

State af Misconsin

LRB-2853(P) MGD&JEO:wlj:jf

RMR

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

TODAY

AN ACT to renumber 51.37 (11), 157.02 (1) and 976.06; to renumber and amend 252.14 (1) (ad), 252.15 (1) (ad) and 801.02 (7) (b); to amend 16.385 (7), 19.32 (le), 19.35 (1) (am) 2. c., 19.35 (3) (f), 20.410 (1) (kc), 20.903 (2) (c), 29.199, 38.04 (12), 38.14 (3) (a), 38.24 (1m) (d), 46.011 (2), 49.32 (7) (d), 49.47 (6) (c) 3., 51.20 (1) (ar) (intro.), 51.20 (7) (b), 51.20 (7) (c), 51.20 (11) (a), 51.20 (13) (a) 3., 51.20 (13) (a) 4., 51.20 (13) (a) 5., 51.20 (13) (g) 2m., 51.20 (19) (b) 1., 51.30 (4) (b) 10. (intro.), 51.30 (4) (b) 12., 51.35 (1) (a), 51.35 (6) (a), 51.37 (5) (b), 51.37 (5) (b), 51.37 (8) (a), 51.37 (8) (b), 51.39, 51.42 (3) (as) 1., 51.45 (15) (b), 51.61 (1) (c), 59.29 (1) (b), 77.996 (2) (f), 101.123 (4) (bm), 115.762 (4), 115.787 (6) (a) 1., 115.787 (6) (a) 2., 115.787 (6) (b), 165.84 (4), 165.84 (5), 227.43 (1) (bg), 252.02 (4), 252.02 (5), 252.06 (6) (b), 252.14 (2) (intro.), 252.14 (2) (am), 252.14 (2) (bm), 252.15 (1) (ab), 252.15 (2) (a) 7. a., 301.03 (12), 301.035 (2), 301.035 (4), 301.105 (intro.), 301.287, 301.33 (2), 301.33 (3), 301.36 (1) and (6), 301.372, 301.373 (9) (a), 302.01, 302.02 (5) (a), 302.02 (5) (b), 302.055, 302.07, 302.09, 302.095 (2), 302.12 (1), 302.13, 302.14, 302.18 (l), 302.27, 303.063 (1),

303.069 (title), 304.06 (1) (b), 447.06 (2) (a) 4., 782.01 (l), 782.45 (title), 801.02 (7) (a) 1., 801.02 (7) (a) 3., 801.02 (7) (bm) (intro.), 806.025 (l), 807.15 (l), 813.40 (1) (b) 3. (intro.), 814.29 (lm) (c) 2., 814.29 (lm) (e), 893.735 (l), 898.01, 940.20 (l), 940.29, 941.237 (1) (b), 941.29 (6), 946.43, 946.44 (2) (c), 946.44 (2) (d), 946.45 (2) (c), 946.45 (2) (d), 946.47 (2) (b), 948.50 (4) (a), 968.255 (7) (a), 971.11 (title), 971.11 (l), 971.11 (6) and 973.15 (4) (a); to repeal and recreate 302.095 (2); and to create 20.410 (1) (hq), 20.410 (1) (hv), 20.903 (2) (bs), 51.37 (11) (b), 101.123 (1) (dq), 101.123 (1) (ds), 101.123 (2) (a) 6m., 101.123 (4) (am) 2m., 157.02 (1) (b), 252.14 (1) (ad) 1. and 2., 252.14 (1) (e), 252.14 (1) (f), 252.15 (1) (ad) 1. and 2., 252.15 (1) (au), 301.01 (2) (e), 301.01 (2g) and (2m), 301.03 (8m), 301.371, 301.372, 301.373, 301.374, 301.376, 301.378, 301.379, 302.11 (ll), 302.386 (5) (e), 782.45 (3), 782.47, 801.02 (7) (a) 4., 801.02(7) (a)5., 801.02(7) (b) 2., 806.025 (3), 961.01 (12m) (g), 976.01 (4m), 976.05 (16) and 976.06 (2) of the statutes; relating to: construction and operation of private prisons, requiring the exercise of rule-making authority and making an appropriation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version. For further information **see** the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 16.385 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.385 (7) **Individuals** in STATE prisons. No payment under sub. (6) may be made to a prisoner who is imprisoned in a state prison under s. 302.01 or, to a person placed at a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), or a secured

child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), arrivate nrison. as defined in s. 301.01 (2g).

SECTION 2. 19.32 (1e) of the statutes is amended to read:

19.32 (le) "Penal facility" means a state prison under s. 302.01, <u>private prison</u>, <u>as defined in s. 301.01 (2g)</u>, county jail, county house of correction or other state, county or municipal correctional or detention facility.

SECTION 3. 19.35 (1) (am) 2. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

19.35 (1) (am) 2. c. Endanger the security of any state correctional institution, as defined in s. 301.01 (4), private nrison. as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), jail, as defined in s. 165.85 (2) (bg), secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), mental health institute, as defined in s. 51.01 (12), center for the developmentally disabled, as defined in s. 51.01 (3), or the population or staff of any of these institutions, facilities or jails.

SECTION 4. 19.35 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

19.35 (3) (f) An authority may require prepayment by a requester of any fee or fees imposed under this subsection if the total amount exceeds \$5. If the requester is a prisoner, as defined in s. 301.01 (2), or is a person confined in a federal correctional institution or nrivate prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), located in this state, and he or she has failed to pay any fee that was imposed by the authority for a request made previously by that requester, the authority may require prepayment both of the amount owed for the previous request and the amount owed for the current request.

SECTION 5. 20.410 (1) (hq) of the statutes is created to read:

under s. 13.101.

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1	20.410 (1) (hq) Private prison regulation. All moneys received from private
2	prisons under s. 301.373 (9) for the costs of regulating the construction and operation
3	of private prisons.
4	Section 6. 20.410 (1) (hv) of the statutes is created to read:
5	20.410 (1) (hv) Training private prison employes. All moneys received from
6	private prison employes under s. 301.373 (3) (a) for the costs of their training.
7	SECTION 7. 20.410 (1) (kc) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	20.410 (1) (kc) Correctional institution enterprises; inmate activities and
9	employment. All moneys received from state correctional institution enterprises
10	involving the activities of inmates, excluding moneys received from canteen
11	operations, prison industries and correctional farms, to conduct <u>state</u> correctional
12	institution enterprises and inmate employment projects.
13	SECTION 8. 20.903 (2) (bs) of the statutes is created to read:
14	20.903 (2) (bs) Notwithstanding sub. (l), liabilities may be created and moneys
15	expended from the appropriations under s. $20.410\ (1)\ (hq)$ in an additional amount
16	not to exceed the amount of money anticipated to be received during the remainder
17	of the biennium.
18	SECTION 9. 20.903 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	20.903 (2) (c) All expenditures authorized by this subsection are subject to the
20	estimate approval procedure provided in s. 16.50 (2). Notwithstanding pars. (a), (b)
21	and, (bn) and (bs), the maximum amounts that may be expended from a program
22	revenue or program revenue-service appropriation which is limited to the amounts
23	in the schedule are the amounts in the schedule, except as authorized by the
24	department of administration under s. 16.515 or the joint committee on finance

SECTION 10. 29.199 of the statutes is amended to read:

29.199 Authorizations for certain patients and institutionalized persons to fish. The department shall issue an authorization without charge to a county hospital, state or federal mental hospital, state correctional institution or nonprofit institution located in this state for rehabilitation purposes upon request of the superintendent of the institution. The authorization permits a resident of the hospital or institution who is supervised by an employe of the hospital or institution to fish for fish subject to all other provisions of law.

SECTION 11. 38.04 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:

38.04 (12) **Prison inmate educational programs**. The board may establish vocational educational programs for inmates within the state correctional system of correctional facilities and contract with the departments of corrections and health and family services and nrivate nrisons. as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), for reimbursement of that portion of the district program costs which exceeds amounts received as state and federal aid.

SECTION 12. 38.14 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

38.14 (3) (a) The district board may enter into contracts to provide educational services to public and private educational institutions, federal and state agencies, local governmental bodies, private prisons. as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), industries and businesses.

SECTION 13. 38.24 (lm) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

38.24 (1m) (d) *Programs for inmates*. Uniform fees, for vocational programs or courses offered at a district facility to state prison inmates at a district facility by the department of corrections or the department of health and family services in cooperation with a district board or to inmates of a nrivate nrison. as defined in s.

1	301.01 (2g), under ss. 38.04 (12) and 38.14 (3) (a), equal to the fees established under
2	par. (b).
3	SECTION 14. 46.011 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	46.011 (2) "Prisoner" means any person who is either arrested, incarcerated,
5	imprisoned or otherwise detained in excess of 12 hours by any law enforcement
6	agency of this state, except when detention is pursuant to s. 51.15, 51.20, 51.45 (11)
7	(b) or 55.06 (11) (a)or ch. 980. "Prisoner" does not include any person who is serving
8	a sentence of detention under s. 973.03 (4) unless the person is in the county jail
9	under s. 973.03 (4) (c) and does not include an inmate of a private prison, as defined
10	<u>in s. 301.01 (2g)</u> .
11	SECTION 15. 49.32 (7) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	49.32 (7) (d) The department, with assistance from the department of
13	corrections, shall conduct a program to periodically match the records of persons
14	confined in state correctional facilities with the records of recipients of medical
15	assistance under s. 49.46, 49.468 or 49.47, aid to families with dependent children
16	under s. 49.19 and the food stamp program under 7 USC 2011 to 2029 to identify
17	recipients who may be ineligible for benefits.
18	SECTION 16. 49.47 (6) (c) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
19	49.47 (6) (c) 3. Care or services for an individual who is an inmate of a nrivate
20	prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), or a public institution, except as a patient in a
21	medical institution or a resident in an intermediate care facility.
22	SECTION 17. 51.20 (1) (ar) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	51.20 (1) (ar) If the individual is an inmate of a state prison, the petition may
24	allege that the inmate is mentally ill, is a proper subject for treatment and is in need

of treatment. The petition shall allege that appropriate less restrictive forms of

treatment have been attempted with the individual and have been unsuccessful and it shall include a description of the less restrictive forms of treatment that were attempted. The petition shall also allege that the individual has been fully informed about his or her treatment needs, the mental health services available to him or her and his or her rights under this chapter and that the individual has had an opportunity to discuss his or **her needs**, the services available to him or her and his or her rights with a licensed physician or a licensed psychologist. The petition shall include the inmate's sentence and his or her expected date of release as determined under s. 302.11 or 302.113, whichever is applicable. The petition shall have attached to it a signed statement by a licensed physician or a licensed psychologist of a state prison or, if the individual is a private nrison inmate, by any licensed psychologist, or the prison's medical director, and a signed statement by a licensed physician or a licensed psychologist of a state treatment facility attesting either of the following:

SECTION 18. 51.20 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (7) (b) If the subject individual is not detained or is an inmate of a state prison, county jail or house of correction, the court shall hold a hearing within a reasonable time of the filing of the petition, to determine whether there is probable cause to believe the allegations made under sub. (1).

SECTION 19. 51.20 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (7) (c) If the court determines that there is probable cause to believe the allegations made under sub. (1), it shall schedule the matter for a hearing within 14 days from the time of detention of the subject individual, except as provided in sub. (8) (bg) or (bm) or (11) (a>. If a postponement has been granted under par. (a), the matter shall be scheduled for hearing within 21 days from the time of detention of the subject individual. If the subject individual is not detained under s. 51.15 or this

section or is an inmate of a state prison, county jail or house of correction, the hearing shall be scheduled within 30 days of the hearing to determine probable cause for commitment. In the event that the subject individual fails to appear for the hearing to determine probable cause for commitment, the court may issue an order for the subject individual's detention and shall hold the hearing to determine probable cause for commitment within 48 hours, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, from the'time that the individual is detained.

