Patch II

99-2141df pt3of3





etone



nelsorp1





State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

Today?

LRB-2141/P8
RPN&PEN:kmg&cmh:ch

CIVM

PRELIMINARY DRAFT NOT BEADY FOR INTRODUCTION

regen cat

AN ACT to repeal 346.65 (6) (a) 2.; to renumber 343.305 (10m), 940.09 (1d) and 940.25 (1d); to renumber and amend 343.10 (6), 343.21 (1) (j) and 346.65 (6) (a) 1.; to amend 85.53 (3), 125.07 (4) (bs), 125.07 (4) (c), 125.07 (4) (e) 2. (intro.), 340.01 (46m) (b), 342.12 (4) (a), 342.12 (4) (c) 1. (intro.), 343.10 (5) (a) 3., 343.30 (1q) (b) 2., 343.30 (1q) (b) 3., 343.30 (1q) (b) 4., 343.31 (3) (bm) 2., 343.31 (3) (bm) 3., 343.31 (3) (bm) 4., 343.31 (3) (bm) 4., 343.31 (3) (bm) 2., 343.31 (3) (f), 346.65 (2) (a), 346.65 (2) (b), 346.65 (2) (c), 346.65 (2) (d), 346.65 (2) (e), 346.65 (2e), 346.65 (2g) (a), 346.65 (6) (a) 2m., 346.65 (6) (d), 346.95 (2), 938.344 (2) (intro.), 938.344 (2) (c), 938.344 (2b), 938.344 (2d) (c) and 971.17 (1); to create 20.395 (5) (er), 85.55, 340.01 (46m) (c), 343.10 (6) (b), 343.21 (1) (j) 2., 343.30 (1q) (b) 4p., 343.305 (10m) (a), 343.31 (3) (bm) 4p., 346.65 (2) (g), 346.65 (6) (a) 1d., 346.93 (2g), 940.09 (1d) (a), 940.25 (1c) and 940.25 (1d) (a) of the statutes; and to affect 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 4, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 5, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 4, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 5, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 4, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 5, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 4, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 5, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 6, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 7, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 7, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 8, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 7, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 8, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 6, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 7, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 8, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 7, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 7, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 8, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 7, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 8, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 1997 Wisc

section 30, 1997 Wiscon

160, 1997 Wisconsin Act

3 relating to: operating

4 intoxicant or drugs, or b

5 involving intoxicated or

6 offenses related to dri

7 prohibited alcohol cond

8 under the influence

section 30, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 31, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 160, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 161 and 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 162:

relating to: operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant or drugs, or both; installation of an ignition interlock device in cases involving intoxicated operation of a motor vehicle; seizure of motor vehicles for offenses related to driving while under the influence of an intoxicant; the prohibited alcohol concentration related to operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant; the pretrial intoxicated driver intervention grant program; creating a safe-ride grant program; certain alcohol beverage offenses committed by persons under the legal drinking age; making an appropriation; and providing penalties.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Seizure of vehicles

10

11

Under current law, if a person is convicted of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant or controlled substance (OWI), including the improper refusal to submit to a test to determine if he or she operated a motor vehicle while having a prohibited blood alcohol level, and the person has two or more prior OWI—related convictions, suspensions or revocations within a ten—year period, a vehicle owned by that person may be seized and subject to forfeiture.

Current law requires the court, if the court does not order a motor vehicle seized in this situation, to order a law enforcement officer to immobilize or equip with an ignition interlock device a motor vehicle owned by the person. Under current law, if a person is convicted of OWI or refuses to submit to a test to determine his or her blood alcohol concentration and the person has three or more prior OWI—related convictions, suspensions or revocations, the court is required to order a law enforcement officer to seize a motor vehicle owned by the person.

This bill allows a court to order that a vehicle owned by a person convicted of a first OWI offense be equipped with an ignition interlock device. The bill removes the requirement that the court order a law enforcement officer to seize a motor vehicle owned by a person who is convicted of OWI or refuses to submit to a test to determine his or her blood alcohol concentration when the person has three or more prior OWI—related convictions, suspensions or revocations. The court continues to have the option of ordering the seizure of a motor vehicle, but the court is not required to order the seizure under this bill.

to order the seizure under this bill.

Under current (acr, the district attorney of the county where the motor vehicle was seized is required to disting the action to furful the seized motor yehible. This bill allows that distrity attorney or the district attorney of the county where

suspensions or revocations is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle if the alcohol concentration in the person's blood is 0.1 or more.

Current law prohibits a person who has two or more OWI convictions, suspensions or revocations from operating a motor vehicle if the alcohol concentration in the person's blood is 0.08 or more.

This bill prohibits a person who has three or more OWI convictions, suspensions or revocations from operating a motor vehicle if the alcohol concentration in the person's blood is more than 0.02.

Driver intervention program

Under current law, the department of transportation (DOT) administers a grant program to fund pretrial intoxicated driver intervention programs (pretrial programs) that serve individuals accused of a second or subsequent offense of driving while intoxicated. A pretrial program is eligible for a grant if it: 1) is administered by a city, village, town, county or private nonprofit organization; 2) identifies and notifies defendants who are eligible to participate of the availability of the program; 3) monitors the participants' use of intoxicants to reduce the incidence of abuse and treats such abuse; 4) reports the participant's participation in the program to the court; and 5) requires participants to pay up to 20% of the per capita cost of the program. Current law requires a court to consider an individual's participation in such a program when imposing a sentence for driving while intoxicated. Under current law, DOT may award grants totaling no more than \$500,000 under the program. This bill eliminates the limit on the total amount of grants awarded under this program

Safe-ride grant program

The bill also creates a safe-ride grant program, administered by DOT, to award grants to any city, village, town or county for costs associated with transporting intoxicated persons from any premises licensed to sell alcohol beverages to their places of residence. Grants are limited to 50% of the cost of providing the service and are funded with revenues received from the increased occupational license fee and from the applicable \$30 increase in the fee to reinstate an operating privilege.

Increased penalties for high blood alcohol concentration

Under current law, the penalties for an OWI offense increase based on the number of prior OWI offenses that the person has committed. This bill doubles whatever penalty the person is subject to for the current OWI offense if the Rerson's blood alcohol concentration is from 0.15 to 0.199. The bill triples the appropriate penalty if the person's blood alcohol concentration is from 0.20 to 0.249\and quadruples the appropriate penalty if the person's blood alcohol concentration is \$\.25\$ or above. These penalty increases do not apply to homically increases and making privilege suspension to years imprison near thank

Current law prohibits any person under 21 years of age (underage person) from knowingly possessing or consuming alcohol beverages, from procuring or attempting to procure alcohol beverages, from entering or attempting to enter premises licensed

will become Go years Imprisonment on December 31, 1999.

to sell alcohol beverages and from falsely representing his or her age for the purpose of receiving alcohol beverages. An underage person who violates these prohibitions may have his or her operating privilege suspended, may be required to pay a forfeiture or may be required to participate in a supervised work program or other community service work, or any combination of these penalties. The underage person's operating privilege may be suspended for varying periods depending upon the number of prior alcohol beverage offenses he or she committed within the previous 12 months, as follows:

- 1. For a first violation, suspension for not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days.
 - 2. For a second violation, suspension for not more than one year.
- 3. For a third or subsequent violation, suspension for not more than two years. This bill increases the operating privilege penalties that apply to certain alcohol beverage violations committed by an underage person. The bill makes mandatory the suspension of an underage person's operating privilege for violating the prohibitions described above and increases the period of suspension as follows:
- 1. For a first violation, suspension for not less than six months nor more than one year.
- 2. For a second violation committed within one year, suspension for not less than one year nor more than 18 months.
- 3. For a third or subsequent violation committed within one year, suspension for not less than two years nor more than five years.

Also under current law, with exceptions, no underage person may knowingly possess, transport or control any alcohol beverages in a motor vehicle. An underage person who violates these prohibitions may be required to forfeit not less than \$20 nor more than \$400 but, except for violations involving a commercial motor vehicle, is not subject to any action against his or her operating privilege. This bill makes mandatory the suspension of the underage person's operating privilege for the same longer periods that apply to the underage alcohol beverage offenses described above.

Finally, the bill eliminates the current authority of a court to stay or modify an operating privilege suspension ordered for certain alcohol beverage violations committed by an underage person who is at least 17 years of age.

Other

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

20.395 (5)	(er) Safe-i	ride grant prog	gram, state fu	nds. All mone	eys received
under ss. 343.1	0 (6) (b) and	343.21 (1) (j) 2	. that are cred	lited to this ap	propriation,
for grants unde	r s. 85.55.			•	er e

SECTION 2. 85.53 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

85.53 (3) Grants under this section shall be paid from the appropriation under s. 20.395 (5) (jr). The amount of a grant may not exceed 80% of the amount expended by an eligible applicant for services related to the program. The total amount of grants awarded under this section may not exceed \$500,000.

Section 3. 85.55 of the statutes is created to read:

85.55 Safe-ride grant program. The department may award grants to any county or municipality to cover the costs of transporting persons suspected of having a prohibited alcohol concentration, as defined in s. 340.01 (46m), from any premises licensed under ch. 125 to sell alcohol beverages to their places of residence. The amount of a grant under this section may not exceed 50% of the costs necessary to provide the service. Grants awarded under this section shall be paid from the appropriation under s. 20.395 (5) (er).

