

State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0137/P2 3 RPN:kmg:hmh

- fier RPN, Due after X-mas.

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

VEGEN

AN ACT to repeal 48.065, 753.175, 757.68 (2) (title), 757.68 (3), (4) and (5) (title), 757.69 (6), 757.72 (2), 757.72 (3), 757.72 (6), 757.72 (7), 757.72 (8), 757.81 (2), 767.13 (title), (1), (2), (3) and (4), 767.13 (5) (title) and (a) (title), 767.13 (5) (b) (title), 767.13 (5) (c) (title), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (7) (title), 767.17, 799.206 and 814.68; to renumber and amend 757.68 (2), 757.68 (5), 757.69 (1) (g), 757.69 (3), 757.69 (4) and (5), 757.69 (7), 757.695, 757.72 (5), 767.13 (5) (a), 767.13 (5) (b), 767.13 (5) (c) and 767.13 (7); to amend 13.24 (1), 19.01 (4) (c), 20.445 (3) (cb), 40.08 (9m), 46.03 (3), 48.208 (4), 48.21 (1) (a), 48.21 (1) (b), 48.21 (4) (intro.), 48.21 (7), 48.227 (4) (a), 48.30 (9), 48.32 (1), 48.32 (2) (a), 48.32 (6), 49.25 (8) (b), 49.852 (3), 49.854 (2) (c), 49.854 (3) (ag) 2., 49.854 (3) (ar), 49.854 (3) (b), 49.854 (5) (f), 49.854 (6) (c), 49.854 (7) (c), 49.854 (7m), 49.855 (3), 49.855 (4m) (b), 49.856 (4), 49.857 (2) (c) 1., 49.857 (3) (ac), 49.857 (3) (ar), 49.858 (3), 51.10 (4m) (d), 51.20 (1) (c), 51.45 (12) (b) (intro.), 51.45 (12) (c) (intro.), 51.45 (12) (c) 1., 51.45 (13) (dm), 59.37, 59.64 (1) (c) (title), 1. (intro.) and 2., 59.64 (1) (d) (intro.), 59.64 (1) (d) 1. (intro.), 59.64 (1) (e), 59.64 (1) (f), 59.79 (5), 63.03 (2) (z), 69.15

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(3m) (a) 3. and 4., 75.43. 101.02 (5) (c), 103.005 (5) (c), 133.10 (l), 133.11 (l). 133.11 (3), 171.04 (1), 171.05, 171.06, 196.24 (2), 563.71 (1) (a), 563.71 (1) (c), 757.24, 757.30 (2), 757.68 (title), 757.69 (title), 757.69 (1) (b), 757.69 (2) (intro.), 757.69 (2)(a), 757.70 (2), 757.72 (title), 757.72 (1), 757.81 (6), 757.85 (1) (a), 757.85(1)(b), 757.85(3), 757.85(4), 757.85(5), 757.87(1), 757.89, 757.93(1)(a), 757.93 (1) (b), 757.93 (2), 757.93 (4) (a), 757.95, 757.99, 765.11 (1), 765.11 (2), 765.16 (5), 767.045 (1) (c) (intro.), 767.081 (title), 767.081 (1), 767.083 (2), 767.085 (1) (i), 767.085 (1) (j) (intro.), 767.087 (1) (b), 767.087 (1) (c), 767.087 (2), $767.11\,(1)\,(c), 767.11\,(5)\,(a), 767.11\,(5)\,(b), 767.11\,(6), 767.11\,(13), 767.115\,(1)\,(a), 767.115\,(1)\,(a), 767.115\,(1)\,(a), 767.115\,(1)\,(a), 767.115\,(1)\,(a), 767.115\,(a), 7$ 767.115 (1) (b), 767.115 (1m), 767.115 (2), 767.12 (1), 767.125, 767.14, 767.145 (1), 767.15 (1), 767.16, 767.23 (1) (intro.), 767.23 (1) (a), 767.23 (1) (am), 767.23 (1m), 767.23 (1n), 767.25 (4m) (f) 2, 767.265 (1), 767.265 (2h), 767.265 (2r), 767.267 (1), 767.267 (5), 767.27 (2), 767.29 (1) (c), 767.29 (1) (d) (intro.), 767.29(1) (d) 2., 767.29 (1) (e), 767.29 (lm) (b), 767.29 (3) (a), 767.29 (3) (b), 767.293 (l), 767.293 (2), 767.293 (3), 767.32 (1) (a), 767.327 (2) (c), 767.33 (2), 767.37 (1) (a), 767.37 (2), 767.45 (5) (b), 767.455 (5), 767.458 (1m), 767.46 (1), 767.463. 767.465 (2) (a), 767.51 (3m) (f) 2., 767.62 (2) (b), 767.62 (3) (b), 767.62 (4) (a), 767.62 (4) (b) 2., 767.62 (4) (b) 3. a., 767.62 (4) (b) 3. b., 767.62 (4) (b) 4. (intro.) 767.62 (4) (b) 4. c., 767.62 (4) (b) 5. a., 767.62 (4) (b) 6. b., 767.62 (4) (d) 1., 767.62(4) (d) 2., 767.62 (4) (e) (intro.), 767.62 (4) (e) 14., 767.62 (4) (f), 769.102, 769.302, 782.01 (3), 782.03, 782.28, 799.05 (7) (intro.), 799.06 (1), 799.11 (3), 799.20 (4), 799.207 (title), 799.207 (1) (a), 799.207 (1) (b), 799.207 (1) (e), 799.207 (2) (intro.), 799.207 (3) (b), 799.209 (1) to (4), 799.21 (3) (b), 799.21 (4), 799.24 (1), 799.24 (3), 799.26 (l), 807.04 (l), 807.09 (1), 812.30 (2), 813.025 (1), 813.12 (2) (a), 813.12 (2) (b), 813.12 (3) (a), 813.12 (3) (am), 813.12 (3) (c), 813.12 (3) (d),

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813.12(4)(a)(intro.), 813.12(4)(a) 3., 813.12(4)(am), 813.12(4)(b), 813.12(4m) (c), 81/3.12 (6) (a), (b) **21**3.125) (a) 2., 813.12 (4m) (b) (intro.), 813.12 (4m) 813.12\((7m)\), 813.122 (3) (a), 813.122 (3) (b) (intro.), 813.122 (3) (bm), 813.122 (4) (a) (intro.), 813.122 (4) (a) 1., 813.122 (4) (a) 2., 813.122 (5m) (a) 2., 813.122(5m) (b) (intro.), 813.122 (5m) (b) 2., 813.122 (9) (a), 813.123 (3) (a), 813.123 (3) (b) (intro.), 813.123(4) (a), 813.123 (8) (a), 813.125 (3) (a) (intro.), 813.125 (3) (a) 2., 813.125 (3) (c), 8\(\frac{1}{3}\).125 (4) (a) (intro.), 813.125 (4) (a) 2., 813.125 (4) (a) 3., 813.125 (4m) (a), 813.125 (4m) (c) 2., 813.125 (4m) (d) (intro.), 813.125 (4m) (d) 2., 813.125 (5) (am), 814.6 \(\) (3), 816.03 (1) (b), 816.035 (1) and (2), 818.02 (6), 879.61, 885.10, 885.12, 887.26 (7), 898.02, 898.04, 898.11, 906.15 (1), 906.15(2) (d), 906.15 (3), 911.01 (1), 938,065 (title), 938.065 (1), 938.065 (2) (intro.), 938.065 (3) (intro.), 938.065 (4), 938.208 (4), 938.21 (l)(a), 938.21 (1) (b), 938.21 (2) (c), 938.21 (4) (intro.), 938.21 (4m), 938.21 (7), 938.24 (5), 938.245 (3), 938.30 (9), 938.32 (1) (a), 938.32 (1d), 938.32 (1g) (intro.), 938.32 (lm) (intro.) and (a), 938.32 (1t) (a) 1., 938.32 (1t) (a) 1m., 938.32 (1t) (a) 3., 938.32 (1v), 938.32 (lx), 938.32 (2) (a), 938.32 (6), 940.203 (1) (b), 943.013 (1) (b), 967.07, 971.20(3) (a), 973.20 (13) (c)/4., 977.05 (6) (b) 2., 979.05 (1), 979.05 (4), 979.05 (5), 979.05 (6), 979.06 (1), 979.06 (2), 979.06 (3), 979.06 (4) (intro.), 979.06 (5), 979.08 (1), 979.08 (3) (intro.), 979.08 (6), 979.08 (7) and 979.09; to repeal and recreate 17.16(1), 757.68(1), 757.69(1) (intro.), 757.69(1) (k), 757.72(4), 979.05(2) and 979.05 (3); and to create 753.36 (title), 757.01 (4), 757.68 (2m), 757.68 (2m),

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757.68 (4m), 757.69 (1) (g) 8. to 15., 757.69 (1m) and 757.69 (2m) of the statutes; relating to: powers, responsibilities and appointment of court commissioners.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 13.24 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.24 (1) After the service of the notice required by s. 13.23 either party may proceed to take the depositions of witnesses before any judge, circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner or a municipal judge in the district where the contest is pending, upon giving 10 days' notice in writing to the opposite party of the time and place at which and the officer before whom such depositions will be taken. No deposition shall be taken after the last Monday preceding the day fixed by law for the meeting of the legislature, except in case of sickness or unavoidable absence of witnesses.

SECTION 2. 17.16 (1) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

17.16 (1) Removals from office at pleasure shall be made by order, a copy of which shall be filed as provided by sub. (8), except that a copy of the order of removal of a circuit court commissioner shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court.

