## Patch II

99-0456df pt2of2





boyle



olsenje



 $\mathbf{2}$ 

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

(20)

21

22

23

24

25

SECTION 242. 304.072 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

304.072 (2) If a parolee probationer or person an extended supervision is alleged to have violated the terms of his or her supervision but the department or division determines that the alleged violation was not proven, the period between the alleged violation and the determination shall be treated as service of the probationary-extended supervision or parole period.

**SECTION 243.** 304.072 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

304.072 (3) Except as provided in s. 973.09 (3) (b), the department preserves jurisdiction over a probationer parolee experson on extended supervision if it commences an investigation, issues a violation report or issues an apprehension request concerning an alleged violation prior to the expiration of the probationer's plain common with parolee's or person's term of supervision.

**SECTION 244.** 304.072 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

304.072 (4) The sentence of a revoked parolee or person on extended strike, supervision resumes running on the day he or she is received at a correctional institution subject to sentence credit for the period of custody in a jail, correctional institution or any other detention facility pending revocation according to the terms of s. 973.155.

SECTION 245. 304.073 (2) of the statutes as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 277 is amended to read:

304.073 (2) Beginning on January 1, 1996, the department shall charge a fee to any probationer parolee or person on extended supervision who is under minimum or administrative supervision and is supervised by the department. The fee does not apply if the person is supervised by a vendor under s. 301.08 (1) (c). The department shall set the fee sufficient to cover the cost of supervision. The

prof

Please

department shall collect moneys for the fee charged under this subsection and credit 1 2 those moneys to the appropriation account under s. 20.410 (1) (ge). SECTION 246. 304.073 (2m) (a) of the statutes as created by 1997-Wisconsin Strike comm 127 is amended to read: 304.073 (2m) (a) If a probationer parolee or person on a who owes unpaid fees to the department under sub. (2) is discharged from probation 6 or from his or her sentence before the department collects the unpaid fees, the wilke comma 7 department shall, at the time of discharge, issue a notice to the probationer <del>nded supervision</del> that states that he or she owes unpaid fees 10 under sub. (2) and that he or she is responsible for the payment of the unpaid fees. 11 The notice under this paragraph shall be issued with the certificate of discharge 12 required under s. 304.078 or 973.09 (5). SECTION 247. 304.073 (4) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin (13)is amended to read: 15 304.073 (4) The department may decide not to charge a fee under sub. (2) to Strike Commor 16 any probationer man parolee or pe <del>ded supervision</del> if the probationer**(by** 17 inded supervision demonstrates that he or she is unable to 18 pay the fee because of any of the following: 19 (a) The probationer parolee or person on ex undergoing treatment approved by the department and is unable to work. 20 21 The probationer parolee or person of statement from a physician certifying to the department that the probationer 22 23 nded supervision should be excused from working for medical reasons. 24 **SECTION 248.** 304.074 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 25

supervision.

(title) Reimbursement fee for persons on probation parole, and extended supervision.) **Section 249.** 304.074 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 304.074 (2) Beginning on January 1, 1996, the department shall charge a fee to probationers parolees and persons on extended supervision to partially 5 reimburse the department for the costs of providing supervision and services. The department shall set varying rates for probationers parolees or persons 8 supervision based on ability to pay and with the goal of receiving at least 9 \$1 per day, if appropriate, from each probationer parolee and  $\overrightarrow{10}$ supervision The department shall not charge a fee while the probationer ended supervision is exempt under sub. (3). 11 department shall collect moneys for the fees charged under this subsection and credit 12 those moneys to the appropriation account under s. 20.410 (1) (gf). 13 **Section 250.** 304.074 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 14 304.074 (3) (intro.) The department may decide not to charge a fee under sub. 15 16 (2) to any probationer parolee or person on extended supervision while he or she meets any of the following conditions: 17 **SECTION 251.** 304.074 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 18 304.074 (3) (d) Has a statement from a physician certifying to the department 19 strike that the probationer parolee experson or ed supervision should be excused 20 from working for medical reasons. 21 **Section 252.** 304.074 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: 22 304.074 (4) The fee under sub. (2) does not apply to any probationer parolee Strike 24 tended supervision who is under minimum or administrative

21

22

23

24

W/Stats

Proof

SECTION 253. 304.074 (4m) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act

127 is amended to read:

who owes unpaid fees to the department under sub. (2) is discharged from probation or from his or her sentence before the department collects the unpaid fees, the grike common department shall, at the time of discharge, issue a notice to the probationer parolee experson on extended supervision that states that he or she owes unpaid fees under sub. (2) and that he or she is responsible for the payment of the unpaid fees.

The notice under this paragraph shall be issued with the certificate of discharge required under s. 304.078 or 973.09 (5).

SECTION 254. 304.075 of the statutes is amended to read: plain plain Reobationer/and/parolee/Adam 304.075 **£**(title) The department shall create a revolving fund out of any moneys in its hands belonging Strike comma strike to probationers will barolees or persons on extended supervision who absconded, or whose whereabouts are unknown. The fund shall be used to defray the expenses of animal commander of the comm clothing, transportation, maintenance and other necessities for probationers xtended supervision who are without means to secure those strike comma necessities. All payments made from the fund shall be repaid by probationers parolees or persons on extended supervision for whose benefit they are made whenever possible; and any moneys belonging to them so paid into the revolving fund shall be repaid to them in accordance with law, in case a claim therefor is filed with

**Section 255.** 304.13 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

the department upon showing the legal right of the claimant to such money.

304.13 (1) (intro.) That it shall be competent for the duly constituted judicial and administrative authorities of a sending state to permit any person convicted of an offense within the sending state and placed on probation or released on extended supervision or parole to reside in any receiving state while on probation extended strike supervision or parole, if:

**SECTION 256.** 304.13(2) of the statutes is amended to read:

304.13 (2) That each receiving state will assume the duties of visitation of and tended supervision or parolees of any supervision over probationers, persons on é sending state and in the exercise of those duties will be governed by the same standards that prevail for its own probationers, persons on extended supervision and parolees.

**SECTION 257.** 304.13 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

304.13 (3) That the duly accredited officers of a sending state may at all times enter a receiving state and there apprehend and retake any person on probation. extended supervision or parole. For that purpose no formalities will be required other than establishing the authority of the officer and the identity of the person to be retaken. All legal requirements to obtain extradition of fugitives from justice are expressly waived on the part of states party hereto, as to such persons. The decision of the sending state to retake a person on probation extended supervision or parole shall be conclusive upon and not reviewable within the receiving state; provided, strike however, that if at the time when a state seeks to retake a probationer, person on extended supervision or parolee there should be pending against that person within the receiving state any criminal charge, or that person should be suspected of having committed within such state a criminal offense, that person shall not be retaken

Please proof Wistats

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14)

(15)

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

comma

24

25

proof wstats

without the consent of the receiving state until discharged from prosecution or from imprisonment for such offense.

**SECTION 258.** 304.13 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

304.13 (7) That this compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon such ratifying state until renounced by it. The duties and obligations hereunder of a renouncing state shall continue as to parolees, persons on extended supervision or probationers residing therein at the time of withdrawal or until finally discharged by the sending state. Renunciation of this compact shall be by the same authority which ratified it, by sending 6 months' notice in writing of its intention to withdraw the compact to the other states party thereto.

**SECTION 259.** 304.13 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

304.13 (8) (b) "Sending state" means a party to this compact permitting its probationers, persons or extended supervision and parolees to reside in a receiving state.

SECTION 260. 304.135 of the statutes is amended to read:

(title) Out-of-state parolees supervision of parolees persons on extended supervision without compact. The department may permit any person convicted of an offense within this state and placed on probation or released on extended supervision or parole to reside in any other state not a party to the compact authorized by s. 304.13 whenever the authorities of the receiving state agree to assume the duties of visitation of and supervision over the probationer. Strike person on extended supervision or parolee, governed by the same standards that stended supervision and parolees, on prevail for its own probationers persons on the same terms as are provided in s. 304.13 (1) and (2) in the case of states signatory to the compact. Before permitting any probationer person on ex-

 $\overline{24}$ 

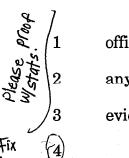
or parolee to leave this state under this section, the department shall obtain from him or her a signed agreement to return to this state upon demand of the department and an irrevocable waiver of all procedure incidental to extradition. The department gaike may, in like manner, receive for supervision probationers, persons on extended gaike supervision and parolees convicted in states not signatory to the compact, and shall have the same custody and control of those persons as it has over probationers.

**Section 261.** 304.137 of the statutes is amended to read:

304.137 Determination concerning submission of human biological specimen. If the department accepts supervision of a probationer series of strike extended supervision or parolee from another state under s. 304.13 or 304.135, the department shall determine whether the violation of law for which the person is on probation extended supervision or parole is comparable to a violation of s. 940.225 (1) or (2), 948.02 (1) or (2) or 948.025. If the department determines that a person on probation extended supervision or parole from another state violated a law that is comparable to a violation of s. 940.225 (1) or (2), 948.02 (1) or (2) or 948.025, the department shall direct the probationer person on extended supervision or parolee to provide a biological specimen under s. 165.76.

SECTION 262. 304.14 of the statutes is amended to read:

304.14 (title) Cooperative return of parole extended supervision and probation violators. The secretary may deputize any person regularly employed by another state to act as an officer and agent of this state in effecting the return of any person who has violated the terms and conditions of parole extended supervision or probation as granted by this state. In any matter relating to the return of such person, any agent so deputized shall have all the powers of a police



8

9

10

13

14

16

17

18

20

officer of this state. Any deputization pursuant to this section shall be in writing and any person authorized to act as an agent under this section shall carry formal evidence of the deputization and shall produce the same upon demand.

SECTION 263. 341.605 (3) of the statutes is presented to read:

341.605 (3) Whoever violates sub. (1) or (2) may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than years and bankful, or both, for each violation.

SECTION 264. 342.06 (2) of the statutes is expended to read: Component

> Any person who knowingly makes a false statement in an application for a certificate of title may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than a years and somorthme or both.

SECTION 265. 342.065 (4) (b) of the statutes is paraended to read: 11 omponent

> 342.065 (4) (b) Any person who violates sub. (1) with intent to defraud may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years or both.

SECTION 266. 342.155 (4) (b) of the statutes is preended to read: 15 component

> 342.155 (4) (b) Any person who violates this section with intent to defraud may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than \$5,000 years and the or both.

SECTION 267. 342.156 (6) (b) of the statutes is apprended to read: 19 Compinent

> 342.156 (6) (b) Any person who violates this section with intent to defraud may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5,000 wears who had been something the state of or both.

SECTION 268. 342.30 (3) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act

27/, is panended to read:

21 22

23

\$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years and 6 hours or both Section 269. 342.32 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

342.32 (3) Whoever violates sub. (1) or (2) may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than (3) years and (4) or both, for each violation.

**SECTION 270.** 343.06 (1) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.06 (1) (i) To any person who has been convicted of any offense specified under ss. 940.225, 948.02, 948.025 and 948.07 or adjudged delinquent under ch. 938 for a like or similar offense, when the sentencing court makes a finding that issuance of a license will be inimical to the public safety and welfare. The prohibition against issuance of a license to the offenders shall apply immediately upon receipt of a record of the conviction and the court finding by the secretary, for a period of one year or until discharge from any jail or prison sentence or any period of probation extended shall apply immediately upon receipt of a record of the conviction and the court finding by the secretary, for a period of one year or until discharge from any jail or prison sentence or any period of probation extended shall apply immediately upon receipt of a certificate of probation of probation extended shall apply immediately upon receipt of a record of the conviction and the court finding by the secretary, for a period of one year or while the certificate of probation of the probation of the responsible supervising agency, after one year has elapsed since the prohibition began, entitles the holder to apply for an operator's license. The applicant may be required to present the certificate of discharge to the secretary if the latter deems it necessary.

SECTION 271. 343.30 (2d) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.30 (2d) A court may suspend or revoke a person's operating privilege upon conviction of any offense specified under ss. 940.225, 948.02, 948.025 and 948.07, if the court finds that it is inimical to the public safety and welfare for the offender to have operating privileges. The suspension or revocation shall be for one year or until discharge from prison or jail sentence or probation extended supervision or parole

mort AV

Please proof w/

1

2

3

4

5

with respect to the offenses specified, whichever date is later. Receipt of a certificate of discharge from the department of corrections or other responsible supervising agency, after one year has elapsed since the suspension or revocation, entitles the holder to reinstatement of operating privileges. The holder may be required to present the certificate to the secretary if the secretary deems necessary.

Fix 6 component SECTION 272. 344.48 (2) of the statutes is proceed to read:

(8)

344.48 (2) Any person violating this section may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year the form or both.

Zomponent 10

SECTION 273. 346.17 (3) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 282 / is amended to read:

11

12

346.17 (3) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), (c) or (d), any person violating s. 346.04 (3) shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$10,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than 2 years.

(13)

SECTION 274. 346.17 (3) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act  $2^{8}$ 

14

on 188, is proported to read:

17

18

 $\sqrt{19}$ 

16

346.17 (3) (b) If the violation results in bodily harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (4), to another, or causes damage to the property of another, as defined in s. 939.22 (28), the person shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than 22 years.

(2)

SECTION 275. 346.17 (3) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act

FIX (21) Component

36, is more deed to read:

22

23

346.17 (3) (c) If the violation results in great bodily harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (14), to another, the person shall be fined not less than \$1,100 nor more than \$10,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than 24 years.

