

State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0137/P3
RPN:kmg:lp

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

regen ext.

AN ACT to repeal 48.065 (title), 48.065 (2) to (4), 753.175, 757.68 (2) (title), 757.68 (3), (4) and (5) (title), 757.69 (6), 757.695, 757.72 (title), 757.72 (2), 757.72 (3), 757.72 (4), 757.72 (6), 757.72 (7), 757.72 (8), 757.81 (2), 767.13 (title), 767.13 (2) (title), 767.13 (2) (b), (3) and (4), 767.13 (5) (title) and (a) (title), 767.13 (5) (b) (title), 767.13 (5) (c) (title), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (7) (title), 767.17, 799.206 and 938.065; to renumber and amend 48.065 (1), 757.68 (2), 757.68 (5), 757.69 (1) (g), 757.69 (3), 757.69 (4) and (5), 757.69 (7), 757.72 (1), 757.72 (5), 767.13 (1), 767.13 (2) (a), 767.13 (5) (a), 763.13 (5) (b), 767.13 (5) (c) and 767.13 (7); to amend 13.24 (1), 19.01 (4) (c), 20.445 (3) (cb), 40.08 (9m), 46.03 (3), 48.06 (1)

2., 2., 41 (ar) (4), 141 (6), 141 (b), 48.2 (f), 49.85 (6) (3), 49.85 (6) (2), 48.21 (7), 4(9), 411 (4) (4), 411 (4), 41

(7m), 49.855 (3), 49.855 (4m) (b), 49.856 (4), 49.857 (2) (c) 1., 49.857 (3) (ac), 49.857 (3) (ar), 49.858 (3), 51.10 (4m) (d), 51.20 (1) (c), 51.45 (12) (b) (intro.),

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51.45 (12) (c)(intro.), 51.45 (12) (c) l., 51.45 (13) (dm), 59.37, 59.53 (5) (a), 59.53 (5m) (a), 59.64 (1) (c) (title), 1. (intro.) and 2., 59.64 (1) (d) (intro.), 59.64 (1) (d) 1. (intro.), 59.64(1)(d) 1m., 59.64(1)(e), 59.64(1)(f), 59.64(1)(g) 4., 59.79(5)63.03(2)(z), 69.15(3m)(a) 3. and 4., 75.43, 101.02(5)(c), 103.005(5)(c), 133.10(1), 133.11(1), 133.11(3), 171.04(1), 171.04(2), 171.04(3), 171.05/171.06, 196.24(2), 563,71(1)(a), 563.71(1)(c), 757.24, 757.30(2), 757.68 (title), 757.69 (title), 757.69 (1)(b), 757.69 (2) (intro.), 757.69 (2) (a), 757.70(2), 757.81 (6), 757.85 (1) (a), 757.85 (1) (b), 757.85 (3), 757.85 (4), 757.85 (5), 757.87 (1), 757.89, 757.93 (1) (a), 757.93 (1)(b), 757.93 (2), 757.93 (4)(a), 757.95, 757.99, 765.11 (1), 765.11(2), 765.16(5), 767.045(1)(c)(intro.), 767.081(title), 767.081(l). 767.081 (2) (a) (intro.), 767.081 (2) (b), 767.083 (2), 767.085 (1) (i), 767.085 (1) (j) (intro.), 767.087 (1) (b), 767.087 (1) (c), 767.087 (2), 767.11 (1) (c), 767.11 (5) (a), 767.11 (5) (b), 767.11 (5) (c), 767.11 (6), 767.11 (7), 767.11 (13), 767.115 (1) (a), 767.115(1) (b), 767.115 (1m), 767.115 (2), 767.12 (1), 767.125, 767.14, 767.145 (1), 767.15(1), 767.16, 767.23(1)(intro.), 767.23(1)(a), 767.23(1) (am), 767.23(1m), 767.23 (1n), 767.25 (4m) (f) 2., 767.265 (1), 767.265 (2h), 767.265 (2r), 767.267 (1), 767.267 (5), 767.27 (2), 767.29 (title), 767.29 (1)(c), 767.29 (1) (d) (intro.), 767.29 (1) (d) 2., 767.29 (1) (e), 767.29 (1m) (b), 767.29 (3) (a), 767.29 (3) (b), 767.293 (1), 767.293(2), 767.293(3), 767.32(1)(a), 767.327(2)(c), 767.33(2), 767.37(1)(a), 767.37 (2), 767.45 (5) (b), 767.455 (5), 767.458 (1m), 767.46 (1), 767.463, 767.465 (2) (a), 767.51 (3m) (f) 2., 767.62 (2) (b), 767.62 (3) (b), 767.62 (4) (a), 767.62 (4)(b) 2., 767.62 (4) (b) 3. a., 767.62 (4) (b) 3. b., 767.62 (4) (b) 4. (intro.),767.62/4 (b) 4. c., 767.62 (4) (b) 5. a., 767.62 (4) (b) 6. b., 767.62 (4) (d) 1., 767.62(4) (d) 2., 767.62 (4) (e) (intro.), 767.62 (4) (e) 14., 767.62 (4) (f), 769.102, 769.302, 782.01 (3), 782.03, 782.28, 799.03, 799.05 (7) (intro.), 799.06 (1), 799.1\(\)\(\)(3),

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799.20 (4), 799.207 (title), 799.207 (1) (a), 799.207 (1) (b), 799.207 (1) (e), 799.207 (2) (intro.), 799.207 (3) (b), 799.209 (1) to (4), 799.21 (3) (b), 799.21 (4), 799.24 (1), 799.24 (3), 799.26 (1), 803.01 (3) (b) 1., 807.02, 807.04 (1), \$07.09 (1), 812.30 (2), 813.025 (1), 813.12 (2) (a), 813.12 (2) (b), 813.12 (3) (a), 813.12 (3) (am), 813.12\(3)\(c), 813.12\(3)\(d), 813.12\(4)\(a)\(intro.\), 813.12\(4)\(a) 3., 813.12 (4) (am), 813.12(4) (b), 813.12 (4m) (a) 2., 813.12 (4m) (b) (intro.), 813.12 (4m) (b) 2., 813.12 (5) (c), 813.12 (6) (a), 813.12 (7m), 813.122 (3) (a), 813.122 (3) (b) (intro.), 813.122 (3) (bm), 813.122 (4) (a) (intro.), 813.122 (4) (a) 1., 813.122 (4) (a) 2., 813.122 (5m) (a) 2., 813.122 (5m) (b) (intro/), 813.122 (5m) (b) 2., 813.122 (9) (a), 813.123 (3) (a), 813.123 (3) (b) (intro,), 813.123 (4) (a>, 813.123 (8) (a>, 813.125 (3) (a) (intro.), 813.125 (3) (a) 2., 813.125 (3) (c), 813.125 (4) (a) (intro.), 813.125(4)(a) 2., 813.125(4)(a) 3., 813.125(4m) (a), 813.125 (4m) (c) 2., 813.125 (4m)(d)(intro.), 813.125(4m)(d)2., \$\frac{8}{3}\frac{3}{13.125}(5)(am), 814.615(3), 814.68 (title), 814.68 (1) (intro.), 814.68 (1) (a) /814.68 (1) (b) (intro.), 814.68 (1) (b) l., 814.68 (2)., 816.03 (1) (b), 816.035 (1) and (2), 818.02 (6), 879.61, 885.10, 885.12, 887.26 (7), 898.02, 898.04, 898.14, 906.15 (1), 906.15 (2) (d), 906.15 (3), 911.01 (1), 938.06 (1) (a) 2., 938.208 (4), 938.21 (1) (a), 938.21 (1) (b), 938.21 (2) (c), 938.21 (4) (intro.), 938.21 (4m), 938.21 (7), 938.24 (5), 938.245 (3), 938.30 (9), 938.32 (1) (a), 938.32 (1d), 938.32 (1g) (intro.), 938.32 (1m) (intro.) and (a), 938.32 (1t) (a) 1., 938.32/(1t) (a) 1m., 938.32 (1t) (a) 3., 938.32 (1v), 938.32 (1x), 938.32 (2) (a), 938.32′(6), 940.203 (1) (b), 943.013 (1) (b), 946.495, 967.07, 971.20 (3) (a), 973.20 (13) (c) 4., 977.05 (6) (b) 2., 979.05 (1), 979.05 (4), 979.05 (5), 979.05 (6), 979.06 (1), 979.06 (2), 979.06 (3), 979.06 (4) (intro.), 979.06 (5), 979.08 (1), 979.08 (3) (intro.), 979.08 (6), 979.08 (7) and 979.09; to repeal and recreate 17.16 (1), 757.68 (1), 757.69 (1) (intro.), 757.69 (1) (k), 979.05 (2) and 979.05 (3);

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and to create 757.001, 757.01 (4), 757.675 (title), 757.68 (5m), 757.68 (
 757.68 (7), 757.69 (1) (g) 8. to 15., 757.69 (1m), 757.69 (2m) and 757.69 (8) of t	he
statutes; relating to: powers, responsibilities and appointment of cou	ırt
commissioners.	



Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 13.24 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.24 (1) After the service of the notice required by s. 13.23 either party may proceed to take the depositions of witnesses before any judge, circuit or supplemental court commissioner or a municipal judge in the district where the contest is pending, upon giving 10 days' notice in writing to the opposite party of the time and place at which and the officer before whom such depositions will be taken. No deposition shall be taken after the last Monday preceding the day fixed by law for the meeting of the legislature, except in case of sickness or unavoidable absence of witnesses.

Section 2. 17.16 (1) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

17.16 **(1)** Removals from office at pleasure shall be made by order, a copy of which shall be filed as provided by sub. (8), except that a copy of the order of removal of a circuit court commissioner shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court.

SECTION 3. 19.01 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

19.01 (4) (c) In the office of the clerk of the circuit court for any county: Of all <u>circuit and sunnlemental</u> court commissioners, of all family court commissioners; of

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all municipal judges, and of all other judges or judicial officers elected or appointed for that county, or whose jurisdiction is limited thereto;

SECTION 4. 20.445 (3) (cb) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.445 (3) (cb) Child support collection--county administration. The amounts in the schedule for the county child support order revision programs under s. 49.23 (1), for state incentive payments under s. 49.23 (2), for assistance to counties in establishing paternity and obtaining child support and for payments to Milwaukee County under s. 49.25 (8) (b) to fund an additional family circuit court commissioner to assist in matters affecting the family.

SECTION 5. 40.08 (9m) of the statutes is amended to read:

40.08 (**9m**) Guardians. An application for a benefit, a designation of a beneficiary or any other document which has a long-term effect on a person's rights and benefits under this chapter and which requires a signature may be signed and filed by a guardian of the estate when accompanied by a photocopy or facsimile of an order of guardianship issued by a circuit court judge or a register in probate or a probate circuit court commissioner who is assigned the authority to issue such orders under s. 757.72 (2) or (5) 851.73 (1) (g).