SECTION 3. 19.01 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

19.01 (4) (c) In the office of the clerk of the circuit court for any county: Of all circuit and sunnlemental court commissioners, of all family court commissioners, of all municipal judges, and of all other judges or judicial officers elected or appointed for that county, or whose jurisdiction is limited thereto;

1 **SECTION** 4. 20.445 (3) (cb) of the statutes is amended to read: 2 20.445 (3) (cb) Child support collection-county administration. The amounts 3 in the schedule for the county child support order revision programs under s. 49.23 (l), for state incentive payments under s. 49.23 (2), for assistance to counties in establishing paternity and obtaining child support and for payments to Milwaukee County under s. 49.25 (8) (b) to fund an additional family circuit court commissioner to assist in actions affecting the family. **SECTION** 5. 40.08 (9m) of the statutes is amended to read: 9 An application for a benefit, a designation of a 40.08 (9m) GUARDIANS. 10 beneficiary or any other document which has a long-term effect on a person's rights 11 and benefits under this chapter and which requires a signature may be signed and 12 filed by a guardian of the estate when accompanied by a photocopy or facsimile of an 13 order of guardianship issued by a circuit court judge or a register in probate or a 14 probate circuit court commissioner who is assigned the authority to issue such orders 15 under s. 757.72 (2) or (5) <u>851.73 (1) (g)</u>. 16 **SECTION** 6. 46.03 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: 17 46.03 (3) Trustee Duty. Take and hold in trust, whenever it considers 18 acceptance advantageous, all property transferred to the state to be applied to any 19 specified purpose, use or benefit pertaining to any of the institutions under its control 20 or the inmates thereof, and apply the same in accordance with the trust; and when 21 ordered by the court, act as trustee of funds paid for the support of any child if

Section 7. 48.065 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 8. 48.208 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

appointed by the court or family circuit court commissioner under s. 767.475 (7).

48.208 (4) Probable cause exists to believe that the child, having been placed in nonsecure custody by an intake worker under s. 48.207 (1) or by the judge or <u>juvenile circuit</u> court commissioner under s. 48.21 (4), has run away or committed a delinquent act and no other suitable alternative exists.

SECTION 9. 48.21 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (1) (a) If a child who has been taken into custody is not released under s. 48.20, a hearing to determine whether the child shall continue to be held in custody under the criteria of ss. 48.205 to 48.209 shall be conducted by the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner within 48 hours of the time the decision to hold the child was made, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. By the time of the hearing a petition under s. 48.25 shall be filed, except that no petition need be filed where a child is taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (b) or (d) 2. or 7. or where the child is a runaway from another state, in which case a written statement of the reasons for holding a child in custody shall be substituted if the petition is not filed. If no hearing has been held within 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, or if no petition or statement has been filed at the time of the hearing, the child shall be released except as provided in par. (b). A parent not present at the hearing shall be granted a rehearing upon request.

SECTION 10. 48.21 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (1) (b) If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, a child may be held in custody with approval of the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner for an additional 72 hours from the time of the hearing, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, only if, as a result of the facts brought forth at the hearing, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that probable cause exists to believe that the child is an imminent danger to himself or herself or

to others, that probable cause exists to believe that the parent, guardian or legal custodian of the child or other responsible adult is neglecting, refusing, unable or unavailable to provide adequate supervision and care or, if the child is an expectant mother who was taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., that probable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial risk that if the child expectant mother is not held, the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, and to believe that the child expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her. The extension may be granted only once for any petition. In the event of failure to file a petition within the extension period provided for in this paragraph, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall order the child's immediate release from custody.

SECTION 11. 48.21 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (4) CONTINUATION OF CUSTODY. (intro.) If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner finds that the child should be continued in custody under the criteria of s. 48.205, he or she shall enter one of the following orders:

SECTION 12. 48.21 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (7) Informal disposition. If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that the best interests of the child and the public are served or, in the case of a child expectant mother who has been taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., that the best interests of the unborn child and the public are served, he or she may enter a consent decree under s. 48.32 or order the

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petition dismissed and refer the matter to the intake worker for informal disposition in accordance with s. 48.245.

SECTION 13. 48.227 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.227 (4) (a) If the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian does not consent to the temporary care and housing of the child at the runaway home as provided under sub. (2) or (3), a hearing shall be held on the issue by the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner within 24 hours of the time that the child entered the runaway home, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. The intake worker shall notify the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian of the time, place and purpose of the hearing.

SECTION 14. 48.30 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 (9) If a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducts the plea hearing and accepts an admission of the alleged facts in a petition brought under s. 48.13 or 48.133, the judge shall review the admission at the beginning of the dispositional hearing by addressing the parties and making the inquiries set forth in sub. (8).

SECTION 15. 48.32 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (1) At any time after the filing of a petition for a proceeding relating to s. 48.13 or 48.133 and before the entry of judgment, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner may suspend the proceedings and place the child or expectant mother under supervision in the home or present placement of the child or expectant mother. The court may establish terms and conditions applicable to the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, to the child expectant mother and her parent, guardian or legal custodian or to the adult expectant mother. The order under this section shall be known as a consent decree and must be agreed to by the child if 12 years of age or older, the parent, guardian or legal custodian, and the person filing

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the petition under s. 48.25; by the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian or legal custodian, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25; or by the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25. The consent decree shall be reduced to writing and given to the parties.

Section 16. 48.32 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (2) (a) A consent decree shall remain in effect up to 6 months unless the child, parent, guardian, legal custodian or expectant mother is discharged sooner by

SECTION 17. 48.32 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner.

48.32 (6) The judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall inform the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, or the adult expectant mother, in writing, of the right of the child or expectant mother to object to the continuation of the consent decree under sub. (3) and the fact that the hearing under which the child or expectant mother was placed on supervision may be continued to conclusion as if the consent decree had never been entered.

SECTION 18. 49.25 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.25 (8) (b) From the appropriation under s. 20.445 (3) (cb), the department shall provide funds to Milwaukee county to fund an additional family circuit court commissioner to assist the court in matters affecting the family.

SECTION 19. 49.852 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.852 (3) If a person has requested a hearing pursuant to sub. (2) (b), the hearing shall be conducted before the circuit court that rendered the initial order to pay support. The court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving a request for a hearing. The family circuit court commissioner may conduct

the hearing. If the court determines that the person owes the amount specified in the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b), the department ofworkforce development may direct the department of employe trust funds, the retirement system of any 1st class city, any retirement system established under chapter 201, laws of 1937, or the administrator of any other pension plan, whichever is appropriate, to withhold the amount from any lump sum payment from a pension plan that may be paid the person. If the court determines that the person does not owe the amount specified in the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b), the department of workforce development may not direct the department of employe trust funds, the retirement system of any 1st class city, any retirement system established under chapter 201, laws of 1937, or the administrator of any other pension plan, whichever is appropriate, to withhold the amount from any lump sum payment from a pension plan that may be paid the person.

SECTION 20. 49.854 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (2) (c) *Updating the statewide support lien docket.* The department shall update the statewide support lien docket in response to orders issued by a court or family direct coherp commissioner.s hall periodically update the statewide support lien docket to reflect changes in the amounts of the liens contained in the docket.

SECTION 21. 49.854 (3) (ag) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (3) (ag) 2. If the obligor disagrees with the determination of the department, the obligor may request a hearing with the court or a family circuit court commissioner to review the department's determination. To request a hearing under this subdivision, the obligor shall make the request within 5 business days of the date of the department's determination under subd. 1. The obligor shall make the request

in writing and shall mail or deliver a copy of the request to the county child support agency. If a timely request for a hearing is made under this subdivision, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall hold the hearing within 15 business days of the request. If, at the hearing, the obligor establishes that the lien is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order the department to remove the lien from the statewide support lien docket or adjust the amount of the delinquent obligation.

SECTION 22. 49.854 (3) (ar) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (3) (ar) Direct appeal. If the obligor has not requested a financial records and court order review under par. (ag), the obligor may request a hearing under this paragraph within 20 business days of the date of the notice under par. (a). The obligor shall make the request in writing and shall mail or deliver a copy of the request to the county child support agency. If a timely request for a hearing is made under this paragraph, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 days after the date of the request. If, at the hearing, the obligor establishes that the lien is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order the department to remove the lien from the statewide support lien docket or adjust the amount of the delinquent obligation.

SECTION 23. 49.854 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (3) (b) Appeal. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts a hearing under par. (ag) or (ar), the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date of the decision by the family circuit court commissioner, request review of the decision by the court having jurisdiction over the action. The court conducting the review may order that the lien be withdrawn from the statewide support lien dockets or may order an adjustment of the amount of the delinquent obligation. If

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no appeal is sought or if the court does not order the withdrawal of the lien, the department may take appropriate actions to enforce the lien.

SECTION 24. 49.854 (5) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (5) (f) **Hearings.** A hearing requested under par. (d) 6. shall be conducted before the circuit court rendering the order to pay support. Within 45 business days after receiving a request for hearing under par. (d) 6., the court shall conduct the hearing. The family A circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The hearing shall be limited to a review of whether the account holder owes the amount of support certified and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or the county child support agency is reasonable. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that an alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or county child support agency is not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order If the court or family circuit court an alternative payment arrangement. commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the court or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall order the department to release all or a portion of the funds. If the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the account holder does not owe support or owes less than the amount claimed by the department, the court shall order the department to return the seized funds or the excess of the seized funds over the amount of the delinquency to the account holder. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this paragraph, the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

SECTION 25. 49.854 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

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49.854 (6) (c) **Hearing.** If a hearing is requested under par. (b) 4., the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request under par. (b) 4. The hearing shall be limited to a review of whether the obligor owes the amount of support owed that is stated in the notice of seizure and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or the county child support agency is reasonable. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that an alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or county child support agency is not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order the department to return the seized property within 15 business days. If the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the obligor does not owe support or owes less than the amount claimed by the department, the court shall order the department to return the seized property within 15 business days or specify the amount which may be retained by the department after the sale of the seized property. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this paragraph, the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action. The court reviewing the decision may order the department to return the seized property or may authorize the sale of the property by the department. If the department is ordered to return seized property under this paragraph, the court shall instruct any state agency responsible for titling the

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property that it may transfer title to the property without receiving instructions from a court or the department under par. (a).

