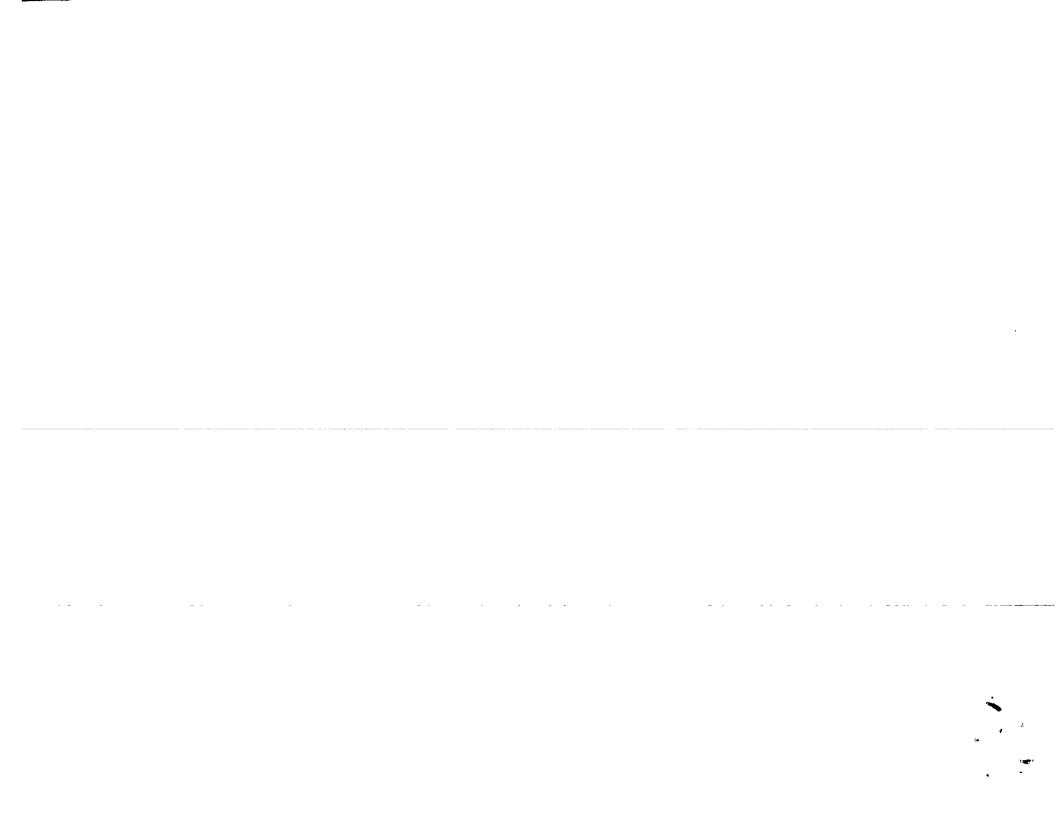
1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 11/13/98					Received By: shoveme			
Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:			
For: Scot	t Gunderson	(608) 266-336	3		By/Representing: Michael Bruhn			
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO				Drafter: shoveme				
May Con	tact:				Alt. Drafters:			
Subject: Munis - miscellaneous Counties Education - miscellaneous				Extra Copies:				
Topic:								
Residenc	y requiremen	ts, local govern	ment employe	ees				
Instructi	ons:							
live w/in	15 mile respo		imits of emp	loying LUG.	of gov't to require Also, grandfather dinance.			
Drafting	History:							
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required	
/?	shoveme 11/18/98	gilfokm 11/19/98					S&L	
/1			hhagen 11/20/98		lrb_docadmin 11/20/98	lrb_docadm 12/8/98	nin	

FE Sent For: (29)

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1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