SECTION 4. 125.07 (4) (bs) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (4) (bs) Any person violating par. (a) is subject to the following penalties shall be penalized as follows:

1. For a first violation, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1. In addition, the person is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$250 nor more than \$500, suspension of the person's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.

- 2. For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$300 nor more than \$500, suspension of the person's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
- 3. For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 previous violations, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$500 nor more than \$750, revocation of the person's operating privilege under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
- 4. For a violation committed within 12 months of 3 or more previous violations, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$750 nor more than \$1,000, revocation of the person's operating privilege under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.

Section 5. 125.07 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (4) (c) Any person violating par. (b) is subject to the following penalties shall be penalized as follows:

1. For a first violation, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1. In addition, the person is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$200, suspension of the person's operating privilege as

- provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
- 2. For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$200 nor more than \$300, suspension of the person's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
- 3. For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 previous violations, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$300 nor more than \$500, revocation of the person's operating privilege under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
- 4. For a violation committed within 12 months of 3 or more previous violations, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000, revocation of the person's operating privilege under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.

SECTION 6. 125.07 (4) (e) 2. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (4) (e) 2 (intro.) After ordering a penalty under par. (bs) or (c), the court, with the agreement of the defendant, may enter an additional order staying the execution of the penalty order and suspending or modifying the penalty imposed, except that the court may not stay, suspend or modify the suspension of a person's

25

1	operating privilege required under par. (bs) or (c). The order under this subdivision
2	shall require the defendant to do any of the following:
3	SECTION 7. 340.01 (46m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	340.01 (46m) (b) If the person has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or
5	revocations, as counted under s. $343.307(1)$, an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.
6	SECTION 8. 340.01 (46m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
7	340.01 (46m) (c) If the person has 3 or more prior convictions, suspensions or
8	revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), an alcohol concentration of more than
9	0.02.
10	SECTION 9. 342.12 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	342.12 (4) (a) The district attorney shall notify the department when he or she
12	files a criminal complaint against a person who has been arrested for violating s.
13	346.63 (1) or (2), 940.09 (1) or 940.25 and who has 2 or more prior convictions,
14	suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1). Except as provided
15	under par. (c), the department may not issue a certificate of title transferring
16	ownership of any motor vehicle owned by the person upon receipt of a notice under
17	this subsection until the court assigned to hear the criminal complaint issues an
18	order permitting the department to issue a certificate of title.
19	SECTION 10. 342.12 (4) (c) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	342.12 (4) (c) 1. (intro.) The department shall issue a certificate of title
21	transferring ownership of a motor vehicle that was owned by a person who has
22	received a notice of intent to revoke the person's operating privilege under s. 343.305
23	(9) (a) or has been arrested for violating s. 346.63 (1) or (2), 940.09 (1) or 940.25 and

who has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under

s. 343.307 (1), if all of the following conditions are met:

SECTION 11. 343.10 (5) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), the The occupational license of the applicant shall restrict the applicant's operation under the occupational license to vehicles that are equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device if the court has ordered under s. 346.65 (6) (a) 1. 1d. or 1g. that a motor vehicle owned by the person be equipped with an ignition interlock device. A person to whom a restriction under this subdivision applies violates that restriction if he or she requests or permits another to blow into an ignition interlock device or to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device for the purpose of providing the person an operable motor vehicle without the necessity of first submitting a sample of his or her breath to analysis by the ignition interlock device. If the occupational license restricts the applicant's operation to a vehicle that is equipped with an ignition interlock device, the applicant shall be liable for the reasonable costs of equipping the vehicle with the ignition interlock device.

SECTION 12. 343.10 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 343.10 (6) (a) and amended to read:

343.10 (6) (a) No Except as provided in par. (b), no person may file an application for an occupational license under sub. (1) unless he or she first pays a fee of \$40 to the department.

SECTION 13. 343.10 (6) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

343.10 (6) (b) No person whose operating privilege is restricted to operating only vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device may file an application for an occupational license under sub. (1) unless he or she first pays a fee of \$70 to the

1	department. Forty-three percent of the fees collected under this paragraph shall be
2	credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.395 (5) (er).
3	SECTION 14. 343.21 (1) (i) of the statutes is renumbered 343.21 (1) (i) 1, and

SECTION 14. 343.21 (1) (j) of the statutes is renumbered 343.21 (1) (j) 1. and amended to read:

343.21 (1) (j) 1. For Except as provided in subd. 2., for reinstatement of an operating privilege previously revoked or suspended, \$50.

SECTION 15. 343.21 (1) (j) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

343.21 (1) (j) 2. For reinstatement of an operating privilege previously revoked or suspended, \$80 if the person's operating privilege is restricted under s. 343.38 (5) to operating vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device and the person has not paid a fee under s. 343.10 (6) (b) within the past 2 years. Thirty-eight percent of the fees collected under this subdivision shall be credited to the appropriation under s. 20.395 (5) (er).

SECTION 16. 343.30 (1q) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.30 (1q) (b) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. er, 4m. or 4p., for the first conviction, the court shall suspend the person's operating privilege for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months. The person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 at any time.

SECTION 17. 343.30 (1q) (h) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.30 (1q) (b) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m. or 4p., if the number of convictions, suspensions and revocations within a 10-year period equals 2, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than one year nor more than 18 months. After the first 60 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan ordered under par. (c).

7.

3

SECTION 18. 343.30 (1q) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.30 (1q) (b) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m. or 4p., if the number of convictions, suspensions and revocations equals 3 or more, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years. After the first 90 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan ordered under par. (c).

SECTION 19. 343.30 (1q) (b) 4p. of the statutes is created to read:

343.30 (1q) (b) 4p. If he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subd. 2., 3. or 4. for the conviction are doubled. If the person convicted under s. 346.63 (1) or a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subd. 2., 3. or 4. for the conviction are tripled. If the person convicted under s. 346.63 (1) or a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.25 or above, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subd. 2., 3. or 4. for the conviction are quadrupled.

SECTION 20. 343.30 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.30 (6) (b) If Whenever a court imposes suspension or revocation of a person's operating privilege under s. 125.07 (4) (bs) or (c) or 938.344 (2), (2b) or (2d), the suspension or revocation imposed shall be one of the following:

- 1 For a first violation, suspension for 30 to 90 days not less than 6 months nor more than one year.
- 24 2. For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, 25 suspension for not more less than one year nor more than 18 months.

1	3. For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more previous violations,
2 ·	revocation suspension for not more less than 2 years nor more than 5 years.
3	SECTION 21. 343.305 (10) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	343.305 (10) (b) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. or 4m., for the first
5	improper refusal, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less
6	than one year nor more than 3 years. After the first 30 days of the revocation period,
7	the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.
8	Section 22. 343.305 (10) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
9	343.305 (10) (b) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions,
10	suspensions and revocations within a 10-year period equals 2, the court shall revoke
11	the person's operating privilege for <u>not less than</u> 2 years <u>nor more than 6 years</u> . After
12	the first 90 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational
13	license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying
14	with the driver safety plan.
15	SECTION 23. 343.305 (10) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
16	343.305 (10) (b) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions,
17	suspensions and revocations equals 3 or more, the court shall revoke the person's
18	operating privilege for <u>not less than</u> 3 years <u>nor more than 12 years</u> . After the first
19	120 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license
20	under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the
21	driver safety plan.
22	SECTION 24. 343.305 (10m) of the statutes is renumbered 343.305 (10m) (b).
23	Section 25. 343.305 (10m) (a) of the statutes is created to read:

 $\mathbf{2}$

343.305 (10m) (a) If the person's operating privilege is revoked under sub. (10), the procedure under s. 346.65 (6) shall be followed regarding the equipping of a motor vehicle owned by the person with an ignition interlock device.

SECTION 26. 343.31 (3) (bm) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. er, 4m. or 4p., for the first conviction, the department shall suspend the person's operating privilege for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months. If an Indian tribal court in this state suspends the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of suspension. The person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 at any time.

SECTION 27. 343.31 (3) (bm) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m. or 4p., if the number of suspensions, revocations and convictions within a 10-year period equals 2, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than one year nor more than 18 months. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than one year nor more than 18 months for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of revocation. After the first 60 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

SECTION 28. 343.31 (3) (bm) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m. or 4p., if the number of suspensions, revocations and convictions equals 3 or more, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the person's privilege to operate

a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of revocation. After the first 90 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

SECTION 29. 343.31 (3) (bm) 4p. of the statutes is created to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 4p. If he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subd. 2., 3. or 4. for the conviction are doubled. If the person convicted under a law of a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subd. 2., 3. or 4. for the conviction are tripled. If the person convicted under a law of a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.25 or above, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subd. 2., 3. or 4. for the conviction are quadrupled.

SECTION 30. 343.31 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (c) Any person convicted under s. 940.09 (1) of causing the death of another or of an unborn child by the operation or handling of a motor vehicle shall have his or her operating privilege revoked for 5 years. If there was a minor passenger under 16 years of age or an unborn child, as defined in s. 939.75 (1), in the motor vehicle at the time of the violation that gave rise to the conviction under s. 940.09 (1), the revocation period is 10 years. If the person convicted under s. 940.09 (1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the revocation period is 10 years. If the person convicted under s. 940.09 (1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to

1 0.249, the revocation period is 15 years. If the person convicted under s. 940.09 (1)
2 had an alcohol concentration of 0.25 or above, the revocation period is 20 years.

