# 1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

# Bill

Received By: nelsorpl		
Identical to LRB:		
By/Representing: Sheryl Gervasi		
Drafter: nelsorpl		
Alt. Drafters:		
Extra Copies:		

# Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

## **Topic:**

Court commissioners

#### **Instructions:**

See Attached-- 97-5 132

#### **Drafting History:**

Vers.	<b>Drafted</b>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	Jacketed	Resuired
/P1	nelsorp 1 1 <b>0/8/98</b>	gilfokm 10/13/98	hhagen 11/17/98		lrb-docadmin 1 <b>1/17/98</b>		
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/P3	nelsorp 1 12/7/98	gilfokm 12/18/98	lpaasch 12/22/98		lrb-docadmin 12/22/98		
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Vers.	<b>Drafted</b>	Reviewed	Typist	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Reauired
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# **1999 DRAFTING REQUEST**

# Bill

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Received: <b>09/10/98</b>	Received By: nelsorpl		
Wanted: Soon	Identical to LRB:		
For: Director of State Courts 6-6984	By/Representing: Sheryl Gervasi		
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO	Drafter: <b>nelsorpl</b>		
May Contact:	Alt. Drafters:		
Subject: Courts - courts/judges	Extra Copies:		

#### **Pre Topic:**

No specific pre topic given

# Topic:

Court commissioners

#### **Instructions:**

See Attached-- 97-5 132

#### **Drafting History:**

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Subject: Courts - courts/judges	Extra Copies:		

## **Topic:**

Court commissioners

**Instructions:** 

Bill Mann machemon suggested changes 2/23

See Attached-- 97-5 132

#### **Drafting History:**

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Received: <b>09/1</b>	0/98	Received By: nelsorpl		
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Subject:	Courts - courts/judges	Extra Copies: PJK		

# **Topic**:

Court commissioners

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*LRB-0137* 

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Received: <b>09/1</b>	0/98	Received By: nelsorpl
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Subject:	Courts - courts/judges	Extra Copies: PTA

## **Topic:**

Court commissioners

#### **Instructions:**

See Attached-- 97-5 132

## **Drafting History:**

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# 1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

# Bill

98

Wanted: Soon

#### For: Director of State Courts 6-6984

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

May Contact:

Subject: Courts - courts/judges

Received By: nelsorpl

Identical to LRB:

By/Representing: Sheryl Gervasi

Drafter: nelsorpl

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Extra Copies: PJKGMM

## Topic:

Court commissioners

#### **Instructions:**

See Attached-- 97-5 132

### **Drafting History:**

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LRB-0137

## **1999 DRAFTING REQUEST**

## Bill

Received: 09/10/98

Wanted: Soon

For: Director of State Courts 6-6984

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

May Contact:

Subject: Courts - courts/judges

Received By: nelsorpl

Identical to LRB:

By/Representing: Sheryl Gervasi

Drafter: nelsorpl

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Extra Copies: PJK, GMM

#### **Topic:**

Court commissioners

#### **Instructions:**

See Attached-- 97-5 132

## **Drafting History:**

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# **1997 DRAFTING REQUEST**

# Bill

Received: (	3/13/98	Received By: nelsorpl
Wanted: As	s time permits	Identical to LRB:
For: Scott	Walker (608) 266-9180	By/Representing: Ed Eberle
This file ma	ay be shown to any legislator: <b>NO</b>	Drafter: nelsorpl
May Conta	ct:	Alt. Drafters:
Subject: Courts - courts/judges		Extra Copies: PTH, GAMPY Dir of State Courts
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#### **Topic:**

Qualifications, responsibilities and appointment of court commissioners

#### **Instructions:**

See Attached

## **Drafting History:**

Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	<u>Tvped</u>	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	<u>Required</u>
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# 1997 DRAFTING REQUEST

# Bill

Received: 03/13/98	Received By: nelsorpl
Wanted: As time permits	Identical to LRB:
For: Scott Walker (608) 266-9180	By/Representing: Ed Eberle
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO	Drafter: neisorpl
May Contact:	Alt. Drafters:
Subject: Courts - courts/judges	Extra Copies:
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Qualifications, responsibilities and appointment of court commissioners

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## **Instructions:**

See Attached

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Š. ( **Scott Walker** Wauwatosa's Representative in the Wisconsin State Assembly . : 3-12-98 Bob, Scott would like this drafted so it can be introduced as soon as possible. I hanh yoe. - Ed Eberle P.O. Box 8953, State Capitol, Madison, WI 53708-8953 . (608) 266-9180 Message Hotline: 800-362-WISC (9472) 2334 N. 73rd Street, Wauwatosa, WI 53213 . (414) 258-1086 Printed on recycled paper with soy based ink.

municipal court commissioners municipal commissioners court court

Ct. Commissioner Bill Draft D 2/23/98

Jim Fullin

To create, amend and repeal statutes, relating to the qualifications, appointment,

evaluation, supervision and discipline of judicial court commissioners.

John Velcor-Stets **The** people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as

#### follows:

PREFATORY NOTE: This bill was developed by the Supreme Court Planning and Policy Advisory Committee. Its purpose is to simplify the statutes relating to the appointment, supervision, powers and duties of court commissioners. The bill harmonizes statutory terminology with that used in SCR Chapter 75, rules adopted by the Supreme Court relating to the same subject. Under those rules and this bill, there are two kinds of court commissioners, judicial and supplemental. Judicial court commissioners can be authorized and made responsible to conduct a wide range of quasi-judicial activities including preliminary examinations in felony cases, setting interim orders in actions **affecting** the family, adjudicating small claims, holding periodic status reviews of protective placements, etc. Supplemental court commissioners have only limited ministerial powers such as officiating at marriage ceremonies or financial discovery **proceedings** against judgment debtors. However, the chief judge can assign them specific responsibilities of judicial court commissioners on a temporary or occasional basis. This bill eliminates most of the statutory distinctions between "full-time" and "part-time" court commissioners and substitutes the terminology of SCR Chapter 75, in recognition of the fact that not all judicial court commissioners serve in that capacity full-time.

SECTION I. 48.065 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.065. Juvenile court commissioners. (1) The board of supervisors of any county

may authorize the chief judge of the judicial administrative district to appoint one or more judicial court commissioners under SCR 75.02 to serve part-time or MI-time as juvenile court

commissioners who shall seven the discretion of the chief judge. A juvenile court commissioner

shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall have been so licensed for at least 2 years

#### immediately prior to appointment and shall have a demonstrated interest in the welfare of children

The chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the court commissioner. The chief

judge shall supervise juvenile court commissioners, law clerks, bailiffs and deputies, except that

the chief judge may delegate any of those duties.

NOTE: The amended statute requires that juvenile court commissioners be appointed under SCR 7502. SCR Chapter 75 specifies the qualifications, manner of appointment, supervision and discipline of judicial court commissioners, rendering statutory specification of these matters surplusage.

1

SECTION 2. 63.03 (2) (z) of the statutes is amended to read:

63.03(2) (z) Full-time <u>Addicial</u> pourt commissioners under s. 757.68(1). <u>o</u> n

qualified and acting as a judicial court commissioner on August 1. 1978, shall be deemed a

full-time judicial court commissioner and shall continue in the classified county civil service but

anv new appointee shall be in the unclassified (exempt) civil service.

**NOTE: This** bill clarifies that judicial court commissioners may be appointed to perform their duties either full-time or part-time. Paragraph (2)(z) is amended to specify that in either event, their positions are within the unclassified civil service. The last sentence formerly appeared in s. 757.68 (1).

SECTION 3. 757.68 (1) of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: The substance of the repealed subsection is retained in new s. 757.68. See **SECTION** 6 of this bii. The repealed statute **read** as follows:

"(1) Appointment. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), counties having a population of 100,000 or more may create the office of full-time court commissioner. The county board shall establish the number of positions and set the salary for the office Any person qualified and acting as a judicial court commissioner on August 1, 1978, shall be deemed a full-time court commissioner and shah continue in the classified county civil service but any new appointee shall be in the unclassified (exempt) civil service. The chiefjudge shall be the appointing and supervising authority and may terminate the employment of any such commissioner if cause is proven. The chief judge may delegate any such supervising authority. The full-time court commissioners shall be attorneys licensed to practice in this

state. Each court commissioner shall take and file the official oath in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any duty of the office.

(b) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, the county board shall establish at least one W-time court commissioner position under par, (a) to assist in the administration of the procedures for small claims type actions under ch. 799. In counties having a population of less than 500,000, the county board may establish one or more part-time or **full-time** court commissioner positions under par. (a) to assist in the administration of small claims type actions under par. (a) to assist in the administration of small claims type actions under ch. 799. Any **court** commissioner appointed under this paragraph **shall** be an attorney licensed to practice in this state."

SECTION 4. Section 757.68 (2) and **(5)** of the statutes are renumbered 753.36 (1) and (6) and amended to read:

**753.36 Supplemental court commissioners.** (1) In each county the circuit judges shall appoint such number of **part-time supplemental** court commissioners as the proper transaction of business requires **subject to the following exception: except that** in counties having a population of 200,000 or more each judge may appoint not more than 2 such commissioners **and in counties have a population of less than 200,000 each judge shall, as nearly as possible, appoint an equal number of commissioners within the county.** In all counties the appointments shall be subject to the approval of a majority of the circuit judges for the county. Appointments shall be in writing and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court. All court commissioners appointed after May. 16, 1978, other than official court reporters acting under s. **814.68(1)(b)** performing duties or exercising powers specified for court reporters, shall be attorneys licensed to practice in this state. The appointing judge may remove, at will and without cause, any court commissioner appointed by the judge or the judge's predecessor in office. Unless he or she is so removed, the  $\frac{\sum mplemental}{mmissioner}$  shall continue until the expiration of the term of the appointing  $\frac{\sum mplemental}{mmissioner}$  shall continue until the expiration of the term of the appointing the is appointed and qualified. Each court

commissioner shall take and file the official oath in the office of **clerk** of the circuit court of the

county. for which appointed before performing any duty of the office.

(6) **FEES.** Part-timeSupplementalcourtcommissionersappointed under sub. (2)

shall collect the fees prescribed in s. 814.68 (1).

**NOTE: This** bii eliminates most statutory distinctions between MI-time and part-time court commissioners, and substitutes the concepts of "judicial court commissioners" (who may be employed as **such** either full-time or part-time) and "supplemental court commissioners," who perform only the duties specified by this section unless authorized by the chief judge under 75.02 to perform the duties of a judicial court **commissioner** specified in SCR 75.03 on a temporary or occasional basis. Subsections (1) and (6) are based on priors. 757.68 (2) and (5). Subsections (2) through (5) are created in SECTION 9 of this bill.

SECTION 5. 757.68 (3) and (4) of the statutes are repealed.

**NOTE: Subsection** (3) was redundant with s. 807.09 (1). Subsection (4) allowed former county court judges to be appointed as court commissioners. Eligibility is governed by SCR Ch. 75.

SECTION 6. 757.68 of the statutes is created to read:

**757.68 Judicial court commissioners.** In every county organized for judicial

purposes, the county board shall establish within the unclassified service the position of family  $C(rec_n)$ , d' court commissioner and such additional **judicial** court commissioner positions as needed for the **efficient** administration of judicial business within the **circuit courts** of the county. The position of  $C(rec_n)$  a family court commissioner and additional court commissioners may be **full-time** or part-time. In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, at least one such MI-time position shall be established to assist in the administration of actions under ch. 799. The county board shall set the  $\frac{1}{2}$  salary for the position. **Each judicia** teourt commissioner shall take and **file** the official oath in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any

duty of the office. Judicial court commissioners shall be qualified, appointed, supervised, trained, **evaluated** and subject to discipline under SCR Ch. 75.

NOTE: The revised section carries **forward** the substance of prior ss. 757.68 (1), **48.065**, **757.72**, and 767.13. It retains county board authority over the number of judicial court commissioners positions in each county, and their salary. Eligibility, appointment, supervision, training, evaluation and discipline is now governed by SCR Ch. 75.

SECTION 7. 757.69 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

757.69 (1) The order appointing a judicial court commissioner under SCR 75.02 shall either confer **all** powers and duties allowed court commissioner by statute, or shah specify duties which the commissioner is authorized to perform, **including** but not limited to the following:

**NOTE: Revised** sub. (1) (intro.) simplifies language without substantive change.

SECTION 8. 757.69 (1) (b) and (2) (intro.) are amended to read as follows:

757.69 (1) (b) In criminal matters issue summonses, arrest warrants or search warrants and conduct initial appearances of persons arrested and set bail to the same extent as a judge. At the initial appearance, the matter maniscioner shall, when necessary; inform the defendant in accordance with s. 970.02(1). If the defendent plears or claims to be unable to afford counsel, the court commissioner, in accordance with s. 970.02(6), may and refer the person to the authority for indigency determinations specified under s. 977.07(1). a full time <u>A iudicial</u> court commissioner- may conduct the preliminary examination and arraignment to the court commissioner and judge and, with the consent of both the state and the defendant, may accept a guilty plea. If a court refers a disputed restitution issue under s. 973.20(13) (c) 4, the court commissioner shall conduct the hearing on the matter in accordance with s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4. (2) (intro.) A judge may refer to a judicial court commissioner appointed under s.

#### 48.065, 757.68, 757.72, 767.13 or 938.065 SCR 75.02 cases in which:

NOTE: The prior statute referenced five specific statutes under which court commissioners were appointed, This **bill** substitutes a **reference** to "judicial court commissioners appointed under SCR 75.02." Because judicial court commissioners include those appointed to assist in juvenile, family, small claims and probate court, no substantive change is intended.

SECTION 9. 757.69 (3) to (5) and (7) of the statutes are renumbered 753.36 (2) to (5)

. and amended to read:

753.36 (2) **Court** Supplemental court commissioners appointed under s. 18:065,

**757.68, 757.72 or 767.13** may under their own authority:

(a) Officiate at marriage ceremonies throughout the state.

(b) Issue subpoenas and attachments or other process to compel the attendance of

witnesses, administer oaths and affidavits, take depositions and testimony when authorized by law or rule or order, and certify and report the depositions and testimony.

• (c) Issue the following writs returnable before a judge at a time set by the judge or the judge's clerk: habeas corpus; certiorari; ne **exeat** and alternative writs of mandamus.

(d) Supervise accountings subsequent to a sale of land under ch. 75.

(e) Issue subpoenas returnable before a judge on behalf of the Wisconsin department

of justice for antitrust violations under s. 133. 11(1) or violations of ss. 563.02 to 563.80 under s.

563.71(1).

(f) Investigate and dispose of unclaimed property under ss. 17 1.04 to 17 1.06.

(g) Except as provided in s. 767.13 (5) (c), conduct a paternity proceeding according to the procedures set out in ch. 767 whenever a court commissioner is specifically authorized to

do so.

(h) Conduct supplementary hearings on the present financial status of a debtor and exercise the powers of the court under ss. 816.04, 8 16.08 and 8 16.11.

(I) Take and **certify** acknowledgments.

(3) In addition to the duties expressly set forth in sub. (3)(a) to (o) (2), a supplemental court commissioner may perform other ministerial duties as required by a court.

(4) A <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner may transfer to a court any matter in which it appears that justice would be better **served** by such a transfer.

(5) A <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner shall refer to a court of record for appropriate action every alleged showing of contempt in the carrying out of the **lawful** decisions of the

commissioner.

**NOTE:** Subsections (2) to (5) are based on prior s. 757.69 (3), (4) (5) and (7).

SECTION 10. 757.69 (6) of the statutes is repealed.

**NOTE: The** repealed provision read as follows: "Every judge of a court of record has the powers and duties of a court commissioner." The powers and duties of circuit court judges derive **from** Art. **VII**, s. 8, Wis Const.