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Received: 11/13/98 Wanted: As time permits For: Scott Gunderson (608) 266-3363 This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					Received By: shoveme			
					Identical to LRB: By/Representing: Michael Bruhn			
					Drafter: shoveme			
May Con	itact:				Alt. Drafters:			
Subject: Munis - miscellaneous Counties Education - miscellaneous					Extra Copies:			
Topic:								
Residenc	y requiremen	ts, local govern	ment employe	ees				
Instruct	ions:							
live w/in	15 mile respe	•	limits of emp	loying LUG.	of gov't to require Also, grandfather dinance.	-	_	
Drafting	g History:							
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/?	shoveme 11/18/98	gilfokm 11/19/98					S&L	
/1			hhagen 11/20/98		lrb_docadmin 11/20/98			
FE Sent 1	For:			<end></end>				

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 11/13/98

Received By: shoveme

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Scott Gunderson (608) 266-3363

By/Representing: Michael Bruhn

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: shoveme

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

Munis - miscellaneous

Extra Copies:

Counties

Education - miscellaneous

Topic:

Residency requirements, local government employees

Instructions:

See Attached. Redraft 1997 AB 75 (-1009/1), but all local units of gov't to require police and fire fighters to live w/in 15 mile response zone from limits of employing LUG. Also, grandfather in EEs who are covered by res. req'ts of an LGU if the LGU enacts a more restrictive ordinance.

Drafting History:

Vers.

Drafted

Reviewed

Typed

#11/20

Proofed

Submitted

Jacketed

Required

1? shoveme /1-11-19 /1 NES 11/18

FE Sent For:

<END>



83rd Assembly District Representative

October 23, 1998

Mark,

I was informed that I should contact you regarding drafting a bill for the 1999-2000 session regarding residency requirements for municipal employees. We are interested in re-introducing a bill similar to Assembly Bill 75 from the 1997 session with a couple of differences.

Scott would like the new bill to state that a municipality may require emergency police and fire personnel to live within a zone of response being no less than fifteen miles from the city limits of the employing municipality. Also, if a municipality currently has less restrictive residency requirements for police and fire employees and adopts more restrictive requirements, current employees would be grandfathered in.

Thank you for your assistance. Should you have any questions feel free to call me at 266-3363.

Michael Bruhn

Legislative Assistant to Rep. Gunderson

1997 - 1998 LEGISLATURE

1997 ASSEMBLY BILL 75

February 12, 1997 - Introduced by Representatives Dobyns, Jensen, Huebsch, Lazich, Freese, Ladwig, Handrick, Johnsrud, Urban, Musser, Gunderson, Kreibich, Nass and Schafer, cosponsored by Senators Fitzgerald, Welch and Huelsman. Referred to Committee on Urban and Local Affairs.

Pg1Ln1 Ar	Act to repeal 59.26 (1) (c); to amend 60.37 (1), 62.13 (4) (d), 63.08 (1) (a) and
Pg1Ln2 63	25 (1) (a); and to create 66.188 of the statutes; relating to: prohibiting
Pg1Ln3 cit	es, villages, towns, counties and school districts from imposing residency
Pg1Ln4 rec	uirements on certain employes.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

AB75

With some exceptions, this bill prohibits cities, villages, towns, counties and school districts from requiring, as a condition of employment, that any nonelective employe or prospective employe reside within any jurisdictional limits. Exceptions to the general prohibition include certain public officials appointed by the mayor of a 1st class city (presently only Milwaukee), town sanitary district commissioners and certain school board officials. In addition, the prohibition does not apply to any other state law requiring residency for a municipal position or to any state or municipal requirement for state residency.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

AB75, s. 1

PgtLn5 Section 1. 59.26 (1) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

AB75, s. 2

Section 2. 60.37 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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Pg2Ln1

AB75, s. 2 - continued

Pg2Ln2 60.37 (1) **General.** The town board may employ on a temporary or permanent

basis persons necessary to carry out the functions of town government. The board may establish the qualifications and terms of employment, which may not include

Pg2Ln4 may establish the qualifications and terms of employment, which may <u>not</u> include the residency of the employe. The board may delegate the authority to hire town

Pg2Ln6 employes to any town official or employe.

AB75, s. 3

Pg2Ln7 Section 3. 62.13 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

AB75, s. 3 - continued

Pg2Ln8 62.13 (4) (d) The examination shall be free for all U.S. citizens over 18 and

Pg2Ln9 under 55 years of age, with proper limitations as to residence, health and, subject to

Pg2Ln10 ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, arrest and conviction record. The examination,

Pg2Ln11 including minimum training and experience requirements, shall be job-related in

Pg2Ln12 compliance with appropriate validation standards and shall be subject to the

Pg2Ln13 approval of the board and may include tests of manual skill and physical strength.