SECTION 26. 49.854 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (7) (c) **Hearing.** If a hearing is requested underpar. (b) 1. c., the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request under par. (b) 1. c. The hearing shall be limited to a review of whether the obligor owes the amount of support owed that is stated in the notice of intent under par. (b) and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or the county child support agency is reasonable. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that an alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or county child support agency is not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the court or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall order the department not to proceed with the levy. If the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the obligor does not owe support or owes less than the amount claimed by the department, the court shall order the department not to proceed with the levy or specify the amount that may be retained by the department after the sale of the seized property. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this paragraph, the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action. The court reviewing the decision may order the department not to proceed with the levy of the property or may authorize the sale of the property by the department.

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SECTION 27. 49.854 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (7m) JOINTLY HELD PROPERTY A person, other than the obligor, who holds a joint interest in property levied against under this section may request a hearing, as provided in subs. (5) (d) 6m., (6) (b) 3m. or (7) (b) 1. d., to determine the proportion of the value of the property that is attributable to his or her net contribution to the property. If a hearing is requested under this subsection, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 days after receiving the request. The hearing shall be limited to determining the proportion of the value of the property that is attributable to the person's net contribution to the property. If more than one person requests a hearing under this subsection, or if the obligor requests a hearing under sub. (5) (f), (6) (c) or (7) (c), with respect to the same property, the court or family circuit court commissioner may schedule the hearings together. The person requesting the hearing shall have the burden of proving his or her net contribution by clear and convincing evidence. If the court determines that a portion of the jointly held property is attributable to the contributions of the person, the court shall direct the department or the county child support agency to pay the person, from the net balance of the jointly held account or the net proceeds of the sale of the jointly held real or personal property, the proportion of the gross value of the account or real or personal property that is attributable to that person. If the family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducts the hearing under this subsection, the person may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

SECTION 28. 49.855 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 237, section 210, is amended to read:

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49.855 (3) Receipt of a certification by the department of revenue shall constitute a lien, equal to the amount certified, on any state tax refunds or credits owed to the obligor. The lien shall be foreclosed by the department of revenue as a setoff under s. 71.93 (3), (6) and (7). When the department of revenue determines that the obligor is otherwise entitled to a state tax refund or credit, it shall notify the obligor that the state intends to reduce any state tax refund or credit due the obligor by the amount the obligor is delinquent under the support or maintenance order, by the outstanding amount for past support, medical expenses or birth expenses under the court order or by the amount due under s. 46.10 (4) or 301.12 (4). The notice shall provide that within 20 days the obligor may request a hearing before the circuit court rendering the order. Within 10 days after receiving a request for hearing under this subsection, the court shall set the matter for hearing. Pending further order by the court or family circuit court commissioner, the department of workforce development or its designee, whichever is appropriate, is prohibited from disbursing the obligor's state tax refund or credit. The family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The sole issues at that hearing shall be whether the obligor owes the amount certified and, if not and it is a support or maintenance order, whether the money withheld from a tax refund or credit shall be paid to the obligor or held for future support or maintenance. An obligor may, within 20 days of receiving notice that the amount certified shall be withheld from his or her federal tax refund or credit, request a hearing under this subsection.

SECTION 29. 49.855 (4m) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 237, section 212, is amended to read:

49.855 (**4m**) (b) The department of revenue may provide a certification that it receives under sub. (1), (2m) or (2p) to the department of administration. Upon

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receipt of the certification, the department of administration shall determine whether the obligor is a vendor or is receiving any other payments from this state, except for wages, retirement benefits or assistance under s. 45.352, 1971 stats., s. 45.351 (1), this chapter or ch. 46, 108 or 301. If the department of administration determines that the obligor is a vendor or is receiving payments from this state, except for wages, retirement benefits or assistance under s. 45.352, 1971 stats., s. 45.351 (1), this chapter or ch. 46,108 or 301, it shall begin to withhold the amount certified from those payments and shall notify the obligor that the state intends to reduce any payments due the obligor by the amount the obligor is delinquent under the support or maintenance order, by the outstanding amount for past support, medical expenses or birth expenses under the court order or by the amount due under s. 46.10 (4) or 301.12 (4). The notice shall provide that within 20 days after receipt of the notice the obligor may request a hearing before the circuit court rendering the order. An obligor may, within 20 days after receiving notice, request a hearing under this paragraph. Within 10 days after receiving a request for hearing under this paragraph, the court shall set the matter for hearing. The family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. Pending further order by the court or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner, the department of workforce development or its designee, whichever is appropriate, may not disburse the payments withheld from the obligor. The sole issues at the hearing are whether the obligor owes the amount certified and, if not and it is a support or maintenance order, whether the money withheld shall be paid to the obligor or held for future support or maintenance.

SECTION 30. 49.856 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.856 (4) If the obligor requests a hearing under sub. (3) (b), the circuit court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request. The

only issue at the hearing shall be whether the person owes the delinquent payment or outstanding amount specified in the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b). A family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing.

SECTION 31. 49.857 (2) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

49.857 (2) (c) 1. The system shall provide for adequate notice to an individual who is delinquent in making court-ordered payments of support, an opportunity for the individual to make alternative arrangements for paying the delinquent support, an opportunity for the individual to request and obtain a hearing before a court or family circuit court commissioner as provided in sub. (3) and prompt reinstatement of the individual's license upon payment of the delinquent support or upon making satisfactory alternative payment arrangements.

SECTION 32. 49.857 (3) (ac) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.857 (3) (ac) 1. If an individual timely requests a hearing under par. (a) 5., the court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request. The family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The only issues at the hearing shall be whether the individual is delinquent in making court-ordered payments of support and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department ofworkforce development or the county child support agency is reasonable.

2. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner finds that the individual does not owe delinquent support, or if within 20 business days after receiving a notice under par. (a) the individual pays the delinquent amount in full or makes satisfactory alternative payment arrangements, the department of workforce development <u>shall may</u> not place the individual's name on a certification list.

3. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or <u>family_circuit</u> court commissioner makes a written determination that alternative payment arrangements proposed by the department of workforce development or a child support agency are not reasonable, the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner may order for the individual an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or <u>family_circuit</u> court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the department of workforce development may not place the individual's name on a certification list.

SECTION 33. 49.857 (3) (ar) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.857 (3) (ar) 1. If an individual timely requests a hearing under par. (am) 5., the court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request. The family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The only issues at the hearing shall be whether the individual is delinquent in making court-ordered payments of support and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department of workforce development or the county child support agency is reasonable.

- 2. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner finds that the individual does not owe delinquent support, or if within 20 business days after receiving a notice under par. (am) the individual pays the delinquent amount in full or makes satisfactory alternative payment arrangements, the department of workforce development shall remove the individual's name from the certification list.
- 3. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner makes a written determination that alternative payment arrangements proposed by the department of workforce development or a child support agency are not reasonable, the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner may order for the

individual an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the department of workforce development may not place the individual's name on a certification list.

SECTION 34. 49.858 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.858 (3) Review of Family Circuit court commissioner decisions. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts a hearing in any administrative support enforcement proceeding under s. 49.852, 49.856 or 49.857, the department of workforce development or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the matter.

SECTION 35. 51.10 (4m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.10 (4m) (d) If a patient admitted under par. (a) 1. has not signed a voluntary admission application within 7 days after admission, the patient, the guardian ad litem and the physician who signed the admission request shall appear before the judge or circuit court commissioner of the court assigned to exercise probate jurisdiction for the county in which the facility is located to determine whether the patient shall remain in the facility as a voluntary patient. If the judge or circuit court commissioner determines that the patient desires to leave the facility, the facility shall discharge the patient. If the facility has reason to believe the patient is eligible for commitment under s. 51.20, the facility may initiate procedures for involuntary commitment.

SECTION 36. 51.20 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (1) (c) The petition shall contain the names and mailing addresses of the petitioners and their relation to the subject individual, and shall also contain the names and mailing addresses of the individual's spouse, adult children, parents or

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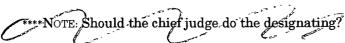
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guardian, custodian, brothers, sisters, person in the place of a parent and person with whom the individual resides or lives. If this information is unknown to the petitioners or inapplicable, the petition shall so state. The petition may be filed in the court assigned to exercise probate jurisdiction for the county where the subject individual is present or the county of the individual's legal residence. If the judge of the court or a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner who handles probate matters is not available, the petition may be filed and the hearing under sub. (7) may be held before a judge or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner of any circuit court for the county. For the purposes of this chapter, duties to be performed by a court shall be carried out by the judge of the court or a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner of the court who is an attorney and is designated by the chiefjudge to so act, in all matters prior to a final hearing under this section. The petition shall contain a clear and concise statement of the facts which constitute probable cause to believe the allegations of the petition. The petition shall be sworn to be true. If a petitioner is not a petitioner having personal knowledge as provided in par. (b), the petition shall contain a statement providing the basis for his or her belief.



SECTION 37. 51.45 (12) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (12) (b) (intro.) The physician, spouse, guardian or a relative of the person sought to be committed, or any other responsible person, may petition a <u>circuit_court</u> commissioner or the circuit court of the county in which the person sought to be committed resides or is present for commitment under this subsection. The petition shall:

SECTION 38. 51.45 (12) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (12) (c) (intro.) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (b), the <u>circuit_court</u> commissioner or court shall:

SECTION 39. 51.45 (12) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (12) (c) 1. Determine whether the petition and supporting affidavits sustain the grounds for commitment and dismiss the petition if the grounds for commitment are not sustained thereby. If the grounds for commitment are sustained by the petition and supporting affidavits, the court or circuit court commissioner shall issue an order temporarily committing the person to the custody of the county department pending the outcome of the preliminary hearing under sub. (13) (d).

SECTION 40. 51.45 (13) (dm) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (13) (dm) For the purposes of this section, duties to be performed by a court shall be carried out by the judge of such court or a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner of such court who is an attorney and is designated by the <u>chief</u> judge to so act, in all matters prior to a final hearing under this subsection.



Section 41. 59.37 of the statutes is amended to read:

59.37 Service when no coroner. Whenever there is a vacancy in the office of coroner, or when the coroner is absent from the county, sick or unable to perform the duties of that office, or for any reason, except the nonpayment of legal fees, refuses to serve and execute legal process against the sheriff in any action commenced in any court of record within the county for which the coroner was or should have been elected, any judge of a court of record or circuit court commissioner of the county may, on proof of the vacancy, sickness, absence or refusal to serve and execute such process, by an order to be endorsed on such process and addressed to him or her, empower any citizen of the county in which such process is to be served

J-t 23-3 and executed to serve and execute the same; and that order shall be sufficient authority to the person therein named to serve and execute such process with like powers, liabilities and fees as the coroner.

