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SECTION 158. 767.267 (1) of the statutes, **as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27**, is amended to read:

3 767.267 (1) If the court or the family circuit court commissioner determines 4 that income withholding under s. 767.265 is inapplicable, ineffective or insufficient 5 to ensure payment under an order or stipulation specified in s. 767.265 (1), or that income withholding under s. 767.25 (4m) (c) or 767.51 (3m) (c) is inapplicable, 6 7 ineffective or insufficient to ensure payment of a child's health care expenses, 8 including payment of health insurance premiums, ordered under s. 767.25 (4m) or 9 767.51 (3m), the court or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may require the payer to 10 identify or establish a deposit account, owned in whole or in part by the payer, that allows for periodic transfers of funds and to file with the financial institution at 11 which the account is located an authorization for transfer from the account to the 12 13 department or its designee, whichever is appropriate. The authorization shall be provided on a standard form approved by the court and shall specify the frequency 14 15 and the amount of transfer, sufficient to meet the payer's obligation under the order or stipulation, as required by the court or family dircuit court commissioner. 16 e 17 authorization shall include the payer's consent for the financial institution or an officer, employe or agent of the financial institution to disclose information to the 18 19 court, family circuit court commissioner, county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5), department or department's designee regarding the account for which the payer 20 has executed the authorization for transfer. 21

22 SECTION 159. 767.267 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27,
23 is amended to read:

24 767.267 (5) A financial institution or an officer, employe or agent of a financial
25 institution may disclose information to the court, family circuit court commissioner,

1 county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5), department or department's designee 2 concerning an account for which a payer has executed an authorization for transfer 3 under sub. (1).

4

SECTION 160. 767.27 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 767.27 (2) Except as provided in sub. (2m), disclosure forms required under this 6 section shall be filed within 90 days after the service of summons or the filing of a 7 joint petition or at such other time as ordered by the court or family circuit court 8 commissioner. Information contained on such forms shall be updated on the record 9 to the date of hearing.

10 **SECTION** 161. 767.29 (1) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 11 27, is amended to read:

12 767.29 (1) (c) Except as provided in sub. (1m), the department or its designee 13 shall disburse the money received under the judgment or order in the manner 14 required by federal regulations and take receipts therefor, unless the department or 15 its designee is unable to disburse the moneys because they were paid by check or 16 other draft drawn upon an account containing insufficient funds. All moneys 17 received or disbursed under this section shall be entered in a record kept by the 18 department or its designee, whichever is appropriate, which shall be open to 19 inspection by the parties to the action, their attorneys and the family <u>circuit</u> court 20 commissioner.

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SECTION 162. 767.29 (1) (d) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin 22 Act 27, is amended to read:

23 767.29 (1) (d) (intro.) For receiving and disbursing maintenance, child support 24 or family support payments, and for maintaining the records required under par. (c), 25 the department or its designee shall collect an annual fee of \$25 to be paid by each

1 party ordered to make payments. The court or family circuit court commissioner 2 shall order each party ordered to make payments to pay the annual fee under this 3 paragraph at the time of, and in addition to, the first payment to the department or 4 its designee in each year for which payments are ordered. All fees collected under 5 this paragraph shall be deposited in the appropriation account under s. 20.445 (3) 6 (ja). At the time of ordering the payment of an annual fee under this paragraph, the 7 court or family circuit court commissioner shall notify each party ordered to make 8 payments of the requirement to pay the annual fee and of the amount of the annual 9 fee. If the annual fee under this section is not paid when due, the department or its 10 designee may not deduct the annual fee from the maintenance or child or family 11 support payment, but may do any of the following:

- SECTION 163. 767.29 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
 27, is amended to read:
- 14 767.29 (1) (d) 2. Apply to the court or family circuit court commissioner for an
 15 assignment relating to the annual fee in accordance with s. 767.265.
- SECTION 164. 767.29 (1) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act
 27, is amended to read:
- 18 767.29 (1) (e) If the maintenance, child support or family support payments 19 adjudged or ordered to be paid are not paid to the department or its designee at the 20 time provided in the judgment or order, the county child support agency under s. 21 59.53 (5) or the family circuit court commissioner of the county shall take such 22 proceedings as he or she considers advisable to secure the payment of the sum including enforcement by contempt proceedings under ch. 785 or by other means. 23 24 Copies of any order issued to compel the payment shall be mailed to counsel who 25 represented each party when the maintenance, child support or family support

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payments were. awarded. In case any fees of officers in any of the proceedings,
including the compensation of the family circuit court commissioner at the rate of \$50
per day unless the commissioner is on a salaried basis, is not collected from the
person proceeded against, the fees shall be paid out of the county treasury upon the
order of the presiding judge and the certificate of the department.

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SECTION 165. 767.29 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 767.29 (Im) (b) The court or the family circuit court commissioner has ordered
8 that overpayments of child support, family support or maintenance that do not
9 exceed the amount of support or maintenance due in the next month may be held for
10 disbursement in the next month.

11

SECTION 166. 767.29 (3) (a) of theatatutes is amended to read:

12 767.29 (3) (a) If maintenance payments or support money, or both, is ordered 13 to be paid for the benefit of any person, who is committed by court order to an 14 institution or is in confinement, or whose legal custody is vested by court order under 15 ch. 48 or 938 in an agency, department or relative, the court or family Circuit court 16 commissioner may order such maintenance payments or support money to be paid to the relative or agency, institution, welfare department or other entity having the 17 18 legal or actual custody of said person, and to be used for the latter's care and 19 maintenance, without the appointment of a guardian under ch. 880.

20

SECTION 167. 767.29 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.29 (3) (b) If a child who is the beneficiary of support under a judgment or
order is placed by court order in a child caring institution, juvenile correctional
institution or state mental institution, the right of the child to support during the
period of the child's confinement, including any right to unpaid support accruing
during that period, is assigned to the state. If the judgment or order providing for

the support of a child who is placed in a child caring institution, juvenile correctional
institution or state mental institution includes support for one or more other
children, the support that is assigned to the state shall be the proportionate share
of the child placed in the institution, except as otherwise ordered by the court or
family circuit court commissioner on the motion of a party.

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SECTION 168. 767.293 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 767.293 (1) If an order for child support under this chapter or s. 948.22 (7), an 8 order for family support under this chapter or a stipulation approved by the court or 9 the family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner for child support under this chapter requires a payer to pay child or family support in an amount that is expressed as a percentage 10 of parental income, the payee, including the state or a county child support agency 11 12 under s. 59.53 (5) if the state is a real party in interest under s. 767.075 (1), may 13 establish an arrearage by filing an affidavit in the action in which the order for the 14 payment of support was entered or the stipulation for support was approved. The 15 affidavit shall state the amount of the arrearage and the facts supporting a 16 reasonable basis on which the arrearage was determined and may state the payer's 17 current income and the facts supporting a reasonable basis on which the payer's 18 current income was determined. Not later than 60 days after filing the affidavit, the 19 payee shall serve the affidavit on the payer in the manner provided in s. 801.11 (1) 20 (a) or(b) or by sending the affidavit by registered or certified mail to the last-known 21 address of the payer. After the payee files a proof of service on the payer, the court shall send a notice to the payer by regular, registered or certified mail to the payer's 22 last-known address. The notice shall provide that, unless the payer requests a 23 hearing to dispute the arrearage or the amount of the arrearage not later than 20 24 2 5 days after the date of the notice, the court or **family** circuit court commissioner may

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enter an order against the payer in the amount stated in the affidavit and may
 provide notice of assignment under s. 767.265. The notice shall include the mailing
 address to which the request for hearing must be mailed or delivered in order to
 schedule a hearing under sub. (2).

SECTION

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SECTION 169. 767.293 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 767.293 (2) If the payer makes a timely request for a hearing, the court or 7 **family** circuit court commissioner shall hold a hearing on the issue of the amount of 8 the arrearage, if any. If the court or **family** circuit court commissioner determines 9 after hearing that an arrearage exists, the court or **family** circuit court commissioner 10 shall enter an order establishing an arrearage in the amount determined by the court 11 or **family** circuit court commissioner and may send notice of assignment under s. 12 767.265.

13 SECTION 170. 767.293 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 767.293 (3) If the court or family circuit court commissioner sends the notice 15 under sub. (1) and the payer fails to make a timely request for a hearing, the court or family circuit court commissioner, if the affidavit demonstrates to the satisfaction 16 17 of the court or *family circuit* court commissioner that an arrearage exists, shall enter an order establishing an arrearage in the amount determined by the court or family 18 19 <u>dircuit</u> court commissioner and may send **b**otice of assignment under s. 767.265. e 20 court or family circuit court commissioner shall send the order to the payer's 21 last-known address and shall inform the payer whether an assignment is in effect 22 and that the payer may, within a 10-day period, by motion request a hearing on the 23 issue of whether the order should be vacated or the assignment should be withdrawn. 24 **SECTION 171.** 767.32 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 767.32 (1) (a) After a judgment or order providing for child support under this 2 chapter or s. 48.355 (2) (b) 4., 48.357 (5m), 48.363 (2), 938.183 (4), 938.355 (2) (b) 4., 3 938.357 (5m), 938.363 (2) or 948.22 (7), maintenance payments under s. 767.26 or 4 family support payments under this chapter, or for the appointment of trustees 5 under s. 767.31, the court may, from time to time, on the petition, motion or order to 6 show cause of either of the parties, or upon the petition, motion or order to show cause 7 of the department, a county department under s. 46.215, 46.22 or 46.23 or a county 8 child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) if an assignment has been made under s. 9 46.261, 48.57 (3m) (b) 2. or (3n) (b) 2., 49.19 (4) (h) or 49.45 (19) or if either party or 10 their minor children receive aid under s. 48.57 (3m) or (3n) or ch. 49, and upon notice 11 to the <u>office of the</u> family court commissioner, revise and alter such judgment or order respecting the amount of such maintenance or child support and the payment 12 13 thereof, and also respecting the appropriation and payment of the principal and 14 income of the property so held in trust, and may make any judgment or order 15 respecting any of the matters that such court might have made in the original action, 16 except that a judgment or order that waives maintenance payments for either party 17 shall not thereafter be revised or altered in that respect nor shall the provisions of 18 a judgment or order with respect to final division of property be subject to revision 19 or modification. A revision, under this section, of a judgment or order with respect 20 to an amount of child or family support may be made only upon a finding of a 21 substantial change in circumstances. In any action under this section to revise a 22 judgment or order with respect to maintenance payments, a substantial change in the cost of living by either party or as measured by the federal bureau of labor 23 24 statistics may be sufficient to justify a revision of judgment or order with respect to

1 2 the amount of maintenance, except that a change in an obligor's cost of living is not in itself sufficient if payments are expressed as a percentage of income.

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SECTION 172. 767.327 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.327 (2) (c) Upon receipt of a copy of a notice of objection under par. (a), the
court or family circuit court commissioner shall promptly refer the parents for
mediation or other family court counseling services under s. 767.11 and may appoint
a guardian ad litem. Unless the parents agree to extend the time period, if mediation
or counseling services do not resolve the dispute within 30 days after referral, the
matter shall proceed under subs. (3) to (5).

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SECTION 173. 767.33 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 767.33 (2) An adjustment under sub. (1) may be made only if the party receiving 12 payments applies to the **family** <u>Icircuit</u> courtfcommissionert for the adjustment. e 13 order specifies the date on which the annual adjustment becomes effective, the 14 application to the family circuit court commissioner must be made at least 20 days before the effective date of the adjustment. The *family* circuit court commissioner, 15 16 upon application by the party receiving payments, shall send a notice by certified 17 mail to the last-known address of the obligor. The notice shall be postmarked no 18 later than 10 days after the date on which the application was filed and shall inform 19 the obligor that an adjustment in payments will become effective on the date 20 specified in the order or, if no date is specified in the order, 10 days after the date on 21 which the notice is sent. The obligor may, after receipt of notice and before the 22 effective date of the adjustment, request a hearing on the issue of whether the adjustment should take effect, in which case the adjustment shall be held in 23 24 abeyance pending the outcome of the hearing. The family circuit court commissioner 25 shall hold a hearing requested under this subsection within 10 working days after

1 If at the hearing the obligor establishes that extraordinary the request. 2 circumstances beyond his or her control prevent fulfillment of the adjusted child 3 support obligation, the family circuit court commissioner may direct that all or part 4 of the adjustment not take effect until the obligor is able to fulfill the adjusted 5 obligation. If at the hearing the obligor does not establish that extraordinary 6 circumstances beyond his or her control prevent fulfillment of the adjusted 7 obligation, the adjustment shall take effect as of the date it would have become 8 effective had no hearing been requested. Either party may, within 15 working days 9 of the date of the decision by the *family* circuit court commissioner under this 10 subsection, seek review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action. 11 **SECTION** 174. 767.37 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 767.37 (1) (a) In any action affecting the family, if the court orders maintenance 13 payments or other allowances for a party or children or retains jurisdiction in such 14 matters, the written judgment shall include a provision that disobedience of the 15 court order with respect to the same is punishable under ch. 785 by commitment to 16 the county jail or house of correction until such judgment is complied with and the 17 costs and expenses of the proceedings are paid or until the party committed is 18 otherwise discharged, according to law. The written judgment in any action affecting 19 the family shall include the social security numbers of the parties and of any child of the parties. The findings of fact and conclusions of law and the written judgment 20 21 shall be drafted by the attorney for the moving party, and shall be submitted to the 22 court and filed with the clerk of the court within 30 days after judgment is granted; 23 but if the respondent has been represented by counsel, the findings, conclusions and 24 judgment shall first be submitted to respondent's counsel for approval and if the 25 family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner has appeared at the trial of the action, such papers

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shall also be sent to the *family* <u>Aircuit</u> fourt commissioner for appraval. n y
 necessary approvals are obtained, the findings of fact, conclusions of law and
 judgment shall be submitted to the court. Final stipulations of the parties may be
 appended to the judgment and incorporated by reference therein.