Pg2Ln14 All relevant experience, whether paid or unpaid, shall satisfy experience

Pg2Ln15 requirements. The board shall control examinations and may designate and change

Pg2Ln16 examiners, who may or may not be otherwise in the official service of the city, and

Pg2Ln17 whose compensation shall be fixed by the board and paid by the city. Veterans and

Pg2Ln18 their spouses shall be given preference points in accordance with s. 230.16 (7).

AB75, s. 4

Pg2Ln19 Section 4. 63.08 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

AB75, s. 4 - continued

Pg2Ln20 63.08 (1) (a) Any applicant for an examination under s. 63.05 shall be a resident of this state before applying for an examination, but the commission may not require

of this state before applying for an examination, but the commission may not require

Pg2Ln22 any period of residency in the county for entrance to an examination or employment

Pg2Ln23 in the county. The commission may require an applicant to file a written application

Pg2Ln24 form which bears upon the applicant's fitness for a vacant position and which the

Pg2Ln25 commission deems necessary. For a position offering a skilled, technical or

Pg3Ln1 professional service, upon a finding that a suitable number of qualified applicants

Pg3Ln2 cannot be obtained from within the state, the commission may open the examination

Pg3Ln3 to residents of other states. Residency in this state may be waived for an applicant for an examination for a position which requires a license in a health care field. No

Pg3Ln5 question pertaining to political affiliation or religious faith may be asked of any

Pg3Ln6 applicant for an examination.

AB75, s. 5

Pg3Ln7 Section 5. 63.25 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

AB75, s. 5 - continued

Pg3Ln8 63.25 (1) (a) For open, competitive examinations and for other examinations

Pg3Ln9 by which to test applicants for office or for employment as to their practical fitness

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to discharge the duties of the positions which they desire to fill, which examinations Pg3Ln10 shall be public and free to all persons with proper limitations as to residence, age, Pg3Ln11 health and, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, arrest and conviction record. Pg3Ln12 AB75, s. 6 **Section 6.** 66.188 of the statutes is created to read: Pg3Ln13 AB75, s. 6 - continued 66.188 Employe residency requirements prohibited. (1) The legislature Pg3Ln14 Pg3Ln15 finds that public employe residency requirements are a matter of statewide concern. AB75, s. 6 - continued (2) In this section, "local governmental unit" means any city, village, town, Pg3Ln16 county or school district. Pg3Ln17 AB75, s. 6 - continued (3) Except as provided in sub. (4), no local governmental unit may require, as Pg3Ln18 Pg3Ln19 a condition of employment, that any employe or prospective employe reside within any jurisdictional limit. Pg3Ln20 AB75, s. 6 - continued (4) This section does not affect any statute that requires residency within the Pg3Ln21 jurisdictional limits of any local governmental unit or town sanitary district, or any Pg3Ln22 provision of law that requires residency in this state. Pg3Ln23 AB75, s. 7 **Section 7.** Initial applicability. Pg3Ln24 AB75, s. 7 - continued (1) This act first applies to any city, village, town, county or school district Pg4Ln1 whose employes are covered by a collective bargaining agreement that is in effect on Pg4Ln2 Pg4Ln3 the effective date of this subsection upon the expiration, extension, renewal or

(End)

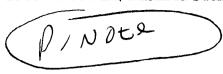
modification of the agreement.

Pg4Ln4

Pg4Ln5



State of Wisconsin 1999 - 2000 **LEGISLATURE**



BILL

It The bill also allows a local governmental unit to impose a residency requirement on police officers or fire fighters that requires such personnel to live at least 15 miles from the boundary of the local governmental unit. I however, a local governmental unit has in effect a less restrictive a local governmental unit has in effect a less restrictive residency requirement on the effective date of the bill tast applies residency requirement on the effective date of the bill tast applies to police officers our firefighters, such personnel would to police officers our firefighters, such personnel would to police officers our firefighters. effective date of thebill

not be stabilent to residency requirement that requires the police offices and firefrighters to live at least 15 miles from the boundary of the local governmental wint.

