1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/30/98 Wanted: As time permits For: Robert Goetsch (608) 266-2540					Received By: nelsorp1 Identical to LRB: By/Representing: Kent V										
									This file	may be shown	n to any legislat	Drafter: nelsorp1			
									May Contact:					Alt. Drafters:	
Subject:	Drunk	Driving - alcol	Extra Copies:												
Pre To	pic:														
No spec	ific pre topic g	given													
Topic:															
Testing	for blood alcol	hol concentration	on in accident	s involving d	eath or great bodily	y harm									
Instruc	tions:														
Same as	97-1918/2														
Draftin	g History:					, _									
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	<u>Proofed</u>	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required								
/?	nelsorp1 12/30/98 nelsorp1 01/4/99	gilfokm 12/30/98 chanaman 01/5/99					S&L								
/1			jfrantze 01/7/99		lrb_docadmin 01/7/99		S&L								
/2	nelsorp1 01/14/99	chanaman 01/14/99	lpaasch 01/15/99		lrb_docadmin 01/15/99	lrb_docadn 02/22/99	uin								

FE Sent For: 03-04-99

Received: 12/30/98

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: nelsorp1

Bill

Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:			
For: Robert Goetsch (608) 266-2540					By/Representing: Kent V			
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					Drafter: nelsorp1			
May Contact:					Alt. Drafters:			
Subject: Drunk Driving - alcohol level					Extra Copies:			
Topic:								
Testing f	for blood alco	hol concentration	n in accident	s involving d	leath or great bodil	y harm		
Instruct	tions:							
Same as	97-1918/2							
Drafting	g History:							
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/?	nelsorp1 12/30/98 nelsorp1 01/4/99	gilfokm 12/30/98 chanaman 01/5/99					S&L	
/1			jfrantze 01/7/99		lrb_docadmin 01/7/99		S&L	
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FE Sent	For:			<end></end>				

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/30/98					Received By: nelsorp1			
Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:			
For: Rol	bert Goetsch	(608) 266-2540	By/Representing: Kent V					
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					Drafter: nelsorp1			
May Contact:					Alt. Drafters:			
Subject:	Subject: Drunk Driving - alcohol level					Extra Copies: JEOJEN		
Topic:								
Testing	for blood alco	hol concentration	n in acciden	ts involving	death or great bodi	ly harm		
Instruc	tions:	-						
Same as	97-1918/2							
Draftin	g History:						<u></u>	
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required	
/?	nelsorp1 12/30/98 nelsorp1 01/4/99	gilfokm 12/30/98 chanaman 01/5/99					S&L	
/1		CMH /2 1/14 12-1-14Kmg	jfrantze 01/7/99 \-15LR -	1-15CP	lrb_docadmin 01/7/99			
FE Sent	For:	V		185				

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/30/98

Received By: nelsorp1

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Robert Goetsch (608) 266-2540

By/Representing: **Kent V**

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: nelsorp1

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

Drunk Driving - alcohol level

Extra Copies:

Topic:

Testing for blood alcohol concentration in accidents involving death or great bodily harm

Instructions:

Same as 97-1918/2

Drafting History:

Vers.