SECTION 20. 51.20 (11) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (11) (a) If before involuntary commitment a jury is demanded by the individual against whom a petition has been filed under sub. (1) or by the individual's counsel if the individual does not object, the court shall direct that a jury of 6 people be selected to determine if the allegations specified in sub. (1) (a), (ar) or (av) are true. A jury trial is deemed waived unless demanded at least 48 hours in advance of the time set for final hearing, if notice of that time has been previously provided to the subject individual or his or her counsel. If a jury trial demand is filed within 5 days of detention, the final hearing shall be held within 14 days of detention. If a jury trial demand is filed later than 5 days after detention, the final hearing shall be held within 14 days of the date of demand. If an inmate of a state prison, county jail or house of correction demands a jury trial within 5 days after the probable cause hearing. If an inmate of a state prison, county jail or house of correction demands a jury trial later than 5 days after the probable cause hearing, the final hearing shall be held within 28 days of the date of demand.

SECTION 21. 51.20 (13) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (13) (a) 3. If the individual is not an inmate of a state prison, county jail
or house of correction and the allegations specified in sub. (1) (a) are proven, order
commitment to the care and custody of the appropriate county department under s.
51.42 or 51.437, or if inpatient care is not required order commitment to outpatient
treatment under care of such county department; or
SECTION 22. 51.20 (13) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
51.20 (13) (a) 4. If the individual is an inmate of a state prison and the
allegations under sub. (1) (a) or (ar) are proven, order commitment to the department
and either authorize the transfer of the inmate to a state treatment facility or if
inpatient care is not needed authorize treatment on an outpatient basis in the prison;
or
SECTION 23. 51.20 (13) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:
51.20 (13) (a) 5. If the allegations specified in sub. (1) (a) are proven and the
subject individual is a nonresident who is not an inmate of a nrison, order
commitment to the department.
SECTION 24. 51.20 (13) (g) 2m. of the statutes is amended to read:
51.20 (13) (g) 2m. In addition to the provisions under subds. l., 2. and 2g., no
commitment ordered under par. (a) 4. or 4m. may continue beyond the inmate's date
of release en parole or extend supervision, as determined under s. 302.11 or
302.113, whichever is applicable
SECTION 25. 51.20 (19) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
51.20 (19) (b) 1. Establishing standards for the use of psychotropic drugs on
prisoners in a state inmates of a prison and inmates committed under sub. (1) (ar).
SECTION 26. 51.30 (4) (b) 10. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

SECTION 26

51.30 (4) (b) 10. (intro.) To a correctional facility or to a probation, extended supervision and parole agent who is responsible for the supervision of an individual who is receiving inpatient or outpatient evaluation or treatment under this chapter in a program that is operated by, or is under contract with, the department or a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437, or in a treatment facility, as a condition of the probation, extended supervision and parole supervision plan, or whenever such an individual is transferred from a state or local correctional facility or a nrivate prison to such a treatment program and is then transferred back to the correctional facility. Every probationer, parolee or person on extended supervision who receives evaluation or treatment under this chapter shall be notified of the provisions of this subdivision by the individual's probation, extended supervision and parole agent. Release of records under this subdivision is limited to:

SECTION 27. 51.30 (4) (b) 12. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (4) (b) 12. To a correctional officer of the department of corrections or an emnlove of a nrivate nrison who has custody of or is responsible for the supervision of an individual who is transferred or discharged from a treatment facility. Records released under this subdivision are limited to notice of the subject individual's change in status.

SECTION 28. 51.35 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (1) (a) The department or the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 may transfer any patient or resident who is committed to it, or who is admitted to a facility under its supervision or operating under an agreement with it, between treatment facilities or, with the exception of a person committed under s. 51.20 (13) (a) 4. or 4m., from a facility into the community if such transfer is consistent with reasonable medical and clinical judgment and consistent with s. 51.22 (5). The

transfer shall be made in accordance with par. (e). Terms and conditions which will benefit the patient or resident may be imposed as part of a transfer to a less restrictive treatment alternative. A patient or resident who is committed to the department or a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 may be required to take medications and receive treatment, subject to the right of the patient or resident to refuse medication and treatment under s. 51.61(1)(g) and (h), through a community support program as a term or condition of a transfer. The patient or resident shall be informed at the time of transfer of the consequences of violating such terms and conditions, including possible transfer back to a facility which imposes a greater restriction on personal freedom of the patient or resident.

SECTION 29. 51.35 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (6) (a) When the department has notice that any person other than a prisoner or a nrivate nrison inmate is entitled to receive care and treatment in a U.S. department of veterans affairs facility, the person may petition the department of health and family services for a transfer to such facility, and that department may procure admission to such facility in accordance with s. 45.30.

SECTION 30. 51.37 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.37 (5) (a) When a A licensed physician or licensed psychologist of a state prison, of a county jail or of the department of corrections reports in writing may submit written reports regarding prisoners. and the prison's medical director or any licensed psychologist may submit written reports regarding private prison inmates to the officer in charge of a jail or institution. If the report states that any prisoner or any private prison inmate is, in his or her the opinion of the medical director or psychologist, mentally ill, drug dependent, or developmentally disabled and is appropriate for treatment as described in s. 51.20 (l), or is an alcoholic and is

dangerous as described in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2.; or that the prisoner or inmate is mentally ill, drug dependent, developmentally disabled or is an alcoholic and is in need of psychiatric or psychological treatment, and that the prisoner or inmate voluntarily consents to a transfer for treatment, the officer shall make a written report to the department of corrections which may transfer the prisoner or authorize the transfer of the private orison inmate if a voluntary application is made and the department of health and family services consents. If voluntary application is not made the prisoner does not voluntarily consent to a transfer for treatment, the department of corrections may file a petition for involuntary commitment under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13). If the private prison inmate does not voluntarily consent to a transfer for treatment, the nrison's medical director shall file a petition for involuntary commitment under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13). Any time spent by a prisoner in an institution designated under sub. (3) or s. 51.37 (2), 1983 stats., shall be included as part of the individual's sentence.

SECTION 31. 51.37 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.37 (5) (b) The department of corrections or, if the individual is a private prison inmate, the nrison's medical director may authorize an emergency transfer of an individual from a prison, jail or other criminal detention facility to a state treatment facility if there is cause to believe that the individual is mentally ill, drug dependent or developmentally disabled and exhibits conduct which constitutes a danger as described in s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. a., b., c. or d. of physical harm to himself or herself or to others, or is mentally ill and satisfies the standard under s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. e. or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as provided in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2. The correctional custodian of the sending institution shall execute a statement of emergency detention or petition for emergency commitment for the individual and

deliver it to the receiving state treatment facility. The department of health and family services shall file the statement or petition with the court within 24 hours after receiving the subject individual for detention. The statement or petition shall conform to s. 51.15 (4) or (5) or 51.45 (12) (b). After an emergency transfer is made, the director of the receiving facility may file a petition for continued commitment under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13) or may return the individual to the institution from which the transfer was made. As an alternative to this procedure, the emergency detention procedure in s. 51.15 or 51.45 (12) may be used, except that no prisoner or inmate may be released without the approval of the court which directed confinement in the institution.

SECTION 32. 51.37 (5) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act 292 and 1999 Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:

51.37 (5) (b) The department of corrections or, if the individual is a nrivate prison inmate, the nrison's medical director may authorize an emergency transfer of an individual from a prison, jail **or other** criminal detention facility to a state treatment facility if there is cause to believe that the individual is mentally ill, drug dependent or developmentally disabled and exhibits conduct which constitutes a danger as described in s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. of physical harm to himself or herself or to others, or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as provided in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2. The correctional custodian of the sending institution shall execute a statement of emergency detention or petition for emergency commitment for the individual and deliver it to the receiving state treatment facility. The department of health and family services shall file the statement or petition with the court within 24 hours after receiving the subject individual for detention. The statement or petition shall conform to s. 51.15 (4) or (5) or 51.45 (12) (b). After an emergency transfer is made,

the director of the receiving facility may file a petition for continued commitment
under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13) or may return the individual to the institution from
which the transfer was made. As an alternative to this procedure, the emergency
detention procedure in s. 51.15 or 51.45 (12) may be used, except that no prisoner or
inmate may be released without the approval of the court which directed
confinement in the institution.

SECTION 33. 51.37 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.37 (8) (a) Rights to reexamination under s. 51.20 (16) apply to a prisoner or inmate who is found to be mentally ill or drug dependent except that the petition shall be made to the court that made the finding or, if the prisoner or inmate is detained by transfer, to the circuit court of the county in which he or she is detained. If upon rehearing it is found that the standards for recommitment under s. 51.20 (13) (g) no longer apply to the prisoner or inmate or that he or she is not in need of psychiatric or psychological treatment, the prisoner or inmate shall be returned to the prison or county jail or house of correction unless i-t one of the following applies:

1. In the case of a prisoner, it is past his or her release date as determined under s. 302.11 or 302.113, whichever is applicable, in which case he or she shall be discharged.

2. In the case of a nrivate prison inmate, it is nast his or her release date or the sending iurisdiction, as defined in s. 301.371 (4), is to transfer the inmate to another facility, in which case the person will be returned to the sending iurisdiction.

SECTION 34. 51.37 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.37 (8) (b) If the condition of any prisoner or inmate committed or transferred under this section requires psychiatric or psychological treatment after his or her date of release as determined under s. 302.11 or 302.113, whichever is applicable, the

director of the state treatment facility shall, within a reasonable time before the release date of the prisoner or inmate, make a written application to the court which committed the prisoner or inmate under sub. (5) (a). Thereupon, the proceeding shall be upon application made under s. 51.20, but no physician or psychologist who is connected with a state prison, Winnebago or Mendota mental health institute or any county jail or house of correction may be appointed as an examiner. If the court does not commit the prisoner or inmate, it may dismiss the application and order the prisoner or inmate returned to the institution from which he or she was transferred until the release date of the prisoner or inmate. If the court commits the prisoner or inmate for the period commencing upon his or her release date, the commitment shall be to the care and custody of the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437.

SECTION 35. 51.37 (11) of the statutes is renumbered 51.37 (11) (a).

SECTION 36. 51.37 (11) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

51.37 **(11)** (b) When an individual who is in the custody of a private prison is transferred or discharged from a treatment facility, the treatment facility shall notify the private prison and the department of corrections as soon as possible. When an individual who is in the custody of a private prison is on unauthorized absence from a treatment facility, the treatment facility shall notify the private prison, the department of corrections, the sheriff of the county in which the treatment facility is located and the local law enforcement agency for the city, village or town in which the treatment facility is located as soon as it learns that the individual is on unauthorized absence.

Section 37. 51.39 of the statutes is amended to read:

51.39 Resident patients on unauthorized absence. If any patient who is admitted under s. 51.13, 51.15, 51.20, 51.45 (11) (b), (12) or (13) or 55.06 or ch. 971,

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975 or 980 or transferred under s. 51.35 (3) or 51.37 is on unauthorized absence from a treatment facility, the sheriff or any other law enforcement agency in the county in which the patient is found or in which it is believed the patient may be present, upon the request of the director, shall take charge of and return the patient to the facility. The costs in cident to the return of immate shall be paid out of the facility's operating funds and be charged back to the patient's county of residence. The costs incident to the return of an inmate of a private prison shall be paid by the private prison.

