The educational communications board may organize and maintain a nonstock nonprofit corporation under ch. 181 for the exclusive purpose of raising funds for the educational communications board to support the activities of the educational communications board. Any funds raised by the corporation shall be expended to carry out the purposes for which received.

(2) The educational communications board shall enter into a contract with the corporation under sub. (1). The contract shall provide that the educational communications board may make use of the services of the corporation and that the educational communications board may provide administrative services to the corporation. The type and scope of any administrative services provided by the educational communications board to the corporation and the educational communications board employees assigned to perform the services shall be determined by the educational communications board. The corporation may not employ staff nor engage in political activities.

(2m) The corporation under sub. (1) shall donate any real property to the state within 5 years after acquiring the property unless holding the property for more than 5 years is consistent with sound business and financial practices and is approved by the joint committee on finance.

(3) The educational communications board, the department of administration, the legislative fiscal bureau, the legislative audit bureau and the appropriate committee of each house of the legislature, as determined by the presiding officer, may examine all records of the corporation.

(4) The board of directors of any corporation established under this section shall consist of 5 members, including the executive director of the educational communications board and 4 members of the educational communications board, elected by the educational communications board, of which one shall be a legislator. No 2 members of the board of directors may be from the same category of educational communications board members under s. 15.57 (1) to (7).

(5) Any corporation established under this section shall be organized so that contributions to it will be deductible from adjusted gross income under section 170 of the internal revenue code and so that the corporation will be exempt from taxation under section 501 of the internal revenue code and ss. 71.26 (1) (a) and 71.45 (1).


39.13 Board staff. (1) The educational communications board shall appoint an executive director outside the classified service. The executive director shall coordinate the activities and execute the program and orders of the board, maintain liaison with the various federal and state agencies interested in the system of state radio and television broadcasting and exercise such further powers, functions and duties as the board prescribes.

(2) The executive director may employ a deputy director, the number of division administrators specified in s. 230.08 (2) (e) and 12 professional staff members outside the classified service. Subject to authorization under s. 16.505, the executive director may employ additional professional staff members for development and grant projects outside the classified service or for other purposes within the classified service.

(3) The educational communications board may provide a plan for bonus compensation for employees appointed in the unclassified service whose principal responsibility is fund raising, whereby the employees may qualify for an annual bonus for meritorious performance. No bonus awarded by the board to any individual employee for any fiscal year may exceed a total of 25% of the annual salary of the employee at the beginning of the fiscal year. In awarding bonus compensation for a given period, the board shall award no more than 3% of the amount of private funding raised during the preceding fiscal year which is in excess of the amount of private funding raised during the 2nd preceding fiscal year. The board shall provide for a portion of the bonus compensation awarded under this subsection to be distributed to employees over a 3-year period conditioned upon continuation of employment to the time of distribution.


39.14 Affiliation agreement. (1) The educational communications board may enter into an affiliation agreement with broadcast radio and television licensees for the purpose of furthering its responsibilities under s. 39.11 (2), (4), (7), (13) and (14). An affiliation agreement shall include the minimum amount of programming of the Wisconsin educational radio or television network to be carried by the affiliated radio and television station.

(2) Any amendment to an agreement under sub. (1) in the amount of programming to be carried by the affiliated licensee which is offered by the Wisconsin educational radio or television network may be made by mutual agreement between the affiliated licensee and the educational communications board.

(3) Any nonprofit affiliated licensee of the Wisconsin educational radio or television network shall be required to submit to the educational communications board an annual report of their operating and capital budgets, plans for future development and expansion, schedules of weekly broadcast programming, and all other information deemed reasonable and appropriate by the contracting parties.

(4) The educational communications board shall negotiate an affiliation agreement under s. 36.25 (5) with the university of Wisconsin system.

History: 1973 c. 333; 1975 c. 41 s. 52.

39.145 Distance education projects. (1) A school board, the board of control of a cooperative educational service agency, a technical college district board or an institution or center
within the university of Wisconsin system may individually or in any combination request the educational communications board to assist in funding the development of a distance education project using fiber optics or other appropriate technologies. 

(b) The request shall describe how the services provided by the distance education project will be used in cooperation with other educational institutions within the coverage area of the system’s facilities.

(2) (a) The educational communications board shall give preference in funding projects under this section to those projects that meet all of the following criteria:

1. Promote cooperation with other educational institutions.
2. Provide institutional program delivery plans.
3. Demonstrate connectivity to other instructional telecommunications systems.
4. Use technologies consistent with the technology architecture specified in the statewide information technology plan.
5. Demonstrate need.
6. Provide sound business plans.
7. Provide extensive local financial support.

(3) (a) Projects shall be funded from the appropriation under s. 20.225 (1) (e). A project may not be funded for more than one year.

(b) No project may be funded unless there is a matching fund contribution from the applicant of at least 50% of the cost of the project. Private funds and in-kind contributions may be used to meet the matching fund requirement.

(c) No project may be funded unless the educational communications board determines that all of the following conditions have been met:

1. The funding will not supplant funds otherwise available for the project.
2. The application describes the method that will be used to evaluate the effectiveness of the project.
3. There is a local commitment to maintain the project beyond the funded period.
4. The applicant authorizes the educational communications board to disseminate information about the results of the project.

(4) By August 1 following the fiscal year for which a project is funded, the applicant shall submit a report to the educational communications board evaluating the effectiveness of the funded project. The report shall include an accounting of all expenditures made on behalf of the project.

(5) The board shall promulgate rules to implement and administer this section.

SUBCHAPTER II

MEDICAL EDUCATION

39.15 Aid for medical education. (1) As a condition to the release of funds under s. 20.250:

(a) One-third of the members of the board of trustees of the medical college of Wisconsin, inc., shall be nominated by the governor, and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, for staggered 6-year terms expiring on May 1.

(b) The medical college of Wisconsin, inc., shall give first preference in admissions to residents of this state.

(c) The medical college of Wisconsin, inc., shall make every effort to ensure that at least 5% of the total enrollment of the college consists of minority students.

(2) The legislative audit bureau shall biennially postaudit expenditures under s. 20.250 so as to assure the propriety of expenditures and compliance with legislative intent. State affirmative action policies, rules and practices shall be applied to the medical college of Wisconsin, inc., consistent with their application to state agencies.

History: 1971 c. 125; 1973 c. 90 s. 184; 1973 c. 333 s. 78a; 1983 a. 27; 1989 a. 31.

39.155 Medical college of Wisconsin; state aid policies. (1) Subject to sub. (3), all funds appropriated to the medical college of Wisconsin, inc., under s. 20.250 (1) (a) shall be based on a per capita formula for an amount for each Wisconsin resident enrolled at the college who is paying full tuition. A student’s qualification as a resident of this state shall be determined by the department of education in accordance with s. 36.27, so far as applicable.

(2) On or before January 15 and September 15 of each year, the medical college of Wisconsin, inc., shall submit to the department of education for its approval a list of the Wisconsin residents enrolled at the college who are paying full tuition. The state shall make semianual payments to the medical college of Wisconsin, inc., from the appropriation under s. 20.250 (1) (a), upon approval of the list. If the appropriation under s. 20.250 (1) (a) is insufficient to pay the amount specified to be disbursed under s. 20.250 (1) (a), the payments shall be disbursed on a prorated basis for each student entitled to such aid. No more than $8 such payments may be made to the medical college of Wisconsin, inc., from the appropriation under s. 20.250 (1) (a), for any individual student.

(3) The medical college of Wisconsin, inc., may not assess tuition for a Wisconsin resident enrolled at the college in an amount that exceeds the difference between the tuition assessed a nonresident student enrolled at the college and the amount disbursed under s. 20.250 (1) (a) for each Wisconsin resident enrolled at the college. This subsection applies only to students enrolled in the class entering the college in the 1986–87 academic year and thereafter for whom payments are made to the Medical College of Wisconsin, Inc., from the appropriation under s. 20.250 (1) (a).

History: 1971 c. 333; 1975 c. 39; 1975 c. 41 s. 2; 1975 c. 198; 1977 c. 29; 1979 c. 36; 1981 c. 20; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1989 a. 56; 1991 a. 269; 1995 a. 27.

39.16 Medical education review committee. There is created a medical education review committee consisting of nine members as follows. Seven members shall be appointed by the governor for staggered 5-year terms, and shall be selected from citizens with broad knowledge of medical education who are currently not associated with either of the medical schools of this state. The remaining members of the committee shall be the president of the university of Wisconsin system or a designee, and the president of the medical college of Wisconsin, inc. or a designee.