SECTION 31. 343.31 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (e) Any person convicted under s. 346.63 (2) shall have his or her operating privilege revoked for not less than one year nor more than 2 years. If there was a minor passenger under 16 years of age in the motor vehicle at the time of the violation that gave rise to the conviction under s. 346.63 (2), the minimum and maximum revocation periods are doubled. If the person convicted under s. 346.63 (2) had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the minimum and maximum revocation periods are doubled. If the person convicted under s. 346.63 (2) had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, the minimum and maximum revocation periods are tripled. If the person convicted under s. 346.63 (2) had an alcohol concentration of 0.25 or above, the minimum and maximum revocation periods are quadrupled.

SECTION 32. 343.31 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (f) Any person convicted under s. 940.25 shall have his or her operating privilege revoked for 2 years. If there was a minor passenger under 16 years of age or an unborn child, as defined in s. 939.75 (1), in the motor vehicle at the time of the violation that gave rise to the conviction under s. 940.25, the revocation period is 4 years. If the person convicted under s. 940.25 had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the revocation period is 4 years. If the person convicted under s. 940.25 had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, the revocation period is 6 years. If the person convicted under s. 940.25 had an alcohol concentration of 0.25 or above, the revocation period is 8 years.

SECTION 33. 346.65 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

24

counted as one.

1	346.65 (2) (a) Shall forfeit not less than \$150 nor more than \$300, except as
2	provided in pars. (b) to $(f)(g)$.
3	provided in pars. (b) to (f) (g) . SECTION 34. 346.65 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	346.65 (2) (b) Except as provided in par. pars. (f) and (g), shall be fined not less
5	than \$300 nor more than \$1,000 and imprisoned for not less than 5 days nor more
6	than 6 months if the total number of suspensions, revocations and convictions
7	counted under s. 343.307 (1) equals 2 within a 10-year period. Suspensions,
8	revocations or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be
9	counted as one.
10	SECTION 35. 346.65 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	346.65 (2) (c) Except as provided in par. pars. (f) and (g), shall be fined not less
12	than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and imprisoned for not less than 30 days nor more
13	than one year in the county jail if the total number of suspensions, revocations and
14	convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1) equals 3, except that suspensions,
15	revocations or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be
16	counted as one.
17	SECTION 36. 346.65 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	346.65 (2) (d) Except as provided in par. pars. (f) and (g), shall be fined not less
19	than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and imprisoned for not less than 60 days nor more
20	than one year in the county jail if the total number of suspensions, revocations and
21	convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1) equals 4, except that suspensions,
22	revocations or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be

SECTION 37. 346.65 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

 $\mathbf{2}$

346.65 (2) (e) Except as provided in par. pars. (f) and (g), shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and imprisoned for not less than 6 months nor more than 5 years if the total number of suspensions, revocations and convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1) equals 5 or more, except that suspensions, revocations or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one.

SECTION 38. 346.65 (2) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

346.65 (2) (g) Shall, if he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, be penalized double the applicable minimum and maximum forfeitures, fines or imprisonments under pars. (a) to (e). If the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, he or she shall be penalized triple the applicable minimum and maximum forfeitures, fines or imprisonments under pars. (a) to (e). If the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.25 or above, he or she shall be penalized four times the applicable minimum and maximum forfeitures, fines or imprisonments under pars. (a) to (e). An offense under s. 346.63 (1) that subjects a person to a penalty under par. (c), (d) or (e) when the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 or above is a felony and the place of imprisonment shall be determined under s. 973.02. An offense under s. 346.63 (1) that subjects a person to a penalty under par. (b), (c), (d) or (e) when the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 or more is a felony and the place of imprisonment shall be determined under s. 973.02.

Section 39. 346.65 (2e) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (2e) If the court determines that a person does not have the ability to pay the costs and fine or forfeiture imposed under sub. (2) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) to (g), the court may reduce the costs, fine and forfeiture imposed and order the person to pay, toward the cost of the assessment and driver safety plan imposed under s. 343.30 (1q) (c), the difference between the amount of the reduced costs and fine or

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

forfeiture and the amount of costs and fine or forfeiture imposed under sub. (2) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) to (g).

SECTION 40. 346.65 (2g) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (2g) (a) In addition to the authority of the court under s. 973.05 (3) (a) to provide that a defendant perform community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization in lieu of part or all of a fine imposed under sub. (2) (b) to (f) (g), the court may provide that a defendant perform community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization in lieu of part or all of a forfeiture under sub. (2) (a) or may require a person who is subject to sub. (2) to perform community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization in addition to the penalties specified under sub. (2). Notwithstanding s. 973.05 (3) (b), an order may only apply if agreed to by the organization or agency. The court shall ensure that the defendant is provided a written statement of the terms of the community service order and that the community service order is monitored. Any organization or agency acting in good faith to which a defendant is assigned pursuant to an order under this subsection has immunity from any civil liability in excess of \$25,000 for acts or omissions by or impacting on the defendant. The issuance or possibility of the issuance of a community service order under this subsection does not entitle an indigent defendant who is subject to sub. (2) (a) to representation by counsel under ch. 977.

SECTION 41. 346.65 (6) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 346.65 (6) (a) 1g. and amended to read:

346.65 (6) (a) 1g. Except as provided in this paragraph, the court may order a law enforcement officer to seize a motor vehicle, or, if the motor vehicle is not ordered seized, shall order a law enforcement officer to equip the motor vehicle with an

ignition interlock device or immobilize any motor vehicle owned by the person whose operating privilege is revoked under s. 343.305 (10) or who committed a violation of s. 346.63 (1) (a), (b) or (2) (a) 1. or 2., 940.09 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) or 940.25 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) if the person whose operating privilege is revoked under s. 343.305 (10) or who is convicted of the violation has 2 or more prior suspensions, revocations or convictions that would be counted under s. 343.307 (1). The court shall not order a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device or immobilized if that would result in undue hardship or extreme inconvenience or would endanger the health and safety of a person.

Section 42. 346.65 (6) (a) 1d. of the statutes is created to read:

346.65 (6) (a) 1d. Except as provided in this subdivision, the court may order a law enforcement officer to equip with an ignition interlock device a motor vehicle owned by the person whose operating privilege is revoked under s. 343.305 (10) or who committed a violation of s. 346.63 (1) (a) or (b) or (2) (a) 1. or 2., 940.09 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) or 940.25 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d). The court shall not order a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device if that would result in undue hardship or extreme inconvenience or would endanger the health or safety of a person.

SECTION 43. 346.65 (6) (a) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 44. 346.65 (6) (a) 2m. of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (6) (a) 2m. A person who owns a motor vehicle subject to seizure, equipping with an ignition interlock device or immobilization under this paragraph shall surrender to the clerk of circuit court the certificate of title issued under ch. 342 for every motor vehicle owned by the person. The person shall comply with this subdivision within 5 working days after receiving notification of this requirement from the district attorney. When a district attorney receives a copy of a notice of

- 13+ ger.,

2 or more convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), or when a district attorney notifies the department of the filing of a criminal complaint against a person under s. 342.12 (4) (a), the district attorney shall notify the person of the requirement to surrender all certificates of title to the clerk of circuit court. The notification shall include the time limits for that surrender, the penalty for failure to comply with the requirement and the address of the clerk of circuit court. The clerk of circuit court shall promptly return each certificate of title surrendered to the clerk of circuit court under this subdivision after stamping the certificate of title with the notation "Per section 346.65 (6) of the Wisconsin statutes, ownership of this motor vehicle may not be transferred without prior court approval". Any person failing to surrender a certificate of title as required under this subdivision shall forfeit not more than \$500.

Section 45. 346.65 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (6) (d) At the hearing set under par. (c), the state has the burden of proving to a reasonable certainty by the greater weight of the credible evidence that the motor vehicle is a motor vehicle owned by a person who committed a violation of s. 346.63 (1) (a) or (b) or (2) (a) 1. or 2., 940.09 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) or 940.25 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) and, if the seizure is under par. (a) 1. 1g., that the person had 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1) or, if the seizure is under par. (a) 2., 3 or more prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1). If the , (e) or (d) , (e) or (d) state fails to meet the burden of proof required under this paragraph, the motor vehicle shall be returned to the owner upon the payment of storage costs.

