			LRB or Bill No./Adm. Ru	le No.	
FISCAL ESTIMATE	☑ ORIGINAL	☐ UPDATED	AB 186	9-1430/3)	
DOA-2048 N(R10/98)	☐ CORRECTED	SUPPLEMEN	-	ble	
Subject	_		<b> </b>		
	Property: Allo	w Installment F	Payment of Refunds and C	ther Provisions	
Fiscal Effect			1		
State: No State Fiscal Effect Check columns below only sum sufficient appropriatio	ects a 🔲 Increase Costs - Ma Within Agency's Bu	y be Possible to Absorb			
☐ Increase Existing Appropriation	☐ Increase Ex	isting Revenues		2	
☐ Decrease Existing Appropriation	☐ Decrease Ex	xisting Revenues			
			Dogrades Costs		
			☐ Decrease Costs		
Local: No Local Government Cos	sts				
1.	. Increa	sa Pavanuas	5 Types of Legal Covern	montal Linita Affactad	
☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory				5. Types of Local Governmental Units Affected:     ☐ Towns    ☐ Villages    ☐ Cities	
2. ⊠ Decrease Costs		ase Revenues			
☐ Permissive ☒ Mandatory		ermissive   Manda		rs special districts	
☐ Femilissive ☑ Mandatory		ministre 🔲 Manua	School Districts	WTCS Districts	
Fund Sources Affected	L	Affected	Ch. 20 Appropriations		
☑ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO ☐ PRS ☐ SEG ☐ SEG-S 20.835 (2) (bm)					
Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fisc	al Estimate				
The bill makes a number of o	changes regardi	ng taxes on ma	anufacturing property.		
1. Payment of Refunds in Ir	stallments.				
within 90 days of the fi Milwaukee, have the o more in 5 annual insta of the refund and inter- manufacturing property b. Under the bill, the Dep	nal decision of a ption to pay reful pay reful pays and the pays artment of Adminufacturing pro	an appeal. Un unds of taxes of which, except rovision providuinistration reimperty in installi	refunds of property taxes, der the bill, most municipal on manufacturing property the final one, must be at less for refunds of unlawful to aburses interest costs to ments. The bill creates a second control of the costs and the costs are second costs.	ities, but not that are \$10,000 or east 20% of the sum axes on unicipalities that pay	
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(continued on page two)  Long-Range Fiscal Implications					
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Agency/Prepared by: (Name & Phone	No.) Auth	orized Signature/To	elephone No.	Date	
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Wisconsin Department of Revenue	Yean	g-Eng Braun	leangly Braum	3/23/99	
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c. Under current law, interest on refunds is 0.8% per month or 9.6% per year. Under the bill, interest on refunds of taxes on manufacturing property is the lower of the rate on 6-month U.S. treasury bills or 10% per year.

Fiscal Effect. Payment of refunds in installments increases the interest cost of refunds which, under the bill, is shifted from the municipality to the state. For example, under current law, the total interest cost of a \$100,000 refund on which 1 year's interest has accrued would be \$9,600 ( $$100,000 \times 9.6\%$ ) and would be paid by the municipality. Under the bill, assuming a 5% rate for U.S. treasury bills and assuming 5 equal installments, the total interest cost of a \$100,000 refund would be \$15,487 (see table). Thus, in this example, municipal interest costs under the bill would decrease by \$9,600 and state interest costs would increase by \$15,487.

Installment	Outstanding Refund	Interest	Sum of Refund & Interest	Installment Amount
1	\$100,000	\$5,000	\$105,000	\$23,098
2	81,903	4,095	85,998	23,098
3	62,900	3,145	66,045	23,097
4	42,948	2,147	45,095	23,097
5	21,998	1,100	23,097	23,097
Total		\$15,487		\$115,487

2. <u>Distribution of Taxes on Omitted Manufacturing Property to Overlying Taxing Jurisdictions.</u> Under current law, municipalities do not distribute taxes or interest on omitted property to the overlying taxing jurisdictions. Under the bill, taxes and interest on omitted manufacturing property are shared with overlying taxing jurisdictions.