SECTION 11. **757.69 (3)** of the statutes is created to read:

**757.69 (3)** In addition to the powers and duties specified in the order of appointment, every judicial court commissioner has the powers specified in s. 753.36 (2).

SECTION 12.757.695 of the statutes is renumbered 799.08 and amended to read:

#### 799.08. Court commissioners; authority. If a A judicial court commissioner has

been appointed under s. 757-58(1)(b) authorized to assist in the administration of small claims

matters, the commissioner matters under this chapter shall conduct the hearings and proceedings

as prescribed by **ch. 799** <u>this chanter</u> and <del>shall have the following additional duties and authority</del> <u>may</u>:

(1) Grant and enter default judgments and approve stipulations.

(2) Conduct conferences and hearing with the parties or their attorneys or both on the return dates and adjourned dates, if any.

(3) Issue decisions in matters that come before the commissioner. The decisions shallbecome judgments under s. 799.207(2).

**NOTE: This** section is prior s. 757.695, renumbered.

SECTION 13. 757.72 (4) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

757.72 (4) Probate court commissioners shall be judicial court commissioners qualified, appointed, evaluated, supervised and subject to discipline under SCR chapter 75.

NOTE: The repealed statute specified matters now covered by SCR Chapter 75. SECTION 14.757.81 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

**NOTE: Subsection** (2) is amended to reflect the terminology used in SCR 75. SECTION 15757.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.16 (5) Any family-court commissioner appointed under 5. 767.13 or judicial or succeeded and the su

**NOTE: Subsection** (5) is amended by insertion of terms defined in s. 990.01 (17r) and (40m). No substantive change is intended.

SECTION 16.767.13 (title), (1) and (2) (a) of the statutes are amended to read:

#### 767.13 (title) Family court commissioner. (1) COUNTIES OTHER THAN

MILWAUKEE. (a) Appointment. In each county, except in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, the eireuit-judges for the county, subject to the upproval of the chief judge of the judicial administrative district, shall, by order filed in the office of the elerk of the circuit court on or before the first Monday of July of each year,  $a p p o i n t \cdot ;$  ability and standing at the bar a judicial court commissioner under SCR 75.02 as the family court commissioner for the county.

(b) Powers; civil service; oath; tempore pappointment; assistants. The family court commissioner, by virtue of the office and to the extent required for the performance of the duties, has the powers of a judicial court commissioner. The family court commissioner is in addition to the maximum marker of gourt commissioners permitted by a, 757.68. The office of the family court commissioner, or any assistant commissioner, may be placed under a county civil service system by resolution of the county board. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties the family court commissioner shall take and file the official oath. The person appointed shall continue to act until a successor is appointed and qualified, except that in the event of disability or extended absence the judges may appoint another reputable attorney to act as temporary family court commissioners shall be appointed by the circuit judges for the county, subject to the approval of the educ judge of the judicial administrative district. An assistant family court commissioner shall have the same quantitations as the commissioner and shall take and the the official in the same

manner.

(2) MILWAUKEE COUNTY. (a) Appointment; assistants; civil service. In counties

having a population of 500,000 or more, there is created in the classified civil service the office of

family court commissioner and such additional assistant family court commissioners as the county

board shall determine and authorize, who shall be appointed from the membrane big of the bar

• residing to be chief judge of the judicial administrative district under ss. 63.01 to

#### 63.17 <u>SCR 75.02</u>.

NOTE: Subsections (1) and (2) (a) are amended by **repealing** provisions now governed by SCR Chapter 75, relating to the qualifications, appointment, supervision, training, evaluation and discipline of judicial court commissioners.

SECTION 17.767.17 of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: The substance of the repealed statute is carried forward in **s**. 757.68. *The* repealed statute read as follows: "In counties having a population of less than 500,000, the county board shall by resolution provide an annual salary for the family court commissioner whether on a **full** or part-time basis and may furnish an office with necessary office **furnishings**, supplies and stenographic Services and may also by resolution **prescribe** other duties not in conflict with the duties as **family** court commissioner.'\*

SECTION 18. 799.05 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

799.05 (7) FORM; COURT COMMISSIONER. Except as provided in s. 799.22(4)(b)

3, in counties establishing at least one part-time or full time court commissioner-position under s.

757.68(1)(b) in which a judicial court commissioner is authorized to assist in the administration of

matters under this chapter, the summons shah be substantially in the following form:

STATE OF WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURT: .... COUNTY

AB.

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Address

City, State Zip Code **File** No.....

\*Plaintiff

vs. SUMMONS (SMALL CLAIMS)

•. C.D.

Address

City, State Zip Code

, Defendant

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, to the Defendant:

You are being sued for: --

.... Eviction

.... Return of property or money

.... Confirmation, vacation, modification or correction of arbitration award

.... \$....

If you wish to dispute this matter, you must then be in Room . . . . of the . . . . (County)

County Courthouse, . . . . (address), . . . . (city), Wisconsin before . . . . o'clock (a.m.) (p.m.), on . . . .,

**19...** If you do not appear, a judgment may be given to the person suing you for what that person is asking.

You are encouraged to bring with you all papers and documents relating to this matter,

but there is no need to bring witnesses at this time.

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Dated at . . . County, Wisconsin, this . . . . day of . . . . **19**...

Signed: .....

E.F., Clerk of Circuit Court

0C

G.H., Plaintiffs Attorney

State Bar No.: . . .

Address: ....

City, State Zip Code: ....

Phone No.: . . .

**NOTE: This** bill eliminates most statutory distinctions between full-time and part-time court commissioners, and substitutes the concepts of "judicial court commissioners" (who may be employed as such either **full-time** or part-time) and "supplemental court commissioners" **who** perform limited duties under s. 753.36.

SECTION 19. 799.206 of the statutes is repealed.

**NOTE: The** substance of the repealed provision is carried forward in ss. 757.68 and 799.08. The repealed statute read **as** follows: "(1) In counties establishing at least one part-time or **full-time** court commissioner position under s. **757.68(1)(b), all** actions and **proceedings** commenced under this chapter shall be returnable before a court commissioner appointed under s. 757.68. In any other county, a court commissioner may conduct return date proceedings if delegated such authority under s. 757.69(1)(d)."

SECTION 20.799.21 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

799.21 (3) (b) Incounties establishing at least one partition full time court

commissioner position under . 757.68(1)(b) in which judicial court commissioners are authorized

to assist in the administration of matters under this chapter, except in eviction actions which shall

be governed by par. (a), demand for trial by jury shall be made at the time a demand for trial is

filed. If the party requesting a trial does not request a jury trial, any other party may request a

jury trial **by** filing the request with the court and mailing copies to all other parties within **15** days

from the date of mailing of the demand for trial or the date on which personal notice of demand is

given, whichever is applicable. If no party demands a trial by jury, the right to trial by jury is

waived forever. The fees prescribed in ss. 814.61(4) and 814.62(3)(e) shall be paid when the

demand for a trial by jury is filed.

**NOTE: This bill** eliminates most statutory distinctions between Ml-time **and** part-time court **commissioners**, and substitutes the concepts of "judicial court commissioners" (who may be **employed** as such either full-time or part-time) and "supplemental court commissioners," who perform limited duties under **s**. 753.36.

SECTION 21.814.68 of the statutes is **repealed** and recreated to read:

**814.68. Fees of court commissioners.** Supplemental court commissioners shall

collect reasonable fees **or per** diem compensation established by rule of the circuit court under s.

#### 753.35.

**NOTE: This** bii eliminates most statutory distinctions between **full-time** and part-time court commissioners, **and** substitutes the concepts of "judicial court commissioners" (who may be employed as such either Ml-time or part-time) and "supplemental court commissioners," who perform limited **duties** under s. 753.36. This section prescribes the fees which they are authorized to collect as compensation for those duties.

SECTION 22.938.065 of the statutes is amended to read:

**938.065** Juvenile court commissioners. (1) The board of supervisors of any county

may authorize the chief judge of the judicial administrative district to appoint one or more

part-time or full-time judicial court commissioners to serve as juvenile court commissioners&

shall serve at the discretion of the shief judge. A juvenile court commissioner shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall have been so licensed for at least 2 years immediately prior to appointment and shall have a demonstrated interest in the welfare of juveniles. The chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiis and deputies to the court commissioner. The chief judge shall supervise juvenile court commissioners, law clerks, bailiffs and deputies, except that the chief judge may delegate any of those duties.

NOTE: The amended statute requires that **juvenile** court commissioners be appointed under SCR 75.02. SCR Chapter 75 **specifies** the **qualifications**, manner of appointment, supervision and discipline of judicial court commissioners, rendering statutory 'specification of these matters surplusage.

SECTION 23.990.01 (17r) and (40m) of the statutes are created to read:

990.01(17r) JUDICIAL COURT COMMISSIONER. "Judicial court commissioner"

means an officer of the court appointed or authorized under SCR 75.02 to perform limited judicial

and quasi-judicial functions under the direction and authority of the chief judge of the judicial

administrative district **and** the circuit judges within the county.

(40m) SUPPLEMENTAL COURT COMMISSIONER. "Supplemental court

commissioner" means a court commissioner appointed by a circuit court judge under s. 753.36,

with the authority to perform the duties specified in that statute.

**NOTE: The** definitions in subs. (17r) and (40m) are based on those submitted to the Wisconsin Supreme Court in the 4/23/97 Draft Position Paper and favored by the court as **clarifying the** distinction between judicial and supplemental court commissioners.

SECTION 24. This act takes effect January 1, 1999.

#### (End)

Key statutes as **affected** by this bill:

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**48.065.** Juvenile court commissioners. (1) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chief judge of the judicial administrative district to appoint one or more judicial court commissioners under SCR 75.02 to serve part-time or till-time as juvenile court commissioners. The chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the court commissioner. The chief judge shall supervise law clerks, bailiffs and deputies, except that the chief judge may delegate any of those duties.

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**753.36 Supplemental court commissioners.** (1) In each county the circuit judges shall appoint such number of supplemental court commissioners as the proper transaction of business requires except that in counties having a population of 200,000 or more each judge may appoint not more than 2 such commissioners. In all counties the appointments **shall** be subject to the approval of a majority of the circuit judges for the county. Appointments **shall** be **in** writing and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court. **All** court commissioners appointed after May 16, 1978, other than official court reporters acting under s. 814.68(1)(b) performing duties or exercising powers specified for court reporters, shall be attorneys licensed to practice in this state. The appointing judge may remove, at will and without cause, any court commissioner appointed by the judge or the judge's predecessor in office. Unless he or she is so removed, the term of each court commissioner shall continue until the expiration of the term of the appointing judge. Each court commissioner shall take and file the official oath in the office of clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any duty of the office.

(2) Supplemental court commissioners may under their own authority:

(a) Officiate at marriage ceremonies throughout the state.

(b) Issue subpoenas and attachments or other process to compel the attendance of witnesses, administer oaths and affidavits, take depositions and testimony when authorized by law or rule or order, and certify and report the depositions and testimony.

(c) Issue the following writs returnable before a judge at a time set by the judge or the judge's clerk: habeas corpus; certiorari; ne exeat and alternative writs of mandamus.

(d) Supervise accountings subsequent to a sale of land under ch. 75.

(e) Issue subpoenas returnable before a judge on behalf of the Wisconsin department of justice for antitrust violations under s. 133.1 l(1) or violations of ss. 563.02 to 563.80 under s. 563.71(1).

(f) Investigate and dispose of unclaimed property under ss. 17 1.04 to 17 1.06.

(g) Except **as** provided in s. 767.13 (5) (c), conduct a paternity proceeding according to the procedures set out in ch. 767 whenever a court commissioner is specifically authorized to do so.

(h) Conduct supplementary hearings on the present financial status of a debtor and exercise the powers of the court under ss. 816.04, 8 16.08 and 8 16.11.

(I) Take and **certify** acknowledgments.

(3) In addition to the duties expressly set forth in **sub.(2)**, a supplemental court commissioner may perform other ministerial duties as required by a court.

(4) A supplemental court commissioner may transfer to a court any matter in which it appears that justice would be better served by such a transfer.

(5) A supplemental court commissioner **shall** refer to a court of record for appropriate action every alleged showing of contempt in the carrying out of the lawful decisions of the **commissioner**.

(6) Supplemental court commissioners **appointed under sub**. (2) shall collect the fees prescribed in s. 8 14.68 (1).

**757.68 Judicial court commissioners.** In every county organized for judicial purposes, the county board **shall** establish within the unclassified service the position of family court commissioner and such additional judicial court commissioner positions as needed for the efficient administration of judicial business within the circuit courts of the county. The position of family court commissioner and additional **court** commissioners may be M-time or part-time. In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, at least one such full-time position shall be established to assist in the administration of actions under **ch**. 799. The county board **shall** set the salary for the position. Each judicial court commissioner shall take and file the official oath in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any duty of the office. Judicial court commissioners shall be qualified, appointed, supervised, trained, evaluated and subject to discipline under SCR Ch. 75.

**757.69 Powers and duties of court commissioners.** (1) The order appointing a judicial court commissioner under SCR 75.02 shall either confer all powers and duties allowed court commissioner by statute, or shall specify duties which the commissioner is authorized to perform, including but not limited to the following:

(a) Direct a case to the proper court if the defendant wishes to enter a plea after intelligent waiver of rights.

(b) In criminal matters issue summonses, arrest warrants or search warrants and conduct initial appearances of persons arrested and set bail; inform the defendant in accordance with s. 970.02(I); and refer the person to the authority for **indigency** determinations specified under s. **977.07(1)**. A judicial court commissioner may conduct the preliminary examination and arraignment and, with the consent of both the state and the defendant, may accept a guilty plea. If a court refers a disputed restitution issue under s. **973.20(** 13) (c) 4, the court commissioner shall conduct the hearing on the matter in accordance with s. **973.20 (**13) (c) 4.

(c) Conduct initial appearances in **traffic** cases and county ordinance cases, in **traffic** regulation cases and county **ordinance** cases receive noncontested forfeiture pleas, order the revocation or suspension of operating privileges and impose monetary penalties according to a schedule adopted by a majority of the judges of the courts of record within the county, and refer applicable cases to court for enforcement for nonpayment.

(d) In small claims actions, conduct initial return appearance and conciliation conferences.

(e) Conduct noncontested probate proceedings.

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(f) Issue warrants and capiases for those who do not appear as summoned.

(g) When assigned to the court assigned jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938, a court commissioner may, under ch. 48 or 938, issue summonses and warrants, order the release or detention of children apprehended, conduct detention and shelter care hearings, conduct preliminary appearances, conduct uncontested proceedings under ss. 48.13, 938.12, 938.13 and

938.18, enter into consent decrees and exercise the powers and perform the duties specified in **par.(j)** or (m), whichever is applicable, in proceedings under s. 8 13.122 or 8 13.125 in which the respondent is a child. Contested waiver hearings under s. 938.18 and dispositional hearings under ss. 48.335 and 938.335 shall be conducted by **a** judge. When acting in an official capacity and assigned to the children's court center, **a** court commissioner shall sit at the children's court center or such other facility designated by the chief judge. Any decision by the commissioner shall be reviewed by the judge of the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon motion of any party. Any determination, order or ruling by the commissioner may be certified to the branch of court to which such case has been assigned upon a motion of any party for a hearing de novo.

(h) Hear petitions for commitment and conduct probable cause hearings under ss. 5 1.20, 5 1.45 and 55.06(11), conduct reviews of guardianships and protective placements and protective services under chs. 55 and 880, advise a person alleged to be mentally ill of his or her rights under the United States and Wisconsin constitutions and, if the person claims or appears to be unable to afford counsel, refer the person to the authority for indigency determinations specified under s. 977.07(1) or, if the person is a child, refer that child to the state public defender who shall appoint counsel for the child without a determination of indigency, as provided in s. 48.23(4).

(I) Conduct inquests under ch. 979.

(j) Hold hearings, make findings and issue temporary restraining orders under s. 8 13.122.