(24

plain

SECTION 276. 346.17 (3) (d) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 1 omponent 2 Boy, is intronded to read: 346.17 (3) (d) If the violation results in the death of another, the person shall be fined not less than \$1,100 nor more than \$10,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than years MAR MANNE SECTION 277. 346.65 (5) of the statutes is storerded to read: emponent 346.65 (5) Except as provided in sub. (5m), any person violating s. 346.62 (4) shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and may be imprisoned for 8 not less than 90 days nor more than (18) (1) (1) (1) months 9 SECTION 278. 346.74 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: FX (10)Component 346.74 (5) (b) Shall be fined not less than \$300 nor more than \$5,000 or 11 imprisoned not less than 10 days nor more than one year and or both if the 12 accident involved injury to a person but the person did not suffer great bodily harm. SECTION 279. 346.74 (5) (c) of the statutes is apprended to read: 346.74 (5) (c) May be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than 2 years or both if the accident involved injury to a person and the person suffered great bodily harm. 17 SECTION 280. 346.74 (5) (d) of the statutes is principled to read: Fix component 346.74 (5) (d) May be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than 19 ears and the property or both if the accident involved death to a person. 20 SECTION 281. 350.11 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read: component 350.11 (2m) Any person who violates s. 350.135 (1) shall be fined not more than 22 \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than years or both if the violation causes the 23 death or injury, as defined in s. 30.67(3)(b), of another person. 24 SECTION 282. 446.07 of the statutes is pmended to read:

1 446.07 Penalty. Anyone violating this chapter may be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 or imprisoned for not more than one year SECTION 283. 447.09 of the statutes is amended to read: Component **447.09 Penalties.** Any person who violates this chapter may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year in the county jail or both for 5 the first offense and may be fined not more than \$2,500 or imprisoned for not more than 2 years or both for the 2nd or subsequent conviction within 5 years. SECTION 284. 450.11 (9) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: component 9 450.11 (9) (b) Any person who delivers, or who possesses with intent to 10 manufacture or deliver, a prescription drug in violation of this section may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years and 6 months or both. 13) Fix Component Section 285. 450.14 (5) of the statutes is imperched to read: 14 450.14 (5) Any person who violates this section may be fined not less than \$100 15 nor more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for hot less than one year nor more than 16 **Kontika** or both. Fix SECTION 286. 450.15 (2) of the statutes is amounded to read: Component 18 450.15 (2) Any person who violates this section may be fined not less than \$100 (19)nor more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than **2**0 67many has or both. SECTION 287. 551.58 (1) of the statutes is an ended to read: 40 Mponent 22 551.58 (1) Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this chapter except s. 551.54, or any rule under this chapter, or any order of which the person has notice, 23 or who violates s. 551.54 knowing or having reasonable cause to believe that the 24 25 statement made was false or misleading in any material respect, may be fined not

3

6

7

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

24

25

Component

plain

more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than years years for both.

Each of the acts specified shall constitute a separate offense and a prosecution or conviction for any one of such offenses shall not bar prosecution or conviction for any other offense.

SECTION 288. 552.19 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

company, who wilfully violates this chapter or any rule under this chapter, or any order of which the person has notice, may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than \$5,000 when the person has notice, and the person has notice, or both. Each of the acts specified constitutes a separate offense and a prosecution or conviction for any one of the offenses does not bar prosecution or conviction for any other offense.

2) Fix component Section 289. 553.52 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

which the person has notice, or who violates s. 553.41 (2) to (5) or any order of which the person has notice, or who violates s. 553.41 (1) knowing or having reasonable cause to believe either that the statement made was false or misleading in any material respect or that the failure to report a material event under s. 553.31 (1) was false or misleading in any material respect, may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than years where the property or both. Each of the acts specified is a separate offense, and a prosecution or conviction for any one of those offenses does not bar prosecution or conviction for any other offense.

21) Fix Section 290. 553.52 (2) of the statutes is impended to read:

or artifice to defraud in connection with the offer or sale of any franchise or engages, directly or indirectly, in any act, practice, or course of business which operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon any person in connection with the offer or

DE TENDO

sale of any franchise shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more years **ANO K Months** or both. SECTION 291. 562.13 (3) of the statutes is in mended to read: 562.13 (3) Whoever violates s. 562.11 (2) or (3) may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 2 years or both. SECTION 292. 562.13 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: 562.13 (4) Whoever violates s. 562.09, 562.105, 562.11 (4) or 562.12 may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than \$2 years And State of the state of t **Section 293.** 563.14 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 563.14 (2) The supervising member and member responsible for the proper utilization of gross receipts are active members of the applicant organization who, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, have never been convicted of a felony or, if convicted, have received a pardon or have been released from parole, ex supervision or probation for at least 5 years. **SECTION 294.** 563.27 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 563.27 (1) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, a person convicted of a felony who has not received a pardon or has not been released from parole, ex supervision or probation for at least 5 years. **Section 295.** 563.51 (29) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 563.51 (29) (b) Subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, has never been strike comma convicted of a felony or, if convicted, has been pardoned or released from probation,

TRISTIP OF

1 565.50 **(2)** Any person who alters or forges a lottery ticket or share or 2 intentionally utters or transfers an altered or forged lottery ticket or share shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than years you years (3)4 or both. SECTION 297. 565.50 (3) of the statutes is amonded to read: 565.50 (3) Any person who possesses an altered or forged lottery ticket or share with intent to defraud shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not 8 more than 2 years or both. SECTION 298. 601.64 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act <u>(10)</u> is amended to read: 11 601.64 (4) Criminal Penalty. Whoever intentionally violates or intentionally 12 permits any person over whom he or she has authority to violate or intentionally aids 13 any person in violating any insurance statute or rule of this state, s. 149.13 or 14 149.144 or any effective order issued under s. 601.41(4) may, unless a specific penalty 15 is provided elsewhere in the statutes, be fined not more than \$10,000 if a corporation or if a natural person be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not **(17)** ore than years will make or both. Intent has the meaning expressed under 18 s. 939.23. SECTION 299. 641.19 (4) (a) of the statutes is malended to read: 19) 641.19 (4) (a) Any person who wilfully violates or fails to comply with any 20 21 provision of this chapter or the rules promulgated thereunder or who, knowingly, 22 makes a false statement, a false representation of a material fact, or who fails to 23 disclose a material fact in any registration, examination, statement or report 24 required under this chapter or the rules promulgated thereunder, may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than

The Tra

COMPOR

Fix

Component

Fix Component mpgnent 1

3

5

6

9

11

 $\overline{12}$ 

14

15

16

18

19

20

21

(22)

mponent

mponent

SECTION 300. 641.19 (4) (b) of the statutes is parended to read:

641.19 (4) (b) Any person who embezzles, steals, or unlawfully and wilfully abstracts or converts to his or her own use or to the use of another, any of the moneys, funds, securities, premiums, credits, property, or other assets of any employe welfare fund, or of any fund connected therewith, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than \$2 years; where the plant or both.

SECTION 301. 765.30 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.30 (1) (intro.) The following shall be fined not less than \$200 nor more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year for both:

Component SECTION 302. 765.30 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.30 (2) (intro.) The following shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year Moses or both:

Tix Component Section 303. 768.07 of the statutes is amonded to read:

768.07 Penalty. Any person who violates any provision of this chapter may be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than energy

yea or both.

SECTION 304. 783.07 of the statutes is amended to read:

783.07 Fine or imprisonment. Whenever a peremptory mandamus shall be directed to any public officer, body, board or person, commanding the performance of any duty specially enjoined by law, if it shall appear to the court that such officer or person or any member of such body or board has, without just excuse, refused or neglected to perform the duty so enjoined the court may impose a fine, not exceeding \$5,000, upon every such officer, person or member of such body or board, or sentence the officer, person or member to imprisonment for the note of the court may more than

strike

**SECTION 305.** 801.50 (5) of the statutes is amended to read: 801.50 (5) Venue of an action to review a probation, extended supervision or parole revocation or a refusal of parole by certiorari shall be the county in which the relator was last convicted of an offense for which the relator was on probation. extended supervision or parole or for which the relator is currently incarcerated. Section 306. 807.15 (2) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 133 is amended to read: 8 807.15 (2) (intro.) In any action or special proceeding, including a petition for 9 a common law writ of certiorari, brought by a prisoner, the court may, on its own motion or on the motion of any party, order the department of corrections to extend 10 the prisoner's mandatory release date calculated under s. 302.11(1) ert <u>sion under s. 302.113 (3) (bm) o</u> eligibility for release to extended supervi or order the sheriff to deprive the prisoner of good time under s. 302.43 if the court 14 finds that any of the following applies: SECTION 307. 807.15 (3) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act (16) 138, is amended to read: Plain comma 17 807.15 (3) (a) Subject to part pers (b) and (c), if a court orders the department of corrections to extend a prisoner's mandatory release date excligib supervision or orders the sheriff to deprive the prisoner of good time under sub. (2), the order shall specify the number of days by which the mandatory 20 extended supervision is to be extended or the release date or eligibility for repealed 22 good time deprived. SECTION 308. 807.15 (3) (c) of the statutes is created to reade,

807.15 (3) (c) An order under sub. (2) to extend the eligibility for release to

extended supervision of a prisoner subject to s. 302.113 may not require the prisoner

component 24

25

Ō

to serve more days in prison than the total length of the prisoner's bifurcated sentence.

SECTION 309. 938.183 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 276 is amended to read:

938.183 (3) When a juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) attains the age of 17 years, the department may place the juvenile in a state prison named in s. 302.01. If a juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) is 15 years of age or over, the department may transfer the juvenile to the Racine youthful offender correctional facility named in s. 302.01 as provided in s. 938.357 (4) (d). A juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) for an act committed before December 31, 1999, is eligible for parole under s. 304.06.

**SECTION 310.** 938.78 (2) (d) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.78 (2) (d) 5. On parole under s. 302.11 or ch. 304 <u>or on extended supervision</u>
stake
nder s. 302.113 or 302.114.

SECTION 311. 938.991 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.991 (1) Article I – Findings and Purposes. That juveniles who are not under proper supervision and control, or who have absconded, escaped or run away, are likely to endanger their own health, morals and welfare, and the health, morals and welfare of others. The cooperation of the states party to this compact is therefore necessary to provide for the welfare and protection of juveniles and of the public with respect to (1) cooperative supervision of delinquent juveniles on probation strike supervision or parole; (2) the return, from one state to another, of delinquent juveniles who have escaped or absconded; (3) the return, from one state to another, of nondelinquent juveniles who have run away from home; and (4) additional

 $2\overline{1}$ 

measures for the protection of juveniles and of the public, which any 2 or more of the party states may find desirable to undertake cooperatively. In carrying out the provisions of this compact the party states shall be guided by the noncriminal, reformative and protective policies which guide their laws concerning delinquent, neglected or dependent juveniles generally. It shall be the policy of the states party to this compact to cooperate and observe their respective responsibilities for the prompt return and acceptance of juveniles and delinquent juveniles who become subject to the provisions of this compact. The provisions of this compact shall be reasonably and liberally construed to accomplish the foregoing purposes.

SECTION 312. 938.991 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.991 (3) (c) "Probation <u>extended supervision</u> or parole" means any kind of conditional release of juveniles authorized under the laws of the states party hereto.

SECTION 313. 938.991 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.991 (5) (a) That the appropriate person or authority from whose probation, stike extended supervision or parole supervision a delinquent juvenile has absconded or from whose institutional custody the delinquent juvenile has escaped shall present to the appropriate court or to the executive authority of the state where the delinquent juvenile is alleged to be located a written requisition for the return of the delinquent juvenile. The requisition shall state the name and age of the delinquent juvenile, the circumstances of that person's adjudication as a delinquent juvenile, the circumstances of the breach of the terms of the delinquent juvenile's probation, strike extended supervision or parole or of the delinquent juvenile's escape from an institution or agency vested with legal custody or supervision of the delinquent juvenile, and the location of the delinquent juvenile, if known, at the time the requisition is made. The requisition shall be verified by affidavit, shall be executed

2

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

in duplicate, and shall be accompanied by 2 certified copies of the judgment, formal adjudication, or order of commitment which subjects the delinquent juvenile to probation. extend supervision or parole or to the legal custody of the institution or agency concerned. Further affidavits and other documents as may be deemed proper may be submitted with the requisition. One copy of the requisition shall be filed with the compact administrator of the demanding state, there to remain on file subject to the provisions of law governing records of the appropriate court. Upon the receipt of a requisition demanding the return of a delinquent juvenile who has absconded or escaped, the court or the executive authority to whom the requisition is addressed shall issue an order to any peace officer or other appropriate person directing that person to take into custody and detain the delinquent juvenile. The detention order must substantially recite the facts necessary to the validity of its issuance hereunder. No delinquent juvenile detained upon a detention order shall be delivered over to the officer whom the appropriate person or authority demanding the delinquent juvenile shall have appointed to receive the delinquent juvenile, unless the delinquent juvenile shall first be taken forthwith before a judge of an appropriate court in the state, who shall inform the delinquent juvenile of the demand made for the return of the delinquent juvenile and who may appoint counsel or guardian ad litem for the delinquent juvenile. If the judge shall find that the requisition is in order, the judge shall deliver the delinquent juvenile over to the officer whom the appropriate person or authority demanding shall have appointed to receive the delinquent juvenile. The judge, however, may fix a reasonable time to be allowed for the purpose of testing the legality of the proceeding.

SECTION 314. 938.991 (5) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

938.991 (5) (am) Upon reasonable information that a person is a delinquent juvenile who has absconded while on probation; extended supervision or parole, or escaped from an institution or agency vested with legal custody or supervision of the person in any state party to this compact, the person may be taken into custody in any other state party to this compact without a requisition. In that event, the person must be taken forthwith before a judge of the appropriate court, who may appoint counsel or guardian ad litem for the person and who shall determine, after a hearing, whether sufficient cause exists to hold the person subject to the order of the court for a time, not exceeding 90 days, as will enable the person's detention under a detention order issued on a requisition pursuant to this subsection. If, at the time when a state seeks the return of a delinquent juvenile who has either absconded while on probation extended supervision or parole or escaped from an institution or agency vested with legal custody or supervision of the delinquent juvenile, there is pending in the state wherein the delinquent juvenile is detained any criminal charge or any proceeding to have the delinquent juvenile adjudicated a delinquent juvenile for an act committed in that state, or if the delinquent juvenile is suspected of having committed within such state a criminal offense or an act of juvenile delinquency, the delinquent juvenile shall not be returned without the consent of that state until discharged from prosecution or other form of proceeding, imprisonment, detention or supervision for such offense or juvenile delinquency. The duly accredited officers of any state party to this compact, upon the establishment of the officers' authority and the identity of the delinquent juvenile being returned, shall be permitted to transport the delinquent juvenile through any and all states party to this compact, without interference. Upon the return of the delinquent juvenile to the state from which the delinquent juvenile escaped or absconded, the delinquent juvenile shall

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

be subject to such further proceedings as may be appropriate under the laws of that state.

SECTION 315. 938.991 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.991 (6) ARTICLE VI - VOLUNTARY RETURN PROCEDURE. That any delinquent جاثالاه juvenile who has absconded while on probation<del>, <u>extended supervision</u> or parole, or</del> escaped from an institution or agency vested with legal custody or supervision of the delinquent juvenile in any state party to this compact, and any juvenile who has run away from any state party to this compact, who is taken into custody without a requisition in another state party to this compact under sub. (4) (a) or (5) (a), may consent to his or her immediate return to the state from which the juvenile or delinquent juvenile absconded, escaped or ran away. Consent shall be given by the juvenile or delinquent juvenile and his or her counsel or guardian ad litem, if any, by executing or subscribing a writing, in the presence of a judge of the appropriate court, which states that the juvenile or delinquent juvenile and his or her counsel or guardian ad litem, if any, consent to the return of the juvenile or delinquent juvenile to the demanding state. Before the consent shall be executed or subscribed, however, the judge, in the presence of counsel or guardian ad litem, if any, shall inform the juvenile or delinquent juvenile of his or her rights under this compact. When the consent has been duly executed, it shall be forwarded to and filed with the compact administrator of the state in which the court is located and the judge shall direct the officer having the juvenile or delinquent juvenile in custody to deliver the juvenile or delinquent juvenile to the duly accredited officer or officers of the state demanding the return of the juvenile or delinquent juvenile, and shall cause to be delivered to the officer or officers a copy of the consent. The court may, however, upon the request of the state to which the juvenile or delinquent juvenile is being returned, order the

juvenile or delinquent juvenile to return unaccompanied to that state and shall provide the juvenile or delinquent juvenile with a copy of the court order; in that event a copy of the consent shall be forwarded to the compact administrator of the state to which the juvenile or delinquent juvenile is ordered to return.