AN ACT to repeal 59.26 (1) (c); to amend 17.03 (4) (d), 60.37 (1), 62.13 (4) (d),

63.08(1)(a) and 63.25(1)(a); and **to create** 66.188 of the statutes; **relating to:**

prohibiting cities, villages, towns, counties and school districts from imposing

residency requirements on certain employes.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

With some exceptions, this bill prohibits cities, villages, towns, counties and school districts) from requiring, as a condition of employment, that any nonelective employe or prospective employe reside within any jurisdictional limits. Exceptions to the general prohibition include certain public officials appointed by the mayor of a 1st class city (presently only Milwaukee), town sanitary district commissioners and certain school board officials. In addition, the prohibition does not apply to any other state law requiring residency for a municipal position or to any state or municipal requirement for state residency.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 17.03 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

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BILL

17.03 (4) (d) If the office is local and	d appointive, and residency, subject to s.
66.188, is a local requirement, the county,	city, village, town, district or area within
which the duties of the office are required	to be discharged.

SECTION 2. 59.26 (1) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 3. 60.37 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.37 (1) General. The town board may employ on a temporary or permanent basis persons necessary to carry out the functions of town government. The board may establish the qualifications and terms of employment, which may <u>not</u> include the residency of the employe. The board may delegate the authority to hire town employes to any town official or employe.

SECTION 4. 62.13 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.13 (4) (d) The examination shall be free for all U.S. citizens over 18 and under 55 years of age, with proper limitations as to residence, health and, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, arrest and conviction record. The examination, including minimum training and experience requirements, shall be job—related in compliance with appropriate validation standards and shall be subject to the approval of the board and may include tests of manual skill and physical strength. All relevant experience, whether paid or unpaid, shall satisfy experience requirements. The board shall control examinations and may designate and change examiners, who may or may not be otherwise in the official service of the city, and whose compensation shall be fixed by the board and paid by the city. Veterans and their spouses shall be given preference points in accordance with s. 230.16 (7).

SECTION 5. 63.08 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

63.08 (1) (a) Any applicant for an examination under s. 63.05 shall be a resident of this state before applying for an examination, but the commission may not require

BILL

any period of residency in the county for entrance to an examination or employment in the county. The commission may require an applicant to file a written application form which bears upon the applicant's fitness for a vacant position and which the commission deems necessary. For a position offering a skilled, technical or professional service, upon a finding that a suitable number of qualified applicants cannot be obtained from within the state, the commission may open the examination to residents of other states. Residency in this state may be waived for an applicant for an examination for a position which requires a license in a health care field. No question pertaining to political affiliation or religious faith may be asked of any applicant for an examination.

SECTION 6. 63.25 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

63.25 (1) (a) For open, competitive examinations and for other examinations by which to test applicants for office or for employment as to their practical fitness to discharge the duties of the positions which they desire to fill, which examinations shall be public and free to all persons with proper limitations as to residence, age, health and, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, arrest and conviction record.

SECTION 7. 66.188 of the statutes is created to read:

66.188 Employe residency requirements prohibited. (1) The legislature finds that public employe residency requirements are a matter of statewide concern.

(2) In this section, local governmental unit" means any city, willage, town, country of school districts

(3) Except as provided in sub. (4), no local governmental unit may require, as a condition of employment, that any employe or prospective employe reside within any jurisdictional limit.

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(4) This section does not affect any statute that requires residency within the jurisdictional limits of any local governmental unit or town sanitary district, or any provision of law that requires residency in this state.

SECTION 8. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to any city, village, town, county or school district whose employes are covered by a collective bargaining agreement that is in effect on the effective date of this subsection upon the expiration, extension, renewal or modification of the agreement.