SECTION 42. 59.64 (1) (c) (title), 1. (intro.) and 2. of the statutes are amended to read:

59.64 (1) (c) (title) Of circuit and supplemental court commissioners. 1. (intro.) Court Circuit and supplemental court commissioners shall, on or before the first Monday of November in each year, forward to the clerk of their respective counties a correct statement of all actions or proceedings had before them, during the immediately preceding year, in which the county became liable for costs. The statement shall include all of the following:

2. The clerk shall file the statements described in subd. 1. in his or her office. Any <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner who neglects to make and return the statements within the time prescribed in subd. 1. shall not receive any compensation from the county for any service rendered by him or her in any criminal case or proceeding during the year next preceding the time when the statement is required to be made and returned.

SECTION 43. 59.64 (1) (d) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.64 (1) (d) **Of** court officers; certification; audit by district attorney; waiver. (intro.) Fees of officers, in any action or proceeding before a circuit or sunplemental court commissioner, shall be certified to and allowed by the board in the following manner:

SECTION 44. 59.64 (1) (d) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.64 (1) (d) 1. (intro.) At least 10 days before the annual meeting of the board, every <u>circuit and sunnlemental</u> court commissioner shall make and file with the clerk

a certified statement of all actions or proceedings had or tried before him or her within the year next preceding the date of the statement in which the state was a party and in which the county became liable for the fees of officers who appeared on the part of either the state or a defendant. The statement shall include all of the following:

SECTION 45. 59.64 **(1)** (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.64 (1) (e) Fees for statements and certificates. Every circuit or supplemental court commissioner shall receive from the treasurer \$1 per page for making statements and returns required by par. (c) and \$1 for making each certificate required by par. (d). All such statements and certificates shall be transmitted to the clerk by certified mail and for transmitting the statements and certificates the circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner shall receive \$1.

SECTION 46. 59.64 **(1)** (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.64 (1) (f) Court Circuit and supplemental court commissioners. The board at any session thereof may as provided in par. (d) 2. examine and allow any statement, account or claim of any circuit or supplemental court commissioner which is on file with the clerk before the opening of the session of the board.

***Note: I did not amend s. 59.64 (1) (g) 4., thus making all court commissioners, including municipal court commissioners, subject to penalties under C946.12. OK?

SECTION 47. 59.79 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.79 (5) FEE FOR CERTAIN MARRIAGE CEREMONIES. Enact an ordinance imposing a fee to be paid in advance to the clerk for each marriage ceremony performed by a judge or a <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner specified in s. 765.16 **(5)** in the courthouse, safety building or children's court center during hours when any office

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in those public buildings is open for the transaction of business. The amount of the fee shall be determined by the board.

SECTION 48. 63.03 (2) (z) of the statutes is amended to read:

person qualified and acting as a court commissioner on August 1, 1978, shall be considered a circuit court commissioner and shall continue in the classified county civil service but any person appointed as a court commissioner after August 1, 1978, shall be in the unclassified civil service.

SECTION 49. **69.15** (3m) (a) 3. and 4. of the statutes are amended to read:

- **69.15 (3m)** (a) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4, the person rescinding the statement files the document under subd. 2. before the day on which a court or family circuit court commissioner makes an order in an action affecting the family involving the man who signed the statement and the child who is the subject of the statement or before 60 days elapse after the statement was filed, whichever occurs first.
- 4. If the person rescinding the statement was under age **18** when the statement was filed, the person files the document under subd. 2. before the day on which a court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner makes an order in an action affecting the family involving the man who signed the statement as the father of the registrant and the child who is the subject of the statement or before 60 days elapse after the person attains age **18**, whichever occurs first.

Section 50. 75.43 of the statutes is amended to read:

75.43 Election to receive deposit; costs. The county may, at any time within 20 days after receiving an answer showing that a deposit has been made by any defendant or defendants as provided in s. 75.42, give notice to such defendant or defendants that it elects to receive such deposit and that it will, at a time specified

in such notice, apply to the clerk of the circuit court, circuit judge or a circuit court commissioner to adjust the costs and disbursements which said defendant or defendants ought to pay, and that upon the payment of the costs and disbursements so adjudged the county will release to such defendant or defendants all right, title and claim which it has to the parcel or parcels of land on account of which such the deposit is made by virtue of any deed made for the nonpayment of taxes; and unless such the costs are paid within 20 days after the same shall have been so adjusted the clerk of the court shall, upon presentation of an affidavit showing the nonpayment thereof, enter judgment therefor in favor of the county and against the defendant, which shall be enforced as other money judgments.

SECTION 51. 101.02 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.02 (5) (c) In the discharge of his or her duties such agent shall have every power of an inquisitorial nature granted in this subchapter to the department, the same powers as a <u>sunplemental</u> court commissioner with regard to the taking of depositions and all powers granted by law to a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner relative to depositions.

SECTION 52. 103.005 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

103.005 (5) (c) In the discharge of his or her duties such agent shall have every power of an inquisitorial nature granted in chs. 103 to 106 to the department, the same powers as a <u>sunplemental</u> court commissioner with regard to the taking of depositions and all powers granted by law to a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner relative to depositions.

SECTION 53. 133.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

133.10 **(1)** The examination of any party, or if a corporation or limited liability company be a party, of the president, secretary, other principal officer or the general

managing agent thereof, or of the person who was such president, secretary, officer or agent at the time of the occurrence of the facts made the subject of the examination, or of any person acting for another or for a corporation, limited liability company or partnership, other than as a witness on a trial, may be taken by deposition at the instance of the department of justice in any such action or proceeding at any time between the commencement thereof and final judgment. Such deposition shall be taken within the state before a judge at chambers or a circuit or supplemental court commissioner on previous notice to such party and any other adverse party or the attorney thereof of at least 5 days, and may be taken without the state.

SECTION 54. 133.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

133.11 (1) Whenever the attorney general files with any circuit_or supplemental court commissioner a statement that the attorney general has reason to believe and does believe that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the commissioner shall issue a subpoena or a subpoena requiring the production of materials as requested by the department of justice. Mileage or witness fees are not required to be paid in advance but claims for such mileage and fees duly verified and approved by the department of justice shall be audited and paid out of the state treasury and charged to the appropriation provided by s. 20.455 (1) (d), and shall be at the same rates as witnesses in the circuit court.

SECTION 55. 133.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

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The commissioner shall be entitled to the fees as provided in s.

814.68 (1) 153.86 (6) All such fees and all other costs and expenses incident to the

inquiry shall be paid out of the appropriation provided by s. 20.455 (1) (d).

SECTION 56. 171.04 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

or warehouse keeper, for carriage or storage, is in a state of decay or manifestly liable to immediate damage and decay, the person in whose custody the property is, the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of this fact, and present the affidavit to a circuit judge or circuit court commissioner for the county in which the property is located, and the circuit judge or circuit court commissioner shall immediately make an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to immediately inspect the property, and directing him or her, if it is found to be in a state of decay or manifestly liable to immediate damage or decay, to summarily sell the property without notice.

SECTION 57. 171.05 of the statutes is amended to read:

property is perishable property, held otherwise, how disposed of. If any property is perishable or subject to decay by keeping, the person in whose custody the property is, the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of this fact and present the affidavit to a circuit judge or circuit commissioner for the county in which the property is located, and the judge or circuit commissioner shall immediately make an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to immediately inspect the property, and if it is found to be perishable or subject to decay by keeping, to make and return an affidavit of this fact. Upon the return of this affidavit, the judge or circuit commissioner making the order shall immediately issue an order requiring the sheriff or constable to sell the property at public auction, giving notice of the time and place of the sale by publication of a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, and serving upon the consignor, the consignee and the custodian of the property, if they are known, a copy of the notice by mail. The sheriff or constable shall, at the time and place fixed by the notice, unless the property has

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been otherwise lawfully disposed of, sell the property at public auction, and shall make full return of his or her execution of the order, and return the same with an inventory of the property and the proceeds of the sale, after deducting his or her fees, to the judge or circuit court commissioner making the order. From the proceeds of the sale, the judge or circuit court commissioner shall pay all legal charges that have been incurred in relation to the property, or a ratable proportion of each charge, if the proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay all the charges; and the balance, if any, the judge or circuit court commissioner shall immediately pay over to the treasurer of the county, with a copy of all the proceedings in the matter. The county treasurer shall file the copy in his or her office. The person in whose custody the property is when the proceedings for the sale were commenced, shall immediately notify the consignor and consignee of the sale, in writing which shall be served by leaving a copy with the consignor and consignee personally or by mail.

Section 58. 171.06 of the statutes is amended to read:

perishable or subject to decay and is not claimed and taken away within one year after it was received, it may be sold as follows: The person in whose custody the property is, or the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of the facts and present the same to a judge or circuit court commissioner of the county in which the property is located and such judge or circuit court commissioner shall immediately issue an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to sell the property at public auction, giving 60 days' notice of the time and place of the sale to the consignor, the consignee and the custodian of the property. This notice shall be in writing and served personally or by mail upon the persons whose names and residences are known. If the name or residence of any of the persons is unknown and

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cannot be ascertained with reasonable diligence, the sheriff or constable shall make an affidavit of this fact and shall publish a class 3 notice, under ch. 985, in the county. At the time and place of the sale the sheriff or constable shall sell the property at public auction and shall make a full return of the sheriff's or constable's proceedings under the order to the judge or given court commissioner issuing the order, together with proof of service or publication of the notice of the sale, and an inventory of the property sold and the proceeds of the sale after deducting the sheriff's or constable's fees. From the proceeds of the sale the judge or circuit court commissioner shall pay all legal charges that have been incurred in relation to the property, including the charges of the person in whose custody the property was when the proceedings were begun, or a ratable proportion of each charge if the proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay all of the charges-ce, if any, the. The judge or circuit court commissioner shall immediately pay any balance remaining over to the treasurer of his or her county, with a copy of all proceedings in the matter. The county treasurer shall file the copy in his or her office. The person in whose custody the property is when any proceeding for the sale is commenced, shall immediately notify the consignor and consignee of the sale, in writing, and served by leaving a copy thereof with the consignor and consignee, personally or by mail.