SECTION 316. 938.991 (7) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

strike

938.991 **(7)** (title) Article VII – Cooperative Supervision of Probationers.

Strike

ERSONS ON EXTENDED SUPERVISION AND PAROLEES.

SECTION 317. 938.991 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

authorities of a state party to this compact (herein called "sending state") may permit any delinquent juvenile within such state, placed on probation, extended supervision or parole, to reside in any other state party to this compact (herein called "receiving state") while on probation, extended supervision or parole, and the receiving state shall accept such delinquent juvenile, if the parent, guardian or person entitled to the legal custody of such delinquent juvenile is residing or undertakes to reside within the receiving state. Before granting such permission, opportunity shall be given to the receiving state to make such investigations as it deems necessary. The authorities of the sending state shall send to the authorities of the receiving state copies of pertinent court orders, social case studies and all other available information which may be of value to and assist the receiving state in supervising a probationer where the supervision under this compact.

A receiving state, in its discretion, may agree to accept supervision of a probationer parolee or person under extended supervision in cases where the parent, guardian

or person entitled to legal custody of the delinquent juvenile is not a resident of the

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

199

20

21

22

23

24

25

receiving state, and if so accepted the sending state may transfer supervision accordingly.

SECTION 318. 938.991 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.991 (7) (b) That each receiving state will assume the duties of visitation and of supervision over any such delinquent juvenile and in the exercise of those duties will be governed by the same standards of visitation and supervision that prevail for its own delinquent juveniles released on probation, extended supervision or parole.

**SECTION 319.** 938.991 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.991 (7) (c) That, after consultation between the appropriate authorities of the sending state and of the receiving state as to the desirability and necessity of returning such a delinquent juvenile, the duly accredited officers of a sending state may enter a receiving state and there apprehend and retake any such delinquent d supervision or parole. For that purpose, no juvenile on probation, extended formalities will be required, other than establishing the authority of the officer and the identity of the delinquent juvenile to be retaken and returned. The decision of the sending state to retake a delinquent juvenile on probation extende or parole shall be conclusive upon and not reviewable within the receiving state, but if, at the time the sending state seeks to retake a delinquent juvenile on probation, supervision or parole, there is pending against the delinquent juvenile within the receiving state any criminal charge or any proceeding to have the delinquent juvenile adjudicated a delinquent juvenile for any act committed in that state, or if the delinquent juvenile is suspected of having committed within that state a criminal offense or an act of juvenile delinquency, the delinquent juvenile shall not be returned without the consent of the receiving state until discharged from

2

(16)

prosecution or other form of proceeding, imprisonment, detention or supervision for such offense or juvenile delinquency. The duly accredited officers of the sending state shall be permitted to transport delinquent juveniles being so returned through any and all states party to this compact, without interference.

**SECTION 320.** 938.991 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.991 (14) ARTICLE XIV - RENUNCIATION. That this compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each executing state until renounced by it. Renunciation of this compact shall be by the same authority which executed it, by sending 6 months notice in writing of its intention to withdraw from the compact to the other states party hereto. The duties and obligations of a renouncing state under sub. (7) shall continue as to parolees with probationers and persons on extended strike supervision residing therein at the time of withdrawal until retaken or finally discharged. Supplementary agreements entered into under sub. (10) shall be subject to renunciation as provided by such supplementary agreements, and shall not be subject to the 6 months' renunciation notice of the present Article.

SECTION 321. 938.993 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 35, is amended to read:

938.993 (2) The compact administrator shall determine for this state whether strike to receive juvenile probationers parolees and persons on extended supervision of other states under s. 938.991 (7) and shall arrange for the supervision of each such probationers parolee or person on extended supervision received, either by the department or by a person appointed to perform supervision service for the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 for the county where the juvenile is to reside, whichever is more convenient. Those persons shall in all

Fix component such cases make periodic reports to the compact administrator regarding the conduct and progress of the juveniles.

SECTION 322. 939.50 (3) (b) of the statutes is amounded to read:

939.50 (3) (b) For a Class B felony, imprisonment not to exceed (40) way years.

5 Fix component

4

SECTION 323. 939.50 (3) (bc) of the statutes is amended to read:

939.50 (3) (bc) For a Class BC felony, a fine not to exceed \$10,000 or imprisonment not to exceed 20 physears, or both.

Fix component

SECTION 324. 939.50 (3) (c) of the statutes is paragraph to read:

939.50 (3) (c) For a Class C felony, a fine not to exceed \$10,000 or imprisonment not to exceed \$10,000 or imprisonment not to exceed \$10,000 or imprisonment.

Gentlement Section 325. 939.50 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

939.50 (3) (d) For a Class D felony, a fine not to exceed \$10,000 or imprisonment not to exceed \$20,000 or imprisonment years, or both.

14) Fix component

SECTION 326. 939.50 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

939.50 (3) (e) For a Class E felony, a fine not to exceed \$10,000 or imprisonment not to exceed 2 myears, or both.

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

15

16

Section 327. 939.62 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

939.62 (2m) (b) The actor is a persistent repeater if he or she has been convicted of a serious felony on 2 or more separate occasions at any time preceding the serious felony for which he or she presently is being sentenced under ch. 973, which convictions remain of record and unreversed and, that of the 2 or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the date of violation of at least one of the other felonies for which the actor was previously convicted. It is immaterial that the sentence for a previous conviction was stayed, withheld or suspended, or that he or she was pardoned, unless the pardon was granted on the

The term of imprisonment for the felony for which the ground of innocence.  $\mathbf{2}$ persistent repeater presently is being sentenced under ch. 973 is life imprisonment 3 without the possibility of parole <u>or extended supervision</u> **Section 328.** 940.20 (2m) (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 5 940.20 (2m) (title) Battery to probation Extended 6 AGENTS AND AFTERCARE AGENTS. SECTION 329. 940.20 (2m) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:  $\mathbf{7}$ 8 940.20 (2m) (a) 2. "Probation extended supervision and parole agent" means any person authorized by the department of corrections to exercise control over a 9 10 probationer parolee or person on extended supervision **SECTION 330.** 940.20 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 strike camma 940.20 (2m) (b) Whoever intentionally causes bodily harm to a probation. supervision and parole agent or an aftercare agent, acting in an official strike comma capacity and the person knows or has reason to know that the victim is a probation, pervision and parole agent or an aftercare agent, by an act done without 16 the consent of the person so injured, is guilty of a Class D felony. SECTION 331. 942.06 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 17 18 942.06 (2m) (a) An employe or agent of the department of corrections who conducts a lie detector test of a probationer parolee eg **1**9 strike supervision under the rules promulgated under s. 301.132. 20 SECTION 332. 942.06 (2q) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 21 22 942.06 (2q) (a) (intro.) An employe or agent of the department of corrections who discloses, to any of the following, the fact that a probationer parolee or be on extended supervision has had a lie detector test under the rules promulgated 25 under s. 301.132 or the results of such a lie detector test:

strike

1

2

3

**4** 5

6

8

7

9

10

11

12

(13)

(14)

proof W/STUTS

Please

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24)

25

**SECTION 333.** 946.42 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

946.42 (1) (a) "Custody" includes without limitation actual custody of an institution, including a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), a secure detention facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (16), a Type 2 child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (19r), or a juvenile portion of a county jail, or of a peace officer or institution guard and constructive custody of prisoners and juveniles subject to an order under s. 48.366, 938.183, 938.34 (4d), (4h) or (4m) or 938.357 (4) or (5) (e) temporarily outside the institution whether for the purpose of work, school, medical care, a leave granted under s. 303.068, a temporary leave or furlough granted to a juvenile or otherwise. Under s. 303.08 (6) it means, without limitation, that of the sheriff of the county to which the prisoner was transferred after conviction. It does not include the custody of a probationer parolee or person o tended supervision by the strike ed supervision or parole officer or department of corrections or a probation extended the custody of a person who has been released to aftercare supervision under ch. 938 unless the person is in actual custody or is subject to a confinement order under s. 973.09 (4).

**SECTION 334.** 946.46 of the statutes is amended to read:

946.46 (title) Encouraging violation of probation extended strike supervision or parole. Whoever intentionally aids or encourages a parolee of probationer or person on extended supervision or any person committed to the custody or supervision of the department of corrections or a county department under s. 46.215, 46.22 or 46.23 by reason of crime or delinquency to abscond or violate a term or condition of parole extended supervision or probation is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

component

20

21component 22

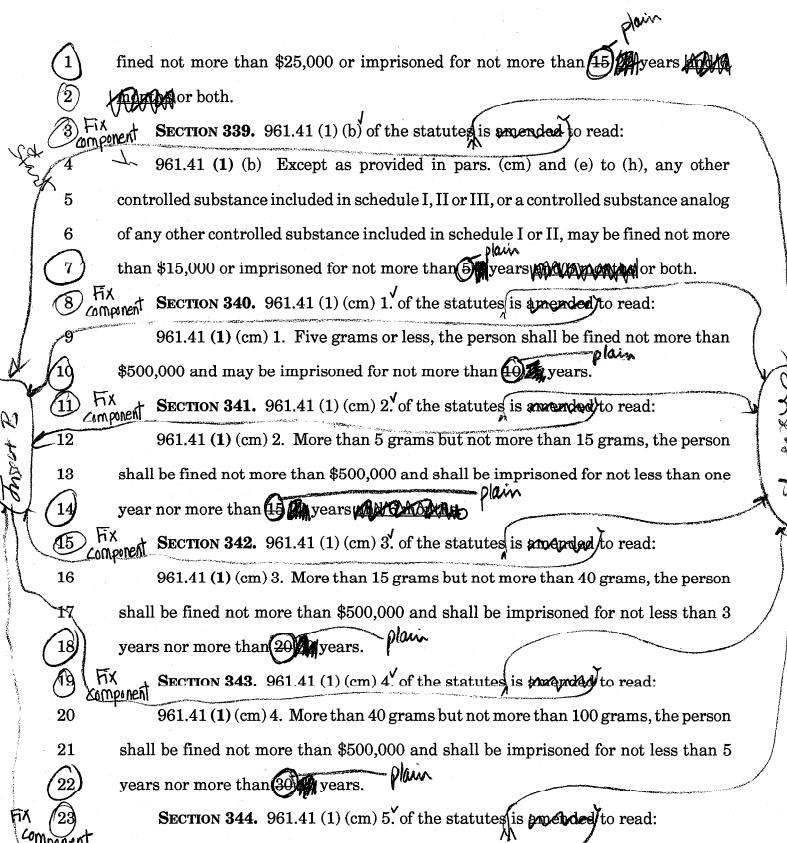
23

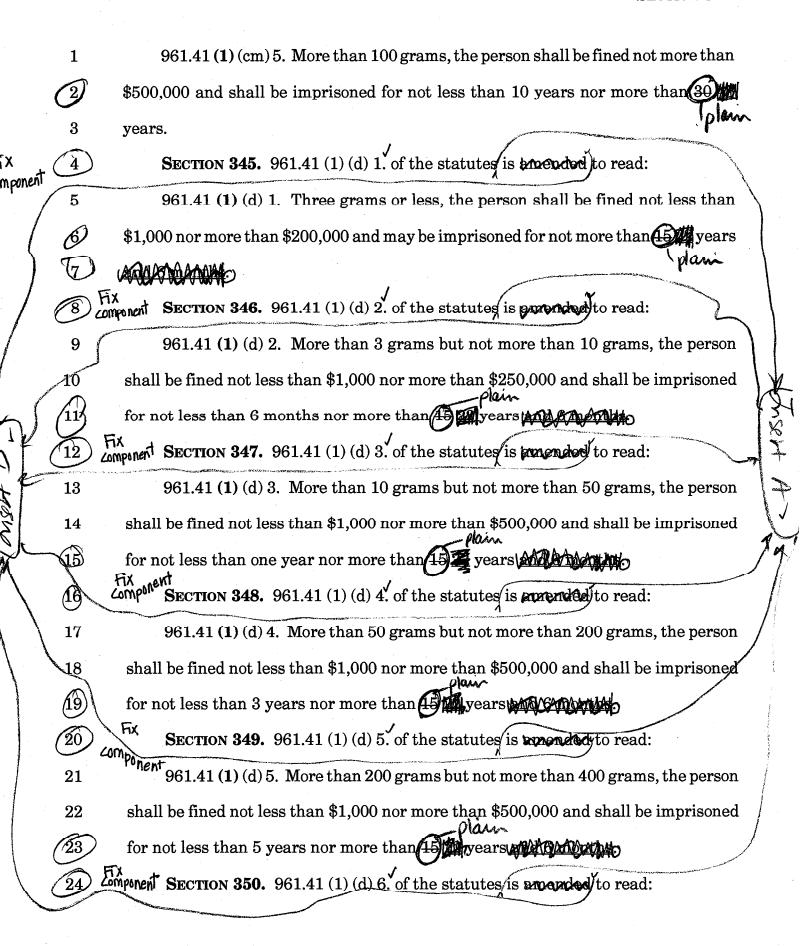
24

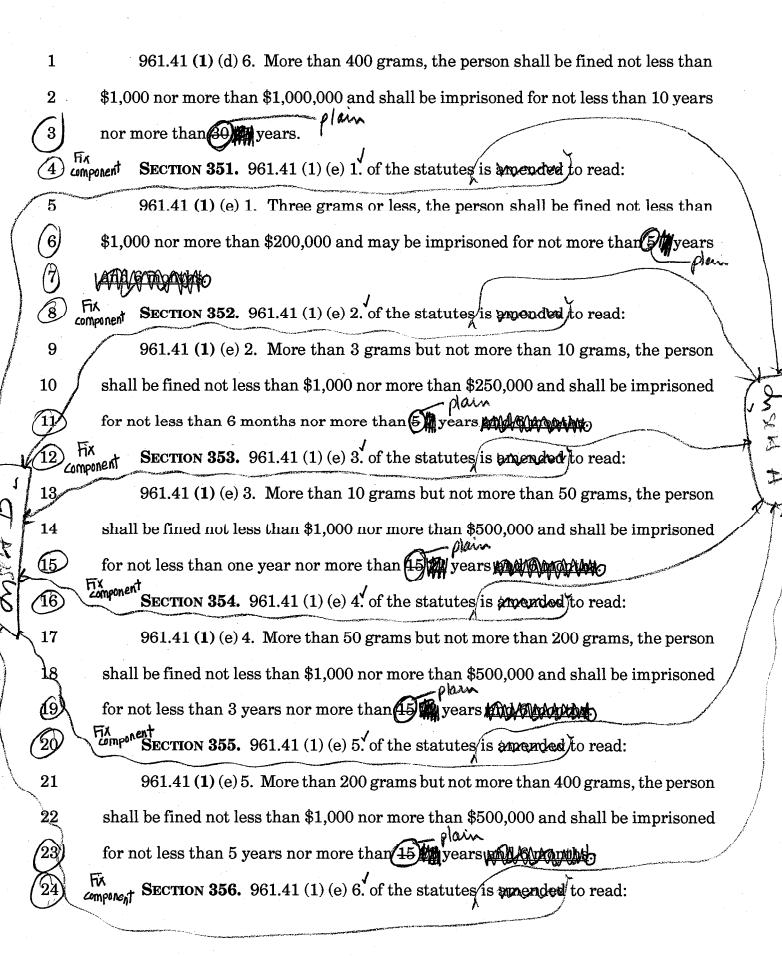
SECTION 338. 961.41 (1) (a) of the statutes is peneaded to read:

that petition under s. 302.114 (6)