(2) The medical education review committee shall:

(a) Stimulate the development of cooperative programs by the medical college of Wisconsin, inc. and the university of Wisconsin–Madison medical school, and advise the governor and legislature on the viability of such cooperative arrangements.

(b) Develop basic information on the potential resources for medical education in this state. Each school shall provide such information and data as the committee requires.

(c) After studying the resources available and needs for hospital affiliations throughout the state, prepare a statewide plan for such affiliations in consultation with the 2 medical schools and various hospitals, and review and approve or disapprove all proposed affiliations on the basis of the plan. Costs incurred directly and indirectly in support of nonapproved affiliations implemented after approval of a statewide affiliation plan cannot be included under any state program receiving state funding in whole or in part.

(d) Encourage the development of continuing education programs for practicing physicians in this state, including communication links with outlying regions of the state that would allow practitioners to have access to their medical schools.

(e) Encourage and review the development of training programs in relation to the state’s health work force needs.

(f) Encourage the development of joint or cooperative programs for training of allied health personnel and the development...
of accelerated bachelor of science and doctor of medicine training programs.

(g) Encourage the development of systems for cross registration of students for specialized courses.

(h) Stimulate the development of joint research and patient care programs that would most effectively apply the resources of both schools and avoid duplication of expensive equipment and personnel, and help attract resources for such developments and projects.

(i) Draw upon existing executive, legislative and agency personnel for the provision of staff services to the committee. Any necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by the committee shall be paid from the appropriation under s. 20.435 (1) (a).

(im) Provide upon request of the governor, the joint committee on finance, or on its own initiative analyses and recommendations on policy issues in the broad field of medical education in the state.

History: 1973 c. 333; 1975 c. 39; 1989 c. 29; 1979 c. 34 s. 2102 (20) (a); 1979 c. 221; 1993 a. 27.

SUBCHAPTER III

HIGHER EDUCATIONAL AIDS

39.26 Definition. In this subchapter, “department” means the department of education.

History: 1995 a. 27.

39.28 Powers and duties. (1) The department shall administer the programs under this subchapter and may promulgate such rules as are necessary to carry out its functions. The department may accept and use any funds which it receives from participating institutions, lenders or agencies. The department may enter into such contracts as are necessary to carry out its functions under this subchapter.

(2) The department shall establish plans to be administered by the department for participation by this state under any federal acts relating to higher education and submit them to the U.S. commissioner of education for the commissioner’s approval. The department may utilize such criteria for determination of priorities, participation or purpose as are delineated in the federal acts.

(4) The department may assign, sell, convey or repurchase student loans made under s. 39.32 subject to prior approval by the joint committee on finance.


39.285 Education commission review of proposed formula. (1) By May 1, 1996, and annually thereafter, the education commission shall approve, modify or disapprove any proposed formula for the awarding of grants for the upcoming academic year submitted under sub. (2) or s. 36.11 (6) (c) or 38.04 (7m).

(2) By April 10, 1996, and annually thereafter, the Wisconsin Association of Independent Colleges and Universities shall develop and submit to the education commission for its review under sub. (1) a proposed formula for the awarding of grants under s. 39.30 for the upcoming academic year to students enrolled at private institutions of higher education.

History: 1995 a. 27.

39.30 Grants. (1) Definitions. In this section:

(d) An “accredited” institution is an institution accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or by the board of nursing pursuant to s. 441.01 (4), or, if not so accredited, is a non-profit institution of higher education whose credits are accepted on transfer by not less than 3 institutions which are so accredited, on the same basis as if transferred from an institution so accredited.

(e) “Resident student” shall be determined under s. 36.27, so far as applicable.

(2) Eligibility. A resident student enrolled at least half-time and registered as a freshman, sophomore, junior or senior in an accredited, nonprofit, post high school, educational institution in this state shall be eligible for grants under this section for each semester of attendance, but:

(a) No student shall be eligible for grants in more than the equivalent of 10 semesters of undergraduate education.

(b) A student shall be and shall remain eligible for grants provided the student meets acceptable academic standards prescribed by the student’s institution.

(d) No grant shall be awarded to members of religious orders who are pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in theology, divinity or religious education.

(e) The department may not make a grant to a student if the department receives a certification under s. 49.855 (7) that the student is delinquent in child support or maintenance payments or owes past support, medical expenses or birth expenses.

(f) No grants may be awarded under this section unless the applicable formula submitted under s. 39.285 (2) is approved or modified by the education commission under s. 39.285 (1).

3 BASIS OF GRANTS. The grant to be paid to a resident student enrolled at least half-time and registered as a freshman, sophomore, junior or senior after August 1, 1979, shall be determined under paras. (a) to (f).

(a) From the total tuition charged the student by the institution, subtract the amount of the resident academic fee charged at the Madison campus of the university of Wisconsin system.

(b) Divide the amount determined in par. (a) by the student’s total cost of attending the postsecondary institution.

(c) Multiply the percentage calculated in par. (b) times the student’s expected family contribution which has been determined using the same analysis as that used to determine the expected family contribution of students applying for Wisconsin higher education grants under s. 39.435.

(d) Subtract the amount determined in par. (c) from the amount determined in par. (a) to arrive at the amount of the grant. No grant may exceed $1,086 per semester or a prorated amount in the case of a quarter or trimester institution, or $2,172 per academic year. Grants under this section may not be less than $250 during any one academic year.

(e) The department shall establish criteria for the treatment of financially independent students which are consistent with procedures in pars. (a) to (d).

(f) The department may not make initial awards of grants under this section for an academic year in an amount that exceeds 122% of the amount appropriated under s. 20.235 (1) (b) for the fiscal year in which the grant may be paid.

4 Forms. The department shall prescribe, furnish and make available, at locations in the state convenient to the public, application forms for grants under this section. Upon request, the department shall advise and assist applicants in making out such forms.


Students who attend VTAE institutions are eligible for tuition grants under this section. 66 Arty. Gen. 182.

39.31 Determination of student costs. In determining a student’s total cost of attending a postsecondary institution for the purpose of calculating the amount of a grant under s. 39.30, 39.38, 39.435 or 39.44 the department shall include the following:

(1) The cost of tuition, fees, books and educational supplies.

(2) Miscellaneous expenses, as determined by the department.

(3) The cost of child care, as determined by the department.

History: 1987 a. 27; 1995 a. 27.
39.32 Student loans. (1) In this section:

(a) “Institution of higher education” means an educational institution meeting the requirements of P.L. 89–329 for institutions covered therein and of P.L. 89–287 for business, trade, technical or vocational schools and full–time post–high school technical colleges in this state.

(b) “Resident student” shall be determined under s. 36.27, so far as applicable.

(2) The department shall:

(a) Make and authorize loans to be made to resident students who have satisfactory academic records, who need financial assistance and who are desirous of attending institutions of higher education, when such loans are to assist them in meeting expenses of post–high school education in accordance with this section.

(b) Establish standards and methods for determining the amount of loans, rates of interest, financial need and other administrative procedures consistent with P.L. 89–329 and P.L. 89–287.

(3) The department may make and authorize loans to be made to students if:

(a) The student is enrolled or accepted for enrollment in an institution of higher education.

(b) The student’s eligibility for a loan is certified to the department by the institution of higher education in which the student is enrolled or has been accepted for enrollment.

(c) The student has a satisfactory academic record.

(d) The student is a resident student.

(e) The student needs financial assistance.

(g) The student is not in default on any previous loan or the department has determined that the student has made satisfactory arrangements to repay the defaulted loan.

(4) Loans may be made to minors and minority shall not be a defense to the collection of the debt.

(5) The department may collect any loans made or authorized to be made by the department pursuant to this section or made prior to July 1, 1966, under s. 49.42, 1963 stats.

(6) The department shall satisfy the loan of any student who obtained a loan under this section or s. 39.023, 1965 stats., between July 1, 1966, and December 15, 1968, where such student died or dies after July 1, 1966, and before completing repayment thereof, and shall write off the balance of principal and interest owing on the loan on the date it received confirmation of such student’s death. Obligation to repay such a loan shall terminate on the date of the student’s death and any payments made thereon to the department after such date shall be refunded to the payor or the personal representative, executor or administrator from the appropriation in s. 20.235 (2) (ba) upon receipt by the department of an application for refund.