SECTION 6. 46.03 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

46.03 (3) **Trustee duty**. Take and hold in trust, whenever it considers acceptance advantageous, all property transferred to the state to be applied to any specified purpose, use or benefit pertaining to any of the institutions under its control or the inmates thereof, and apply the same in accordance with the trust; and when ordered by the court, act as trustee of funds paid for the support of any child if appointed by the court or family circuit court commissioner under s. 767.475 (7).

SECTION 7. 48.06 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.06 (1) (a) 2. The chief judge of the judicial administrative district shall
formulate written judicial policy governing intake and court services for child
welfare matters under this chapter and the department shall be charged with
executing the judicial policy. The chief judge shall direct and supervise the work of
all personnel of the court, except the work of the district attorney or corporation
counsel assigned to the court. The chief judge may delegate his or her supervisory
functions under s. 48.065 (1).
SECTION 8. 48.065 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 9. 48.065 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 757.68 (3m) and amended
to read:
757.68 (3m) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chief
jud ge of the judicial administrative district to appoint establish one or more <u>circuit</u>
court commissioner nositions on a part-time or full-time juvenile court
commissioners who basis to assist in matters affecting iuveniles. A circuit court
<u>commissioner under this subsection</u> shall serve at the discretion of the chief judge.
A juvenile court commissioner shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall
have been so licensed for at least 2 years immediately prior to appointment and shall

deputies, except that the chief judge may delegate any of those duties.

Section 10. 48.065 (2) to (4) of the statutes are repealed.

Section 11. 48.208 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.208 (4) Probable cause exists to believe that the child, having been placed in nonsecure custody by an intake worker under s. 48.207 (1) or by the judge or

have a demonstrated interest in the welfare of children and unborn children. The

chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the court commissioner.

The chief judge shall supervise juvenile court commissioners, law clerks, bailiffs and

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juvenile circuit court commissioner under s. 48.21 (4), has run away or committed a delinquent act and no other suitable alternative exists.

SECTION 12. 48.21 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (1) (a) If a child who has been taken into custody is not released under s. 48.20, a hearing to determine whether the child shall continue to be held in custody under the criteria of ss. 48.205 to 48.209 shall be conducted by the judge or juvenile circuit commissioner within 48 hours of the time the decision to hold the child was made, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. By the time of the hearing a petition under s. **48.25** shall be filed, except that no petition need be filed where a child is taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (b) or (d) 2. or 7. or where the child is a runaway from another state, in which case a written statement of the reasons for holding a child in custody shall be substituted if the petition is not filed. If no hearing has been held within 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, or if no petition or statement has been filed at the time of the hearing, the child shall be released except as provided in par. (b). A parent not present at the hearing shall be granted a rehearing upon request.

SECTION 13. 48.21 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (1) (b) If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, a child may be held in custody with approval of the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner for an additional 72 hours from the time of the hearing, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, only if, as a result of the facts brought forth at the hearing, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that probable cause exists to believe that the child is an imminent danger to himself or herself or to others, that probable cause exists to believe that the parent, guardian or legal custodian of the child or other responsible adult is neglecting, refusing, unable or

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unavailable to provide adequate supervision and care or, if the child is an expectant mother who was taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., that probable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial risk that if the child expectant mother is not held, the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, and to believe that the child expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her. The extension may be granted only once for any petition. In the event of failure to file a petition within the extension period provided for in this paragraph, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall order the child's immediate release from custody,

SECTION 14. 48.21 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (4) Continuation of custody. (intro.) If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner finds that the child should be continued in custody under the criteria of s. 48.205, he or she shall enter one of the following orders:

SECTION 15. 48.21 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (7) Informal disposition. If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that the best interests of the child and the public are served or, in the case of a child expectant mother who has been taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., that the best interests of the unborn child and the public are served, he or she may enter a consent decree under s. 48.32 or order the petition dismissed and refer the matter to the intake worker for informal disposition in accordance with s. 48.245.

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SECTION 16. 48.213 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

taken into custody is not released under s. 48.203, a hearing to determine whether the adult expectant mother shall continue to be held in custody under the criteria of s. 48.205 (1m) shall be conducted by the judge or juvenilo circuit court commissioner within 48 hours after the time that the decision to hold the adult expectant mother was made, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. By the time of the hearing a petition under s. 48.25 shall be filed, except that no petition need be filed when an adult expectant mother is taken into custody under s. 48.193 (1) (b) or (d) 1. or 3., in which case a written statement of the reasons for holding the adult expectant mother in custody shall be substituted if the petition is not filed. If no hearing has been held within those 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, or if no petition or statement has been filed at the time of the hearing, the adult expectant mother shall be released except as provided in par. (b).

SECTION 17. 48.213 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.213 (1) (b) If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, an adult expectant mother of an unborn child may be held in custody with the approval of the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner for an additional 72 hours after the time of the hearing, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, only if, as a result of the facts brought forth at the hearing, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that probable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial risk that if the adult expectant mother is not held, the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs,

exhibited to a severe degree, and to believe that the adult expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her. The extension may be granted only once for any petition. In the event of failure to file a petition within the extension period provided for in this paragraph, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall order the adult expectant mother's immediate release from custody.

SECTION 18. 48.213 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.213 (3) **Continuation of custody.** (intro.) If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner finds that the adult expectant mother should be continued in custody under the criteria of s. 48.205 (lm), the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall enter one of the following orders:

SECTION 19. 48.213 (6) of the statutes-is amended to read:

48.213 (6) Informal. Disposition. If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that the best interests of the unborn child and the public are served, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner may enter a consent decree under s. 48.32 or order the petition dismissed and refer the matter to the intake worker for informal disposition in accordance with s. 48.245.

SECTION 20. 48.227 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.227 (4) (a) If the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian does not consent to the temporary care and housing of the child at the runaway home as provided under sub. (2) or (3), a hearing shall be held on the issue by the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner within 24 hours of the time that the child entered the runaway home, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. The intake

worker shall notify the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian of the time, place and purpose of the hearing.

SECTION 21. 48.30 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 (9) If a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducts the plea hearing and accepts an admission of the alleged facts in a petition brought under s. 48.13 or 48.133, the judge shall review the admission at the beginning of the dispositional hearing by addressing the parties and making the inquiries set forth in sub. (8).

SECTION 22. 48.32 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (1) At any time after the filing of a petition for a proceeding relating to s. 48.13 or 48.133 and before the entry ofjudgment, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner may suspend the proceedings and place the child or expectant mother under supervision in the home or present placement of the child or expectant mother. The court may establish terms and conditions applicable to the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, to the child expectant mother and her parent, guardian or legal custodian or to the adult expectant mother. The order under this section shall be known as a consent decree and must be agreed to by the child if 12 years of age or older, the parent, guardian or legal custodian, and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25; by the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian or legal custodian, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25; or by the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25. The consent decree shall be reduced to writing and given to the parties.

SECTION 23. 48.32 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (2) (a) A consent decree shall remain in effect up to 6 months unless the child, parent, guardian, legal custodian or expectant mother is discharged sooner by the judge or <u>juvenile circuit</u> court commissioner.

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SECTION 24. 48.32 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (6) The judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall inform the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, or the adult expectant mother, in writing, of the right of the child or expectant mother to object to the continuation of the consent decree under sub. (3) and the fact that the hearing under which the child or expectant mother was placed on supervision may be continued to conclusion as if the consent decree had never been entered.'

SECTION 25. 49.25 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.25 (8) (b) From the appropriation under s. 20.445 (3) (cb), the department shall provide funds to Milwaukee county to fund an additional family circuit court commissioner to assist in matters affecting the family.

SECTION 26. 49.852 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.852 (3) If a person has requested a hearing pursuant to sub. (2) (b), the hearing shall be conducted before the circuit court that rendered the initial order to pay support. The court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving a request for a hearing. The family A circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. If the court determines that the person owes the amount specified in the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b), the department of workforce development may direct the department of employe trust funds, the retirement system of any 1st class city, any retirement system established under chapter 201, laws of 1937, or the administrator of any other pension plan, whichever is appropriate, to withhold the amount from any lump sum payment from a pension

plan that may be paid the person. If the court determines that the person does not owe the amount specified in the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b), the department of workforce development may not direct the department of employe trust funds, the retirement system of any 1st class city, any retirement system established under chapter 201, laws of 1937, or the administrator of any other pension plan, whichever is appropriate, to withhold the amount from any lump sum payment from a pension plan that may be paid the person.

SECTION 27. 49.854 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (2) (c) Updating the statewide support lien docket. The department shall update the statewide support lien docket in response to orders issued by a court or family diduct where continues oner. shall periodically update the statewide support lien docket to reflect changes in the amounts of the liens contained in the docket.

SECTION 28. 49.854 (3) (ag) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (3) (ag) 2. If the obligor disagrees with the determination of the department, the obligor may request a hearing with the court or a family circuit court commissioner to review the department's determination. To request a hearing under this subdivision, the obligor shall make the request within 5 business days of the date of the department's determination under subd. 1. The obligor shall make the request in writing and shall mail or deliver a copy of the request to the county child support agency. If a timely request for a hearing is made under this subdivision, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall hold the hearing within 15 business days of the request. If, at the hearing, the obligor establishes that the lien is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order

the department to remove the lien from the statewide support lien docket or adjust the amount of the delinquent obligation.

SECTION 29. 49.854 (3) (ar) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (3) (ar) Direct appeal. If the obligor has not requested a financial records and court order review under par. (ag), the obligor may request a hearing under this paragraph within 20 business days of the date of the notice under par. (a). The obligor shall make the request in writing and shall mail or deliver a copy of the request to the county child support agency. If a timely request for a hearing is made under this paragraph, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 days after the date of the request. If, at the hearing, the obligor establishes that the lien is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order the department to remove the lien from the statewide support lien docket or adjust the amount of the delinquent obligation.

SECTION 30. 49.854 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (3) (b) Appeal. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts a hearing under par. (ag) or (ar), the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date of the decision by the family circuit court commissioner, request review of the decision by the court having jurisdiction over the action. The court conducting the review may order that the lien be withdrawn from the statewide support lien dockets or may order an adjustment of the amount of the delinquent obligation. If no appeal is sought or if the court does not order the withdrawal of the lien, the department may take appropriate actions to enforce the lien.

SECTION 31. 49.854 (5) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (5) (f) *Hearings*. A hearing requested under par. (d) 6. shall be conducted before the circuit court rendering the order to pay support. Within 45

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business days after receiving a request for hearing under par. (d) 6., the court shall conduct the hearing. The family A circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The hearing shall be limited to a review of whether the account holder owes the amount of support certified and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or the county child support agency is reasonable. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that an alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or county child support agency is not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the court or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall order the department to release all or a portion of the funds. If the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the account holder does not owe support or owes less than the amount claimed by the department, the court shall order the department to return the seized funds or the excess of the seized funds over the amount of the delinquency to the account holder. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this paragraph, the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

SECTION 32. 49.854 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (6) (c) Hearing. If a hearing is requested under par. (b) 4., the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request under par. (b) 4. The hearing shall be limited to a review of whether the obligor owes the amount of support owed that is stated in the notice of seizure and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the

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department or the county child support agency is reasonable. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that an alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or county child support agency is not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order the department to return the seized property within 15 business days. If the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the obligor does not owe support or owes less than the amount claimed by the department, the court shall order the department to return the seized property within 15 business days or specify the' amount which may be retained by the department after the sale of the seized property. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this paragraph, the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action. The court reviewing the decision may order the department to return the seized property or may authorize the sale of the property by the department. If the department is ordered to return seized property under this paragraph, the court shall instruct any state agency responsible for titling the property that it may transfer title to the property without receiving instructions from a court or the department under par. (a).