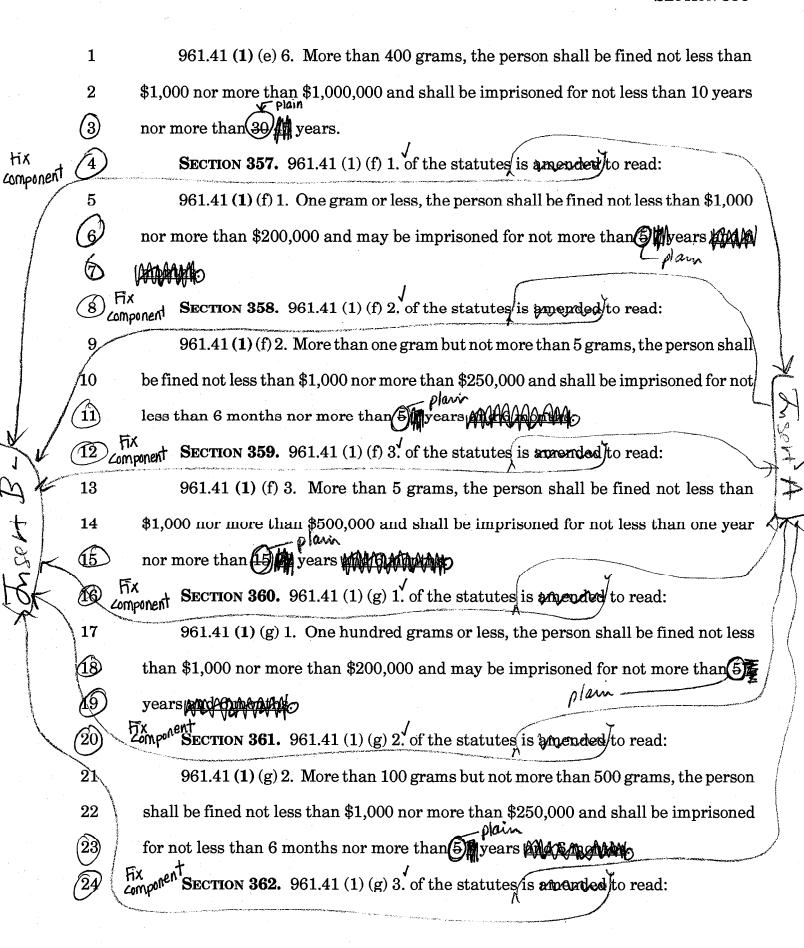
961.41 (1) (a) Except as provided in par. (d), a controlled substance included in schedule I or II which is a narcotic drug, or a controlled substance analog of a controlled substance included in schedule I or II which is a narcotic drug, may be