SECTION 59. 196.24 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.24 (2) In the discharge of his or her duties, an agent appointed under sub.

(1) shall have any inquisitional power granted to the commission and the power of

a <u>sunnlemental</u> court commissioner to take depositions under s. 757.69 (3)

23 (b).

SECTION 60. 563.71 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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563.71 **(1)** (a) Whenever the attorney general files with a circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner a statement that the attorney general believes that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the commissioner shall issue a subpoena for any person requested or named by the attorney general. Mileage and witness fees need not be paid in advance, but only verified claims for mileage and fees which are approved by the attorney general shall be paid out of the state treasury and charged to the appropriation under s. 20.455 (1) (d) and shall be the same rates as those paid witnesses in circuit court.

SECTION 61. 563.71 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

563.710) (c) The commissioner shall be entitled to the fees under s. 814.68(1)

All such fees and all other costs and expenses incident to such inquiry shall be paid out of the appropriation under s. 20.455 (1) (d).

SECTION 62. 753.175 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 63. 753.36 (title) of the statutes is created to read:

753.36 (title) Supplemental court commissioners.

SECTION 64. 757.01 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

757.01 (4) To exercise any of the powers and duties of a circuit court commissioner.

SECTION 65. 757.24 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.24 Liability of judicial officers. Circuit judges and circuit court commissioners shall be held personally liable to any party injured for any wilful violation of the law in granting injunctions and appointing receivers, or for refusing to hear motions to dissolve injunctions and to discharge receivers if the motions are made in accordance with law or such rules as are promulgated by the supreme court.

SECTION 66. 757.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

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to read:

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757.30 (2) Every person who appears as agent, representative or attorney, for
or on behalf of any other person, or any firm, partnership, association or corporation
in any action or proceeding in or before any court of record, circuit or sunnlemental
court commissioner, or judicial tribunal of the United States, or of any state, or who
otherwise, in or out of court, for compensation or pecuniary reward gives professional
legal advice not incidental to his or her usual or ordinary business, or renders any
legal service for any other person, or any firm, partnership, association or
corporation, shall be deemed to be practicing law within the meaning of this section.
SECTION 67. 757.68 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
757.68 (title) Court Circuit court commissioners.
,
SECTION 68. 757.68 (1) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
shall establish the office of lamily court commissioner and the number of circuit court
commissioner positions necessary for the efficient administration of judicial
business within the circuit courts of the county. The circuit court commissioners may
be full-time or part-time. Each circuit court commissioner shall take and file the
official oath in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county for which
appointed before performing any duty of the office. Chapter 75 of the supreme court
rules shall govern the qualifications for, and appointment, supervision, training,
evaluation and discipline of, circuit court commissioners. The chief indge of the
judicial administrative district shall appoint a circuit court commissioner as the
family court commissioner to supervise the office of family court commissioner,
SECTION 69. 757.68 (2) (title) of the statutes is repealed. (757.675 (1)
SECTION 70. 757.68 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 753 3641 and amended

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#338(1) In each county the circuit judges shall appoint such number of part time sunnlemental court commissioners as the proper transaction of business requires subject to the following exception:, except that in counties having a population of 200,000 or more each judge may appoint not more than 2 such supplemental commissioners and in counties having a population of less than 200,000 each judge shall, as nearly as possible, appoint an equal number of supplementa In all counties the appointments shall be subject to the approval of a majority of the circuit judges for the county. Appointments shall be in writing and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court. All sunplemental court commissioners appointed after May 16, 1978, other than official court reporters acting under s. 814.68(1)(b) performing duties or exercising powers specified for this state, shall be attorneys licensed to practice in this state. appointing judge may remove, at will and without cause, any sunnlemental court commissioner appointed by the judge or the judge's predecessor in office. Unless he or she is so removed, the term of each sun&mental' court commissioner shall continue until the expiration of the term of the appointing judge and until the successor of the commissioner is appointed and qualified. Each supplemental court commissioner shall take and file the official oath in the office of clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any duty of the office.

SECTION 71. 757.68 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

757.68 (2m) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, at least one

full-time circuit court commissioner position shall be established to assist in the

administration of actions under ch. 799

SECTION 72. 757.68 (3), (4) and (5) (title) of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 73. 757.68 (2002) of the statutes is created to read:

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757.68 (The county board shall set the salary of persons appointed as 1 2 circuit or supplemental court commissioners. The county board shall furnish circuit 3 court commissioners with necessary office space, furnishings and supplies and tenographic and investigational services. 4 Note: This language is taken-from s. 767.13 (2) (b). Should this language be updated, such/as to include telephones, computers and security? **SECTION** 74. 757.68 (464) of the statutes is created to read: 5 757.68 (40) The chief judge of the judicial administrative district may assign 6 7 law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to a circuit court commissioner. The chiefjudge shall supervisecircuit court commissioners law clerks, bailiffs and deputies assigned to 8 the court, except that the chiefjudge may delegate that authority. /If the chiefjudge 9 delegates that authority to a judge assigned to probate jurisdiction, that judge may 10 assign to the circuit court commissioner any matters over which the judge has jurisdiction, and the circuit court commissioner may determine such matters and 12 13 may sign any order or certificate required by that determination. NOTE I took this language from ss. 48.065(1) and 757.72(2), except that I added the phrase "assigned to the court" 14SECTION 75. 757.68 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 753.36 (6) and amended 15 to read 157.675 753.36 (6) Part time Supplemental court commissioners appointed under sub. 16 (2) (1) shall cóllect the reasonable fees prescribed in 814.68(1 17under s. 753/35. 19 **Section** 76. 757.69 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 20 757.69 (title) **Powers and duties of circuit court commissioners.**

SECTION 77. 757.69 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

1	757.69 (1) (intro.) An order under SCR 75.02 appointing a circuit court
2	commissioners hall confer all of the powers and duties of a circuit court commissioner
3	allowed under state law or shall specify the duties that a circuit court commissioner
4	may perform. A circuit court commissioner may:
5	SECTION 78. 757.69 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	757.69 (1) (b) In criminal matters issue summonses, arrest warrants or search determine probable cause to support a warrantless arrest warrants and, conduct initial appearances of persons arrested and, set bail to the
(7)	warrants and conduct initial appearances of persons arrested and, set bail to the
8	same extent as a judge. At the initial appearance, the court commissioner shall,
9	when necessary, inform the defendant in accordance with s. 970.02 (1). If the
10	defendant appears or claims to be unable to afford counsel, the court commissioner,
11	in accordance with s. 970.02 (6), may and refer the person to the authority for
12	indigency determinations specified under s. 977.07 (1). If the court commissioner is a full-time circuit court commissioner, he or she may conduct the preliminary
/13)	
14	examination and arraignment to the same extent as a judge and, with the consent
15	of both the state and the defendant, may accept a guilty plea. If a court refers a
16	disputed restitution issue under s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4., the <u>circuit</u> court commissioner
17	shall conduct the hearing on the matter in accordance with s. $973.20\ (13)\ (c)\ 4.$
18	SECTION 79. 757.69 (1) (g) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (g) (intro.)
19	and amended to read:
20	757.69 (1) (g) (intro.) When assigned to the court assigned jurisdiction under
21	chs. 48 and 938, a court commissioner may, under ch-48 or 938, issue:
22	1. Issue summonses and warrants+,
23	2. Order the release or detention of children or expectant mothers of unborn
24	children taken into custody , conduct .
25	3. Conduct detention and shelter care hearings, conduct.

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4 Conduct	preliminary appearances ,	conduct
4. Conduct	pi emmai y appearances,	Conduct.

- <u>5. Conduct</u> uncontested proceedings under ss. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12, 938.13 and 938.18, enter.
 - <u>6. Enter into consent decrees-.</u>
 - 7. Exercise the powers and perform the duties specified in par. (j) or (m), whichever is applicable, in proceedings under s. 813.122 or 813.125 in which the respondent is a child. Contested waiver hearings under s. 938.18 and dispositional hearings under ss. 48.335 and 938.335 shall be conducted by a judge. When acting in an official capacity and assigned to the children's court center, a court commissioner shall sit at the children's court center or such other facility designated by the chief judge. Any decision by the commissioner shall be reviewed by the judge of the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon motion of any party. Any determination, order or ruling by the commissioner may be certified to the branch of court to which such case has been assigned upon a motion of any party for a hearing de novo.
- **SECTION** 80. 757.69 (1) (g) 8. to 15. of the statutes are created to read:
- 757.69 (1) (g) 8. Conduct hearings under s. 48.21 or 938.21 and thereafter order a child or juvenile held in or released from custody.
 - 9. Conduct hearings under s. 48.213 and thereafter order an adult expectant mother of an unborn child to be held in or released from custody.
 - 10. Conduct plea hearings.
 - 11. Enter into consent decrees.
 - 12. Conduct prehearing conferences.
- 24 13. Issue orders requiring compliance with deferred prosecution agreements.
 - 14. Conduct all proceedings on petitions or citations under s. 938.125.