(7) The department may write off defaulted student loans made pursuant to this section or made prior to July 1, 1966, under s. 49.42, 1963 stats., from moneys other than advances from the investment board originally appropriated for student loans, and from moneys other than moneys resulting from assignment, sale or conveyance of student loans.

(8) The department may use up to $150,000 annually of student revenue bond proceeds for the purpose of consolidating loans for needy students who have a state direct loan and one or more federally guaranteed student loans from one or more private lenders.

(10) (a) The department may enter into contractual agreements with lenders in this state and lenders in other states which grant loans to residents of this state, and with institutions and agencies wherein the department may provide and furnish to such lenders, institutions and agencies administrative services related to the operation of any programs involving the granting of loans to students including but not limited to any and all services and functions related to the granting, administering and collecting of any loans made to students.

(b) The department shall have all powers as are reasonably appropriate to the provision of such services and the performance of such contracts and may include charges or fees to be paid by the lenders, institutions and agencies to the department for the provision of such administrative services or any services or activities related to the collection of any student loans for which the department may become responsible by operation of law or by contractual agreements under this paragraph, but such charges or fees, before being instituted by the department, shall be approved by the secretary of administration.

(11) (a) In lieu of the procedure under ch. 812, the department, on behalf of the corporation under s. 39.33, or the corporation, on its own behalf, may certify the department of administration to deduct money from a state employee’s earnings. The department shall specify an amount, not to exceed 25% of the employee’s disposable earnings, as defined in s. 812.30 (6), to be deducted on a continuing basis until the amount certified by the department or corporation has been paid. The department of administration shall remit moneys deducted to the department or the corporation.

(b) The procedure in this section may be used only if the amount owed to the department or corporation is reduced to a judgment. At least 30 days prior to certification, the department or corporation shall notify the debtor under s. 879.05 (2) or (3) of the intent to certify the debt to the department of administration and of the debtor’s right to a contested case hearing before the department under s. 227.42. If the debtor requests a hearing within 20 days after receiving notice, the department shall notify the department of administration which shall not make deductions under par. (a) until a decision is reached under s. 227.47 or the case is otherwise concluded.

(c) The department of administration shall prescribe the manner and form for certification of debts by the department or corporation under this subsection.


39.325 Wisconsin health education loan program.

(1) There is established, to be administered by the department, a Wisconsin health education loan program under P.L. 94–484, on July 29, 1979, in order to provide financial aid to medical and dentistry students enrolled in the university of Wisconsin medical school, the medical college of Wisconsin or Marquette university school of dentistry.

(2) The department shall lend to students who qualify under sub. (1) any moneys appropriated or authorized through the issuance of revenue obligations. The department shall require a student borrowing moneys under this section to pay interest while in medical or dental school and during his or her residency training at the rate of at least 3% per year on the sum of the principal amount of the student’s obligation and the accumulated interest, unless federal law provides otherwise as a condition of guaranteeing the loan. Principal and interest payable on maturing revenue obligations shall, when necessary, be paid from funded reserves, authorized under subch. II of ch. 18, or from moneys made available under chapter 20, laws of 1981, section 2022 (1).

(3) The department shall promulgate rules and establish standards and methods of determining the amounts of loans, rates of interest and other administrative procedures consistent with P.L. 94–484, on July 29, 1979. The rates of interest shall be set as low as possible, but shall remain sufficient to cover all costs of the program under this section.

History: 1979 c. 34; 1981 c. 20; 1983 a. 27; 1995 a. 27.

39.33 Guaranteed student loan program.

(1) The department may organize and maintain a nonstock corporation under ch. 181 to provide for a guaranteed student loan program in this state under P.L. 89–287 and P.L. 89–329 as may from time to
39.33 Medical student loan program. Notwithstanding s. 39.34, 1991 stats., the department shall terminate on August 12, 1993, any obligation to repay a loan awarded under this section.

History: 1975 c. 118, 224; 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 27.


History: 1975 c. 189, 422; 1985 a. 29; 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 27.

39.37 Student loan funding. (1) Student loans made or authorized to be made under s. 39.32 may be funded from the proceeds of revenue obligations issued subject to and in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18.

(2) There is created a separate nonlapsible trust fund designated the Wisconsin health education loan repayment fund consisting of all revenues received in repayment of loans funded under this section or loans financed from moneys made available under chapter 20, laws of 1981, section 2022 (1). The department may pledge revenues received or to be received by the fund to secure revenue obligations issued under this section, and shall have all other powers necessary and convenient to distribute the proceeds of the revenue obligations and loan repayments in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18.

(3) All loans funded with revenue obligations issued under this section shall be fully guaranteed as to repayment of principal and interest by the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities. The department may enter into agreements necessary to effect this guaranty.

History: 1975 c. 189, 422; 1985 a. 29; 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 27.

39.38 Indian student assistance. (1) There is established, to be administered by the department, a grant program to assist those Indian students who are residents of this state to receive a higher education.

(2) Grants under this section shall be based on financial need, as determined by the department. The maximum grant shall not exceed $2,200 per year, of which not more than $1,100 may be from the appropriation under s. 20.235 (1) (f) (3) (b). State aid from this appropriation may be matched by a contribution from a federally recognized Indian tribe or band that is deposited in the general fund and credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.235 (1) (gm). Grants shall be awarded to students for full-time or part-time attendance at any accredited institution of higher education in this state. The department may not make a grant under this section to a student if the department receives a certification under s. 49.855 (7) that the student is delinquent in child support or maintenance payments or owes past support, medical expenses or birth expenses. Grants shall be renewable for up to 5 years if a recipient remains in good academic standing at the institution that he or she is attending. The American Indian language and culture education board shall advise the department on the allocation of grants to students enrolled less than half-time.


39.39 Nursing student stipend loans. (1) (a) There is established, to be administered by the department, a stipend loan program for resident students, including registered nurses, who are:

1. Enrolled in the 2nd year in a program leading to an associate degree in nursing in a technical college.

2. Enrolled as juniors in a program leading to a bachelor’s degree in nursing in this state.

3. Enrolled as 3rd year students in a program leading to a diploma in nursing in this state.

4. Enrolled as seniors in a program leading to a bachelor’s degree in nursing in this state.

5. Enrolled in a program leading to a master’s degree in nursing in this state and who intend to teach nursing at an institution of higher education located in this state.

(2) The department shall:
(a) Make stipend loans from the appropriations under s. 20.235 (1) (cg) and (gg).

(b) Promulgate rules to administer this section, including rules establishing loan amounts and the criteria and procedures for loan forgiveness and for selecting loan recipients. Loan recipients shall be selected on the basis of financial need, as determined by the department, using the needs analysis methodology used under s. 39.435.

(3) Beginning in the 1991–92 fiscal year, $15,000 annually shall be awarded under sub. (1) (a) 5. for stipend loans.

(4) The department may not make any original stipend loans under this section.


39.40 Minority teacher loan program. (1) In this section “minority student” means a student who is any of the following:

(a) A Black American.

(b) An American Indian.

(c) A Hispanic, as defined in s. 560.036 (1) (d).

(d) A person admitted to the United States after December 31, 1975, who is either a former citizen of Laos, Vietnam or Cambodia or whose ancestor was or is a citizen of Laos, Vietnam or Cambodia.

(2) The department shall establish a loan program for minority students who meet all of the following requirements:

(a) Are registered as juniors or seniors, or hold a bachelor’s degree and are registered as special students, in the University of Wisconsin System or in an accredited, private institution of higher education located in this state.

(b) Are enrolled in programs of study leading to licensure as a teacher and are not currently licensed as teachers.

(c) Meet academic criteria specified by the department.

(d) Agree to teach in a school district located in this state in which minority students constitute at least 25% of the membership or in a school district participating in the interdistrict pupil transfer program under s. 121.85. In this paragraph, “membership” has the meaning given in s. 121.004 (5).

(2m) Loans under sub. (2) shall be awarded to students registered at an eligible institution of higher education on the basis of the institution’s participation in the loan program under this section or s. 36.25 (16), 1993 stats., and the number of its students eligible for such loans. Loans awarded to recipients shall be disbursed directly to the eligible institutions of higher education.

(3) Loans under sub. (2) shall be made from the appropriation under s. 20.235 (1) (cr). The department shall forgive 25% of the loan and 25% of the interest on the loan for each school year the recipient teaches in a school district described under sub. (2) (d).

(4) The department shall deposit in the general fund as general purpose revenue—earned all repayments of loans made under sub. (2) and the interest on the loans.