SECTION 33. 49.854 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (7) (c) *Hearing*. If a hearing is requested under par. (b) 1. c., the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request under par. (b) 1. c. The hearing shall be limited to

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a review of whether the obligor owes the amount of support owed that is stated in the notice of intent under par. (b) and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or the county child support agency is reasonable. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that an alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or county child support agency is not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order If the court or family circuit court an alternative payment arrangement. commissioner orders, an alternative payment arrangement, the court or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall order the department not to proceed with the levy. If the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner determines that the obligor does not owe support or owes less than the amount claimed by the department, the court shall order the department not to proceed with the levy or specify the amount that may be retained by the department after the sale of the seized property. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this paragraph, the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action. The court reviewing the decision may order the department not to proceed with the levy of the property or may authorize the sale of the property by the department.

SECTION 34. 49.854 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (7m) Jointly Held Property. A person, other than the obligor, who holds a joint interest in property levied against under this section may request a hearing, as provided in subs. (5) (d) 6m., (6) (b) 3m. or (7) (b) 1. d., to determine the proportion of the value of the property that is attributable to his or her net contribution to the property. If a hearing is requested under this subsection, the court or family circuit

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court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 days after receiving the request. The hearing shall be limited to determining the proportion of the value of the property that is attributable to the person's net contribution to the property. If more than one person requests a hearing under this subsection, or if the obligor requests a hearing under sub. (5) (f), (6) (c) or (7) (c), with respect to the same property, the court or family circuit court commissioner may schedule the hearings together. The person requesting the hearing shall have the burden of proving his or her net contribution by clear and convincing evidence. If the court determines that a portion of the jointly held property is attributable to the contributions of the person, the court shall direct the department or the county child support agency to pay the person, from the net balance of the jointly held account or the net proceeds of the sale of the jointly held real or personal property, the proportion of the gross value of the account or real or personal property that is attributable to that person. If the family <u>/circuit</u> court commissioner conducts the hearing under this subsection, the person may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

SECTION 35. 49.855 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 237, section 210, is amended to read:

49.855 (3) Receipt of a certification by the department of revenue shall constitute a lien, equal to the amount certified, on any state tax refunds or credits owed to the obligor. The lien shall be foreclosed by the department of revenue as a setoff under s. 71.93 (3), (6) and (7). When the department of revenue determines that the obligor is otherwise entitled to a state tax refund or credit, it shall notify the obligor that the state intends to reduce any state tax refund or credit due the obligor

by the amount the obligor is delinquent under the support or maintenance order, by the outstanding amount for past support, medical expenses or birth expenses under the court order or by the amount due under s. 46.10 (4) or 301.12 (4). The notice shall provide that within 20 days the obligor may request a hearing before the circuit court rendering the order. Within 10 days after receiving a request for hearing under this subsection, the court shall set the matter for hearing. Pending further order by the court or family circuit court commissioner, the department of workforce development or its designee, whichever is appropriate, is prohibited from disbursing the obligor's state tax refund or credit. The family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The sole issues at that hearing shall be whether the obligor owes the amount certified and, if not and it is a support or maintenance order, whether the money withheld from a tax refund or credit shall be paid to the obligor or held for future support or maintenance. An obligor may, within 20 days of receiving notice that the amount certified shall be withheld from his or her federal tax refund or credit, request a hearing under this subsection.

SECTION 36. 49.855 (4m) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 237, section 212, is amended to read:

49,855 (4m) (b) The department of revenue may provide a certification that it receives under sub. (1), (2m) or (2p) to the department of administration. Upon receipt of the certification, the department of administration shall determine whether the obligor is a vendor or is receiving any other payments from this state, except for wages, retirement benefits or assistance under s. 45.352, 1971 stats., s. 45.351 (1), this chapter or ch. 46, 108 or 301. If the department of administration determines that the obligor is a vendor or is receiving payments from this state, except for wages, retirement benefits or assistance under s. 45.352, 1971 stats., s.

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45.351 (1), this chapter or ch. 46, 108 or 301, it shall begin to withhold the amount certified from those payments and shall notify the obligor that the state intends to reduce any payments due the obligor by the amount the obligor is delinquent under the support or maintenance order, by the outstanding amount for past support, medical expenses or birth expenses under the court order or by the amount due under s. 46.10 (4) or 301.12 (4). The notice shall provide that within 20 days after receipt of the notice the obligor may request a hearing before the circuit court rendering the order. An obligor may, within 20 days after receiving notice, request a hearing under this paragraph. Within 10 days after receiving a request for hearing under this paragraph, the court shall set the matter for hearing. The family circuit r t commissioner may conduct the hearing. Pending further order by the court or family <u>circuit</u> court commissioner, the department of workforce development or its designee, whichever is appropriate, may not disburse the payments withheld from the obligor. The sole issues at the hearing are whether the obligor owes the amount certified and, if not and it is a support or maintenance order, whether the money withheld shall be paid to the obligor or held for future support or maintenance.

SECTION 37. 49.856 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.856 (4) If the obligor requests a hearing under sub. (3) (b), the circuit court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request. The only issue at the hearing shall be whether the person owes the delinquent payment or outstanding amount specified in the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b). A family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing.

SECTION 38. 49.857 (2) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

49.857 (2) (c) 1. The system shall provide for adequate notice to an individual who is delinquent in making court-ordered payments of support, an opportunity for

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the individual to make alternative arrangements for paying the delinquent support, an opportunity for the individual to request and obtain a hearing before a court or family circuit court commissioner as provided in sub. (3) and prompt reinstatement of the individual's license upon payment of the delinquent support or upon making satisfactory alternative payment arrangements.

SECTION 39. 49.857 (3) (ac) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.857 (3) (ac) 1. If an individual timely requests a hearing under par. (a) 5., the court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request. The family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The only issues at the hearing shall be whether the individual is delinquent in making court-ordered payments of support and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department ofworkforce development or the county child support agency is reasonable.

- 2. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or <u>family_circuit</u> court commissioner finds that the individual does not owe delinquent support, or if within 20 business days after receiving a notice under par. (a) the individual pays the delinquent amount in full or makes satisfactory alternative payment arrangements, the department of workforce development <u>shall may</u> not place the individual's name on a certification list.
- 3. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that alternative payment arrangements proposed by the department of workforce development or a child support agency are not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order for the individual an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court

commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the department of workforce development may not place the individual's name on a certification list.

SECTION 40. 49.857 (3) (ar) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.857 (3) (ar) 1. If an individual timely requests a hearing under par. (am) 5., the court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request. The family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The only issues at the hearing shall be whether the individual is delinquent in making court-ordered payments of support and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department of workforce development or the county child support agency is reasonable.

- 2. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner finds that the individual does not owe delinquent support, or if within 20 business days after receiving a notice under par. (am) the individual pays the delinquent amount in full or makes satisfactory alternative payment arrangements, the department of workforce development shall remove the individual's name from the certification list.
- 3. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or <u>family_circuit</u> court commissioner makes a written determination that alternative payment arrangements proposed by the department of workforce development or a child support agency are not reasonable, the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner may order for the individual an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the department of workforce development may not place the individual's name on a certification list.

SECTION 41. 49.858 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

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49.858 (3) Review of Family circuit court commissioner decisions. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts a hearing in any administrative support enforcement proceeding under s. 49.852, 49.856 or 49.857, the department of workforce development or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the matter.

SECTION 42. 51.10 (4m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.10 (4m) (d) If a patient admitted under par. (a) 1. has not signed a voluntary admission application within 7 days after admission, the patient, the guardian ad litem and the physician who signed the admission request shall appear before the judge or dircuit court commissioner of the court assigned to exercise probate jurisdiction for the county in which the facility is located to determine whether the patient shall remain in the facility as a voluntary patient. If the judge or circuit court commissioner determines that the patient desires to leave the facility, the facility shall discharge the patient. If the facility has reason to believe the patient is eligible for commitment under s. 51.20, the facility may initiate procedures for involuntary commitment.

SECTION 43. 51.20 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (1) (c) The petition shall contain the names and mailing addresses of the petitioners and their relation to the subject individual, and shall also contain the names and mailing addresses of the individual's spouse, adult children, parents or guardian, custodian, brothers, sisters, person in the place of a parent and person with whom the individual resides or lives. If this information is unknown to the petitioners or inapplicable, the petition shall so state. The petition may be filed in the court assigned to exercise probate jurisdiction for the county where the subject

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individual is present or the county of the individual's legal residence. If the judge of the court or a circuit court commissioner who handles probate matters is not available, the petition may be filed and the hearing under sub. (7) may be held before a judge or Fircuit court commissioner of any circuit court for the county.

e purposes of this chapter, duties to be performed by a court shall be carried out by the judge of the court or a circuit court commissioner of the court who is an attorney and i-s designated by the chief judge to so act, in all matters prior to a final hearing under this section. The petition shall contain a clear and concise statement of the facts which constitute probable cause to believe the allegations of the petition. The petition shall be sworn to be true. If a petitioner is not a petitioner having personal knowledge as provided in par. (b), the petition shall contain a statement providing the basis for his or her belief.

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SECTION 44, 51.45 (12) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (12) (b) (intro.) The physician, spouse, guardian or a relative of the person sought to be committed, or any other responsible person, may petition a <u>circuit_court_cou</u>

SECTION 45. 51.45 (12) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (12) (c) (intro.) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (b), the <u>circuit_court</u> commissioner or court shall:

SECTION 46. 51.45 (12) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (12) (c) 1. Determine whether the petition and supporting affidavits sustain the grounds for commitment and dismiss the petition if the grounds for commitment are not sustained thereby. If the grounds for commitment are sustained

by the petition and supporting affidavits, the court or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner shall issue an order temporarily committing the person to the custody of the county department pending the outcome of the preliminary hearing under sub. (13) (d).

SECTION 47. 51.45 (13) (dm) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (13) (dm) For the purposes of this section, duties to be performed by a court shall be carried out by the judge of such court or a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner of such court who is an attorney and is designated by the <u>chief</u> judge to so act, in all matters prior to a final hearing under this subsection.

SECTION 48. 59.37 of the statutes is amended to read:

59.37 Service when no coroner. Whenever there is a vacancy in the office of coroner, or when the coroner is absent from the county, sick or unable to perform the duties of that office, or for any reason, except the nonpayment of legal fees, refuses to serve and execute legal process against the sheriff in any action commenced in any court of record within the county for which the coroner was or should have been elected, any judge of a court of record or circuit court commissioner of the county may, on proof of the vacancy, sickness, absence or refusal to serve and execute such process, by an order to be endorsed on such process and addressed to him or her, empower any citizen of the county in which such process is to be served and executed to serve and execute the same; and that order shall be sufficient authority to the person therein named to serve and execute such process with like powers, liabilities and fees as the coroner.