Drafted

Submitted

Jacketed

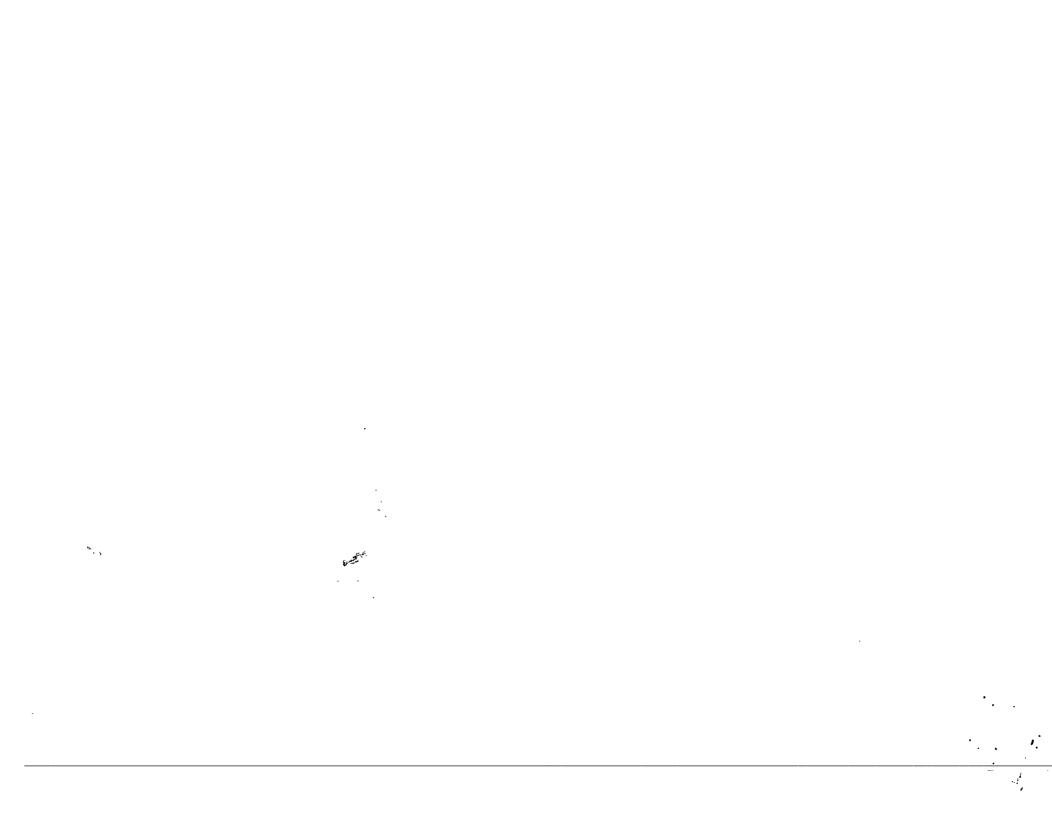
Required

nelsorp1 /?

Reviewed

FE Sent For:

<END>



/999-2006 **/99**7-21998 LEGISLATURE

D-NOTE

15-29/1 LRB-1918/2 RPN:mfd:arm CMY 2K9

19979 BILL

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AN ACT to amend 346.74 (2); and to create 346.71 (2g) and 346.74 (2m) of the statutes; relating to: testing of blood for alcohol content in motor vehicle accidents involving a fatality or great bodily harm and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, if a person 14 years of age or older is killed in an accident involving a motor vehicle, his or her blood is tested to determine its alcohol content. The results are forwarded to state agencies to be used for statistical purposes and to the coroner or medical examiner.

This bill requires the testing of the blood of all drivers or operators of motor vehicles involved in an accident that results in a fatality or in great bodily harm at the time of the accident, if the drivers or operators are not tested for purposes of determining if they committed a violation involving intoxicated driving. The law enforcement agency requesting the test is told of the results and includes the results in the accident report. The department of transportation pays for the tests and may use the results for statistical purposes.

The bill also provides that any person who refuses to submit to the blood test may be required to forfeit not more than \$1,000.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

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the following:

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SECTION 1. 346.71 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:

346.71 (2g) (a) Any person who drives or operates a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this state, or in those areas enumerated in s. 346.61, is deemed to have given consent to one or more tests of his or her blood for the purpose of determining the presence or quantity in his or her blood of alcohol, controlled substances, controlled substance analogs or other drugs, or any combination of alcohol, controlled substances, controlled substance analogs and other drugs, when requested to do so by a law enforcement officer under this subsection. A person who is unconscious or otherwise not capable of giving consent is presumed to have given

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consent to the testing of his or her blood under this subsection. Any such tests shall be administered upon the request of a law enforcement officer.