(5) The department shall administer the repayment and forgiveness of loans made under s. 36.25 (16), 1993 stats. The department shall treat such loans as if they had been made under sub. (2).

History: 1989 a. 31; 1995 a. 27.

39.41 Academic excellence higher education scholarships. (1) In this section:

(ag) “Faculty of the high school” means the principal administrative unit of the faculty personnel of a high school designated under sub. (1m) (j).

(ah) “School board” has the meaning given in s. 115.001 (7).

(b) “School district” has the meaning given in s. 115.01 (3).

(bg) “Secretary” means the secretary of education.

(bm) “Senior” means a pupil enrolled in the 12th grade in a public or private high school, the Wisconsin school for the deaf and the Wisconsin school for the visually handicapped.

(1m) (a) Subject to par. (d), by February 15 of each school year, the school board of each school district operating one or more high schools and the governing body of each private high school shall:

1. For each high school with an enrollment of at least 80 pupils but less than 500 pupils, designate the senior with the highest grade point average in all subjects as a scholar.

2. For each high school with an enrollment of at least 500 pupils but less than 1,000 pupils, designate the 2 seniors with the 2 highest grade point averages in all subjects as scholars.

3. For each high school with an enrollment of at least 1,000 pupils but less than 1,500 pupils, designate the 3 seniors with the 3 highest grade point averages in all subjects as scholars.

4. For each high school with an enrollment of at least 1,500 pupils but less than 2,000 pupils, designate the 4 seniors with the 4 highest grade point averages in all subjects as scholars.

5. For each high school with an enrollment of 2,000 or more pupils, designate the 5 seniors with the 5 highest grade point averages in all subjects as scholars.

6. For each high school with an enrollment of 2,500 or more pupils, designate the 6 seniors with the 6 highest grade point averages in all subjects as scholars.

(b) By February 15 of each school year, the school board of each school district operating one or more high schools and the governing body of each private high school may, for each high school with an enrollment of less than 80 pupils, designate the senior with the highest grade point average in all subjects who may be designated as a scholar by the secretary under par. (c) 3.

(c) The secretary shall:

1. For the Wisconsin school for the visually handicapped, designate the senior with the highest grade point average in all subjects as a scholar.

2. For the Wisconsin school for the deaf, designate the senior with the highest grade point average in all subjects as a scholar.

3. Designate not more than 10 seniors nominated under par. (b) as scholars.

4. For each public or private high school with an enrollment of less than 80 pupils, notify the school board of the school district operating the public high school or the governing body of the private high school of the number of scholars to be designated under par. (a).

5. For each public or private high school with an enrollment of less than 500 pupils, designate the senior with the highest grade point average in all subjects as a scholar.

(cm) The secretary may grant waivers under par. (m).

(d) By February 15 of each school year, if 2 or more seniors from the same high school of at least 80 pupils have the same grade point average and, except for the limitation on the number of designated scholars, are otherwise eligible for designation under par. (a), the faculty of the high school shall select the applicable number of seniors for designation under par. (a) as scholars and shall certify, in order of priority, any remaining seniors as alternates for a scholar with the same grade point average. If a senior from that high school designated as a scholar under par. (a) does not qualify for a higher education scholarship under sub. (2) (a) or (3) (a), an alternate for the scholar with the same grade point average as any senior from that high school designated as a scholar under par. (a) shall be eligible for a higher education scholarship as a scholar under sub. (2) (a) or (3) (a) until the scholarship may be awarded by the department.

(e) If 2 or more seniors from the same high school of less than 80 pupils have the same grade point average and, except for the limitation of one nominated senior, are otherwise eligible for nomination under par. (b), the faculty of the high school shall select the senior who may be nominated by the school board of the
school district operating the public high school or the governing body of the private high school for designation under par. (b) as a scholar by the secretary. If that senior is designated as a scholar by the secretary and does not qualify for a higher education scholarship under sub. (2) (a) or (3) (a), faculty of the high school shall select one or more of the remaining seniors with the same grade point average for certification as a scholar and the school board of the school district operating the high school or the governing body of the private high school shall certify to the department one or more of these seniors as eligible for a higher education scholarship as a scholar under sub. (2) (a) or (3) (a) until the scholarship may be awarded by the department.

(f) If 2 or more seniors from the Wisconsin school for the visually handicapped have the same grade point average and, except for the limitation of one designated senior, are otherwise eligible for designation under par. (c) 1., the secretary shall make the designation under par. (c) 1. of the senior who may be eligible for a higher education scholarship as a scholar and, if that senior does not qualify for a higher education scholarship under sub. (2) (a) or (3) (a), shall designate one or more of the remaining seniors with the same grade point average as eligible for a higher education scholarship as a scholar under sub. (2) (a) or (3) (a) until the scholarship may be awarded by the department.

(g) Notwithstanding par. (a), if a high school of at least 80 pupils closes or merges in the 1991–92 school year or in any school year thereafter, the school board of the school district operating the high school or the governing body of the private high school shall, subject to par. (d), for each of the 2 school years following the closure or merger, designate the same number of seniors from among the pupils enrolled in the high school at the time of closure or merger as the number of scholars designated for that high school in the school year the high school closed or merged. Any seniors designated under this paragraph shall be eligible for an original scholarship under this section.

(h) Notwithstanding par. (a), if a public high school of at least 80 pupils closed following the 1989–90 school year and a pupil from the closed high school was designated a scholar under this section for either of the 2 school years following the closure by the school board of a school district operating a high school that enrolled pupils from the closed high school, such school board shall designate the senior with the next highest grade point average for that school year as a scholar. Any scholar designated under this paragraph shall be eligible for a higher education scholarship under sub. (2) (b) or (3) (b) as determined under par. (a), notwithstanding that the scholar did not receive a higher education scholarship for the academic year immediately following the school year in which the pupil from the closed high school was designated a scholar under this section.

(i) Notwithstanding par. (d), if the school board of a school district operating a high school or the governing body of a private high school has complied with s. 39.41 (1m) (d), 1991 stats., for the 1993–94 school year and a senior from that high school designated as a scholar under s. 39.41 (1m) (a), 1991 stats., and s. 39.41 (1m) (d), 1991 stats., does not qualify for a higher education scholarship under sub. (2) (a) or (3) (a), the faculty of the high school shall select one or more of the remaining seniors with the same grade point average for certification as a scholar. The school board of the school district operating the high school or the governing body of the private high school shall certify to the department one or more of these seniors as eligible for a higher education scholarship as a scholar under sub. (2) (a) or (3) (a) until the scholarship may be awarded by the department.

(j) In the event that 2 or more seniors from the same high school of at least 80 pupils have the same grade point average and are otherwise eligible for designation under par. (a), the school board of the school district operating the high school or the governing body of the private high school shall make the designation of the faculty of the high school for purposes of par. (d) or (i).

(m) Notwithstanding pars. (a), (b) and (d), if a high school ranks its seniors on the basis of grades in academic subjects, the school board of the school district operating the high school or the governing body of the private high school or, for purposes of par. (d), the faculty of the high school may request a waiver from the secretary in order to fulfill its requirements under par. (a), (b) or (d) on the basis of grade point averages in academic subjects.

(2) (a) If a designated scholar under sub. (1m) is admitted to and enrolls, on a full-time basis, by September 30 of the academic year immediately following the school year in which the senior was designated a scholar, in a center or institution within the university of Wisconsin system or in a technical college district school that is participating in the program under this section, the scholar shall receive a higher education scholarship that exempts the scholar from all tuition and fees, including segregated fees, at the center, institution or district school for one year, subject to the availability of funds, except that the maximum scholarship for a scholar who receives an original scholarship for the 1996–97 academic year or for any academic year thereafter may not exceed $2,250 per academic year.

(b) For each year that a scholar who receives a scholarship under par. (a) is enrolled full time, maintains at least a 3.0 grade point average, or the equivalent as determined by the center, institution or district school, and makes satisfactory progress toward an associate or a bachelor’s degree, the student shall be exempt from all tuition and fees, including segregated fees, in the subsequent year, subject to the availability of funds, except that the maximum scholarship for a scholar who receives an original scholarship for the 1996–97 academic year or for any academic year thereafter may not exceed $2,250 per academic year. No scholar is eligible for an exemption for more than 4 years at a center or institution or more than 3 years at a district school.