SECTION 49. 59.53 (5) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27, is amended to read:

59.53 (5) (a) The board shall contract with the department of workforce development to implement and administer the child and spousal support and

establishment of paternity and the medical support liability programs provided for by Title IV of the federal social security act. The board may designate by board resolution any office, officer, board, department or agency, except the clerk of circuit court, as the county child support agency. The board or county child support agency shall implement and administer the programs in accordance with the contract with the department of workforce development. The attorneys responsible for support enforcement under sub. (6) (a), family circuit court commissioner commissioners and all other county officials shall cooperate with the county and the department of workforce development as necessary to provide the services required under the programs. The county shall charge the fee established by the department of workforce development under s. 49.22 for services provided under this paragraph to persons not receiving benefits under s. 49.148 or 49.155 or assistance under s. 46.261, 49.19 or 49.47.

SECTION 50. 59.53 (5m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.53 (5m) (a) Subject to approval of the department of workforce development under par. (am), designate by resolution any office, officer, board, department or agency as the county support collection designee to receive and disburse child and spousal support payments ordered by the court under s. 948.22 (7) and child and family support payments and maintenance payments ordered by the court or the family circuit court commissioner under ch. 767 or ordered by a court in another county or jurisdiction but enforced or received by the court of the support collection designee's county.

SECTION 51. 59.64 (1) (c) (title), 1. (intro.) and 2. of the statutes are amended to read:

1	59.64 (1) (c) (title) Of <u>circuit and supplemental</u> court commissioners. 1. (intro.
2	Court Circuit and supplemental court commissioners shall, on or before the first
3	Monday of November in each year, forward to the clerk of their respective counties
4	a correct statement of all actions or proceedings had before them, during the
5	immediately preceding year, in which the county became liable for costs. The
6	statement shall include all of the following:
7	2. The clerk shall file the statements described in subd. 1. in his or her office
8	Any circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner who neglects to make and return the
9	statements within the time prescribed in subd. 1. shall not receive any compensation
10	from the county for any service rendered by him or her in any criminal case or
'11	proceeding during the year next preceding the time when the statement is required
12	to be made and returned.
13	SECTION 52. 59.64 (1) (d) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	59.64 (1) (d) Of court officers; certification; audit by district attorney; waiver
15	(intro.) Fees of officers, in any action or proceeding before a circuit or sunnlemental
16	court commissioner, shall be certified to and allowed by the board in the following
17	manner:
18	SECTION 53. 59.64 (1) (d) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	59.64 (1) (d) 1. (intro.) At least 10 days before the annual meeting of the board

59.64 (1) (d) 1. (intro.) At least 10 days before the annual meeting of the board, every <u>circuit and sunnlemental</u> court commissioner shall make and file with the clerk a certified statement of all actions or proceedings had or tried before him or her within the year next preceding the date of the statement in which the state was a party and in which the county became liable for the fees of officers who appeared on the part of either the state or a defendant. The statement shall include all of the following:

SECTION 54. 59.64 (1) (d) lm. of the statutes is amended to read: 1 2 59.64 (1) (d) 1m. The statement described in subd. 1 shall be substantially in the following form: 3 STATE OF WISCONSIN 4 5 ٧. 6 7 IN CIRCUIT COURT FOR CQUNTY 8 Complaint for Before, Circuit Court Commissioner. 9 10 Heard the day of (year) To the County Board of County: 11 I hereby certify that in the foregoing entitled action the following named 12 persons rendered services and attended before me in the capacity stated, I further 13 certify that they [the] following named persons are severally entitled to the amounts 14 specified below for services, attendance and travel, that the services were actually 15 and necessarily rendered, and that the action was prosecuted in good faith: 16 17 A.B./... (constable or sheriff), actually and necessarily traveled in serving the herein, miles, and attended court days, and is entitled to \$... for other just 18 and lawful services in the cause, and in all is entitled to \$..... 19 20 Dated this day of, (year) 21 **SECTION** 55. 59.64 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: 59.64 (1) (e) Fees for statements and certificates. Every circuit or sunnlemental 22 23 court commissioner shall receive from the treasurer \$1 per page for making statements and returns required by par. (c) and \$1 for making each certificate 24 25 required by par. (d). All such statements and certificates shall be transmitted to the

1 clerk by certified mail and for transmitting the statements and certificates the <u>circuit</u> 2 or supplemental court commissioner shall receive \$1. 3 **SECTION** 56. 59.64 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 **59.64 (1)** (f) Court Circuit and supplemental court commissioners. The board 5 at any session thereof may as provided in par. (d) 2. examine and allow any 6 statement, account or claim of any <u>circuit or sunplemental</u> court commissioner which 7 is on file with the clerk before the opening of the session of the board. 8 **SECTION** 57. 59.64 (1) (g) 4. of the statutes is amended to read: 9 59.64 (1) (g) 4. Any judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner, juror, 10 witness, interpreter, attorney, guardian ad litem or recipient of transcript fees who 11 makes, signs or endorses any such certificate or order which is untrue in respect to 12 anything material, which he or she knows to be false, or which he or she does not have 13 good reason to believe is true, shall be punished as provided in s. 946.12. 14 **SECTION** 58. 59.79 (5) of the statutes is amended to read: 15 59.79 (5) FEEFORCERTAJNMARRIAGECEREMONIES. Enactanordinanceimposing a fee to be paid in advance to the clerk for each marriage ceremony performed by a 16 17 judge or a <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner specified in s. 765.16 (5) in the 18 courthouse, safety building or children's court center during hours when any office 19 in those public buildings is open for the transaction of business. The amount of the 20 fee shall be determined by the board. 21 **SECTION** 59. 63.03 (2) (**z**) of the statutes is amended to read: 22 63.03 (2) (z) Full-time Circuit court commissioners under s. 757.68 (1) 23 emnloved on a full-time basis. 24 **SECTION** 60. 69.15 (3m) (a) 3. and 4. of the statutes are amended to read:

69.15 **(3m)** (a) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4, the person rescinding the statement files the document under subd. 2. before the day on which a court or family circuit court commissioner makes an order in an action affecting the family involving the man who signed the statement and the child who is the subject of the statement or before 60 days elapse after the statement was filed, whichever occurs first.

4. If the person rescinding the statement was under age 18 when the statement was filed, the person files the document under subd. 2. before the day on which a court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner makes an order in an action affecting the family involving the man who signed the statement as the father of the registrant and the child who is the subject of the statement or before 60 days elapse after the person attains age 18, whichever occurs first.

SECTION 61. 75.43 of the statutes is amended to read:

75.43 Election to receive deposit; costs. The county may, at any time within 20 days after receiving an answer showing that a deposit has been made by any defendant or defendants as provided in s. 75.42, give notice to such defendant or defendants that it elects to receive such deposit and that it will, at a time specified in such notice, apply to the clerk of the circuit court, circuit judge or a circuit court commissioner to adjust the costs and disbursements which said defendant or defendants ought to pay, and that upon the payment of the costs and disbursements so adjudged the county will release to such defendant or defendants all right, title and claim which it has to the parcel or parcels of land on account of which such the deposit is made by virtue of any deed made for the nonpayment of taxes; and unless such the costs are paid within 20 days after the same shall have been so adjusted the clerk of the court shall, upon presentation of an affidavit showing the nonpayment

thereof, enter judgment therefor in favor of the county and against the defendant, which shall be enforced as other money judgments.

SECTION 62. 101.02 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.02 (5) (c) In the discharge of his or her duties such agent shall have every power of an inquisitorial nature granted in this subchapter to the department, the same powers as a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner with regard to the taking of depositions and all powers granted by law to a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner relative to depositions.

SECTION 63. 103.005 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

103.005 (5) (c) In the discharge of his or her duties such agent shall have every power of an inquisitorial nature granted in chs. 103 to 106 to the department, the same powers as a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner with regard to the taking of depositions and all powers granted by law to a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner relative to depositions.

SECTION 64. 133.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

133.10 (1) The examination of any party, or if a corporation or limited liability company be a party, of the president, secretary, other principal officer or the general managing agent thereof, or of the person who was such president, secretary, officer or agent at the time of the occurrence of the facts made the subject of the examination, or of any person acting for another or for a corporation, limited liability company or partnership, other than as a witness on a trial, may be taken by deposition at the instance of the department of justice in any such action or proceeding at any time between the commencement thereof and final judgment. Such deposition shall be taken within the state before a judge at chambers or a circuit or supplemental court commissioner on previous notice to such party and any other

adverse party or the attorney thereof of at least 5 days, and may be taken without the state.

SECTION 65. 133.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

133.11 (1) Whenever the attorney general files with any supplemental court commissioner a statement that the attorney general has reason to believe and does believe that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the commissioner shall issue a subpoena or a subpoena requiring the production of materials as requested by the department of justice. Mileage or witness fees are not required to be paid in advance but claims for such mileage and fees duly verified and approved by the department of justice shall be audited and paid out of the state treasury and charged to the appropriation provided by s. 20.455 (1) (d), and shall be at the same rates as witnesses in the circuit court.

SECTION 66. 133.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

133.11 (3) The <u>sunnlemental court</u> commissioner shall be entitled to the fees as provided in s. 814.68 (1). All such fees and all other costs and expenses incident to the inquiry shall be paid out of the appropriation provided by s. 20.455 (1) (d).

SECTION 67. 171.04 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

171.04 (1) If any property delivered to any forwarding merchant, wharfinger or warehouse keeper, for carriage or storage, is in a state of decay or manifestly liable to immediate damage and decay, the person in whose custody the property is, the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of this fact, and present the affidavit to a circuit: judge or supplemental court commissioner for the county in which the property, is located, and the circuit judge or sunnlemental court commissioner shall immediately make an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to immediately inspect the property, and directing him or her,

if it is found to be in a state of decay or manifestly liable to immediate damage or decay, to summarily sell the property without notice.

SECTION 68. 171.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

171.04 (2) If the sheriff or constable, upon inspection, finds the property to be in a state of decay, or manifestly liable to immediate damage or decay, the sheriff or constable shall attach to the order his or her affidavit stating such fact, and shall make an inventory of the property, and shall summarily sell the property without notice, and shall make full return of the sheriff's or constable's execution of the order to the judge or sunnlemental court commissioner who issued the same, together with the sheriff's or constable's affidavit, inventory and the proceeds of said sale, after deducting the sheriff's or constable's fees therefrom.

SECTION 69. 171.04 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

171.04 (3) From the proceeds of such sale, the judge or <u>sunnlemental court</u> commissioner shall pay all legal charges that have been incurred in relation to the property, or a ratable proportion of each charge if the proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay all the charges; and the balance, if any, the judge or <u>supplemental court</u> commissioner shall immediately pay over to the treasurer of the judge's or commissioner's county, with a copy of all the proceedings in the matter. The county treasurer shall file the copy in his or her office.