(END)

> \$ (b) Subject (- par. (c), a

local governmental unit may impose a residency requirement on emergency personnel that a regular the emergency personnel to live at least 15 miles brown the boundary of the local governmental

(c) It a local governmental unit has a residency requirement that is in effect on the effective date of time. requirement that is in affect on one effective date I, that applies this paragraph I revisorinserts date I, that applies to energency personnel and that requirement to energency personnel requirement that is enacted or par. (b), a residency requirement that is enacted or adapted under par. (b) may not be applied to adapted under par. (b) may not be applied to any energency personnel who are employed by any energency personnel who are employed by that local governmental unit on the effective date of this paragraph I revisor inserts date T.

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0679/1dm / Aby MES:kmg:jf

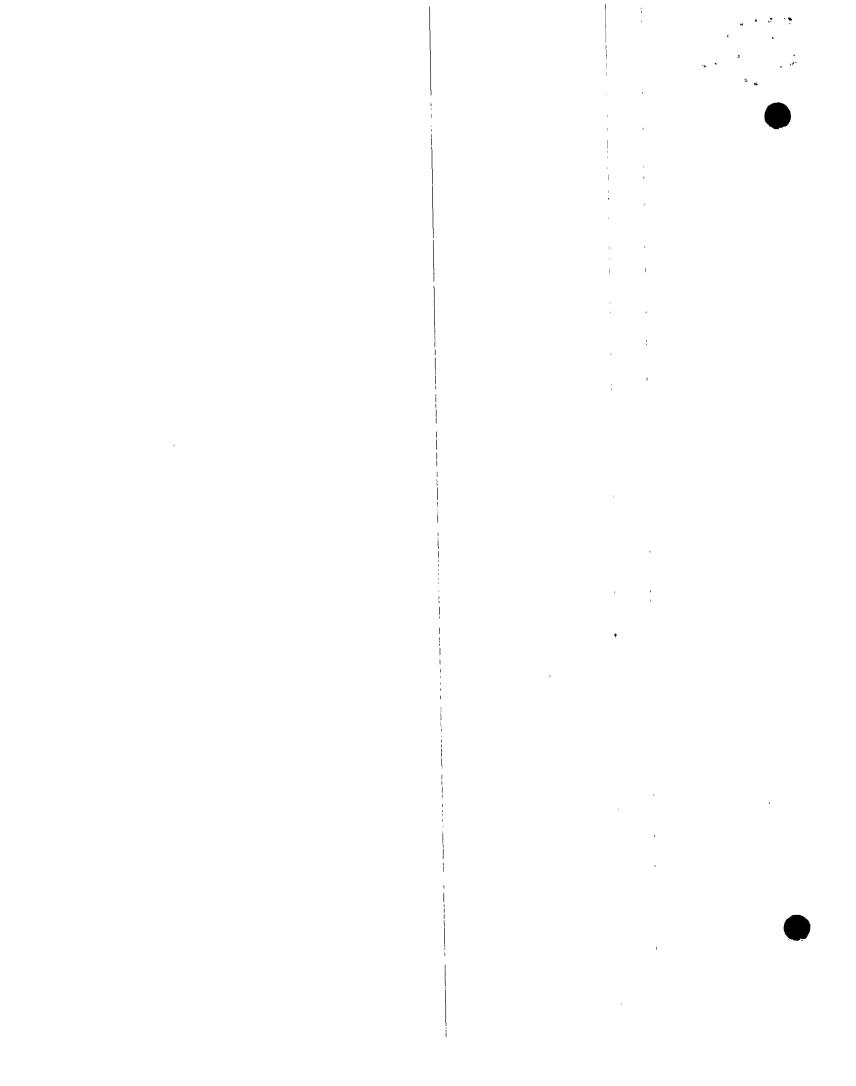
___November_3, 1998_

This bill is, basically, a redraft of 1997 AB-75. You should know, however, that there is a possibility that created s. 66.188 could be challenged as a violation of a city's or village's constitutional and statutory grants of home rule power. See article XI, section 3, of the Wisconsin Constitution and ss. 61.34 (1) and 62.11 (5), stats. This constitutional provision authorizes cities and villages to determine their own local affairs, subject to the constitution and legislative enactments of statewide concern.