(c) Subject to sub. (4), for each year the student is exempt from tuition and fees under par. (a) or (b), the department shall pay the center, institution or district school, on behalf of the student, an amount equal to 50% of the student’s tuition and fees, except that the maximum payment for a student who receives an original scholarship for the 1996–97 academic year or for any academic year thereafter may not exceed $1,125 per academic year.

(d) For each year that a scholar who receives a scholarship under sub. (1m) is admitted to and enrolls, on a full-time basis, by September 30 of the academic year immediately following the school year in which the senior was designated a scholar, in a private institution of higher education that is located in this state and participating in the program under this section, the department shall pay the institution, on behalf of the student, an amount equal to 50% of the student’s tuition and fees, except that the maximum scholarship for a scholar who receives an original scholarship for the 1996–97 academic year or for any academic year thereafter may not exceed $1,125 per academic year.

(3) (a) If a designated scholar under sub. (1m) is admitted to and enrolls, on a full-time basis, by September 30 of the academic year immediately following the school year in which the senior was designated a scholar, in a private institution of higher education that is located in this state and participating in the program under this section, the department shall pay the student, on behalf of the student, an amount equal to 50% of the student’s tuition and fees, except that the maximum payment for a student who receives an original scholarship for the 1996–97 academic year or for any academic year thereafter may not exceed $1,125 per academic year.

(b) For each year that a scholar who receives a scholarship under sub. (a) is enrolled full time, maintains at least a 3.0 grade point average, or the equivalent as determined by the private institution, and makes satisfactory progress toward a bachelor’s degree, the student is eligible for a higher education scholarship as determined under par. (a). No scholar is eligible for a higher education scholarship for more than 4 years at a private institution of higher education.
(4) (a) The department shall make the payments under subs. (2) (c) and (3) only if the center, institution, district school or private institution matches the amount of the payment from institutional funds, gifts or grants. Beginning in the 1992–93 school year, the matching requirement under this paragraph for the centers and institutions within the university of Wisconsin system shall be satisfied by payments of an amount equal to the total payments from the centers and institutions made under this paragraph in the 1991–92 school year and, if such payments are insufficient to satisfy the matching requirement, by the waiver of academic fees established under s. 36.27.

(b) The department shall make the payments under subs. (2) (c) and (3) subject to the availability of funds. If the amount in the appropriation under s. 20.235 (1) (f) is insufficient to fully make the payments, the amount of each payment shall be reduced proportionately.

(5) (a) Each center or institution within the university of Wisconsin system, technical college district school and private institution of higher education that wishes to participate in the scholarship program under this section shall notify the department by October 1 prior to the academic year in which the institution wishes to participate.

(b) Each designated scholar who is eligible for a higher education scholarship under sub. (2) (a) or (3) (a) shall notify the department as soon as practicable of the institution of higher education he or she will be attending in the next academic year.

(c) Annually, the department shall notify each scholar who will be attending a participating institution of higher education in the next academic year of the amount of his or her higher education scholarship.

(6) A scholarship under this section shall not be used to replace any other grant for which a student is eligible.

(7) By August 1, 1993, and annually thereafter, the department shall submit a report to the joint committee on finance evaluating the success of the program under this section. The report shall specify the number and amount of the scholarships awarded in the current fiscal year and the institutions of higher education chosen by the scholarship recipients.

(8) The secretary shall promulgate rules establishing criteria for the designation of scholars under sub. (1m) (c) 3.


39.42 Interstate agreements. The department, with the approval of the joint committee on finance, or the governing boards of any publicly supported institution of post–high school education, with the approval of the department and the joint committee on finance, may enter into agreements or understandings which include remission of nonresident tuition for designated categories of students at state institutions of higher education with appropriate state agencies and institutions of higher education in other states to facilitate use of public higher education institutions of this state and other states. Such agreements and understandings shall have as their purpose the mutual improvement of educational advantages for residents of this state and such other states or institutions of other states with which agreements are made.

History: 1971 c. 100, 125; 1975 c. 39; 1977 c. 29; 1981 c. 20; 1995 a. 27.

39.435 Wisconsin higher education grants and talent incentive grants. (1) There is established, to be administered by the department, a higher education grant program for postsecondary resident students enrolled at least half–time and registered as freshmen, sophomores, juniors or seniors in accredited institutions of higher education in this state. Except as authorized under sub. (5), such grants shall be made only to students enrolled in nonprofit public institutions in this state.

(2) The department shall award talent incentive grants to uniquely needy students enrolled at least half–time as first–time freshmen at public and private nonprofit institutions located in this state and to sophomores, juniors and seniors who received such grants as freshmen. No grant under this subsection may exceed $1,800 for any academic year. The department may not award a grant to the same student for more than 10 consecutive semesters or their equivalent. The department shall promulgate rules establishing eligibility criteria for grants under this subsection.

(3) Grants under sub. (1) shall not be less than $250 during any one academic year, unless the joint committee on finance approves an adjustment in the amount of the minimum grant. Grants under sub. (1) shall not exceed $1,800 during any one academic year. The department shall, by rule, establish a reporting system to periodically provide student economic data and shall promulgate other rules the department deems necessary to ensure uniform administration of the program.

(4) (a) The department shall promulgate rules establishing policies and procedures for determining dependent and independent status and for the calculation of expected parental and student contributions. The rules shall be consistent with generally accepted definitions and nationally approved needs analysis methodology.

(b) Grants paid to dependent students under this section shall be determined as follows:

1. Annually, the department shall establish equity award levels for students enrolled in the university of Wisconsin system and for students enrolled in technical colleges.

2. From the equity levels established under subd. 1., the department shall subtract the amount of the expected parental contribution and the expected student contribution to determine the amount of the student’s grant.

(c) Grants paid to independent students shall be determined by the department consistent with the rules and procedures under pars. (a) and (b).

(d) The awarding of grants under this section is subject to any formula approved or modified by the education commission under s. 39.285 (1).

(5) The department shall ensure that grants under this section are made available to students attending private or public institutions in this state who are deaf or hard of hearing or visually handicapped and who demonstrate need. Grants may also be made available to such handicapped students attending private or public institutions in other states under criteria established by the department. In determining the financial need of these students special consideration shall be given to their unique and unusual costs.

(6) The department may not make a grant under this section to a person if the department receives a certification under s. 49.855 (7) that the person is delinquent in child support or maintenance payments or owes past support, medical expenses or birth expenses.

History: 1973 c. 90; 1973 c. 335 s. 13; 1975 c. 39, 189, 224; 1977 c. 26 s. 75; 1979 c. 34; 1983 a. 27 ss. 926d to 926f, 2202 (22); 1985 a. 332 x. 251 (1); 1987 a. 27, 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 399; 1995 a. 27, 404.

39.44 Minority undergraduate grants. (1) (a) In this section “minority undergraduate” means an undergraduate student who:

1. Is a Black American.

2. Is an American Indian.

3. Is a Hispanic, as defined in s. 560.036 (1) (d).

4. Is a person who is admitted to the United States after December 31, 1975, and who either is a former citizen of Laos, Vietnam or Cambodia or whose ancestor was or is a citizen of Laos, Vietnam or Cambodia.

(b) There is established, to be administered by the department, the minority undergraduate retention grant program for minority undergraduates enrolled in private, nonprofit higher educational institutions in this state or in technical colleges in this state.

(2) Funds for the grants under this section shall be distributed from the appropriation under s. 20.235 (1) (fg), with 50% distributed to the eligible private institutions and 50% distributed to the Wisconsin Statutes Archive.
eligible technical colleges, except as provided in 1995 Wisconsin Act 27, section 9127 (1et). The department shall audit the enrollment statistics annually.

(3) An institution or school receiving funds under sub. (2) shall:
(a) Award grants to eligible students on the basis of financial need.
(b) Demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that such funds do not replace institutional grants to the recipients.
(c) Annually report to the department the number of awards made, the amount of each award, the minority status of each recipient, other financial aid awards made to each recipient and the total amount of financial aid made available to the eligible students.

(4) The department shall notify an institution or school receiving funds under sub. (2) if the department receives a certification under s. 49.855 (7) that a student is delinquent in child support or maintenance payments or owes past support, medical expenses or birth expenses. An institution or school may not award a grant under this section to a student if it receives a notification under this subsection concerning that student.

History: 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27; 1993 a. 399; 1995 a. 27, 404.