**(k)** Exercise the power of a juvenile court commissioner appointed under s. 48.065 or 938.065, a probate court commissioner appointed under s. 757.72 or a family court commissioner appointed under s. 767.13.

(m) Hold hearings, make findings and issue orders under s. 8 1 3.125.

(2) A judge may refer to a judicial court commissioner appointed under SCR 75.02 cases in which:

(a) The trial of an issue of fact requires the examination of an account, in which case the court commissioner **may be** directed to report upon any specific question of fact involved therein.

**(b)** The taking of an account is necessary for the information of the court before judgment or for carrying a judgment or order into effect.

(c) A question of fact other than upon the pleadings arises.

(d) Proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law are to be prepared pertaining to default mortgage and land contract foreclosures and mechanics liens.

(3) In addition to the powers and duties specified in the order of appointment, every judicial court commissioner has the powers specified in s. 753.36 (2).

**757.72. Office of probate court commissioner.** (1) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, there is created in the classified civil service the office of probate court commissioner. In counties having a population of at least 100,000 but not more than 500,000, the county board may create the office of probate court commissioner which may be in the classified civil service.

(2) Judges assigned probate jurisdiction may assign to the probate court commissioners any matters over which the judges have jurisdiction, and the probate court commissioners may determine such matters and may sign any order or certificate required in such determination.

(3) Probate court commissioners shall receive such salary and be **furnished** with quarters, **necessary office** furnishings **and supplies** as determined by the county board.

(4) Probate court commissioners shall be judicial court commissioners qualified, appointed, evaluated, supervised and subject to discipline under SCR chapter 75.

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(5) The register in probate of a county shall have the duties and powers of a probate **court** commissioner and shah act in that capacity when designated to do so by a judge assigned probate jurisdiction.

(6) Before entering upon the performance of their duties, probate court commissioners shall take and file the official oath.

(7) Probate **court commissioners shall** by virtue of their respective positions, and to the extent **required for the performance of their duties, each have the powers of a court commissioner.** 

(8) The probate court commissioners may administer oaths, take depositions and **testimony, and** certify and report **the depositions and testimony, take and certify** acknowledgments, allow accounts and fix the amount and approve the **sufficiency of bonds**.

**767.13 Family court commissioner.** (1) **COUNTIES** OTHER THAN MILWAUKEE. (a) *Appointment.* In each county, except in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, the chiefjudge of the judicial administrative district appoint a judicial court commissioner under SCR 75.02 as the family court commissioner for the county.

(b) *Powers; civil service; oath; assistants.* The family court commissioner, by virtue of the office and to the extent required for the performance of the duties, has the powers of a judicial court commissioner. The office of the family court commissioner, or any assistant commissioner, may be placed under a county civil **service** system by resolution of the county **board**. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties the family court commissioner shall take and file the official oath. The county board may provide that one or more assistant family court **commissioners** shah be appointed in the same manner.

(2) MILWAUKEE *COUNTY*. (a) *Appointment; assistants; civil service*. In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, there is created in the classified civil service the office of family court commissioner and such additional assistant family court commissioners as the county board shall determine and authorize, who shall be appointed by the chief judge of the judicial administrative district under SCR 75.02.

(b) Oath; powers; salary; unavailability; duties. Before entering upon the performance of their duties, the family court commissioner and assistant family court commissioners shall take and file the official oath. The family court commissioner and assistant family court commissioners shall, by virtue of their respective positions and to the extent required for the performance of their duties, each have the powers of a judicial court commissioner. They shall receive such salary as may be fixed by the county board, shall perform their duties under the direction of the chief judge of the judicial administrative district or a designee and shall be furnished with quarters and necessary office furnishings and supplies. The county board shall provide them their necessary stenographic and investigational service. When the family court commissioner is unavailable, any assistant family court commissioner as directed by the commissioner or by

the chief judge of the judicial administrative district of other judge as the chief judge may designate. In addition to the duties of the family court commissioner under this chapter, the family court commissioner shall perform other duties as the chief judge of the judicial administrative district, or other judge as the chief judge may designate, directs.

(3) **MENOMINEE** COUNTY. Menominee county shall be attached to Shawano county to the extent of office and **functions** of the family court commissioner, and the duly appointed family court commissioner of Shawano county shall serve as family court commissioner for **Menominee** county with **all** the duties, rights and power of the family court commissioner therein; **and** no family court commissioner shall be appointed in Menominee county, the county not **being** organized for that purpose.

(4) RETIRED JUDGES. In any county one or more retired or former judges or retired family court commissioners may be appointed as temporary or temporary assistant family court commissioners **by** a majority of the judges of the county subject to the approval of the chief judge of **the** judicial administrative district. The temporary or temporary assistant family court commissioners shall be compensated by the county.

(5) JUDGMENTS TN CERTAIN ACTIONS AFFECTING THE FAMILY. (a) Divorce. On authority delegated by a judge, which may be by a standard order, and with the approval of the chief judge of the judicial administrative district, a family court commissioner may preside at any hearing held to determine whether a judgment of divorce shall be granted, if both parties state that the **marriage** is irretrievably broken and that all material issues, including but not limited to division of property or estate, legal custody, physical placement, child support, spousal maintenance and family support, are resolved or if one party does not participate in the action for divorce. The family court commissioner may grant and enter judgment in any action over which he or she presides under this paragraph unless the judgment modifies an agreement between the parties on material issues. If the family court commissioner does not approve an agreement between the parties on material issues, the **action** shall be certified to the court for trial.

(b) Enforcement or revision; maintenance, custody, physical placement and visitation. On authority delegated by a judge, which may be by a standard order, a family court commissioner may conduct hearings and enter judgments in actions for enforcement of, or revision of judgment for, maintenance, custody, physical placement or visitation.

(c) **Establishment**, enforcement or revision; paternity and support. Except when otherwise ordered by a judge, a family court commissioner may conduct hearings and enter orders and judgments in actions to establish paternity, in actions to establish or enforce a child support or a family support obligation and in actions to revise orders or judgments for child support or family support.

(6) REVIEW OF THE DECISIONS OF THE FAMILY COURT **COMMISSIONER**. Upon the motion of any party any decision of the family court commissioner shall be reviewed by the judge of the branch of the court to which the case has been assigned. Upon the motion of any party any such review shall include a new hearing on the subject of the decision, order or **ruling**.

(7) COOPERATION. Each family court commissioner shall cooperate with the county **and** the department to ensure that all dependent children receive reasonable and necessary child support.

**799.08. Court commissioners; authority.** A judicial court commissioner authorized to assist in the administration of matters under this chapter shall conduct the hearings and proceedings as prescribed by this chapter and may:

(1) Grant and enter default judgments and approve stipulations.

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(2) Conduct conferences and hearing with the parties or their attorneys or both on the return dates and adjourned dates, if any.

(3) Issue decisions in matters that come before the commissioner. The decisions shall become judgments under s. 799.207 (2).

**814.68. Fees of court commissioners.** Supplemental court commissioners shall collect reasonable fees or per diem compensation established by circuit court rule under s. 753.35.

**938.065** Juvenile court commissioners. (1) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chief judge of the judicial administrative district to appoint one or more part-time or MI-time judicial court commissioners to serve as juvenile court commissioners. The chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the court commissioner. The chief judge shall supervise law clerks, bailiffs and deputies, except that the chiefjudge may delegate any of those duties.

**990.01** Construction of laws; words and phrases. (17r) JUDICIAL COURT COMMISSIONER. "Judicial court commissioner" means a legally trained officer of the court appointed under SCR 75.02 to perform limited judicial and quasi-judicial functions under the direction and authority of the chief judge of the judicial administrative district and the circuit judges within the county.

(40m) SUPPLEMENTAL COURT COMMISSIONER. "Supplemental court **commissioner**" means a court commissioner appointed by a circuit court judge under s. 753.36, with the authority to perform the duties specified in that statute.

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State of Misconsin 1997 - 1998 LEGISLATURE



LRB-5132/P1 RPN:**,**.:...

# PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

\*\*\*\*Note: I did not change s. 13.24 (1), thus allowing any court commissioner, including supplemental court commissioners and municipal court commissions to take depositions of witnesses in contested election cases. OK?

#### **SECTION 1.** 17.16 (1) of the statutes, as affected by5996 Supreme Court Order

- 4 96-08, is repealed and recreated to read:
- 5 17.16 (1) Removals from office at pleasure shall be made by order, a copy of
- 6 which shall be filed as provided by sub. (8), except that a copy of the order of removal
- 7 of a judicial court commissioner shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit
- 8 court.

History: History: 1989 a. 122; 1991 a. 316; Sup. Ct. Order No. 96-08, filed 1-16-97, eff. 7-1-97.

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1 **SECTION** 2. 48.065 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 2 48.065 (1) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chief judge 3 of the judicial administrative district to appoint one or more judicial court commissioners to serve as part-time or full-time juvenile court commissioners 4 shall serve at the discretion of the chief judge. A juvenile court commissioner shall 5 6 be licensed to practice law in this state and shall have been so licensed for at least 7 2 years immediately prior to appointment and shall have a demonstrated interest in the welfare of children. The chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies 8 9 The chief judge shall supervise juvenile court to the court commissioner. 10 commissioners, law clerks, bailiffs and deputies, except that the chief judge may 11 delegate any of those duties.

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History: History: 1977 c. 354.449; 1979 c. 300, 331, 355, 359; 1981 c. 314.1987 a. 151; 1989 a 56.1991 a 39; 1993 a. 318, 377; 1995 a. 77, 275.

SECTION 3. 48.30 (9) of the statutes affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act of is amended to read:

14 48.30 (9) If a juvenile court commissioner conducts the plea hearing and 15 accepts an admission of the alleged facts in a petition brought under s. 48.13, the 16 judge shall review the admission at the beginning of the dispositional hearing by 17 addressing the parties and making the inquiries set forth in sub. (8).

History: History: 1977 c. 354, 355, 447; 1979 c. 300, 331, 355, 359; 1985 a. 321,332; 1987 a 151; 1987 a 403 s. 256; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xvii (1990): 1993 a. 163, 474,481; 1995 a. 77, 225, 404, 417; 1997 a. 3.

 $\ast\ast\ast\ast$  Note: I added "juvenile" to this section of the statutes to be consistent with the rest of this chapter.

#### **SECTION** 4. 51.10 (4m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 51.10 (**4m**) (d) If a patient admitted under par. (a) 1. has not signed a voluntary 20 admission application within 7 days after admission, the patient, the guardian ad 21 litem and the physician who signed the admission request shall appear before the 22 judge or judicial court commissioner of the court assigned to exercise probate 7

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jurisdiction for the county in which the facility is located to determine whether the patient shall remain in the facility as a voluntary patient. If the judge or judicial court commissioner determines that the patient desires to leave the facility, the facility shall discharge the patient. If the facility has reason to believe the patient is eligible for commitment under s. 51.20, the facility may initiate procedures for involuntary commitment.

History: History: 1975 c. 430; 1977 c. 354, 428, 447; 1979 c. 336; 1985 a. 29 s. 3200 (56); 1985 a. 139, 176, 332; 1987 a. 366; 1995 a. 292.

SECTION 5. 51.20 (1) (c) of the statutes as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act  $35\gamma$  is amended to read:

9 51.20 (1) (c) The petition shall contain the names and mailing addresses of the 10 petitioners and their relation to the subject individual, and shall also contain the 11 names and mailing addresses of the individual's spouse, adult children, parents or guardian, custodian, brothers, sisters, person in the place of a parent and person 12 with whom the individual resides or lives. If this information is unknown to the 13 14 petitioners or inapplicable, the petition shall so state. The petition may be filed in 15 the court assigned to exercise probate jurisdiction for the county where the subject 16 individual is present or the county of the individual's legal residence. If the judge of the court or a judicial court commissioner who handles probate matters is not 17 available, the petition may be filed and the hearing under sub. (7) may be held before 18 a judge or indicial court commissioner of any circuit court for the county. 19 e 20 purposes of this chapter, duties to be performed by a court shall be carried out by the judge of the court or a judicial court commissioner of the court who is an attorney and 21 22 is designated by the judge to so act, in all matters prior to a final hearing under this 23 section. The petition shall contain a clear and concise statement of the facts which 24 constitute probable cause to believe the allegations of the petition. The petition shall

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1	be sworn to be true. If a petitioner is not a petitioner having personal knowledge as
2	provided in par. (b), the petition shall contain a statement providing the basis for his
3	or her belief.
4	History: History: 1975 c. 430; 1977 c. 26.29; 1977 c. 187 ss. 42, 43, 134, 135; 1977 c. 428 ss. 29 to 65, 115; 1977 c. 447,449; Sup. Ct. Order, 83 W (2d) xiii; 1979 c. 32, 89; Sup. Ct. Order, eff. 1-1-80; 1979 c. 110 s. 60 (1); 1979 c. 175 s. 53; 1979 c. 300, 336, 356; 1981 c. 20,367; 1981 c. 390 s. 252; 1983 a. 27,219; 1983 a. 474 ss. 2 to 9m, 14; 1985 a 29 ss. 1067 to 1071, 3200 (56), 3202 (56), 1985 a. 139, 176, 321, 332; 1987 a. 27; Sup. Ct. Order, 141 W (2d) xiii (1987); 1987 a. 366, 394, 403; 1989 a. 31, 334; 1993 a. 98, 196, 227, 316, 451, 474; 1995 a. 77, 201, 268, 292, 440; Sup. Ct. Order No. 96–08, filed 1-16-97, eff. 7-1-97; 1997 a. 35. SECTION 6. 51.45 (12) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	51.45 (12) (b) (intro.) The physician, spouse, guardian or a relative <b>of the</b> person
6	sought to be committed, or any other responsible person, may petition a judicial court
7	commissioner or the circuit court of the county in which the person sought to be
8	committed resides or is present for commitment under this subsection. The petition
9	shall:
	History: History: 1973 c. 198; 1975 c. 200,428; 1975 c. 430 s. 80; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 187 ss. 44, 134, 135; 1977 c. 203 s. 106; 1977 c. 428; 1977 c. 449 s. 497; Sup. Ct. Order, 83 W (2d) xiii (1987); 1979 c. 32 s. 92 (11); Sup. Ct. Order, eff. 1-1-80; 1979 c. 221 ss. 417, 2200 (20); 1979 c. 300, 331, 356; 1981 c. 20; 1981 c. 79 s. 17; 1981 c. 289, 314; 1983 a. 27 ss. 1116 to 1121, 2202 (20); 1985 a. 29 s. 3202 (56); 1985 a. 139; 1985 a. 176 ss. 533 to 556,615; 1985 a. 255, 1985 a. 325 s. 251 (1); 1987 a. 339,366; 1989 a. 31, 336, 359; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 16, 27, 213, 451, 490; 1995 a. 27 ss. 3268, 3269, 9145 (1); 1995 a. 77,225; 1997 a. 27, 35.
10	<b>SECTION</b> 7. 51.45 (12) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	51.45 (12) (c) (intro.) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (b), the judicial court
12	commissioner or court shall:
	History: History: 1973 c. 198; 1975 c. 200, 428; 1975 c. 430 s. 80; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 187 ss. 44, 134, 135; 1977 c 203 s. 106; 1977 c. 428; 1977 c. 449 s. 497, Sup Ct. Order, 83 W (2d) xui (1987); 1979 c. 32 s. 92 (11); Sup. Ct. Order, eff. 1-1-80; 1979 c. 221 ss. 417.2200 (20); 1979 c. 300, 331, 356; 1981 c. 20; 1981 c. 79 s. 17; 1981 c. 289, 314; 1983 a. 27 ss. 1116 to 1121.2202 (20); 1985 a. 29 s. 3202 (56); 1985 a. 139, 1985 a. 139, 1985 a 176 ss. 533 to 556,615; 1985 a. 265; 1985 a. 332 s. 251 (1); 1987 a. 339,366; 1989 a 31, 336, 359, 1991 a 39; 1993 a. 16, 27, 213, 451, 490; 1995 a. 27 ss. 3268, 3269, 9145 (1); 1995 a. 77,225; 1997 a. 27.35.
13	<b>SECTION</b> 8. 51.45 (12) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
14	51.45 (12) (c) 1. Determine whether the petition and supporting affidavits
15	sustain the grounds for commitment and dismiss the petition if the grounds for
16	commitment are not sustained thereby. If the grounds for commitment are sustained
17	by the petition and supporting affidavits, the court or judicial court commissioner
18	shall issue an order temporarily committing the person to the custody of the county
19	department pending the outcome of the preliminary hearing under sub. (13) (d).
	History: History: 1973 c. 198; 1975 c. 200,428; 1975 c. 430 s. 80; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 187 ss. 44, 134, 135; 1977 c. 203 s. 106; 1977 c. 428; 1977 c. 449 s. 497, Sup. Ct. Order, 83 W (2d) xiji (1987): 1979 c. 32 s. 92 (11): Sup. Ct Order, eff. 1-1-80: 1979 c. 221 ss. 417, 2200 (20): 1979 c. 300, 331, 356: 1981 c. 20: 1981 c. 79 s. 17: 1981 c. 289.