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SECTION 175. 767.37 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 767.37 (2) So far as a judgment of divorce affects the marital status of the 7 parties the court has the power to vacate or modify the judgment for sufficient cause 8 shown, upon its own motion, or upon the application of both parties to the action, at 9 any time within 6 months from the granting of such judgment. No such judgment 10 shall be vacated or modified without service of notice of motion on the office of the 11 family court commissioner. The court may direct the family circuit court 12 commissioner or appoint some other attorney, to bring appropriate proceedings for 13 the vacation of the judgment. The compensation of the family circuit court 14 commissioner when not on a salaried basis or other attorney for performing such 15 services shall be at the rate of \$50 per day, which shall be paid out of the county 16 treasury upon order of the presidingjudge and the certificate of the clerk of the court. 17 If the judgment is vacated it shall restore the parties to the marital relation that 18 existed before the granting of such judgment. If after vacation of the judgment either 19 of the parties brings an action in this state for divorce against the other the court may 20 order the petitioner in such action to reimburse the county the amount paid by it to 21 the family circuit court commissioner or other attorney in connection with such vacation proceedings. Whenever a judgment of divorce is set aside under this 22 23 subsection, the court shall order the record in the action impounded without regard 24 to s. 767.19; and thereafter neither the record nor any part of the record shall be 25 offered or admitted into evidence in any action or proceeding except by special order

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of the court of jurisdiction upon good cause shown in any paternity proceedings under
 this chapter or by special order of any court of record upon a showing of necessity to
 clear title to real estate.

SECTION 176. 767.45 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 767.45 (5) (b) An action under this section may be joined with any other action 6 for child support and shall be governed by the procedures specified in s. 767.05 7 relating to child support, except that the title of the action shall be "In re the 8 paternity of A.B." The petition shall state the name and date of birth of the child if 9 born or that the mother is pregnant if the child is unborn, the name of any alleged 10 father, whether or not an action by any of the parties to determine the paternity of 11 the child or rebut the presumption of paternity to the child has at any time been 12 commenced, or is pending before any judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner, in this state 13 or elsewhere. If a paternity judgment has been rendered, or if a paternity action has 14 been dismissed, the petition shall state the court which rendered the judgment or 15 dismissed the action, and the date and the place the judgment was granted if known. 16 The petition shall also give notice of a party's right to request a genetic test under 17 s. 49.225 or 767.48.

18 SECTION 177. 767.455 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

19767.455 (5) FORM. The summons shall be in substantially the following form:20STATE OF WISCONSIN,CIRCUIT COURT:COUNTY

- In re the Paternity of A. B.
- 23 STATE OF WISCONSIN
- and and

21

25 . C. D.

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1	Address
2	City, State Zip Code File No
3	, Petitioners
4	vs. SUMMONS
5	E. F.
6	Address (Case Classification Type): (Code No.)
7	City, State Zip Code
8	, Respondent
9	
10	THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, To the Respondent:
11	You have been sued. \dots claims that you are the father of the child, \dots born on
12	\dots (date), in \dots (city) (county) (state). You must appear to answer this claim of
13	paternity. Your court appearance is:
14	Date:
15	Time:
16	R o o m :
17	Judge or Family <u>Circuit</u> Court Commissioner:
18	Address:
19	If you do not appear, the court will enter a default judgment finding you to be
20	the father. A default judgment will take effect 30 days after it is served on or mailed
21	to you, unless within those 30 days you present to the court evidence of good cause
22	for failure to appear. If you plan to be represented by an attorney, you should contact
23	the attorney prior to the court appearance listed above. If you are unable to afford
24	an attorney, the court will appoint one for you only upon the blood tests showing that
25	you are not excluded as the father and the probability of your being the father is less

1 than 99.0%. Appearance is not required if you complete the attached waiver of first 2 appearance statement and send it to the court at least 10 days prior to the date of 3 your scheduled appearance in this summons. 4 Dated: (year) 5 Signed: 6 G. H., Clerk of Circuit Court 7 or Petitioner's Attorney 8 9 State Bar No.: . . . Address: 10 City, State Zip Code: 11 12 Phone No.: . . . 13 **SECTION** 178. 767.458 (lm) of the statutes is amended to read: 14 767.458 (Im) In an action to establish the paternity of a child who was born 15 to a woman while she was married, where a man other than the woman's husband 16 alleges that he, not the husband, is the child's father, a party may allege that a judicial determination that a man other than the husband is the father is not in the 17 18 best interest of the child. If the court or <u>a circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner 19 under s. 757.69(3) 753.36(2) (g) determines that a judicial determination of whether 20 a man other than the husband is the father is not in the best interest of the child, no 21 genetic tests may be ordered and the action shall be dismissed. 22 **SECTION** 179. 767.46 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 23 767.46 (1) A pretrial hearing shall be held before the court or a circuit or 24 sunnlemental court commissioner under s. 757X9-W<u>753.36(2)</u>(g). A record or 25 minutes of the proceeding shall be kept. At the pretrial hearing the parties may

present and cross-examine witnesses, request genetic tests and present other
 evidence relevant to the determination of paternity.

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SECTION 180. 767.463 of the statutes is amended to read:

767.463 Dismissal if adjudication not in child's best interest. Except as 4 provided in s. 767.458 (lm), at any time in an action to establish the paternity of a 5 6 child, upon the motion of a party or guardian ad litem, the court or circuit or 7 supplemental court commissioner under s. 757.69 (3) 753.36(2) (g) may, with respect 8 to a man, refuse to order genetic tests, if genetic tests have not yet been taken, and 9 dismiss the action if the court or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner determines that a judicial determination of whether the man is the father of the child 10 11 is not in the best interest of the child.

12

SECTION 181. 767.465 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:.

13 767.465 (2) (a) Except as provided in sub. (2m), if a respondent is the alleged 14 father and fails to appear at the first appearance, unless the first appearance is not 15 required under s. 767.457 (2), scheduled court-ordered genetic test, pretrial hearing 16 or trial, the court shall enter an order adjudicating the respondent to be the father 17 and appropriate orders for support, legal custody and physical placement. The 18 orders shall be either served on the respondent or mailed by regular, registered or certified mail, to the last-known address of the respondent. The orders shall take 19 20 effect 30 days after service or 30 days after the date on which the orders were mailed unless, within that time, the respondent presents to the court or a circuit or 21 supplemental court commissioner under s. 757.69 (3) (g) 753.36 (2) (g) evidence of 22 good cause for failure to appear or failure to have undergone a court-ordered genetic 23 24 test.

25

SECTION 182. 767.51 (3m) (f) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

1 767.51 (**3m**) (f) 2. The notice provided to the parent shall inform the parent that 2 coverage for the child under the new employer's health benefit plan will be in effect 3 upon the employer's receipt of the notice. The notice shall inform the parent that he 4 or she may, within 10 business days after receiving the notice, by motion request a hearing before the court on the issue of whether the order to provide coverage of the 5 6 child's health care expenses should remain in effect. A motion under this subdivision 7 may be heard by a <u>family <u>bifrcuit</u> from the commission of the co</u> 8 and the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the order to 9 provide coverage of the child's health care expenses should not remain in effect, the court shall provide notice to the employer that the order is no longer in effect. 10 11 **SECTION 183.** 767.62 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 12 767.62 (2) (b) If a statement acknowledging paternity is timely rescinded as 13 provided in s. 69.15 (**3m**), a court or **family** circuit court commissioner may not enter 14 an order specified in sub. (4) with respect to the man who signed the statement as 15 the father of the child unless the man is adjudicated the child's father using the procedures set forth in ss. 767.45 to 767.60. 16 **SECTION 184.** 767.62 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 17 18 767.62 (3) (b) Except as provided in s. 767.045, in an action specified in par. (a) 19 the court or family circuit court commissioner may appoint a guardian ad litem for 20 the child and shall appoint a guardian ad litem for a party who is a minor, unless the 21 minor party is represented by an attorney. 22 **SECTION 185.** 767.62 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.62 (4) (a) In an action under sub. (3) (a), if the persons who signed and filed
the statement acknowledging paternity as parents of the child had notice of the
hearing, the court or family circuit court commissioner may make an order that

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1 contains any p-rovision directed against the appropriate party to the proceeding 2 concerning the duty of support, the legal custody or guardianship of the child, periods 3 of physical placement, the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment of 4 amounts under the order or any other matter in the best interest of the child. Unless 5 the court orders otherwise, if there is no presumption of paternity under s. 891.41 6 (1) the mother shall have sole legal custody of the child. The court or family circuit 7 court commissioner shall order either party or both to pay for the support of any child 8 of the parties who is less than 18 years old, or any child of the parties who is less than 9 19 years old if the child is pursuing an accredited course of instruction leading to the 10 acquisition of a high school diploma or its equivalent. The order may direct the father 11 to pay or contribute to the reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy and 12 confinement during pregnancy and may direct either party to pay or contribute to 13 the costs of attorney fees or other costs.

14

SECTION 186. 767.62 (4) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

15 767.62 (4) (b) 2. In addition to ordering child support for a child under par. (a), 16 the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner shall specifically assign responsibility 17 for and direct the manner of payment of the child's health care expenses. In 18 assigning responsibility for a child's health care expenses, the court or family circuit. 19 court commissioner shall consider whether a child is covered under a parent's health 20 insurance policy or plan at the time the court enters an order under this paragraph, 21 the availability of health insurance to each parent through an employer or other 22 organization, the extent of coverage available to a child and the costs to the parent 23 for the coverage of the child. A parent may be required to initiate or continue health 24 care insurance coverage for a child under this subdivision. If a parent is required to 25 do so, he or she shall provide copies of necessary program or policy identification to

the other parent and is liable for any health care costs for which he or she receives direct payment from an insurer. This paragraph may not be construed to limit the authority of the court or <u>family_circuit</u> court commissioner to enter or modify support orders containing provisions for payment of medical expenses, medical costs, or insurance premiums that are in addition to and not inconsistent with this paragraph.

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SECTION 187. 767.62 (4) (b) 3. a. of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 191, section 489, is amended to read:

9 767.62 (4) (b) 3. a. In directing the manner of payment of a child's health care 10 expenses, the court or *family* <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may order that payment, 11 including payment for health insurance premiums, be withheld from income and 12 sent to the appropriate health care insurer, provider or plan, as provided in s. 767.265 13 (3h), or sent to the department or its designee, whichever is appropriate, for 14 disbursement to the person for whom the payment has been awarded if that person is not a health care insurer, provider or plan. If the court or family circuit court 15 commissioner orders income withholding and assignment for the payment of health 16 17 care expenses, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall send notice of 18 assignment in the manner provided under s. 767.265 (2r) and may include that notice 19 of assignment with a notice of assignment under s. 767.265. The department or its 20 designee, whichever is appropriate, shall keep a record of all moneys received and 21 disbursed by the department or its designee for health care expenses that are 22 directed to be paid to the department or its designee.

23 SECTION 188. 767.62 (4) (b) 3. b. of the statutes is amended to read:
24 767.62 (4) (b) 3. b. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders a
25 parent to initiate or continue health insurance coverage for a child under a health

1 insurance policy that is available to the parent through an employer or other 2 organization but the court or *family* circuit court commissioner does not specify the 3 manner in which payment of the health insurance premiums shall be made, the clerk 4 of court may provide notice of assignment in the manner provided under s. 767.265 5 (2r) for the withholding from income of the amount necessary to pay the health 6 insurance premiums. That notice of assignment may be sent with or included as part 7 of any other notice of assignment under s. 767.265, if appropriate. A person who receives the notice of assignment shall send the withheld health insurance 8 premiums to the appropriate health care insurer, provider or plan, as provided in s. 9 10 767.265 (3h).

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SECTION 189. 767.62 (4) (b) 4. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 767.62 (4) (b) 4. (intro.) If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders
13 a parent to provide coverage of the health care expenses of the parent's child and the
14 parent is eligible for family coverage of health care expenses under a health benefit
15 plan that is provided by an employer on an insured or on a self-insured basis, the
16 employer shall do all of the following:

SECTION 190. 767.62 (4) (b) 4. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

18 767.62 (4) (b) 4. c. After the child has coverage under the employer's health
19 benefit plan, and as long as the parent is eligible for family coverage under the
20 employer's health benefit plan, continue to provide coverage for the child unless the
21 employer receives satisfactory written evidence that the order of the court or *family*22 circuit court commissioner is no longer in effect or that the child has coverage of
23 health care expenses under another health insurance policy or health benefit plan
24 that provides comparable coverage of health care expenses.