SECTION 70. 171.05 of the statutes is amended to read:

171.05 Perishable property, held otherwise, how disposed of. If any property is perishable or subject to decay by keeping, the person in whose custody the property is, the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of this fact and present the affidavit to a circuit judge or <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner for the county in which the property is located, and the judge or <u>sunnlemental</u> court

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commissioner shall immediately make an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to immediately inspect the property, and if it is found to be perishable or subject to decay by keeping, to make and return an affidavit of this fact. Upon the return of this affidavit, the judge or supplemental court commissioner making the order shall immediately issue an order requiring the sheriff or constable to sell the property at public auction, giving notice of the time and place of the sale by publication of a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, and serving upon the consignor, the consignee and the custodian of the property, if they are known, a copy of the notice by mail. The sheriff or constable shall, at. the time and place fixed by the notice, unless the property has been otherwise lawfully disposed of, sell the property at public auction, and shall make full return of his or her execution of the order, and return the same with an inventory of the property and the proceeds of the sale, after deducting his or her fees, to the judge or <u>supplemental court</u> commissioner making the order. From the proceeds of the sale, the judge or supplemental court commissioner shall pay all legal charges that have been incurred in relation to the property, or a ratable proportion of each charge, if the proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay all the charges; and the balance, if any, the judge or supplemental court commissioner shall immediately pay over to the treasurer of the county, with a copy of all the proceedings in the matter. The county treasurer shall file the copy in his or her office. The person in whose custody the property is when the proceedings for the sale were commenced, shall immediately notify the consignor and consignee of the sale, in writing which shall be served by leaving a copy with the consignor and consignee personally or by mail.

SECTION 71. 171.06 of the statutes is amended to read:

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171.06 Unclaimed property, how disposed of. When any property is not perishable or subject to decay and is not claimed and taken away within one year after it was received, it may be sold as follows: The person in whose custody the property is, or the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of the facts and present the same to a judge or supplemental court commissioner of the county in which the property is located and such judge or <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner shall immediately issue an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to sell the property at public auction, giving 60 days' notice of the time and place of the sale to the consignor, the consignee and the custodian of the property. This notice shall be in writing and served personally or by mail upon the persons whose names and residences are known. If the name or residence of any of the persons is unknown and cannot be ascertained with reasonable diligence, the sheriff or constable shall make an affidavit of this fact and shall publish a class 3 notice, under ch. 985, in the county. At the time and place of the sale the sheriff or constable shall sell the property at public auction and shall make a full return of the sheriff's or constable's proceedings under the order to the judge or supplemental court commissioner issuing the order, together with proof of service or publication of the notice of the sale, and an inventory of the property sold and the proceeds of the sale after deducting the sheriff's or constable's fees. From the proceeds of the sale the judge or sunnlemental <u>court</u> commissioner shall pay all legal charges that have been incurred in relation to the property, including the charges of the person in whose custody the property was when the proceedings were begun, or a ratable proportion of each charge if the proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay all of the chargesthe The judge or sunnlemental court commissioner shall immediately pay any balance remaining over to the treasurer of his or her county, with a copy of all

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proceedings in the matter. The county treasurer shall file the copy in his or her office. The person in whose custody the property is when any proceeding for the sale is 3 commenced? shall immediately notify the consignor and consignee of the sale, in 4 writing, and served by leaving a copy thereof with the consignor and consignee, personally or by mail. **SECTION** 72. 196.24 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.24 (2) In the discharge of his or her duties, an agent appointed under sub. (1) shall have any inquisitional power granted to the commission and the power of a <u>sunnlemental</u> court commissioner to take depositions under s. 757.69 (3) 757.675 (2) (b).

SECTION 73. 563.71 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

563.71 (1) (a) Whenever the attorney general files with a circuit or <u>sunnlemental</u> court commissioner a statement that the attorney general believes that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the commissioner shall issue a subpoena for any person requested or named by the attorney general. Mileage and witness fees need not be paid in advance, but only verified claims for mileage and fees which are approved by the attorney general shall be paid out of the state treasury and charged to the appropriation under s. 20.455 (1) (d) and shall be the same rates as those paid witnesses in circuit court.

SECTION 74. 563.71 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

563.71 (1) (c) The <u>supplemental court</u> commissioner shall be entitled to the fees under s. 814.68 (1). All such fees and all other costs and expenses incident to such inquiry shall be paid out of the appropriation under s. 20.455 (1) (d).

Section 75. 753.175 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 76. 757.001 of the statutes is created to read:

757.001 Definitions. In the	U115 CI	iapter.
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- (1) "Circuit court commissioner" means a person appointed under SCR 75.02 (1) and a supplemental court commissioner authorized under SCR 75.02 (3) to the limited extent of that authorization.
- (2) "Supplemental court commissioner" means a person appointed under s. 757.675 (1).
 - **SECTION** 77. 757.01 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
- 757.01 (4) To exercise any of the powers and duties of a circuit court commissioner.
 - **SECTION** 78. 757.24 of the statutes is amended to read:
- 757.24 Liability of judicial officers. Circuit judges and circuit and supplemental court commissioners shall be held personally liable to any party injured for any wilful violation of the law in granting injunctions and appointing receivers, or for refusing to hear motions to dissolve injunctions and to discharge receivers if the motions are made in accordance with law or such rules as are promulgated by the supreme court.
 - **SECTION** 79. 757.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 757.30 (2) Every person who appears as agent, representative or attorney, for or on behalf of any other person, or any firm, partnership, association or corporation in any action or proceeding in or before any court of record, circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner, or judicial tribunal of the United States, or of any state, or who otherwise, in or out of court, for compensation or pecuniary reward gives professional legal advice not incidental to his or her usual or ordinary business, or renders any legal service for any other person, or any firm, partnership, association or corporation, shall be deemed to be practicing law within the meaning of this section.

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1	SECTION 80. 757.675 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
2	757.675 (title) Supplemental court commissioners.
3	SECTION 81. 757.68 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	757.68 (title) Court Circuit court commissioners.
5	SECTION 82. 757.68 (1) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
6	757.68 (1) Subject to subs. (2m) to (5m), in every county organized for judicial
7	purposes, the county board shall establish the number of circuit court commissioner
8	positions necessary for the efficient administration of judicial business within the
9	circuit courts of the county. The circuit court commissioners may be employed on a
10	full-time or part-time basis. Chapter 75 of the supreme court rules shall govern the
11	qualifications for, and appointment, supervision, training, evaluation and discipline
12	of, circuit court commissioners. Any person qualified and acting as a judicial court
13	commissioner on August 1, 1978, shall be considered a circuit court commissioner
14	and shall continue in the classified county civil service but any person appointed as
15	a court commissioner after August 1, 1978, shall be in the unclassified civil service.
16	Each circuit court commissioner shall take and file the official oath in the office of
17	the clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any
18	duty of the office.
19	SECTION 83. 757.68 (2) (title) of the statutes is repealed.
20	SECTION 84. 757.68 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 757.675 (1) and amended
21	to read:
22	757.675 (1) In each county the circuit judges shall appoint such number of
23	pa&&-me supplemental court commissioners as the proper transaction of business

requires subject to the following exception: except that in counties having a

population of 200,000 or more each judge may appoint not more than 2 $\frac{1}{2}$

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Court supplemental commissioners and in counties having a population of less than 200,000 each judge shall, as nearly as possible, appoint an equal number of supplemental/commissioners within the county. In all counties the appointments shall be subject to the approval of a majority of the circuit judges for the county. Appointments shall be in writing and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court. All <u>supplemental</u> court commissioners appointed after May 16, 1978, other than official court reporters acting under s. 814.68(1)(b) performing duties or pers specified for court reporters, shall be attorneys licensed to practice in this state. The appointing judge may remove, at will and without cause, any <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner appointed by the judge or the judge's predecessor in office. Unless he or she is so removed, the term of each supplemental court commissioner shall continue until the expiration of the term of the appointing judge and until the successor of the commissioner is appointed and qualified. sunnlemental court commissioner shall take and file the official oath in the office of clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any duty of the office. **SECTION** 85. 757.68 (3), (4) and (5) (title) of the statutes are repealed. **SECTION** 86. 757.68 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 757.675 (6) and amended to read: 757.675 (6) Part-time Supplemental court commissioners appointed under sub. (2) (1) shall collect the fees prescribed in s. 814.68 (1). **SECTION** 87. 757.68 (5m) of the statutes is created to read: 757.68 (5m) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, the county board shall establish at least one circuit court commissioner position on a full-time basis to assist in small claims matters under ch. 799. In counties having a population

1 of less than 500,000, the county board may establish one or more circuit court 2 commissioner positions on a part-time or full-time basis to assist in small claims 3 matters under ch. 799. 4 **Section** 88. 757.68 (6) of the statutes is created to read: 5 757.68 (6) The county board shall set the salary of persons appointed as circuit 6 court commissioners. The county board shall furnish circuit court commissioners 7 with necessary office space, furnishings, supplies and services. 8 **SECTION** 89. 757.68 (7) of the statutes is created to read: 9 757.68 (7) The chiefjudge of the judicial administrative district may assign law 10 clerks, bailiffs and deputies to a circuit court commissioner. The chief judge shall 11 supervise those law clerks, bailiffs and deputies assigned to the court, except that the 12 chief judge may delegate that authority. **SECTION** 90. 757.69 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 13 14 757.69 (title) Powers and duties of circuit court commissioners. 15 **SECTION** 91. 757.69 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read: 16 757.69 (1) (intro.) A circuit court commissioner may: 17 **SECTION** 92. 757.69 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 757.69 (1) (b) In criminal matters issue summonses, arrest warrants or search 18 19 warrants and, determine nrobable cause to support a warrantless arrest, conduct 20 initial appearances of persons arrested and, set bail to the same extent as a judge. 21 At the initial appearance, the court commissioner shall, when necessary, inform the 22 defendant in accordance with s. 970.02 (1). If the defendant appears or claims to be 23 unable to afford counsel, the court commissioner, in accordance with s. 970.02 (6), 24 may and refer the person to the authority for indigency determinations specified

under s. 977.07 (1). If the court commissioner is a full-time A circuit court

1	commissioner , he or she emnloved on a full-time basis may conduct the preliminary
2	examination and arraignment to the same extert as a judge and, with the consent
3	of both. the state and the defendant, may accept a guilty plea. If a court refers a
4	disputed restitution issue under s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4., the circuit court commissioner
5	shall conduct the hearing on the matter in accordance with s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4.
6	Section 93. 757.69 (1) (g) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (g) (intro.)
7	and amended to read:
<u>(8)</u>	757.69 (1) (g) (intro.) When assigned to the court assigned jurisdiction under
9	757.69 (1) (g) (intro.) When assigned to the court assigned jurisdiction under this 48 and 938, a court commissioner may, under ch. 48 or 938, issue.
10	1. Issue summonses and warrants, order,
11	2. Order the release or detention of children or expectant mothers of unborn
12	children taken into custody , conduct .
13	3. Conduct detention and shelter care hearings, conduct.
14	4. Conduct preliminary appearances, conduct.
15	5. Conduct uncontested proceedings under se. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12, 938.13 and
16	938.18 , enter.
17	6. Enter into consent decrees
18	7. Exercise the powers and perform the duties specified in par. (j) or (m),
19	whichever is applicable, in proceedings under s. 813.122 or 813.125 in which the
20	respondent is a child. Contested waiver hearings under e. 938.18 and dispositional
21	hearings under ss. 48.335 and 938.335 shall be conducted by a judge. When acting
22	in an official capacity and assigned to the children's court center, a court
23	commissioner shall sit at the children's court center or such other facility designated
24	by the chief judge. Any decision by the commissioner shall be reviewed by the judge
25	of the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon motion of any party.