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20

**SECTION** 9. 51.45 (13) (dm) of the statutes is amended to read:

Order, 83 W (2d) xiii (1987); 1979 c. 32.8.92 (11); Sup. Ct Order, eff. 1-1-80; 1979 c. 21 ss. 417.2200 (20); 1979 c. 300, 331, 356; 1981 c. 79 s. 17; 1981 c. 29; 314; 1983 a. 27 ss. 1116 to 1121,2202 (20); 1985 a 29 s. 3202 (56); 1985 a. 139; 1985 a. 176 ss. 533 to 556,615; 1985 a. 352; 1985 a. 352, 101; 1987 a. 339, 366, 1989 a. 31, 336, 359; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 16, 27, 213, 451, 490; 1995 a 27 ss 3268, 3269, 9145 (1); 1995 a. 77, 225; 1997 a. 27, 35.
51.45 (13) (dm) For the purposes of this section, duties to be performed by a
court shall be carried out by the judge of such court or a judicial court commissioner
of such court who is an attorney and is designated by the judge to so act, in all matters
prior to a final hearing under this subsection.

History: History: 1973 c. 198; 1975 c. 200,428; 1975 c. 430 s. 80; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 187 ss 44, 134,135; 1977 c. 203 s. 106; 1977 c. 428, 1977 c. 449 s. 497; Sup Ct. Order, 83 W (2d) xiii (1987); 1979 c. 32 s. 92 (11); Sup. Ct. Order, eff. 1-1-80; 1979 e. 221 ss. 417, 2200 (20); 1979 c. 300, 331, 356; 1981 c. 20; 1981 c. 79s. 17; 1981 c. 289, 314; 1983 a. 27 ss. 1116 to 1121, 2202 (20); 1985 a. 29 s. 3202 (56); 1985 a. 139; 1985 a. 176 ss. 533 to 556,615; 1985 a. 265; 1985 a. 332 s. 251 (1); 1987 a. 339,366; 1989 a. 31, 336, 359, 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 16, 27, 213, 451, 490, 1995 a. 27 ss. 3268, 3269, 9145 (1); 1995 a. 77,225; 1997 a 27, 35.

5

**SECTION** 10. 59.37 of the statutes is amended to read:

6 **59.37 Service when no coroner.** Whenever there is a vacancy in the office 7 of coroner, or when the coroner is absent from the county, sick or unable to perform 8 the duties of that office, or for any reason, except the nonpayment of legal fees, 9 refuses to serve and execute legal process against the sheriff in any action 10 commenced in any court of record within the county for which the coroner was or should have been elected, any judge of a court of record or<u>judicial</u> court commissioner 11 12 of the county may, on proof of the vacancy, sickness, absence or refusal to serve and 13 execute such process, by an order to be endorsed on such process and addressed to him or her, empower any citizen of the county in which such process is to be served 14 15 and executed to serve and execute the same; and that order shall be sufficient 16 authority to the person therein named to serve and execute such process with like 17 powers, liabilities and fees as the coroner.

History: History: 1977 c. 449; 1995 a. 201 s. 305; Stats. 1995 s. 59.37.

18

**SECTION 11. 59.64** (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 59.64 (1) (c) **Of** judicial officers. **Court** Judicial and sunnlemental court 20 commissioners shall, on or before the first Monday of November in each year, forward 21 to the clerk of their respective counties a correct statement of all actions or 22 proceedings had before them, during the immediately preceding year, in which the 23 county became liable for costs, giving the names of the parties in each action or

proceeding, the nature and result of the same, the amount of costs in detail in each case and what items, if any, have been paid and the amount thereof. The clerk shall file such statements in his or her office. Any such officer who neglects to make and return such statements within the time prescribed in this paragraph shall not receive any compensation from the county for any service rendered by him or her in any criminal case or proceeding during the year next preceding the time when the statement is required to be made and returned.

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History: History: 1995 a. 158 s. 9; 1995 a 201 ss 397, 427, 428, 430, 433; 1995 a. 225 ss. 165 to 168; 1997 a. 27, 35; s. 13.93 (2) (c).

**SECTION** 12. 59.64 (1) (d) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 59.64 (1) (d) (intro.) Of court officers; certification; audit by district attorney;
10 waiver. Fees of officers, in any action or proceeding before a judicial or sunnlemental
11 court commissioner, shall be certified to and allowed by the board in the following
12 manner:

History: History: 1995 a. 158 s. 9; 1995 a. 201 ss. 397, 427, 428, 430, 433; 1995 a. 225 ss. 165 to 168; 1997 a. 27, 35; s. 13 93 (2) (c).

13 **SECTION** 13. 59.64 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 **59.64** (1) (e) Fees for statements and certificates. Every judicial and 15 <u>sunnlemental</u> court commissioner shall receive from the treasurer \$1 per page for 16 making statements and returns required by par. (c) and \$1 for making each 17 certificate required by par. (d). All such statements and certificates shall be 18 transmitted to the clerk by certified mail and for transmitting the statements and 19 certificates the court commissioner shall receive \$1.

History: History: 1995 a. 158 s. 9; 1995 a. 201 ss. 397, 427, 428, 430, 433; 1995 a. 225 ss. 165 to 168; 1997 a. 27.35; s. 13.93 (2) (c).

20 **SECTION** 14. 59.64 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

21 **"59.64 (1) (f)** *Court commissioners.* The board at any session thereof may as
22 provided in par. (d) 2. examine and allow any statement, account or claim of any

judicial or supplemental court commissioner which is on file with the clerk before the
opening of the session of the board.

History: History: 1995 a. 158 s. 9; 1995 a. 201 ss. 397, 427, 428, 430, 433; 1995 a. 225 ss. 165 to 168; 1997 a. 27, 35; s. 13.93 (2) (c).

SECTION 15. 59.64 (1) (g) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
59.64 (1) (g) 4. Any judge or judicial or supplemental court commissioner, juror,
witness, interpreter, attorney, guardian ad litem or recipient of transcript fees who
makes, signs or endorses any such certificate or order which is untrue in respect to
anything material, which he or she knows to be false, or which he or she does not have
good reason to believe is true, shall be punished as provided in s. 946.12.

History: History: 1995 a. 158 s. 9; 1995 a. 201 ss. 397, 427, 428, 430, 433, 1995 a. 225 ss. 165 to 168; 1997 a. 27.35; s. 13.93 (2) (c).

9 **SECTION** 16. 59.79 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

10 59.79 (5) FEE FOR CERTAIN MARRIAGE CEREMONIES. Enact an ordinance imposing 11 a fee to be paid in advance to the clerk for each marriage ceremony performed by a 12 judge or a judicial or supplemental court commissioner specified in s. 765.16 (5) in 13 the courthouse, safety building or children's court center during hours when any 14 office in those public buildings is open for the transaction of business. The amount 15 of the fee shall be determined by the board.

History: History: 1995 a. 201 ss. 137, 164, 166, 168, 170, 184, 189, 194 to 196, 223, 225, 235, 236, 431, 454.

16

- **SECTION** 17. 63.03 (2) (z) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 17 63.03 (2) (z) Full-time Judicial court commissioners under s. 757.68 (1). Any 18 person qualified and acting as a indicial court commissioner on August 1.1978, shall 19 be considered a judicial court commissioner and shall continue in the classified 20 county civil service but any nerson annointed as a court commissioner after August

1, 1978 shall be in the unclassified (exempt) civil service.

History: History: 1971 c. 154.1973 c. 12, 63, 262; 1977 c. 27, 323, 433, 447; 1981 c. 329 s. 31; 1985 a 29 s. 3202 (56); 1985 a. 176; 1989 a. 31, 260, 268; 1991 a. 274; 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 201.

**\*\*\*\*Note:** The last sentence is based on a sentence currently in section 757.68 (1) of the statutes. Is this last sentence still necessary?

**SECTION** 18. 75.43 of the statutes is amended to read:

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2 75.43 Election to receive deposit; costs. The county may, at any time 3 within 20 days after receiving an answer showing that a deposit has been made by 4 any defendant or defendants as provided in s. 75.42, give notice to such defendant 5 or defendants that it elects to receive such deposit and that it will, at a time specified 6 in such notice, apply to the clerk of the circuit court, circuit judge or a judicial court 7 commissioner to adjust the costs and disbursements which said defendant or 8 defendants ought to pay, and that upon the payment of the costs and disbursements 9 so adjudged the county will release to such defendant or defendants all right, title 10 and claim which it has to the parcel or parcels of land on account of which such 11 deposit is made by virtue of any deed made for the nonpayment of taxes; and unless 12 such costs are paid within 20 days after the same shall have been so adjusted the 13 clerk of the court shall, upon presentation of an affidavit showing the nonpayment 14 thereof, enter judgment therefor in favor of the county and against the defendant, 15 which shall be enforced as other money judgments.

History: History: 1987 a 378.

16 **SECTION 19.** 101.02 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 101.02 (5) (c) In the discharge of his or her duties such agent shall have every 18 power of an inquisitorial nature granted in this subchapter to the department, the 19 same powers as a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner with regard to the taking of 20 depositions and all powers granted by law to a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner 21 relative to depositions.

History: History: 1971 c. 185 ss. 1 to 5, 7; 1971 c. 228 ss. 16, 42; Stats. 1971 s. 101.02; 1975 c. 39, 94; 1977 c. 29; 1981 c. 360, 1983 a. 410; 1985 a. 182 s 57; 1987 a. 343; 1989 a. 31, 56, 139; 1991 a. 39,269; 1993 a. 27, 184, 252, 414, 492; 1995 a. 27 ss. 3631 to 3649r, 9126 (19); 1995 a. 215.

22

**SECTION** 20. 103.005 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 103.005 (5) (c) In the discharge of his or her duties such agent shall have every 2 power of an inquisitorial nature granted in chs. 103 to 106 to the department, the 3 same powers as a <u>supnlemental</u> court commissioner with regard to the taking of 4 depositions and all powers granted by law to a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner 5 relative to depositions.

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History: History: 1995 a. 27 ss. 2030, 3649r, 3747, 9130 (4); 1995 a. 215, 404; 1997 a. 3.

6

**SECTION 21**. 133.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 133.10 (1) The examination of any party, or if a corporation or limited liability 8 company be a party, of the president, secretary, other principal officer or the general 9 managing agent thereof, or of the person who was such president, secretary, officer 10 or agent at the time of the occurrence of the facts made the subject of the 11 examination, or of any person acting for another or for a corporation, limited liability 12 company or partnership, other than as a witness on a trial, may be taken by 13 deposition at the instance of the department of justice in any such action or 14 proceeding at any time between the commencement thereof and final judgment. 15 Such deposition shall be taken within the state before a judge at chambers or a judicial or supplemental court commissioner on previous notice to such party and 16 17 any other adverse party or the attorney thereof of at least 5 days, and may be taken 18 without the state.

History: History: 1979 c. 209; 1993 a. 112.

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**SECTION** 22. 133.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

133.11 (1) Whenever the attorney general files with any judicial or
supplemental court commissioner a statement that the attorney general has reason
to believe and does believe that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the
commissioner shall issue a subpoena or a subpoena requiring the production of
materials as requested by the department of justice. Mileage or witness fees are not

required to be paid in advance but claims for such mileage and fees duly verified and
approved by the department of justice shall be audited and paid out of the state
treasury and charged to the appropriation provided by s. 20.455 (1) (d), and shall be
at the same rates as witnesses in the circuit court,

History: History: 1979 c. 209; 1981 c. 314; 1981 c. 317 s. 2202.

5

**SECTION** 23. 171.04 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 171.04 (1) If any property delivered to any forwarding merchant, wharfinger 7 or warehouse keeper, for carriage or storage, is in a state of decay or manifestly liable to immediate damage and decay, the person in whose custody the property is, the 8 9 person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of this fact, and present the affidavit to a circuit judge or judicial court commissioner for the county in which the 10 property is located, and the circuit judge or judicial court commissioner shall 11 immediately make an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to 12 13 immediately inspect the property, and directing him or her, if it is found to be in a 14 state of decay or manifestly liable to immediate damage or decay, to summarily sell 15 the property without notice.

History: History: 1977 c. 449; 1993 a 482.

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**SECTION** 24. 171.05 of the statutes is amended to read:

17 **171.05 Perishable property, held otherwise, how disposed of.** If any 18 property is perishable or subject to decay by keeping, the person in whose custody 19 the property is, the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of this fact and present the affidavit to a circuit judge or judicial court commissioner for the county 20 in which the property is located, and the judge or judicial court commissioner shall 21 22 immediately make an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to 23 immediately inspect the property, and if it is found to be perishable or subject to 24 decay by keeping, to make and return an affidavit of this fact. Upon the return of

1 this affidavit, the judge or commissioner making the order shall immediately issue 2 an order requiring the sheriff or constable to sell the property at public auction, 3 giving notice of the time and place of the sale by publication of a class 1 notice, under 4 ch. 985, and serving upon the consignor, the consignee and the custodian of the 5 property, if they are known, a copy of the notice by mail. The sheriff or constable 6 shall, at the time and place fixed by the notice, unless the property has been 7 otherwise lawfully disposed of, sell the property at public auction, and shall make 8 full return of his or her execution of the order, and return the same with an inventory 9 of the property and the proceeds of the sale, after deducting his or her fees, to the 10 judge or commissioner making the order. From the proceeds of the sale, the judge 11 or commissioner shall pay all legal charges that have been incurred in relation to the 12 property, or a ratable proportion of each charge, if the proceeds of the sale are not 13 sufficient to pay all the charges; and the balance, if any, the judge or court 14 commissioner shall immediately pay over to the treasurer of the county, with a copy 15 of all the proceedings in the matter. The county treasurer shall file the copy in his 16 or her office. The person in whose custody the property is when the proceedings for 17 the sale were commenced, shall immediately notify the consignor and consignee of the sale, in writing which shall be served by leaving a copy with the consignor and 18 19 consignee personally or by mail.

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History: History: 1977 c. 449.

