					1999 Session	
					LRB or Bill No./Adm. Rule No.	
	X	ORIGINAL	□ UPDATED		AB 381 (99-1761/1)	
FISCALESTIMATE		CORRECTED	☐ SUPPLEME	NTAL	Amendment No. if Applicable	
DOA-2048 N(R10/98)						
Jury Trial Requests in Municipal Courts						
Fiscal Effect			T			
State: No State Fiscal Effect Check columns below only if bill makes a direct appropriation or affects a sum sufficient appropriation.				1	☐ Increase Costs - May be possible to Absorb Within Agency's Budget ☐ Yes ☐ No	
☐ Increase Existing Appropriation ☐ Increase Existing Revenues ☐ Decrease Existing Appropriation ☐ Decrease Existing Revenues ☐ Create New Appropriation				K Decrease	□ Decrease Costs □ Decrease Costs	
Local: No local government of	osts			_		
1. Increase Costs				5. Types of Local Governmental Units Affected:		
Permissive Mano		Permissive		Towns	X Villages ☐ Cities	
2. Decrease Costs Permissive Management	- 1	 Decrease R Permissive 		Counties	Others stricts WTCS Districts	
Fund Sources Affected	atory	remissive		ted Ch. 20 Appropris		
☐ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO	☐ PRS	SEG SEG-				
Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate						
Present law allows first time OWI offenders who are scheduled to						
appear in municipal court to request a jury trial. The case is						
then transferred to circuit court for disposition. All other						
ordinance violations in municipal court are not allowed to make						
a jury trial request or appeal to the circuit court until after						
the municipal court handles the violation. This bill would not						
allow first time OWI offenders to make a jury trial prior to the						
municipal court handling this case.						
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In 1998, approximately 13,600 OWI cases were handled by						
municipal courts of which nearly 400 requested a jury trial and						
were transferred to circuit court. It is not know how many of						
this 400 actually resulted in a jury trial in circuit court.						
Under this bill it is possible that the number of jury requests						
would decrease if the municipal court first handles the case and						
the defendant does not subsequently appeal the case to the						
circuit court and ask for a jury trial. The savings in circuit						
court and juror time are impossible to predict with the data						
available. The additional workload for the municipal courts is						
not expected to be significant.						
Long-Range Fiscal Implications						
Agency/Prepared by: (Name & Phone N	· ·	I Anth	orized Signature/Tel	ephone No.	Date _ / 1 5 / 2 2	
Director of State C	ourts	s Auti		L	7/16/99	