SECTION 46. 346.93 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:

3

5

	346.93 (2g) Any person violating this section may be required to forfeit not less
	than \$20 nor more than \$400 and shall have his or her operating privilege:
	(a) For a first violation, suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1.
	(b) For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation,
	suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2.
•	(c) For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more previous violations,
	suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3.
	SECTION 47. 346.95 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
	346.95 (2) Any person violating s. 346.89 (1), 346.93 or 346.94 (2), (4) or (7) may
	be required to forfeit not less than \$20 nor more than \$400.
	SECTION 48. 938.344 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
	938.344 (2) (intro.) If a court finds a juvenile committed a violation under s.
	125.07 (4) (b) or 125.09 (2), or a local ordinance that strictly conforms to one of those
	statutes that statute, the court shall order one or any combination of the following
	penalties:
	SECTION 49. 938.344 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
	938.344 (2) (c) For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more
	previous violations, a forfeiture of not more than \$500, revocation suspension of the
	juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. or the juvenile's
	participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under
	s. 938.34 (5g).
	SECTION 50. 938.344 (2b) of the statutes is amended to read:
	938.344 (2b) If a court finds a juvenile committed a violation under s. 125.07
	(4) (a) $\underline{\text{or (b)}}$, or a local ordinance which strictly conforms to s. 125.07 (4) (a) $\underline{\text{or (b)}}$, the
	court shall order one or any combination of the following penalties:

- (a) For a first violation, a forfeiture of not less than \$250 nor more than \$500, suspension of the juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1. or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g). In addition to any penalty imposed under this paragraph, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege as provided in s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1.
- (b) For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, a forfeiture of not less than \$300 nor more than \$500, suspension of the juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2. or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g). In addition to any penalty imposed under this paragraph, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege as provided in s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2.
- (c) For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more previous violations, a forfeiture of \$500, revocation of the juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g). In addition to any penalty imposed under this paragraph, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege as provided in s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3.

SECTION 51. 938.344 (2d) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.344 (2d) (c) For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more previous violations, a forfeiture of \$500, revocation suspension of the juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g).

SECTION 52. 940.09 (1d) of the statutes is renumbered 940.09 (1d) (b).

24

25

1 **SECTION 53.** 940.09 (1d) (a) of the statutes is created to read: 940.09 (1d) (a) If a person commits an offense under sub. (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d), 2 the procedure under s. 346.65 (6) may be followed regarding the equipping of a motor 3 vehicle owned by the person with an ignition interlock device. 4 5 **Section 54.** 940.25 (1c) of the statutes is created to read: 6 940.25 (1c) If the person convicted under s. 940.25 (1) had an alcohol 7 concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the applicable maximum fine or imprisonment for the conviction is doubled. If the person convicted under s. 940.25 (1) had an alcohol 8 concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, the applicable maximum fine or imprisonment for the 9 conviction is tripled. If the person convicted under s. 940.25 (1) had an alcohol 10 concentration of 0.25 or above, the applicable maximum fine or imprisonment for the 11 12 conviction is quadrupled. **Section 55.** 940.25 (1d) of the statutes is renumbered 940.25 (1d) (b). 13 14 **Section 56.** 940.25 (1d) (a) of the statutes is created to read: 940.25 (1d) (a) If a person commits an offense under sub. (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d), 15 the procedure under s. 346.65 may be followed regarding the equipping of a motor 16 17 vehicle owned by the person with an ignition interlock device. Section 57. 971.17 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 18 971.17 (1) COMMITMENT PERIOD. When a defendant is found not guilty by reason 19 of mental disease or mental defect, the court shall commit the person to the 20 department of health and family services for a specified period not exceeding 21 two-thirds of the maximum term of imprisonment that could be imposed under s. 22

973.15 (2) (a) against an offender convicted of the same crime or crimes, including

imprisonment authorized by ss. 346.65 (2) (f) or (g), (2j) (d) or (3m), 939.62, 939.621,

939.63, 939.635, 939.64, 939.641, 939.645, 940.09 (1b), 940.25 (1b) and 961.48 and

1	other penalty enhancement statutes, as applicable, subject to the credit provisions
2	of s. 973.155. If the maximum term of imprisonment is life, the commitment period
3	specified by the court may be life, subject to termination under sub. (5).
4	SECTION 58. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 2 is repealed.
5	SECTION 59. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 3 is repealed.
6	SECTION 60. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 4 is repealed.
7	SECTION 61. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 5 is repealed.
8	SECTION 62. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 30 is repealed.
9	SECTION 63. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 31 is repealed.
10	SECTION 64. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 160 is repealed.
11	SECTION 65. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 161 is repealed.
12	SECTION 66. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 162 is repealed.
13	SECTION 67. Initial applicability.
14	(1) MANDATORY OPERATING PRIVILEGE SUSPENSIONS. The treatment of sections
15	125.07(4)(bs), (c)and(e)2.(intro.), 343.30(6)(b), 346.93(2g), 346.95(2)and938.344(2g), 346.95(2g), 346.95
16	(2) (intro.) and (c), (2b) and (2d) (c) of the statutes first applies to violations committed
17	on the effective date of this subsection, but does not preclude the counting of other
18	violations as prior violations for sentencing a person or for suspending or revoking
19	a person's operating privilege.
20	(2) Intoxicated driver programs. The treatment of sections 20.395 (5) (er),
(21)	85.53 (8), 85.55, 340.01 (46m) (b) and (c), 342.12 (4) (a) and (c) 1. (intro.), 343.10 (5)
22	(a) 3. and (6) (b), 343.21 (1) (j) 2., 343.30 (1q) (b) 2., 3., 4. and 4p., 343.305 (10) (b) 2.,
23	3. and 4. and (10m) (a), 343.31 (3) (bm) 2., 3., 4. and 4p., (c), (e) and (f), 346.65 (2) (a),
24	(b), (c), (d), (e) and (g), (2e), (2g) (a) and (6) (a) 1., 1d., 2. and 2m. and (d), 940.09 (1d)
25	(a) 940.25 (1c) and (1d) (a) and 971.17 (1) of the statutes, the renumbering of sections

-25-

343.305 (10m), 940.09 (1d) and 940.25 (1d) of the statutes and the renumbering and amendment of sections 343.10 (6) and 343.21 (1) (j) of the statutes first apply to violations committed or refusals occurring on the effective date of this subsection, but does not preclude the counting of other convictions, suspensions or revocations as prior convictions, suspensions or revocations for purposes of administrative action by the department of transportation, sentencing by a court, revocation or suspension of operating privileges or determining the prohibited alcohol concentration.

SECTION 68. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after publication.

11

10

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

(END)

(VGR) 4 Section #. 346.65 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (6) (c) The district attorney of the county where the motor vehicle was seized shall commence an action to forfeit the motor vehicle within 30 days after the motor vehicle is seized. The action shall name the owner of the motor vehicle and all lienholders of record as parties. The forfeiture action shall be commenced by filing a summons, complaint and affidavit of the law enforcement agency with the clerk of circuit court. Upon service of an answer, the action shall be set for hearing within 60 days after the service of the answer. If no answer is served or no issue of law or fact joined and the time for that service or joining of issues has expired, the court may render a default judgment as provided in s. 806.02.

History: 1971 c. 278; 1973 c. 218; 1977 c. 193; 1979 c. 221; 1981 c. 20; 1985 a. 80, 337; 1987 a. 3, 27, 398, 399; 1989 a. 105, 176, 271; 1991 a. 39, 251, 277, 315; 1993 a. 198, 317, 475; 1995 a. 44, 338, 359, 425; 1997 a. 27, 135, 199, 237, 277, 283, 295; s. 13.93 (2) (c).

SUBMITTAL FORM

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

sign on the appropriate line(s) below.	1 Part of the part
Date: 3/4/99	To: Representative Stone
	Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-2141
Topic Comprehensive operating while intoxic	cated legislation
vehicles, Beverages - miscellaneous	Driving - penalties, Drunk Driving - procedures, Transportation - motor
1. JACKET the draft for introduction	
in the Senate or the Assembly	(check only one). Only the requester under whose name the
drafting request is entered in the LRI	B's drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please
allow one day for the preparation of	the required copies.
2. REDRAFT. See the changes indica	ted or attached
A revised draft will be submitted for	your approval with changes incorporated
3. Obtain FISCAL ESTIMATE NOV	V, prior to introduction
If the analysis indicates that a fiscal of	estimate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or
increases or decreases existing appro	opriations or state or general local government fiscal liability or
revenues, you have the option to requ	uest the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to
introduce the proposal without the fi	scal estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon
	to obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to
introduction retains your flexibility f	for possible redrafting of the proposal.

If you have any questions regarding the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

Robert P. Nelson, Senior Legislative Attorney Telephone: (608) 267-7511

· ·						1999 Session
		DRIGINAL		UPDATED		LRB or Bill No./Adm. Rule No. LRB 2141/1
FISCAL ESTIMATE DOA-2048 N(R10/94)		CORRECTED		SUPPLEMENTA	L	Amendment No. if Applicable
Subject Operating a motor vehicle while	under th	e influence of	an int	oxicant or drug	s or both	
Fiscal Effect		···			·	
State: □ No State Fiscal Effect Check columns below only if bill m or affects a sum sufficient ap					3	e Costs - May be possible to Absorb gency's Budget
☐ Increase Existing Appropriation ☐ Decrease Existing Appropriation ☐ Create New Appropriation	n	☐ Increase Exis☐ Decrease Exis	-		⊠ Decreas	e Costs
Local: ☐ No local government c 1. ☐ Increase Costs ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandat 2. ☑ Decrease Costs	ory 3.	☐ Increase Rev☐ Permissiv☐ Decrease Re	e l	☐ Mandatory	5. Types ☐ Towns ☑ Counties	of Local Governmental Units Affected: ☐ Villages ☐ Cities ☐ Others
☑ Permissive ☐ Mandat	ory	☐ Permissiv	e !	☐ Mandatory	☐ School D	istricts
Fund Sources Affected ☑ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO	□PRS	□ SEG □ SEG	⊱S	Affected (s.20.475(Ch. 20 Appro p 1)(d)	riations
Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fisc					- <u>/(u/</u>	
where the person was convicted the vehicle was seized may do the reducing travel time.	to bring ils. This	a vehicle seizi change may a	ure ad	tion. Under cu for the more ef	urrent law or ficient use c	nly the DA in the county where of prosecutorial resources by
				,		
				<u> </u>		
Long-Range Fiscal Implications						
None						
Agency/Prepared by: (Name & Phone	·	Arith	orized	signature/Telep	el 1	Date
DA/Stuart Morse (608) 267-270	0	1/2	<u> </u>	2.1100	(60\$) 2	267-3836 March 10, 1999