1	Any determination, order or ruling by the commissioner may be certified to the
2	branch of court to which such case has been assigned upon a motion of any party for
3	a hearing de novo.
(4)	SECTION 94. 757.69 (1) (g) 8. to (5.) of the statutes are created to read:
5	757.69 (1) (g) 8. Conduct hearings under s. 48.21 or 938.21 and thereafter order
6	a child or juvenile held in or released from custody.
7	9. Conduct hearings under s. 48.213 and thereafter order an adult expectant
8	mother of an unborn child to be held in or released from custody.
9	10. Conduct plea hearings.
10	11. Enter into consent decrees.
11	12. Conduct prehearing conferences.
12	13. Issue orders requiring compliance with deferred prosecution agreements.
13	14. Conduct all proceedings on petitions or citations under s. 938.125.
	15. Conduct uncontested proceedings under s. 938.12, 938.13 or 938.18.
15	SECTION 95. 757.69 (1) (k) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
16	757.69 (1) (k) Administer oaths, take, certify and report depositions and
17	testimony, take and certify acknowledgments, allow accounts and fix the amount and
H18	approve the sufficiency of bonds.
19	SECTION 96. 757.69 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
20	757.69 (lm) Circuit court commissioners assigned to assist a court in juvenile
21	matters shall sit at the children's court center, the usual court facility for juvenile
22	matters or such other facility designated by the chief judge of the judicial
23	administrative district. Those commissioners may not do any of the following:
24	(a) Conduct fact-finding or dispositional hearings except on petitions or
25	citations under s. 938 125 and except as provided in sub. (1) (g) 5

	(b) Make dispositions other than approving consent decrees, ordering
	compliance with deferred prosecution agreements and ordering dispositions in
	uncontested proceedings under s. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12 or 938.13.
	(c) Conduct hearings for the termination of parental rights or for adoptions.
	(d) Make changes in placements of children, of juveniles or of the expectant
	mothers of unborn children, or revisions or extensions of dispositional orders, except
	pursuant to petitions or citations under s. 938.125 and in uncontested proceedings
	under s. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12 or 938.13.
	(e) Conduct hearings, make findings or issue orders in proceedings under s.
	48.977 or 48.978.
	(f) Conduct waiver hearings under s. 938.18, except as provided in sub. (1) (g)
	5.
	(g) Make any dispositional order under s. 938.34 (4d), (4h) or (4m).
	SECTION 97. 757.69 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
)	757.69 (2) (intro.) A judge may refer to a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner appointed
)	under s. 48.065, 757.68, 757.72, 767 or 938.065 St. 75.02(1) cases in which:
	SECTION 98. 757.69 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
	757.69 (2) (a) The trial of an issue of fact requires the examination of an
	account, in which case the circuit court commissioner may be directed to report upon
	any specific question of fact involved therein.
	SECTION 99. 757.69 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:
	757.69 (2m) Circuit court commissioners may exercise, under their own
	authority, all of the powers listed under s. 757.675 (2) to (5).
	Section 100. 757.69 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 757.675 (2), and 757.675
	(2) (intro.) and (g), as renumbered, are amended to read:

1	757.675 (2) (intro.) Court Supplemental court commissioners appointed under
2	s. 48.065, 757.68, 757.7.2, .767.13 or 938.065 may, under their own authority:
3	(g) Except as provided in s. 767.13 (5) (e) <u>757.69 (1) (p) 3.</u> , conduct a paternity
4	proceeding according to the procedures set out in ch. 767 whenever a circuit court
5	commissioner is specifically authorized to do so.
6	SECTION 101. 757.69 (4) and (5) of the statutes are renumbered 757.675 (3) and
7	(4) and amended to read:
8	757.675 (3) In addition to the duties expressly set forth in sub. (3) (2) (a) to (e)
9	(i), a sunnlemental court commissioner may perform other ministerial duties as
10	required by a court.
11	(4) A sunnlemental court commissioner may transfer to a court any matter in
12	which it appears that justice would be better served by such a transfer.
13	SECTION 102. 757.69 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
14	SECTION 103. 757.69 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 757.675 (5) and amended
15	to read:
16	757.675 (5) A supplemental court commissioner shall refer to a court of record
17	for appropriate action every alleged showing of contempt in the carrying out of the
18	lawful decisions of the <u>supplemental court</u> commissioner.
19	SECTION 104. 757.69 (8) of the statutes is created to read:
20	757.69 (8) Any decision of a circuit court commissioner shall be reviewed by the
21	judge of the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon motion by any
22	party. Any determination, order or ruling by a circuit court commissioner may be
23	certified to the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon a motion
24	of any party for a hearing de novo.
25	SECTION 105. 757.695 of the statutes is repealed.

1 **SECTION** 106. 757.70 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 2 757.70 (2) All hearings before a circuit or supplemental court commissioner 3 shall be held in the county courthouse or other court facilities provided by law. This 4 provision does not apply to nontestimonial proceedings, supplementary hearings on 5 the present financial status of a debtor under s. 757.69 (3) <u>757.675 (2)</u> (h) or 6 depositions taken before a <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner. 7 **SECTION** 107. 757.72 (title) of the statutes is repealed. 8 SECTION 108. 757.72 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 757.68 (4m) and 9 amended to read: 10 757.68 (4m) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, there is 11 created in the classified civil service a circuit court commissioner nosition to 12 supervise the office of probate court commissioner and to assist the court in probate 13 matters. In counties having a population of at least 100,000 but not more than 14 500,000, the county board may create a circuit court commissioner position to 15 <u>supervise</u> the office of probate court commissioner which and to assist in nrobate 16 matters. That position may be in the classified civil service. If the chief judge. 17 delegates that authority to a judge assigned to probate jurisdiction, that judge may 18 assign to the circuit court commissioner any matters over which the judge has jurisdiction, and the circuit court commissioner may determine such matters and 19 20 may sign any order or certificate reauired by that determination. 21 **SECTION** 109. 757.72 (2) of the statutes is repealed. 22 **Section 110.** 757.72 (3) of the statutes is repealed. 23 **SECTION** 111. 757.72 (4) of the statutes is repealed. 24 **SECTION 112.** 757.72 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 851.73 (1) (g) and 25 amended to read:

1 851.73 (1) (g) The register in probate of a county shall Shall have the duties and 2 powers of a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner <u>assigned to assist in probate matters</u> and shall 3 act in that capacity when designated to do so by a judge assigned probate jurisdiction. 4 **SECTION** 113. 757.72 (6) of the statutes is repealed. 5 **SECTION 114.** 757.72 (7) of the statutes is repealed. **SECTION 115.** 757.72 (8) of the statutes is repealed. 6 **SECTION 116.** 757.81 (2) of the statutes is repealed. 7 **SECTION 117.** 757.81 (6) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 757.81 (6) "Permanent disability" means a physical or mental incapacity which 9 impairs the ability of a judge or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner to 10 11 substantially perform the duties of his or her judicial office and which is or is likely 12 to be of a permanent or continuing nature. **SECTION 118.** 757.85 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 13 14 757.85 (1) (a) The commission shall investigate any possible misconduct or 15 permanent disability of a judge or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner. Misconduct constitutes cause under article VII, section 11, of the constitution. 16 Except as provided in par. (b), judges, <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioners, 17 18 clerks, court reporters, court employes and attorneys shall comply with requests by the commission for information, documents and other materials relating to an 19 20 investigation under this section. **SECTION 119.** 757.85 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 21 757.85 (1) (b) The judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner who is 22 under investigation is not subject to the request procedure under par. (a) but is 23 subject to the subpoena procedure under sub. (2). 24 **SECTION** 120. 757.85 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: 25

757.85 (3) The commission may notify a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental court</u> commissioner that the commission is investigating possible misconduct by or permanent disability of the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental court commissioner</u>. Before finding probable cause, the commission shall notify the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental court commissioner</u> of the substance of the complaint or petition and afford the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental court commissioner</u> a reasonable opportunity to respond. If the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental court commissioner</u> responds, the commission shall consider the response before it finds probable cause.

SECTION 121. 757.85 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (4) The commission may require a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner who is under investigation for permanent disability to submit to a medical examination arranged by the commission.

Section 122. 757.85 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (5) The commission shall, upon a finding of probable cause that a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner has engaged or is engaging in misconduct, file a formal complaint with the supreme court. Upon a finding of probable cause that a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner has a permanent disability, the commission shall file a petition with the supreme court. If the commission requests a jury under s. 757.87 (1), the request shall be attached to the formal complaint or the petition.

SECTION 123. 757.87 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.87 (1) After the commission has found probable cause that a judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner has engaged in misconduct or has a permanent disability, and before the commission files a formal complaint or a petition under s. 757.85 (5), the commission may, by a majority of its total

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membership not disqualified from voting, request a jury hearing. If a jury is not requested, the matter shall be heard by a panel constituted under sub. (3). The vote of each member on the question of a jury request shall be recorded and shall be available for public inspection under s. 19.35 after the formal complaint or the petition is filed.

Section 124. 757.89 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.89 Hearing. A record shall be kept of any hearing on a formal complaint The allegations of the complaint or petition must be proven to a or a petition. reasonable certainty by evidence that is clear, satisfactory and convincing. The hearing shall be held in the county where the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner resides unless the presiding judge changes venue for cause shown or unless the parties otherwise agree. If the hearing is by a panel, the panel shall make findings of fact, conclusions of law and recommendations regarding appropriate discipline for misconduct or appropriate action for permanent disability and file the findings, conclusions and recommendations with the supreme court. If a jury hearing is requested under s. 757.87 (1), the presiding judge shall instruct the jury regarding the law applicable to judicial misconduct or permanent disability, as appropriate. The presiding judge shall file the jury verdict and his or her recommendations regarding appropriate discipline for misconduct or appropriate action for permanent disability with the supreme court.