SECTION 38. 51.42 (3) (as) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.42 (3) (as) 1. A county department of community programs shall authorize all care of any patient in a state, local or private facility under a contractual agreement between the county department of community programs and the facility, unless the county department of community programs governs the facility. The need for inpatient care shall be determined by the program director or designee in consultation with and upon the recommendation of a licensed physician trained in psychiatry and employed by the county department of community programs or its contract agency. In cases of emergency, a facility under contract with any county department of community programs shall charge the county department of community programs having jurisdiction in the county where the patient is found. The county department of community programs shall reimburse the facility for the actual cost of all authorized care and services less applicable collections under s. 46.036, unless the department of health and family services determines that a charge is administratively infeasible, or unless the department of health and family services, after individual review, determines that the charge is not attributable to the cost of basic care and services. A county department of community programs may

not reimburse any state institution or receive credit for collections for care received therein by nonresidents of this state, interstate compact clients, transfers under s. 51.35 (3), and transfers from Wisconsin-state prisons under s. 51.37 (5) (a), commitments under s. 975.01, 1977 stats., or s. 975.02, 1977 stats., or s. 971.14, 971.17 or 975.06 or admissions under s. 975.17, 1977 stats., or children placed in the guardianship of the department of health and family services under s. 48.427 or 48.43 or under the supervision of the department of corrections under s. 938.183 or 938.355. The exclusionary provisions of s. 46.03 (18) do not apply to direct and indirect costs which are attributable to care and treatment of the client.

SECTION 39. 51.45 (15) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (15) (b) No provisions of this section may be deemed to contradict any rules or regulations governing the conduct of any inmate of a state or county correctional institution who is being treated in an alcoholic treatment program within the institution.

SECTION 40. 51.61 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.61 (1) (c) Have an unrestricted right to send sealed mail and receive sealed mail to or from legal counsel, the courts, governmental officials, private physicians and licensed psychologists, and have reasonable access to letter writing materials including postage stamps. A patient shall also have a right to send sealed mail and receive sealed mail to or from other persons, subject to physical examination in the patient's presence if there is reason to believe that such communication contains contraband materials or objects which threaten the security of patients, prisoners, inmates of a private orison or staff. Such reasons shall be written in the individual's treatment record. The officers and staff of a facility may not read any mail covered by this paragraph.

SECTION 41. 59.29 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.29 (1) (b) Whenever a person convicted of, or charged with, any felony, the punishment for which is not less than 5 years' imprisonment, shall escape, or escapes, whenever any such felony shall be is committed by any unknown person or persons or whenever-a private prison inmate escapes, the sheriff of the county from which such escape was made or in which such felony was committed may, with the consent of the chairperson of the board of such county when such board is not in session, and with the consent of the board when it is in session, offer such reward for the apprehension and delivery of such escaped person, or the apprehension or conviction of the perpetrator of such felony as the sheriff considers necessary, not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case; but no such reward or any part thereof shall be paid to any such sheriff, undersheriff or any deputy. The right to any such reward shall be determined finally by such sheriff; and if more than one person claims the reward the sheriff shall determine what portion, if any, the claimants are entitled to, and shall certify the determination to the treasurer, and such certificate shall be the treasurer's authority for paying the sum so certified.

SECTION 42. 77.996 (2) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.996 (2) (f) Facilities that are located at a <u>state prison</u> or other <u>state or county</u> penal institution.

SECTION 43. 101.123 (1) (dq) of the statutes is created to read:

101.123 **(1)** (dq) "Private prison" has the meaning given in s. 301.01 (2g).

SECTION 44. 101.123 (1) (ds) of the statutes is created to read:

101.123 (1) (ds) "Private prison operator" has the meaning given in s. 301.01 (2m).

SECTION 45.. 101.123 (2) (a) 6m. of the statutes is created to read:

1 101.123 (2) (a) 6m. Private prisons.

SECTION 46. 101.123 (4) (am) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

101.123 (4) (am) 2m. A private prison operator may designate areas where smoking is permitted in a private prison, unless a fire marshal, law or resolution prohibits smoking in the area. A private prison operator may designate an entire room as a smoking area in a private prison.

SECTION 47. 101.123 (4) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.123 (4) (bm) The person in charge of a state institution, jail or lockup facility, or his or her agent, or a nrivate prison operator, in the case of a nrivate orison, shall post notice of the designation of a smoking area under par. (am) in or near the area designated. If an entire room is designated a smoking area, the person in charge or his or her agent or the nrivate orison operator shall post notice of the designation conspicuously on or near all normally used entrances to the room. If an entire building in a prison, secured correctional facility, jail or lockup facility is designated a smoking area, the person in charge, or his or her agent, or the nrivate orison operator shall post notice of the designation on or near all normally used entrances to the building, but need not post notice of the designation on or near entrances to rooms within the building.

SECTION 48. 115.762 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

115.762 (4) Limitation. Nothing in this subchapter requires that special education and related services be provided to a child with a disability who is at least 18 years old but not yet 22 years old and who, in the child's educational placement before his or her incarceration in a state prison, was not identified as a child with a disability or for whom an individualized education program was not developed.

SECTION 49. 115.787 (6) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

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MGD&JEO:wli:if SECTION 49

115.787 (6) (a) 1. The requirements relating to participation of children with
disabilities in general assessments under sub. (2) (e) do not apply to a child with a
disability who is convicted of a crime under state law and incarcerated in a state
prison <u>or who is incarcerated in a private prison</u> .

SECTION 50. 115.787 (6) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

115.787 (6) (a) 2. The requirements relating to transition planning and transition services under sub. (2) (g) 1. and 2. do not apply with respect to a child with a disability who is convicted of a crime under state law and incarcerated in a state prison or who is incarcerated in a nrivate nrison and whose eligibility under this subchapter will end, because of his or her age, before he or she will be released from prison.

SECTION 51. 115.787 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

115.787 (6) (b) If a child with a disability is convicted of a crime and incarcerated in a state prison or is incarcerated in a nrivate orison, the child's individualized education program team may modify the child's individualized education program or placement notwithstanding the requirements of sub. (1) and s. 115.79 (1) if the department of corrections or the private nrison operator, as defined in s. 301.01 (2m), has demonstrated a bona fide security or compelling penological interest that cannot otherwise be accommodated.

SECTION 52. 157.02 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 157.02 (1) (a).

SECTION 53. 157.02 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

157.02 (1) (b) When an inmate of a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), dies, the the private prison operator, as defined in s. 301.01 (2m), shall immediately notify a relative of the decedent and the sending jurisdiction, as defined in s. 301.371 (4). A public officer having the possession or the disposition of a corpse shall

immediately notify a relative of the decedent and the sending jurisdiction. If no relative is known, or discoverable by use of ordinary diligence, notice to a relative may be dispensed with.

SECTION 54. 165.84 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

165.84 (4) All persons in charge of state penal and correctional institutions shall obtain fingerprints, according to the fingerprint system of identification established by the director of the F.B.I., and full face and profile photographs of all persons received on commitment to these institutions. The prints and photographs so taken shall be forwarded to the department, together with any other identifying data requested, within 10 days after the arrival at the institution of the person committed. Full length photographs in release dress shall be taken immediately prior to the release of these persons from these state penal and correctional institutions. Immediately after release, these photographs shall be forwarded to the department.

SECTION 55. 165.84 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

165.84 (5) All persons in charge of law enforcement and tribal law enforcement agencies, all clerks of court, all municipal judges where they have no clerks, all persons in charge of state and county penal and correctional institutions, and all persons in charge of state and county probation, extended supervision and parole offices, shall supply the department with the information described in s. 165.83 (2) (f) on the basis of the forms and instructions to be supplied by the department under s. 165.83 (2) (g).

SECTION 56. 227.43 (1) (bg) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.43 (1) (bg) Assign a hearing examiner to preside over any hearing or review under ss. 84.30(18), 84.31(6) (a), 85.013(1), 86.073(3), 86.16(5), 86.195 (9) (b), 86.32

- 1 (l), 114.134 (4) (b), 114.135 (9), 114.20 (19), 175.05 (4) (b), 194.145 (l), 194.46, 218.01
- 2 (2) (bd) 2. and (c) 2., (3) (b), (c), (f) 1., (fm) 1. and (h) and (3c) (d), 218.11 (7) (a) and
- 3 (b), 218.22 (4) (a) and (b), 218.32 (4) (a) and (b), 218.41 (4), 218.51 (5) (a) and (b),
- 4 301.373 (10) (a), 301.378 (7), 341.09 (2m) (d), 342.26, 343.69 and 348.25 (9).

SECTION 57. 252.02 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

252.02 (4) The department may promulgate and enforce rules or issue orders for guarding against the introduction of any communicable disease into the state, for the control and suppression of communicable diseases, for the quarantine and disinfection of persons, localities and things infected or suspected of being infected by a communicable disease and for the sanitary care of jails, state prisons, mental health institutions, schools, hotels and public buildings and connected premises. Any rule or order may be made applicable to the whole or any specified part of the state, or to any vessel or other conveyance. The department may issue orders for any city, village or county by service upon the local health officer. Rules that are promulgated and orders that are issued under this subsection supersede conflicting or less stringent local regulations, orders or ordinances.

Section 58. 252.02 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

252.02 (5) If any public officer or employe or any person in charge of any building, vessel, conveyance, jail, state prison, mental health institution or school fails to comply with a rule promulgated or order issued under sub. (4), the department may appoint an agent to execute its rules or orders. Expenses that an agent incurs shall be paid by the unit of government that employs the person or of which the public officer is a member. If the building, vessel, conveyance, mental health institution or school is privately owned the state shall pay the expenses that the agent incurs.

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SECTION 59. 252.06 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 252.06 (6) (b) When a person confined in a jail, state prison, mental health institute or other public place of detention has a disease which the local health officer or the director of health at the institution deems dangerous to the health of other residents or the neighborhood, the local health officer or the director of health at the institution shall order in writing the removal of the person to a hospital or other place of safety, there to be provided for and securely kept. Upon recovery the person shall be returned; and if the person was committed by a court or under process the removal order or a copy shall be returned by the local health officer to the committing court 10 officer. **SECTION** 60. 252.14 (1) (ad) of the statutes is renumbered 252.14 (1) (ad) (intro.) and amended to read: 252.14 (1) (ad) (intro.) "Correctional officer" fi 14 (1) means any of the following: **SECTION** 61. 252.14 (1) (ad) 1. and 2. of the statutes are created to read: 252.14 (1) (ad) 1. A correctional officer, as defined in s. 301.28 (1). 17 2. An out-of-state correctional officer. 18 **SECTION** 62. 252.14 (1) (e) of the statutes is created to read: 252.14 (1) (e) "Out-of-state correctional officer" means a person employed by 20 the United States or one of its political subdivisions or a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band, other than a person employed by this state or a political subdivision of this state, as a guard or officer whose principal duties are supervision and discipline of persons in custody for the commission or alleged commission of a crime. **SECTION** 63. 252.14 (1) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

1	252.14 (1) (f) "Private prison" has the meaning given in s. 301.01 (2g).
2	SECTION 64. 252.14 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
3	252.14 (2) (intro.) No health care provider, peace officer, fire fighter
4	correctional officer, private prison emplope. state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a
5	jail or person designated with custodial authority by thejailer or keeper, home health
6	agency, inpatient health care facility or person who has access to a validated test
7	result may do any of the following with respect to an individual who has acquired
8	immunodeficiency syndrome or has a positive test for the presence of HIV, antigen
9	or nonantigenic products of HIV or an antibody to HIV, solely because the individual
10	has HIV infection or an illness or medical condition that is caused by, arises from or
11	is related to HIV infection:
12	SECTION 65. 252.14 (2) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	252.14 (2) (am) If a peace officer, fire fighter, correctional officer, private prison
14	emnlove, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with
15	custodial authority by the jailer or keeper, refuse to provide services to the
16	individual.
17	SECTION 66. 252.14 (2) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	252.14 (2) (bm) If a peace officer, fire fighter, correctional officer, private prison
19	emnlove, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with
20	custodial authority by the jailer or keeper, provide services to the individual at a
21	standard that is lower than that provided other individuals with like service needs.
22	SECTION 67. 252.15 (1) (ab) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	252.15 (1) (ab) "Affected person" means an emergency medical technician, first
24	responder, fire fighter, peace officer, correctional officer, person who is employed at

a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. $938.02 (15 \, \text{m})$, or at a secured child