FISCAL ESTIMATE FORM	082		1999 Session		
	じん	LRB #-2141	11		
ORIGINAL	☐ UPDATED	INTRODUCTION # AB 221			
	SUPPLEMENTAL	Admin. Rule#	: · · ·		
Subject Operating a motor vehicle while under	er the influence of	an intovicant or drug	s or both Ordering of a series		
interlock device.		an intoxicant of drug	s, or both. Ordering of a an ignition		
					
Fiscal Effect State: No State Fiscal Effect			,		
Check columns below only if bill makes	a direct appropriation		☐ Increase Costs - May be possible to Absorb		
or affects a sum sufficient approp	riation.		Within Agency's Budget ☐ Yes ☐ No		
☐ Increase Existing Appropriation	☐ Increase Exis	stina Revenues			
☐ Decrease Existing Appropriation	☐ Decrease Ex		☐ Decrease Costs		
Create New Appropriation					
Local: No local government costs 1. Increase Costs	3. ☐ Increase Re	evenues	Types of Local Governmental Units Affected:		
☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory	☐ Permissi		☐ Towns ☐ Villages ☐ Cities		
2. ☐ Decrease Costs ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory	4. Decrease R		☐ Counties ☐ Others		
☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory Fund Sources Affected	☐ Permissi		☐ School Districts ☐ WTCS Districts Ch. 20 Appropriations		
☐ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO ☐		SEG-S	20 Appropriations		
Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Es	timate:				
No fiscal impact.					
·			·		
	,		·		
-					
Long-Range Fiscal Implications:					
		•			
Prepared By: / Phone # / Agency Na	me Auth	orized Signature / Telep	hone No. Juggy Date		
Alan Lee/6-0020/DOJ	102	On as Lik	2/1/2/2/		
L	170	when P(.)	marca 3/10/15		

						1999 Session
	х	ORIGINAL		UPDATED		LRB or Bill No./Adm. Rule No. LRB 2141/1
FISCAL ESTIMATE DOA-2048 N(R10/98)		CORRECTED		SUPPLEMENTAL		Amendment No. if Applicable
Subject Changes to the OWI laws						
Fiscal Effect						
State: No State Fiscal Effect Check columns below only if bill ma or affects a sum sufficient app						Costs - May be possible to Absorb gency's Budget
☐ Increase Existing Appropriation ☐ Decrease Existing Appropriation ☐ Create New Appropriation		☐ Increase Existi ☐ Decrease Exist	_		☐ Decrease	e Costs
Local: No local government cost Increase Costs Permissive Mandator Decrease Costs	у	3. ☐ Increase Reve ☐ Permissive 4. ☐ Decrease Rev	enue	☐ Mandatory es	☐ Towns ☐ Counties	of Local Governmental Units Affected: Villages
☐ Permissive ☐ Mandator Fund Sources Affected	у	☐ Permissive		☐ Mandatory	☐ School Di	
X GPR □ FED □ PRO	□PF	RS □SEG □SI	EG-S		h. 20 Approp 1)(d)	riations
Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal					/\-/	
This bill makes various changes to the OWI laws. Enactment of this bill would have the following fiscal impact on the State Public Defender's Office (SPD). First, the bill's provision reducing the prohibited alcohol concentration (PAC) from .08 to .02 for persons with three or more prior OWI convictions would likely increase the number of OWI cases handled by the SPD, thus increasing costs.						
Second, the bill's provisions increa affect the number of persons who	asing opt t	the mandatory m o have a jury trial	inim inst	num period of in ead of plead gu	nprisonment lilty to the ch	t for OWI 2 nd , 3 rd , and 4 th may narge, thus increasing costs.
Third, the bill's provisions doubling, tripling, and quadrupling the penalties for OWIs involving certain PAC levels will increase costs because such provisions would change certain OWIs from misdemeanors to felonies. Felony cases are more expensive than misdemeanor cases because additional hearings are involved (i.e. a preliminary hearing) and the penalties are more severe. Also, longer suspension and revocation periods as well as an increase in fine amounts could increase the number of operating after suspension (OAS) or operating after revocation (OAR) cases.						
Finally, the bill's provisions making increase the number of OAS or OA	sus AR c	pensions mandat ases.	ory 1	or juveniles inv	olved in ceri	tain alcohol offenses could
With the data presently available, this fiscal estimate assumes that to of this bill.	the S he pr	PD is unable to e ivate bar would h	stim andl	nate the costs in le any additiona	volved with I cases that	the above provisions. Also, may be created by enactment
			<u>.</u>			
Long-Range Fiscal Implications Indeterminate at this time.						
Agency/Prepared by: (Name & Phone No. SPD/Tracey J. Lencioni/1-8857	.)	Author	zed S	Signature/Telephon	gno.	4-8560 Date 7/30/99

U



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-2141/2 RPN&PEN:cmh:km

1999 BILL

regen cati

AN ACT to repeal 346.65 (6) (a) 2.; to renumber 343.305 (10m), 940.09 (1d) and 940.25 (1d); to renumber and amend 343.10 (6), 343.21 (1) (j) and 346.65 (6) (a) 1.; to amend 125.07 (4) (bs), 125.07 (4) (c), 125.07 (4) (e) 2. (intro.), 340.01 (46m) (b), 342.12 (4) (a), 342.12 (4) (c) 1. (intro.), 343.10 (5) (a) 3., 343.30 (1q) (b) 2., 343.30 (1q) (b) 3., 343.30 (1q) (b) 4., 343.30 (6) (b), 343.30 (10) (b) 2., 343.30 (10) (b) 3., 343.30 (10) (b) 4., 343.31 (3) (bm) 2., 343.31 (3) (bm) 3., 343.31 (3) (bm) 4., 343.31 (3) (c), 343.31 (3) (e), 343.31 (3) (f), 346.65 (2) (a), 346.65 (2) (b), 346.65 (2) (c), 346.65 (2) (d), 346.65 (2) (e), 346.65 (2e), 346.65 (2g) (a), 346.65 (6) (a) 2m., 346.65 (6) (c), 346.65 (6) (d), 346.95 (2), 938.344 (2) (intro.), 938.344 (2) (c), 938.344 (2b), 938.344 (2d) (c) and 971.17 (1); to create 20.395 (5) (er), 85.55, 340.01 (46m) (c), 343.10 (6) (b), 343.21 (1) (j) 2., 343.30 (1q) (b) 4p., 343.305 (10m) (a), 343.31 (3) (bm) 4p., 346.65 (2) (g), 346.65 (6) (a) 1d., 346.93 (2g), 940.09 (1d) (a), 940.25 (1c) and 940.25 (1d) (a) of the statutes; and to affect 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 2, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 3, 1997

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

Wisconsin Act 84, section 4, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 5, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 30, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 31, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 160, 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 161 and 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 162; relating to: operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant or drugs, or both; installation of an ignition interlock device in cases involving intoxicated operation of a motor vehicle; seizure of motor vehicles for offenses related to driving while under the influence of an intoxicant; the prohibited alcohol concentration related to operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant; creating a safe—ride grant program; certain alcohol beverage offenses committed by persons under the legal drinking age; making an appropriation; and providing penalties.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Seizure of vehicles

Under current law, if a person is convicted of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant or controlled substance (OWI), including the improper refusal to submit to a test to determine if he or she operated a motor vehicle while having a prohibited blood alcohol level, and the person has two or more prior OWI—related convictions, suspensions or revocations within a ten—year period, a vehicle owned by that person may be seized and subject to forfeiture.

Current law requires the court, if the court does not order a motor vehicle seized in this situation, to order a law enforcement officer to immobilize or equip with an ignition interlock device a motor vehicle owned by the person. Under current law, if a person is convicted of OWI or refuses to submit to a test to determine his or her blood alcohol concentration and the person has three or more prior OWI—related convictions, suspensions or revocations, the court is required to order a law enforcement officer to seize a motor vehicle owned by the person.

This bill allows a court to order that a vehicle owned by a person convicted of a first OWI offense be equipped with an ignition interlock device. The bill removes the requirement that the court order a law enforcement officer to seize a motor vehicle owned by a person who is convicted of OWI or refuses to submit to a test to determine his or her blood alcohol concentration when the person has three or more prior OWI—related convictions, suspensions or revocations. The court continues to have the option of ordering the seizure of a motor vehicle, but the court is not required to order the seizure under this bill.

Under current law, the district attorney of the county where the motor vehicle was seized is required to bring the action to forfeit the seized motor vehicle. This bill allows that district attorney or the district attorney of the county where the violator was convicted to bring that action.

Blood alcohol concentration

Under current law, a person who has one or no prior OWI convictions, suspensions or revocations is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle if the alcohol concentration in the person's blood is 0.1 or more.