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**SECTION** 25. 171.06 of the statutes is amended to read:

21 171.06 Unclaimed property, how disposed of. When any property is not
22 perishable or subject to decay and is not claimed and taken away within one year
23 after it was received, it may be sold as follows: The person in whose custody the
24 property is, or the nerson's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of the facts and

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present the same to a judge or judicial court commissioner of the county in which the 1 property is located and such judge or judicial court commissioner shall immediately 2 3 issue an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to sell the property 4 at public auction, giving 60 days' notice of the time and place of the sale to the 5 consignor, the consignee and the custodian of the property This notice shall be in 6 writing and served personally or by mail upon the persons whose names and 7 residences are known. If the name or residence of any of the persons is unknown and 8 cannot be ascertained with reasonable diligence, the sheriff or constable shall make 9 an affidavit of this fact and shall publish a class 3 notice, under ch. 985, in the county 10 At the time and place of the sale the sheriff or constable shall sell the property at 11 public auction and shall make a full return of the sheriff's or constable's proceedings 12 under the order to the judge or commissioner issuing the order, together with proof 13 of service or publication of the notice of the sale, and an inventory of the property sold 14 and the proceeds of the sale after deducting the sheriff's or constable's fees. From 15 the proceeds of the sale the judge or commissioner shall pay all legal charges that 16 have been incurred in relation to the property, including the charges of the person 17 in whose custody the property was when the proceedings were begun, or a ratable 18 proportion of each charge if the proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay all the 19 charges; and the balance, if any, the judge or commissioner shall immediately pay 20 over to the treasurer of his or her county, with a copy of all proceedings in the matter. 21 The county treasurer shall file the copy in his or her office. The person in whose 22 custody the property is when any proceeding for the sale is commenced, shall 23 immediately notify the consignor and consignee of the sale, in writing, and served 24 by leaving a copy thereof with the consignor and consignee, personally or by mail. History: History: 1993 a. 482.

1	<b>SECTION</b> 26. 196.24 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	196.24 (2) In the discharge of his or her duties, an agent appointed under sub.
3	(1) shall have any inquisitional power granted to the commission and the power of $753.36(2)$
4	a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner to take depositions under s. 757.69 (3)(b).
	History: History: 1975 c 414 s. 28; 1983 a. 53; 1985 a 182 s. 57.
5	<b>SECTION 27.</b> 753.36 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
6	753.36(title) Supplemental court commissioners.
7	<b>SECTION</b> 28. 757.23 of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27, is
8	amended to read:
9	757.23 Court commissioner, when disqualified. A <del>munisipal-court</del>
10	commissioner, a court commissioner, or any judge acting as a court commissioner,
11	shall not act or take part in the decision of, or make any order in any matter or
12	proceeding in which he or she is a party, or in which his or her rights would be in any
13	manner affected by his or her decision or order thereon, or in which he or she is
14	interested, or in which his or her law partner, or any person connected with him or
15	her as employer, employe or clerk, or in the law business in any manner, shall be Check spacing
(16)	interested or appear as a party, agent, attorney or counsel. Any $\checkmark$
17	municipal court counting sioner, court commissioner or judge, acting as a court
18	commissioner, violating this section shall forfeit \$25 for each violation, and shall also
19	be subject to removal from office.
	History: History: 1977 c. 187 s. 96; Stats. 1977 s. 751.23; 1997 a. 27.
<b>20</b> 7	SECTION 29 757.30 (2) of the statutes, as, affected by 1996 Supreme Court
21	Order 96–08, is repealed and recreated to read:
22	757.30 (2) Every person who appears as agent, representative or attorney, for
23	or on behalf of any other person, or any firm, partnership, association or corporation
24	in any action or proceeding in or before any court of record, judicial court



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1997 - 1998 Legislature LRB-5132/P1 - 14 -RPN:...: SECTION 29 commissioner, or judicial tribunal of the United States, or of any state, or who 1  $\mathbf{2}$ otherwise, in or out of court, for compensation very reward gives professional legal advice not incidental to his or her usual or ordinary business, or 3 renders any legal service for any other person, or any firm, partnership, association 4 or corporation, shall be deemed to be practicing law within the meaning of this 5 6 section History: History: 1977 c. 26; 1977 c. 187 s. 96; Stats. 1977 s. 757 30; 1979 c. 98; 1991 a. 32, 39; 1993 a 490.

**SECTION** 30. 757.68 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

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757.68 (title) Court Judicial court commissioners.

History: History: 1973 c. 278; 1975 c. 39; 1975 c. 94 s. 3; 1975 c. 199; 1975 c. 430 s. 80; 1977 c. 187 s. 96; 1977 c. 323 ss 7, 11; 1977 c. 345; 1977 c. 418 ss 751,752; 1977 c. 447 ss. 192 to 195; 1977 c. 449; Stats. 1977 s. 757.68; 1979 c. 32 s, 92 (16); 1981 c. 317 ss. 85pg, 2202; 1987 a. 151,208.

9

**SECTION 31.** 757.68 (1) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

757.68 (1) In every county organized for judicial purposes, the county board 10 11 shall establish within the unclassified service the position of family court 12 commissioner and such additional judicial court commissioner positions as needed 13 for the efficient administration of judicial business within the circuit courts of the 14 county. The positions of family court commissioner and judicial court commissioners may be full-time or part-time. Each judicial court commissioner shall take and file 15 16 the official oath in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any duty of the office. Chapter 75 of the supreme court 17 18 rules shall govern the qualifications for, and appointment, supervision, training, 19 evaluation and discipline of, judicial court commissioners.

SECTION 32. 757.68 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 753.36 (1) and amended 20 PART =THE COURT CONTENSTONERS ] (3) 21 to read: /(11+1e) 753.36 (1) In each county the circuit judges shall appoint such the number of 22 part-time supplemental court commissioners as the proper transaction of business 23

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1 requires subject to the following exception:, except that in counties having a 2 population of 200,000 or more each judge may appoint not more than 2 such sunnlementa V commissioners and in counties having a list in the second se 3 200,000 each judge shall, as nearly as possible, appoint an equal number of 4 5 commissioners within the county. In all counties the appointments shall be subject 6 to the approval of a majority of the circuit judges for the county. Appointments shall 7 be in writing and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court. All court commissioners appointed after May 16, 1978, other than official court reporters 8 9 acting under s. 814.68 (1) (b) performing duties or exercising powers specified for 10 court reporters, shall be attorneys licensed to practice in this state. The appointing 11 judge may remove, at will and without cause, any sunnlemental court commissioner 12 appointed by the judge or the judge's predecessor in office. Unless he or she is so 13 removed, the term of each sunnlemental court commissioner shall continue until the expiration of the term of the appointing judge-and until-the successor of the 14 15 commissioner is appended and qualified. Each supplemental court commissioner 16 shall take and file the official oath in the office of clerk of the circuit court of the 17 county for which appointed before performing any duty of the office.

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History: History: 1973 c. 278; 1975 c. 39; 1975 c. 94 s. 3; 1975 c. 199; 1975 c. 430 s. 80; 1977 c. 187 s. 96; 1977 c. 323 ss. 7, 11; 1977 c 345; 1977 c. 418 ss 751,752; 1977 c. 447 ss. 192 to 195; 1977 c. 449; Stats. 1977 s. 757.68; 1979 c. 32 s. 92 (16); 1981 c. 317 ss. 85pg, 2202; 1987 a. 151,208.

18 SECTION 33. 757.68 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

19 757.68 (2m) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, at least one
20 full-time judicial court commissioner position shall be established to assist in the
21 administration of actions under ch. 799. The county board shall set the salary of a
22 person appointed to be a full-time judicial court commissioner under this subsection.
23 SECTION 34. 757.68 (3) and (4) of the statutes are repealed.

1	SECTION 35. 757.68 (5) $\checkmark$ of the statutes is renumbered 753.36 (6) and amended
2	to read: (+i+1e)
	753.36 (6) FEES Part-time Supplemental court commissioners appointed
4	under sub. (2) (1) shall collect the fees prescribed in s. 814.68 (1).

History: History: 1973 c. 278; 1975 c. 39; 1975 c. 94 s 3; 1975 c. 199; 1975 c 430 s. 80, 1977 c. 187 s. 96; 1977 c. 323 ss. 7, 11; 1977 c. 345; 1977 c. 418 ss. 751,752; 1977 c. 447 ss. 192 to 195.1977 c. 449; Stats. 1977 s. 757.68; 1979 c. 32 s. 92 (16); 1981 c. 317 ss. 85pg, 2202; 1987 a. 151,208.

**SECTION** 36. 757.69 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

## 6 757.69 (title) **Powers 'and duties of judicial court commissioners.**

History: History: 1977 c. 323,449; 1979 c. 32; 1979 c. 89, 1979 c. 209 s. 4; 1979 c. 352, 356; 1983 a. 279; 1985 a. 126, 202, 234, 332; 1987 a. 3, 27, 71, 378, 398; 1989 a. 7, 12, 31,246; Sup. Ct. Order. 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1991 a. 39,269; 1993 a. 318, 451, 481; 1995 a. 77.

SECTION 37. 757.69 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
757.69 (1) (intro.) An order under SCR 75.02 appointing a judicial court
commissioner shall confer all the powers and duties of a judicial court commissioner
allowed under state law or shall specify the duties that a judicial court commissioner
may perform, including the following:

12 **SECTION** 38. 757.69 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 757.69 (1) (b) In criminal matters issue summonses, arrest warrants or search dain warrants and, conduct initial appearances of persons arrested and, set bail to the 14 15 same extent as a judge. At the initial appearance, the court commissioner shall, 16 when necessary, inform the defendant in accordance with s. 970.02 (1). If the 17 defendant appears or claims to be unable to afford counsel, the court commissioner, in accordance with s. 970.02 (6), may and refer the person to the authority for 18 indigency determinations specified under s. 977.07 (1). If the tear team indigency determinations specified under s. 977.07 (1). 19 20 a full-time <u>A judic</u>ial court commissioner, - may conduct the preliminary examination and arraignment to the same extent as a judge and, with the consent 21 22 of both the state and the defendant, may accept a guilty plea. If a court refers a

disputed restitution issue under s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4., the <u>judicial</u> court commissioner 1 2 shall conduct the hearing on the matter in accordance with s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4.

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History: History: 1977 c. 323,449; 1979 c. 32; 1979 c. 89; 1979 c. 209 s. 4; 1979 c. 352,356; 1983 a. 279; 1985 a. 126, 202, 234, 332; 1987 a. 3, 27, 71, 378, 398; 1989 a. 7, 12, 31, 246; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1991 a. 39,269; 1993 a. 318, 451, 481, 1995 a 77. **SECTION** 39. 757.69 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.69 (1) (g) When assigned to the court assigned jurisdiction under chs. 48 4 and 938, a judicial court commissioner may, under ch. 48 or 938, issue summonses 5 6 and warrants, order the release or detention of children apprehended, conduct 7 detention and shelter care hearings, conduct preliminary appearances, conduct 8 uncontested proceedings under ss. 48.13, 938.12, 938.13 and 938.18, enter into 9 consent decrees and exercise the powers and perform the duties specified in par. (j) 10 or (m), whichever is applicable, in proceedings under s. 813.122 or 813.125 in which 11 the respondent is a child. Contested waiver hearings under s. 938.18 and 12 dispositional hearings under ss. 48.335 and 938.335 shall be conducted by a judge. 13 When acting in an official capacity and assigned to the children's court center, a judicial court commissioner shall sit at the children's court center or such other 14 15 facility designated by the chief judge. Any decision by the commissioner shall be 16 reviewed by the judge of the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, 17 upon motion of any party. Any determination, order or ruling by the commissioner 18 may be certified to the branch of court to which such case has been assigned upon a 19 motion of any party for a hearing de novo.

History: History: 1917 c. 323,449; 1979 c. 32; 1979 c. 89; 1979 c. 209 s. 4; 1979 c. 352,356; 1983 a. 219; 1985 a. 126, 202, 234, 332; 1987 a. 3, 27, 71, 378, 398; 1989 a. 7, 12.31, 246; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1991 a. 39,269; 1993 a. 318, 451, 481, 1995 a. 77. 1 SECTION 40. 757.69 (1) (k) of the statutes is repealed.

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**SECTION** 41. 757.69 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	757.69 (2) (intro.) A judge may refer to a judicial court commissioner
2	appointed under <del>s. 48.065, 757.68, 757.72, 767.13 or 938.065</del> SCR 75.02 cases in
3	which:
	History: History: 1977 c. 323,449; 1979 c. 32, 1979 c. 89; 1979 c. 209 s. 4; 1979 c. 352,356; 1983 a. 279; 1985 a. 126, 202, 234, 332; 1987 a. 3, 27, 71, 378, 398; 1989 a. 7, 12, 31,246; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1991 a. 39,269; 1993 a. 318, 451, 481; 1995 a. 77.
4	SECTION 42. 757.69 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	757.69 (2) (a) The trial of an issue of fact requires the examination of an
б	account, in which case the judicial court commissioner may be directed to report upon
7	any specific question of fact involved therein.
	History: History: 1977 c. 323,449; 1979 c. 32, 1979 c. 89; 1979 c 209 s. 4; 1979 c. 352,356, 1983 a. 279; 1985 a. 126, 202, 234, 332; 1987 a. 3, 27, 71, 378, 398; 1989 a. 7, 12, 31, 246; Sup Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1991 a. 39,269; 1993 a. 318, 451, 481; 1995 a. 77.
8	<b>SECTION</b> 43. 757.69 ( $2m$ ) of the statutes is created to read:
(9	) 757.69 (2m) Judicial court commissioner lave all of the powers listed under
10	s.753.36 (2).
11	<b>SECTION</b> 44. 757.69 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 753.36 (2) and 753.36 (2)
12	(intro.) and (g), as renumbered, is amended to read:
13	753.36 (2) (intro.) Court Sunnlemental court commissioners appointed under
14	<del>s. 48.065, 757.68, 757.72, 767.13 or 938.065</del> may under their own authority:
15	(g) Except as provided in s. 767.13 (5) (c), conduct a paternity proceeding
16	according to the procedures set out in ch. 767 whenever a judicial court commissioner
17	is specifically authorized to do so.
	History: History: 1977 c. 323,449; 1979 c. 32; 1979 c. 89.1979 c. 209 s. 4; 1979 c. 352, 356; 1983 a. 279; 1985 a. 126, 202, 234, 332; 1987 a. 3, 27, 71, 378, 398; 1989 a. 7, 12, 31, 246; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1991 a. 39,269; 1993 a. 318, 451, 481; 1995 a. 77.
18	<b>SECTION 45. 757.69</b> (4) and (5) of the statutes is renumbered 753.36 (3) and (4)
19	and amended to read:
20	753.36 (3) In addition to the duties expressly set forth in sub. (3) (2) (a) to (c),
21	a <u>supnlemental</u> court commissioner may perform other ministerial duties as
22	required by a court.

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1	(4) A <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner may transfer to a court any matter in
2	which it appears that justice would be better served by such a transfer.
a 3	History: History: 1977 c. 323,449; 1979 c. 32; 1979 c. 89; 1979 c. 209 s. 4; 1979 c. 352,356; 1983 a. 279; 1985 a. 126, 202, 234, 332; 1987 a. 3, 27, 71, 378, 398; 1989 a. 7, 12, 31, 246; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1991 a 39, 269; 1993 a. 318, 451, 481; 1995 a. 77. SECTION 46. 757.69 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 47. 757.69 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 753.36 (5) and amended
5	to read:
6	753.36 (5) A <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner shall refer to a court of record
7	for appropriate action every alleged showing of <b>contempt</b> in the carrying out of the
8	lawful decisions of the supplemental court commissioner.
9	History: History: 1977 c. 323,449; 1979 c. 32; 1979 c. 89; 1979 c. 209 s. 4.1979 c. 352,356; 1983 a. 279; 1985 a. 126, 202, 234, 332; 1987 a. 3, 27, 71, 378, 398; 1989 a. 7, 12, 31, 246; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1991 a. 39, 269; 1993 a. 318, 451, 481; 1995 a. 77. SECTION 48. 757.695 of the statutes is renumbered 799.08, and 799.08 $\mu$
(10) $(11)$	) and (intro.), as renumbered, tare) amended to read: (3) 799.08 (Litle) ) (7577) (Court Judicial court commissioners; small claims matters.
12	(intro.) If a <u>A judicial</u> court commissioner has been appointed under s. 757.68 (1) (b)
13	authorized to assist in the administration of 4
14	matters under this chapter shall conduct the hearings and proceedings as prescribed
15	by <del>ch. 799</del> <u>this chanter</u> and <del>shall have the following additional dution and authority</del>
16	<u>may</u> :
17	History: History: 1977 c. 345; 1979 c. 32 s. 92 (16). SECTION 49. 757.70 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	757.70 (2) All hearings before a court commissioner shall be held in the county
19	courthouse or other court facilities provided by law. This provision does not apply to
20	nontestimonial proceedings, supplementary hearings on the present financial status
21	of a debtor under s. <del>757.69 (3) <u>753.36 (2)</u> (h) or depositions taken before a court</del>

22 commissioner.