SECTION 191. 767.62 (4) (b) 5. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

767.62 (4) (b) 5. a. If a parent who has been ordered by a court or family circuit 1 2 court commissioner to provide coverage of the health care expenses of a child who is 3 eligible for medical assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49 receives payment from a 3rd 4 party for the cost of services provided to the child but does not pay the health care 5 provider for the services or reimburse the department or any other person who paid 6 for the services on behalf of the child, the department may obtain a judgment against 7 the parent for the amount of the 3rd party payment. 8 **SECTION 192.** 767.62 (4) (b) 6. b. of the statutes is amended to read: 9 767.62 (4) (b) 6. b. The notice provided to the parent shall inform the parent 10 that coverage for the child under the new employer's health benefit plan will be in 11 effect upon the employer's receipt of the notice. The notice shall inform the parent 12 that he or she may, within 10 business days after receiving the notice, by motion 13 request a hearing before the court on the issue of whether the order to provide 14 coverage of the child's health care expenses should remain in effect. A motion under 15 this subd. 6. b. may be heard by a family directit courthcomemissponer. r e n t 16 requests a hearing and the court or family circuit court commissioner determines 17 that the order to provide coverage of the child's health care expenses should not 18 remain in effect, the court shall provide notice to the employer that the order is no 19 longer in effect. 20 **SECTION 193.** 767.62 (4) (d) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 21 767.62 (4) (d) 1. Except as provided in par. (e), the court or family <u>circuit</u> court

commissioner shall determine child support payments under par. (a) by using the
percentage standard established by the department under s. 49.22 (9).

SECTION 194. 767.62 (4) (d) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	767.62 (4) (d) 2. In determining child support payments under par. (a), the
2	court or family circuit court commissioner may consider all relevant financial
3	information or other information relevant to the parent's earning capacity, including
4	information reported under s. 49.22 (2m) to the department or the county child
5	support agency under s. 59.53 (5).
6	SECTION 195. 767.62 (4) (e) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	767.62 (4) (e) (intro.) Upon request by a party, the court or family circuit court
8	commissioner may modify the amount of child support payments determined under
9	par. (d) if, after considering the following factors, the court or family circuit court
10	commissioner finds by the greater weight of the credible evidence that use of the
11	percentage standard is unfair to the child or to the requesting party:
12	SECTION 196. 767.62 (4) (e) 14. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	767.62 (4) (e) 14. Any other factors that the court or family circuit court
14	commissioner in each case determines are relevant to the best interests of the child.
15	SECTION 197. 767.62 (4) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	767.62 (4) (f) If the court or family circuit court commissioner finds under par.
17	(e) that use of the percentage standard is unfair to the child or the requesting party,
18	the court or family circuit court commissioner shall state in writing or on the record
19	the amount of support that would be required by using the percentage standard, the
20	amount by which the court's or <i>family</i> <u>circuit</u> court commissioner's order deviates
21	from that amount, the reasons for finding that use of the percentage standard is
22	unfair to the child or the party, the reasons for the amount of the modification and
23	the basis for the modification.
24	SECTION 198. 769.102 of the statutes is amended to read:

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769.102 Tribunal of this state. The courts and <u>circuit</u> court commissioners are the tribunal of this state.

SECTION 199. 769.302 of the statutes is amended to read:

4 **769.302** Action by minor parent. A minor parent, or a guardian or other 5 legal representative of a minor parent, may maintain a proceeding on behalf of or for 6 the benefit of the minor's child. Notwithstanding s. 767.045 (1) or 803.01 (3), the 7 court may appoint a guardian ad litem for the minor's child, but the court need not 8 appoint a guardian ad litem for a minor parent who maintains such a proceeding 9 unless the proceeding is one for the determination of parentage, in which case the 10 court or a family circuit court commissioner shall appoint a guardian ad litem for a 11 minor parent within this state who maintains such a proceeding or for a minor within 12 this state who is alleged to be a parent, as provided in s. 767.475 (1).

SECTION 200. **782.01** (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 782.01 (3) In this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, judge includes 15 the supreme court, the court of appeals and circuit courts and each justice and judge 16 thereof and circuit court commissioners; and prisoner includes every person 17 restrained of personal liberty; and imprisoned includes every such restraint, and 18 respondent means the person on whom the writ is to be served.

19 **SECTION** 201. 782.03 of the statutes is amended to read:

782.03 Petition for writ. Application for the writ shall be by petition, signed either by the prisoner or by some person in his or her behalf, and may be made to the supreme court, the court of appeals or the circuit court of the county, or to any justice or judge of the supreme court, court of appeals or circuit court or to any circuit court commissioner, within the county where the prisoner is detained; or if there is no judge within the county, or for any cause he or she is incapable of acting, or has refused to grant the writ, then to some judge residing in an adjoining county; but
every application, made by or on behalf of a person sentenced to the state prisons,
must contain a copy of any motion made under s. 974.06 and shall indicate the
disposition of the motion and the court in which the disposition was made. If no
motion was made, the petition shall so state.

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SECTION 202. 782.28 of the statutes is amended to read:

7 782.28 (title) Transfer from <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court
8 commissioner. If the writ is returnable before a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner, either
9 party may make a request for transfer to the court in which the matter is filed. Upon
10 receipt of such request the <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall forthwith transmit all
11 papers and records in the proceedings to the court.

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SECTION 203. 799.05 (7) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 799.05 (7) (title) FORM; <u>CIRCUIT</u> COURT COMMISSIONER. (intro.> Except as
provided in s. 799.22 (4) (b) 3., in counties establishing at least part-time or
full-time court commissioner position under s. 757.68 (1) (b) in which a circuit court
commissioner is authorized to assist in the administration of matters under this
chanter, the summons shall be substantially in the following form:

SECTION 204. 799.06 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 799.06 (1) PLEADINGS. All pleadings except the initial complaint may be oral.
 20 Any circuit court may by rule require written pleadings and any judge or <u>circuit</u> court
 21 commissioner may require written pleadings in a particular case.

22 SECTION 205. 799.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

799.11 (3) When, in any action under this chapter, it appears from the return
of service of the summons or otherwise that the county in which the action is pending
is not a proper place of trial and that another county would be a proper place of trial,

1	the court or circuit court commissioner shall, on motion of a party or its own motion,
2	transfer the action to that county unless the defendant appears and waives the
3	improper venue. The clerk of the court to which the action is transferred shall issue
4	a new notice of return date upon payment of the fee required by s. 814.61 (2) (a).
5	SECTION 206. 799.20 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	799.20 (4) Inquiry of defendant who appears on return date. If the defendant
7	appears on the return date of the summons or any adjourned date thereof, the court
8	or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall make sufficient inquiry of the defendant to
9	determine whether the defendant claims a defense to the action. If it appears to the
10	court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner that the defendant claims a defense to the action,
11	the court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall schedule a trial of all the issues involved
12	in the action, unless the parties stipulate otherwise or the action is subject to
- 4	
13	immediate dismissal.
13	immediate dismissal.
13 14	immediate dismissal. SECTION 207. 799.206 of the statutes is repealed.
13 14 15	immediate dismissal. SECTION 207. 799.206 of the statutes is repealed. SECTION 208. 799.207 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
13 14 15 16	immediate dismissal. SECTION 207. 799.206 of the statutes is repealed. SECTION 208. 799.207 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (title) Proceedings before circuit court commissioner.
13 14 15 16 17	immediate dismissal. SECTION 207. 799.206 of the statutes is repealed. SECTION 208. 799.207 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (title) Proceedings before circuit court commissioner. SECTION 209. 799.207 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
13 14 15 16 17 18	 immediate dismissal. SECTION 207. 799.206 of the statutes is repealed. SECTION 208. 799.207 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (title) Proceedings before circuit court commissioner. SECTION 209. 799.207 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (1) (a) Any circuit court commissioner assigned to assist in the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 immediate dismissal. SECTION 207. 799.206 of the statutes is repealed. SECTION 208. 799.207 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (title) Proceedings before circuit court commissioner. SECTION 209. 799.207 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (1) (a) Any circuit court commissioner assigned to assist in the administration of small claims may hold a conference with the parties or their
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 immediate dismissal. SECTION 207. 799.206 of the statutes is repealed. SECTION 208. 799.207 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (title) Proceedings before circuit court commissioner. SECTION 209. 799.207 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (1) (a) Any circuit court commissioner assigned to assist in the administration of small claims may hold a conference with the parties or their attorneys or both on the return date, examine pleadings and identify issues.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 immediate dismissal. SECTION 207. 799.206 of the statutes is repealed. SECTION 208. 799.207 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (title) Proceedings before circuit court commissioner. SECTION 209. 799.207 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.207 (1) (a) Any circuit court commissioner assigned to assist in the administration of small claims may hold a conference with the parties or their attorneys or both on the return date, examine pleadings and identify issues. SECTION 210. 799.207 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	hearing. If for any of the reasons stated in this paragraph, the matter cannot be
2	heard on the return date, an adjourned date shall be set.
3	SECTION 211. 799.207 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	799.207 (1) (e) If the circuit court commissioner cannot reach a decision on the
5	return or adjourned date, the commissioner shall mail the decision to each party
6	within 30 days of the date of the hearing.
7	SECTION 212. 799.207 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	799.207 (2) (intro.) The circuit_court commissioner's decision shall become a
9	judgment 11 days after rendering, if oral, and 16 days after mailing, if written, except
10	that:
11	SECTION 213. 799.207 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	799.207 (3) (b) The c <u>ircuit court commissioner shall give each of the parties a</u>
13	form and instructions which shall be used for giving notice of an election to have the
14	matter heard by the court.
15	SECTION 214. 799.209 (1) to (4) of the statutes are amended to read:
16	799.209 (1) The court or c <u>ircuit</u> court commissioner shall conduct the
17	proceeding informally, allowing each party to present arguments and proofs and to
18	examine witnesses to the extent reasonably required for full and true disclosure of
19	the facts.
20	(2) The proceedings shall not be governed by the common law or statutory rules
21	of evidence except those relating to privileges under ch. 905 or to admissibility under
22	s. 901.05. The court or circuit court commissioner shall admit all other evidence
23	having reasonable probative value, but may exclude irrelevant or repetitious
24	evidence or arguments. An essential finding of fact may not be based solely on a

declarant's oral hearsay statement unless it would be admissible under the rules of
 evidence.

3 (3) The court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may conduct questioning of the 4 witnesses and shall endeavor to ensure that the claims or defenses of all parties are 5 fairly presented to the court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner.

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(4) The court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall establish the order of trial and the procedure to be followed in the presentation of evidence and arguments in an appropriate manner consistent with the ends of justice and the prompt resolution of the dispute on its merits according to the substantive law.

SECTION 215. **799.21** (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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11 799.21 (**3**) (b) I i) n С 0 u n t e S commissioner position under s. 757.68 (1) (b) in which a circuit court commissioner 12 13 is authorized, a assist in the administration of matters under this chapter, except in 14 eviction actions which shall be governed by par. (a), demand for trial by jury shall be made at the time a demand for trial is filed. If the party requesting a trial does not 15 16 request a jury trial, any other party may request a jury trial by filing the request with 17 the court and mailing copies to all other parties within 15 days from the date of 18 mailing of the demand for trial or the date on which personal notice of demand is 19 given, whichever is applicable. If no party demands a trial by jury, the right to trial 20 by jury is waived forever. The fees prescribed in ss. 814.61 (4) and 814.62 (3) (e) shall 21 be paid when the demand for a trial by jury is filed.

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SECTION 216. 799.21 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

799.21 (4) JURY PROCEDURE. If there is a demand for a trial by jury, the judge
or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall place the case on the trial calendar and a jury of
6 persons shall be chosen as provided in s. 345.43 (3) (b). The parties shall proceed

1 as if the action had originally been begun as a proceeding under chs. 801 to 807, 2 except that the court is not required to provide the jury with one complete set of 3 written instructions under s. 805.13 (4) and the requirements for appearance by the parties shall be governed by s. 799.06 (2). 4

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SECTION 217. 799.24 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 799.24 (1) ENTRY OF JUDGMENT OR ORDER; NOTICE OF ENTRY THEREOF. When a 7 judgment or an order is rendered, the judge, <u>circuit</u> court commissioner or clerk of circuit court shall immediately enter it in the court record and note the date thereof 8 9 which shall be the date of entry ofjudgment or order. The clerk of circuit court, except in municipal and county forfeiture actions, shall mail a notice of entry of judgment 10 11 to the parties or their attorneys at their last-known address within 5 days of its 12 entry. Upon payment of the exact amount of the fee prescribed in s. 814.62 (3) (c), 13 the clerk of circuit court shall enter the judgment in the judgment and lien docket. 14 **SECTION** 218. 799.24 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

15 799.24 (3) STIPULATED DISMISSAL. Prior to the entry of judgment, upon 16 stipulation of the parties to a schedule for compliance with the stipulation, the court 17 or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may enter a stipulated judgment of dismissal in lieu 18 thereof. Any such judgment may be vacated without notice to the obligated party, 19 and the unsatisfied portion thereof entered, upon application by the prevailing party 20 and proof by affidavit of noncompliance with the terms of the stipulation.