(b) A law enforcement officer at the scene of an accident that involves the operation of a motor vehicle shall require that a blood specimen of at least 10 cc. be withdrawn from each driver or operator of a motor vehicle involved in the accident who was not tested under s. 343.305 (5) if the law enforcement officer knew any of

- 1. That a person died as a result of the operation of the motor vehicle before he or she was removed from the scene of the accident. X
- 2. That a person suffered great bodily harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (14), as a result of the operation of the motor vehicle. in the accident
- (c) The blood specimen shall be withdrawn under par. (b) within 3 hours after the accident. The coroner or medical examiner, a physician or a qualified person at the direction of a physician shall withdraw the blood. The blood so drawn shall be forwarded to a laboratory approved by the department of health and family services for analysis for the purpose of determining the presence or quantity in the blood of

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alcohol, controlled substances, controlled substance analogs or other drugs, or any combination of alcohol, controlled substances, controlled substance analogs and other drugs. The laboratory shall notify the law enforcement agency causing the blood to be withdrawn of the results of each analysis. The law enforcement agency shall place those results in the law enforcement agency's report regarding the accident but the results may not be used as evidence in any criminal trial arising out of the accident. The laboratory shall send a copy of the results to the department of transportation. The department of transportation shall pay the cost of each analysis and keep a record of those results to be used for statistical purposes only. The department of transportation may disseminate and make public the cumulative results of the analyses without identifying the individuals involved.

SECTION 2. 346.74 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.74 (2) Any person violating s. 346.70 (1), (2) or (3), 346.71 (1), (2) or (3) or 346.73 may be required to forfeit not less than \$40 nor more than \$200 for the first offense and may be required to forfeit not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 for the 2nd or subsequent conviction within a year.

SECTION 3. 346.74 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

346.74 (2m) Any person who refuses to allow the withdrawal of his or her blood under s. 346.71 (2g) may be required to forfeit not more than \$1,000.

SECTION 4. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to accidents occurring on the effective date of this subsection.

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(END)

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

Friday, February 14, 1997

LRB-1918/2da/ RPN:mfd?arm

Kent:

As we discussed in our telephone conversations in response to your questions, the content of this bill may be subject to close scrutiny because the bill requires persons to submit to blood testing without their consent. The U.S. Supreme Court considers the taking of blood for the purpose of determining the presence of drugs such as alcohol as a search and therefore subject to the prohibition against unreasonable searches in Amendment IV to the U.S. Constitution. The court has permitted blood tests to determine the presence of drugs such as alcohol in some situations, such as in customs officers and high school athletes, when the court felt that the search was reasonably related to the circumstances that justified the interference. See the pages of the court decisions I sent earlier for more details.

In this bill, the circumstances are related to driving a motor vehicle, a highly regulated behavior, and the reason is to collect information to better address the use of drugs while driving, a major concern of the state. However, the persons being required to submit to the testing are not under suspicion of wrongdoing, so the major intrusion of that person's privacy by the taking of blood may incline the court to find that the search violates Amendment IV. I hesitate to say what the court would say if this issue was litigated.

I have tried to make the bill less subject to a constitutional challenge by adding implied consent language and by prohibiting the use of the information as evidence in any criminal action related to the accident.

Robert P. Nelson Senior Staff Counsel 267-7511 The wording of 5. 346:71 (22) (4) 1, and 2.

for clarity. The remainder of this

note is the same note of the sent to you

in the last session.

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1529/1dn RPN:cmh&kg:jf

January 7, 1999

Kent:

I made a few minor changes in the wording of s. 346.71 (2g) (b) 1. and 2. for clarity. The remainder of this note is the same note that I sent to you in the last session.

As we discussed in our telephone conversations in response to your questions, the content of this bill may be subject to close scrutiny because the bill requires persons to submit to blood testing without their consent. The U.S. Supreme Court considers the taking of blood for the purpose of determining the presence of drugs such as alcohol as a search and therefore subject to the prohibition against unreasonable searches in Amendment IV to the U.S. Constitution. The court has permitted blood tests to determine the presence of drugs such as alcohol in some situations, such as in customs officers and high school athletes, when the court felt that the search was reasonably related to the circumstances that justified the interference. See the pages of the court decisions I sent earlier for more details.