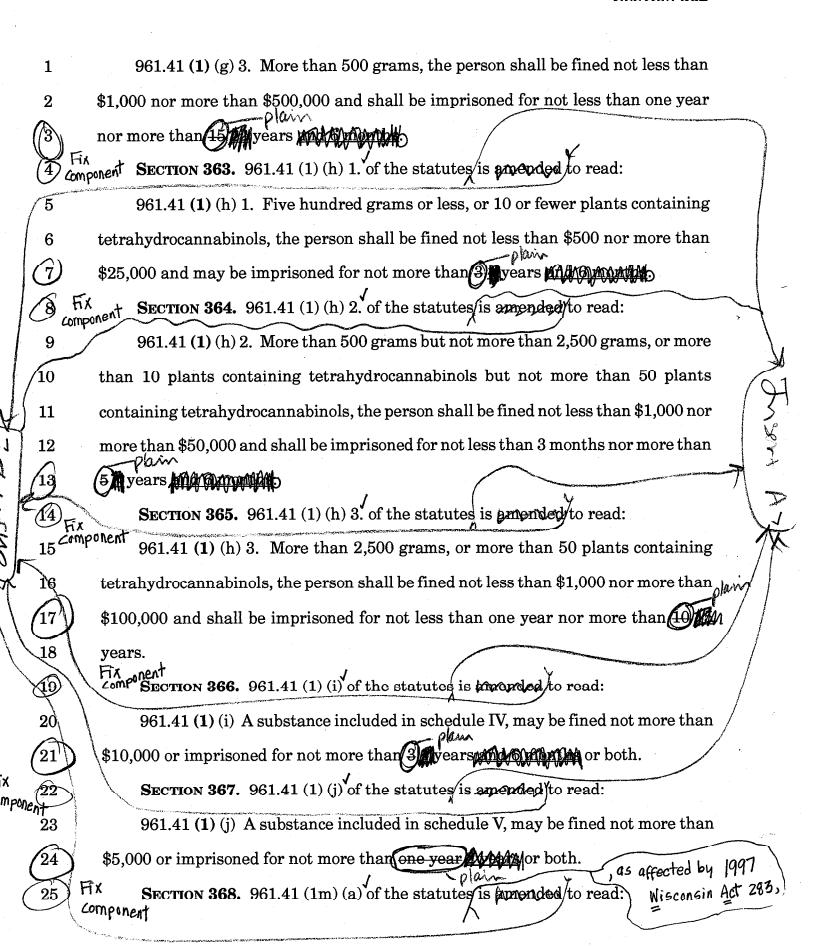






ΗX

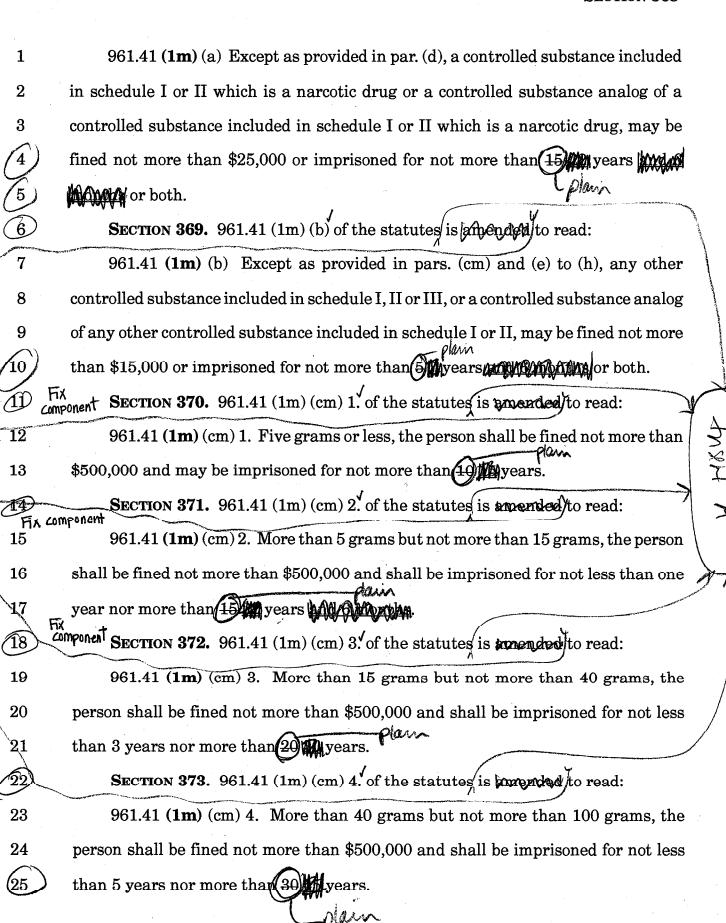


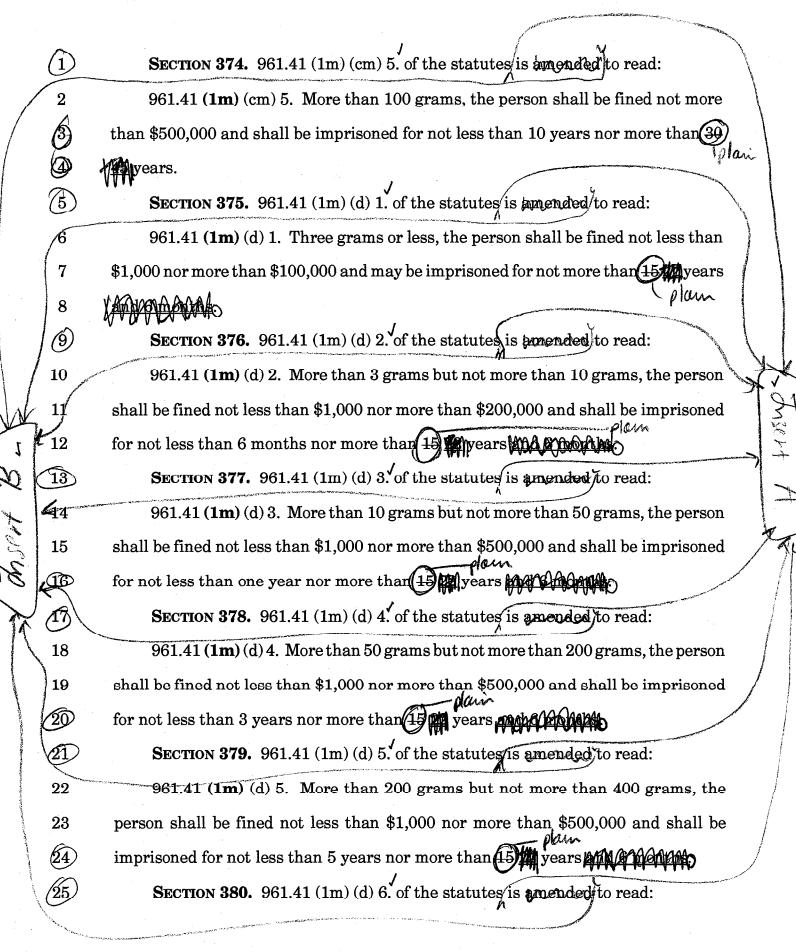


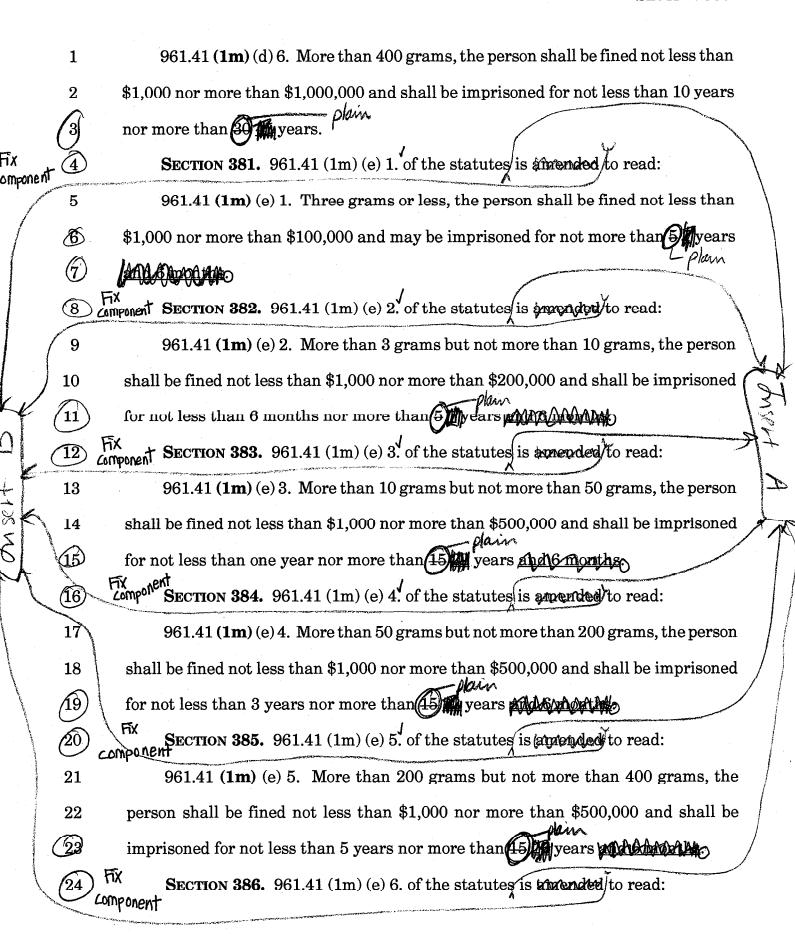
Fix component

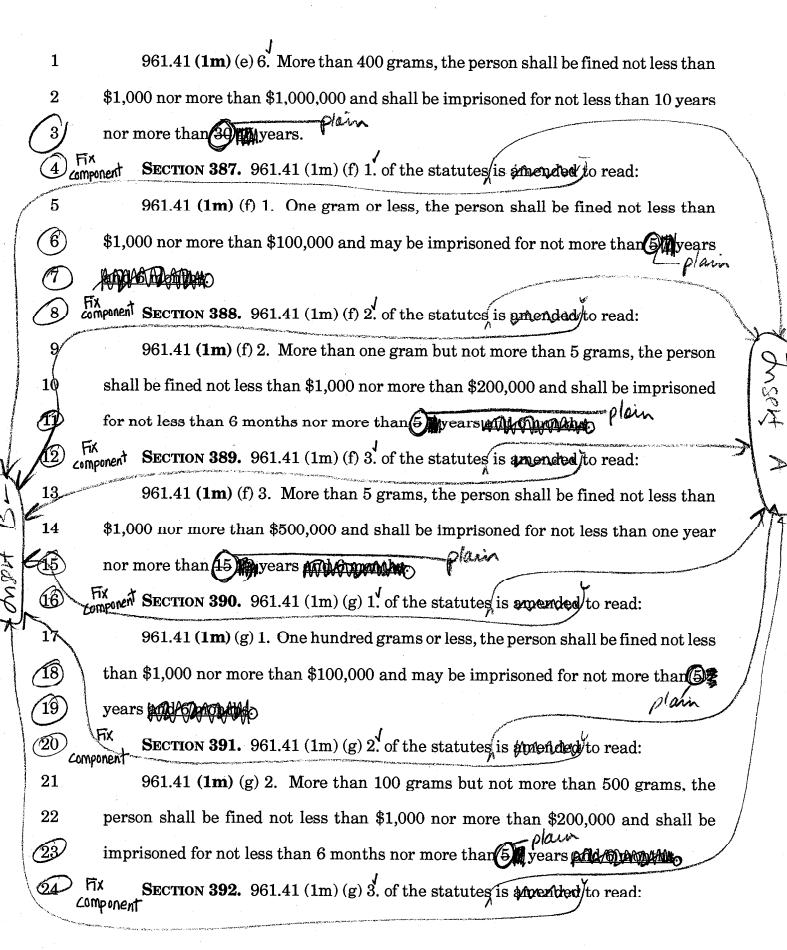
ロナダナロ

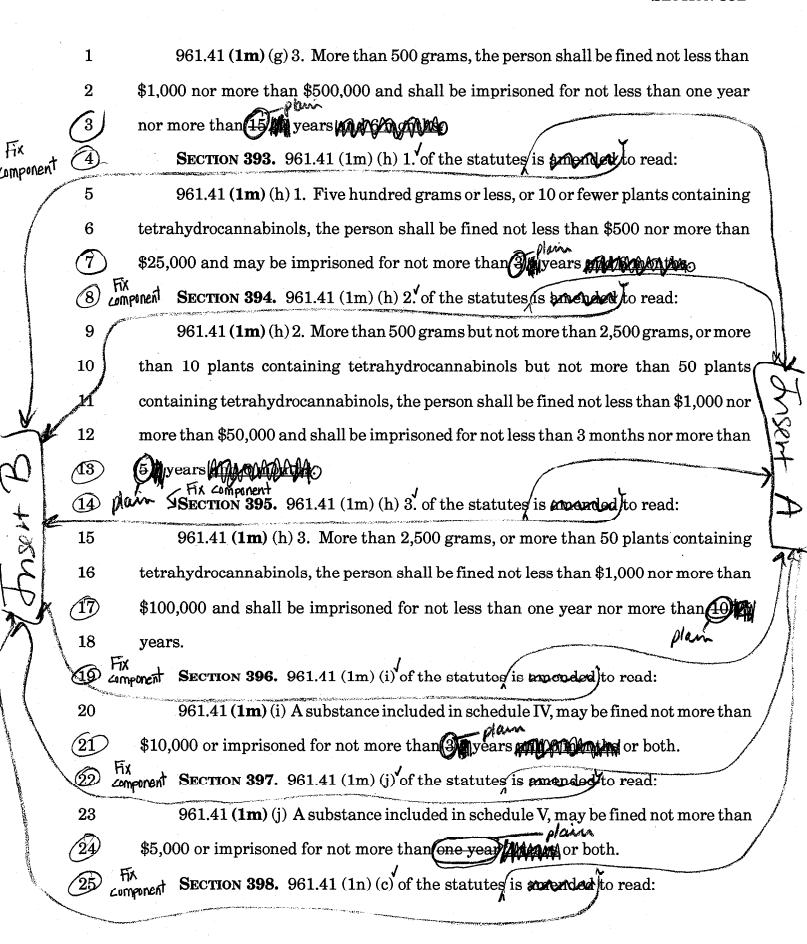
fix Component

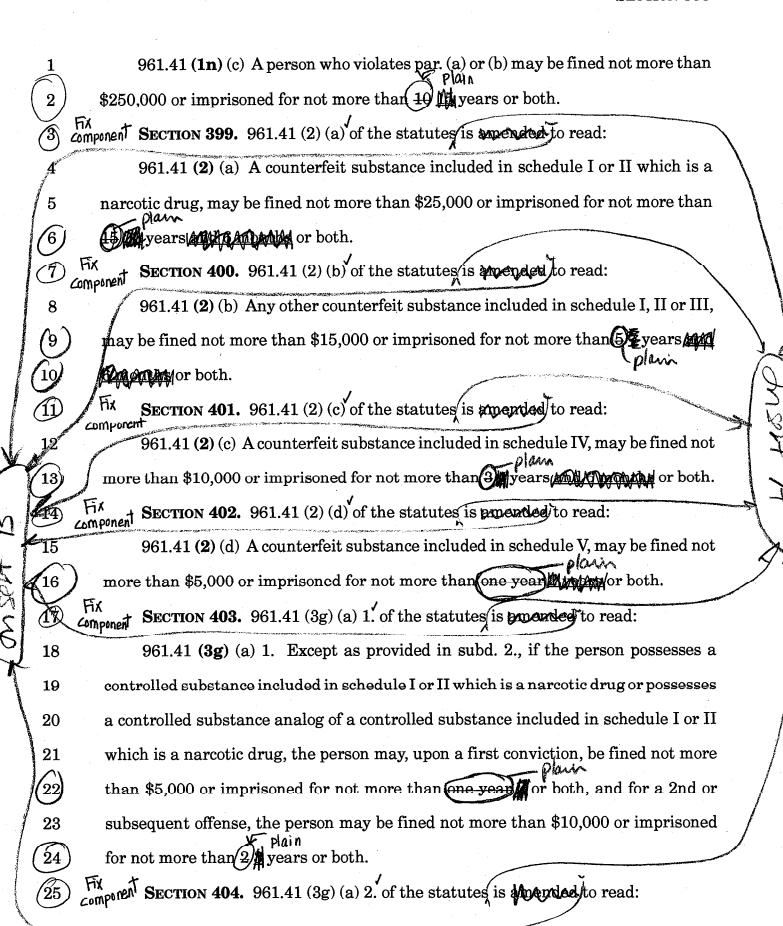


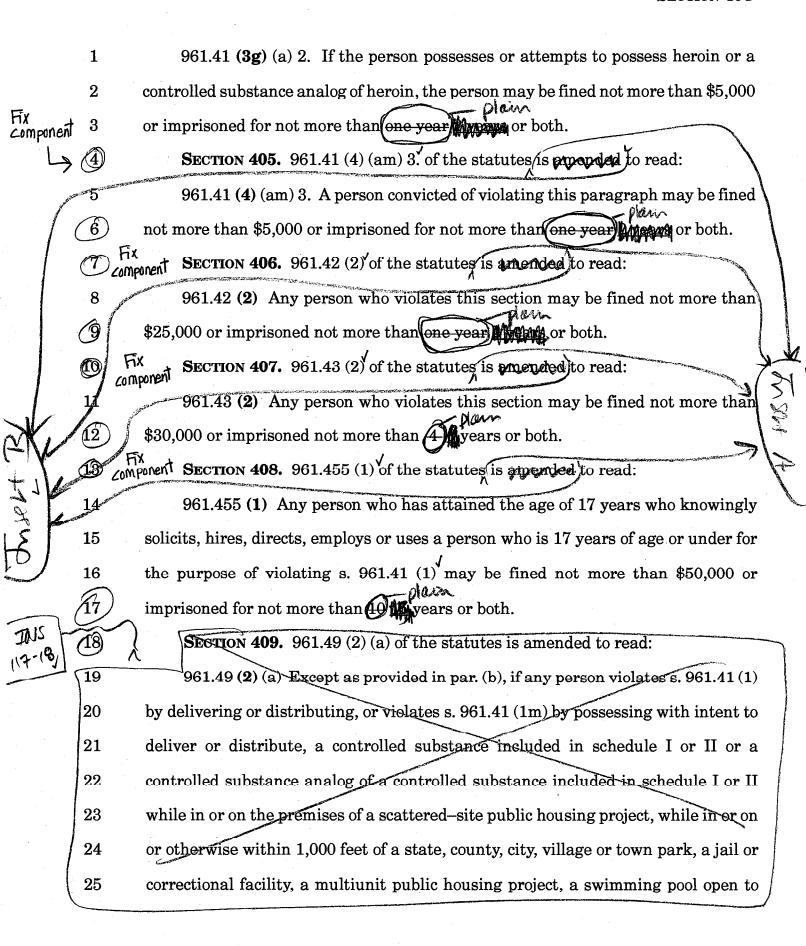












2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

20

21

24

**2**5

members of the public, a youth center or a community center, while in or on or otherwise within 1,000 feet of any private or public school premises or while in or on or otherwise within 1,000 feet of a school bus, as defined in s. 340.01 (56), the court shall sentence the person to at least 3 years in prison, but otherwise the penalties for the crime apply. Except as provided in s. 961.438, the court shall not place the person on probation. Provided in s. 961.438, the court shall not place the person on probation. Provided in s. 973.01 (6), the person is not eligible for parole until he or she has served at least 3 years, with no modification by the calculation under s. 302.11 (1).

**SECTION 410.** 961.49 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.49 (2) (b) If the conduct described in par. (a) involves only the delivery or distribution, or the possession with intent to deliver or distribute, of not more than 25 grams of tetrahydrocannabinols, included in s. 961.14 (4) (t), or not more than 5 plants containing tetrahydrocannabinols, the court shall sentence the person to at least one year in prison, but otherwise the penalties for the crime apply. Except as provided in s. 961.438, the court shall not place the person on probation. The approvided in s. 973.61 (6), the person is not eligible for parole until he or she has served at least one year, with no modification by the calculation under s. 302.11 (1).

SECTION 411. 968.31 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

968.31 (1) (intro.) Except as otherwise specifically provided in ss. 196.63 or

968.28 to 968.30, whoever commits any of the acts enumerated in this section may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than \$20,000 years

Truck AV

29 MANAMOR both:

23 Fix component Section 412. 968.34 (3) of the statutes is amonded to read:

968.34 (3) Whoever knowingly violates sub. (1) shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year which or both.

- plan

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

SECTION 413. 968.43 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 1996 Supreme actual [1997 Wisconsin Let 283]

968.43 (3) Any person who violates an oath or affirmation required by sub. (2)

may be imprisoned for not more than we wears with the state of the s

**SECTION 414.** 969.01 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

969.01 (4) Considerations in setting conditions of release. If bail is imposed. it shall be only in the amount found necessary to assure the appearance of the defendant. Conditions of release, other than monetary conditions, may be imposed for the purpose of protecting members of the community from serious bodily harm or preventing intimidation of witnesses. Proper considerations in determining whether to release the defendant without bail, fixing a reasonable amount of bail or imposing other reasonable conditions of release are: the ability of the arrested person to give bail, the nature, number and gravity of the offenses and the potential penalty the defendant faces, whether the alleged acts were violent in nature, the defendant's prior record of criminal convictions and delinquency adjudications, if any, the character, health, residence and reputation of the defendant, the character and strength of the evidence which has been presented to the judge, whether the defendant is currently on probation extend d-supervision or parole, whether the defendant is already on bail or subject to other release conditions in other pending cases, whether the defendant has been bound over for trial after a preliminary examination, whether the defendant has in the past forfeited bail or violated a condition of release or was a fugitive from justice at the time of arrest, and the policy against unnecessary detention of the defendant's pending trial.

**SECTION 415.** 971.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

<u>(11</u>)

12

13

14

1/5

17

18

19

20

21

**2**3

24

971.11 (1) Whenever the warden or superintendent receives notice of an untried criminal case pending in this state against an inmate of a state prison, the warden or superintendent shall, at the request of the inmate, send by certified mail a written request to the district attorney for prompt disposition of the case. The request shall state the sentence then being served, the date of parole eligibility, if applicable, or the date of release to extended supervision, the approximate discharge or conditional release date, and prior decision relating to parole. If there has been no preliminary examination on the pending case, the request shall state whether the inmate waives such examination, and, if so, shall be accompanied by a written waiver signed by the inmate.

SECTION 416. 972.13 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

972.13 (6) The following forms may be used for judgments:

STATE OF WISCONSIN

.... County

In.... Court

The State of Wisconsin

vs.

....(Name of defendant)

UPON ALL THE FILES, RECORDS AND PROCEEDINGS,

IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant has been convicted upon the defendant's plea of guilty (not guilty and a verdict of guilty) (not guilty and a finding of guilty) (no contest) on the .... day of ...., 19..., of the crime of .... in violation of s.....; and the court having asked the defendant whether the defendant has anything to state why sentence should not be pronounced, and no sufficient grounds to the contrary being shown or appearing to the court.

1	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is guilty as convicted.
2	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is hereby committed to the Wisconsin
3	state prisons (county jail of county) for an indeterminate term of not more than
4	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is ordered to serve a bifurcated
<b>(5)</b>	sentence consisting of year(s) of confinement in prison and months/years of
6	extended supervision.
7	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is placed in the intensive sanctions
8	program subject to the limitations of section 973.032 (3) of the Wisconsin Statutes
9	and the following conditions:
10	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is hereby committed to detention in
11	(the defendant's place of residence or place designated by judge) for a term of not
12	more than
13	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is ordered to pay a fine of \$ (and the
14	costs of this action).
15	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant pay restitution to
16	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is restricted in his or her use of
17	computers as follows:
18	*The at is designated as the Reception Center to which the defendant shall
19	be delivered by the sheriff.
20	*IT IS ORDERED That the clerk deliver a duplicate original of this judgment
21	to the sheriff who shall forthwith execute the same and deliver it to the warden.
22	Dated this day of, 19
23	BY THE COURT
24	Date of Offense,
25	District Attorney,
-	

report for correctional programming, parole consideration or care and treatment of

any person sentenced to imprisonment or the intensive sanctions program, placed

lease proof w/stat

24

25

Please proof W/stats

3

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

**17** 

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Fix

strike on probation, released on parole-or extended supervision or committed to the department under ch. 51 or 971 or any other person in the custody of the department or for research purposes. The department may make the report available to other agencies or persons to use for purposes related to correctional programming, parole consideration, care and treatment, or research. Any use of the report under this subsection is subject to the following conditions: repealed.

SECTION 419. 973.01 of the statutes is created to reach (

Bifurcated sentence of imprisonment and extended 973.01 supervision. (1) BIFURCATED SENTENCE REQUIRED. Except as provided in sub. (3), whenever a court sentences a person to imprisonment in the Wisconsin state prisons for a felony committed on or after December 31, 1999, the court shall impose a bifurcated sentence that consists of a term of confinement in prison followed by a term of extended supervision under s. 302.113.

- STRUCTURE OF BIFURCATED SENTENCES. The court shall ensure that a bifurcated sentence imposed under sub. (1) complies with all of the following:
- (a) Total length of bifurcated sentence. Except as provided in par. (c), the total length of the bifurcated sentence may not exceed the maximum period of imprisonment for the felony.
- (b) Imprisonment portion of bifurcated sentence. The portion of the bifurcated sentence that imposes a term of confinement in prison may not be less than one year, subject to any minimum sentence prescribed for the felony, and, except as provided in par. (c), may not exceed whichever of the following is applicable:
- 1. For a Class B felony, the term of confinement in prison may not exceed 40 years.