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SECTION 219. 799.26 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 799.26 (1) When a judgment for money damages is entered under this chapter, the court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall order the judgment debtor to execute 23 24 under penalty of contempt a disclosure statement and to mail or deliver that statement to the judgment creditor or to the clerk of circuit court in the county where 25

the judgment is entered within 15 days of entry of judgment unless the judgment is sooner satisfied. The statement shall disclose, as of the date ofjudgment, the debtor's name, residence address, employers and their addresses, any real property interests owned by the debtor, cash on hand, financial institutions in which the judgment debtor has funds on deposit, whether the debtor's earnings are totally exempt from garnishment under s. 812.34 (2) (b), and such other information as required by the schedules adopted under sub. (3).

8 SECTION 220. 807.04 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 133,
9 is amended to read:

10 807.04 (1) Except as provided under sub. (2), all trials, and all hearings at 11 which oral testimony is to be presented, shall be held in open court. The court may 12 make any order which a judge or <u>a circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner has</u> 13 power to make. Court commissioner hall have the powers provided in ch. 753 or 14 by other statute.

SECTION 221. 807.09 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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807.09 (1) A circuit judge of the circuit court of any county may appoint and
remove at any time, any retired or former circuit or county court judge to act, in
matters referred by the judge and in conciliation matters. When a matter for
conciliation is referred for such purpose, the conciliator shall have full authority to
hear, determine and report findings to the court. Such conciliators may be appointed
circuit court commissioners as provided in s. 757.68 under SCR 75.02 (1).

22 **SECTION** 222. 812.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

812.30 (2) "Court" includes a <u>circuit court commissioner assigned to preside at</u>
a proceeding under this subchapter.

SECTION 223. 813.025 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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813.025(1) Nocircuit or supplemental court commissioner shall may issue any
 injunction or order suspending or restraining the enforcement or execution of any
 statute of the state or of any order of an administrative officer, board, department,
 commission or other state agency purporting to be made pursuant to the statutes of
 the state. If so issued such, the injunction or order shall be void.

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SECTION 224. 813.12 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.12 (2) (a) No action under this section may be commenced by complaint and 7 summons. An action under this section may be commenced only by a petition 8 9 described under sub. (5) (a). The action commences with service of the petition upon 10 the respondent if a copy of the petition is filed before service or promptly after service. 11 If the judge or *family circuit* court commissioner extends the time for a hearing under 12 sub. (3) (c) and the petitioner files an affidavit with the court stating that personal 13 service by the sheriff or a private server under s. **801.11**(1) (a) or(b) was unsuccessful 14 because the respondent is avoiding service by concealment or otherwise, the 15 petitioner may serve the respondent by publication of the petition as a class 1 notice, 16 under ch. 985, and by mailing if the respondent's post-office address is known or can 17 with due diligence be ascertained. The mailing may be omitted if the post-office 18 address cannot be ascertained with due diligence.

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SECTION 225. 813.12 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.12 (2) (b) A petition may be filed in conjunction with an action affecting the
family commenced under ch. 767, but commencement of an action affecting the
family or any other action is not necessary for the filing of a petition or the issuance
of a temporary restraining order or an injunction. A judge or family circuit court
commissioner may not make findings or issue orders under s. 767.23 or 767.24 while
granting relief requested only under this section. Section 813.06 does not apply to

an action under this section. The respondent may respond to the petition either in
writing before or at the hearing on the issuance of the injunction or orally at that
hearing.

SECTION 226. 813.12 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 813.12 (3) (a) A judge or family circuit_court commissioner shall issue a 6 temporary restraining order ordering the respondent to refrain from committing acts 7 of domestic abuse against the petitioner, to avoid the petitioner's residence, except 8 as provided in par, (am), or any premises temporarily occupied by the petitioner or 9 both, or to avoid contacting or causing any person other than a party's attorney to 10 contact the petitioner unless the petitioner consents in writing, or any combination 11 of these remedies requested in the petition, if all of the following occur:

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1. The petitioner submits to the judge or family circuit court commissioner a petition alleging the elements set forth under sub. (5) (a).

14 2. The judge or family circuit court commissioner finds reasonable grounds to l-5 believe that the respondent has engaged in, or based on prior conduct of the 16 petitioner and the respondent may engage in, domestic abuse of the petitioner. In 17 determining whether to issue a temporary restraining order, the judge or family 18 <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall consider the potential danger posed to the petitioner 19 and the pattern of abusive conduct of the respondent but may not base his or her 20 decision solely on the length of time since the last domestic abuse or the length of time since the relationship ended. The judge or family circuit court commissioner may 21 22 grant only the remedies requested or approved by the petitioner.

23 SECTION 227. 813.12 (3) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.12 (3) (am) If the petitioner and the respondent are not married, the
respondent owns the premises where the petitioner resides and the petitioner has

no legal interest in the premises, in lieu of ordering the respondent to avoid the
petitioner's residence under par. (a) the judge or family circuit court commissioner
may order the respondent to avoid the premises for a reasonable time until the
petitioner relocates and shall order the respondent to avoid the new residence for the
duration of the order.

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SECTION 228, 813.12 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 813.12 (3) (c) The temporary restraining order is in effect until a hearing is held 8 on issuance of an injunction under sub. (4). The temporary restraining order is not 9 voided if the respondent is admitted into a dwelling that the order directs him or her 10 to avoid. A judge or family circuit court commissioner shall hold a hearing on 11 issuance of an injunction within 7 days after the temporary restraining order is 1 issued, unless the time is extended upon the written consent of the parties or 2 13 extended once for 14 days upon a finding that the respondent has not been served 14 with a copy of the temporary restraining order although the petitioner has exercised 15 due diligence.

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SECTION 229. 813.12 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 813.12 (3) (d) The judge or circuit_court commissioner shall advise the
1 petitioner of the right to serve the respondent the petition by published notice if with
19 due diligence the respondent cannot be served as provided under s. 801.11 (1) (a) or
20 (b). The clerk of circuit court shall assist the petitioner with the preparation of the
21 notice and filing of the affidavit of printing.

22

SECTION 230. 813.12 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.12 (4) (a) (intro.) A judge or family circuit court commissioner may grant
an injunction ordering the respondent to refrain from committing acts of domestic
abuse against the petitioner, to avoid the petitioner's residence, except. as provided

in par. (am), or any premises temporarily occupied by the petitioner or both, or to
 avoid contacting or causing any person other than a party's attorney to contact the
 petitioner unless the petitioner consents to that contact in writing, or any
 combination of these remedies requested in the petition, if all of the following occur:
 SECTION 231. 813.12 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

6 813.12 (4) (a) 3. After hearing, the judge or family circuit court commissioner 7 finds reasonable grounds to believe that the respondent has engaged in, or based 8 upon prior conduct of the petitioner and the respondent may engage in, domestic 9 abuse of the petitioner. In determining whether to issue an injunction, the judge or 10 family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall consider the potential danger posed to the 11 petitioner and the pattern of abusive conduct of the respondent but may not base his 12 or her decision solely on the length of time since the last domestic abuse or the length 13 of time since the relationship ended. The judge or family circuit court commissioner 14 may grant only the remedies requested by the petitioner.

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SECTION 232. 813.12 (4) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 813.12 (4) (am) If the petitioner and the respondent are not married, the 17 respondent owns the premises where the petitioner resides and the petitioner has 18 no legal interest in the premises, in lieu of ordering the respondent to avoid the 19 petitioner's residence under par. (a) the judge or family circuit court commissioner 20 may order the respondent to avoid the premises for a reasonable time until the 21 petitioner relocates and shall order the respondent to avoid the new residence for the 22 duration of the order.

SECTION 233. 813.12 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
 813.12 (4) (b) The judge or *family* circuit court commissioner may enter an
 injunction only against the respondent named in the petition. No injunction may be

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issued under this subsection under the same case number against the person
 petitioning for the injunction. The judge or family circuit court commissioner may
 not modify an order restraining the respondent based solely on the request of the
 respondent.

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SECTION 234. 813.12 (4m) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

6 813.12 (4m) (a) 2. Except as provided in par. (ag), require the respondent to 7 surrender any firearms that he or she owns or has in his or her possession to the 8 sheriff of the county in which the action under this section was commenced, to the 9 sheriff of the county in which the respondent resides or to another person designated 10 by the respondent and approved by the judge or *family* <u>circuit</u> court commissioner. 11 The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall approve the person designated by the 12 respondent unless the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner finds that the person is 13 inappropriate and places the reasons for the finding on the record. If a firearm is 14 surrendered to a person designated by the respondent and approved by the judge or 15 family circuit court commissioner, the judge or family circuit court commissioner 16 shall inform the person to whom the firearm is surrendered of the requirements and 17 penalties under s. 941.29 (4).

18 SECTION 235. 813.12 (4m) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

19 813.12 (4m) (b) (intro.) A firearm surrendered under par. (a) 2. may not be
20 returned to the respondent until a judge or family circuit court commissioner
21 determines all of the following:

SECTION 236. 813.12 (4m) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
 813.12 (4m) (b) 2. That the person is not prohibited from possessing a firearm
 under any state or federal law or by the order of any federal court or state court, other

1 than an order from which the judge or *family* circuit court commissioner is competent 2 to grant relief. 3 **SECTION** 237. 813.12 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 813.12 (5) (c) A judge or *family* circuit court commissioner shall accept any 5 legible petition for a temporary restraining order or injunction. 6 **SECTION** 238. 813.12 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 7 813.12 (6) (a) If an order is issued under this section, upon request by the 8 petitioner the court or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall order the sheriff to 9 accompany the petitioner and assist in placing him or her in physical possession of 10 his or her residence or to otherwise assist in executing or serving the temporary 11 restraining order or injunction. The petitioner may, at the petitioner's expense, use 12 a private process server to serve papers on the respondent. 13 **SECTION** 239. 813.12 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read: 14 813.12 (7m) TRANSCRIPTS. The judge or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall 15 record the temporary restraining order or injunction hearing upon the request of the 16 petitioner. SECTION 240. 813.122 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 17 18 813.122 (3) (a) Procedure for an action under this section is in 2 parts. First; 19 if the petitioner requests a temporary restraining order, the court or <u>circuit</u> court 20 commissioner shall issue or refuse to issue that order. Second, the court shall hold 21 a hearing under sub. (5) on whether to issue an injunction, which is the final relief. 22 If the court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner issues a temporary restraining order, the 23 order shall set forth the date for the hearing on an injunction. If the court or <u>circuit</u> 24 court commissioner does not issue a temporary restraining order, the date for the 25 hearing shall be set upon motion by either party.

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1	SECTION 241. 813.122 (3) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	813.122 (3) (b) (intro.) The court or c <u>ircuit court commissioner, on its or his or</u>
3	<u>her</u> own motion or the motion of any party, may order one or more of the following:
4	SECTION 242. 813.122 (3) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	813.122 (3) (bm) The court or c <u>ircuit court commissioner shall appoint a</u>
6	guardian ad litem if the respondent is a parent of the child.
7	SECTION 243. 813.122 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	813.122 (4) (a) (intro.) A judge or c <u>ircuit</u> court commissioner shall issue a
9	temporary restraining order ordering the respondent to avoid the child victim's
10	residence or any premises temporarily occupied by the child victim or both, and to
11	avoid contacting or causing any person other than a party's attorney to contact the
12	child victim unless the petitioner consents in writing and the judge or <u>circuit</u> court
13	commissioner agrees that the contact is in the best interests of the child victim, if all
14	of the following occur:
15	SECTION 244. 813.122 (4) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
16	813.122 (4) (a) 1. The petitioner submits to the judge or <u>circuit</u> court
17	commissioner a petition alleging the elements set forth under sub. (6) (a).
18	SECTION 245. 813.122 (4) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
19	813.122 (4) (a) 2. The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner finds reasonable
20	grounds to believe that the respondent has engaged in, or based on prior conduct of
21	the child victim and the respondent may engage in, abuse of the child victim.
22	SECTION 246. 813.122 (5m) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
23	813.122 (5m) (a) 2. Except as provided in par. (ag), require the respondent to
24	surrender any firearms that he or she owns or has in his or her possession to the
25	sheriff of the county in which the action under this section was commenced, to the

1 sheriff of the county in which the respondent resides or to another person designated 2 by the respondent and approved by the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner. The 3 judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall approve the person designated by the 4 respondent unless the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner finds that the person is 5 inappropriate and places the reasons for the finding on the record. If a firearm is 6 surrendered to a person designated by the respondent and approved by the judge or 7 <u>circuit</u> court commissioner, the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall inform the 8 person to whom the firearm is surrendered of the requirements and penalties under 9 s. 941.29 (4). 10 **SECTION** 247. 813.122 (5m) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 813.122 (5m) (b) (intro.) A firearm surrendered under par. (a) 2. may not be 12 returned to the respondent until a judge or circuit court commissioner determines 13 all of the following:

14 **SECTION** 248. 813.122 (5m) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

813.122 (5m) (b) 2. That the person is not prohibited from possessing a firearm
under any state or federal law or by the order of any federal court or state court, other
than an order from which 'the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner is competent to
grant relief.