39.45 Independent student grants. (1) In this section:
(a) “Institution of higher education” means a public or private nonprofit educational institution meeting the requirements of s. 39.30 or 39.435 for the purpose of awarding grants under those sections.
(b) “Resident student” has the meaning specified in s. 39.30 (1) (e).
(2) There is established, to be determined by the department, a grant program for resident students who are current recipients of aid to families with dependent children under s. 49.19.

(3) Grants under this section shall be awarded on the basis of financial need, as determined by the department, to resident students enrolled for at least 6 academic credits in the 2nd or 3rd year in programs leading to an associate degree or the 3rd, 4th or 5th year in programs leading to a bachelor’s degree. Except as provided in sub. (5), no grant may exceed $4,000 per academic year. The maximum amount for grants under this subsection shall be the amount of institutional grants and other resources available to it. An institution or school may not award a resident student grants under this section, including interest, by certain grant programs or agencies.

(4) The department shall give preference, as much as practicable, in awarding grants under this section to students enrolled in courses likely to increase the immediate employment opportunities of such students. The department shall publish a list of such courses and shall include courses that have an occupational or vocational objective in areas with existing labor needs.

(5) The department may award supplemental grants of between $500 and $1,000 per child per semester or session to students for the cost of child care for preschool children of the students. The student shall demonstrate, as determined by the department, financial need for the supplemental grant. In awarding grants under this subsection, the department may not exceed 20% of the appropriation for a given fiscal year for the grant program.

(6) From the appropriation under s. 20.235 (1) (fc), the department shall use available funds to make grant awards under this section, but no award may be made before March 1 for the fall semester or session of the upcoming academic year.

(7) The department shall promulgate rules to administer this section, including criteria and procedures for repayment of grants awarded under this section, including interest, by certain grant recipients who no longer reside in this state or do not successfully complete requirements for a degree. The department shall deposit in the general fund as general purpose revenue—earned all repayments of grants awarded under this section and the interest on the grants.

History: 1989 a. 336; 1995 a. 27.

39.46 Contract for dental education. (1) On or before July 1 of each year, the department shall initiate, investigate and formulate for procurement, a contract for dental education services in accordance with this section. Thereafter, the department shall conduct a biennial analysis of the program and include a report on its findings and recommendations in its reports under s. 15.04 (1) (d). The legislative audit bureau shall biennially post-audit expenditures under this section. Section 16.75 (1) to (5) are waived with respect to such contract.

(2) The contract under this section shall be between this state and a private nonprofit institution of higher education in this state which operates a dental school that is accredited, as defined in s. 447.01 (1), and shall relate, in all provisions, exclusively to the providing of dental education in the dental school of such institution. The contract shall require:
(a) That no courses of instruction in subject matters of a religious nature be included in any instructional program or curriculum administered in or by the dental school, and that no such courses be required for admission to or graduation from the dental school.
(b) That applicants for admission to the dental school who are residents of this state be accorded preference over other applicants having substantially equal academic qualifications and credentials.
(c) That for purposes of this section the nondiscrimination provisions of s. 16.765, expanded to prohibit discrimination on the basis of sex, be limited to apply only to the operation of the dental school and that no such prohibited discrimination be practiced with respect to admissions to the dental school.
(d) That the dental school administer and operate its courses and programs in dentistry in conformity with academic and professional standards, rules and requirements and seek progressively to enrich and improve its courses of dental education, research and public service by full and efficient use of budgetary and other resources available to it. In monitoring compliance with this paragraph the department may rely on third-party evaluations conducted by appropriate and recognized accrediting bodies.
(e) That all sums to be received by the dental school under the contract be used exclusively in providing undergraduate education in dentistry.
(f) That the dental school may not assess tuition for a Wisconsin resident enrolled at the school in an amount that exceeds the difference between the tuition assessed a nonresident student enrolled at the school and the amount specified to be disbursed under s. 20.235 (1) (d) for each Wisconsin resident enrolled at the school.
(g) That the dental school make every effort to ensure that at least 5% of the total enrollment of the school consists of minority students.

(3) (a) In the contract under this section, the state shall agree, subject to availability of appropriations for such purpose, that it will pay to the dental school of the contracting institution, on account of its furnishing of such dental education, research and public service courses and programs, an amount for each resident of this state who is regularly enrolled as a full−time undergraduate student in dentistry in the school.
(b) The state shall remit payments directly to the dental school of the contracting institution in monthly installments upon submission of installment bills or statements. The state shall audit these bills or statements semiannually.
(c) That the state shall provide for dental education in the dental school of such institution in the proportion of the state's residents who are enrolled in the dental school and that the state shall enter into agreements with such institutions to provide for such education.
(d) That the state shall require that the dental school provide facilities and educational services in accordance with the contract under this section.

History: 1973 c. 90; 1973 c. 335 s. 13; 1975 c. 39; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 196 s. 131; 1985 a. 29; 1989 a. 31, 349; 1995 a. 27.
Minnesota–Wisconsin student reciprocity agreement. (1) There is established, to be administered by the department, a Minnesota–Wisconsin student reciprocity agreement, the purpose of which shall be to ensure that neither state shall profit at the expense of the other and that the determination of any amounts owed by either state under the agreement shall be based on an equitable formula which reflects the educational costs incurred by the 2 states. The department, representing this state, shall enter into an agreement meeting the requirements of this section with the designated body representing the state of Minnesota.

(2) The agreement under this section shall provide for the waiver of nonresident tuition for a resident of either state who is enrolled in a public vocational school located in the other state. The agreement shall also establish a reciprocal fee structure for residents of either state who are enrolled in public institutions of higher education, other than vocational schools, located in the other state. The reciprocal fee shall be the average academic fee that would be charged the student at a comparable public institution of higher education located in his or her state of residence, as specified. The agreement shall take effect on July 1, 1991. The agreement shall provide for a biennial review of the costs, charges and payments associated with the agreement. The agreement is subject to the approval of the joint committee on finance under s. 39.42.

(2m) No resident of this state may receive a waiver of nonresident tuition under this section if the department receives a certification under s. 49.855 (7) that the resident is delinquent in child support or maintenance payments or owes past support, medical expenses or birth expenses.

(3) Annually, each state shall determine the number of students for whom nonresident tuition has been waived under the agreement. Each state shall certify to the other state, in addition to the number of students so determined, the aggregate amount of its reimbursement obligation. The state with the smaller reimbursement obligation shall receive from the other state an amount determined by subtracting the reimbursement obligation of the state receiving the payment from the reimbursement obligation of the state making the payment. The agreement shall provide a reasonable date for payment of any such sums due and owing to either state, after which date interest may be charged on the amount owed. The methodology for determining the appropriate interest rate shall be included in the agreement. Any payments received by this state under this subsection shall be deposited in the general fund.

History: 1973 c. 90; 1977 c. 29; 1979 c. 221; 1983 a. 27; 1987 a. 27; 1989 a. 184; 1995 a. 27, 404.

SUBCHAPTER IV
EDUCATION COMPACTS

Compact for education. The compact for education is hereby enacted into law and entered into by this state with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein, in the form substantially as follows:

(1) ARTICLE I - PURPOSE AND POLICY. (a) It is the purpose of this compact to:

1. Establish and maintain close cooperation and understanding among executive, legislative, professional educational and lay leadership on a nationwide basis at the state and local levels.

2. Provide a forum for the discussion, development, crystallization and recommendation of public policy alternatives in the field of education.

3. Provide a clearinghouse of information on matters relating to educational problems and how they are being met in different places throughout the nation, so that the executive and legislative branches of state government and of local communities may have ready access to the experience and record of the entire country, and so that both lay and professional groups in the field of education may have additional avenues for the sharing of experience and the interchange of ideas in the formation of public policy in education.

4. Facilitate the improvement of state and local educational systems so that all of them will be able to meet adequate and desirable goals in a society which requires continuous qualitative and quantitative advance in educational opportunities, methods and facilities.

(b) It is the policy of this compact to encourage and promote local and state initiative in the development, maintenance, improvement and administration of educational systems and institutions in a manner which will accord with the needs and advantages of diversity among localities and states.

(c) The party states recognize that each of them has an interest in the quality and quantity of education furnished in each of the other states, as well as in the excellence of its own educational systems and institutions, because of the highly mobile character of individuals within the nation, and because the products and services contributing to the health, welfare and economic advancement of each state are supplied in significant part by persons educated in other states.