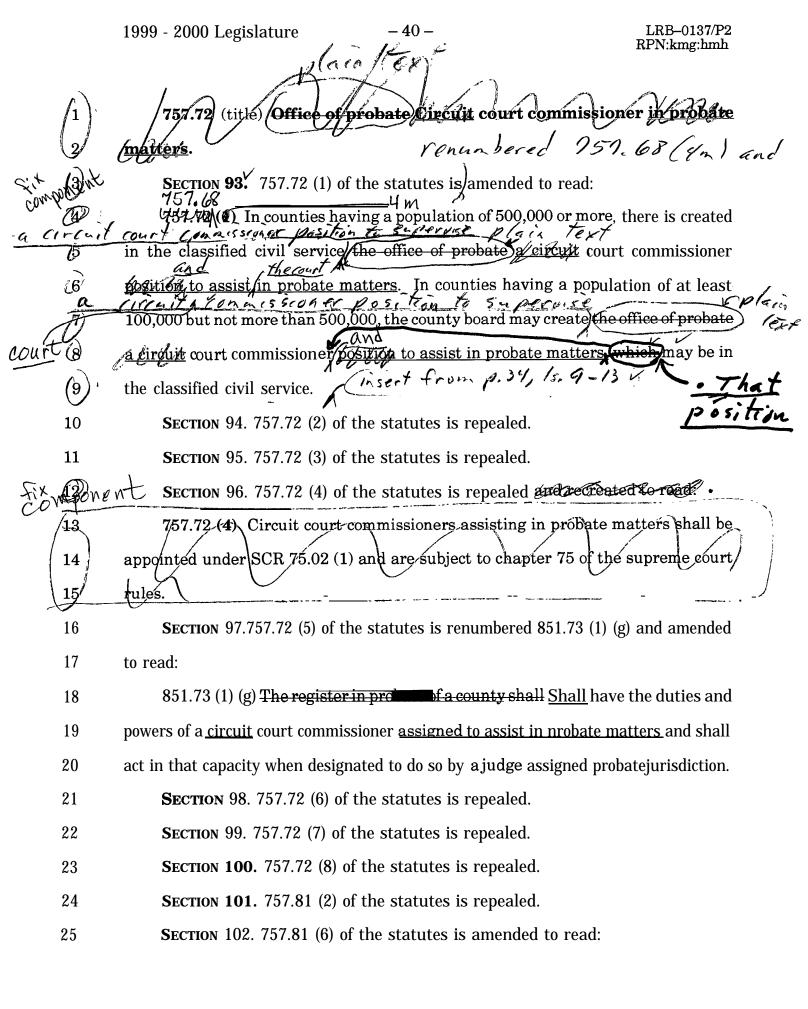
1	15. Conduct uncontested proceedings under s. 938.12, 938.13 or 938.18.
2	SECTION 81. 757.69 (1) (k) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
3	757.69 (1) (k) Administer oaths, take, certify and report depositions and
4	testimony, take and certify acknowledgments, allow accounts and fix the amount and
5	approve the sufficiency of bonds.
	Note: This language was taken from \$ 757.72 (8).
6	SECTION 82. 757.69 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
7 8	757.69 (1m) Circuit court commissioners assigned to a court posigned to the usual court face life for juicenels and 938 shall sit at the children's court center or
9	such other facility designated by the chief judge of the judicial administrative
10	district. Those commissioners may not do any of the following:
11	Conduct fact-finding or dispositional hearings except on petitions or
12	citations under s. 938.125 and except as provided in sub. (1) (g) 5.
13	Make dispositions other than approving consent decrees, ordering
14	compliance with deferred prosecution agreements and ordering dispositions in
15	uncontested proceedings under s. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12 or 938.13.
16	(c) Conduct hearing for the termination of parental rights or for adoptions.
17	(d) Make changes in placements of children, of juveniles or of the expectant
18	mothers of unborn children, or revisions or extensions of dispositional orders, except
19	pursuant to petitions or citations under s. 938.125 and in uncontested proceedings
20	under s. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12 or 938.13.
21	(e) Conduct hearings, make findings or issue orders in proceedings under s.
22	48.977 or 48.978.
23	(f) Conduct waiver hearings under s. 938.18, except as provided in sub. (1) (g)
24	5.

Make any dispositional order under s. 938.34 (4d), (4h) or (4m). 1 757.69(8) Any decision of a circuit court commissioner shall be reviewed by the judge of the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon motion by party. Any determination, order or ruling by a circuit court commissioner may be 5 certified to the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon a motion 6 of any party for a hearing de novo. **SECTION** 83. 757.69 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 7 757.69 (2) (intro.) A judge may refer to a circuit ourt commissioner appointed under s. 48.065, 757.68, 757.72, 767.13 or 938.065 (Mart SCR 75.02/cases in which: 10 **SECTION** 84. 757.69 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 757.69 (2) (a) The trial of an issue of fact requires the examination of an 12 account, in which case the <u>circuit</u> court commissioner may be directed to report upon any specific question of fact involved therein. 13 14 **SECTION 85.** 757.69 (2m) of the statutes is created to read: 15 757.69 (2m) Circuit court commissioners may exercise, under their own 16, authority, all of the powers listed under s. 75% (2) to (5). **SECTION** 86. 757.69 (3) of the statutes is renumbered **758.35**(2), and **753.36**(2) (intro.) and (g), as renumbered, are amended to read: 19 153x86(2) (intro.) Court Sunnlemental court commissioners appointed under s. 48.065, 757.68 757.72, 767.12 or 938.065 may, under their own authority: 20 21 (g) Except as provided in s. 7'6'7.13(5)(c) <u>757.69(1)(p)3.</u>, conduct a paternity 22 proceeding according to the procedures set out in ch. 767 whenever a <u>circuit</u> court 23 commissioner is specifically authorized to do so. SECTION 87. 757.69 (4) and (5) of the statutes are renumbered (43) 36 (3) and 24 (4) and amended to read: 25

In addition to the duties expressly set forth in sub. (3) (2) (a) to (e) (i), a sunnlemental court commissioner may perform other ministerial duties as required by a court. (4) A <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner may transfer to a court any matter in 4 5 which it appears that justice would be better served by such a transfer. 6 **Section** 88. 757.69 (6) of the statutes is repealed. 752.625 V SECTION 89. 757.69 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 758.86 (5) and amended to read: 059.675 753-36 (5) A supplemental court commissioner shall refer to a court of record 10 for appropriate action every alleged showing of contempt in the carrying out of the 11 lawful decisions of the <u>supplemental court</u> commissioner. SECTION 90. 757.695 of the statutes is renumbered 799.08, and 799.08 (intro.), astronumbered, is amended to read repleated. 799.08 Court Circuit court commissioners; small claims matters 14 (intro.) If a A circuit court commissioner has been appointed under s. 757.68 (1) (b) 15 16 authorized to assist in the administration of small claims matters, the commissioner 17 matters under this chapter shall conduct the hearings and proceedings as prescribed 18 by ch. 799 this chapter and shall have the following additional duties an **SECTION 91.** 757.70 (2) of the-statutes is amended to read: 19 20 757.70 (2) All hearings before a circuit or supplemental court commissioner 21 shall be held in the county courthouse or other court facilities provided by law. This 22 provision does not apply to nontestimonial proceedings, supplementary hearings on the present financial status of a debtor under s. 757.69 (3) 758.65 (2) (h) or depositions taken before a circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner.

SECTION 92. 757.72 (title) of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the statutes is a mended to read the read of the

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757.81 (6) "Permanent disability" means a physical or mental incapacity which impairs the ability of a judge or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner to substantially perform the duties of his or her judicial office and which is or is likely to be of a permanent or continuing nature.

SECTION 103. 757.85 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (1) (a) The commission shall investigate any possible misconduct or permanent disability of a judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner. Misconduct constitutes cause under article VII, section 11, of the constitution. Except as provided in par. (b), judges, circuit or sunnlemental court commissioners, clerks, court reporters, court employes and attorneys shall comply with requests by the commission for information, documents and other materials relating to an investigation under this section.

SECTION 104. 757.85 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (1) (b) The judge or <u>circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner who is under investigation is not subject to the request procedure under par. (a) but is subject to the subpoena procedure under sub. (2).

SECTION 105. 757.85 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (3) The commission may notify a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner that the commission is investigating possible misconduct by or permanent disability of the judge or <u>circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner. Before finding probable cause, the commission shall notify the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner of the substance of the complaint or petition and afford the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner a reasonable opportunity to respond. If the judge or <u>circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner responds, the commission shall consider the response before it finds probable cause.

SECTION 106. 757.85 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (4) The commission may require a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental court</u> commissioner who is under investigation for permanent disability to submit to a medical examination arranged by the commission.

SECTION 107. 757.85 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (5) The commission shall, upon a finding of probable cause that a judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner has engaged or is engaging in misconduct, file a formal complaint with the supreme court. Upon a finding of probable cause that a judge or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner has a permanent disability, the commission shall file a petition with the supreme court. If the commission requests a jury under s. 757.87 (1), the request shall be attached to the formal complaint or the petition.

SECTION 108. 757.87 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.87 (1) After the commission has found probable cause that a judge or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner has engaged in misconduct or has a permanent disability, and before the commission files a formal complaint or a petition under s. 757.85 (5), the commission may, by a majority of its total membership not disqualified from voting, request a jury hearing. If a jury is not requested, the matter shall be heard by a panel constituted under sub. (3). The vote of each member on the question of a jury request shall be recorded and shall be available for public inspection under s. 19.35 after the formal complaint or the petition is filed.

SECTION 109. 757.89 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.89 **Hearing.** A record shall be kept of any hearing on a formal complaint or a petition. The allegations of the complaint or petition must be proven to a

reasonable certainty by evidence that is clear, satisfactory and convincing. The hearing shall be held in the county where the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner resides unless the presiding judge changes venue for cause shown or unless the parties otherwise agree. If the hearing is by a panel, the panel shall make findings of fact, conclusions of law and recommendations regarding appropriate discipline for misconduct or appropriate action for permanent disability and file the findings, conclusions and recommendations with the supreme court. If a jury hearing is requested under s. 757.87 (1), the presiding judge shall instruct the jury regarding the law applicable to judicial misconduct or permanent disability, as appropriate. The presiding judge shall file the jury verdict and his or her recommendations regarding appropriate discipline for misconduct or appropriate action for permanent disability with the supreme court.

SECTION 110. 757.93 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.93 (1) (a) All proceedings under ss. 757.81 to 757.99 relating to misconduct or permanent disability prior to the filing of a petition or formal complaint by the commission are confidential unless a judge or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner waives the right to confidentiality in writing to the commission. Any such waiver does not affect the confidentiality of the identity of a person providing information under par. (b).