1	2. For a Class BC felony, the term of confinement in prison may not exceed 20
2	years.
3	3. For a Class C felony, the term of confinement in prison may not exceed 10
4	years.
5	4. For a Class D felony, the term of confinement in prison may not exceed 5
6	years.
7	5. For a Class E felony, the term of confinement in prison may not exceed 2
8	years.
9	6. For any felony other than a felony specified in subds. 1. to 5., the term of
10	confinement in prison may not exceed 75% of the total length of the bifurcated
11	sentence.
12	(c) Penalty enhancement. The maximum term of confinement in prison
13	specified in par. (b) may be increased by any applicable penalty enhancement. If the
14	maximum term of confinement in prison specified in par. (b) is increased under this
15	paragraph, the total length of the bifurcated sentence that may be imposed is
16	increased by the same amount.
17	(d) Minimum term of extended supervision. The term of extended supervision
18	that follows the term of confinement in prison may not be less than 25% of the length
19	of the term of confinement in prison imposed under par. (b).
20	(3) Nor Applicable to life sentences. If a person is being sentenced for a felony
21	that is punishable by life imprisonment, he or she is not subject to this section but
22	shall be sentenced under s. 973.014 (1g).
23	(3m) CHALLENGE INCARCERATION PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY. When imposing a
24	bifurcated sentence under this section on a person convicted of a crime other than
25	a crime specified in ch. 940 or s. 948.02, 948.025, 948.03, 948.05, 948.055, 948.06,

948.07, 948.08 or 948.095, the court shall, as part of the exercise of its sentencing
discretion, decide whether the person being sentenced is eligible or ineligible for the
challenge incarceration program under s. 302.045 during the term of confinement in
prison portion of the bifurcated sentence.
(4) No good time; extension or reduction of term of imprisonment. A person
sentenced to a bifurcated sentence under sub. (1) shall serve the term of confinement
in prison portion of the sentence without reduction for good behavior. The term of
confinement in prison portion is subject to extension under s. 302.113 (3) and, if
applicable, to reduction under s. 302.045 (3m).
(5) EXTENDED SUPERVISION CONDITIONS. Whenever the court imposes a
bifurcated sentence under sub. (1), the court may impose conditions upon the term
of extended supervision.
(6) No parole. A person serving a bifurcated sentence imposed under sub. (1)
is not eligible for release on parole.
(7) No discharge The department of corrections may not discharge a person
who is serving a bifurcated sentence from custody, control and supervision until the
person has served the entire bifurcated sentence.
(8) EXPLANATION OF SENTENCE. (a) When a court imposes a bifurcated sentence
under this section, it shall explain, orally and in writing, all of the following to the
person being sentenced:
1. The total length of the bifurcated sentence.

2. The amount of time the person will serve in prison under the term of

confinement in prison portion of the sentence.

3. The amount of time the person will spend on extended super	vision, assuming
that the person does not commit any act that results in the extension	on of the term of
confinement in prison under s. 302.113 (3).	and the state of t

- 4. That the amount of time the person must actually serve in prison may be extended as provided under s. 302.113 (3) and that because of extensions under s. 302.113 (3) the person could serve the entire bifurcated sentence in prison.
- 5. That the person will be subject to certain conditions while on release to extended supervision, and that violation of any of those conditions may result in the person being returned to prison, as provided under s. 302.113 (9).
- (am) If the court provides under sub. (3m) that the person is eligible for the challenge incarceration program, the court shall also inform the person of the provisions of s. 302.045 (3m).
- (b) The court's explanation under par. (a) 3. of a person's potential period of extended supervision does not create a right to a minimum period of extended supervision.

SECTION 420. 973.013(1)(b) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.013 (1) (b) The Except as provided in 5.978.01, the sentence shall have the effect of a sentence at hard labor for the maximum term fixed by the court, subject to the power of actual release from confinement by parole by the department or by pardon as provided by law. If a person is sentenced for a definite time for an offense for which the person may be sentenced under this section, the person is in legal effect sentenced as required by this section, said definite time being the maximum period. A defendant convicted of a crime for which the minimum penalty is life shall be sentenced for life.

**Section 421.** 973.013 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.013 (2) Upon the recommendation of the department, the governor may, without the procedure required by ch. 304, discharge absolutely, or upon such conditions and restrictions and under such limitation as the governor thinks proper, any inmate committed to the Wisconsin state prisons after he or she has served the minimum term of punishment prescribed by law for the offense for which he or she was sentenced, except that if the term was life imprisonment, 5 years must elapse thinks after release on parole or extended supervision before such a recommendation can be made to the governor. The discharge has the effect of an absolute or conditional pardon, respectively.

**SECTION 422.** 973.0135 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.0135 (2) (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (3), when a court sentences a prior offender to imprisonment in a state prison for a serious felony committed on or after April 21, 1994, but before December 31. 1999, the court shall make a parole eligibility determination regarding the person and choose one of the following options:

SECTION 423. 973.014 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.014 (title) Sentence of life imprisonment; parole eligibility strike determination; extended supervision eligibility determination period

SECTION 424. 973.014 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.014 (1) (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (2), when a court sentences a plain common strike person to life imprisonment for a crime committed on or after July 1, 1988, but before December 31, 1999—the court shall make a parole eligibility determination regarding the person and choose one of the following options:

**SECTION 425.** 973.014 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

8

10 11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

Please proof W/stat

24 25

973.014(1)(c) The person is not eligible for parole. This paragraph applies only if the court sentences a person for a crime committed on or after August 31, 1995; but

SECTION 426. 973.014 (1g) of the statutes is created to read (

973.014 (1g) (a) Except as provided in sub. (2), when a court sentences a person

to life imprisonment for a crime committed on or after December 31, 1999, the court shall make an extended supervision eligibility date determination regarding the person and choose one of the following options:

- 1. The person is eligible for release to extended supervision after serving 20 years.
- 2. The person is eligible for release to extended supervision on a date set by the court. Under this subdivision, the court may set any later date than that provided in subd. 1., but may not set a date that occurs before the earliest possible date under subd. 1.
  - 3. The person is not eligible for release to extended supervision.
- (b) When sentencing a person to life imprisonment under par. (a), the court shall inform the person of the provisions of s. 302.114 (3) and the procedure for petitioning under s. 302.114 (5) for release to extended supervision.
- A person sentenced to life imprisonment under par. (a) is not eligible for *r*elease on parole.

**Section 427.** 973.014 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.014 (2) When a court sentences a person to life imprisonment under s. 939.62 (2m), the court shall provide that the sentence is without the possibility of parole <u>or ex</u>

**SECTION 428.** 973.032 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

6

7

8

9

10

(11)

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

973.032 (1) SENTENCE. Beginning July 1, 1992, a court may sentence a person strike who is convicted of a felony occurring on or after August 15, 1991, but before Strike

December 31, 1999, to participate in the intensive sanctions program under s.

301.048. If a person is convicted of a felony occurring on or after December 31, 1999, strike

accurt may not sentence the person to participate in the intensive sanctions program strike.

under s. 301.048.

**SECTION 429.** 973.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.10 (1) Imposition of probation shall have the effect of placing the defendant in the custody of the department and shall subject the defendant to the control of the department under conditions set by the court and rules and regulations established by the department for the supervision of probationers and parolees and persons encorporated supervision.

**SECTION 430.** 973.15 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

program consecutive to any other sentence. The court may not impose a sentence to the intensive sanctions program concurrent with a sentence imposing imprisonment, except that the court may impose a sentence to the program concurrent with an imposed and stayed imprisonment sentence or with a prison sentence for which the offender has been released on extended supervision or parole. The court may impose concurrent intensive sanctions program sentences. The court may impose an intensive sanctions program sentence to the intensive sanctions program concurrent with the sentence to the intensive sanctions program.

**SECTION 431.** 973.15 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

20)

973.15 (6) Sections 302.11 and 304.06 are applicable to an inmate serving a sentence to the Wisconsin state prisons for a crime committed before stake.

December 31, 1999, but confined in a federal institution or an institution in another state.

**SECTION 432.** 973.155 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.155 (1) (b) The categories in par. (a) include custody of the convicted offender which is in whole or in part the result of a probation extended supervision or parole hold under s. 304.06 (3) or 973.10 (2) placed upon the person for the same course of conduct as that resulting in the new conviction.

SECTION 433. 973.155 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.155 (2) After the imposition of sentence, the court shall make and enter a specific finding of the number of days for which sentence credit is to be granted, which finding shall be included in the judgment of conviction. In the case of revocation of probation, extended supervision or parole, the department, if the hearing is waived, or the division of hearings and appeals in the department of administration, in the case of a hearing, shall make such a finding, which shall be included in the revocation order.

**SECTION 434.** 973.155 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.155 (5) If this section has not been applied at sentencing to any person who is in custody or to any person who is on probation extended supervision or parole, the person may petition the department to be given credit under this section. Upon proper verification of the facts alleged in the petition, this section shall be applied retroactively to the person. If the department is unable to determine whether credit should be given, or otherwise refuses to award retroactive credit, the person may

(10

13/

petition the sentencing court for relief. This subsection applies to any person, regardless of the date he or she was sentenced.

**SECTION 435.** 973.20 (1r) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.20 (1r) When imposing sentence or ordering probation for any crime for which the defendant was convicted, the court, in addition to any other penalty authorized by law, shall order the defendant to make full or partial restitution under this section to any victim of a crime considered at sentencing or, if the victim is deceased, to his or her estate, unless the court finds substantial reason not to do so and states the reason on the record. Restitution ordered under this section is a condition of probation extended supervision or parole served by the defendant for a crime for which the defendant was convicted. After the termination of probation states a crime for which the defendant was convicted. After the termination of probation of probation or parole, or if the defendant is not placed on probation.

SECTION 436. 973.20 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.20 (10) The court may require that restitution be paid immediately, within a specified period or in specified instalments. If the defendant is placed on probation or sentenced to imprisonment, the end of a specified period shall not be later than the end of any period of probation extended supervision or parole. If the defendant is sentenced to the intensive sanctions program, the end of a specified period shall not be later than the end of the sentence under s. 973.032 (3) (a).

**SECTION 437.** 975.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

975.10 (1) Any person committed as provided in this chapter may be paroled if it appears to the satisfaction of the department of health and family services after

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

recommendation by a special review board, appointed by the department, a majority of whose members shall not be connected with the department, that the person is capable of making an acceptable adjustment in society. Before a person is released on parole under this section, the department of health and family services shall so notify the municipal police department and county sheriff for the area where the person will be residing. The notification requirement does not apply if a municipal department or county sheriff submits to the department of health and family services a written statement waiving the right to be notified. Probation extended strike subervision and parole agents of the department of corrections shall supervise persons paroled under this section.

**SECTION 438.** 976.03 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

with a crime in another state shall be recognized by the governor unless in writing alleging, except in cases arising under sub. (6), that the accused was present in the demanding state at the time of the commission of the alleged crime, and that thereafter the accused fled from the state, and accompanied by a copy of an indictment found or by an information supported by affidavit in the state having jurisdiction of the crime, or by a copy of an affidavit made before a magistrate there, together with a copy of any warrant which was issued thereon; or by a copy of a judgment of conviction or of a sentence imposed in execution thereof, together with a statement by the executive authority of the demanding state that the person claimed has escaped from confinement or has broken the terms of the person's bail, probation extended supervision or parole. The indictment, information or affidavit made before the magistrate must substantially charge the person demanded with having committed a crime under the law of that state; and the copy of indictment,

2

3

4

5

6

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

information, affidavit, judgment of conviction or sentence must be authenticated by the executive authority making the demand.

**SECTION 439.** 976.03 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

976.03 (13) ARREST PRIOR TO REQUISITION. Whenever any person within this state shall be charged on the oath of any credible person before any judge of this state with the commission of any crime in any other state and, except in cases arising under sub. (6), with having fled from justice, or with having been convicted of a crime in that state and having escaped from confinement, or having broken the terms of his or her bail, probation, extende supervision or parole, or whenever complaint shall have been made before any judge in this state setting forth on the affidavit of any credible person in another state that a crime has been committed in such other state and that the accused has been charged in such state with the commission of the crime, and, except in cases arising under sub. (6), has fled from justice, or with having been convicted of a crime in that state and having escaped from confinement, or having broken the terms of his or her bail, probation, extended supervision or parole, and is believed to be in this state, the judge shall issue a warrant directed to any peace officer commanding the officer to apprehend the person named therein, wherever the person may be found in this state, and to bring the person before the same or any other judge or court who or which may be available in or convenient of access to the place where the arrest may be made, to answer the charge or complaint and affidavit; and a certified copy of the sworn charge or complaint and affidavit upon which the warrant is issued shall be attached to the warrant.

**SECTION 440.** 976.03 (22) of the statutes is amended to read:

976.03 (22) FUGITIVES FROM THIS STATE, DUTY OF GOVERNOR. Whenever the governor of this state shall demand a person charged with crime or with escaping

うるうし

from confinement or breaking the terms of his or her bail, probation restricted supervision or parole in this state from the executive authority of any other state, or from the chief justice or an associate justice of the district court of the United States for the District of Columbia authorized to receive such demand under the laws of the United States, the governor shall issue a warrant under the seal of this state, to some agent, commanding the agent to receive the person so charged if delivered to the agent and convey the person to the proper officer of the county in this state in which the offense was committed.

**SECTION 441.** 976.03 (23) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

been convicted of a crime in this state and has escaped from confinement or broken strike the terms of his or her bail, probation extended supervision or parole, the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the offense was committed, the secretary of corrections, or the warden of the institution or sheriff of the county from which escape was made, shall present to the governor a written application for a requisition for the return of the person, in which application shall be stated the name of the person, the crime of which the person was convicted, the circumstances of escape from confinement or of the breach of the terms of bail, probation shall be stated to be, including the location of the person therein at the time application is made.

**SECTION 442.** 976.03 (27) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

976.03 (27) (a) Any person arrested in this state charged with having committed any crime in another state or alleged to have escaped from confinement, or broken the terms of his or her bail, probation, extended supervision: or parole may waive the issuance and service of the warrant provided for in subs. (7) and (8) and

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

25

all other procedure incidental to extradition proceedings, by executing or subscribing in the presence of a judge of any court of record within this state a writing which states that the person consents to return to the demanding state; however, before such waiver shall be executed or subscribed by such person the judge shall inform such person of the person's rights to the issuance and service of a warrant of extradition and to commence an action for habeas corpus as provided in sub. (10).