History: History: 1977 c. 323.

1	<b>SECTION</b> 50. 757.72 (4) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
2	757.72 (4) Probate court commissioners shall be judicial court commissioners,
3	appointed under SCR 75.02 (2). Chapter 75 of the supreme court rules shall govern
4	the qualifications for, and supervision, training, evaluation and discipline of, judicial
5	court commissioners.
6	<b>SECTION 51. 757.72 (5)</b> of the statutes is repealed.
	****NOTE: SCR 75.02 (3) grants the powers given in this subsection, so the subsection is repealed.
7	<b>SECTION</b> 52. 757.72 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
8	<b>SECTION</b> 53. 757.72 (7) of the statutes is repealed.
9	SECTION 54.757.81 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	757.81 (2) "Court commissioner" means a judicial court commissioner
11	annointed under <del>s. 757.68, a family court commissioner under s. 767.13, a juven</del> ile
12	court commissioner under s. 48.065 or 938.065 and a probate court commissioner
13	under s. 757.72 SCR 75.02 (1) or a supplemental court commissioner authorized
14	under SCR 75.02 (2) to nerform duties specified under SCR 75.03 on a temnorary or
15	occasional basis.
16	History: History: 1977 c. 449; 1983 a. 378; 1991 a. 269; 1995 a. 77. SECTION 55. 765.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	765.16 (5) Any family court commissioner appointed under s. 767.13 or judicial
18	court commissioner annointed under SCR 75.02 (1) or supplemental court
19	commissioner appointed under s. <del>757.68</del> 753.36 (1).
20	History: History: 1977 c. 323, 1979 c. 32 ss. 48, 92 (4); 1979 c. 176, 259; Stats. 1979 s. 765.16; 1981 c. 20 s. 2200; 1985 a 29; 1991 a. 315. SECTION 56. 767.13 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	767.13 (title) Family court commissioner1
22	assistants.

History: History: 1975 c. 39, 199; 1977 c. 187 s. 135; 1977 c 273; 1977 c. 323 s. 16; 1977 c. 449; 1979 c. 32 s. 50; 1979 c. 96, 196; Stats. 1979 s. 767.13; 1983 a. 436; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27, 355; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1993 a. 481; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1995 a. 404.

1 **SECTION** 57. 767.13 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 767.13 (1) COUNTIES OTHER THAN MILWAUKEE. (a) Appointment. In each county, 3 except in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, the circuit judges for the county, subject <sup>th</sup> the approval of the *chief* judge of the judicial administrative 4 d 1 1 5 i S i С t h''a 3 t r S the first-Monday of July of each year, appoint some reputible attorney of recognized 6 7 ability and starting at the bar a judicial court commissioner under SCR 75.02 to 8 serve as the family court commissioner for the county.

(b) **Powers; civil service;** oath; **temporary appointment; assistants.** The family 9 10 court commissioner, by virtue of the office and to the extent required for the performance of the duties, has the powers of a court commissioner. The family court 11 12 commissioner is in addition to the maximum number of court commissioners 13 permitted by s. 757.68. The office of the family court commissioner, or any assistant family court commissioner, may be placed under a county civil service system by 14 15 resolution of the county board. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties the 16 family court commissioner shall take and file the official oath The person appointed 17 shall continue to act until a successor is appointed and gualified, except that in the 18 event of disability or extended absence the judges may appoint another reputable attorney to act as temporally family court commissioner. The county board may 19 20 provide that one or more judicial court commissioners be **appointed** to serve as 21 assistant family court commissioners shall be appointed by the circuit judges for the county, subject to the approval of the chief judge of the judicial administrative 22

#### district. An assistant family court commissioner shall have the same qualifications 1 2 as the commissioner and shall take and file the official oath.

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History: 1975 c. 39,199; 1977 c. 187 s. 135; 1977 c. 273; 1977 c. 323 s. 16; 1977 c. 449; 1979 c. 32 s. 50; 1979 c. 96,196; Stats. 1979 s. 767.13; 1983 a. 436; 1985 8.29; 1987 a. 27,355; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1993 a. 481; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1995 a. 404.

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**SECTION** 58, 767.13 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.13 (2) MILWAUKEE COUNTY. (a) Appointment; assistants; civil service. In 4 counties having a population of 500,000 or more, there is created in the classified civil 5 service the office of family court commissioner and such additional assistant family 6 7 court commissioners as the county board shall determine and authorize, who shall be judicial court commissioners appointed from the membership of the residing 8 9 in the county by the chiefjudge of the judicial administrative district under ss. 63.01 10 to 63.17 SCR 75.02 (1).

(title) (b) (Oath; powers; salary; Salary; unavailability; duties. Before entering upon 11 the performance of their duties, the family court commissioner and assistant family 12 cou<del>rt commissioners shall take and file the official oa</del>th. 13 The family court 14 commissioner and assistant family court commissioners shall, by-virtue of their respective positions and to the extent required for the performance of their duties, 15 each have the powers of a court commissioner. They shall receive such salary as may 16 be fixed by the county board, shall perform their duties under the direction of the 17 18 chiefjudge of the judicial administrative district or a designee and shall be furnished 19 with quarters and necessary office furnishings and supplies. The county board shall 20 provide them their necessary stenographic and investigational service. When the 21 family court commissioner is unavailable, any assistant family court commissioner 22 shall perform all the duties and have all the powers of the family court commissioner 23 as directed by the commissioner or by the chief judge of the judicial administrative 24 district or other judge as the chief judge may designate. In addition to the duties of 1 the family court commissioner under this chapter, the family court commissioner

2 shall perform other duties as the chief judge of the judicial administrative district,

3 or other judge as the chief judge may designate, directs.

History: History: 1975 c. 39,199; 1977 c. 187 s. 135; 1977 c. 273; 1977 c. 323 s. 16; 1977 c. 449; 1979 c. 32 s. 50; 1979 c. 96,196; Stats. 1979 s. 767.13; 1983 a. 436; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27,355; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1993 a 481; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1995 a. 404.

4 **SECTION** 59. 767.13 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 767.13 (4) RETIRED JUDGES. In any county one or more retired or former judges 6 or retired family judicial court commissioners may be appointed as temporary or 7 temporary assistant family court commissioners by a majority of the judges of the 8 <u>county-subject to the approval of</u> the chief judge of the judicial administrative 9 district. The temporary or temporary assistant family court commissioners shall be 10 compensated by the county.

History: History: 1975 c. 39,199; 1971 c. 187 s. 135; 1977 c. 273; 1977 c. 323 s. 16; 1977 c. 449; 1979 c. 32 s. 50; 1979 c. 96,196; Stats. 1979 s. 767.13; 1983 a. 436; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27,355; Sup. Ct. Order, 158 W (2d) xxv (1990); 1993 a. 481; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1995 a 404.

11 **SECTION** 60. **767.17** of the statutes is repealed.

12 **SECTION** 61. 767.458 (lm) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 767.458 (lm) In an action to establish the paternity of a child who was born 14 to a woman while she was married, where a man other than the woman's husband alleges that he, not the husband, is the child's father, a party may allege that a 15 16 judicial determination that a man other than the husband is the father is not in the best interest of the child. If the court or <u>a supplemental</u> court commissioner under 17 lain منعام 753.36 (2) determines that a judicial determination of whether 18 <del>757.69 (3</del> 19 a man other than the husband is the father is not in the best interest of the child, no 20 genetic tests may be ordered and the action shall be dismissed.

History: History: 1979 c. 352; 1983 a 447 s. 34; Stats. 1983 s. 767.457; 1987 a. 27 ss. 2136t, 2137d, 2137e; Stats. 1987 s. 767.458; 1987 a. 403,413; 1993 a. 16,481; 1995 a. 100.

**SECTION** 62. 767.46 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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767.46 (1) A pretrial hearing shall be held before the court or a <u>supplemental</u>
court commissioner under (a) 757.69 (3) (g) (753.36 (2)) (a). A record or minutes of
the proceeding shall be kept. At the pretrial hearing the parties may present and
cross-examine witnesses, request genetic tests and present other evidence relevant
to the determination of paternity.

History: History: '1979 c 352; 1983 a. 447; 1987 a. 27; Sup. Ct. Order, 141 W (2d) xxxix (1987); 1987 a. 355; 1993 a. 481; 1995 a. 100.

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**SECTION** 63. 767.465 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.465 (2) (a) Except as provided in sub. (2m), if a respondent is the alleged 7 8 father and fails to appear at the first appearance, unless the first appearance is not 9 required under s. 767.457 (2), scheduled genetic test, pretrial hearing or trial, the 10 court shall enter an order adjudicating the respondent to be the father and 11 appropriate orders for support, legal custody and physical placement. The orders 12 shall be either served on the respondent or mailed by regular, registered or certified 13 mail, to the last-known address of the respondent. The orders shall take effect 30 days after service or 30 days after the date on which the orders were mailed unless, 14 within that time, the respondent presents to the court or  $\frac{1}{a}$  supplemental court 15 753.36 (2) We evidence of good cause for failure 16 commissioner under(s.)757.69(3 17 to appear or failure to have undergone a genetic test.

History: History: 1979 c. 352; 1983 n. 447.1987 a. 27, 403, 413; 1989 a. 31, 56, 212; 1993 a. 481; 1995 a. 100.

18 **SECTION** 64. 782.01 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 782.01 (3) In this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, judge includes 20 the supreme court, the court of appeals and circuit courts and each justice and judge 21 thereof and judicial and supplemental court commissioners; and prisoner includes 22 every person restrained of personal liberty; and imprisoned includes every such 23 restraint, and respondent means the person on whom the writ is to be served.

History: History: 1971 c. 57; 1973 c. 198; 1977 c. 187,449; 1979 c. 32 ss. 59.92 (11); 1979 c. 176: Stats, 1979 s. 782.01.

**SECTION** 65. 782.03 of the statutes is amended to read:

2 **782.03 Petition for writ.** Application for the writ shall be by petition, signed 3 either by the prisoner or by some person in his or her behalf, and may be made to the 4 supreme court, the court of appeals or the circuit court of the county, or to any justice or judge of the supreme court, court of appeals or circuit court or to any Judicial or 5 6 <u>sunnlemental</u> court commissioner, within the county where the prisoner is detained; 7 or if there is no judge within the county, or for any cause he or she is incapable of 8 acting, or has refused to grant the writ, then to some judge residing in an adjoining 9 county; but every application, made by or on behalf of a person sentenced to the state 10 prisons, must contain a copy of any motion made under s. 974.06 and shall indicate 11 the disposition of the motion and the court in which the disposition was made. If no 12 motion was made, the petition shall so state.

History: History: 1977 c. 187,449; 1979 c. 32 s. 59; Stats. 1979 s. 782.03.

SECTION 66. 782.28 of the statutes is amended to read: (title) 782.28 Transfer from judicial or supplemental court commissioner. If the writ is returnable before a judicial or supplemental court commissioner, either party may make a request for transfer to the court in which the matter is filed. Upon receipt of such request the judicial or supplemental court commissioner shall forthwith transmit all papers and records in the proceedings to the court.

History: History: 1977 c. 135; 1979 c. 32 s. 59; Stats. 1979 s 782.28.

## 19 **SECTION** 67. 799.05 (7) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 799.05 (7) FORM; COURTCOMMISSIONER. (intro.) Exceptasprovidedins.799.22
21 (4) (b) 3., in counties establishing at least one provided in count count
22 commissioner provided under s.757.68 (1)(b) in which a judicial court commissioner

#### 1 <u>is authorized to assist in the administration of matters under this chapter, the</u>

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#### 2 summons shall be substantially in the following form:

History: History: 1977 c. 345; 1977 c. 349 s. 497; 1979 c. 32 ss. 66.92 (16); 1979 c. 108; 1979 c. 176 s. 85; 1979 c. 177 s. 85; Stats. 1979 s. 799.05, Sup. Ct. Order, 130 W (2d) xi; 1987 a. 142, 208, 403; 1989 a. 56; 1991 a. 163, 236; Sup. Ct. Order, 171 W (2d) xix (1992); 1993 a. 80.

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**SECTION** 68. 799.06 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 799.06 (1) **PLEADINGS.** All pleadings except the initial complaint may be oral.

5 Any circuit court may by rule require written pleadings and any judge or judicial

6 court commissioner may require written pleadings in a particular case.

History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585,764 (1975), 1977 c. 449 s. 497; 1979 c. 32 ss. 66.92 (16); 1979 c. 108; Stats. 1979 s. 799.06; 1987 a. 208; 1991 a. 163; Sup. Ct. Order, 171 W (2d) xix (1992).

### 7 **SECTION** 69. **799.11** (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 799.11 (3) When, in any action under this chapter, it appears from the return 9 of service of the summons or otherwise that the county in which the action is pending 10 is not a proper place of trial and that another county would be a proper place of trial, 11 the court or judicial court commissioner shall, on motion of a party or its own motion, 12 transfer the action to that county unless the defendant appears and waives the 13 improper venue. The clerk of the court to which the action is transferred shall issue 14 a new notice of return date upon payment of the fee required by s. 814.61 (2) (a).

History: History: 1979 c. 32 ss. 66, 92 (16); Stats. 1979 s. 799.11; 1981 c. 300; 1981 c. 390 s. 252; 1983 a. 228, 389, 538; 1987 a 208

15 **SECTION** 70. 799.20 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 799.20 (4) INQUIRY OF DEFENDANT WHO APPEARS ON RETURN DATE. If the defendant 17 appears on the return date of the summons or any adjourned date thereof, the court 18 or court commissioner shall make sufficient inquiry of the defendant to determine 19 whether the defendant claims a defense to the action. If it appears to the court or 20 judicial court commissioner that the defendant claims a defense to the action, the 21 court or judicial court commissioner shall schedule a trial of all the issues involved

1 in the action, unless the parties stipulate otherwise or the action is subject to

2 immediate dismissal.

3	History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585, 765 (1975) 977 c. 449; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; Stats. 1979 s. 799.20; 1987 a. 208. <b>SECTION 71. 799.206</b> of the statutes is repealed.
4	<b>SECTION</b> 72. 799.207 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	799.207 (title) <b>Proceedings before judicial court commissioner.</b>
6	History: History: 1977 c. 345; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; 1979 c.110; Stats. 1979 s 799.207; Sup. Ct. Order, 141 W (2d) xiii (1987); 1987 a. 208. <b>SECTION 73. 799.207 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:</b>
7	799.207 (1) (a) Any judicial court commissioner assigned to assist in the
8	administration of small claims may hold a conference with the parties or their
9	attorneys or both on the return date, examine pleadings and identify issues.
10	History: History: 1977 c. 345; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; 1979 c. 110; Stats. 1979 s. 799.207; Sup. Ct. Order, 141 W (2d) xiii (1987); 1987 a. 208. <b>SECTION 74. 799.207 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:</b>
11	799.207 (1) (b) Except as provided in par. (e), a decision shall be rendered by
12	the judicial court commissioner on the return date if there is time available for a
13	hearing, the parties do not intend to call witnesses, and the parties agree to such a
14	hearing. If for any of the reasons stated in this paragraph, the matter cannot be
15	heard on the return date, an adjourned date shall be set.
16	History: History: 1977 c. 345; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; 1979 c. 110; Stats. 1979 s. 799.207; Sup. Ct. Order, 141 W (2d) xiii (1987); 1987 a. 208. <b>SECTION 75. 799.207 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:</b>
17	799.207 <b>(1)</b> (e) If the judicial&n% commissioner cannot reach a decision on the
18	return or adjourned date, the commissioner shall mail the decision to each party
19	within 30 days of the date of the hearing.
	History: History: 1977 c. 345; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; 1979 c. 110; Stats. 1979 s. 799.207; Sup. Ct. Order, 141 W (2d) xin (1987); 1987 a 208.