SECTION 249. 813.122 (9) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.122 (9) (a) If an order is issued under this section, upon request by the petitioner, the court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner, as applicable, shall order the sheriff to assist in executing or serving the temporary restraining order or injunction.

24 . **SECTION** 250. 813.123 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	813.123 (3) (a) Procedure for an action under this section is in 2 parts. First,
2	if the petitioner requests a temporary restraining order, the court or <u>circuit</u> court
3	commissioner shall issue or refuse to issue that order. Second, the court shall hold
4	a hearing under sub. (5) on whether to issue an injunction, which is the final relief.
5	If the court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner issues a temporary restraining order, the
6	order shall set forth the date for the hearing on an injunction. If the court or <u>circuit</u>
7	court commissioner does not issue a temporary restraining order, the date for the
8	hearing shall be set upon motion by either party.
9	SECTION 251. 813.123 (3) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	813.123 (3) (b) (intro.) The court or c <u>ircuit court commissioner, on its or his or</u>
11	her own motion or the motion of any party, may order one or more of the following:
12	SECTION 252. 813.123 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	813.123 (4) (a) Unless the vulnerable adult, guardian or guardian ad litem
14	consents in writing and the judge or circuit court commissioner agrees that the
15	contact is in the best interests of the vulnerable adult, a judge or circuit court
16	commissioner shall issue a temporary restraining order ordering the respondent to
17	avoid interference with an investigation of the vulnerable adult under s. 55.043, the
18	delivery of protective services to the vulnerable adult under s. 55.05 or a protective
19	placement of the vulnerable adult under s. 55.06 if all of the following occur:
20	1. The petitioner submits to the judge or circuit court commissioner a petition

alleging the elements set forth under sub. (6).

22 2. The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner finds reasonable grounds to believe 23 that the respondent has interfered with, or based on prior conduct of the respondent 24 may interfere with, an investigation of the vulnerable adult under s. 55.043, the

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1	delivery of protective services to the vulnerable adult under s. 55.05 or a protective
2	placement of the vulnerable adult under s. 55.06.
3	SECTION 253. 813.123 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	813.123 (8) (a) If an order is issued under this section, upon request by the
5	petitioner, the court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall order the sheriff to assist in
6	executing or serving the temporary restraining order or injunction.
7	SECTION 254. 813.125 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	813.125 (3) (a) (intro.) A judge or circuit_court commissioner may issue a
9	temporary restraining order ordering the respondent to cease or avoid the
10	harassment of another person, if all of the following occur:
11	SECTION 255. 813.125 (3) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
12	813.125 (3) (a) 2. The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner finds reasonable
13	grounds to believe that the respondent has violated s. 947.013.
14	SECTION 256. 813.125 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	813.125 (3) (c) The temporary restraining order is in effect until a hearing is
16	held on issuance of an injunction under sub. (4). A judge or circuit court
17	commissioner shall hold a hearing on issuance of an injunction within 7 days after
18	the temporary restraining order is issued, unless the time is extended upon the
19	written consent of the parties or extended once for 7 days upon a finding that the
20	respondent has not been served with a copy of the temporary restraining order
21	although the petitioner has exercised due diligence.
22	SECTION 257. 813.125 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	813.125 (4) (a) (intro.) A judge or c <u>ircuit c</u> ourt commissioner may grant an
24	injunction ordering the respondent to cease or avoid the harassment of another
25	person, if all of the following occur:

1	SECTION 258. 813.125 (4) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
2	813.125 (4) (a) 2. The petitioner serves upon the respondent a copy of a
3	restraining order obtained under sub. (3) and notice of the time for the hearing on
4	the issuance of the injunction under sub. (3) (c). The restraining order or notice of
5	hearing served under this subdivision shall inform the respondent that, if the judge
6	or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner issues an injunction, the judge or circuit court
7	commissioner may also order the respondent not to possess a firearm while the
8	injunction is in effect.
9	SECTION 259. 813.125 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	813.125 (4) (a) 3. After hearing, the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner finds
11	reasonable grounds to believe that the respondent has violated s. 947.013.
12	SECTION 260. 813.125 (4m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	813.125 (4m) (a) If a judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner issues an injunction
14	under sub. (4) and the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner determines, based on clear
15	and convincing evidence presented at the hearing on the issuance of the injunction,
16	that the respondent may use a firearm to cause physical harm to another or to
17	endanger public safety, the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may prohibit the
18	respondent from possessing a firearm.
19	SECTION 261. 813.125 (4m) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
20	813.125 (4m) (c) 2. Except as provided in par. (cg), require the respondent to
21	surrender any firearms that he or she owns or has in his or her possession to the
22	sheriff of the county in which the action under this section was commenced, to the
23	sheriff of the county in which the respondent resides or to another person designated
24	by the respondent and approved by the judge or <u>cTrcuit</u> court commissioner. e
25	judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall approve the person designated by the

respondent unless the judge or circuit court commissioner finds that the person is inappropriate and places the reasons for the finding on the record. If a firearm is surrendered to a person designated by the respondent and approved by the judge or circuit court commissioner, the judge or circuit court commissioner shall inform the person to whom the firearm is surrendered of the requirements and penalties under s. 941.29 (4).

SECTION 262. 813.125 (4m) (d) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 813.125 (4m) (d) (intro.) A firearm surrendered under par. (c) 2. may not be
9 returned to the respondent until a judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner determines
10 all of the following:

SECTION 263. 813.125 (4m) (d) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

12 813.125 (4m) (d) 2. That the person is not prohibited from possessing a firearm 13 under any state or federal law or by the order of any federal court or state court, other 14 than an order from which the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner is competent to 15 grant relief.

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SECTION 264. 813.125 (5) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 813.125 (5) (am) The petition shall inform the respondent that, if the judge or
 18 <u>circuit</u> court commissioner issues an injunction, the judge or <u>circuit</u> court
 19 commissioner may also order the respondent not to possess a firearm while the
 20 injunction is in effect.

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SECTION 265. 814.615 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

814.615 (3) The court or family circuit court commissioner shall direct either or both parties to pay any applicable fee under this section. If either or both parties are unable to pay, the court shall grant a separate judgment for the amount of the fees in favor of the county and against the party or parties responsible for the fees.

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1 **SECTION** 266. 814.68 of the statutes is repealed. 2 **SECTION** 267. 816.03 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 3 816.03 (1) (b) A <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner upon application of a judgment creditor shall order any judgment debtor to appear before the court 4 5 commissioner and answer concerning the judgment debtor's property at a time and 6 place specified in the order, within said county, in lieu of the procedure set forth in 7 par.-(a). **SECTION** 268. 816.035 (1) and (2) of the statutes are amended to read: 8 9 816.035 (1) An order under s. 816.03 (1) issued by a circuit or supplemental. 10 court commissioner shall be served in the same manner as the service of a summons 11 under s. 801.11. The return on the order shall be made to the commissioner who 12 issued the order. The commissioner shall file the order and the return with the clerk 13 of the court in which the judgment involved is entered. 14 (2) Upon issuance of the order, the <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner 15 shall collect the fee prescribed in s. 814.68 (2) 753.36 (6) for attendance upon the examination. 16 17 **SECTION** 269. 818.02 (6) of the statutes is amended to read: 818.02 (6) In a proceeding to determine paternity or to establish or revise a 18 19 child support or maintenance obligation, if the court or family circuit court commissioner finds that the petitioner cannot effect service of process upon the 20 21 respondent despite due diligence on the part of the petitioner or after the respondent 22 is personally served but fails to appear on the return date, on the date set for the pretrial hearing or on the date set for the trial. 23

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SECTION 270. 879.61 of the statutes is amended to read:

1 **879.61 Discovery proceedings.** Any personal representative or any person 2 interested who suspects that any other person has concealed, stolen, conveyed or 3 disposed of property of the estate; or is indebted to the decedent; possesses, controls 4 or has knowledge of concealed property of the decedent; possesses, controls or has 5 knowledge of writings which contain evidence of or tend to disclose the right, title, 6 interest or claim of the decedent to any property; or possesses, controls or has 7 knowledge of any will of the decedent, may file a petition in the court so stating. The 8 court upon such notice as it directs, may order the other person to appear before the 9 court or a <u>circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner for disclosure, may subpoena 10 witnesses and compel the production of evidence and may make any order in relation 11 to the matter as is just and proper.

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SECTION 271. 885.10 of the statutes is amended to read:

13 **885.10 Witness for indigent respondent or defendant.** Upon satisfactory 14 proof of the financial inability of the respondent or defendant to procure the 15 attendance of witnesses for his or her defense, the judge or circuit or sunnlemental. 16 court commissioner, in any paternity proceeding or criminal action or proceeding, or 17 in any other case in which the respondent or defendant is represented by the state 18 public defender or by assigned counsel under s. 977.08, to be tried or heard before him 19 or her, may direct the witnesses to be subpoenaed as he or she determines is proper 20 and necessary, upon the respondent's or defendant's oath or affidavit or that of the 21 respondent's or defendant's attorney. Witnesses so subpoenaed shall be paid their 22 fees in the manner that witnesses for the state therein are paid. Determination of 23 indigency, in full or in part, under s. 977.07 is proof of the respondent's or defendant's 24 financial inability to procure the attendance of witnesses for his or her defense. 25 . **SECTION 272.** 885.12 of the statutes is amended to read:

1 885.12 Coercing witnesses before officers and boards. If any person, 2 without reasonable excuse, fails to attend as a witness, or to testify as lawfully 3 required before any arbitrator, coroner, medical examiner, board, commission, 4 commissioner, examiner, committee, or other officer or person authorized to take 5 testimony, or to produce a book or paper which the person was lawfully directed to 6 bring, or to subscribe the person's deposition when correctly reduced to writing, any judge of a court of record or <u>a circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner in the 7 8 county where the person was obliged to attend may, upon sworn proof of the facts, 9 issue an attachment for the person, and unless the person shall purge the contempt 10 and go and testify or do such other act as required by law, may commit the person 11 to close confinement in the county jail until the person shall so testify or do such act, or be discharged according to law. The sheriff of the county shall execute the 12 commitment. 13

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SECTION 273. 887.26 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

15 887.26 (7) FEES. The persons who take depositions and the witness shall be
entitled to the fees allowed <u>supplemental</u> court commissioners under s. 814.68 (1)
17 <u>753.36 (6)</u> and witnesses for similar service by the law of this state, or such as may
be prescribed by the law of the state or country where taken.

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SECTION 274. 898.02 of the statutes is amended to read:

898.02 Notice to plaintiff. The person shall cause notice to be given to the plaintiff in the action, the plaintiff's agent or attorney, in writing, that at a time and place specified in the notice the person will apply to the circuit judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner of the county in which the person is so confined for the purpose of obtaining a discharge from imprisonment.

SECTION 275. 898.04 of the statutes is amended to read:

1 898.04 **Prisoner to be examined.** At the time and place specified in the 2 notice the person shall be taken, under the custody of the jailer, the sheriff or the 3 sheriff's deputy, before the circuit judge or circuit or sunnlemental court 4 commissioner, who shall examine the prisoner on oath concerning his or her estate 5 and effects and the disposal thereof and the prisoner's ability to pay the judgment 6 for which he or she is committed; and who shall also hear any other legal and 7 pertinent evidence that may be produced by the debtor or the creditor. 8 **SECTION** 276. 898.11 of the statutes is amended to read: 9 **898.11 Inability to pay fees.** If the prisoner is unable to pay in whole or in part the fees of the circuit judge or court commissioner in the proceedings, the 10 11 proceedings shall continue without charge to the prisoner. 12 **SECTION** 277. 906.15 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 13 906.15 (1) At the request of a party, the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner 14 shall order witnesses excluded so that they cannot hear the testimony of other 15 witnesses. The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may also make the order of his 16 or her own motion. 17 **SECTION** 278. 906.15 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 18 906.15 (2) (d) A victim, as defined in s. 950.02 (4), in a criminal case or a victim, 19 as defined in s. 938.02 (20m), in a delinquency proceeding under ch. 938, unless the 20 judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner finds that exclusion of the victim is necessary to 21 provide a fair trial for the defendant or a fair fact-finding hearing for the juvenile. 22 The presence of a victim during the testimony of other witnesses may not by itself 23 be a basis for a finding that exclusion of the victim is necessary to provide a fair trial 24 for the defendant or a fair fact-finding hearing for the juvenile. 25 **SECTION** 279. 906.15 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 906.15 (3) The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may direct that all excluded 2 and non-excluded witnesses be kept separate until called and may prevent them 3 from communicating with one another until they have been examined or the hearing 4 is ended.

SECTION 280. 911.01 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

911.01 (1) COURTS AND COURT COMMISSIONERS. Chapters 901 to 911 apply to the
courts of the state of Wisconsin, including municipal courts,
commissioners, and court commissioners, in the proceedings and to the extent
hereinafter set forth except as provided in s. 972.11. The word "judge" in chs. 901 to
911 means judge of a court of record, <u>a</u> municipal judge, family a circuit or
<u>sunlemental court commissioner, and or a municipal court commissioner</u>.