(2) ARTICLE II - STATE DEFINED. As used in this compact, “state” means a state, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(3) ARTICLE III - THE COMMISSION. (a) The education commission of the states, hereinafter called “the commission”, is hereby established. The commission shall consist of 7 members representing each party state. One of such members shall be governor; 2 shall be members of the state legislature selected by its respective houses and serving in such manner as the legislature may determine; and 4 shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the governor, unless the laws of the state otherwise provide. If the laws of a state prevent legislators from serving on the commission, 6 members shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the governor, unless the laws of the state otherwise provide. In addition to any other principles or requirements which a state may establish for the appointment and service of its members of the commission, the guiding principle for the composition of the membership on the commission from each party state shall be that the members representing such state shall, by virtue of their training, experience, knowledge or affiliations be in a position collectively to reflect broadly the interests of the state government, higher education, the state education system, local education, lay and professional, public and nonprofit educational leadership. Of those appointees, one shall be the head of a state agency or institution, designated by the governor, having responsibility for one or more programs of public education. In addition to the members of the commission representing the party states, there may be not to exceed 10 nonvoting commissioners selected by the steering committee for terms of one year. Such commissioners shall represent leading national organizations of professional educators or persons concerned with educational administration.

(b) The members of the commission shall be entitled to one vote each on the commission. No action of the commission shall be binding unless taken at a meeting at which a majority of the total number of votes on the commission are cast in favor thereof. Action of the commission shall be only at a meeting at which a majority of the commissioners are present. The commission shall meet at least once a year. In its bylaws, and subject to such directions and limitations as may be contained therein, the commission may delegate the exercise of any of its powers to the steering committee or the executive director, except for the power to approve budgets or requests for appropriations, the power to make policy recommendations pursuant to sub. (4) and adoption of the annual report pursuant to par. (j).

(c) The commission shall have a seal.

(d) The commission shall elect annually, from among its members, a chairperson, who shall be a governor, a vice chairperson and a treasurer. The commission shall provide for the appoint-
ment of an executive director. Such executive director shall serve at the pleasure of the commission, and together with the treasurer and such other personnel as the commission may deem appropriate shall be bonded in such amount as the commission shall determine. The executive director shall be secretary.

(e) Irrespective of the civil service, personnel or other merit system laws of any of the party states, the executive director subject to the approval of the steering committee shall appoint, remove or discharge such personnel as may be necessary for the performance of the functions of the commission, and shall fix the duties and compensation of such personnel. The commission in its bylaws shall provide for the personnel policies and programs of the commission.

(f) The commission may borrow, accept or contract for the services of personnel from any party jurisdiction, the United States, or any subdivision or agency of the aforementioned governments, or from any agency of 2 or more of the party jurisdictions or their subdivisions.

(g) The commission may accept for any of its purposes and functions under this compact any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, conditional or otherwise, from any state, the United States, or any other governmental agency, or from any person, firm, association, foundation or corporation, and may receive, utilize and dispose of the same. Any donation or grant accepted by the commission pursuant to this paragraph or services borrowed pursuant to par. (f) shall be reported in the annual report of the commission. Such report shall include the nature, amount and conditions, if any, of the donation, grant or services borrowed, and the identity of the donor or lender.

(h) The commission may establish and maintain such facilities as may be necessary for the transacting of its business. The commission may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property and any interest therein.

(i) The commission shall adopt bylaws for the conduct of its business and shall have the power to amend and rescind these bylaws. The commission shall publish its bylaws in convenient form and shall file a copy thereof and a copy of any amendment thereto, with the appropriate agency or officer in each of the party states.

(j) The commission annually shall submit to the governor, to the chief clerk of each house of the legislature for distribution to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2) and to the legislature of any other party state a report covering the activities of the commission for the preceding year. The commission may submit such additional reports as it deems desirable.

(4) ARTICLE IV – POWERS. In addition to authority conferred on the commission by other provisions of the compact, the commission shall have authority to:

(a) Collect, correlate, analyze and interpret information and data concerning educational needs and resources.

(b) Encourage and foster research in all aspects of education, but with special reference to the desirable scope of instruction, organization, administration and instructional methods and standards employed or suitable for employment in public educational systems.

(c) Develop proposals for adequate financing of education as a whole and at each of its many levels.

(d) Conduct or participate in research of the types referred to in this subsection in any instance where the commission finds that such research is necessary for the advancement of the purposes and policies of this compact, utilizing fully the resources of national associations, regional compact organizations for higher education and other agencies and institutions, both public and private.

(e) Formulate suggested policies and plans for the improvement of public education as a whole, or for any segment thereof, and make recommendations with respect thereto available to the appropriate governmental units, agencies and public officials.

(f) Do such other things as may be necessary or incidental to the administration of any of its authority or functions pursuant to this compact.

(5) ARTICLE V – COOPERATION WITH FEDERAL GOVERNMENT. (a) If the laws of the United States specifically so provide, or if administrative provision is made therefor within the federal government, the United States may be represented on the commission by not to exceed 10 representatives. Any such representative or representatives of the United States shall be appointed and serve in such manner as may be provided by or pursuant to federal law, and may be drawn from any one or more branches of the federal government, but no such representative shall have a vote on the commission.

(b) The commission may provide information and make recommendations to any executive or legislative agency or officer of the federal government concerning the common educational policies of the states, and may advise with any such agencies or officers concerning any matter of mutual interest.

(6) ARTICLE VI – COMMITTEES. (a) To assist in the expeditious conduct of its business when the full commission is not meeting, the commission shall elect a steering committee of 32 members which, subject to the provisions of this compact and consistent with the policies of the commission, shall be constituted and function as provided in the bylaws of the commission. One-fourth of the voting membership of the steering committee shall consist of governors, one-fourth shall consist of legislators, and the remainder shall consist of other members of the commission. A federal representative on the commission may serve with the steering committee, but without vote. The voting members of the steering committee shall serve for terms of 2 years, except that members elected to the first steering committee of the commission shall be elected as follows: 15 for one year and 15 for 2 years. The chairperson, vice chairperson, and treasurer of the commission shall be members of the steering committee and, anything in this paragraph to the contrary notwithstanding, shall serve during their continuance in these offices. Vacancies in the steering committee shall not affect its authority to act, but the commission at its next regularly ensuing meeting following the occurrence of any vacancy shall fill it for the unexpired term. No person shall serve more than 2 terms as a member of the steering committee; provided that service for a partial term of one year or less shall not be counted toward the 2−term limitation.

(b) The commission may establish advisory and technical committees composed of state, local, and federal officials, and private persons to advise it with respect to any one or more of its functions. Any advisory or technical committee may, on request of the states concerned, be established to consider any matter of special concern to 2 or more of the party states.

(c) The commission may establish such additional committees as its bylaws may provide.

(7) ARTICLE VII – FINANCE. (a) The commission shall advise the governor or designated officer or officers of each party state of its budget and estimated expenditures for such period as may be required by the laws of that party state. Each of the commission’s budgets of estimated expenditures shall contain specific recommendations of the amount or amounts to be appropriated by each of the party states.

(b) The total amount of appropriation requests under any budget shall be apportioned among the party states. In making such apportionment, the commission shall devise and employ a formula which takes equitable account of the populations and per capita income levels of the party states.

(c) The commission shall not pledge the credit of any party states. The commission may meet any of its obligations in whole or in part with funds available to it under sub. (3) (g), provided that the commission takes specific action setting aside such funds prior to incurring an obligation to be met in whole or in part in such manner. Except where the commission makes use of funds available to it under sub. (3) (g), the commission shall not incur any
obligation prior to the allotment of funds by the party states adequate to meet the same.

(d) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established by its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a qualified public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual reports of the commission.

(e) The accounts of the commission shall be open at any reasonable time for inspection by duly constituted officers of the party states and by any persons authorized by the commission.

(f) Nothing contained herein shall be construed to prevent commission compliance with laws relating to audit or inspection of accounts by or on behalf of any government contributing to the support of the commission.

(8) ARTICLE VIII – ELIGIBLE PARTIES; ENTRY INTO AND WITHDRAWAL. (a) This compact shall have as eligible parties all states, territories, and possessions of the United States, the District of Columbia and the commonwealth of Puerto Rico. In respect of any such jurisdiction not having a governor, the term “governor”, as used in this compact, shall mean the closest equivalent official of such jurisdiction.

(b) Any state or other eligible jurisdiction may enter into this compact and it shall become binding thereon when it has adopted the same: provided that in order to enter into initial effect, adoption by at least 10 eligible party jurisdictions shall be required.