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caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), private prison employe, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with custodial authority by the jailer or keeper, health care provider, employe of a health care provider or staff member of a state crime laboratory. **SECTION** 68. 252.15 (1) (ad) of the statutes is renumbered 252.15 (1) (ad) (intro.> and amended to read: 252.15 (1) (ad) (intro.) "Correctional officer" has the meaning given in s. 301.28 (1) means any of the following: **SECTION** 69. 252.15 (1) (ad) 1. and 2. of the statutes are created to read: 252.15 (1) (ad) 1. A correctional officer, as defined in s. 301.28 (1). 2. An out-of-state correctional officer, as defined in s. 252.14 (1) (e). **SECTION** 70. 252.15 (1) (au) of the statutes is created to read: 252.15 (1) (au) "Private prison" has the meaning given in s. 301.01 (2g). **SECTION** 71. 252.15 (2) (a) 7. a. of the statutes is amended to read: 252.15 (2) (a) 7. a. If all of the conditions under subd. 7. ai. to c. are met, an emergency medical technician, first responder, fire fighter, peace officer, correctional officer, person who is employed at a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), or at a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), <u>private orison employe</u>, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with custodial authority by the jailer or keeper who, during the course of providing care or services to an individual; or a peace officer, correctional officer, private prison employe, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with custodial authority by the jailer or keeper who, while searching or arresting an individual or while controlling or transferring an individual in custody; or a health care provider or an employe of a health care provider who, during the

course of providing care or treatment to an individual or handling or processing
specimens of body fluids or tissues of an individual; or a staff member of a state crime
laboratory who, during the course of handling or processing specimens of body fluids
or tissues of an individual; is significantly exposed to the individual may subject the
individual's blood to a test or a series of tests for the presence of HIV, antigen or
nonantigenic products of HIV or an antibody to $\dot{H}IV$ and may receive disclosure of
the results.

SECTION 72. 301.01 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

301.01 (2) (e) An inmate of a private prison.

SECTION 73. 301.01 (2g) and (2m) of the statutes are created to read:

301.01 (2g) "Private prison" means a building, structure or facility that is used or is to be used for the confinement of one or more individuals who have been sentenced to a term of imprisonment for the commission of a crime and that is or will be operated in this state by a person other than the department, a law enforcement agency, as defined in s. 165.83 (1) (b), a county, a group of counties acting under s. 302.44, this state and a county or group of counties acting under s. 302.45, the United States or a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state. "Private prison" does not include a building, structure or facility used or to be used solely to confine juveniles alleged or found to be delinquent or a building, structure or facility supervised, maintained and operated by a public, private or voluntary agency under contract with the department under s. 301.08 (1) (b) 2.

(2m) "Private prison operator" means a person licensed to operate a private prison under s. 301.378.

SECTION 74. 301.03 (8m) of the statutes is created to read:

301.03 (8m) Supervise the design, construction and operation of private
prisons under ss. 301.372 to 301.379 . The department shall promulgate rules
regarding the design, construction and operation of private prisons to ensure the
protection of private prison employes, inmates and the public and to help facilitate
the confinement, treatment and rehabilitation of inmates.
SECTION 75. 301.03 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:
301.03 (12) Cooperate and coordinate its activities with other state and local
agencies to provide educational, social, health and other services to offenders, other
than inmates of a private prison. and except as provided in s. 302.386 (5).
SECTION 76. 301.035 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
301.035 (2) Assign hearing examiners from the division to preside over
hearings under ss. 301.373 (10) (a). 301.378 (7), 302.11 (7), 938.357 (5), 973.10 and
975.10 (2) and ch. 304.
SECTION 77. 301.035 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
301.035 (4) Supervise employes in the conduct of the activities of the division
and be the administrative reviewing authority for decisions of the division under ss.
301.373 (10) (a), 301.378 (7), 302.11 (7), 938.357 (5), 973.10, 973.155 (2) and 975.10
(2) and ch. 304.
SECTION 78. 301.105 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
301.105 Telephone company commissions. (intro.) The department shall
collect moneys for commissions from telephone companies for contracts to provide
telephone services to inmates prisoners. The department shall transmit those
moneys to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall do all of the following:
SECTION 79. 301.287 of the statutes is amended to read:

subsection.

1	301.287 Correctional officer overtime. The department shall maintain a
2	central monitoring system to record the amount of overtime worked by correctional
3	officers emnloved by the state.
4	SECTION 80. 301.33 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	301.33 (2) Every inmate prisoner shall receive, upon request, religious
6	ministration and sacraments according to the inmate's prisoner's faith.
7	SECTION 81. 301.33 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	301.33 (3) Every inmate prisoner who requests it shall have the use of the
9	Bible.
10	SECTION 82. 301.36 (1) and (6) of the statutes are amended to read:
11	301.36 General supervision and inspection by department. (1) GENERAL
12	AUTHORITY. The department shall investigate and supervise all of the state
13	correctional institutions, and all secure detention facilities and all nrivate prisons
14	and familiarize itself with all of the circumstances affecting their management and
15	usefulness.
16	(6) Opportunity to inspect. All trustees, managers, directors, superintendents
17	and other officers or employes of the institutions shall at all times afford to every
18	member of the department and its agents, unrestrained facility for inspection of and
19	free access to all parts of the buildings and grounds and to all books and papers of
20	the institutions+ and. in the case of nrivate nrisons. the books and papers of the
21	<u>private orison onerator</u> and shall give, either verbally or in writing, such information
22	as the department requires. Any person who violates this subsection shall forfeit not
23	less than \$10 nor more than \$100. A private prison operator may also be subject to
24	enforcement proceedings and sanctions under s. 301.373 (10) for violations of this

1	SECTION 83. 301.371 of the statutes is created to read:
2	301.371 Definitions. In this section and ss. 301.372 to 301.378:
3	(1) "Division" means the division of hearings and appeals in the department
4	of administration.
5	(2) "Political subdivision of this state" means a city, village, town or county.
6	(3) "Security breach" means one of the following:
7	(a) A violation of s. 946.42 (3) by a person committed to a private prison by a
8	sending jurisdiction.
9	(b) A disturbance at a private prison that places any person at imminent risk
10	of great bodily harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (14).
11	(4) "Sending jurisdiction" means the United States or one of its political
12	subdivisions or a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band that contracts
13	with a private prison operator to confine persons in a private prison for the
14	commission of a crime.
15	SECTION 84. 301.372 of the statutes is created to read:
16	301.372 Private prison construction. No person may commence the
17	construction of a private prison or the conversion of an existing building into a
18	private prison without paying the license fee and any application fee set under 1999
19	Wisconsin Act (this act), section 151 (3), and obtaining a private prison
20	construction license under s. 301.378.
21	SECTION 85. 301.372 of the statutes, as created by 1999 Wisconsin Act (this
22	act), is amended to read:
23	301.372 Private prison construction. No person may commence the
24	construction of a private prison or the conversion of an existing building into a
25	private prison without paying the license fee and any application fee set under 1999

Wisconsin Act (this act), section 151 (3)	, s. 301.379 and obtaining a private prison
construction license under s. 301.378.	

SECTION 86. 301.373 of the statutes is created to read:

- **301.373 Private prison operation. No** person may operate a private prison unless the person complies with all of the following requirements:
- (1) Compliance withlicenseandapplicable LAWS. A private prison operator shall maintain a private prison operating license and operate and maintain the private prison in a manner consistent with the operating license. A private prison operator shall comply with all laws relating to the design, construction and operation of the private prison, all rules promulgated by the department, all orders issued by the department under sub. (10) (a) 1. a. and all orders issued by the division.
- (2) Insurance, indemnification and financial status reports. (a) A private prison operator shall periodically provide the department satisfactory proof of insurance or self-insurance in the form, manner and frequency required by the department. The insurance shall be in an amount sufficient, as determined by the department, to indemnify this state and its offkers and employes and political subdivisions of this state and their officers and employes for any expenses, property damage, losses, liability, costs or attorney fees arising from acts or omissions of the private prison operator, prison employes or inmates in relation to the operation of the private prison.
- (b) A private prison operator shall indemnify and hold harmless this state and its offkers and employes and political subdivisions of this state and their officers and employes for any expenses, property damage, losses, liability, costs or attorney fees arising from acts or omissions of the private prison operator, prison employes or inmates in relation to the operation of the private prison.

- (c) A private prison operator shall submit to the department financial status reports in the form and manner required by the department.
- (3) PRIVATE PRISON EMPLOYES. (a) A private prison operator may not assign an employe responsibility of supervising or disciplining inmates until the employe has completed a training program approved or provided by the department. If the department provides the training, the private prison operator shall pay a reasonable fee, which the department shall set by rule.
- (b) A private prison operator may not employ a person at a private prison until the department of justice has completed a criminal history record search for the person.
- (c) Notwithstanding s. 111.322, a private prison operator may not employ a person who has been convicted of a felony in this state or a violation of the law of another jurisdiction which, if committed in this state, would have been a felony.
- (4) SECURITYCLASSIFICATIONATPRIVATEPRISONS. A private prison operator may not confine an inmate who would have a maximum security classification under the department's security classification system.
- (5) Limits on subcontracting. A private prison operator may not subcontract with a person for the provision of goods or services on prison grounds without the prior written approval of the department. As a condition of its approval, the department may subject the subcontractor to any requirement of this section and s. 301.376 or to any department rule.
- (6) Inmate Leave. A private prison operator may not permit an inmate to leave the prison grounds during the time of the inmate's commitment to the private prison unless otherwise ordered by a court, unless approved in writing by the department or unless the inmate requires medical care unavailable within the private prison.

(12)

SECTION 86

- The department shall promulgate rules regarding security for inmates permitted to leave the prison grounds under this subsection.
- (7) Required Plans; notice. A private prison operator shall have written plans, subject to department approval, regarding responding to security breaches, providing medical care to inmates outside of the private prison and transporting inmates to and from the private prison. A private prison operator shall provide written notice to the department if a private prison inmate is returned to the sending jurisdiction, is admitted to a state treatment facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (15), or dies.
- (8) Designation of medical director. A private prison operator shall designate a lice sed physician to act as the prison's medical director.
- (9) (a) A private prison operator shall pay the fee for its private prison operating license and any application fee set under 1999 Wisconsin Act (this act), section 151 (3), all forfeitures, attorney fees, costs and other sanctions imposed under reimbursement or sub. (10), and all charges for which indemnification is required under par. (b) or sub. (2). The private prison operator shall reimburse this state, the political subdivisions of this state and any local educational agency, as defined in s. 115.76 (10), for expenses they incur in connection with providing health, mental health or educational services to inmates of private prisons.
- (b) A private prison operator shall reimburse the state and the political subdivisions of this state for all court costs incurred in connection with any judicial or administrative proceeding involving the care and treatment of inmates of private prisons if the state or the political subdivision is not a party to the proceeding or is a prevailing party in the proceeding and the costs are not reimbursed by one of the parties to the proceeding. If the state, a political subdivision of this state, or a local

- educational agency, as defined in s. 115.76 (lo), is a prevailing party in such a proceeding, the private prison shall also reimburse the state, the political subdivision of this state or the local educational agency for attorney fees and all other expenses incurred in connection with such a proceeding, if the attorney fees and other expenses are not reimbursed by any other party to the proceeding.
- (10) **Enforcement.** (a) 1. The department may investigate violations of the terms of a private prison construction license or a private prison operating license, this section, s. 301.374 or 301.376 or a department rule. If the department determines that a violation has occurred, it may do one of the following:
 - a. File a petition with the division seeking appropriate relief.
- b. With the agreement of the private prison operator, enter an order providing an appropriate remedy for the violation.
- 2. If the division determines that a person issued a private prison construction or operating license made a material misstatement in an application for a license or for renewal of a license or that a person has failed to comply with the terms of a private prison construction license or a private prison operating license, this section, s. 301.374 or 301.376 or a department rule, the person shall forfeit not less than \$100 nor more than \$100,000 per violation, Each day of continued violation constitutes a separate offense.
- 3. If the division determines that a violation of the terms of a private prison construction license or a private prison operating license, this section, s. 301.374 or 301.376 or a department rule may jeopardize public safety or the health or safety of prison staff or inmates, the division shall order the person to remedy the violation by a specific date or deny, limit, suspend or revoke the prison's operating license or both.