Current law prohibits a person who has two or more OWI convictions, suspensions or revocations from operating a motor vehicle if the alcohol concentration in the person's blood is 0.08 or more.

This bill prohibits a person who has three or more OWI convictions, suspensions or revocations from operating a motor vehicle if the alcohol concentration in the person's blood is more than 0.02.

Safe-ride grant program

The bill also creates a safe—ride grant program, administered by DOT, to award grants to any city, village, town or county for costs associated with transporting intoxicated persons from any premises licensed to sell alcohol beverages to their places of residence. Grants are limited to 50% of the cost of providing the service and are funded with revenues received from the increased occupational license fee and from the applicable \$30 increase in the fee to reinstate an operating privilege.

Increased imprisonment for OWI offenses

This bill increases the mandatory minimum imprisonment for persons convicted of an OWI offense from five days to 30 days for the second offense, 30 days to 60 days for the third offense and 60 days to 120 days for the fourth offense.

Increased penalties for high blood alcohol concentration

Under current law, the penalties for an OWI offense increase based on the number of prior OWI offenses that the person has committed. This bill doubles whatever penalty the person is subject to for the current OWI offense if the person's blood alcohol concentration is from 0.15 to 0.199. The bill triples the appropriate penalty if the person's blood alcohol concentration is from 0.20 to 0.249 and quadruples the appropriate penalty if the person's blood alcohol concentration is 0.25 or above. These penalty increases do not apply to homicide by intoxicated use of a vehicle. The maximum penalty for that offense is currently 40 years imprisonment and will become 60 years imprisonment on December 31, 1999.

Mandatory operating privilege suspension

Current law prohibits any person under 21 years of age (underage person) from knowingly possessing or consuming alcohol beverages, from procuring or attempting to procure alcohol beverages, from entering or attempting to enter premises licensed to sell alcohol beverages and from falsely representing his or her age for the purpose of receiving alcohol beverages. An underage person who violates these prohibitions may have his or her operating privilege suspended, may be required to pay a forfeiture or may be required to participate in a supervised work program or other community service work, or any combination of these penalties. The underage

who has a second or subsequent offense

a

person's operating privilege may be suspended for varying periods depending upon the number of prior alcohol beverage offenses he or she committed within the previous 12 months, as follows:

- 1. For a first violation, suspension for not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days.
 - 2. For a second violation, suspension for not more than one year.
 - 3. For a third or subsequent violation, suspension for not more than two years.

This bill increases the operating privilege penalties that apply to certain alcohol beverage violations committed by an underage person. The bill makes mandatory the suspension of an underage person's operating privilege for violating the prohibitions described above and increases the period of suspension as follows:

- 1. For a first violation, suspension for not less than six months nor more than one year.
- 2. For a second violation committed within one year, suspension for not less than one year nor more than 18 months.
- 3. For a third or subsequent violation committed within one year, suspension for not less than two years nor more than five years.

Also under current law, with exceptions, no underage person may knowingly possess, transport or control any alcohol beverages in a motor vehicle. An underage person who violates these prohibitions may be required to forfeit not less than \$20 nor more than \$400 but, except for violations involving a commercial motor vehicle, is not subject to any action against his or her operating privilege. This bill makes mandatory the suspension of the underage person's operating privilege for the same longer periods that apply to the underage alcohol beverage offenses described above.

Finally, the bill eliminates the current authority of a court to stay or modify an operating privilege suspension ordered for certain alcohol beverage violations committed by an underage person who is at least 17 years of age.

Other

1

5

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- **SECTION 1.** 20.395 (5) (er) of the statutes is created to read:
- 2 20.395 (5) (er) Safe-ride grant program, state funds. All moneys received
- 3 under ss. 343.10 (6) (b) and 343.21 (1) (j) 2. that are credited to this appropriation,
- 4 for grants under s. 85.55.
 - **Section 2.** 85.55 of the statutes is created to read:

85.55 Safe-ride grant program. The department may award grants to any county or municipality to cover the costs of transporting persons suspected of having a prohibited alcohol concentration, as defined in s. 340.01 (46m), from any premises licensed under ch. 125 to sell alcohol beverages to their places of residence. The amount of a grant under this section may not exceed 50% of the costs necessary to provide the service. Grants awarded under this section shall be paid from the appropriation under s. 20.395 (5) (er).

SECTION 3. 125.07 (4) (bs) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (4) (bs) Any person violating par. (a) is subject to the following penalties shall be penalized as follows:

- 1. For a first violation, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1. In addition, the person is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$250 nor more than \$500, suspension of the person's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
- 2. For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, <u>the</u> <u>person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30(6)(b) 2. In addition.</u> the <u>person is subject to</u> either a forfeiture of not less than \$300 nor more than \$500, <u>suspension of the person's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30(6)(b) 2.</u>, participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
- 3. For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 previous violations, <u>the</u> person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30(6)(b) 3. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$500 nor more than \$750, revocation of the person's operating privilege under s. 343.30(6)(b) 3., participation

in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.

- 4. For a violation committed within 12 months of 3 or more previous violations, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$750 nor more than \$1,000, revocation of the person's operating privilege under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
 - **Section 4.** 125.07 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 125.07 (4) (c) Any person violating par. (b) is subject to the following penalties shall be penalized as follows:
- 1. For a first violation, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1. In addition, the person is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$200, suspension of the person's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
- 2. For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30(6)(b) 2. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$200 nor more than \$300, suspension of the person's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30(6)(b) 2., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
- 3. For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 previous violations, the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30(6)(b) 3. In addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$300 nor more than \$500,

revocation of the person's operating privilege under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3., participation
in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any
combination of these penalties.
4. For a violation committed within 12 months of 3 or more previous violations,
the person's operating privilege shall be suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. In
addition, the person is subject to either a forfeiture of not less than \$500 nor more
than \$1,000, revocation of the person's operating privilege under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3.,
participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under
par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
SECTION 5. 125.07 (4) (e) 2. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.07 (4) (e) 2. (intro.) After ordering a penalty under par. (bs) or (c), the court,
with the agreement of the defendant, may enter an additional order staying the
execution of the penalty order and suspending or modifying the penalty imposed,
except that the court may not stay, suspend or modify the suspension of a person's
operating privilege required under par. (bs) or (c). The order under this subdivision
shall require the defendant to do any of the following:
SECTION 6. 340.01 (46m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
340.01 (46m) (b) If the person has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or
revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.
SECTION 7. 340.01 (46m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
340.01 (46m) (c) If the person has 3 or more prior convictions, suspensions or
revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), an alcohol concentration of more than
0.02.

Section 8. 342.12 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

342.12 (4) (a) The district attorney shall notify the department when he or she files a criminal complaint against a person who has been arrested for violating s. 346.63 (1) or (2), 940.09 (1) or 940.25 and who has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1). Except as provided under par. (c), the department may not issue a certificate of title transferring ownership of any motor vehicle owned by the person upon receipt of a notice under this subsection until the court assigned to hear the criminal complaint issues an order permitting the department to issue a certificate of title.

Section 9. 342.12 (4) (c) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

342.12 (4) (c) 1. (intro.) The department shall issue a certificate of title transferring ownership of a motor vehicle that was owned by a person who has received a notice of intent to revoke the person's operating privilege under s. 343.305 (9) (a) or has been arrested for violating s. 346.63 (1) or (2), 940.09 (1) or 940.25 and who has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), if all of the following conditions are met:

SECTION 10. 343.10 (5) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), the <u>The</u> occupational license of the applicant shall restrict the applicant's operation under the occupational license to vehicles that are equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device if the court has ordered under s. 346.65 (6) (a) <u>1. 1d. or 1g.</u> that a motor vehicle owned by the person be equipped with an ignition interlock device. A person to whom a restriction under this subdivision applies violates that restriction if he or she requests or permits another to blow into an ignition interlock device or to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device for the purpose of providing the person an

operable motor vehicle without the necessity of first submitting a sample of his or her
breath to analysis by the ignition interlock device. If the occupational license
restricts the applicant's operation to a vehicle that is equipped with an ignition
interlock device, the applicant shall be liable for the reasonable costs of equipping
the vehicle with the ignition interlock device.
SECTION 11. 343.10 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 343.10 (6) (a) and
amended to read:
343.10 (6) (a) No Except as provided in par. (b), no person may file an
application for an occupational license under sub. (1) unless he or she first pays a fee
of \$40 to the department.
SECTION 12. 343.10 (6) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
343.10 (6) (b) No person whose operating privilege is restricted to operating
only vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device may file an application for
an occupational license under sub. (1) unless he or she first pays a fee of \$70 to the
department. Forty-three percent of the fees collected under this paragraph shall be
credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.395 (5) (er).
SECTION 13. 343.21 (1) (j) of the statutes is renumbered 343.21 (1) (j) 1. and
amended to read:
343.21 (1) (j) 1. For Except as provided in subd. 2., for reinstatement of an
operating privilege previously revoked or suspended, \$50.
SECTION 14. 343.21 (1) (j) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
343.21 (1) (j) 2. For reinstatement of an operating privilege previously revoked
or suspended, \$80 if the person's operating privilege is restricted under s. 343.38 (5)
to operating vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device and the person has

not paid a fee under s. 343.10 (6) (b) within the past 2 years. Thirty-eight percent

of the	fees collected	under	this	${\bf subdivision}$	shall	be	credited	to the	e appro	opriation
under s	s. 20.395 (5) (e	er).								