Section 111. 757.93 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.93 (1) (b) Any person who provides information to the commission concerning possible misconduct or permanent disability may request that the commission not disclose his or her identity to the judge or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner prior to the filing of a petition or a formal complaint by the commission.

SECTION 112. 757.93 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.93 (2) If prior to the filing of a formal complaint or a petition an investigation of possible misconduct or permanent disability becomes known to the public, the commission may issue statements in order to confirm the pendency of the investigation, to clarify the procedural aspects of the disciplinary proceedings, to explain the right of the judge or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner to a fair hearing without prejudgment, to state that the judge or court commissioner denies the allegations, to state that an investigation has been completed and no probable cause was found or to correct public misinformation.

SECTION 113. 757.93 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.93 (4) (a) Referring to the director of state courts information relating to an alleged delay or an alleged temporary disability of a judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner.

SECTION 114. 757.95 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.95 Temporary suspension by supreme court. The supreme court may, following the filing of a formal complaint or a petition by the commission, prohibit a judge or <u>circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner from exercising the powers of a judge or <u>circuit or sunplemental</u> court commissioner pending final determination of the proceedings.

Section 115. 757.99 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.99 Attorney fees. A judge or <u>circuit or sunplemental</u> court commissioner against whom a petition alleging permanent disability is filed by the commission shall be reimbursed for reasonable attorney fees if the judge or <u>circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner is found not to have a permanent disability. A judge or <u>circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner against whom a formal

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complaint alleging misconduct is filed by the commission and who is found not to have engaged in misconduct may be reimbursed for reasonable attorney fees. Any judge or <u>circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner seeking recovery of attorney fees authorized or required under this section shall file a claim with the claims board under s. 16.53.

SECTION 116. 765.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.11 (1) If any parent, grandparent, child, or natural guardian of a minor applicant for a marriage license, any brother, sister or guardian of either of the applicants for a marriage license, either of the applicants, the district attorney or the family ircuit court commissioner believes that the statements of the application are false or insufficient, or that the applicants or either of them are incompetent to marry, that person may file with the court having probate jurisdiction in the county in which the marriage license is applied for, a petition under oath, setting forth the grounds of objection to the marriage and asking for an order requiring the parties making such application to show cause why the marriage license should not be refused. Whereupon, the court, if satisfied that the grounds of objection are prima facie valid, shall issue an order to show cause as aforesaid, returnable as the court directs, but not more than 14 days after the date of the order, which shall be served forthwith upon the applicants for the marriage license residing in the state, and upon the clerk before whom the application has been made, and shall operate as a stay upon the issuance of the marriage license until further ordered; if either or both of the applicants are nonresidents of the state the order shall be served forthwith upon the nonresident by publication of a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, in the county wherein the application is pending, and by mailing a copy thereof to the nonresident at the address contained in the application.

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SECTION 117. 765.11 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.11 (2) If, upon hearing, the court finds that the statements in the application are wilfully false or insufficient, or that either or both of said parties are not competent in law to marry, the court shall make an order refusing the marriage license, and shall immediately report such matter to the district attorney. If said falseness or insufficiency is due merely to inadvertence, then the court shall permit the parties to amend the application so as to make the statements therein true and sufficient, and upon application being so amended, the marriage license shall be issued. If any party is unable to supply any of the information required in the application, the court may, if satisfied that such inability is not due to wilfulness or negligence, order the marriage license to be issued notwithstanding such insufficiency. The costs and disbursements of the proceedings under this section shall rest in the discretion of the court, but none shall be taxed against any district attorney or family circuit court commissioner acting in good faith.

SECTION 118. 765.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.16 (5) Any family commissions appointed under e. 767.13 or circuit court commissioner appointed under SCR 75.02 (1) or supplemental court commissioner appointed under s. 757.68 753/36 (1).

SECTION 119. 767.045 (1) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.045 **(1)** (c) (intro.) The attorney responsible for support enforcement under s. 59.53 (6) (a) may request that the court or family circuit court commissioner appoint a guardian ad litem to bring an action or motion on behalf of a minor who is a nonmarital child whose paternity has not been acknowledged under s. 767.62 (1) or a substantially similar law of another state or adjudicated for the purpose of

1 determining the paternity of the child, and the court or family circuit court 2 commissioner shall appoint a guardian ad litem, if any of the following applies: 3 **SECTION 120.** 767.081 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.081 (title) Information from the office of the family court commissioner. 5 **SECTION 121.** 767.081 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.081 (1) Upon the filing of an action affecting the family, the office of family court commissioner shall inform the parties of any services, including referral services, offered by the office of the family court commissioner and by the director of family court counseling services under s. 767.11. **SECTION 122.** 767.083 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.083 (2) An order by the court, after consideration of the recommendation 13 of the family circuit court commissioner, directing an immediate hearing on the 14 petition for the protection of the health or safety of either of the parties or of any child 15 of the marriage or for other emergency reasons consistent with the policies of this 16 chapter. The court shall upon granting such order specify the grounds therefor. 17 **SECTION** 123. 767.085 (1) (i) of the statutes is amended to read: 18 767.085 **(1)** (i) If the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (h) or (i), 19 that during the pendency of the action, without the consent of the other party or an 20 order of the court or family circuit court commissioner, the parties are prohibited 21 from, and may be held in contempt of court for, encumbering, concealing, damaging, 22 destroying, transferring or otherwise disposing of property owned by either or both 23 of the parties, except in the usual course of business, in order to secure necessities

SECTION 124. 767.085 (1) (j) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

or in order to pay reasonable costs and expenses of the action, including attorney fees.

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767.085 (1) (j) (intro.) Unless the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (g) or(h), that during the pendency of the action, the parties are prohibited from, and may be held in contempt of court for, doing any of the following without the consent of the other party or an order of the court or family circuit court commissioner:

SECTION 125. 767.087 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.087 (1) (b) If the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (h) or (i), encumbering, concealing, damaging, destroying, transferring or otherwise disposing of property owned by either or both of the parties, without the consent of the other party or an order of the court or family circuit court commissioner, except in the usual course of business, in order to secure necessities or in order to pay reasonable costs and expenses of the action, including attorney fees.

SECTION 126. 767.087 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.087 (1) (c) Unless the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (g) or (h), without the consent of the other party or an order of the court or family circuit court commissioner, establishing a residence with a minor child of the parties outside the state or more than 150 miles from the residence of the other party within the state, removing a minor child of the parties from the state for more than 90 consecutive days or concealing a minor child of the parties from the other party.

SECTION 127. 767.087 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.087 (2) The prohibitions under sub. (1) shall apply until the action is dismissed, until a final judgment in the action is entered or until the court or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner orders otherwise.

SECTION 128. 767.11 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (1)(c) A county or counties may designate a the supervisor of the office of the family court commissioner as the director under par. (a) or (b).

SECTION 129. 767.11 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (5) (a) In any action affecting the family, including a revision of judgment or order under s. 767.32 or 767.325, in which it appears that legal custody or physical placement is contested, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall refer the parties to the director of family court counseling services for possible mediation of those contested issues. The court or the family circuit court commissioner shall inform the parties that the confidentiality of communications in mediation is waived if the parties stipulate under sub. (14) (c) that the person who provided mediation to the parties may also conduct the legal custody or physical placement study under sub. (14).

SECTION 130. 767.11 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (5) (b) If both parties to any action affecting the family wish to have joint legal custody of a child, either party may request the court or family circuit court commissioner to refer the parties to the director of family court counseling services for assistance in resolving any problem relating to joint legal custody and physical placement of the child. Upon request, the court shall so refer the parties.

SECTION 131. 767.11 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (6) Action upon referral. Whenever a court or family circuit court commissioner refers a party to the director of family court counseling services for possible mediation, the director shall assign a mediator to the case. The mediator shall provide mediation if he or she determines it is appropriate. If the mediator determines mediation is not appropriate, he or she shall so notify the court. Whenever a court or family circuit court commissioner refers a party to the director of family court counseling services for any other family court counseling service, the director shall take appropriate action to provide the service.

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SECTION 132. 767.11 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (13) Powers of court or family circuit court commissioner. Except as provided in sub. (8), referring parties to mediation under this section does not affect the power of the court or family circuit court commissioner to make any necessary order relating to the parties during the course of the mediation.

SECTION 133. 767.115 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.115 (1) (a) At any time during the pendency of an action affecting the family in which a minor child is involved and in which the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that it is appropriate and in the best interest of the child, the court or family circuit court commissioner, on its own motion, may order the parties to attend a program specified by the court or family circuit court commissioner concerning the effects on a child of a dissolution of the marriage.

SECTION 134. 767.115 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.115 (1) (b) At any time during the pendency of an action to determine the paternity of a child, or an action affecting the family for which the underlying action was an action to determine the paternity of a child, if the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that it is appropriate and in the best interest of the child, the court or family circuit court commissioner, on its own motion, may order either or both of the parties to attend a program specified by the court or family circuit court commissioner providing training in parenting or coparenting skills, or both.

SECTION 135. 767.115 (lm) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.115 (**1m**) A program under sub. (1) shall be educational rather than therapeutic in nature and may not exceed a total of 4 hours in length. The parties shall be responsible for the cost, if any, of attendance at the program. The court or family circuit court commissioner may specifically assign responsibility for payment

1 of any cost. No facts or information obtained in the course of the program, and no 2 report resulting from the program, is admissible in any action or proceeding. 3 **SECTION** 136. 767.115 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.115 (2) Notwithstanding s. 767.07, the court or family circuit court 5 commissioner may require the parties to attend a program under sub. (1) as a 6 condition to the granting of a final judgment or order in the action affecting the 7 family that is pending before the court or family circuit court commissioner. 8 **Section** 137. 767.12 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 9 767.12 (1) Proceedings. In actions affecting the family, all hearings and trials 10 to determine whether judgment shall be granted, except hearings under s. 767:13 (5) 11 757.69 (1) (p) 3., shall be before the court. The testimony shall be taken by the 12 reporter and shall be written out and filed with the record if so ordered by the court. 13 Custody proceedings shall receive priority in being set for hearing. 14 **Section** 138. 767.125 of the statutes is amended to read: 15 **767.125 Order for appearance of litigants.** Unless nonresidence in the 16 state is shown by competent evidence, service is by publication, or the court shall for 17 other good cause otherwise order, both parties in actions affecting the family shall be required to appear upon the trial. An order of the court or family circuit court 18 19 commissioner to that effect shall accordingly be procured by the moving party, and 20

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SECTION 139. 767.13 (title) (3) and (4) of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 140. 767.13 (5) (title) and (a) (title) of the statutes are repealed.

shall be served upon the nonmoving party before the trial. In the case of a joint

petition the order is not required.