SECTION 125, 757.93 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.93 (1) (a) All proceedings under ss. 757.81 to 757.99 relating to misconduct or permanent disability prior to the filing of a petition or formal complaint by the commission are confidential unless a judge or circuit or sunnlemental court commissioner waives the right to confidentiality in writing to the commission. Any

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1 such waiver does not affect the confidentiality of the identity of a person providing 2 information under par. (b). **SECTION 126.** 757.93 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 3 757.93 (1) (b) Any person who provides information to the commission 5 concerning possible misconduct or permanent disability may request that the 6 commission not disclose his or her identity to the judge or circuit or sunnlemental 7 court commissioner prior to the filing of a petition or a formal complaint by the 8 commission. 9 **SECTION** 127. 757.93 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 757.93 (2) If prior to the filing of a formal complaint or a petition an investigation of possible misconduct or permanent disability becomes known to the 12 public, the commission may issue statements in order to confirm the pendency of the 13 investigation, to clarify the procedural aspects of the disciplinary proceedings, to explain the right of the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner to a fair $\underline{\text{circuit or supplemental}}$ hearing without prejudgment, to state that the judge or court commissioner denies 14 **15**) 16 the allegations, to state that an investigation has been completed and no probable 17 cause was found or to correct public misinformation. 18 **SECTION** 128. 757.93 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 19 757.93 (4) (a) Referring to the director of state courts information relating to 20 an alleged delay or an alleged temporary disability of a judge or circuit or 21 supplemental court commissioner. 22 **Section 129.** 757.95 of the statutes is amended to read: 23 **757.95 Temporary suspension by supreme** court. The supreme court may, 24 following the filing of a formal complaint or a petition by the commission, prohibit a judge or <u>circuit or sunnlemental</u> court commissioner from exercising the powers of

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a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner pending final determination of the proceedings.

Section 130. 757.99 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.99 Attorney fees. A judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner against whom a petition alleging permanent disability is filed by the commission shall be reimbursed for reasonable attorney fees if the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner is found not to have a permanent disability. A judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner against whom a formal complaint alleging misconduct is filed by the commission and who is found not to have engaged in misconduct may be reimbursed for reasonable attorney fees. Any judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner seeking recovery of attorney fees authorized or required under this section shall file a claim with the claims board under s. 16.53.

SECTION 131. 765.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.11 (1) If any parent, grandparent, child, or natural guardian of a minor applicant for a marriage license, any brother, sister or guardian of either of the applicants for a marriage license, either of the applicants, the district attorney or the family a circuit court commissioner believes that the statements of the application are false or insufficient, or that the applicants or either of them are incompetent to marry, that person may file with the court having probate jurisdiction in the county in which the marriage license is applied for, a petition under oath, setting forth the grounds of objection to the marriage and asking for an order requiring the parties making such application to show cause why the marriage license should not be refused. Whereupon, the court, if satisfied that the grounds of objection are prima facie valid, shall issue an order to show cause as aforesaid, returnable as the court

directs, but not more than 14 days after the date of the order, which shall be served forthwith upon the applicants for the marriage license residing in the state, and upon the clerk before whom the application has been made, and shall operate as a stay upon the issuance of the marriage license until further ordered; if either or both of the applicants are nonresidents of the state the order shall be served forthwith upon the nonresident by publication of a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, in the county wherein the application is pending, and by mailing a copy thereof to the nonresident at the address contained in the application.

SECTION 132. 765.11 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.11 (2) If, upon hearing, the court finds that the statements in the application are wilfully false or insufficient, or that either or both of said parties are not competent in law to marry, the court shall make an order refusing the marriage license, and shall immediately report such matter to the district attorney. If said falseness or insufficiency is due merely to inadvertence, then the court shall permit the parties to amend the application so as to make the statements therein true and sufficient, and upon application being so amended, the marriage license shall be issued. If any party is unable to supply any of the information required in the application, the court may, if satisfied that such inability is not due to wilfulness or negligence, order the marriage license to be issued notwithstanding such insufficiency. The costs and disbursements of the proceedings under this section shall rest in the discretion of the court, but none shall be taxed against any district attorney or family circuit court commissioner acting in good faith.

SECTION 133. 765.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	765.16 (5) Any family court commissioner appointed thice 5-757.13 or circuit
2	court commissioner appointed under SCR 75.02 (1) or supplemental court
3	commissioner appointed under s. 757.68 7 <u>57.675 (11</u> .
4	SECTION 134. 767.045 (1) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	767.045 (1) (c) (intro.) The attorney responsible for support enforcement under
$\bigcirc 6$	s. 59.53 (6) (a) may request that the court or family circuit court commissioner
7	appoint a guardian ad litem to bring an action or motion on behalf of a minor who
8	is a nonmarital child whose paternity has not been acknowledged under s. 767.62 (1)
9	or a substantially similar law of another state or adjudicated for the purpose of
10	determining the paternity of the child, and the court or $\frac{family}{family}$ circuit court
11	commissioner shall appoint a guardian ad litem, if any of the following applies:
12	SECTION 135. 767.081 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	767.081 (title) Information from the office of family court commissioner.
14	SECTION 136. 767.081 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	767.081 (1) Upon the filing of an action affecting the family, the office of family
16	court commissioner shall inform the parties of any services, including referral
17	services, offered by the office of family court commissioner and by the director of
18	family court counseling services under s. 767.11.
19	SECTION 137. 767.081 (2) (a) (intro.> of the statutes is amended to read:
20	767.081 (2) (a) (intro.) The family circuit court commissioner shall, with or
21	without charge, provide the party with written information on the following, as
22	appropriate to the action commenced:
23	SECTION 138. 767.081 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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767.081 (2) (b) The family circuit court commissioner shall provide a party, for inspection or purchase, with a copy of the statutory provisions in this chapter generally pertinent to the action.

SECTION 139. 767.083 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.083 (2) An order by the court, after consideration of the recommendation of the family circuit court commissioner, directing an immediate hearing on the petition for the protection of the health or safety of either of the parties or of any child of the marriage or for other emergency reasons consistent with the policies of this chapter. The court shall upon granting such order specify the grounds therefor.

SECTION 140. 767.085 (1) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.085 (1) (i) If the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (h) or (i), that during the pendency of the action, without the consent of the other party or an order of the court or family circuit court commissioner, the parties are prohibited from, and may be held in contempt of court for, encumbering, concealing, damaging, destroying, transferring or otherwise disposing of property owned by either or both of the parties, except in the usual course of business, in order to secure necessities or in order to pay reasonable costs and expenses of the action, including attorney fees.

SECTION 141. 767.085 (1) (j) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.085 (1) (j) (intro.) Unless the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (g) or(h), that during the pendency of the action, the parties are prohibited from, and may be held in contempt of court for, doing any of the following without the consent of the other party or an order of the court or family/circuit court commissioner:

SECTION 142. 767.087 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.087 (1) (b) If the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (h) or (i), encumbering, concealing, damaging, destroying, transferring or otherwise disposing

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of property owned by either or both of the parties, without the consent of the other 1 party or an order of the court or family circuit court commissioner, except in the usual 3 course of business, in order to secure necessities or in order to pay reasonable costs and expenses of the action, including attorney fees. 5 **SECTION** 143. 767.087 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 6 767.087 (1) (c) Unless the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (g) or (h), without (7) the consent of the other party or an order of the court or family/circuit court 8 commissioner, establishing a residence with a minor child of the parties outside the 9 state or more than 150 miles from the residence of the other party within the state, 10 removing a minor child of the parties from the state for more than 90 consecutive 11 days or concealing a minor child of the parties from the other party. 12 **SECTION** 144. 767.087 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 13 767.087 (2) The prohibitions under sub. (1) shall apply until the action is 14 dismissed, until a final judgment in the action is entered or until the court or family (15/ <u>court</u> commissioner orders otherwise. 16 **SECTION 145.** 767.11 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 17 767.11 (1) (c) A county or counties may designate a the supervisor of the office 18 of family court commissioner as the director under par. (a) or (b). 19 **SECTION 146.** 767.11 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 20 767.11 (5) (a) In any action affecting the family, including a revision of 21 judgment or order under s. 767.32 or 767.325, in which it appears that legal custody or physical placement is contested, the court or family circuit court commissioner 23 shall refer the parties to the director of family court counseling services for possible 24 The court or the family circuit court mediation of those contested issues. 25 commissioner shall inform the parties that the confidentiality of communications in

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mediation is waived if the parties stipulate under sub. (14) (c) that the person who provided mediation to the parties may also conduct the legal custody or physical placement study under sub. (14).

SECTION 147. 767.11 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (5) (b) If both parties to any actiongffecting the family wish to have joint legal custody of a child, either party may request the court or family circuit court commissioner&refer the parties to the director of family court counseling services for assistance in resolving-any problem relating to joint legal custody and physical placement of the child. Upon request, the court shall so refer the parties.

SECTION 148. 767.11 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (5) (c) A person who is awarded periods of physical placement, a child of such a person, a person with visitation rights or a person with physical custody of a child may notify the family ircuit court commissioner of any problem he or she has relating to any of these matters. Upon notification, the family circuit court commissioner may refer any person involved in the matter to the director of family court counseling services for assistance in resolving the problem.

SECTION 149. 767.11 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (6) Action upon referral. Whenever a court or family circuit court commissioner refers a party to the director of family court counseling services for possible mediation, the director shall assign a mediator to the case. The mediator shall provide mediation if he or she determines it is appropriate. If the mediator determines mediation is not appropriate, he or she shall so notify the court. Whenever a court or family circuit court commissioner refers a party to the director of family court counseling services for any other family court counseling service, the director shall take appropriate action to provide the service.

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SECTION 150. 767.11 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (7) PRIVATE MEDIATOR. The parties to any action affecting the family may, at their own expense, receive mediation services from a mediator other than one who provides services under sub. (3). Parties who receive services from such a mediator shall sign and file with the director of family court counseling services and with the court or family circuit court commissioner a written notice stating the mediator's name and the date of the first meeting with the mediator.

SECTION 151. 767.11 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (13) POWERS OF COURT OR FAMILY CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONER. Except as provided in sub. (8), referring parties to mediation under this section does not affect the power of the court or family circuit court commissioner to make any necessary order relating to the parties during the course of the mediation.

SECTION 152. 767.115 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.115 **(1)** (a) At any time during the pendency of an action affecting the family in which a minor child is involved and in which the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner determines that it is appropriate and in the best interest of the child, the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner, on its own motion, may order the parties to attend a program specified by the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner concerning the effects on a child of a dissolution of the marriage.

SECTION 153. 767.115 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.115 **(1)** (b) At any time during the pendency of an action to determine the paternity of a child, or an action affecting the family for which the underlying action was an action to determine the paternity of a child, if the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner determines that it is appropriate and in the best interest of the child, the court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner, on its own motion, may order either

1 or both of the parties to attend a program specified by the court or family circuit court 2 commissioner providing training in parenting or coparenting skills, or both. 3 **SECTION 154.** 767.115 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 767.115 (**1m**) A program under sub. (1) shall be educational rather than 5 therapeutic in nature and may not exceed a total of 4 hours in length. The parties 6 shall be responsible for the cost, if any, of attendance at the program. The court or 7 family circuit court commissioner may specifically assign responsibility for payment 8 of any cost. No facts or information obtained in the course of the program, and no 9 report resulting from the program, is admissible in any action or proceeding. 10 **SECTION 155.** 767.115 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 767.115 (2) Notwithstanding s. 767.07, the court or family circuit court commissioner may require the parties to attend a program under sub. (1) as a 12 13 condition to the granting of a final judgment or order in the action affecting the 14 family that is pending before the court or family circuit court commissioner. 15 **SECTION 156.** 767.12 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 767.12 (1) Proceedings. In actions affecting the family, all hearings and trials 17 to determine whetherjudgment shall be granted, except hearings under s. 767.13(5) 18 757.69 (1) (p) 3., shall be before the court. The testimony shall be taken by the 19 reporter and shall be written out and filed with the record if so ordered by the court. 20 Custody proceedings shall receive priority in being set for hearing. 21 **Section** 157. 767.125 of the statutes is amended to read: 22 **767.125 Order for appearance of litigants.** Unless nonresidence in the 23 state is shown by competent evidence, service is by publication, or the court shall for 24 other good cause otherwise order, both parties in actions affecting the family shall

be required to appear upon the trial. An order of the court or family circuit court

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commissioner to that effect shall accordingly be procured by the moving party, and shall be served upon the nonmoving party before the trial. In the case of a joint petition the order is not required.