<u>Fiscal Effect</u>. In 1998, about \$5 million in omitted manufacturing property was added to local tax rolls. Assuming the 1998 average net tax rate for cities of \$24.97 per \$1,000 of value, about \$125,000 (\$5 million x \$24.97/\$1,000) in taxes were levied on omitted manufacturing property. In 1996 and 1997 about 74% of total property taxes were levied by overlying taxing jurisdictions. Thus, overlying taxing jurisdictions would receive about \$93,000 (\$125,000 x 74%) in taxes on omitted manufacturing property under the bill and municipal revenues would decrease by \$93,000.

- 3. Penalties for Late-Filed Property Reports.
  - a. Under current law, manufacturers pay a penalty of the greater of \$10 or 0.05% of the prior year's tax, not to exceed \$1,000, for manufacturing property reports filed up to 30 days late. If the report is more than 30 days late, a second penalty is imposed but total penalties may not exceed \$2,000. The bill provides a graduated schedule of penalties, ranging from \$50 to \$500, based on the number of days the report is late.
  - b. Under current law, the Department is required to allow an extension to April 1 for filing manufacturing property reports if the extension is requested before March 1. Under the bill, the extension is for 30 days and must be requested on or before March 1.

Fiscal Effect. The Department estimates that penalties paid by manufacturers for late-filed property reports totaled about \$350,000 in 1997. The increase in the minimum penalty from \$10 to \$50 and

the decrease in the maximum penalty from \$2,000 to \$500 will have offsetting effects on total penalty revenue. The net effect is to reduce penalty revenue by about \$2,000 per year.

## 4. Provisions with No Fiscal Effect.

- a. Under current law, the Department notifies municipalities by February 15 which properties are classified as manufacturing. Under the bill, the Department is to notify municipalities by February 15 of the establishments which it knows it will classify as manufacturing that year. The bill requires manufacturers to apply for classification as a manufacturer by March 1.
- b. The bill reduces from 60 to 50 days the period after receiving its assessment within which a manufacturer or the municipality must file an objection to the manufacturing assessment.
- c. In filing an objection, a manufacturer must specify the reasons for objection, an estimate of the correct assessment, and the basis for that assessment. The Board of Assessors or the Tax Appeals Commission may deny an appeal if the requirements are not met.
- d. Under the bill, a municipality may file a cross-appeal to a manufacturer's objection within 15 days of the manufacturer's objection.
- e. Under the bill, interest on taxes that results from an increased assessment due to an appeal of a manufacturing assessment by a municipality is distributed to the overlying taxing jurisdictions. Interest is based on the rate on 6-month U.S. treasury bills.

1999 Session LRB or Bill No./Adm. Rule No. Amendment No. **⊠** ORIGINAL ☐ UPDATED FISCAL ESTIMATE ☐ SUPPLEMENTAL DOA-2047 N(R10/98) ☐ CORRECTED **AB 186** Subject Taxes on Manufacturing Property: Allow Installment Payment of Refunds and Other Provisions 1. One-Time Costs or Revenue Impacts for State and/or Local Government (do not include in annualized fiscal effect): Annualized Fiscal impact on State Funds from: II. Annualized Costs: **Increased Costs Decreased Costs** A. State Costs by Category State Operations - Salaries and Fringe (FTE Position Changes) FTE) FTE) State Operations-Other Costs see text of fiscal note Local Assistance Aids to Individuals or Organizations **TOTAL State Costs by Category Increased Costs Decreased Costs** B. State Costs by Source of Funds \$ see text of fiscal note **GPR** FED PRO/PRS SEG/SEG-S Decreased Rev. III. State Revenues - Complete this only when proposal will increase or decrease state revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee, etc.) Increased Rev. \$ **GPR Taxes GPR Earned FED** see text of fiscal note PRO/PRS SEG/SEG-S **TOTAL State Revenues** NET ANNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT LOCAL STATE see text of fiscal note \$ see text of fiscal note **NET CHANGE IN COSTS** see text of fiscal note see text of fiscal note **NET CHANGE IN REVENUES** 

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3/23/99