SECTION 141. 767.13 (5) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (p) and amended to read:

1	757.69 (1) (p) On authority delegated by a judge, which may be by a standard
2	order, and with the approval of the chief judge of the judicial administrative district,
3	a family When assigned to account assigned jurisdiction to hear actions affecting the
4	family:
5	1. A circuit court commissioner may preside at any hearing held to determine
6	whether a judgment of divorce shall be granted, if both parties state that the
7	marriage is irretrievably broken and that all material issues, including but not
8	limited to division of property or estate, legal custody, physical placement, child
9	support, spousal maintenance and family support, are resolved or if one party does
10	not participate in the action for divorce. The $\underline{family}\ \underline{circuit}$ court commissioner may
11	grant and enter judgment in any action over which he or she presides under this
(12)	-paragraph unless the judgment modifies an agreement between the parties on
13	material issues. If the $\frac{family}{family}$ circuit commissioner does not approve an
14	agreement between the parties on material issues, the action shall be certified to the
15	court for trial.
16	SECTION 142. 767.13 (5) (b) (title) of the statutes is repealed.
17	SECTION 143. 767.13 (5) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (p) 2. and
18	amended to read:
19	757.69 (1) (p) 2. On authority delegated by a judge, which may be by a standard
20	order, & family A circuit court commissioner may conduct hearings and enter
21	judgments in actions for enforcement of, or revision of judgment for, maintenance,
22	custody, physical placement or visitation.
23	SECTION 144. 767.13 (5) (c) (title) of the statutes is repealed.
24	SECTION 145. 767.13 (5) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (p) 3. and
25	amended to read:

(14)

757.69 (1) (p) 3. Except when otherwise ordered by a judge, a family circuit		
court commissioner may conduct hearings and enter orders and judgments in actions		
to establish paternity, in actions to establish or enforce a child support or a family		
support obligation and in actions to revise orders or judgments for child support or		
family support.		
SECTION 146. 767.13 (6) of the statutes is repealed.		
SECTION 147. 767.13 (7) (title) of the statutes is repealed.		
SECTION 148. 767.13 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (p) 4. and		
amended to read: 757.69 (1) (p) 4. Each family A circuit court commissioner shall cooperate with		
the county and the department to ensure that all dependent children receive		
reasonable and necessary child support.		
SECTION 149. 767.14 of the statutes is amended to read:		
767.14 Service on office of the family court commissioner and		
appearance by family circuit court commissioner. In any action affecting the		
family, each party shall, either within 20 days after making service on the opposite		
party of any petition or pleading or before filing such petition or pleading in court,		
serve a copy of the same upon the office of the family court commissioner of the county		
in which the action is begun, whether such action is contested or not. No judgment		
in any such action shall be granted unless this section is complied with except when		
otherwise ordered by the court. Such A circuit court commissioner assisting the court		

SECTION 150. 767.145 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

appropriate; and shall appear when requested by the court.

in matters affecting the family may appear in an action under this chapter when

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767.145 **(1)** After the expiration of the period specified by the statute, the court may in its discretion, upon petition and without notice, extend the time within which service shall be made upon the <u>office of the</u> family court commissioner.

Section 151. 767.15 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.15 **(1)** In any action affecting the family in which either party is a recipient ofbenefits under ss. 49.141 to 49.161 or aid under s. 46.261, 49.19 or 49.45, each party shall, either within 20 days after making service on the opposite party of any motion or pleading requesting the court or family circuit court commissioner to order, or to modify a previous order, relating to child support, maintenance or family support, or before filing the motion or pleading in court, serve a copy of the motion or pleading upon the county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) of the county in which the action is begun.

Section 152. 767.16 of the statutes is amended to read:

767.16 Family Circuit_court commissioner or law partner; when interested; procedure. Neither a family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner <u>assisting</u> the family nor a partner may appear in any action affecting the family in any' court held in the county in which the <u>family</u> circuit court commissioner is acting, except when authorized to appear by s. 767.14. In case the <u>circuit court</u> commissioner or a partner shall be in any way interested in such action, the presiding judge shall appoint some reputable attorney to perform the services enjoined upon <u>such family the circuit</u> court commissioner <u>and such. The appointed</u> attorney, shall take and file the oath and receive the compensation provided by law.

SECTION 153. 767.17 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 154. 767.23 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (1) (intro.) Except as provided in ch. 822, in every action affecting the family, the court or family circuit court commissioner may, during the pendency thereof, make just and reasonable temporary orders concerning the following matters:

SECTION 155. 767.23 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (1) (a) Upon request of one party, granting legal custody of the minor children to the parties jointly, to one party solely or to a relative or agency specified under s. 767.24 (3). The court or family circuit court commissioner may order joint legal custody without the agreement of the other party and without the findings required under s. 767.24 (2) (b) 2. This order may not have a binding effect on a final custody determination.

SECTION 156. 767.23 (1) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (1) (am) Upon the request of a party, granting periods of physical placement to a party. The court or family circuit court commissioner shall make a determination under this paragraph within 30 days after the request for a temporary order regarding periods of physical placement is filed.

SECTION 157. 767.23 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (Im) If a family circuit court commissioner believes that a temporary restraining order or injunction under s. 813.12 is appropriate in an action, the circuit court commissioner shall inform the parties of their right to seek the order or injunction and the procedure to follow. On a motion for such a restraining order or injunction, the family circuit court commissioner shall submit the motion to the court within 5 working days.

SECTION 158. 767.23 (1n) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (1n) Before making any temporary order under sub. (1), the court or family circuit court commissioner shall consider those factors which the court is required by this chapter to consider before entering a final judgment on the same subject matter. If the court or family Circuit court commissioner makes a temporary child support order that deviates from the amount of support that would be required by using the percentage standard established by the department under s. 49.22 (9), the court or family circuit court commissioner shall comply with the requirements of s. 767.25 (1n). A temporary order under sub. (1) may be based upon the written stipulation of the parties, subject to the approval of the court or the family circuit court commissioner. Temporary orders made by the family circuit court commissioner may be reviewed by the court as provided in E. 767.13 (6).

SECTION 159. 767.25 (4m) (f) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

767.25 (4m) (f) 2. The notice provided to the parent shall inform the parent that coverage for the child under the new employer's health benefit plan will be in effect upon the employer's receipt of the notice. The notice shall inform the parent that he or she may, within 10 business days after receiving the notice, by motion request a hearing before the court on the issue of whether the order to provide coverage of the child's health care expenses should remain in effect. A motion under this subdivision may be heard by a family Lifecutil court promissioner: e q u e s t s a h e a r i n g and the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the order to provide coverage of the child's health care expenses should not remain in effect, the court shall provide notice to the employer that the order is no longer in effect.

SECTION 160. 767.265 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 191, section 411, is amended to read:

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767.265 (1) Each order for child support under this chapter, for maintenance payments under s. 767.23 or 767.26, for family support under this chapter, for costs ordered under s. 767.51 (3) or 767.62 (4) (a), for support by a spouse under s. 767.02 (1) (f) or for maintenance payments under s. 767.02 (1) (g), each order for a revision in a judgment or order with respect to child support, maintenance or family support payments under s. 767.32, each stipulation approved by the court or the family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner for child support under this chapter and each order for child or spousal support entered under s. 948.22 (7) constitutes an assignment of all commissions, earnings, salaries, wages, pension benefits, benefits under ch. 102 or 108, lottery prizes that are payable in instalments and other money due or to be due in the future to the department or its designee. The assignment shall be for an amount sufficient to ensure payment under the order or stipulation and to pay any arrearages due at a periodic rate not to exceed 50% of the amount of support due under the order or stipulation so long as the addition of the amount toward arrearages does not leave the party at an income below the poverty line established under 42 USC 9902 (2).

SECTION 161. 767.265 (2h) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.265 (2h) If a court-ordered assignment does not require immediately effective withholding and a payer fails to make a required maintenance, child support, spousal support or family support payment within 10 days after its due date, within 20 days after the payment's due date the court or family circuit court commissioner shall cause the assignment to go into effect by providing notice of the assignment in the manner provided under sub. (2r) and shall send a notice by regular mail to the last-known address of the payer. The notice sent to the payer shall inform the payer that an assignment is in effect and that the payer may, within a lo-day

period, by motion request a hearing on the issue of whether the assignment should remain in effect. The court or family circuit court commissioner shall hold a hearing requested under this subsection within 10 working days after the date of the request. If at the hearing the payer establishes that the assignment is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family circuit court commissioner may direct that the assignment be withdrawn. Either party may, within 15 working days after the date of a decision by a family circuit court commissioner under this subsection, seek review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

SECTION 162. 767.265 (2r) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 191, section 414, is amended to read:

767.265 (2r) Upon entry of each order for child support, maintenance, family support or support by a spouse and upon approval of each stipulation for child support, unless the court finds that income withholding is likely to cause the payer irreparable harm or unless s. 767.267 applies, the court, family circuit court commissioner or county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) shall provide notice of the assignment by regular mail or by facsimile machine, as defined in s. 134.72 (1) (a), or other electronic means to the last-known address of the person from whom the payer receives or will receive money. The notice shall provide that the amount withheld may not exceed the maximum amount that is subject to garnishment under 15 USC 1673 (b) (2). If the department or its designee, whichever is appropriate, does not receive the money from the person notified, the court, family circuit court commissioner or county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) shall provide notice of the assignment to any other person from whom the payer receives or will receive money. Notice under this subsection may be a notice of the court, a copy of the executed assignment or a copy of that part of the court order directing payment.