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Robert P. Nelson Senior Staff Counsel 267–7511

SUBMITTAL FORM

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

Date: 1/7/99	To: Representative Goetsch
	Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-1529
Topic Testing for blood alcohol concentr	ration in accidents involving death or great bodily harm
Subject(s) Drunk Driving - alcohol level	
1. JACKET the draft for introduct	tion
in the Senate or the Assen	nbly (check only one). Only the requester under whose name the
	e LRB's drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please
allow one day for the preparatio	on of the required copies. Aversation w/Kent Vernon (1-13-99) Addicated or attached
2. REDRAFT. See the changes in A revised draft will be submitted	d for your approval with changes incorporated.
3. Obtain FISCAL ESTIMATE 1	NOW, prior to introduction
If the analysis indicates that a fire	scal estimate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or
increases or decreases existing a	appropriations or state or general local government fiscal liability or
revenues, you have the option to	request the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to
introduce the proposal without t	he fiscal estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon
introduction. It takes about 10 d	ays to obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to
introduction retains your flexibil	lity for possible redrafting of the proposal.
If you have any questions regardin	g the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions

relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

Robert P. Nelson, Senior Legislative Attorney Telephone: (608) 267-7511



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State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1529/1
RPN:cmh&kg:jf

1999 BILL

mers of

AN ACT to amend 346.74 (2); and to create 346.71 (2g) and 346.74 (2m) of the statutes: relating to: testing of blood for alcohol content in motor vehicle accidents involving a fatality or great bodily harm and providing a penalty.

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The bill also provides that any person who refuses to submit to the blood test may be required to forfeit not more than \$1,000.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

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SECTION 1

BILL

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- (b) A law enforcement officer at the scene of an accident that involves the operation of a motor vehicle shall require that a blood specimen of at least 10 cc. be withdrawn from each driver or operator of a motor vehicle involved in the accident who was not tested under s. 343.305 (5) if the law enforcement officer knew any of the following:
- 1. That a person died before he or she was removed from the scene of the accident as a result of the operation of a motor vehicle involved in the accident.
- 2. That a person suffered great bodily harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (14), as a result of the operation of a motor vehicle involved in the accident.
- (c) The blood specimen shall be withdrawn under par. (b) within 3 hours after the accident. The coroner or medical examiner, a physician or a qualified person at the direction of a physician shall withdraw the blood. The blood so drawn shall be forwarded to a laboratory approved by the department of health and family services for analysis for the purpose of determining the presence or quantity in the blood of

BILL

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combination of alcohol, controlled substances, controlled substance analogs and
other drugs. The laboratory shall notify the law enforcement agency causing the
blood to be withdrawn of the results of each analysis. The law enforcement agency
shall place those results in the law enforcement agency's report regarding the
accident/but the results may not be used as evidence in any criminal trial arising out
of the accident. The laboratory shall send a copy of the results to the department of
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SUE MITTAL FORM

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

To: Representative Goetsch Date: 1/15/99 Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-1529 Topic Testing for blood alcohol concentration in accidents involving death or great bodily harm Subject(s) Drunk Driving - alcohol level 1. **JACKET** the draft for introduction in the Senate ____ or the Assembly X (check only one). Only the requester under whose name the drafting request is entered in the LRB's drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please 2/22 teleplace call allow one day for the preparation of the required copies. 2. **REDRAFT.** See the changes indicated or attached A revised draft will be submitted for your approval with changes incorporated. 3. Obtain **FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW**, prior to introduction If the analysis indicates that a fiscal estimate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or increases or decreases existing appropriations or state or general local government fiscal liability or revenues, you have the option to request the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to introduce the proposal without the fiscal estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon introduction. It takes about 10 days to obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to introduction retains your flexibility for possible redrafting of the proposal.

If you have any questions regarding the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

Robert P. Nelson, Senior Legislative Attorney Telephone: (608) 267-7511

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