****NOTE: As drafted, this section includes circuit, supplemental and municipal court commissioners.

12 **SECTION 281. 938.065** (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.065 (title) Juvenile Circuit court commissioners in matters

14 affecting juveniles.

15 **SECTION 282.** 938.065 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.065 (1) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chief 16 judge of the judicial administrative district to appoint establish one or more 17 part-time or full-time juvenile circuit court commissioners who shall de mat-the 18 discretion of the chief judge. A juvenile court commissioner shall be licensed to 19 practice law in this state and shall have been so-licensed for at least 2 years 20 21 immediately prior to appointment and shall have a demonstrated interest in the 22 welfare of juveniles commissioner nositions to assist in matters affecting: iuveniles. The chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the <u>circuit</u> court 23

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commissioner. The chief judge shall supervise juvenile court commissioners, law 1 2 clerks, bailiffs and deputies, except that the chief judge may delegate any of those 3 duties. 4 **SECTION** 283. 938.065 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 5 938.065 (2) (intro.) Under this chapter a juvenile circuit court commissioner, 6 if authorized to do so by a judge, may do any of the following: 7 **SECTION** 284. 938.065 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 938.065 (3) (intro.) The juvenile circuit court commissioner may not do any of 9 the following: 10 **SECTION** 285. 938.065 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 938.065 (4) When acting officially, the juvenile circuit court commissioner shall 12 sit at the courthouse or the usual court facility for juvenile delinguency matters. Any 13 decision of the juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall be reviewed by the judge 14 upon the request of any interested party. 15 **SECTION** 286. 938.208 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 938.208 (4) Probable cause exists to believe that the juvenile, having been 17 placed in nonsecure custody by an intake worker under s. 938.207 or by the judge or 18 juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner under s. 938.21 (4), has run away or committed 19 a delinquent act and no other suitable alternative exists. 20 **SECTION** 287. 938.21 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 21 938.21 (1) (a) If a juvenile who has been taken into custody is not released 22 under s. 938.20, a hearing to determine whether the juvenile shall continue to be held in custody under the criteria of ss. 938.205 to 938.209 (1) shall be conducted by the 23 judge or juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner within 24 hours after the end of the day 24 25 that the decision to hold the juvenile was made, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and

legal holidays. -By the time of the hearing a petition under s. 938.25 shall be filed, 1 2 except that no petition need be filed where a juvenile is taken into custody under s. 3 938.19 (1) (b) or (d) 2., 6. or 7. or where the juvenile is a runaway from another state, 4 in which case a written statement of the reasons for holding a juvenile in custody shall be substituted if the petition is not filed. If no hearing has been held within 24 5 6 hours or if no petition or statement has been filed at the time of the hearing, the 7 juvenile shall be released except as provided in par. (b). A parent not present at the 8 hearing shall be granted a rehearing upon request.

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SECTION 288. 938.21 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

10 938.21 (1) (b) If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, a juvenile 11 may be held in custody with the approval of the judge or juvenile circuit court 12 commissioner for an additional 48 hours from the time of the hearing only if, as a 13 result of the facts brought forth at the hearing, the judge or juvenile circuit court 14 commissioner determines that probable cause exists to believe that the juvenile is 15 an imminent danger to himself or herself or to others, or that probable cause exists 16 to believe that the parent, guardian or legal custodian of the juvenile or other 17 responsible adult is neglecting, refusing, unable or unavailable to provide adequate 18 supervision and care. The extension may be granted only once for any petition. In 19 the event of failure to file a petition within the 4&hour extension period provided for in this paragraph, the judge or juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall order the 20 21 juvenile's immediate release from custody.

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SECTION 289. 938.21 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.21 (2) (c) Prior to the commencement of the hearing, the juvenile shall be
informed by the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner of the allegations that
have been or may be made, the nature and possible consequences of this hearing as

1 compared to possible future hearings, the provisions of s. 938.18 if applicable, the 2 right to counsel under s. 938.23 regardless of ability to pay if the juvenile is not yet 3 represented by counsel, the right to remain silent, the fact that the silence may not 4 be adversely considered by the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner, the right 5 to confront and cross-examine witnesses and the right to present witnesses. **SECTION** 290. 938.21 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 6 7 938.21 (4) (intro.) If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner finds that 8 the juvenile should be continued in custody under the criteria of s. 938.205, he or she shall enter one of the following orders: 9 10 **SECTION 291. 938.21** (4m) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 938.21 (4m) ELECTRONIC MONITORING. The judge or juvenile circuit court 12 commissioner may include in an order under sub. (4) (a) or (b) a condition that the 13 juvenile be monitored by an electronic monitoring system. 14 **SECTION** 292. 938.21 (7) of the statutes is amended to read: If the judge or juvenile <u>circuit</u> court 15 938.21 (7) DEFERRED PROSECUTION. 16 commissioner determines that the best interests of the juvenile and the public are 17 served, he or she may enter a consent decree under s. 938.32 or order the petition 18 dismissed and refer the matter to the intake worker for deferred prosecution in 19 accordance with s. 938.245. 20 **SECTION** 293. 938.24 (5) of the statutes is amended to read: 21 938.24 (5) The intake worker shall request that a petition be filed, enter into 22 a deferred prosecution agreement or close the case within 40 days or sooner of receipt 23 of referral information. Before entering into a deferred prosecution agreement, the 24 intake worker shall comply with s. 938.245 (lm), if applicable. If the case is closed **25** · or a deferred prosecution agreement is entered into, the district attorney, corporation

1 counsel or other official under s. 938.09 shall receive written notice of such action. 2 If the case is closed, the known victims of the juvenile's alleged act shall receive notice 3 as provided under sub. (5m), if applicable. In addition, if a deferred prosecution agreement is entered into placing a juvenile in a youth village program as described 4 in s. 118.42, the judge or juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall receive written 5 6 notice of such action and, on receipt of that notice, shall enter an order requiring compliance with that agreement. A notice of deferred prosecution of an alleged 7 8 delinquency case shall include a summary of the facts surrounding the allegation 9 and a list of prior intake referrals and dispositions. If a law enforcement officer has 10 made a recommendation concerning the juvenile, the intake worker shall forward 11 this recommendation to the district attorney under s. 938.09. Notwithstanding the 12 requirements of this section, the district attorney may initiate a delinquency petition 13 under s. 938.25 within 20 days after notice that the case has been closed or that a 14 deferred prosecution agreement has been entered into. The judge shall grant 15 appropriate relief as provided in s. 938.315 (3) with respect to any such petition 16. which is not referred or filed within the time limits specified within this subsection. Failure to object if a petition is not referred or filed within a time limit specified in 17 18 this subsection waives that time limit.

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SECTION 294. 938.245 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.245 (3) The obligations imposed under a deferred prosecution agreement
and its effective date shall be set forth in writing. If the deferred prosecution
agreement places the juvenile in a youth village program under sub. (2) (a) 9., the
judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall receive written notice that a
deferred prosecution agreement has been entered into and, on receipt of that notice,
shall enter an order requiring compliance with that agreement. The juvenile and a

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1 parent, guardian and legal custodian shall receive a copy of the agreement and order, 2 as shall any agency providing services under the agreement. 3 **SECTION** 295. 938.30 (9) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 938.30 (9) If a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducts the plea hearing and accepts 5 an admission of the alleged facts in a petition brought under s. 938.12 or 938.13, the 6 judge shall review the admission at the beginning of the dispositional hearing by 7 addressing the parties and making the inquires set forth in sub. (8). 8 **SECTION** 296. 938.32 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 9 938.32 (1) (a) At any time after the filing of a petition for a proceeding relating 10 to s. 938.12 or 938.13 and before the entry of judgment, the judge or juvenile circuit 11 court commissioner may suspend the proceedings and place the juvenile under 12 supervision in the juvenile's own home or present placement or in a youth village 13 program as described in s. 118.42. The court may establish terms and conditions 14 applicable to the parent, guardian or legal custodian, and to the juvenile, including 15 any of the conditions specified in subs. (Id), (lg), (lm), (1t), (1v) and (lx). The order 16 under this section shall be known as a consent decree and must be agreed to by the 17 juvenile; the parent, guardian or legal custodian; and the person filing the petition 18 under s. 938.25. If the consent decree includes any conditions specified in sub. (lg), 19 the consent decree shall include provisions for payment of the services as specified 20 in s. 938.361. The consent decree shall be reduced to writing and given to the parties. 21 **SECTION** 297. 938.32 (1d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.32 (1d) If the petition alleges that the juvenile has committed an act that
would constitute a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, if the chief judge of the
judicial administrative district has approved under s. 973.11 (2) a volunteers in
probation program established in the juvenile's county of residence and if the judge

or <u>juvenile circuit</u> court commissioner determines that volunteer supervision under that volunteers in probation program will likely benefit the juvenile and the community, the judge or <u>juvenile circuit</u> court commissioner may establish as a condition under sub. (1) that the juvenile be placed with that volunteers in probation program under such conditions as the judge or <u>juvenile circuit</u> court commissioner determines are reasonable and appropriate. These conditions may include, but need not be limited to, any of the following:

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8 (a) A directive to a volunteer to provide for the juvenile a role model, informal 9 counseling, general monitoring and monitoring of the conditions established by the 10 judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner, or any combination of these functions.

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(b) Any other conditions that the judge or juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may establish under this section.

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SECTION 298. 938.32 (lg) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.32 (1g) (intro.) If the petition alleges that the juvenile committed a
violation specified under ch. 961 and if the multidisciplinary screen conducted under
s. 938.24 (2) shows that the juvenile is at risk of having needs and problems related
to the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs
and its medical, personal, family and social effects, the judge or juvenile circuit court
commissioner may establish as a condition under sub. (1) any of the following:

SECTION 299. 938.32 (1m) (intro.) and (a) of the statutes are amended to read: 938.32 (1m) The judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner may establish as a condition under sub. (1) that the juvenile be placed in a teen court program if all of the following conditions apply:

(a) The chief judge of the judicial administrative district has approved a teen
court program established in the juvenile's county of residence and the judge or

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juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner determines that participation in the teen court program will likely benefit the juvenile and the community.

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SECTION 300. 938.32 (It) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

4 938.32 (It) (a) 1. Subject to subd. 3., if the petition alleges that the juvenile 5 committed a delinquent act that has resulted in damage to the property of another, 6 or in actual physical injury to another excluding pain and suffering, the judge or 7 juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may require the juvenile as a condition of the 8 consent decree, to repair the damage to property or to make reasonable restitution 9 for the damage or injury, either in the form of cash payments or, if the victim agrees, 10 the performance of services for the victim, or both, if the judge or juvenile circuit court 11 commissioner, after taking into consideration the well-being and needs of the victim, 12 considers it beneficial to the well-being and behavior of the juvenile. Any consent 13 decree that includes a condition of restitution by a juvenile shall include a finding 14 that the juvenile alone is financially able to pay or physically able to perform the 15 services, may allow up to the date of the expiration of the consent decree for the 16 payment or for the completion of the services and may include a schedule for the performance and completion of the services. Objection by the juvenile to the amount 17 18 of damages claimed shall entitle the juvenile to a hearing on the question of damages 19 before the amount of restitution is made part of the consent decree. Any recovery 20 under this subdivision shall be reduced by the amount recovered as restitution for the same act under subd. lm. 21

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SECTION 301. 938.32 (1t) (a) lm. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.32 (1t) (a) lm. If the petition alleges that the juvenile has committed a
delinquent act that has resulted in damage to the property of another, or in actual
physical injury to another excluding pain and suffering, the judge or juvenile circuit

1 court commissioner may require a parent who has custody, as defined in s. 895.035 2 (1), of the juvenile, as a condition of the consent decree, to make reasonable 3 restitution for the damage or injury. Except for recovery for retail theft under s. 943.51, the maximum amount of any restitution ordered under this subdivision for 4 5 damage or injury resulting from any one act of a juvenile or from the same act 6 committed by 2 or more juveniles in the custody of the same parent may not exceed 7 the amount specified in s. **799.01**(1) (d). Any consent decree that includes a condition of restitution by a parent who has custody of the juvenile shall include a finding that 8 9 the parent who has custody of the juvenile is financially able to pay the amount 10 ordered and may allow up to the date of the expiration of the consent decree for the 11 payment. Objection by the parent to the amount of damages claimed shall entitle the 12 parent to a hearing on the question of damages before the amount of restitution is 13 made part of the consent decree. Any recovery under this subdivision shall be 14 reduced by the amount recovered as restitution for the same act under subd. 1.

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SECTION 302. 938.32 (1t) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.32 (1t) (a) 3. Under this paragraph, a judge or juvenile circuit court
commissioner may not order a juvenile who is under 14 years of age to make more
than \$250 in restitution or to perform more than 40 total hours of services for the
victim as restitution.

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SECTION 303. 938.32 (1v) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.32 (1v) If the petition alleges that the juvenile is in need of protection or
services under s. 938.13 (6), the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner may
establish as a condition under sub. (1) that the juvenile's parent, guardian or legal
custodian attend school with the juvenile.