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1	(b) If the department has reason to believe that any person is violating the
2	terms of a private prison construction license or a private prison operating license,
3	this section, s. 301.374 or 301.376 or any rule promulgated by the department, the
4	department, the attorney general or the district attorney of the proper county may,
5	in addition to any other remedies, bring an action in the name and on behalf of this
6	state to enjoin the person from committing the violation.
7	(c) If the department is the prevailing party in any proceeding under this
8	subsection, the person against whom the proceeding was brought shall pay all costs
9	incurred and all attorneys' fees expended by the department in connection with its
10	investigation and the proceedings.
11	SECTION 87. 301.373 (9) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1999 Wisconsin Act
12 13	(this act), is amended to read: (5) Payment by private prison operator. 301.373 (9) (a) A private prison operator shall pay the fee for its private prison
14	operating license and any application fee set under 1999 Wisconsin Act (this act),
15 16	section 151 (3) s. 301.379, all forfeitures, attorney fees, costs and other sanctions reimburement on this pare imposed under sub. (10), and all charges for which indemnification is required under,
17	par. (b) or sub. (2) (b). The private prison operator shall reimburse this state,
18	the political subdivisions of this state and any local educational agency, as defined
19	in s. 115.76 (10), for expenses they incur in connection with providing health, mental
20	health or educational services to inmates of private prisons.
21	SECTION 88. 301.374 of the statutes is created to read:
22	301.374 Private prison contracts. No private prison may accept an inmate
23	except pursuant to a written contract meeting the requirements of this section. The
24	contract shall contain provisions regarding delivery and retaking of inmates and any

other matters necessary and appropriate to fix the obligations, responsibilities and

- rights of the sending jurisdiction and the private prison operator. The contract shall be subject to final approval by the department and shall contain substantially the following provisions:
- (1) The department shall be a third party beneficiary under the contract. If the department assumes responsibility for the operation of the private prison under s. 301.378 (8), the department will assume the rights of the private prison operator under the contract, but no provisions of the contract, other than the obligation to provide care and treatment to inmates, shall be enforceable against the department. The department may assign its rights under the contract to any other person.
- (2) Neither the sending jurisdiction nor the private prison may bring an inmate into this state without prior written notice to the department. The sending jurisdiction and the private prison operator shall provide the department of justice and the department of corrections all information requested regarding inmates confined or to be confined in a private prison. The department may direct the return of any inmate to the sending jurisdiction for any reason. The sending jurisdiction shall also resume physical custody of an inmate if the private prison operator returns the inmate to the sending jurisdiction because of a change in its licensed capacity under s. 301.378 (6) or upon the termination of the contract applicable to the inmate.
- (4) The courts of the sending jurisdiction shall exercise concurrent jurisdiction over claims brought by inmates of private prisons regarding the conditions of confinement or under the laws or regulations of the sending jurisdiction. The sending jurisdiction shall provide a venue for such claims.
- (5) If an inmate of a private prison files an action or special proceeding in this state which, if filed by a prisoner, as defined in s. 806.025 (1), who committed an offense after September 1, 1998, would subject the prisoner to sanctions under s.

807.15, or if an inmate of a private prison testifies falsely or otherwise knowingly offers false evidence or provides false information to a court of this state, the sending jurisdiction shall impose sanctions on the inmate of a private prison substantially similar to the sanctions to which the prisoner would be subject under s. 807.15.

-36-

(6) Any provision of the contract that is in conflict with or inconsistent with Wisconsin law or any order issued by or decision of the department or the division shall be void.

SECTION 89. 301.376 of the statutes is created to read:

- **301.376 Security and emergencies.** (1) USE OF FIREARMS AND FORCE AT PRIVATE PRISONS. (a) The department shall promulgate rules regarding the possession of firearms and the use of force by private prison employes. No person may carry a firearm or use force at a private prison except in accordance with department rules.
- (b) If a security breach occurs or if a prison employe discharges a firearm, the private prison operator shall immediately notify the department, the sheriff of the county in which the security breach or discharge has occurred and the local law enforcement agency for the city, village or town in which the security breach or discharge has occurred.
- (2) Transporting inmates. The department shall promulgate rules regarding the transportation of inmates to and from private prisons. No person may transport an inmate to or from a private prison except in accordance with department rules. If a person transporting an inmate between a sending jurisdiction and a private prison discharges a firearm or if a person he or she is transporting escapes or causes death or serious bodily harm, he or she shall immediately notify the department, the

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sheriff of the county in which the incident occurs and the local law enforcement agency for the city, village or town in which the incident occurs.

Section 90. 301.378 of the statutes is created to read:

- **301.378 Private prison licensing. (1)** APPLICATION PROCEDURES. A person seeking a private prison construction license or a private prison operating license shall apply in the manner prescribed by the department. After applying for a license, the person shall cooperate fully with all reasonable requests of the department. The department may hold public hearings as part of its review of an application. The department may not issue a license unless the applicant complies with all applicable laws and department rules and pays the license fee and any application fee as set by the department.
- (2) Inspection of private prison. As part of its review of an application for a private prison operating license, the department shall inspect the private prison with respect to public, inmate and prison staff safety, sanitation, adequacy and fitness for use as a prison and report any deficiency found to the applicant. The department may condition the issuance of a license on the applicant remedying the deficiency.
- (3) Security Level and Capacity. Each operating license shall set the security levels at which the private prison may operate and the maximum number of inmates to be confined there. The department's determinations regarding security level and capacity shall be based on its review and investigation of the application for an operating license.
- (4) Non-trainsferability. Licenses issued by the department under this section are not transferable.

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1	(5) RENEWALOFPRIVATEPRISONOPERATINGLICENSES. Aprivateprisonoperating
2	license shall be valid for one year, unless the department establishes a shorter term.
3	The renewal of a private prison operating license is subject to the same requirements
4	as those applicable to the initial issuance of such a license.
5	(6) Changes in licensed capacity. If the department reduces the number of
6	inmates that a private prison may hold under its operating license, the private prison
7	operator shall return inmates in excess of that number to the relevant sending
8	jurisdictions within the time set by the department.
9	(7) Appeals. Any person aggrieved by a decision by the department under this
10	section may appeal the order as a contested case under ch. 227 by filing with the
11	division a request for a hearing within 30 days after the date of the department's
12	written decision.
13	(8) DEPARTMENT TAKEOVER OF PRIVATE PRISON. If the division suspends or revokes
14	a private prison operating license or if the private prison operating license is not
15	renewed, the department shall assume responsibility for the operation of the prison.
16	If the department assumes responsibility for the operation of the prison for any
17	reason, the private prison operator shall be liable to the department for all costs
18	incurred by the department in managing or hiring another person to manage the
19	private prison, in addition to forfeitures, attorney fees, costs and other sanctions

SECTION 91. 301.379 of the statutes is created to read:

under s. 301.373 (2) (b) or (9) (a) or (b).

301.379 License fee determination. The department shall include all of the following with each biennial budget request that it makes under s. 16.42:

imposed under s. 301.373 (10) and any charges for which reimbursement is required

- (1) A recalculation of all costs the department includes in the budget request that are attributable to the review of applications for and issuance of private prison construction licenses, the review of applications for and issuance and renewals of private prison operating licenses and the supervision of private prisons.
- (2) The fees to be charged for private prison construction licenses and private prison operating licenses, which shall reflect the approximate costs of the department that are attributable to its review of applications, its issuance of licenses and its regulation of private prisons. The department may recommend separate fees for an initial private prison operating license and for the renewal of a private prison operating license. The department may recommend variable fees for operating licenses based on the size of the prison and the costs that the department has incurred or anticipates it will incur in licensing or supervising individual licensees. The department may recommend a separate application fee to be paid upon the application for a private prison construction license or a private prison operating license or both, to cover its approximate costs of reviewing such applications. If the department 'imposes a separate application fee for either type of license, the department shall not consider the costs of reviewing applications in determining the relevant license fee.

Section 92. 302.01 of the statutes is amended to read:

302.01 State prisons named and defined_listed. The penitentiary institution at Waupun is named "Waupun Correctional Institution". The correctional treatment center at Waupun is named "Dodge Correctional Institution". The penitentiary institution at Green Bay is named "Green Bay Correctional Institution". The medium/maximum penitentiary institution at Portage is named "Columbia Correctional Institution". The medium security institution at Oshkosh

is named "Oshkosh Correctional Institution". The medium security penitentiary
institution near Fox Lake is named "Fox Lake Correctional Institution". The
penitentiary institution at Taycheedah is named "Taycheedah Correctional
Institution". The medium security $\frac{penitentiary}{penitentiary}$ institution at Plymouth is named
"Kettle Moraine Correctional Institution". The $\frac{1}{2}$ institution at the
$village\ of\ Sturtevant\ in\ Racine\ county\ is\ named\ "Racine\ Correctional\ Institution".$
The medium security penitentiary institution at Racine is named "Racine Youthful
Offender Correctional Facility". The resource facility at Oshkosh is named
"Wisconsin Resource Center". The institutions named in this section, the
correctional institution authorized under s. 301.16 (In), correctional institution
authorized under 1997 Wisconsin Act 4, section 4 (1) (a), correctional institution
authorized under s. 301.046 (1), correctional institution authorized under s. 301.048
(4) (b), minimum security correctional institutions authorized under s. 301.13, $\frac{1}{2}$
state-local shared correctional facilities when established under s. 301.14, $\underline{and\ anv}$
$\underline{\text{correctional institution that the denartment operates under s. 301.378 (8)}} \text{ are state}$
prisons.

Section 93. 302.02 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

302.02 (5) (a) Service of process may be made on the warden or superintendent of any prison named in s. 302.01 or a private nrison as upon any other resident of this state.

SECTION 94. 302.02 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

302.02 (5) (b) Except as provided in par. (a), service of process within any such state or private prison on any officer or employe or inmate thereof shall be made by the warden or superintendent or some person appointed by the warden or superintendent to serve process.

SECTION 95. 302.055 of the statutes is amended to read:

302.055 **Transfer of inmates to resource center.** The department may transfer an inmate from a prison, jail or other criminal detention facility, other than a private prison, to the Wisconsin resource center if there is reason to believe that the inmate is in need of individualized care. The inmate is entitled to a transfer hearing by the department on the transfer to the Wisconsin resource center.