(c) Adoption of the compact may be either by enactment thereof or by adherence thereto by the governor; provided that in the absence of enactment, adherence by the governor shall be sufficient to make the governor’s state a party only until December 31, 1967. During any period when a state is participating in this compact through gubernatorial action, the governor shall appoint those persons who, in addition to the governor, shall serve as the members of the commission from the governor’s state, and shall provide to the commission an equitable share of the financial support of the commission from any source available to the governor.

(d) Except for a withdrawal effective on December 31, 1967, in accordance with par. (c), any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until one year after the governor of the withdrawing state has given notice in writing of the withdrawal to the governors of all other party states. No withdrawal shall affect any liability already incurred by or chargeable to a party state prior to the time of such withdrawal.

(9) ARTICLE IX – CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY. This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any state or of the United States, or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. This compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state participating therein, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.


39.80 Midwestern higher education compact. The midwestern higher education compact is hereby enacted into law and entered into by this state with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

(1) ARTICLE I – PURPOSE. The purpose of the midwestern higher education compact shall be to provide greater higher education opportunities and services in the midwestern region, with the aim of furthering regional access to, research in and choice of higher education for the citizens residing in the several states which are parties to this compact.

(2) ARTICLE II – THE COMMISSION. (a) The compacting states hereby create the midwestern higher education commission, hereinafter called “the commission”. The commission shall be a body corporate of each compacting state. The commission shall have all the responsibilities, powers and duties set forth herein, including the power to sue and be sued, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent action of the respective legislatures of the compacting states in accordance with the terms of this compact.

(b) The commission shall consist of 5 resident members of each state as follows: the governor or the governor’s designee who shall serve during the tenure of office of the governor; 2 legislators, one from each house (except Nebraska, which may appoint 2 legislators from its unicameral legislature), who shall serve 2-year terms and be appointed by the appropriate appointing authority in each house of the legislature; and 2 other at–large members, at least one of whom shall be selected from the field of higher education. The at–large members shall be appointed in a manner provided by the laws of the appointing state. One of the 2 at–large members initially appointed in each state shall serve a 2–year term. The other, and any regularly appointed successor to either at–large member, shall serve a 4–year term. All vacancies shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the appointing states. Any commissioner appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve until the end of the incomplete term.

(c) The commission shall select annually, from among its members, a chairperson, a vice chairperson and a treasurer.

(d) The commission shall appoint an executive director who shall serve at its pleasure and who shall act as secretary to the commission. The treasurer, the executive director and such other personnel as the commission may determine, shall be bonded in such amounts as the commission may require.

(e) The commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a majority of the commission members of 3 or more compacting states, shall call additional meetings. Public notice

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shall be given of all meetings and meetings shall be open to the public.

(f) Each compacting state represented at any meeting of the commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of the compacting states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the commission.

(3) ARTICLE III – POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION. (a) The commission shall adopt a seal and suitable bylaws governing its management and operations.

(b) Irrespective of the civil service, personnel or other merit system laws of any of the compacting states, the commission in its bylaws shall provide for the personnel policies and programs of the compact.

(c) The commission shall submit a budget to the governor and legislature of each compacting state at such time and for such period as may be required. The budget shall contain specific recommendations of the amount or amounts to be appropriated by each of the compacting states.

(d) The commission shall report annually to the legislatures and governors of the compacting states, to the midwestern governors’ conference and to the midwestern legislative conference of the council of state governments concerning the activities of the commission during the preceding year. Such reports shall also embody any recommendations that may have been adopted by the commission.

(e) The commission may borrow, accept, or contract for the services of personnel from any state or the United States or any subdivision or agency thereof, from any interstate agency, or from any institution, foundation, person, firm or corporation.

(f) The commission may accept for any of its purposes and functions under the compact any and all donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services (conditional or otherwise) from any state or the United States or any subdivision or agency thereof, or interstate agency, or from any institution, foundation, person, firm, or corporation, and may receive, utilize and dispose of the same.

(g) The commission may enter into agreements with any other interstate education organizations or agencies and with higher education institutions located in nonmember states and with any of the various states of these United States to provide adequate programs and services in higher education for the citizens of the respective compacting states. The commission shall, after negotiations with interested institutions and interstate organizations or agencies, determine the cost of providing the programs and services in higher education for use in these agreements.

(h) The commission may establish and maintain offices, which shall be located within one or more of the compacting states.

(i) The commission may establish committees and hire staff as it deems necessary for the carrying out of its functions.

(j) The commission may provide for actual and necessary expenses for attendance of its members at official meetings of the commission or its designated committees.

(4) ARTICLE IV – ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMISSION. (a) The commission shall collect data on the long−range effects of the compact on higher education. By the end of the 4th year from the effective date of the compact and every 2 years thereafter, the commission shall review its accomplishments and make recommendations to the governors and legislatures of the compacting states on the continuance of the compact.

(b) The commission shall study issues in higher education of particular concern to the midwestern region. The commission shall also study the needs for higher education programs and services in the compacting states and the resources for meeting such needs. The commission shall, from time to time, prepare reports on such research for presentation to the governors and legislatures of the compacting states and other interested parties. In conducting such studies, the commission may confer with any national or regional planning body. The commission may draft and recommend to the governors and legislatures of the various compacting states suggested legislation dealing with problems of higher education.

(c) The commission shall study the need for provision of adequate programs and services in higher education, such as undergraduate, graduate or professional student exchanges in the region. If a need for exchange in a field is apparent, the commission may enter into such agreements with any higher education institution and with any of the compacting states to provide programs and services in higher education for the citizens of the respective compacting states. The commission shall, after negotiations with interested institutions and the compacting states, determine the cost of providing the programs and services in higher education for use in its agreements. The contracting states shall contribute the funds not otherwise provided, as determined by the commission, for carrying out the agreements. The commission may also serve as the administrative and fiscal agent in carrying out agreements for higher education programs and services.

(d) The commission shall serve as a clearinghouse on information regarding higher education activities among institutions and agencies.

(e) In addition to the activities of the commission previously noted, the commission may provide services and research in other areas of regional concern.

(5) ARTICLE V – FINANCE. (a) The moneys necessary to finance the general operations of the commission not otherwise provided for in carrying forth its duties, responsibilities and powers as stated herein shall be appropriated to the commission by the compacting states, when authorized by the respective legislatures, by equal apportionment among the compacting states.

(b) The commission shall not incur any obligations of any kind prior to the making of appropriations adequate to meet the same; nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the compacting states, except by and with the authority of the compacting state.

(c) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.

(d) The accounts of the commission shall be open at any reasonable time for inspection by duly authorized representatives of the compacting states and persons authorized by the commission.

(6) ARTICLE VI – ELIGIBLE PARTIES AND ENTRY INTO FORCE. (a) The states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin shall be eligible to become party to this compact. Additional states will be eligible if approved by a majority of the compacting states.

(b) As to any eligible party state, this compact shall become effective when its legislature shall have enacted the same into law, provided that it shall not become initially effective until enacted into law by 5 states prior to the 31st day of December, 1995.

(c) Amendments to the compact shall become effective upon their enactment by the legislatures of all compacting states.

(7) ARTICLE VII – WITHDRAWAL, DEFAULT AND TERMINATION. (a) Any compacting state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the compact, but such withdrawal shall not become effective until 2 years after the enactment of such statute. A withdrawing state shall be liable for any obligations which it may have incurred on account of its party status up to the effective date of withdrawal, except that if the withdrawing state has specifically undertaken or committed itself to any performance of an obligation extending beyond the effective date of withdrawal, it shall remain liable to the extent of such obligation.
(b) If any compacting state shall at any time default in the performance of any of its obligations, assumed or imposed, in accordance with the provisions of this compact, all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this compact or agreements hereunder shall be suspended from the effective date of such default as fixed by the commission, and the commission shall stipulate the conditions and maximum time for compliance under which the defaulting state may resume its regular status. Unless such default shall be remedied under the stipulations and within the time period set forth by the commission, this compact may be terminated with respect to such defaulting state by affirmative vote of a majority of the other member states. Any such defaulting state may be reinstated by performing all acts and obligations as stipulated by the commission.

(8) Article VIII – Severability and Construction. The provisions of this compact entered into hereunder shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any compacting state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact entered into hereunder shall be held contrary to the constitution of any compacting state, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining states and in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters. The provisions of this compact entered into pursuant hereto shall be liberally construed to effectuate the purposes thereof.

History: 1993 a. 358.