SECTION 158. 767.13 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 159. 767.13 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 757.68 (2m) (a) and amended to read:

757.68 (2m) (a) Counties other than Milwaukee. 1. 'Appointment' In each county, except in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, the circuit judges for the county, subject to the approval of the chiefjudge of the judicial administrative district? shall, by order filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court on or before the first Monday of July of each year, appoint some reputable attorney of recognized ability and standing at the bar as the a circuit court commissioner to supervise the office of family court commissioner for the county.

2. 'Powers; civil service; oath; temporary appointment; assistants. The family court commissioner, by virtue of the office and en the extent required for the performance of the duties, has the powers of a court commissioner. The circuit court commissioner appointed to supervise the office of family court commissioner is in addition to the maximum number of court commissioners permitted by s. 757.68. The circuit court commissioner supervising the office of the family court commissioner, or any assistant circuit court commissioner assisting in family matters, may be placed under a county civil service system by resolution of the county board. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties the family court commissioner shall take and file the official oath. The person appointed shall continue to act until a successor is appointed and qualified, except that in the event of disability or extended absence the judges may appoint another reputable attorney

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to act as temporary family court commissioner. The county board may provide that
one or more assistant family court commissioners shall be appointed by the circuit
judges for the county, subject to the approval of the chief judge of the judicia
administrative district. An assistant family court commissioner shall have the same
qualifications as the commissioner and shall take and file the official oath.
SECTION 160. 767.13 (2) (title) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 161. 767.13 (2) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 757.68 (2m) (b) and
amended to read:
757.68 (2m) (b) Appointment; assistants; civil service Milwaukee County. In
counties having a population of 500,000 or more, there is created in the classified civil
service <u>a circuit court commissioner position to sunervise</u> the office of family court
commissioner and such additional assistant family circuit court commissioners
commissioner nositions as the county board shall determine and authorize, who
<u>Circuit court commissioners</u> shall be appointed from the membership of the bar
residing in the county to these nositions by the chief judge of the judicial
administrative district under ss. 63.01 to 63.17 SCR 75.02 (1).
SECTION 162. 767.13 (2) (b), (3) and (4) of the statutes are repealed.
SECTION 163. 767.13 (5) (title) and (a) (title) of the statutes are repealed.
SECTION 164. 767.13 (5) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (p) and
amended to read:
757.69 (1) (p) On authority delegated by a judge, which may be by a standard
order, and with the approval of the chief judge of the judicial administrative district,
a family When assigned to assist in matters affecting the family:
1. A circuit court commissioner may preside at any hearing held to determine
whether a judgment of divorce shall be granted, if both parties state that the

marriage is irretrievably broken and that all material issues, including but not
limited to division of property or estate, legal custody, physical placement, child
support, spousal maintenance and family support, are resolved or if one party does
not participate in the action for divorce. The family circuit court commissioner may
grant and enter judgment in any action over which he or she presides under this
paragraph subdivision unless the judgment modifies an agreement between the
parties on material issues. If the $\underline{\textbf{family}}\underline{\textbf{circuit}}$ court commissioner does not approve
an agreement between the parties on material issues, the action shall be certified to
the court for trial.
SECTION 165. 767.13 (5) (b) (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 166. 767.13 (5) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (p) 2. and

amended to read:

757.69 (1) (p)2. On authority delegated by a judge, which may be by a standard order, a family A circuit court commissioner may conduct hearings and enter judgments in actions for enforcement of, or revision of judgment for, maintenance, custody, physical placement or visitation.

SECTION 167. 767.13 (5) (c) (title) of the statutes is repealed.

support obligation and in actions to revise orders or judgments for child support or

family support.

SECTION 169. 767.13 (6) of the statutes is repealed.

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circuit court commissioner supervising the

SECTION 170. 767.13 (7) (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 171. 767.13 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (p) 4. and amended to read:

757.69 (1) (p) 4. Each family A circuit court commissioner shall cooperate with the county and the department to ensure that all dependent children receive reasonable and necessary child support.

SECTION 172. 767.14 of the statutes is amended to read:

767.14 Service on office of family court commissioner and appearance by family circuit court commissioner. In any action affecting the family, each party shall, either within 20 days after making service on the opposite party of any petition or pleading or before filing such petition or pleading in court, serve a copy of the same upon the office of family court commissioner of the county in which the action is begun, whether such action is contested or not. No judgment in any such action shall be granted unless this section is complied with except when otherwise ordered by the court. Such A circuit court commissioner assisting in matters affecting the family may appear in an action under this chapter when appropriate; and shall appear when requested by the court.

SECTION 173. 767.145 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.145 (1) After the expiration of the period specified by the statute, the court may in its discretion, upon petition and without notice, extend the time within which service shall be made upon the office of family court commissioner.

SECTION 174. 767.15 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.15 (1) In any action affecting the family in which either party is a recipient of benefits under ss. 49.141 to 49.161 or aid under s. 46.261, 49.19 or 49.45, each party shall, either within 20 days after making service on the opposite party of any motion

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or pleading requesting the court or family circuit court commissioner to order, or to modify a previous order, relating to child support, maintenance or family support, or before filing the motion or pleading in court, serve a copy of the motion or pleading upon the county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) of the county in which the action is begun.

SECTION 175. 767.16 of the statutes is amended to read:

767.16 Family Circuit court commissioner or law partner; when interested; procedure. Neither a family circuit court commissioner assisting in matters affecting the family nor a partner may appear in any action affecting the family in any court held in the county in which the family circuit court commissioner is acting, except when authorized to appear by s. 767.14. In case the circuit court commissioner or a partner shall be in any way interested in such action, the presiding judge shall appoint some reputable attorney to perform the services enjoined upon such family the circuit court commissioner and such. The appointed attorney,- shall take and file the oath and receive the compensation provided by law.

SECTION 176. 767.17 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 177. 767.23 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (1) (intro.) Except as provided in ch. 822, in every action affecting the family, the court or family circuit court commissioner may, during the pendency thereof, make just and reasonable temporary orders concerning the following matters:

SECTION 178. 767.23 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (1) (a) Upon request of one party, granting legal custody of the minor children to the parties jointly, to one party solely or to a relative or agency specified

under s. 767.24 (3). The court or family circuit court commissioner may order joint legal custody without the agreement of the other party and without the findings required under s. 767.24 (2) (b) 2. This order may not have a binding effect on a final custody determination.

SECTION 179. 767.23 (1) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (1) (am) Upon the request of a party, granting periods of physical placement to a party. The court or family circuit court commissioner shall make a determination under this paragraph within 30 days after the request for a temporary order regarding periods of physical placement is filed.

SECTION 180. 767.23 (lm) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 **(Im)** If a family circuit court commissioner believes that a temporary restraining order or injunction under s. 813.12 is appropriate in an action, the circuit court commissioner shall inform the parties of their right to seek the order or injunction and the procedure to follow. On a motion for such a restraining order or injunction, the family circuit court commissioner shall submit the motion to the court within 5 working days.

SECTION 181. 767.23 (1n) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.23 (1n) Before making any temporary order under sub. (1), the court or family circuit court commissioner shall consider those factors which the court is required by this chapter to consider before entering a final judgment on the same subject matter. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a temporary child support order that deviates from the amount of support that would be required by using the percentage standard established by the department under s. 49.22 (9), the court or family circuit court commissioner shall comply with the requirements of s. 767.25 (In). A temporary order under sub. (1) may be based upon the written

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stipulation of the parties, subject to the approval of the court or the family circuit court commissioner. Temporary orders made by the family circuit court commissioner may be reviewed by the court as provided in s. 767.13 (6).

SECTION 182. 767.25 (4m) (f) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

767.25 (4m) (f) 2. The notice provided to the parent shall inform the parent that coverage for the child under the new employer's health benefit plan will be in effect upon the employer's receipt of the notice. The notice shall inform the parent that he or she may, within 10 business days after receiving the notice, by motion request a hearing before the court on the issue of whether the order to provide coverage of the child's health care expenses should remain in effect. A motion under this subdivision may be heard by a family before the court prominessioner equests and the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the order to provide coverage of the child's health care expenses should not remain in effect, the court shall provide notice to the employer that the order is no longer in effect.

SECTION 183. 767.265 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 191, section 411, is amended to read:

767.265 (1) Each order for child support under this chapter, for maintenance payments under s. 767.23 or 767.26, for family support under this chapter, for costs ordered under s. 767.51 (3) or 767.62 (4) (a), for support by a spouse under s. 767.02 (1) (f) or formaintenance payments under s. 767.02 (1) (g), each order for a revision in a judgment or order with respect to child support, maintenance or family support payments under s. 767.32, each stipulation approved by the court or the family circuit court commissioner for child support under this chapter and each order for child or spousal support entered under s. 948.22 (7) constitutes an assignment of all commissions, earnings, salaries, wages, pension benefits, benefits under ch. 102 or

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108, lottery prizes that are payable in instalments and other money due or to be due in the future to the department or its designee. The assignment shall be for an amount sufficient to ensure payment under the order or stipulation and to pay any arrearages due at a periodic rate not to exceed 50% of the amount of support due under the order or stipulation so long as the addition of the amount toward arrearages does not leave the party at an income below the poverty line established under 42 USC 9902 (2).

SECTION 184. 767.265 (2h) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.265 (**2h**) If a court-ordered assignment does not require immediately effective withholding and a payer fails to make a required maintenance, child support, spousal support or family support payment within 10 days after its due date, within 20 days after the payment's due date the court or family circuit court commissioner shall cause the assignment to go into effect by providing notice of the assignment in the manner provided under sub. (2r) and shall send a notice by regular mail to the last–known address of the payer. The notice sent to the payer shall inform the payer that an assignment is in effect and that the payer may, within a lo-day period, by motion request a hearing on the issue of whether the assignment should remain in effect. The court or <u>family circuit</u> court commissioner shall hold a hearing requested under this subsection within 10 working days after the date of the request. If at the hearing the payer establishes that the assignment is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family circuit court commissioner may direct that the assignment be withdrawn. Either party may, within 15 working days after the date of a decision by a family circuit court commissioner under this subsection, seek review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.