The provision also stands for the proposition that the state cannot prohibit a city or village from regulating an activity that solely involves local affairs and that is not a matter of statewide concern. See State ex rel. Michalek v. LeGrand, 77 Wis. 2d 520, 526 and 529 (1977). It could be argued that municipal residency requirements involve solely local affairs and are not matters of statewide concern. Consequently, under Michalek, a court could hold that a statute that limits a city's or village's authority to enact residency requirements violates article XI, section 3, of the Wisconsin Constitution and ss. 61.34 (1) and 62.11 (5), stats.

In addition, in some cases, if a state law intrudes on an area of local concern, a city may elect not to be governed by the law. See *State ex rel. Ekern v. City of Milwaukee*, 190 Wis. 633 (1926). To be sustained, proposed s. 66.188 must be viewed as treating a subject that is paramountly of statewide concern.

Marc E. Shovers Senior Legislative Attorney 266–0129



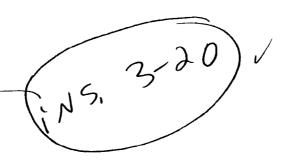
1997 – 1998 LEGISLATURE

LRBa0623/2 MES:kmg:jf

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ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT,

TO 1997 ASSEMBLY BILL 75



At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows:

1. Page 3, line-16: delete lines 16 and 17 and substitute:

(2) In this section:

(a) "Emergency personnel" means a law enforcement officer a firefighter

concretion techniques.

- (b) "Local governmental unit" means any city, village, town, county or school district.".
 - 2. Page 3, line 21: after "(4)" insert "(a)".
 - 3. Page 3, line 23: after that line insert:
- "(b) Nothing in this section prohibits a local governmental unit from imposing a reasonable emergency response time requirement on emergency personnel.".

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0871/1dn MES:kmg:hmh

Friday, November 20, 1998

This bill is, basically, a redraft of 1997 AB-75 and contains the modifications that you requested. You should know, however, that there is a possibility that created s. 66.188 could be challenged as a violation of a city's or village's constitutional and statutory grants of home rule power. See article XI, section 3, of the Wisconsin Constitution and ss. 61.34 (1) and 62.11 (5), stats. This constitutional provision authorizes cities and villages to determine their own local affairs, subject to the constitution and legislative enactments of statewide concern.

The provision also stands for the proposition that the state cannot prohibit a city or village from regulating an activity that solely involves local affairs and that is not a matter of statewide concern. See State ex rel. Michalek v. LeGrand, 77 Wis. 2d 520, 526 and 529 (1977). It could be argued that municipal residency requirements involve solely local affairs and are not matters of statewide concern. Consequently, under Michalek, a court could hold that a statute that limits a city's or village's authority to enact residency requirements violates article XI, section 3, of the Wisconsin Constitution and ss. 61.34 (1) and 62.11 (5), stats.

In addition, in some cases, if a state law intrudes on an area of local concern, a city may elect not to be governed by the law. See *State ex rel. Ekern v. City of Milwaukee*, 190 Wis. 633 (1926). To be sustained, proposed s. 66.188 must be viewed as treating a subject that is paramountly of statewide concern.

Marc E. Shovers Senior Legislative Attorney 266–0129

SUBMITTAL FORM

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

Date: 11/20/98 To: Representative Gunderson Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-0871 Topic Residency requirements, local government employees Subject(s) Munis - miscellaneous, Counties, Education - miscellaneous 1. JACKET the draft for introduction ______ Lost I Hundonen in the **Senate** ____ or the **Assembly** ___ (check only one). Only the requester under whose name the drafting request is entered in the LRB's drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please allow one day for the preparation of the required copies. 2. **REDRAFT.** See the changes indicated or attached A revised draft will be submitted for your approval with changes incorporated. 3. Obtain **FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW**, prior to introduction If the analysis indicates that a fiscal estimate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or increases or decreases existing appropriations or state or general local government fiscal liability or revenues, you have the option to request the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to introduce the proposal without the fiscal estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon introduction. It takes about 10 days to obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to introduction retains your flexibility for possible redrafting of the proposal.

If you have any questions regarding the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

Marc E. Shovers, Senior Legislative Attorney Telephone: (608) 266-0129

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