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**SECTION** 76. 799.207 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

# (intro.)

799.207 (2) The i<u>udicial</u> court commissioner's decision shall become a judgment 11 days after rendering, if oral, and 16 days after mailing, if written, except that:

History: History: 1977 c. 345; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; 1979 c. 110; Stats. 1979 s. 799.207; Sup. Ct. Order, 141 W (2d) xiii (1987); 1987 a. 208.

4 SECTION 77. 799.207 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
5 799.207 (3) (b) The judicial court commissioner shall give each of the parties
6 a form and instructions which shall be used for giving notice of an election to have
7 the matter heard by the court.

History: History: 1977 c. 345; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; 1979 c. 110; Stats. 1979 s. 799.207; Sup. Ct. Order, 141 W (2d) xiii(1987), 1987 a. 208.

**SECTION** 78. 799.209 (1) to (4) of the statutes are amended to read:

9 799.209 (1) The court or judicial court commissioner shall conduct the 10 proceeding informally, allowing each party to present arguments and proofs and to 11 examine witnesses to the extent reasonably required for full and true disclosure of 12 the facts.

(2) The proceedings shall not be governed by the common law or statutory rules
of evidence except those relating to privileges under ch. 905 or to admissibility under
s. 901.05. The court or judicial court commissioner shall admit all other evidence
having reasonable probative value, but may exclude irrelevant or repetitious
evidence or arguments. An essential finding of fact may not be based solely on a
declarant's oral hearsay statement unless it would be admissible under the rules of
evidence.

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(3) The court or judicial court commissioner may conduct questioning of the witnesses and shall endeavor to ensure that the claims or defenses of all parties are fairly presented to the court or judicial court commissioner.

(4) The court or judicial court commissioner shall establish the order of trial
and the procedure to be followed in the presentation of evidence and arguments in

an appropriate manner consistent with the ends of justice and the prompt resolution

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of the dispute on its merits according to the substantive law.

History: History: 1987 a. 208; 1991 a 269.

3 **SECTION** 79. 799.21 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 799.21 (3) (b) In counties establishing at least one part-time or full-time court commissioner pesition under s. 757.68 (1) (b) in which judicial court commisioners 5 are authorized to assist in the administration of matters under this chanter, except 6 7 in eviction actions which shall be governed by par. (a), demand for trial by jury shall 8 be made at the time a demand for trial is filed. If the party requesting a trial does 9 not request a jury trial, any other party may request a jury trial by filing the request 10 with the court and mailing copies to all other parties within 15 days from the date 11 of mailing of the demand for trial or the date on which personal notice of demand is 12 given, whichever is applicable. If no party demands a trial by jury, the right to trial 13 by jury is waived forever. The fees prescribed in ss. 814.61 (4) and 814.62 (3) (e) shall 14 be paid when the demand for a trial by jury is filed.

History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585, 776 (1975); 1977 c. 345,449; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; 1979 c. 128; Stats. 1979 s. 799.21; 1981 c. 317; 1987 a. 208.

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**SECTION** 80. **799.21** (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 799.21 (4) JURY PROCEDURE. If there is a demand for a trial by jury, the judge 17 or judicial court commissioner shall place the case on the trial calendar and a jury 18 of 6 persons shall be chosen as provided in s. 345.43 (3) (b). The parties shall proceed 19 as if the action had originally been begun as a proceeding under chs. 801 to 807, 20 except that the court is not required to provide the jury with one complete set of 21 written instructions under s. 805.13 (4) and the requirements for appearance by the 22 parties shall be governed by s. 799.06 (2).

History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585,776 (1975); 1977 c. 345,449; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; 1979 c 128; Stats. 1979 s. 199.21; 1981 c. 317; 1987 a. 208.

SECTION 81. 799.24 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27,
 is amended to read:

- 30 -

3 799.24 (1) ENTRY OF JUDGMENT OR ORDER: NOTICE OFENTRYTHEREOF. When a judgment or an order is rendered, the judge, judicial court commissioner or clerk of 4 5 circuit court shall immediately enter it in the court record and note the date thereof 6 which shall be the date of entry ofjudgment or order. The clerk of circuit court, except 7 in municipal and county forfeiture actions, shall mail a notice of entry of judgment 8 to the parties or their attorneys at their last-known address within 5 days of its 9 entry. Upon payment of the exact amount of the fee prescribed in s. 814.62 (3) (c), 10 the clerk of circuit court shall enter the judgment in the judgment and lien docket.

History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585,776 (1975); 1977 c. 345; 1979 c. 32 s 66; Stats. 1979 s. 799.24; 1981 c. 317; 1983 a. 302 s. 8; 1987 a. 208; 1995 a. 224; 1997 a. 27.

**SECTION 82.** 799.24 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 799.24 (3) STIPULATED DISMISSAL. Prior to the entry of judgment, upon 13 stipulation of the parties to a schedule for compliance with the stipulation, the court 14 or judicial court commissioner may enter a stipulated judgment of dismissal in lieu 15 thereof. Any such judgment may be vacated without notice to the obligated party, 16 and the unsatisfied portion thereof entered, upon application by the prevailing party 17 and proof by affidavit of noncompliance with the terms of the stipulation.

History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585,776 (1975); 1977 c. 345; 1979 c. 32 s. 66; Stats. 1979 s. 799.24; 1981 c. 317; 1983 a. 302 s. 8; 1987 a. 208; 1995 a. 224; 1997 a. 27.

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**SECTION 83. 799.26 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:** 

19 799.26 (1) When a judgment for money damages is entered under this chapter, 20 the court or judicial court commissioner shall order the judgment debtor to execute 21 under penalty of contempt a disclosure statement and to mail or deliver that 22 statement to the judgment creditor or to the clerk of circuit court in the county where 23 the judgment is entered within 15 days of entry of judgment unless the judgment is sooner satisfied. The statement shall disclose, as of the date ofjudgment, the debtor's
name, residence address, employers and their addresses, any real property interests
owned by the debtor, cash on hand, financial institutions in which the judgment
debtor has funds on deposit, whether the debtor's earnings are totally exempt from
garnishment under s. 812.34 (2) (b), and such other information as required by the
schedules adopted under sub. (3).

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**SECTION** 84. 807.04 of the statutes is amended to read:

8 807.04 Proceedings, where held; restriction as to making orders. All 9 trials, and all hearings at which oral testimony is to be presented, shall be held in 10 open court. The court may make any order which a judge or court commissioner has 11 power to make. Court commissioners shall have the powers provided in ch 753 or 12 by other statute

12 by other statute.

History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585,743 (1975), 1977 c. 187 s. 135.

13 **SECTION 85. 807.09 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:** 

14 807.09 (1) A circuit judge of the circuit court of any county may appoint and 15 remove at any time, any retired or former circuit or county court judge to act, in 16 matters referred by the judge and in conciliation matters. When a matter for 17 conciliation is referred for such purpose, the conciliator shall have full authority to 18 hear, determine and report findings to the court. Such conciliators may be appointed 19 judicial court commissioners as presented in s. 757-68 under SCR 75.02 (1).

History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585,746 (1975); 1975 c. 218; 1977 c. 187 s. 135; 1977 c. 323 s. 16.

- **2 0 SECTION** 86. 812.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 21 812.30 (2) "Court" includes a judicial court commissioner assigned to preside

**22** at a proceeding under this subchapter.

History: History: 1993 a. 80; 1995 a. 27,201.

23

**SECTION** 87. 813.12 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

History: History: 1987 a. 208; 1991 a. 182; 1993 a. 80.

813.12 (3) (d) The judge or family court commissioner shall advise the 1  $\mathbf{2}$ petitioner of the right to serve the respondent the petition by published notice if with 3 due diligence the respondent cannot be served as provided under s. 801.11 (1) (a) or 4 (b). The clerk of circuit court shall assist the petitioner with the preparation of the 5 notice and filing of the affidavit of printing.

History: History: 1983 a. 204,540; 1985 a. 29, 135; 1989 a. 193; 1993 a. 319; 1995 a. 71,306.

6

SECTION 88. 813.12 (4m) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

7 813.12 (4m) (a) 2. Except as provided in par. (ag), require the respondent to 8 surrender any firearms that he or she owns or has in his or her possession to the 9 sheriff of the county in which the action under this section was commenced, to the 10 sheriff of the county in which the respondent resides or to another person designated 11 by the respondent and approved by the judge or family court commissioner. The iudge or <u>family</u> court commissioner shall approve the person designated by the 12 respondent unless the judge or <u>family</u> court commissioner finds that the person is 13 14 inappropriate and places the reasons for the finding on the record. If a firearm is surrendered to a person designated by the respondent and approved by the judge or 15 16 family court commissioner, the judge or family court commissioner shall inform the 17 person to whom the firearm is surrendered of the requirements and penalties under

18 s. 941.29 (4).

History: History: 1983 a. 204,540; 1985 a. 29,135; 1989 a. 193; 1993 a. 319; 1995 a. 71,306.

**SECTION 89. 813.122** (1) (e) of the statutes is created to read: 19

- 813.122 (1) (e) "Court commissioner" means a judicial court commissioner 20 21 acting as a family court commissioner.
- 22 SECTION 90. 813.123 (1) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:
- 813.123 (1) (cm) "Court commissioner" means a judicial court commissioner 23 24 acting as a family court commissioner.



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place specified in the order, within said county, in lieu of the procedure set forth in
 par. (a).

History: History: 1971 c. 123; Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585,761 (1975); Stats. 1975 s. 816.03, 1993 a. 213,486.

SECTION 97. 816.035' (1) and (2) of the statutes are amended to read:

816.035 (1) An order under s. 816.03 (1) issued by a judicial or sunnlemental
court commissioner shall be served in the same manner as the service of a summons
under s. 801.11. The return on the order shall be made to the commissioner who
issued the order. The commissioner shall file the order and the return with the clerk
of the court in which the judgment involved is entered.

9 (2) Upon issuance of the order, the judicial or supplemental court 10 commissioner shall collect the fee prescribed in s. 814.68 (2) for attendance upon the 11 examination.

History: History: Sup. Ct Order, 67 W (2d) 585, 761, 781 (1975); Stats. 1975 s. 816.035; 1981 c. 317; 1993 a. 22.

12 **SECTION** 98. 879.61 of the statutes is amended to read:

13 **879.61 Discovery proceedings.** Any personal representative or any person 14 interested who suspects that any other person has concealed, stolen, conveyed or 15 disposed of property of the estate; or is indebted to the decedent; possesses, controls 16 or has knowledge of concealed property of the decedent; possesses, controls or has 17 knowledge of writings which contain evidence of or tend to disclose the right, title, 18 interest or claim of the decedent to any property; or possesses, controls or has 19 knowledge' of any will of the decedent, may file a petition in the court so stating. The 20 court upon such notice as it directs, may order the other person to appear before the court or a judicial or supplemental court commissioner for disclosure, may subpoena 21 22 witnesses and compel the production of evidence and may make any order in relation 23 to the matter as is just and proper.

History: History: 1977 c. 449.

**SECTION** 99. 885.10 of the statutes is amended to read:

2 885.10 Witness for indigent respondent or defendant. Upon satisfactory 3 proof of the financial inability of the respondent or defendant to procure the attendance of witnesses for his or her defense, the judge or  $\sqrt{a \text{ judicial}}$  court 4 5 commissioner, in any paternity proceeding or criminal action or proceeding, or in any 6 other case in which the respondent or defendant is represented by the state public 7 defender or by assigned counsel under s. 977.08, to be tried or heard before him or 8 her, may direct the witnesses to be subpoenaed as he or she determines is proper and 9 necessary, upon the respondent's or defendant's oath or affidavit or that of the 10 respondent's or defendant's attorney. Witnesses so subpoenaed shall be paid their 11 fees in the manner that witnesses for the state therein are paid. Determination of 12 indigency, in full or in part, under s. 977.07 is proof of the respondent's or defendant's 13 financial inability to procure the attendance of witnesses for his or her defense.

History: History: 1977 c 305; 1983 a. 377, 447, 538; 1985 a. 135.

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**SECTION 100.** 885.12 of the statutes is amended to read:

15 885.12 Coercing witnesses before officers and boards. If any person, 16 without reasonable excuse, fails to attend as a witness, or to testify as lawfully 17 required before any arbitrator, coroner, medical examiner, board, commission, 18 commissioner, examiner, committee, or other officer or person authorized to take 19 testimony, or to produce a book or paper which the person was lawfully directed to 20 bring, or to subscribe the person's deposition when correctly reduced to writing, any judge of a court of record or <u>a judicial</u> court commissioner in the county where the 21 22 person was obliged to attend may, upon sworn proof of the facts, issue an attachment 23 for the person, and unless the person shall purge the contempt and go and testify or 24 do such other act as required by law, may commit the person to close confinement in

the county jail until the person shall so testify or do such act, or be discharged
 according to law. The sheriff of the county shall execute the commitment.

History: History: 1973 c. 272; 1993 a. 486.

**SECTION 101.** 887.26 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

887.26 (7) FEES. The persons who take depositions and the witness shall be
entitled to the fees allowed court commissioners under s. 814.68 (1) and witnesses
for similar service by the law of this state, or such as may be prescribed by the law
of the state or country where taken.

History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 67 W (2d) 585,784 (1975); 1975 c. 218: 1977 c 187 s. 135; 1977 c. 323 s. 16; 1981 c. 317 s. 2202; 1993 a, 486.

SECTION 102. 898.02 of the statutes is amended to read:

898.02 Notice to plaintiff. The person shall cause notice to be given to the
plaintiff in the action, the plaintiff's agent or attorney, in writing, that at a time and
place specified in the notice the person will apply to the circuit judge or a judicial
court commissioner of the county in which the person is so confined for the purpose
of obtaining a discharge from imprisonment.

History: History: 1977 c. 449.

**SECTION 103.** 898.04 of the statutes is amended to read:

15 **898.04 Prisoner to be examined.** At the time and place specified in the 16 notice the person shall be taken, under the custody of the jailer, the sheriff or the 17 sheriff's deputy, before the circuit judge or <u>a judicial court commissioner</u>, who shall 18 examine the prisoner on oath concerning his or her estate and effects and the 19 disposal thereof and the prisoner's ability to pay the judgment for which he or she 20 is committed; and who shall also hear any other legal and pertinent evidence that 21 may be produced by the debtor or the creditor.

History: History: 1977 c. 449.

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**SECTION 104.** 898.11 of the statutes is amended to read:

1 898.11 Inability to pay fees. If the prisoner is unable to pay in whole or in 2 part the fees of the circuit judge or a judicial court commissioner in the proceedings, 3 the proceedings shall continue without charge to the prisoner. History: History: 1977 c. 449. **SECTION 105.** 906.15 of the statutes is amended to read: 4 5 **906.15 Exclusion of witnesses.** At the request of a party the judge or court commissioner shall order witnesses excluded so that they cannot hear the testimony 6 of other witnesses, and the judge or court commissioner may make the order of his 7 8 or her own motion. This section does not authorize exclusion of (1) a party who is a 9 natural person, or (2) an officer or employe of a party which is not a natural person 10 designated as its representative by its attorney, or (3) a person whose presence is 11 shown by a party to be essential to the presentation of the party's cause. The judge 12 or court commissioner may direct that all such excluded and non-excluded 13 witnesses be kept separate until called and may prevent them from communicating 14 with one another until they have been examined or the hearing is ended. History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 59 W (2d) R1, R202 (1973); 1991 a. 32. \*\*\*\*Note: I removed the term "court commissione becaute of the meaning of "judge" in s. 911.01 (1), as amended in this draft.