SECTION 15. 343.30 (1q) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.30 (1q) (b) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. or, 4m. or 4p., for the first conviction, the court shall suspend the person's operating privilege for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months. The person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 at any time.

SECTION 16. 343.30 (1q) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.30 (1q) (b) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m. or 4p., if the number of convictions, suspensions and revocations within a 10-year period equals 2, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than one year nor more than 18 months. After the first 60 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan ordered under par. (c).

SECTION 17. 343.30 (1q) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.30 (1q) (b) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m. or 4p., if the number of convictions, suspensions and revocations equals 3 or more, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years. After the first 90 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan ordered under par. (c).

SECTION 18. 343.30 (1q) (b) 4p. of the statutes is created to read:

343.30 (1q) (b) 4p. If he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subd. 3. or 4. for the conviction are doubled. If the person convicted under s. 346.63

1

2

4

5

(6)

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(1) or a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) had an alcohol concentration
of 0.20 to 0.249, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation
periods under subd. 3. or 4. for the conviction are tripled. If the person convicted
unders.346.63(1)oralocalordinanceinconformitywiths.346.63(1)hadanalcohol
concentration of 0.25 or above, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension
or revocation periods under subd. 3. or 4. for the conviction are quadrupled.
SECTION 19. 343.30 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
343.30 (6) (b) If Whenever a court imposes suspension or revocation of a

343.30 **(6)** (b) If Whenever a court imposes suspension or revocation of a person's operating privilege under s. 125.07 (4) (bs) or (c) or 938.344 (2), (2b) or (2d), the suspension or revocation imposed shall be one of the following:

- 1. For a first violation, suspension for 30 to 90 days not less than 6 months nor more than one year.
- 2. For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, suspension for not more less than one year nor more than 18 months.
- 3. For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more previous violations, revocation suspension for not more less than 2 years nor more than 5 years.

Section 20. 343.305 (10) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (b) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. or 4m., for the first improper refusal, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than one year nor more than 3 years. After the first 30 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

SECTION 21. 343.305 (10) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (b) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions, suspensions and revocations within a 10-year period equals 2, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 2 years nor more than 6 years. After

the first 90 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan.

SECTION 22. 343.305 (10) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (10) (b) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m., if the number of convictions, suspensions and revocations equals 3 or more, the court shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 3 years nor more than 12 years. After the first 120 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 if he or she has completed the assessment and is complying with the driver safety plan.

SECTION 23. 343.305 (10m) of the statutes is renumbered 343.305 (10m) (b).

Section 24. 343.305 (10m) (a) of the statutes is created to read:

343.305 (10m) (a) If the person's operating privilege is revoked under sub. (10), the procedure under s. 346.65 (6) shall be followed regarding the equipping of a motor vehicle owned by the person with an ignition interlock device.

SECTION 25. 343.31 (3) (bm) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., 4. er, 4m. or 4p., for the first conviction, the department shall suspend the person's operating privilege for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months. If an Indian tribal court in this state suspends the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than 6 months nor more than 9 months for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of suspension. The person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 at any time.

SECTION 26. 343.31 (3) (bm) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

21/

(24)

343.31 (3) (bm) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4m. or 4p., if the number of suspensions, revocations and convictions within a 10-year period equals 2, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than one year nor more than 18 months. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than one year nor more than 18 months for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of revocation. After the first 60 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

Section 27. 343.31 (3) (bm) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 4. Except as provided in subd. 4m. or 4p., if the number of suspensions, revocations and convictions equals 3 or more, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years. If an Indian tribal court in this state revokes the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on tribal lands for not less than 2 years nor more than 3 years for the conviction specified in par. (bm) (intro.), the department shall impose the same period of revocation. After the first 90 days of the revocation period, the person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10.

SECTION 28. 343.31 (3) (bm) 4p. of the statutes is created to read:

343.31 (3) (bm) 4p. If he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subd. 3. or 4. for the conviction are doubled. If the person convicted under a law of a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subd. 3. or 4. for the conviction are tripled. If the person convicted under a law of a federally

or convictions that even nted under recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state in conformity with s. 346.63

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

13 14

15

16

18

19

17

20 21

22

23 24

25

(1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.25 or above, the applicable minimum and maximum suspension or revocation periods under subdal 3. or 4. for the conviction are quadrupled.

Section 29. 343.31 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (c) Any person convicted under s. 940.09 (1) of causing the death of another or of an unborn child by the operation or handling of a motor vehicle shall have his or her operating privilege revoked for 5 years. If there was a minor passenger under 16 years of age or an unborn child, as defined in s. 939.75 (1), in the motor vehicle at the time of the violation that gave rise to the conviction under s. 940.09 (1), the revocation period is 10 years. If the person convicted under s. 940.09 (1) had/an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the revocation period is 10 years. If the person convicted under s. 940.09 (1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, the revocation period is 15 years. If the person convicted under s. 940.09 (1) had an alcohol concentration of 0.25 or above, the revocation period is 20 years.

Section 30. 343.31 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.31 (3) (e) Any person convicted under s. 346.63 (2) shall have his or her operating privilege revoked for not less than one year nor more than 2 years. If there was a minor passenger under 16 years of age in the motor vehicle at the time of the violation that gave rise to the conviction under s. 346.63 (2), the minimum and maximum revocation periods are doubled. If the person convicted under s. 346.63 (2) had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, the minimum and maximum revocation periods are doubled. If the person convicted under s. 346.63 (2) had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, the minimum and maximum revocation periods are tripled. If the person convicted under s. 346.63 (2) had an alcohol

Section 34. 346.65 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (2) (c) Except as provided in par. pars. (f) and (g), shall be fined not less

than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and imprisoned for not less than 30 60 days nor more

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

counted as one.

1

 $\mathbf{2}$

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

(21)

22

(23)

24

25

than one year in the county jail if the total number of suspensions, revocations and convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1) equals 3, except that suspensions, revocations or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one.

SECTION 35. 346.65 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (2) (d) Except as provided in par. pars. (f) and (g), shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and imprisoned for not less than 60 120 days nor more than one year in the county jail if the total number of suspensions, revocations and convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1) equals 4, except that suspensions, revocations or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one.

SECTION 36. 346.65 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (2) (e) Except as provided in par. pars. (f) and (g), shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and imprisoned for not less than 6 months nor more than 5 years if the total number of suspensions, revocations and convictions counted under s. 343.307 (1) equals 5 or more, except that suspensions, revocations or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one.

Section 37. 346.65 (2) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

346.65 (2) (g) Shall, if he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 to 0.199, be penalized double the applicable minimum and maximum forfeitures, fines or imprisonments under pars. to (e). If the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 to 0.249, he or she shall be penalized triple the applicable minimum and maximum forfeitures, fines or imprisonments under pars. to (e). If the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.25 or above, he or she shall be penalized four times the applicable minimum and maximum forfeitures, fines or imprisonments under pars.

(6)

(c), (d) or (e) when the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 or above is a felony and the place of imprisonment shall be determined under s. 973.02. An offense under s. 346.63 (1) that subjects a person to a penalty under par. (b), (c), (d) or (e) when the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.20 or more is a felony and the place of imprisonment shall be determined under s. 973.02.

SECTION 38. 346.65 (2e) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (2e) If the court determines that a person does not have the ability to pay the costs and fine or forfeiture imposed under sub. (2) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) to (g), the court may reduce the costs, fine and forfeiture imposed and order the person to pay, toward the cost of the assessment and driver safety plan imposed under s. 343.30 (1q) (c), the difference between the amount of the reduced costs and fine or forfeiture and the amount of costs and fine or forfeiture imposed under sub. (2) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) to (g).

Section 39. 346.65 (2g) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (2g) (a) In addition to the authority of the court under s. 973.05 (3) (a) to provide that a defendant perform community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization in lieu of part or all of a fine imposed under sub. (2) (b) to (f) (g), the court may provide that a defendant perform community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization in lieu of part or all of a forfeiture under sub. (2) (a) or may require a person who is subject to sub. (2) to perform community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization in addition to the penalties specified under sub. (2). Notwithstanding s. 973.05 (3) (b), an order may only apply if agreed to by the organization or agency. The court shall ensure that the defendant is provided a written statement of the

terms of the community service order and that the community service order is monitored. Any organization or agency acting in good faith to which a defendant is assigned pursuant to an order under this subsection has immunity from any civil liability in excess of \$25,000 for acts or omissions by or impacting on the defendant. The issuance or possibility of the issuance of a community service order under this subsection does not entitle an indigent defendant who is subject to sub. (2) (a) to representation by counsel under ch. 977.

SECTION 40. 346.65 (6) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 346.65 (6) (a) 1g. and amended to read:

346.65 (6) (a) 1g. Except as provided in this paragraph, the court may order a law enforcement officer to seize a motor vehicle, or, if the motor vehicle is not ordered seized, shall order a law enforcement officer to equip the motor vehicle with an ignition interlock device or immobilize any motor vehicle owned by the person whose operating privilege is revoked under s. 343.305 (10) or who committed a violation of s. 346.63 (1) (a), (b) or (2) (a) 1. or 2., 940.09 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) or 940.25 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) if the person whose operating privilege is revoked under s. 343.305 (10) or who is convicted of the violation has 2 or more prior suspensions, revocations or convictions that would be counted under s. 343.307 (1). The court shall not order a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device or immobilized if that would result in undue hardship or extreme inconvenience or would endanger the health and safety of a person.