SECTION 96. 302.07 of the statutes is amended to read:

302.07 Maintenance of order. The warden or superintendent shall maintain order, enforce obedience, suppress riots and prevent escapes. For such purposes the warden or superintendent of a state prison may command the aid of the officers of the institution and of persons outside of the prison; and any person who fails to obey such command shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not more than one year or by a fine not exceeding \$500. The warden or superintendent of a state prison may adopt proper means to capture escaped inmates.

SECTION 97. 302.09 of the statutes is amended to read:

302.09 Labor and communications. Inmates of a state prison shall be employed as provided in ch. 303. Communication shall not be allowed between inmates and any person outside the prison except as prescribed by the prison regulations.

SECTION 98. 302.095 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

302.095 (2) Any officer or other person who delivers or procures to be delivered or has in his or her possession with intent to deliver to any inmate confined in a jail or state prison, or who deposits or conceals in or about a jail or prison, or the precincts of a jail or prison, or in any vehicle going into the premises belonging to a jail or prison, any article or thing whatever, with intent that any inmate confined in the jail

or prison shall obtain or receive the same, or who receives from any inmate any
article or thing whatever with intent to convey the same out of a jail or prison,
contrary to the rules or regulations and without the knowledge or permission of the
sheriff or other keeper of the jail, in the case of a jail, or of the warden or
superintendent of the prison, in the case of a prison, shall be imprisoned for not more
than 2 years or fined not more than \$500.

SECTION 99. 302.095 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 and 1999 Wisconsin Act (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

302.095 (2) Any officer or other person who delivers or procures to be delivered or has in his or her possession with intent to deliver to any inmate confined in a jail or prison, or who deposits or conceals in or about a jail or prison, or the precincts of a jail or prison, or in any vehicle going into the premises belonging to a jail or prison, any article or thing whatever, with intent that any inmate confined in the jail or prison shall obtain or receive the same, or who receives from any inmate any article or thing whatever with intent to convey the same out of a jail or prison, contrary to the rules or regulations and without the knowledge or permission of the sheriff or other keeper of the jail, in the case of a jail, or of the warden or superintendent of the prison, in the case of a prison, shall be imprisoned for not more than 3 years or fined not more than \$500.

- **SECTION** 100. 302.11 (11) of the statutes is created to read:
- 21 302.11 (11) This section does not apply to an inmate of a private prison.
- **SECTION** 101. 302.12 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 302.12 (1) The department may provide by rule for the payment of money to inmates of a state nrison. The rate may vary for different prisoners in accordance with the pecuniary value of the work performed, willingness, and good behavior. The

payment of money to inmates working in the prison industries shall be governed by s. 303.01 (4).

SECTION 102. 302.13 of the statutes is amended to read:

302.13 Preservation of property an inmate brings to prison. The department shall preserve money and effects, except clothes, in the possession of an inmate when admitted to the <u>a state</u> prison and, subject to the crime victim and witness assistance surcharge under s. 973.045 (4) and the deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge under s. 973.046, shall restore the money and effects to the inmate when discharged.

SECTION 103. 302.14 of the statutes is amended to read:

302.14 Property of deceased inmates, parolees, probationers or persons on extended supervision, disposition. When an inmate of a state prison, a parolee of an institution a state prison, a person on extended supervision or a person on probation to the department dies leaving an estate of \$150 or less in the trust of the warden, superintendent or secretary, the warden, superintendent or secretary shall try to determine whether or not the estate is to be probated. If probate proceedings are not commenced within 90 days, the warden, superintendent or secretary shall turn over the money or securities to the nearest of kin as evidenced by the records of the institution and the department.

Section 104. 302.18 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

302.18 (1) Inmates of a <u>state prison</u> may be transferred and retransferred to another prison by the department.

SECTION 105. 302.27 of the statutes is amended to read:

302.27 Contracts for temporary housing for or detention of prisoners,The department may contract with local governments for temporary housing or

detention in county jails or county houses of correction for persons sentenced to
imprisonment in state prisons or to the intensive sanctions program. The
denartment may contract with local governments for temporary housing or
detention in county jails or county houses of correction for persons confined in a
private nrison. if the denartment assumes responsibility for the operation of the
private nrison under s. 301.378 (8). The rate under any such contract may not exceed
\$60 per person per day. Nothing in this section limits the authority of the department
to place persons in jails under s. 301.048 (3) (a) 1.
SECTION 106. 302.386 (5) (e) of the statutes, is created to read:
302.386 (5) (e) An inmate of a private prison.
SECTION 107. 303.063 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
303.063 (1) The department may establish a secure work program for inmates
of state nrisons in which the inmates are assigned to work away from the grounds
of the institution while appropriately restrained for security purposes.
SECTION 108. 303.069 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
303.069 (title) Correctional State correctional institution enterprises;
activities of inmates.
SECTION 109. 304.06 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
304.06 (1) (b) Except as provided in sub. (lm) or s. 302.045 (3), 961.49 (2),
973.01(6) or 973.0135, the parole commission may parole an inmate of the Wisconsin
state prisons or any felon or any person serving at least one year or more in a county
house of correction or a county reforestation camp organized under s. 303.07, when
he or she has served 25% of the sentence imposed for the offense, or 6 months,
whichever is greater. Except as provided in s. 939.62 (2m) (c) or 973.014 (1) (b) or (c),
(lg) or (2), the parole commission may parole an inmate of a state prison serving a

life term when he or she has served 20 years, as modified by the formula under s.
302.11 (1) and subject to extension under s. 302.11 (lq) and (2), if applicable. The
person serving the life term shall be given credit for time served prior to sentencing
under s. 973.155, including good time under s. 973.155 (4). The secretary may grant
special action parole releases under s. 304.02. The department or the parole
commission shall not provide any convicted offender or other person sentenced to the
department's custody any parole eligibility or evaluation until the person has been
confined at least 60 days following sentencing.
SECTION 110. 447.06 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
447.06 (2) (a) 4. For a facility, as defined in s. 50.01 (1m), a hospital, as defined
in s. 50.33(2), a state or federal prison, county jail or other federal. state county or
municipal correctional or detention facility, or a facility established to provide care
for terminally ill patients.
SECTION 111. 782.01 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
782.01 (I) Every person restrained of personal liberty may prosecute a writ of
habeas corpus to obtain relieffrom such restraint subject to ss. 782.02,782.46,782.47
and 974.06.
SECTION 112. 782.45 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
782.45 (title) Witness fees, inmates of state institutions and mivate
<u>prisons</u> .
SECTION 113. 782.45 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
782.45 (3) If an inmate of a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), is
brought into court in response to a writ of habeas corpus or subpoena in a civil action,
the party requesting the presence of the inmate shall reimburse the private prison

for the time of any private prison employe conducting the inmate and the actual and

1	necessary traveling expenses incurred in taking the inmate into court on the process
2	and returning the inmate to the institution.
3	SECTION 114. 782.47 of the statutes is created to read:
4	782.47 Inapplicability to inmates of private prisons. An inmate of a
5	private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), may not apply for or obtain relief from his
6	or her confinement in the private prison under this chapter.
7	SECTION 115. 801.02 (7) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
8	801.02 (7) (a) 1. "Correctional institution" means any state or local facility that
9	incarcerates or detains any adult accused of, charged with, convicted of, or sentenced
10	for any crime, or any private prison. A correctional institution includes a Type 1
11	prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (5), a Type 2 prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (6), a county
12	jail and a house of correction.
13	SECTION 116. 801.02 (7) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
14	801.02 (7) (a) 3. "Prison or jail conditions" means any matter related to the
15	conditions of confinement or to the effects of actions by government officers,
16	employes or agents, or in the case of nrivate orisons. emnloves or agents of the nrivate
17	<u>prison.</u> on the lives of prisoners.
18	SECTION 117. 801.02 (7) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
19	801.02 (7) (a) 4. "Private prison" has the meaning given in s. 301.01 (2g).
20	SECTION 118. 801.02 (7) (a) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
21	801.02 (7) (a) 5. "Sending jurisdiction" has the meaning given in s. 301.371 (4).
22	SECTION 119. 801.02 (7) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 801.02 (7) (b) 1. and
23	amended to read:
24	801.02 (7) (b) 1. No prisoner who is an inmate of a state or local correctional
25	institution may commence a civil action or special proceeding, including a petition

for a common law writ of certiorari, with respect to the prison or jail conditions in the
facility in which he or she is or has been incarcerated, imprisoned or detained until
the person has exhausted all available administrative remedies that the department
of corrections has promulgated by rule or, in the case of prisoners not in the custody
of the department of corrections or a private prison, that the sheriff, superintendent
or other keeper of a jail or house of correction has reduced to writing and provided
reasonable notice of to the prisoners.
SECTION 120. 801.02 (7) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
801.02 (7) (b) 2. No prisoner who is an inmate of a private prison may commence
a civil action or special proceeding, including a petition for a common law writ of
certiorari, with respect to the prison or jail conditions in the facility in which he or
she is or has been incarcerated, imprisoned or detained until the person has
exhausted all administrative remedies available under the law of the sending
jurisdiction.
SECTION 121. 801.02 (7) (bm) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
801.02 (7) (bm) (intro.) A prisoner who is an inmate of a state or local
correctional institution commencing an action or special proceeding shall first
comply with the provisions of s. 893.80 or 893.82 unless one of the following applies:
SECTION 122. 806.025 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
806.025 (1) In this section, "prisoner" has the meaning given in s. 801.02 (7)
(a) 2. but does not include an inmate of a nrivate orison. as defined in s. 301.01 (2g).
Section 123. 806.025 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
806.025 (3) If a court enters a judgment for a monetary award on behalf of an
inmate of a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), the court shall inform the

1	sending jurisdiction, as defined in s. 301.371 (4), of the judgment prior to any
2	payments being made to the inmate.
3	SECTION 124. 807.15 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	807.15 (1) In this section, "prisoner" has the meaning given in s. $801.02 \cdot (7) \cdot (a)$
5	2. <u>806.025 (1).</u>
6	SECTION 125. 813.40 (1) (b) 3. (intro.> of the statutes is amended to read:
7	813.40 (1) (b) 3. (intro.) Does not require or permit a government official,
8	employe or agent to exceed his or her authority or to violate a state law or local
9	ordinance and does not reauire or nermit a government official. employe or agent of
10	the sendinajurisdiction. as defined in s. 301.371 (4), or a nrivate prison, as defined
11	in s. 301.01 (2g), or any of its employes to violate a state law or local ordinance or to
12	violate any nrovision contained in a contract between the sending jurisdiction and
13	the nrivate prison that is reauired to be included in the contract under s. 301.374,
14	unless all of the following apply:
15	SECTION 126. 814.29 (lm) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
16	814.29 (1m) (c) 2. The prisoner authorizes in writing the agency or person
17	having custody of the prisoner's prison trust fund or other such account to forward
18	payments from the prisoner's account to the clerk of court each time the amount in
19	the account exceeds \$10 until the fees or costs are paid in full.
20	SECTION 127. 814.29 (1m) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	814.29 (1m) (e) The agency o <u>r person</u> having custody of the prisoner shall
22	freeze the prisoner's trust fund or other such account until the deposits in that
23	account are sufficient to pay the balance owed for the costs and fees. When the
24	deposits in that account are sufficient to pay the balance owed for the court costs and
25	fees, the agency shall forward that amount to the court. This paragraph does not