**SECTION 443.** 976.05 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

976.05 (3) (a) Whenever a person has entered upon a term of imprisonment in a penal or correctional institution of a party state, and whenever during the continuance of the term of imprisonment there is pending in any other party state any untried indictment, information or complaint on the basis of which a detainer has been lodged against the prisoner, the prisoner shall be brought to trial within 180 days after the prisoner has caused to be delivered to the prosecuting officer and the appropriate court of the prosecuting officer's jurisdiction written notice of the place of his or her imprisonment and his or her request for a final disposition to be made of the indictment, information or complaint, but for good cause shown in open court, the prisoner or the prisoner's counsel being present, the court having jurisdiction of the matter may grant any necessary or reasonable continuance. The request of the prisoner shall be accompanied by a certificate of the appropriate official having custody of the prisoner, stating the term of commitment under which the prisoner is being held, the time already served, the time remaining to be served on the sentence, the amount of good time earned, the time of parole eligibility-or date extended supervision of the prisoner and any decisions of the department relating to the prisoner.

.

**SECTION 444.** 976.05 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

24

976.05 (4) (b) Upon receipt of the officer's written request under par. (a), the 1 appropriate authorities having the prisoner in custody shall furnish the officer with  $\mathbf{2}$ a certificate stating the term of commitment under which the prisoner is being held, 3 the time already served, the time remaining to be served on the sentence, the amount 4 5 of good time earned, the time of parole eligibility, er, date of 6 supervision of the prisoner, and any decisions of the state parole agency relating to the prisoner. Said authorities simultaneously shall furnish all other officers and 7 appropriate courts in the receiving state who lodged detainers against the prisoner 8 with similar certificates and with notices informing them of the request for custody 9 or availability and of the reasons therefor. 10 SECTION 445. 977.05 (6) (h) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 977.05 (6) (h) (intro.) The state public defender may not provide legal services 12 13 d supervision revocation proceedings unless all or assign counsel in parole <del>or ext</del> 14 of the following apply: **SECTION 446.** 977.05 (6) (h) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 15 16 977.05 (6) (h) 1. The parolee or person on xtended supervision is contesting 17 the revocation of parole or extended supervision **SECTION 447.** 977.05 (6) (h) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 18 19 977.05 (6) (h) 2. The department of corrections seeks to have the parolee (20) supervision imprisoned upon the revocation of parole , as affected by 1997 Wisconsin A 21) SECTION 448. 977.06 (2) (b) of the statutes is appended to read 22 977.06 (2) (b) A person who makes a false representation that he or she does 23

not believe is true for purposes of qualifying for assignment of counsel shall be fined

plain not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than (5) years and the or 2 both. **SECTION 449.** 978.07 (1) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 3 978.07 (1) (c) 1. Any case record of a felony punishable by life imprisonment 4 or a related case, after the defendant's parole eligibility date under s. 304.06 (1) or 5 eligibility for release to extended supervision under s. 97 applicable, or 50 years after the commencement of the action, whichever occurs later. If there is no parole eligibility date error strike supervision the district attorney may destroy the case record 10 after the defendant's death. **SECTION 450.** 980.015 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 12 980.015 (2) (a) The anticipated discharge from a sentence, anticipated release **1**3 on parole-or extended supervision or anticipated release from imprisonment of a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent offense. 14 **SECTION 451.** 980.02 (1) (b)  $2^{\checkmark}$  of the statutes is amended to read: 15 980.02 (1) (b) 2. The county in which the person will reside or be placed upon 16 plain his or her discharge from a sentence, release on parole extended 17 release from imprisonment, from a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 18 938.02 (15m), or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or 19 from a commitment order. 20 SECTION 452. 980.02 (2) (ag) of the statutes, as affected (21)sembly Bilk MM is amended to read: STIKE 980.02 (2) (ag) The person is within 90 days of discharge or release, on parolestrike supervision or otherwise, from a sentence that was imposed for a conviction

for a sexually violent offense, from a secured correctional facility, as defined in s.

2

3

4

5

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

$938.02(15 ext{m})$ , or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. $938.02(15 ext{g})$ , if the
person was placed in the facility for being adjudicated delinquent under s. 938.183
or 938.34 on the basis of a sexually violent offense or from a commitment order that
was entered as a result of a sexually violent offense.

SECTION 453. 980.02 (4) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

980.02 (4) (am) The circuit court for the county in which the person will reside or be placed upon his or her discharge from a sentence, release on parole greatended plain commanded plain co

## SECTION 454. Nonstatutory provisions.

- (1) Criminal penalties study committee.
- (a) In this subsection, "criminal code" means chapters 939 to 951 of the statutes.
- (b) There is established a committee under section 15.01 (8) of the statutes called the criminal penalties study committee consisting of the following members:
  - 1. Two judges appointed by the supreme court,
  - 2. The majority leader in each house, or his or her designee.
  - 3. The minority leader in each house, or his or her designee.
- 4. One faculty member from the law school of the University of Wisconsin-Madison appointed by the governor.
- 5. One faculty member from the law school of Marquette University appointed by the governor.
  - 6. The attorney general or his or her designee.
  - 7. One current district attorney appointed by the attorney general.
  - 8. The state public defender or his or her designee.

1 <	9. One representative of crime victims appointed by the attorney general.
2	10. One member of the criminal law section of the state bar appointed by the
3	governor.
4	11. One representative of law enforcement agencies appointed by the
5	governor.
6	12. Three public members appointed by the governor
7	13. The secretary of corrections or his or her designee.
8	(c) The governor shall appoint one member of the committee to be chairperson
9	and one member of the committee to be reporter for the committee.
10	(d) The department of administration shall provide staff services to the
11	committee.
12	(e) The committee shall study the classification of criminal offenses in the
13	criminal code, the penalties for all felonies and Class A misdemeanors and issues
14	relating to the implementation of the changes in sentencing made by this act. In
15	addition, the committee shall make recommendations concerning all of the following:
16	1. Creating a uniform classification system for all felonies, including felonies
17	outside of the criminal code.
18	2. Classifying each felony and Class A misdemeanor in a manner that places
19	crimes of similar severity into the same classification.
20	3. Consolidating all felonies into a single criminal code.
21	4. The creation of a sentencing commission to promulgate advisory sentencing
22	guidelines for use by judges when imposing sentence under section 973.01 of the
23	statutes, as created by this act.
24	5. Temporary advisory sentencing guidelines for use by judges when imposing
or.	contained under coetion 972.01 of the statutes, as created by this act, during the

1þ

111

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

ر19

20

21

22

23

24

25

period before the promulgation of advisory sentencing guidelines by a sentencing commission.

- Changing the administrative rules of the department of corrections to ensure that a person who violates a condition of extended supervision imposed as part of a sentence under section 973.01 of the statutes, as created by this act, is returned to prison promptly and for an appropriate period of time.
- (f) No later than April 30, 1999, the committee shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the legislature in the manner provided under section 13.172 (2) of the statutes and to the governor. The report shall include any proposed legislation that is necessary to implement the recommendations made by the committee in its report.
- The authorized FTE positions for the (2) ATTORNEY PROJECT POSITION. department of administration are increased by 1.0 GPR attorney project position, to be funded from the appropriation under section 20.505 (3) (c) of the statutes, for the purpose of providing legal services to the criminal penalties study committee established under subsection (1), for the period ending on April 30, 1999.

SECTION 455. Initial applicability. (1) In principle of Felony Penalties. The treatment of sections 11.61 (1) (a) and (b), 12.60 (1) (a), 13.05, 13.06, 13.69 (6m), 23.33 (13) (cg), 26.14 (8), 29.99 (1) (c), (1m) (c), (11m) (a) and (11p) (a), 30.80 (2g) (b), (c) and (d) and (3m), 36.25 (6) (d), 47.03 (3) (d), 49.127 (8) (a) 2., (b) 2. and (c), 49.141 (7) (a) and (b), (9) (a) and (b) and (10) (b), 49.49 (1) (b) 1., (2) (a) and (b), (3), (3m) (b) and (4) (b), 49.95 (1), 51.15 (12), 55.06 (11) (am), 66.4025 (1) (b) and (c), 69.24 (1) (intro.), 70.47 (18) (a), 71.83 (2) (b), 86.192 (4), 97.43 (4), 97.45 (2), 100.171 (7) (b), 100.26 (2), (5) and (7), 101.143 (10) (b), 101.94 (8) (b), 102.835 (11) and (18), 102.85 (3), 108.225 (11) and (18), 114.20 (18) (c), 125.075

(2), 125.085 (3) (a) 2., 125.105 (2) (b), 125.66 (3), 125.68 (12) (b) and (c), 132.20 (2), 1 133.03 (1) and (2), 134.05 (4), 134.16, 134.20 (1) (intro.), 134.205 (4), 134.58, 139.44 2 (1), (1m), (2) and (8) (c), 139.95 (2) and (3), 146.345 (3), 146.35 (5), 146.60 (9) (am), 3 146.70 (10) (a), 154.15 (2), 154.29 (2), 166.20 (11) (b) 1. and 2., 167.10 (9) (g), 175.20 4 (3), 180.0129 (2), 181.0129 (2), 185.825, 200.09 (2), 214.93, 215.02 (6) (b), 215.12, 5 215.21 (21), 218.21 (7), 220.06 (2), 221.0625 (2) (intro.), 221.0636 (2), 221.0637 (2), 6 221.1004 (2), 253.06 (4) (b), 285.87 (2) (b), 291.97 (2) (b) (intro.) and (c), 299.53 (4) (c) 7 2., 302.095 (2), 341.605 (3), 342.06 (2), 342.065 (4) (b), 342.155 (4) (b), 342.156 (6) (b), 8 342.30 (3) (a), 342.32 (3), 344.48 (2), 346.17 (3) (a), (b), (c) and (d), 346.65 (5), 346.74 9 (5) (b), (c) and (d), 350.11 (2m), 446.07, 447.09, 450.11 (9) (b), 450.14 (5), 450.15 (2), 10 551.58 (1), 552.19 (1), 553.52 (1) and (2), 562.13 (3) and (4), 565.50 (2) and (3), 601.64 11 (4), 641.19 (4) (a) and (b), 765.30 (1) (intro.) and (2) (intro.), 768.07, 783.07, 939.50 12 (3) (b), (bc), (c), (d) and (e), 946.85 (1), 961.41 (1) (a), (b), (cm) 1., 2., 3., 4. and 5., (d) (13)1., 2., 3., 4., 5. and 6., (e) 1., 2., 3., 4., 5. and 6., (f) 1., 2. and 3., (g) 1., 2. and 3., (h) 1., 14 2. and 3., (i) and (j), (1m) (a), (b), (cm) 1., 2., 3., 4. and 5., (d) 1., 2., 3., 4., 5. and 6., (e) 15 1., 2., 3., 4., 5. and 6., (f) 1., 2. and 3., (g) 1., 2. and 3., (h) 1., 2. and 3., (i) and (j), (1n) 16 (c), (2) (a), (b), (c) and (d), (3g) (a) 1. and 2. and (4) (am) 3., 961.42 (2), 961.43 (2), 17 961.455 (1), 968.31 (1) (intro.), 968.34 (3), 968.43 (3) and 977.06 (2) (b) of the statutes 18 applies to offenses committed on or after the effective date of this subsection. 19 This act takes effect on the day after 20

SECTION 456. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication, except as follows:

(1) INCREASE IN FELONY PENALTIES. The treatment of sections 11.61 (1) (a) and (b), 12.60 (1) (a), 13.05, 13.06, 13.69 (6m), 23.33 (13) (cg), 26.14 (8), 23.33 (1) (c), (11m) (a) and (11p) (a), 30.80 (2g) (b), (c) and (d) and (3m), 36.25 (6) (d), 47.03 (3) (d), 49.127 (8) (a) 2., (b) 2. and (c), 49.141 (7) (a) and (b), (9) (a) and (b) and (10) (b),

INS/

21

22

23

24

**25** 

49.49 (1) (b) 1., (2) (a) and (b), (3), (3m) (b) and (4) (b), 49.95 (1), 51.15 (12), 55.06 (11) 1 (am), 66.4025 (1) (b) and (c), 69.24 (1) (intro.), 70.47 (18) (a), 71.83 (2) (b), 86.192 (4), 2 97.43 (4), 97.45 (2), MONAW (7) (b), 100.26 (2), (5) and (7), 101.143 (10) (b), 101.94 (8) (3)(b), 102.835 (11) and (18), 102.85 (3), 108.225 (11) and (18), 114.20 (18) (c), 125.075 (2), 125.085 (3) (a) 2., 125.105 (2) (b), 125.66 (3), 125.68 (12) (b) and (c), 132.20 (2), 5 133.03 (1) and (2), 134.05 (4), 134.16, 134.20 (1) (intro.), 134.205 (4), 134.58, 139.44 6 (1), (1m), (2) and (8) (c), 139.95 (2) and (3), 146.345 (3), 146.35 (5), 146.60 (9) (am), 146.70 (10) (a), 154.15 (2), 154.29 (2), 166.20 (11) (b) 1. and 2., 167.10 (9) (g), 175.20 8 (3), 180.0129 (2), 181.0129 (2), 185.825, 200.09 (2), 214.93, 215.02 (6) (b), 215.12, 9 215.21 (21), 218.21 (7), 220.06 (2), 221.0625 (2) (intro.), 221.0636 (2), 221.0637 (2), 10 221.1004 (2), 253.06 (4) (b), 285.87 (2) (b), 291.97 (2) (b) (intro.) and (c), 299.53 (4) (c) 11 2, 302.095 (2), 341.605 (3), 342.06 (2), 342.065 (4) (b), 342.155 (4) (b), 342.156 (6) (b), 12 342.30 (3) (a), 342.32 (3), 344.48 (2), 346.17 (3) (a), (b), (c) and (d), 346.65 (5), 346.74 13 (5) (b), (c) and (d), 350.11 (2m), 446.07, 447.09, 450.11 (9) (b), 450.14 (5), 450.15 (2), 14 551.58 (1), 552.19 (1), 553.52 (1) and (2), 562.13 (3) and (4), 565.50 (2) and (3), 601.64 15 (4), 641.19 (4) (a) and (b), 765.30 (1) (intro.) and (2) (intro.), 768.07, 783.07, 939.50 (3) (b), (bc), (c), (d) and (e), 946.85 (1), 961.41 (1) (a), (b), (cm) 1., 2., 3., 4. and 5., (d) 16 17 1., 2., 3., 4., 5. and 6., (e) 1., 2., 3., 4., 5. and 6., (f) 1., 2. and 3., (g) 1., 2. and 3., (h) 1., 18 2. and 3., (i) and (j), (1m) (a), (b), (cm) 1., 2., 3., 4. and 5., (d) 1., 2., 3., 4., 5. and 6., (e) 19 1., 2., 3., 4., 5. and 6., (f) 1., 2. and 3., (g) 1., 2. and 3., (h) 1., 2. and 3., (i) and (j), (1n)20 (c), (2) (a), (b), (c) and (d), (3g) (a) 1. and 2. and (4) (am) 3., 961.42 (2), 961.43 (2), 21 961.455 (1), 968.31 (1) (intro.), 968.34 (3), 968.43 (3) and 977.06 (2) (b) of the statutes 22 and Section 455 (1) of this act take effect on December 31, 1999. (23)

and  $\binom{2}{2}$ 

sor on the lay offer publication, whichever is later

(2) Miscellaneous provisions. The repeal and recreation of section 302/1/40) of the statutes takes effect on September 1, 1998.