SECTION 41. 346.65 (6) (a) 1d. of the statutes is created to read:

346.65 (6) (a) 1d. Except as provided in this subdivision, the court may order a law enforcement officer to equip with an ignition interlock device a motor vehicle owned by the person whose operating privilege is revoked under s. 343.305 (10) or

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

who committed a violation of s. 346.63 (1) (a) or (b) or (2) (a) 1. or 2., 940.09 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) or 940.25 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d). The court shall not order a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device if that would result in undue hardship or extreme inconvenience or would endanger the health or safety of a person.

SECTION 42. 346.65 (6) (a) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 43. 346.65 (6) (a) 2m. of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (6) (a) 2m. A person who owns a motor vehicle subject to seizure, equipping with an ignition interlock device or immobilization under this paragraph shall surrender to the clerk of circuit court the certificate of title issued under ch. 342 for every motor vehicle owned by the person. The person shall comply with this subdivision within 5 working days after receiving notification of this requirement from the district attorney. When a district attorney receives a copy of a notice of intent to revoke the operating privilege under s. 343.305 (9) (a) of a person who has 2 or more convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), or when a district attorney notifies the department of the filing of a criminal complaint against a person under s. 342.12 (4) (a), the district attorney shall notify the person of the requirement to surrender all certificates of title to the clerk of circuit court. The notification shall include the time limits for that surrender, the penalty for failure to comply with the requirement and the address of the clerk of circuit court. The clerk of circuit court shall promptly return each certificate of title surrendered to the clerk of circuit court under this subdivision after stamping the certificate of title with the notation "Per section 346.65 (6) of the Wisconsin statutes, ownership of this motor vehicle may not be transferred without prior court approval". Any person failing to surrender a certificate of title as required under this subdivision shall forfeit not more than \$500.

 $\mathbf{2}$

SECTION 44. 346.65 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

seized, or of the county where the owner's operating privilege was revoked under s. 343.305 (10) or where the owner committed the violation under s. 346.63 (1) (a) or (b) or (2) (a) 1. or 2., 940.09 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) or 940.25 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d), shall commence an action to forfeit the motor vehicle within 30 days after the motor vehicle is seized. The action shall name the owner of the motor vehicle and all lienholders of record as parties. The forfeiture action shall be commenced by filing a summons, complaint and affidavit of the law enforcement agency with the clerk of circuit court. Upon service of an answer, the action shall be set for hearing within 60 days after the service of the answer. If no answer is served or no issue of law or fact joined and the time for that service or joining of issues has expired, the court may render a default judgment as provided in s. 806.02.

Section 45. 346.65 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.65 (6) (d) At the hearing set under par. (c), the state has the burden of proving to a reasonable certainty by the greater weight of the credible evidence that the motor vehicle is a motor vehicle owned by a person who committed a violation of s. 346.63 (1) (a) or (b) or (2) (a) 1. or 2., 940.09 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) or 940.25 (1) (a), (b), (c) or (d) and, if the seizure is under par. (a) 1. 1g., that the person had 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1) or, if the seizure is under par. (a) 2., 3 or more prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1). If the , (c) or (d) , (c) or (d) state fails to meet the burden of proof required under this paragraph, the motor vehicle shall be returned to the owner upon the payment of storage costs.

SECTION 46. 346.93 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:

1	346.93 (2g) Any person violating this section may be required to forfeit not less
2	than \$20 nor more than \$400 and shall have his or her operating privilege:
3	(a) For a first violation, suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1.
4	(b) For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation,
5	suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2.
6	(c) For a violation committed within 12months of 2or more previous violations,
7	suspended under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3.
8	SECTION 47. 346.95 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	346.95 (2) Any person violating s. 346.89 (1), 346.93 or 346.94 (2), (4) or (7) may
10	be required to forfeit not less than \$20 nor more than \$400.
11	SECTION 48. 938.344 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	938.344 (2) (intro.) If a court finds a juvenile committed a violation under s.
13	125.07(4)(b) or $125.09(2)$, or a local ordinance that strictly conforms to one of those
14	statutes that statute, the court shall order one or any combination of the following
15	penalties:
16	SECTION 49. 938.344 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	938.344 (2) (c) For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more
18	previous violations, a forfeiture of not more than \$500, revocation suspension of the
19	juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. or the juvenile's
20	participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under
21	s. 938.34 (5g).
22	Section 50. 938.344 (2b) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	938.344 (2b) If a court finds a juvenile committed a violation under s. 125.07
24	(4) (a) or (b) , or a local ordinance which strictly conforms to s. 125.07 (4) (a) or (b) , the
25	court shall order one or any combination of the following penalties:

 $\mathbf{2}$

- (a) For a first violation, a forfeiture of not less than \$250 nor more than \$500, suspension of the juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1. or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g). In addition to any penalty imposed under this paragraph, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege as provided in s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1.
- (b) For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, a forfeiture of not less than \$300 nor more than \$500, suspension of the juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2. or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g). In addition to any penalty imposed under this paragraph, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege as provided in s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2.
- (c) For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more previous violations, a forfeiture of \$500, revocation of the juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g). In addition to any penalty imposed under this paragraph, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege as provided in s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3.

SECTION 51. 938.344 (2d) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.344 (2d) (c) For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more previous violations, a forfeiture of \$500, revocation suspension of the juvenile's operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g).

Section 52. 940.09 (1d) of the statutes is renumbered 940.09 (1d) (b).

939.63, 939.635, 939.64, 939.641, 939.645, 940.09 (1b), 940.25 (1b) and 961.48 and

25

1

2

3

4

8

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

other penalty enhancement statutes, as applicable, subject to the credit provisions of s. 973.155. If the maximum term of imprisonment is life, the commitment period specified by the court may be life, subject to termination under sub. (5).

- SECTION 58. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 2 is repealed.
- 5 Section 59. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 3 is repealed.
- 6 Section 60. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 4 is repealed.
- 7 Section 61. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 5 is repealed.
 - Section 62. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 30 is repealed.
- 9 Section 63. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 31 is repealed.
- 10 Section 64. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 160 is repealed.
- 11 Section 65. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 161 is repealed.
- 12 Section 66. 1997 Wisconsin Act 84, section 162 is repealed.
 - SECTION 67. Initial applicability.
 - (1) Mandatory operating privilege suspensions. The treatment of sections 125.07 (4) (bs), (c) and (e) 2. (intro.), 343.30 (6) (b), 346.93 (2g), 346.95 (2) and 938.344 (2) (intro.) and (c), (2b) and (2d) (c) of the statutes first applies to violations committed on the effective date of this subsection, but does not preclude the counting of other violations as prior violations for sentencing a person or for suspending or revoking a person's operating privilege.
 - (2) Intoxicated driver programs. The treatment of sections 20.395 (5) (er), 85.55, 340.01 (46m) (b) and (c), 342.12 (4) (a) and (c) 1. (intro.), 343.10 (5) (a) 3. and (6) (b), 343.21 (1) (j) 2., 343.30 (1q) (b) 3., 4. and 4p., 343.305 (10) (b) 3. and 4. and (10m) (a), 343.31 (3) (bm) 3., 4. and 4p., (c), (e) and (f), 346.65 (2) (b), (c), (d), (e) and (g), (2e), (2g) (a) and (6) (a) 1., 1d., 2. and 2m. and (d), 940.09 (1d) (a), 940.25 (1c) and (1d) (a) and 971.17 (1) of the statutes, the renumbering of sections

Section 67

BILL

343.305 (10m), 940.09 (1d) and 940.25 (1d) of the statutes and the renumbering and amendment of sections 343.10 (6) and 343.21 (1) (j) of the statutes first apply to violations committed or refusals occurring on the effective date of this subsection, but does not preclude the counting of other convictions, suspensions or revocations as prior convictions, suspensions or revocations for purposes of administrative action by the department of transportation, sentencing by a court, revocation or suspension of operating privileges or determining the prohibited alcohol concentration.

SECTION 68. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after publication.

11

10

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

(END)

SUBMITTAL FØRM

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

Date: 3/11/99 To: Representative Stone Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-2141 Topic Comprehensive operating while intoxicated legislation Subject(s) Drunk Driving - alcohol level, Drunk Driving - penalties, Drunk Driving - procedures, Transportation - motor vehicles, Beverages - miscellaneous 1. **JACKET** the draft for introduction in the Senate ____ or the Assembly X (check only one). Only the requester under whose name the drafting request is entered in the LRB's drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please allow one day for the preparation of the required copies. 2. **REDRAFT.** See the changes indicated or attached A revised draft will be submitted for your approval with changes incorporated. 3. Obtain FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW, prior to introduction If the analysis indicates that a fiscal estimate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or increases or decreases existing appropriations or state or general local government fiscal liability or revenues, you have the option to request the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to introduce the proposal without the fiscal estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon introduction. It takes about 10 days to obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to

If you have any questions regarding the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

introduction retains your flexibility for possible redrafting of the proposal.

Robert P. Nelson, Senior Legislative Attorney Telephone: (608) 267-7511