15 **SECTION** 106. **911.01** (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 911.01 (1) COURTS AND COURT COMMISSIONERS. Chapters 901 to 911 apply to the 17 courts of the state of Wisconsin, including municipal courts, family court 18 commissioners, and court commissioners in the proceedings and to the extent hereinafter set forth except as provided in s. 972.11. The word "judge" in chs. 901 to 19 911 means judge of a court of record, municipal judge, family Judicial court 20 commissioner, and <u>municipal</u> court commissioner. 21

History: History: Sup. Ct. Order, 59 W (2d) RI, R366 (1973); 1977 c. 305 s. 64; 1977 c. 345; 1979 c 32 s. 92 (16); 1981 c. 183, 367, 390, 391; 1987 a. 208, 398; 1991 a. 40, 269. 22 **SECTION 107.** 938.065 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.065 (1) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chief 1 judge of the judicial administrative district • appoint establish one or more 2 part-time or full-time positions of Juvenile court commissioners who shall serve at 3 the discretion of be judicial court commissioners appointed by the chief judge. A 4 juvenile court commissioner shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall 5 6 have been so licensed for at least 2 years immediately prior to appointment and shall 7 have a demonstrated interest in the welfare of juveniles under SCR 75.02 (1). The 8 chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the juvenile court 9 commissioner. The chief judge shall supervise juvenile court missioners, law 10 clerks, bailiffs and deputies, except that the chief judge may delegate any of those 11 duties.

History: History: 199.5 a. 77, 352, 1997 a. 35

12 **SECTION** 108. 938.30 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (9) If a juvenile court commissioner conducts the plea hearing and
accepts an admission of the alleged facts in a petition brought under s. 938.12 or
938.13, the judge shall review the admission at the beginning of the dispositional
hearing by addressing the parties and making the inquires set forth in sub. (8).
History: History: 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1995 a. 77; 1997 a. 27, 35; s. 13.93 (2) (c).

17 **SECTION 109.** 940.203 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

940.203 (1) (b) "Judge" means a supreme court justice, court of appeals judge,
 circuit court judge, municipal judge, temporary or permanent reserve judge or
 juvenile, probate, family or other judicial, suonlemental or municipal court
 commissioner.

History: History: 1993 a. 50,446.

22 **SECTION 110.** 943.013 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	943.013 (1) (b) "Judge" means a supreme court justice, court of appeals judge,
2	circuit court judge, municipal judge, temporary or permanent reserve judge or
3	<del>juvenile, probate family or other</del> j <u>udicial sunnlemental or municipal</u> court
4	commissioner
	History: History: 1993 a. 50,446.
5	<b>SECTION</b> 111. 967.07 of the statutes is amended to read:
6	967.07 <b>Court</b> Judicial court commissioners. A judicial court
7	commissioner may exercise powers or perform duties specified for a judge if such
8	action is permitted under s. 757.69.
	History: History: 1977 c. 323.
9	<b>SECTION</b> 112. 971.20 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	✓ 971.20 (3) (a) In this subsection, "judge" includes ajudicial court commissioner
11	who is assigned to conduct the preliminary examination.
	History: History: 1981 c. 137; 1987 a. 27.
12	SECTION 113. 973.20 (13) (c) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	973.20 (13) (c) 4. Refer the disputed restitution issues to a judicial court
14	commissioner or other appropriate referee, who shall conduct a hearing on the
15	matter and submit the record thereof, together with proposed findings of fact and
16	conclusions of law, to the court within 60 days of the date of referral. Within 30 days
17	after the referee's report is filed, the court shall determine the amount of restitution
18	on the basis of the record submitted by the referee and incorporate it into the
19	sentence or probation order imposed. The judge may direct that hearings under this
20	subdivision be recorded either by audio recorder or by a court reporter. A transcript
21	is not required unless ordered by the judge.
	History: History: 1987 a. 398 ss. 39 to 41, 43; 1989 a. 31, 188, 1991 a. 39,269; 1993 a. 213; 1995 a. 141,161.

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History: History: 1987 a. 398 ss. 39 to 41, 43; 1989 a. 31, 188, 1991 a. 39,269; 1993 a. 213; 1995 a. 141,161.

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**SECTION 114.** 979.05 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

- 979.05 (1) An inquest shall be conducted by a circuit judge or a judicial court
   commissioner.
  - History: History: 1983 a. 279, Sup. Ct. Order, No. 96-08, filed I-16-97, eff. 7-1-97.
- 3 SECTION 115. 979.05 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 1996 Supreme Court
  4 Order 96–08, is repealed and recreated to read:
- 5 979.05 (2) The inquest shall be conducted before a jury unless the district attorney, coroner or medical examiner requests that the inquest be conducted before 6 the judge or judicial court commissioner only. If the inquest is to be conducted before 7 a jury, a sufficient number of names of prospective jurors shall be selected from the 8 9 prospective juror list for the county in which the inquest is to be held by the clerk of 10 circuit court in the manner provided in s. 756.06. The judge or judicial court commissioner conducting the inquest shall summon the prospective jurors to appear 11 12 before the judge or judicial court commissioner at the time fixed in the summons. 13 The summons may be served by mail, or by personal service if the judge, judicial court plain 14 commissioner or district attorney determines personal service to be appropriate. The 15 summons shall be in the form used to summon petit jurors in the circuit courts of the 16 county. Any person who fails to appear when summoned as an inquest juror is 17 subject to a forfeiture of not more than \$40. The inquest jury shall consist of 6 jurors. 18 If 6 jurors do not remain from the number originally summoned after establishment 19 of qualifications, the judge or judicial court commissioner conducting the inquest 20 may require the clerk of the circuit court to select sufficient additional jurors' names. 21 Those persons shall be summoned forthwith by the sheriff of the county.

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History: History: 1983 a 279; Sup. Ct. Order, No. 96–08, filed I-16-97, eff. 7-I-97.

22 SECTION 116. 979.05 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 1996 Supreme Court
23 Order 96–08, is repealed and recreated to read:

979.05 (3) The judge or judicial court commissioner shall examine on oath or 1 2 affirmation each person who is called as a juror to discover whether the juror is related by blood or marriage to the decedent, any member of the decedent's family, 3 the district attorney, any other attorney appearing in the case, any members of the 4 office of the district attorney or any other attorney appearing in the case or has 5 expressed or formed any opinion regarding the matters being inquired into or is 6 aware of or has any bias or prejudice concerning the matters being inquired into in 7 the inquest. If any prospective juror is found to be not indifferent or is found to have 8 9 formed an opinion which cannot be laid aside, that juror shall be excused. The judge 10 or judicial court commissioner may select one or more alternate jurors if the inquest is likely to be protracted. This subsection does not limit the right of the district 11 attorney to supplement the judge's or judicial court commissioner's examination of 12 any prospective jurors as to qualifications. 13

History: History: 1983 a. 279; Sup. Ct. Order, No. 96-08, tiled I-16-97, eff 7-1-97.

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istory: 1985 a. 279; Sup. Ct. Order, No. 90–06, med 1-10-97, en 7-1-97.

SECTION 117. 979.05 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

15 979.05 (4) When 6 jurors have been selected, the judge or Judicial court 16 commissioner shall administer to them an oath or affirmation which 'shall be 17 substantially in the following form:

You do solemnly swear (affirm) that you will diligently inquire and determine on behalf of this state when, and in what manner and by what means, the person known as ...... who is now dead came to his or her death and that you will return a true verdict thereon according to your knowledge, according to the evidence presented and according to the instructions given to you by the .... (judge) (judicial court comtiissioner).

History: History: 1983 a. 279; Sup. Ct. Order, No. 96-08, filed I-16-97, eff. 7-1-97.

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**SECTION 118.** 979.05 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

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979.05 (5) Prior to the submission of evidence to the jury, the judge or judicial 1 2 court commissioner may instruct the jury on its duties and on the substantive law 3 regarding the issues which may be inquired into before the jury. The district attorney may, at any time during the course of the inquest, make statements to the jury 4 relating to procedural or evidentiary matters he or she and the judge or judicial court 5 6 commissioner deem appropriate. Section 972.12 applies to the conduct of the inquest 7 jury.

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History: History: 1983 a. 279; Sup. Ct. Order, No. 96-08, filed 1-16-97, eff. 7-1-97.

**SECTION** 119. 979.05 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

979.05 (6) The judge or judicial court commissioner conducting the inquest 9 10 may order that proceedings be secret if the district attorney so requests or concurs. History: History: 1983 a 279, Sup. Ct Order, No. 96-08, filed 1-16-97, eff. 7-1-97.

- 11 **SECTION** 120. 979.06 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 979.06 (1) The judge or judicial court commissioner may issue subpoenas for 12 13 witnesses at the request of the coroner or medical examiner and shall issue 14 subpoenas for witnesses requested by the district attorney. Subpoenas are 15 returnable at the time and place stated therein. Persons who are served with a 16 subpoena may be compelled to attend proceedings in the manner provided in s. 17

885.12.

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History: History: 1983 a. 279.

SECTION 121. 979.06 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

979.06 (2) The judge or judicial court commissioner conducting the inquest and 19 20 the district attorney may require by subpoena the attendance of one or more expert 21 witnesses, including physicians, surgeons and pathologists, for the purposes of 22 conducting an examination of the body and all relevant and material scientific and 23 medical tests connected with the examination and testifying as to the results of the

1 examination and tests. The expert witnesses so subpoenaed shall receive reasonable 2 fees determined by the district attorney and the judge or judicial court commissioner 3 conducting the inquest. History: History: 1983 a. 279. 4 **SECTION** 122. 979.06 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: 979.06 (3) Any witness examined at an inquest may have counsel present 5 6 during the examination of that witness. The counsel may not examine or 7 cross-examine his or her client, cross-examine or call other witnesses or argue before the judge or judicial court commissioner holding the inquest. 8 History: History: 1983 a. 279. 9 **SECTION** 123. 979.06 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 979.06 (4) (intro.) The judge or judicial court commissioner shall administer 10 11 an oath or affirmation to each witness which shall be substantially in the following 12 form: History: History: 1983 a. 279. 13 **SECTION** 124. 979.06 (5) of the statutes is amended to read: 979.06 (5) The judge or Judicial court commissioner conducting the inquest 14 15 shall cause the testimony given by all witnesses to be reduced to writing or recorded 16 and may employ stenographers to take and transcribe all of the testimony. The 17 stenographer shall receive reimbursement at a reasonable rate for each appearance 18 and transcription at rates in accordance with the customary charges in the area for 19 similar services. History: History: 1983 a. 279. 20 **SECTION** 125. 979.08 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 21 979.08 (1) When the evidence is concluded and the testimony closed, the judge or judicial court commissioner shall instruct the jury on its duties and on the 22

23 substantive law regarding the issues inquired into before the jury. The district

attorney shall prepare a written set of appropriate requested instructions and shall submit them to the judge or judicial court commissioner who, together with the district attorney, shall compile the final set of instructions which shall be given. The instructions shall include those criminal offenses for which the judge or judicial court commissioner believes a reasonable jury might return a verdict based upon a finding of probable cause.

History: History: 1983 a. 279.

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**SECTION 126.** 979.08 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 979.08 (3) (intro.) The jury shall retire to consider its verdict after hearing all 9 of the testimony and evidence, making all necessary inquiries and having been 10 instructed in the law. The judge or judicial court commissioner shall provide the jury 11 with one complete set of written instructions providing the substantive law to be 12 applied to the issues to be decided. The verdict shall be in a form which permits the 13 following findings:

History: History: 1983 a. 279.

14 **SECTION 127.** 979.08 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

979.08 (6) Any verdict so rendered, after being validated and signed by the
judge or judicial court commissioner, together with the record of the inquest, shall
be delivered to the district attorney for consideration. After considering the verdict
and record, the district attorney may deliver the entire inquest record or any part
thereof to the coroner or medical examiner for safekeeping.

History: History: 1983 a. 279.

20 **SECTION 128.** 979.08 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

979.08 (7) The record of a secret inquest proceeding shall not be open for
inspection unless so ordered by the judge or judicial court commissioner conducting
the inquest upon petition by the district attorney.

History: History: 1983 a. 279.

SECTION 129. 979.09 of the statutes is amended to read:

**979.09 Burial of body.** If any judge or judicial court commissioner conducts 2 3 an inquest as to the death of a stranger or of a person whose identity is unknown or 4 whose body is unclaimed or if the district attorney determines that no inquest into 5 the death of such a person is necessary and the circuit judge has not ordered an 6 inquest under s. 979.04 (2), the coroner or medical examiner shall cause the body to 7 be decently buried or cremated and shall certify to all the charges incurred in taking 8 any inquest by him or her and to the expenses of burial or cremation of the dead body. 9 The charges and expenses shall be audited by the county board of the proper county 10 and paid out of the county treasury.

History: History: 1983 a. 279 s. 14; Stats. 1983 s, 979.09.

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SECTION 130. Initial applicability.

12 (1) This act firstapplies to actions commenced on the effective date of this
13 subsection.

14 SECTION 131. Effective date.

15 (1) This act takes effect on January 1, 1999.

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(END)

33 Insert MAANANA WAS Section #. 813.125 (1) (intro.) of the statutes amended to read: 500 color (*IiHe*), DEFINITIONS, FR(a) "Har aras ment" 813.125 (1) DEFINITIONS (intro.) In this section, "harassment" means any of the following: History: 1983 a. 336; 1991 a. 39, 194; 1995 a. 71, 306. SEC. # RN; P13.(25(i)(a)(b); P13.125(i)(a)(. 2.)and

### DRAFTER'S NOTE FROMTHE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

I am not sure if this draft meets your intent. Please review the draft carefully,

I would prefer to use "circuit court commissioner" instead of "judicial court commissioner" to avoid any confusion with municipal court commissiones created in 1997 Wisconsin Act 27 and because "judicial court" is redundant, but chapter 775 of the supreme court rules appears to make that impossible.

There are about 400 places in the statutes where "court commissioner" is used. I reviewed each of those sites to determine if the term had to be changed to "circuit court commissioner," "supplemental court commissioner" or "municipal court commissioner" or some combination of these. If this bill is attempting to clarify and simplify the resonsibilities, appointment and supervison of court commissioners, perhaps the terms "family court commissioner", "juvenile court commissioner" and "probate court commissioner" should be discontinued?

This draft makes extensive use of references to the revised supreme court rules, which may be difficult for the public to obtain. You may want to consider codifying the supreme court rules used extensively in this draft to avoid that problem.

> Robert P. Nelson Senior Legislative Attorney 267-7511

LRB-5132/P1dn

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## DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB–5132/P1dn RPN:jlg:km

Wednesday, April 15, 1998

I am not sure if this draft meets your intent. Please review the draft carefully.

I would prefer to use "circuit court commissioner" instead of "judicial court commissioner" to avoid any confusion with municipal court commissioners created in 1997 Wisconsin Act 27 and because "judicial court" is redundant, but chapter 75 of the supreme court rules appears to make that impossible.

There are about 400 places in the statutes where "court commissioner" is used. I reviewed each of those sites to determine if the term had to be changed to "circuit court commissioner," "supplemental court commissioner" or "municipal court commissioner" or some combination of these. If this bill is attempting to clarify and simplify the responsibilities, appointment and supervision of court commissioners, perhaps the terms "family court commissioner", "juvenile court commissioner" and "probate court commissioner" should be discontinued?

This draft makes extensive use of references to the revised supreme court rules, which may be difficult for the public to obtain. You may want to consider codifying the supreme court rules used extensively in this draft to avoid that problem.

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