3

(END)

#### 1999-2000 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0456/1ins JEO&RAC:...:...

ANALYSIS INSERT:

ANALYSIS BY THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU (Header)

This bill eliminates the changes made by 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 (the "truth in sentencing" act) to felony penalties and to the structure of felony sentences. Specifically, the bill does the following:

#### Felony penalties

Current law provides penalties for felonies, which are crimes punishable by imprisonment of more than one year. A felony created in the criminal code is put in one of Aclasses (Class A, B, BC, C, D or E) and each class has a specific maximum term of imprisonment and a maximum fine. Class A felonies are punishable by life imprisonment. For crimes committed before December 31, 1999, the maximum terms of imprisonment for the other classes of felonies are as follows:

Class B	40 years
Class BC	20 years
Class C	10 years
Class D	5 years
Class E	2 years

1997 Wisconsin Act 283 (the "truth in sentencing" act) increased these maximum terms of imprisonment for felonies that are committed on or after December 31, 1999. The maximum terms of imprisonment for the classes of felonies under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are as follows:

Class B	60 years
Class BC	30 years
Class C	15 years
Class D	10 years
Class E	5 years

1997 Wisconsin Act 283 also increased penalties for nonclassified felony offenses committed on or after December 31, 1999. The penalties are increased by 50% or one year, whichever is greater. Thus, under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283, a maximum penalty of one year of imprisonment will increase to two years of imprisonment, while a maximum penalty of five years of imprisonment will increase to seven years and six months.

This bill eliminates all of the penalty increases made by 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 and restores the penalty provided for offenses committed before December 31, 1999.

## The structure of felony sentences

1. The structure of prison sentences for felony offenses committed before December 31, 1999. If a person who commits a felony before December 31, 1999, is sentenced to prison, the person will usually have three possible ways of being

1

released from prison on parole: discretionary parole granted by the parole commission (for which a person is usually eligible after serving 25% of the sentence or six months, whichever is greater); mandatory release on parole (usually granted automatically after the person serves two—thirds of the sentence); or special action parole release by the secretary of corrections (a program designed to relieve prison crowding).

However, the person could be subject to different parole eligibility provisions if the person is a serious felony offender. If a serious felony offender has one or more prior convictions for a serious felony, a judge may set a discretionary parole eligibility date for the offender that is later than 25% of the sentence or 6 months but not later than the mandatory release date of two—thirds of the sentence. In addition, serious felony offenders need not be automatically released when they reach their mandatory release dates. Instead, the parole commission may deny mandatory release to such an offender in order to protect the public or because the offender refused to participate in counseling or treatment. The serious felony offenders covered by these parole provisions include persons convicted of serious violations such as homicide, battery, sexual assault, mayhem, kidnapping, taking hostages, tampering with household products, arson, armed burglary, armed robbery, carjacking, assault by a prisoner, crimes against children and controlled substances.

If a person is sentenced to life imprisonment for an offense committed before December 31, 1999, the person usually must serve 20 years minus time calculated under the mandatory release formula before he or she is eligible for release on parole. If the person does not receive extensions due to violations of prison rules, he or she reaches parole eligibility after serving 13 years, four months. However, a judge may set a parole eligibility date for a person serving a life sentence that is later than the usual parole eligibility date or may provide that the person is not eligible for parole. Also, if a person has two convictions for any of certain serious felonies and is then convicted a third time for another serious felony, he or she must be sentenced to life without parole (the so-called "three strikes, you're out" law). Likewise, if a person home conviction for any of certain serious child sex offenses and is then convicted a second time for another serious child sex offense, he or she must be sentenced to life without parole (the so-called "two strikes, you're out" law for serious child sex offenders). No person serving a life sentence of any kind is entitled to mandatory release.

2. The structure of prison sentences for felony offenses committed on or after December 31, 1999. Under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283, if a court chooses to sentence a felony offender to a term of imprisonment in state prison for a felony committed on or after December 31, 1999, the court must do so by imposing a bifurcated sentence that includes a term of confinement in prison followed by a term of community supervision. The offender is not eligible for parole. A bifurcated sentence imposed under the bill must be structured as follows:

The total length of the bifurcated sentence may not exceed the maximum

term of imprisonment allowable for the felony.

The court must set the term of confinement in prison portion of the sentence to be at least one year but not more than 40 years for a Class B felony, 20 years for

insert palers

ten

a Class BC felony, 10 years for a Class C felony, five years for a Class D felony for two years for a Class E felony. If the person is being sentenced for a felony that is not in one of these classes, the term of confinement in prison portion of the sentence must be at least one year but not more than 75% of the total length of the bifurcated sentence.

The term of community supervision must equal at least 25% of the length of the term of confinement in prison.

ciese baser. Thus, for example, if a person is convicted of a Class B felony committed on or after December 31, 1999, and a judge sentenced the person to the maximum allowable 40-year term of confinement in prison, the term of community supervision would have to be at least W years but could not be more than 20 years.

After the person completes the term of confinement in prison portion of the sentence, he or she serves the term of community supervision in which he or she is subject to conditions set by both the court and the department of corrections (DOC) and is subject to supervision by DOC. If a person violates a condition of community supervision, community supervision may be revoked and the person may be returned to serve a period of time in prison.

If a person is sentenced to life imprisonment for a crime committed on or after December 31, 1999, he or she is not eligible for parole. Instead, the judge who is sentencing the person to life imprisonment must do one of the following: 1) provide that the person is eligible for community supervision after serving 20 years; 2) set a date on which the person becomes eligible for community supervision, as long as that date requires the person to serve at least 20 years; or 3) provide that the person is not eligible for community supervision. If the court provides that the person is eligible for community supervision, the person may petition the sentencing court for release to community supervision on or after the community supervision eligibility date. A person sentenced to life who is released to community supervision is on community supervision for the remainder of his or her life and, like a person on community supervision under a bifurcated sentence (see above), may have his or her community supervision revoked and be returned to prison if he or she violates a condition of community supervision. The bill does not affect persons sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole under the "three strikes, you're out" or "two strikes, you're out" laws.

3. What this bill does. This bill eliminates the sentencing procedure created in 1997 Wisconsin Act 283.' Thus, under the bill a prison sentence for a felony that is committed on or after the date the bill becomes law will be structured in the same way as prison sentences for offenses committed before December 31, 1999.

For further information see the state fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

INSERT 10-5:

1

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

3

SECTION 1. 29.971 (1) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 283,

is repealed and recreated to read:



 $^{\prime}12)$ 

29.971 (1) (c) For having fish in his or her possession in violation of this chapter
and the value of the fish under par. (d) exceeds \$1,000, by a fine of not more than
\$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than 2 years or both.
SECTION 2. 29.971 (1m) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act
283, is repealed and recreated to read:

29.971 (1m) (c) For possessing clams in violation of s. 29.537, if the value of the clams under par. (d) exceeds \$1,000, by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than 2 years or both.

SECTION 3. 29.971 (11m) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 283, is repealed and recreated to read:

29.971 (11m) (a) For shooting, shooting at, killing, taking, catching or that possessing a bear without a valid Class A bear license, or for possessing a bear which does not have a carcass tag attached or possessing a bear during the closed season, by a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$2,000 or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months or both for the first violation, or by a fine of not more than \$5,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year or both for any subsequent violation, and, in addition, the court shall revoke all hunting approvals issued to the person under this chapter and shall prohibit the issuance of any new hunting approval under this chapter to the person for 3 years.

SECTION 4. 29.971 (11p) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 283, is repealed and recreated to read:

29.971 (11p) (a) For entering the den of a hibernating black bear and harming the bear, by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year or both.

INSERT
LNSEN'/ A
as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Out 283,
) as appeared by 1991 Williams
Oct 283
INSERT (B)
(12)
repealed and recreated

INSERT 24-10.

Section #. 100.171 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

100.171 (7) (b) Whoever intentionally violates this section may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 3 years or both. A person intentionally violates this section if the violation occurs after the department or a district attorney has notified the person by certified mail that the person is in violation of this section.

unstory: 1991 a. 269, 315; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 111 s. 28; Stats. 1997 s. 100.171; 1997 a. 283.

1	INSERT 102-17:
2	SECTION 5. 939.615 (3) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act
3	275, is repealed and recreated to read:
4	939.615 (3) (b) If the person is sentenced to prison for the serious sex offense,
5	upon his or her discharge from parole.
6	<b>SECTION 6.</b> 939.62 (2m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	939.62 (2m) (c) If the actor is a persistent repeater, the term of imprisonment
8	for the felony for which the persistent repeater presently is being sentenced under
9	ch. 973 is life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or extended supervision.
	NOTE: NOTE: Pan (c) is shown to affected by two acts of the 1992 legislature and as merged by the revisor under s. 13.93 (2) (c) NOTE.
10	History: 1977 c. 449; 1989 a. 85; 1993 a. 289, 483, 486; 1995 a. 77, 448; 1997 a. 219, 283, 295, 326; s. 13.93 (2) (c).  INSERT 117-18:
11	SECTION 7. 961.49 (2) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	961.49 (2) (am) The court shall sentence a person to whom par. (a) applies to
13	at least 3 years in prison, but otherwise the penalties for the crime apply. Except as
14	provided in s. 961.438, the court shall not place the person on probation. Except as
15	provided in s. 973.01 (6), the The person is not eligible for parole until he or she has
16	served at least 3 years, with no modification by the calculation under s. 302.11 (1).
	NOTE: NOTE: Par. (am) is shown as affected by two acts of the 1997 legislature and as merged by the revisor under s. 13.93 (2) (c) NOTE:
17	History: 1985 a. 328, 1087 a. 553, 339, 403; 1989 a. 31, 107, 121; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 87, 98, 118, 281, 490, 491; 1995 a. 448 s. 289, 491; Stats. 1995 s. 961.49; 1997 a. 283, 327; s. 13.93 (2) (c).  INSERT 120-11:
18	SECTION 8. 972.13 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
<b>^19</b>	972.13 (6) The following forms may be used for judgments:
20	STATE OF WISCONSIN
21	County
22	In Court
23	The State of Wisconsin

vs.

2	(Name of defendant)
3	UPON ALL THE FILES, RECORDS AND PROCEEDINGS,
4	IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant has been convicted upon the defendant's
5	plea of guilty (not guilty and a verdict of guilty) (not guilty and a finding of guilty)
6	(no contest) on the day of, (year), of the crime of in violation of s; and
7	the court having asked the defendant whether the defendant has anything to state
8	why sentence should not be pronounced, and no sufficient grounds to the contrary
9	being shown or appearing to the court.
10	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is guilty as convicted.
11	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is hereby committed to the Wisconsin
12	state prisons (county jail of county) for an indeterminate term of not more than
13	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is ordered to serve a bifurcated
14	sentence consisting of year(s) of confinement in prison and months/years of
15	extended supervision.
16	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is placed in the intensive sanctions
17	program subject to the limitations of section 973.032 (3) of the Wisconsin Statutes
18	and the following conditions:
19	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is hereby committed to detention in
20	(the defendant's place of residence or place designated by judge) for a term of not
21	more than
22	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is placed on lifetime supervision by the
23	department of corrections under section 939.615 of the Wisconsin Statutes.
24	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is ordered to pay a fine of \$ (and the
25	costs of this action).

<b>1</b>	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant pay restitution to	
2	*IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant is restricted in his or her use of	
3	computers as follows:	
4	*The at is designated as the Reception Center to which the defendant	
5	shall be delivered by the sheriff.	
6	*IT IS ORDERED That the clerk deliver a duplicate original of this judgment	
7	to the sheriff who shall forthwith execute the same and deliver it to the warden.	
8	Dated this day of, (year)	
9	BY THE COURT	
10	Date of Offense,	
11	District Attorney,	
12	Defense Attorney	
13	*Strike inapplicable paragraphs.	
14	STATE OF WISCONSIN	
15	County	
16	In Court	
17	The State of Wisconsin	
18	vs.	
19	(Name of defendant)	
20	On the day of, (year), the district attorney appeared for the state and	
21	the defendant appeared in person and by the defendant's attorney.	
22	UPON ALL THE FILES, RECORDS AND PROCEEDINGS	
23	IT IS ADJUDGED That the defendant has been found not guilty by the verdict	
24	of the jury (by the court) and is therefore ordered discharged forthwith.	
25	Dated this day of (voor)	



## BY THE COURT....

	NOTE: NOTE: Sub. (6) is shown as affected by three acts of the 1997 legislature and as merged by the revisor under s. 13.93 (2) (e): NOTE:
2	History: 1975 (2.39, 1997 to 353, 418; 1979 to 89, 1983 a. 261, 438, 538; 1987 a. 27; 1989 a. 31; 1991 a. 39; 1997 a. 250, 275, 283; s. 13.93 (2) (c).  INSERT 141-19:
3	END OF BIFURCATED SENTENCES. The treatment of sections 302.11 (1g) (am),
4	(1p) and (1z), 304.02 (6), 304.06 (1) (b), 973.01, 973.0135 (2) (intro.), 973.014 (1)
5	(intro.) and (c), (1g) and (2) and 973.032 (1) of the statutes first applies to offenses
6	committed on the effective date of this subsection

# SUBMITTAL FORM

# LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

sign on the appropriate fine(s) below.				
Date: 2/26/99	To: Representative Boyle			
	Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-0456			
Topic Restructucturing of felony sentences; cha	nges in felony penalties			
Subject(s) Criminal Law - miscellancous, Criminal l prisons	Law - sentencing, Correctional System - parole, Correctional System			
1. <b>JACKET</b> the draft for introduction	Frenk Only			
	(check only one). Only the requester under whose name the			
drafting request is entered in the LRB's	s drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please			
allow one day for the preparation of the	e required copies.			
2. <b>REDRAFT.</b> See the changes indicated	d or attached			
A revised draft will be submitted for yo	our approval with changes incorporated.			
3. Obtain FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW,	prior to introduction			
If the analysis indicates that a fiscal est	timate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or			
	riations or state or general local government fiscal liability or			
revenues, you have the option to reques	st the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to			
	al estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon			
	obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to			

If you have any questions regarding the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

introduction retains your flexibility for possible redrafting of the proposal.

Jefren E. Olsen, Legislative Attorney Telephone: (608) 266-8906