SECTION 304. 938.32 (lx) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	938.32 (lx) If the petition alleges that the juvenile violated s. 943.017 and the
2	juvenile has attained the minimum age at which a juvenile may be adjudicated
3	delinquent, the judge or juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may require, as a
4	condition of the consent decree, that the juvenile participate for not less than 10
5	hours nor more than 100 hours in a supervised work program under s. 938.34 (5g)
6	or perform not less than 10 hours nor more than 100 hours of other community
7	service work, except that if the juvenile has not attained 14 years of age the
8	maximum number of hours is 40.
9	SECTION 305. 938.32 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	938.32 (2) (a) A consent decree shall remain in effect for up to one year unless
11	the juvenile, parent, guardian or legal custodian is discharged sooner by the judge
12	or juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner.
13	SECTION 306. 938.32 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	938.32 (6) The judge or juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall inform the
15	juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian or legal custodian, in writing, of the
16	juvenile's right to object to the continuation of the consent decree under sub. (3) and
17	of the fact that the hearing under which the juvenile was placed on supervision may
18	be continued to conclusion as if the consent decree had never been entered.
19	SECTION 307. 940.203 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	940.203 (1) (b) "Judge" means a supreme court justice, court of appeals judge,
21	circuit court judge, municipal judge, temporary or permanent reserve judge or
22	juvenile, probate, family or other <u>circuit. supplemental or municipal</u> court
23	commissioner.
24	. SECTION 308. 943.013 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	943.013 (1) (b) "Judge" means a supreme court justice, court of appeals judge,
2	circuit court judge, municipal judge, temporary or permanent reserve judge or
3	juvenile, probate, family or other <u>circuit. supplemental or municipal</u> court
4	commissioner.
5	SECTION 309. 967.07 of the statutes is amended to read:
6	967.07 Court Circuit court commissioners. A circuit court commissioner
7	may exercise powers or perform duties specified for a judge if such action is permitted
8	under s. 757.69.
9	SECTION 310. 971.20 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	971.20 (3) (a) In this subsection, "judge" includes a circuit court commissioner
11	who is assigned to conduct the preliminary examination.
12	SECTION 311. 973.20 (13) (c) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	973.20 (13) (c) 4. Refer the disputed restitution issues to a circuit court
14	commissioner or other appropriate referee, who shall conduct a hearing on the
15	matter and submit the record thereof, together with proposed findings of fact and
16	conclusions of law, to the court within 60 days of the date of referral. Within 30 days
17	after the referee's report is filed, the court shall determine the amount of restitution
18	on the basis of the record submitted by the referee and incorporate it into the
19	sentence or probation order imposed. The judge may direct that hearings under this
20	subdivision be recorded either by audio recorder or by a court reporter. A transcript
21	is not required unless ordered by the judge.
22	SECTION 312. 977.05 (6) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
23	977.05 (6) (b) 2. The judge or family circuit court commissioner before whom
24	the proceedings shall be held certifies to the state public defender that the person will

-112-

25 not be incarcerated if he or she is found in contempt of court.

SECTION 313. 979.05 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 979.05 (1) An inquest shall be conducted by a circuit judge or a circuit court
3 commissioner.

SECTION 314. 979.05 (2) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

5 979.05 (2) The inquest shall be conducted before a jury unless the district attorney, coroner or medical examiner requests that the inquest be conducted before 6 the judge or circuit court commissioner only. If the inquest is to be conducted before 7 8 a jury, a sufficient number of names of prospective jurors shall be selected from the 9 prospective juror list for the county in which the inquest is to be held by the clerk of 10 circuit court in the manner provided in s. 756.06. The judge or circuit court 11 commissioner conducting the inquest shall summon the prospective jurors to appear 12 before the judge or circuit court commissioner at the time fixed in the summons. The 13 summons may be served by mail, or by personal service if the judge, circuit court 14 commissioner or district attorney determines personal service to be appropriate. The 15 summons shall be in the form used to summon petit jurors in the circuit courts of the 16 county. Any person who fails to appear when summoned as an inquest juror is 17 subject to a forfeiture of not more than \$40. The inquest jury shall consist of 6 jurors. 18 If 6 jurors do not remain from the number originally summoned after establishment 19 of qualifications, the judge or circuit court commissioner conducting the inquest may 20 require the clerk of the circuit court to select sufficient additional jurors' names. 21 Those persons shall be summoned forthwith by the sheriff of the county.

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SECTION 315. 979.05 (3) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

979.05 (3) The judge or circuit court commissioner shall examine on oath or
affirmation each person who is called as a juror to discover whether the juror is
related by blood or marriage to the decedent, any member of the decedent's family,

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1 the district attorney, any other attorney appearing in the case, any members of the 2 office of the district attorney or any other attorney appearing in the case or has expressed or formed any opinion regarding the matters being inquired into or is 3 aware of or has any bias or prejudice concerning the matters being inquired into in 4 5 the inquest. If any prospective juror is found to be not indifferent or is found to have formed an opinion which cannot be laid aside, that juror shall be excused. The judge 6 7 or circuit court commissioner may select one or more alternate jurors if the inquest is likely to be protracted. This subsection does not limit the right of the district 8 9 attorney to supplement the judge's or circuit' court commissioner's examination of 10 any prospective jurors as to qualifications.

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SECTION 316. 979.05 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

979.05 (4) When 6 jurors have been selected, the judge or circuit court
commissioner shall administer to them an oath or affirmation which shall be
substantially in the following form:

You do solemnly swear (affirm) that you will diligently inquire and determine
on behalf of this state when, and in what manner and by what means, the person
known as who is now dead came to his or her death and that you will return
a true verdict thereon according to your knowledge, according to the evidence
presented and according to the instructions given to you by the . . . (judge) (circuit
court commissioner).

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SECTION 317. 979.05 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

979.05 (5) Prior to the submission of evidence to the jury, the judge or circuit
court commissioner may instruct the jury on its duties and on the substantive law
regarding the issues which may be inquired into before the jury The district attorney
may, at any time during the course of the inquest, make statements to the jury

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relating to procedural or evidentiary matters he or she and the judge or <u>circuit</u> court
 commissioner deem appropriate. Section 972.12 applies to the conduct of the inquest
 jury.

SECTION 318. 979.05 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 979.05 (6) The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducting the inquest may
6 order that proceedings be secret if the district attorney so requests or concurs.

SECTION 319. 979.06 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 979.06 (1) The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may issue subpoenas for 9 witnesses at the request of the coroner or medical examiner and shall issue 10 subpoenas for witnesses requested by the district attorney. Subpoenas are 11 returnable at the time and place stated therein. Persons who are served with a 12 subpoena may be compelled to attend proceedings in the manner provided in s. 13 885.12.

14 **SECTION** 320. 979.06 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

15 979.06 (2) The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducting the inquest and 16 the district attorney may require by subpoena the attendance of one or more expert 17 witnesses, including physicians, surgeons and pathologists, for the purposes of 18 conducting an examination of the body and all relevant and material scientific and 19 medical tests connected with the examination and testifying as to the results of the 20 examination and tests. The expert witnesses so subpoenaed shall receive reasonable 21 fees determined by the district attorney and the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner 22 conducting the inquest.

23 SECTION 321. 979.06 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

24 979.06 (3) Any witness examined at an inquest may have counsel present25 . during the examination of that witness. The counsel may not examine or

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cross-examine .his or her client, cross-examine or call other witnesses or argue
 before the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner holding the inquest.

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SECTION 322. 979.06 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

979.06 (4) (intro.) The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall administer an
oath or affirmation to each witness which shall be substantially in the following
form:

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SECTION 323. 979.06 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 979.06 (5) The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducting the inquest shall 9 cause the testimony given by all witnesses to be reduced to writing or recorded and 10 may employ stenographers to take and transcribe all of the testimony. The 11 stenographer shall receive reimbursement at a reasonable rate for each appearance 12 and transcription at rates in accordance with the customary charges in the area for 13 similar services.

14 **SECTION** 324. 979.08 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

15 979.08 (1) When the evidence is concluded and the testimony closed, the judge 16 or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall instruct the jury on its duties and on the 17 substantive law regarding the issues inquired into before the jury. The district 18 attorney shall prepare a written set of appropriate requested instructions and shall 19 submit them to the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner who, together with the 20 district attorney, shall compile the final set of instructions which shall be given. The instructions shall include those criminal offenses for which the judge or <u>circuit</u> court 21 commissioner believes a reasonable jury might return a verdict based upon a finding 22 of probable cause. 23

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SECTION 325. 979.08 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

979.08 (3) (intro.) The jury shall retire to consider its verdict after hearing all of the testimony and evidence, making all necessary inquiries and having been 3 instructed in the law. The judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall provide the jury 4 with one complete set of written instructions providing the substantive law to be 5 applied to the issues to be decided. The verdict shall be in a form which permits the 6 following findings:

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SECTION 326. 979.08 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 979.08 (6) Any verdict so rendered, after being validated and signed by the 9 judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner, together with the record of the inquest, shall be 10 delivered to the district attorney for consideration. After considering the verdict and 11 record, the district attorney may deliver the entire inquest record or any part thereof 12 to the coroner or medical examiner for safekeeping.

SECTION 327. 979.08 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 979.08 (7) The record of a secret inquest proceeding shall not be open for 15 inspection unless so ordered by the judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducting 16 the inquest upon petition by the district attorney.

17 **SECTION** 328. 979.09 of the statutes is amended to read:

18 **979.09 Burial of body.** If any judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducts 19 an inquest as to the death of a stranger or of a person whose identity is unknown or 20 whose body is unclaimed or if the district attorney determines that no inquest into 21 the death of such a person is necessary and the circuit judge has not ordered an 22 inquest under s. 979.04 (2), the coroner or medical examiner shall cause the body to 23 be decently buried or cremated and shall certify to all the charges incurred in taking 24 any inquest by him or her and to the expenses of burial or cremation of the dead body.

The charges and expenses shall be audited by the county board of the proper county
 and paid out of the county treasury.

3	SECTION 329. Initial applicability.
4	(1) This act first applies to actions commenced on the effective date of this
5	subsection.
6	SECTION 330. Effective date.
7	(1) This act takes effect on January 1, 2000.
8	(END)

STATE OF WISCONSIN - LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU - LEGAL SECTION (608-266-3561)

Supreme Court of Wisconsin Director of State Courts Office Date: 12399 . 1. TO: ROB NELSON From: SHERYL GERVAS, Re: MISSED ' CITE S 48.213(1)(a),(b), (3), (b) - (89.53(5)) / 59.53(5m)(a) - 59.64(1)(d)(m - form 171-04(3) 1567.081(2) 1767. 11 (s)(c) 1767.11(7) 1767.29 (title) 199.03 803.61(3)(6)1 1/807.02 CAN YOU CHECK THESE ? I TO NOT KNOW IF YOU MISSED THEM AR THEY ARE NOT MEANT TO BE CHANGED SC-198, 12/89 • 1

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48.065 Juvenile court commissioners. (1) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chief judge of the judicial administrative district IO appoint one or more part-time or full-time juvenile court commissioners who shall serve at the discretion of the chief judge. A juvenile court commisstoner shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall have been so flicensed for at least 2 years immediately prior IO appointment and shall have a demonstrated interest in the welfare ofchildren. The chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the court commissioners, law clerks, bailiffs and deputies, except that the chief judge may delegate any of those duties.

767.13 Family court commissioner; appointment; powers; oaths; assistants. (1) COUNTIES OTHER THAN MIL-WAUKEE (a) Appointment. In each county, except in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, the circuit judges for the county, subject Io the approval of the chief judge of the judicial administrative district, shall, by order filed-m the office of the clerk of the circuit court on or before the first Monday of July of each year, appoint some reputable attorney of recognized ability and standing at the bar as the family court commissioner for the county.

(2) MILWAUKEE COUNTY (a) Appointment; assistants; civil service. in counties having a population of 500.000 or more, there is created in the classified civil service the office of family court commissioner and such additional assistant family court commissioners as the county board shall determine and authorize, who shall be appointed from the membership of the bar residing in the county by the chief judge of the judicial administrative district under ss. 63.01 to 63.17.

757.72 Office of probate court commissioner. (1) In' counties having a population of 500,000 or more, there is created in the classified civil service the office of nrobate court commissioner. In counties having a population of at least 100,000 but not more than 500,000, the county board may create the office of probate court commisstoner which may be in the classified civil ser, vice.

(4) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more the chiefjudge of the judicial administrative district shall appoint and may remove probate court commissioners under ss. 63.01 to 63.17. In counties having a population of at least 100,000 but not more than 500,000 the chief judge shall appoint and may remove any probate court commissioner if cause is proven. Probate court commissioners shall be attorneys licensed to practice in this state.

757.68 Court commissioners. (1)

(b) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, the county board shall establish at least one full-time court commissioner position under par. (a) to assist in the administration of the procedures for small claims type actions under ch. 799. In counties having a population of less than 500,000, the county board may establish one or more part-time or full-time court commissioner positions under par. (a) to assist in the administration of small claims type actions under ch. 799. Any court commissioner appointed under this paragraph shall be an attorney licensed to practice in this state.