prohibit the payment from the prisoner's trust fund account of court-ordered
payments for child or family support, restitution or federal court fees or for the
payments of debts owed to the department of corrections.
SECTION 128. 893.735 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
893.735 (1) In this section, "prisoner" has the meaning given in s. $801.02(7)$
(a) 2. 806.025(1).
SECTION 129. 898.01 of the statutes is amended to read:
898.01 Discharge of persons confined for tort. Every person confined in
jail on an execution issued on a judgment recovered in an action founded on a tort
shall be discharged therefrom upon the conditions hereinafter specified. This
chapter does not apply to persons confined in a private prison. as defined in s. 301.01
<u>(2g).</u>
SECTION 130. 940.20 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
940.20 (1) Battery by prisoners. Any prisoner confined to a state prison or
other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a nrivate nrison. as defined
in s. 301.01 (2g), who intentionally causes bodily harm to an officer, employe, visitor
or another inmate of such prison, <u>facility</u> or institution, without <u>his or her the</u> consent
of the person injured, is guilty of a Class D felony.
SECTION 131. 940.29 of the statutes is amended to read:
940.29 Abuse of residents of penal facilities correctional institutions.
Any person in charge of or employed in a penal or correctional institution or other
place of confinement who abuses, neglects or ill-treats any person confined in or a
resident of any such institution or place or who knowingly permits another person
to do so is guilty of a Class E felony.
SECTION 132. 941.237 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	941.237 (1) (b) "Correctional officer" means any person employed by the state
2	or any political subdivision as a guard or officer whose principal duties are the
3	supervision and discipline of inmates. "Correctional officer" includes an
4	out-of-state correctional officer. as defined in s. 252.14 (1) (e).
5	SECTION 133. 941.29 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	941.29 (6) The prohibition against firearm possession under this section does
7	not apply to any correctional officer employed by the state or by a county. city, town
8	or village of this state before May 1, 1982, who is required to possess a firearm as a
9	condition of employment. This exemption applies if the officer is eligible to possess
10	a firearm under any federal law and applies while the officer is acting in an official
11	capacity.
12	SECTION 134. 946.43 of the statutes is amended to read:
13	946.43 Assaults by prisoners. Any prisoner confined to a state prison ex
13 14	946.43 Assaults by prisoners. Any prisoner confined to a state prison of the other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a private prison, as defined
	•
14	other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a private prison, as defined
14 15	other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), who intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a Class C
141516	other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), who intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony:
14151617	 other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), who intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony: (1) Places an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate of such prison, facility
14 15 16 17 18	 other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), who intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony: (1) Places an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate of such prison, facility or institution in apprehension of an immediate battery likely to cause death or great
14 15 16 17 18 19	 other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), who intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony: (1) Places an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate of such prison, facility or institution in apprehension of an immediate battery likely to cause death or great bodily harm; or
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), who intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony: (1) Places an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate of such prison, facility or institution in apprehension of an immediate battery likely to cause death or great bodily harm; or (2) Confines or restrains an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate of such
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 other, a state, county or municipal detention facility or a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), who intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony: (1) Places an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate of such prison, facility or institution in apprehension of an immediate battery likely to cause death or great bodily harm; or (2) Confines or restrains an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate of such prison, facility or institution without the person's consent.

1 institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), and a Type 2 child caring institution, as 2 defined in s. 938.02 (19r). 3 **SECTION** 136. 946.44 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 946.44 (2) (d) "Prisoner" includes a person who is under the supervision of the 4 5 department of corrections under s. 938.34 (4h) or placed in a secured correctional 6 facility or secured child caring institution under s. 938.34 (4m) or 938.357 (4) or (5) 7 (e) or placed in a Type 2 child caring institution under s. 938.34 (4d) or, who is subject to an order under s. 48.366 or who is an inmate of a private prison, as defined in s. 8 9 301.01 (2g). **SECTION** 137. 946.45 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a <u>nrivate prison</u>, as defined in s. 301.01(2g), 11 12 a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring 13 institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), and a Type 2 child caring institution, as 14 defined in s. 938.02 (19r). 15 **SECTION** 138. 946.45 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 946.45 (2) (d) "Prisoner" includes a person who is under the supervision of the 17 department of corrections under s. 938.34 (4h) or placed in a secured correctional 18 facility or secured child caring institution under s. 938.34 (4m) or 938.357 (4) or (5) 19 (e) or placed in a Type 2 child caring institution under s. 938.34 (4d) or, who is subject 20 to an order under s. 48.366 or who is an inmate of a private prison, as defined in s. 21 301.01 (2g). 22 **SECTION** 139. 946.47 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 23 946.47 (2) (b) A person who commits an act within the jurisdiction of another 24 state which is punishable by imprisonment for one year or more in a state prison or

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1	penitentiary under the law of that state and would, if committed in this state,
2	constitute a felony under the law of this state.

- **SECTION 140.** 948.50 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 4 948.50 (4) (a) Is serving a sentence, pursuant to a conviction, in a jail, state 5 prison or house of correction.
- 6 **SECTION 141.** 961.01 (12m) (g) of the statutes is created to read:
- 7 **961.01 (12m)** (g) A private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g).
- 8 **SECTION 142.** 968.255 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 9 968.255 (7) (a) Is serving a sentence, pursuant to a conviction, in a jail, state prison or house of correction. 10
- **SECTION 143. 971.11** (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 11
- 12 971.11 (title) Prompt disposition of intrastate detainers.
- 1 3 **SECTION 144. 971.11 (1)** of the statutes is amended to read:
 - **971.11** (1) Whenever the warden or superintendent receives notice of an untried criminal case pending in this state against an inmate of a state prison, the warden or superintendent shall, at the request of the inmate, send by certified mail a written request to the district attorney for prompt disposition of the case. The request shall state the sentence then being served, the date of parole eligibility, if applicable, or the date of release to extended supervision, the approximate discharge or conditional release date, and prior decision relating to parole. If there has been no preliminary examination on the pending case, the request shall state whether the inmate waives such examination, and, if so, shall be accompanied by a written waiver signed by the inmate.
 - **Section 145. 971.11 (6)** of the statutes is amended to read:

971.11 (6) The prisoner shall be delivered into the custody of the sheriff of the
county in which the charge is pending for transportation to the court, and the
prisoner shall be retained in that custody during all proceedings under this section.
The sheriff shall return the prisoner to the prison upon the completion of the
proceedings and during any adjournments or continuances and between the
preliminary examination and the trial, except that if the department certifies a jail
as being suitable to detain the prisoner, he or she may be detained there until the
court disposes of the case. The Unless the nrisoner is an inmate of a nrivate prison.
as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), the prisoner's existing sentence continues to run and he
or she receives time credit under s. 302.11 while in custody.
SECTION 146. 973.15 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
973.15 (4) (a) The court shall order the department to immediately inform the
appropriate authorities in the jurisdiction where that imposed the prior sentence is
$\textcolor{red}{\textbf{to}\textbf{be}\textbf{served}}\textbf{that}\textbf{the}\textbf{convicted}\textbf{offender}\textbf{is}\textbf{presently}\textbf{available}\textbf{to}\textbf{commence}\textbf{or}\textbf{resume}$
serving that sentence; and
SECTION 147. 976.01 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:
976.01 (4m) JURISDICTION OVER PRIVATE PRISONERS. For the purposes of this
section, the circuit court of the county in which a private prison, as defined in s.
301.01 (2g), is located has jurisdiction over an inmate confined there.
Section 148. 976.05 (16) of the statutes is created to read:
976.05 (16) For the purposes of this section, an inmate of a private prison, as
defined in s. $301.01(2g)$, is incarcerated in and by the sending jurisdiction, as defined
by s. 301.371 (4).
SECTION 149. 976.06 of the statutes is renumbered 976.06 (1).

SECTION 150. 976.06 (2) of the statutes is created to read:

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976.06 (2) This section does not apply to inmates of a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g).

SECTION 151. Nonstatutory provisions.

- (1) In this section, "department" means the department of corrections.
- (2) The department shall submit in proposed form the rules required under section 301.03 (8m) of the statutes, as created by this act, to the legislative council staff under section 227.15 (1) of the statutes no later than the first day of the 6th month beginning after the effective date of this subsection.
- (3) No later than the first day of the 6th month beginning after the effective date of this subsection, the department shall establish fees for private prison construction licenses and private prison operating licenses for the fiscal biennium during which this act takes effect. The department shall base the fee for a private prison construction license on its estimate of the direct and indirect costs it will incur in reviewing the application for and issuing such a license. The department shall base the fee for a private prison operating license on its estimate of the direct and indirect costs it will incur in reviewing the application for and issuing such a license and its supervision of the private prison. The department may set separate fees for an initial private prison operating license and for the renewal of a private prison operating license. The department may set variable fees for operating licenses based on the size of the prison and the costs that the department has incurred in licensing or supervising individual licensees. The department may set a separate application fee to be paid upon the application for a private prison construction license or a private prison operating license or both, to cover its anticipated costs of reviewing such applications. If the department imposes a separate application fee for either type of

1	license, the department shall not consider the costs of reviewing applications in
2	determining the relevant license fee.
3	SECTION 152. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after
4	publication, except as follows:
5	(1) The amendment of sections 51.37 (5) (b) (by Section 32), 301.372 and
6	301.373 (9) (a) of the statutes takes effect on July 1, 2001.
7	(2) The repeal and recreation of section 302.095 (2) of the statutes takes effect
8	on December 31, 1999, or the day after publication, whichever is later.
9	(END)

LRB-2853/P1dn MGD:wlj:jf

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU July 27, 1999

Rep. Walker:

- 1. Under the draft, costs incurred by the department of corrections (DOC) in overseeing private prisons will be funded by fees from construction and operating licenses. Since DOC will incur costs prior to the issuance of licenses, the draft authorizes it to incur expenses in anticipation of licensing revenue. If you want to fund DOC's start-up costs some other way, please let me know, and I will either redraft the proposal or draft an amendment, whichever is appropriate.
- 2. The definition of "private prison" does not include juvenile detention or correctional institutions or lockups or other facilities used to confine individuals who have not yet been sentenced, in large part because private prison companies are building prisons only to hold individuals who, as a result of criminal (as opposed to juvenile delinquency) proceedings, have been convicted and sentenced. Is this okay?
- 3. Do you want to include any limitations on where a private prison may be built? (Oklahoma, for example, prohibits private prisons from being built within a certain distance of a school.)
- 4. The draft prohibits a private prison from employing a person who has been convicted of a felony in any capacity. Is this okay?
- 5. The draft requires the private prison rather than the sending jurisdiction to pay for the costs of health care, education and other services provided by the state or by local government units, largely because the state and local government units will have more leverage over the private prison than another state. Is this okay? (Note that although contracts entered into under the draft require that the sending jurisdiction retain jurisdiction over conditions of confinement cases, Wisconsin courts would also remain open to prisoners. The private prison would be obligated to reimburse state and local government for the costs connected with such cases being heard in Wisconsin courts.)
- 6. The drafted version of s. 301.373 (10) provides for forfeitures of between \$100 and \$100,000 for violations of the terms of a license or violations of statutes or DOC rules relating to private prisons. Please let me know if you want to change the range of forfeitures.
- 7. Is there anything you want to include in the draft on the issue of prisoner employment programs at private prisons?

- 8. Apart from the license fees to be imposed under the nonstatutory provisions, the draft requires DOC to develop licensing fees biennially in conjunction with its budget request. As an alternative, you may want to consider requiring DOC to set its fees more frequently perhaps annually by rule. If you would like to modify the provisions of the draft regarding this issue, please let me know.
- 9. For the purposes of s. 941.237, the draft treats out-of-state correctional officers in the same manner as Wisconsin correctional officers to enable them to transport prisoners from a sending jurisdiction to a private prison. Do you want to include an exception for employes of the private prison or employes of the private prison operator for the same purpose?