938.065 Juvenile court commissioners. (1) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chiefjudge of the judicial administrative district to appoint one or more part-time or full-time juvenile court commissioners who shall serve at the discretion of the chief judge. A juvenile court commissioner shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall have been so licensed for at least 2 years immediately prior to appointment and shall have a demonstrated Interest in the welfare of juveniles. The chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the court commissioner. The chief judge shall supervise juvenile court commissioners, law clerks, bailiffs and deputies, except that the chief judge may delegate any of those duties.

767.13 Family court commissioner; appointment; powers; oaths; assistants. (1) COUNTIES OTHER THAN MIL-WAUKEE

(b) Powers; civil service; oath; temporary appointment; assistants. The family court commissioner, by virtue of the office and to the extent required for the performance of the duties, has the powers of a court commissioner. The family court commisstoner is in addition to the maximum number of court commissioners pernutted by s. 757.68. Theofficeofthe family court com-I missioner, or any assistant commissioner, may be placed under a county civil service system by resolution of the county board. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties the family court : commissioner shall take and tile the official oath. The person appointed shall continue to act until a successor is appointed and qualified, except that in the event of disability or extended absence the judges may appoint another reputable attorney to act as temporary family court commissioner. The county board may provide that one or more assistant family court commissioners shall be appointed by the circuit judges for the county, subject to the approval of the chief judge of the judicial administrative district. An assistant family court commissioner shall have the same qualifications as the commissioner and shall take and file the official oath.

Note -want classified. etc. positions with County position ia volument of w we ch jadge & pora ander SCK (ri eE. com to asing in parters) constra proba /z

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the chief judge not later than 5 days before the end of the 30day period. The chief judge may extend the period to decide the matter for an additional 30 days or may require the circuit court commissioner to suspend all other assigned activities until the decision is filed in the court.

(c) Within the first 10 days of each month, each circuit court commissioner shall certify in writing to the chief judge and to the commissioner's supervising judge that there are no matters awaiting decision beyond the 30-day or, if extended by the chief judge, the 60-day period specified in par. (b). If there are matters so pending, the certificate shall set forth the case number and caption of each matter and the date on which it was submitted for decision.

(d) The chief judge may withdraw temporarily or permanently the circuit court commissioner's appointment or authority to act if the commissioner fails to comply with pars. (b) or (c) .

SECTION 3. Chapter 75 of the supreme court rules is created to read:

SCR CHAPTER 75

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS

SCR 75.01 Definitions. In this chapter,

(1) "Chief judge" means the judge appointed under SCR 70.18
for the judicial administrative district.
757.677 (2) "Circuit court commissioner" means a person appointed
under SCR 75.02 (1) and a person authorized under SCR 75.02 (3) [1]
to the limited extent of that authorization.
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757.68 Circuit court commissioners, creation (1) Subject to subs. (2) to (5), in every county organized for judicicl purposes, the county board shall establish the number of circuit court commissioner positions necessary for the efficient administration of justiceal business in the circuits courts of the county. 2) frmily (3) juvenile (4) probete an - 11 - 11 an an an anna 1111 anna 1111 an anna 1111 an anna 1111 anna 1111 anna 1111 anna 1111 ann 1111 an 1 5) Small Claims (4) <u>szlzry</u>, furmishings (p.34 - (34)) (7) <u>bw cherks</u>, bziliffs (p.34 - (4m)) Alash Powers and duties of circuit 757.69 Court commissioners

TO: RPN

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FROM: KMG

RE: LRB-0137/P2

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: **LRB-0137/P2** 1. p. 52,1. 12: is the ref. to "paragraph" still OK? NO - Subdivision

TO RPN

NOV. 13, 1998

FROM: KMG

RE: LRB-0137 == problems found in reviewing my 1st note on the /P1 version of this draft.

1. BOB: regarding 767.13 (5) and (7): I am having the WPO's leave the text in the draft; however, the changes are *incorrectly drafted* and you will need to fix those sections in the next draft.-

What do you want to do with the title to 767.13 (5)?

Also, we can't have as a subset of a subdivision a statute numbered with, i.e., "1.". (See 767.13 (5) and (7) in the bill.)

WHEN THE DRAFT IS REDRAFTED, PLEASE RETURN THIS NOTE WITH IT - THANKS.

TO: RPN

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FROM: KMG

RE: LRB-0137

17.16 (1): I deleted ref. to the SCO - check.--&

 $0/(\sqrt{2}.59.64 (1) (d) (intro.)$: "(intro.)" always follows the title.

43. p. 34, ls. 14 to 17: check the corrections -we cannot **repeal** any **statutory unit** by striking through it.

4. <u>757.72</u> (8): I repealed it - OK?

5. 767.265 [all units of that stat. that are in this bill]: check for delayed effec. dates - don't we then keep the "as aff/cr . .." phrase in the bill section hdng.? (Also, when a stat. is treated more than once in the Act to which you are referring in the bill sec. hdng., you must specify the section of the Act.)

****s ome are "as aff..."; some are "as created..."*** The bill sec. hdngs. in last session's draft were often wrong, so they can't simply be "steted".

[97 Wis. Act 191, s. 9455 - **(6)** MODIFICATIONS RELATED TO CENTRALIZED RECEIPT AND DISBURSEMENT. The amendment of sections **767.027** (1) (b) and 767.263 (2) of the statutes and the repeal and recreation of sections 767.25 (6) (intro.), 767.261 (intro.), 767.263 (l), 767.265 (I), (2r), (3h) and (6) (a) and (b), 767.29 (lm) (intro.), 767.51 (5p) (intro.) and 767.62 (4) (b) 3. a. (by SECTION 489) and (g) (intro.) (by SECTION 490) of the statutes take effect on the date stated in the notice published by the department of workforce development in the Wisconsin Administrative Register under section 767.29 (1) (f) of the statutes, or on October 1, 1999, whichever is earlier.]

[97 Wis. Act 27, s. 9426 - **(8)** CENTRALIZED RECEIPT AND DIS-BURSEMENT OF SUPPORT AND MAINTENANCE. The treatment of sections 20.445 (3) (a), (ja), (k), (q) and(r), 20.855 (7) (j), 25.17 (1) (tm), 25.68, 49.24 (1) (by SECTION 1882n), 49.855 (1), (2), (3) (by SECTION 1992m), (4), (4m) (b) (by SECTION 1995m) and (c) and (5), 565.30 (5), 767.001 (7), 767.025(3) and (4), 767.25 (4m) (c) 1. and (6) (intro.) and (a), 767.261 (intro.) and (1), 767.262 (4) (b), 767.263, 767.265 (1), (2r), (3h), (6) (a) and (b) and (7), 767.267 (1), (2) and (5), 767.29 (lm) (intro.) and (d) and (2), 767.32 (lr), 767.51 (3m) (c) 1. and (5p) (intro.) and (a), 769.319 and 814.61 (12) (cm) of the statutes, the repeal of sections 20.445 (3) (g), 59.40 (2) (h), 59.53 (5m), 814.61 (12) (b) and 814.612 of the statutes, the renumbering and amendment of sections 59.53 (5) and 767.29 (1) of the statutes, the amendment of section 49.175 (1) (intro.) of the statutes, the creation of sections 59.53 (5) (b) and 767.29 (1) (b), (d) and (f) of the statutes and SECTION 9226 (1) of this act take effect on the date stated in the notice published by the department of workforce development in the Wisconsin Administrative Register under section 767.29 (1) (f) of the statutes, as created by this act, or on October 1, 1999, whichever is earlier.]

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[Is the effec. date Jan. 3, 1999? - see PJK] 767.267 - same as for Item 5. above. 546 divisions 7. 767.29 - same as for Item 5. above. SECTION 170: - same as for Item 5. above. 9. Ins. 36-5: we can't create *whole new* statutory units by underscoring the entire unit. (intro. 1. 10. 813,122 (3) (b): we can't display a stat. unit in the draft unless there is striking and/or scoring. See my change; and see my grammar correction — OK? 🗸 $\sqrt{11}$. Ins. 17–8: see my correction. Also, there are 2 versions of 49.855 (3) shown in that insert - which one do you want to amend? K-out one] 49.855 (4m) (b) - same; and add the Act 237 sec. number. $T \sqrt{2\pi} t$ 14. 59.64 (1) (c): check my changes - correct? 14. 59.64 (1) (c): check my changes - correct? 15. 757.69 (1) (g): check my changes - correct? 15. 757.69 (1) (g): check my changes - correct? 16. p. 36, 1. 20: restore "757.68", as was done on line 9? No, line 9 16. p. 21, 1. 3: I restored "who is"; if that is stricken, the phrase becomes circuit of. "the court designated" not "the commissioner designated" 59.53 (5m) (a); check the secs. aff'd list and adjust the draft. "the/court designated", not "the commissioner designated". √<u>18. p. 22</u>, l. 4: same. $\sqrt{19.59.64}$ (1) (f): I changed the title like 59.64 (1) (c) — OK? $e^{\omega \sqrt{20}}$ stats.) V21. 171.05 — review; add "<u>circuit</u>..." any other places? ~ After typed I V22. p. 29, l. 15: I struck a comma. Search whole (∕<u>23. p. 30 — s</u>ame. draft for this $\sqrt{24}$. p. 33, right margin - "stet" what? probler $^{2}25$. p. 33 — See new SEC. and the line 14 change. **26**. p. 33, l. 15: grammar corrected; it should be "such . . . as", not "the revolut 127. p. 34, 1.1: this is current law, so we must strike through, if you want to remove the text. The removal [a. p. 33, line 23: 2 do we yeel if a fler May 16, 1978" any more? [I don't Know; May 16, 1978" any more? [I don't Know; are there people stillworking under the old law?]



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28. Ins. 34-13: 1 did a minor rewrite; OK?

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 $\sqrt{29. \text{ COMMENT}}$; I am not checking x-refs. in ***NOTES; OK?

<u>30. Ins. 36–5a, grammar: check the (intro.) in SEC. 75 to see if it</u> doesn't <u>now</u> fit with my rewrite.

[However, because of the way that SEC. 75 rephrases 757.69(1)(intro.), you must now amend all underlying pars. {(a) to (o)} to correct the word forms, as I have done in Ins. 36-5a. — The other choice is to correct the (intro.) and reverse my changes. If the latter is not done, Ins. 36–6 must be fixed also.

karge [********[Add Ins. 36-5 at this point???]******* /es

81. 757.69 (1m) — should this read "assigned to exercise jurisdiction"?

 $\frac{1-32}{1-32}$. Ins. 36-6, 757.69 (1m) (a) 2.: check gramar rewrite — is this what ou mean? I'm not sure - a combination of 55. 48.065 (3)(c) + 938.065 you mean? I'm (3)(2).

√33. p. 37, l. 1: srike/score, if "(c)" is to become "(i)".

34. p. 37, ls. 18-19: does "shall have . . . duties" translate into thepermissive "may"? [If it is a "duty" and it is one's duty, doesn't one have to perform it?]/

(Append the statute shown below re: x-refs. to 757.72 (2) and (5):

40.08 (9m) GUARDIANS. An application for a benefit, a designation of a beneficiary or any other document which has a long-term effect on a person's rights and benefits under this chapter and which requires a signature may be signed and filed by a guardian of the estate when accompanied by a photocopy or facsimile of an order of guardianship issued by a circuit court judge or a register in probate or a probate court commissioner who is assigned the authority to issue such orders under s. 757.72 (2) or (5).

 \checkmark 36. p. 43, l. 2: "the" added to conform with the p. 41 change; ins. 49-21 has the same change.

 $\frac{7}{9}$ + $\sqrt{37. p. 44, l. 5}$: see my change and the D-Manual; this is a new change this session.

✓ 38. Amend the stat. shown below to strike the ref. to 767.13 (5):

767.12 (1) Proceedings. In actions affecting the family, all hearings and $7 - \sqrt{7}$ and reporter and shall be written out and filed with the ordered by the court. Custody proceedings shall receive priset for hearing. $7 - \sqrt{7}$ $7 - \sqrt{7$ trials to determine whether judgment shall be granted, except hearings under s. 767.13 (5), shall be before the court. The testimony shall be taken by the reporter and shall be written out and filed with the record if so ordered by the court. Custody proceedings shall receive priority in being

Again-This to be when we draft.

<u>40. p. 51, l. 19</u>: amend to strike the ref. to 767.13 (6). (Did you check x-refs. for stats. that you converted to "repeal"? **I did** not search the **draft for any "<u>new</u>" refs. that may have been added, by creating or underscoring, to those stats. that were <u>converted</u> to "repeal".)**

/41. I<u>ns. 50-7:</u> check my changes.

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42. p. 88, left margin: what do I and the WPO's do with this note?

43. p. 10 of /P1ins: note that we do not put-spaces before periods and commas, as I have marked.

44.814.68 (see p. 88): fix all x-refs. for this repealed stat.65.62814.68 (1)-133.11 (3), 563.71 (1) (c), 753.175, 757.68 (5), -887.26 (7)

- 757.68 (2) - (oue) rep. Vencele 814.68 (l)(b) 814.68 (2)

45. p. 92, l. 0: delete the 4-star NOTE?

46. p. 93: see the 4-star NOTE - add ref. to "supplemental" in the above stat.?