Michael Dsida Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266-9867

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROMTHE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2853/P2dn MGD&JEO:wlj:mrc

August 2, 1999

Rep. Walker:

- 1. Under the draft, costs incurred by the department of corrections (DOC) in overseeing private prisons will be funded by fees from construction and operating licenses. Since DOC will incur costs prior to the issuance of licenses, the draft authorizes it to incur expenses in anticipation of licensing revenue. If you want to fund DOC's start-up costs some other way, please let me know, and I will either redraft the proposal or draft an amendment, whichever is appropriate.
- 2. The definition of "private prison" does not include juvenile detention or correctional institutions or lockups or other facilities used to confine individuals who have not yet been sentenced, in large part because private prison companies are building prisons only to hold individuals who, as a result of criminal (as opposed to juvenile delinquency) proceedings, have been convicted and sentenced. Is this okay?
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Michael Dsida Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266-9867



State af Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-2853/R3 MGD&JEO:wlj:mrc

RMR

Preliminary Draft Not Ready For Introduction.



NOCHANGES

AN ACT to renumber 51.37 (11), 157.02 (1) and 976.06; to renumber and amenc252.14 (1) (ad), 252.15 (1) (ad) and 801.02 (7) (b); to amenc16.385 (7), 19.32 (1e), 19.35 (1) (am) 2. c., 19.35 (3) (f), 20.410 (1) (kc), 20.903 (2) (c), 29.199, 38.04 (12), 38.14 (3) (a), 38.24 (1m) (d), 46.011 (2), 49.32 (7 (d), 49.47 (6) (c3., 51.20 (1) (ar) (intro.), 51.20 (7) (b), 51.20 (7) (c), 51.20 (11) (a), 51.20 (13) (3., 51.20 (13) (a) 4.51.20 (13) (a) 5.51.20 (13) (g) 2m.,51.20 (19) (b) 1.51.30 (4) (b) 10. (intro.), 51.30 (4) (b) 12., 51.35 (1) (a), 51.35 (6) (a), 51.37 (5) (a), 51.37 (5) (b), 51.37 (8) (a), 51.37 (8) (b),51.39,51.42 (3) (as) 1., 51.45 (15) (b), 51.61 (1) (c), 59.29 (1) (b), 77.996 (2) (f), 101.123 (4) (bm), 115.762 (4), 115.787 (6) (a) 1., 115.787 (6) (a) 2., 115.787 (6) (b), 165.84 (4), 165.84 (5), 227.43 (1) (bg), 252.02 (4), 252.02 (5), 252.06 (6) (b), 252.14 (2) (intro.), 252.14 (2) (am), 252.14 (2) (bm), 252.15 (1) (ab), 252.15 (2) (a) 7. a., 301.03 (12), 301.035 (2), 301.03 (4), 301.10 (intro.), 301.287, 301.33 (2), 301.33 (3), 301.36 (1) and (6), 301.372, 301.373 (9) (a), 302.01, 302.02 (5) (a), 302.02 (5) (b), 302.055, 302.07, 302.09, 302.095 (2), 302.12 (1), 302.13, 302.14, 302.18 (1), 302.27, 303.063 (1),

303.069 (title), 304.06 (1) (b), 447.06 (2) (a) 4., 782.01 (1), 782.45 (title), 801.02 (7) (a) 1., 801.02 (7) (a) 3., 801.02 (7) (bm) (intro.), 806.025 (l), 807.15 (1), 813.40 (1) (b) 3. (intro.), 814.29 (1m) (c) 2., 814.29 (lm) (e), 893.735 (1), 898.01, 940.20 (1), 940.29, 941.237 (1) (b), 941.29 (6), 946.43, 946.44 (2) (c), 946.44 (2) (d), 946.45 (2) (c), 946.45 (2) (d), 946.47 (2) (b), 948.50 (4) (a), 968.255 (7) (a), 971.11 (title), 971.11 (1), 971.11 (6) and 973.15 (4) (a); to repeal and recreate 302.095 (2); and to create 20.410 (1) (hq), 20.410 (1) (hv), 20.903 (2) (bs), 51.37 (11) (b), 101.123 (1) (dq), 101.123 (1) (ds), 101.123 (2) (a) 6m., 101.123 (4) (am) 2m., 157.02 (1) (b), 252.14 (1) (ad) 1. and 2., 252.14 (1) (e), 252.14 (1) (f), 252.15 (1) (ad) 1. and 2., 252.15 (1) (au), 301.01 (2) (e), 301.01 (2g) and (2m), 301.03 (8m), 301.371, 301.372, 301.373, 301.374, 301.376, 301.378, 301.379, 302.11 (11), 302.386 (5) (e), 782.45 (3), 782.47, 801.02 (7) (a) 4., 801.02 (7) (a) 5., 801.02 (7) (b) 2., 806.025 (3), 961.01 (12m) (g), 976.01 (4m), 976.05 (16) and 976.06 (2) of the statutes; relating to: construction and operation of private prisons, requiring the exercise of rule-making authority and making an appropriation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version. For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 16.385 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.385 (7) **Individuals** in **STATE PRISONS.** No payment under sub. (6) may be made to a prisoner who is imprisoned in a state prison under s. 302.01 or, to a person placed at a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), or a secured

child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or to a nerson confined in a private prison. as defined in s. 301.01 (2g).

SECTION 2. 19.32 (le) of the statutes is amended to read:

19.32 (le), "Penal facility" means a state prison under s. 302.01, <u>private prison</u>. as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), county jail, county house of correction or other state, county or municipal correctional or detention facility.

SECTION 3. 19.35 (1) (am) 2. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

19.35 (1) (am) 2. c. Endanger the security of any state correctional institution, as defined in s. 301.01 (4), private nrison. as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), jail, as defined in s. 165.85 (2) (bg), secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), mental health institute, as defined in s. 51.01 (12), center for the developmentally disabled, as defined in s. 51.01 (3), or the population or staff of any of these institutions, facilities or jails.

Section 4. 19.35 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

19.35 (3) (f) An authority may require prepayment by a requester of any fee or fees imposed under this subsection if the total amount exceeds \$5. If the requester is a prisoner, as defined in s. 301.01 (2), or is a person confined in a federal correctional institution or private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), located in this state, and he or she has failed to pay any fee that was imposed by the authority for a request made previously by that requester, the authority may require prepayment both of the amount owed for the previous request and the amount owed for the current request.

SECTION 5. 20.410 (1) (hq) of the statutes is created to read:

under s. 13.101.

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1	20.410 (1) (hq) Private prison regulation. All moneys received from private
2	prisons under s. 301.373 (9) for the costs of regulating the construction and operation
3	of private prisons.
4	SECTION 6. 20.410 (1) (hv) of the statutes is created to read:
5	20.410 (1) (hv) Training private prison employes. All moneys received from
6	private prison employes under s. 301.373 (3) (a) for the costs of their training.
7	SECTION 7. 20.410 (1) (kc) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	20.410 (1) (kc) Correctional institution enterprises; inmate activities and
9	employment. All moneys received from state correctional institution enterprises
10	involving the activities of inmates, excluding moneys received from canteen
11	operations, prison industries and correctional farms, to conduct state correctional
12	institution enterprises and inmate employment projects.
13	SECTION 8. 20.903 (2) (bs) of the statutes is created to read:
14	20.903 (2) (bs) Notwithstanding sub. (1), liabilities may be created and moneys
15	expended from the appropriations under s. 20.410 (1) (hq) in an additional amount
16	not to exceed the amount of money anticipated to be received during the remainder
17	of the biennium.
18	SECTION 9. 20.903 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	20.903 (2) (c) All expenditures authorized by this subsection are subject to the
20	estimate approval procedure provided in s. 16.50 (2). Notwithstanding pars. (a), (b)
21	and, (bn) and (bs), the maximum amounts that may be expended from a program
22	revenue or program revenue-service appropriation which is limited to the amounts
23	in the schedule are the amounts in the schedule, except as authorized by the
24	department of administration under s. 16.515 or the joint committee on finance

SECTION 10. 29.199 of the statutes is amended to read:

29.199 Authorizations for certain patients and institutionalized persons to fish. The department shall issue an authorization without charge to a county hospital, state or federal mental hospital, state correctional institution or nonprofit institution located in this state for rehabilitation purposes upon request of the superintendent of the institution. The authorization permits a resident of the hospital or institution who is supervised by an employe of the hospital or institution to fish for fish subject to all other provisions of law.

SECTION 11. 38.04 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:

38.04 (12) **Prison inmate educational programs**. The board may establish vocational educational programs for inmates within the department of correctional system of correctional facilities and contract with the departments of corrections and health and family services and nrivate nrisons. as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), for reimbursement of that portion of the district program costs which exceeds amounts received as state and federal aid.

SECTION 12. 38.14 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

38.14 (3) (a) The district board may enter into contracts to provide educational services to public and private educational institutions, federal and state agencies, local governmental bodies, <u>private prisons</u>. as <u>defined in s. 301.01 (2g)</u>, industries and businesses.

SECTION 13. 38.24 (1m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

38.24(1m) (d) **Programs for inmates.** Uniform fees, for vocational programs or courses offered at a district facility to state prison inmates at a district facility by the department of corrections or the department of health and family services in cooperation with a district board or to inmates of a nrivate nrison. as defined in s.

1	301.01 (2g), under ss. 38.04 (12) and 38.14 (3) (a), equal to the fees established under
2	par. (b). ·
3	SECTION 14. 46.011 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	46.011 (2) "Prisoner" means any person who is either arrested, incarcerated,
5	imprisoned or otherwise detained in excess of 12 hours by any law enforcement
6	agency of this state, except when $detention$ is pursuant to s. $51.15, 51.20, 51.45$ (11)
7	(b) or 55.06 (11) (a)or ch. 980. "Prisoner" does not include any person who is serving
8	a sentence of detention under s. 973.03 (4) unless the person is in the county jail
9	under s. 973.03 (4) (c) and does not include an inmate of a nrivate nrison, as defined
10	<u>in s. 301.01 (2g)</u> .
11	SECTION 15. 49.32 (7) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	49.32 (7) (d) The department, with assistance from the department of
13	corrections, shall conduct a program to periodically match the records of persons
14	confined in state correctional facilities with the records of recipients of medical
15	assistance under s. 49.46, 49.468 or 49.47, aid to families with dependent children
16	under s. 49.19 and the food stamp program under 7 USC 2011 to 2029 to identify
17	recipients who may be ineligible for benefits.
18	SECTION 16. 49.47 (6) (c) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
19	49.47 (6) (c) 3. Care or services for an individual who is an inmate of a nrivate
20	prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), or a public institution, except as a patient in a
21	medical institution or a resident in an intermediate care facility.
22	SECTION 17. 51.20 (1) (ar) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	51.20 (1) (ar) If the individual is an inmate of a state prison, the petition may
24	allege that the inmate is mentally ill, is a proper subject for treatment and is in need
25	of treatment. The petition shall allege that appropriate less restrictive forms of

treatment have been attempted with the individual and have been unsuccessful and it shall include a description of the less restrictive forms of treatment that were attempted. The petition shall also allege that the individual has been fully informed about his or her treatment needs, the mental health services available to him or her and his or her rights under this chapter and that the individual has had an opportunity to discuss **his or her needs**, the services available to him or her and his or her rights with a licensed physician or a licensed psychologist. The petition shall include the inmate's sentence and his or her expected date of release as determined under the individual is a private prison or a licensed psychologist of a state prison or, if the individual is a private prison inmate, by any licensed nsychologist or the nrison's medical director, and a signed statement by a licensed physician or a licensed psychologist of a state treatment facility attesting either of the following:

SECTION 18. 51.20 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (7) (b) If the subject individual is not detained or is an inmate of a state prison, county jail or house of correction, the court shall hold a hearing within a reasonable time of the filing of the petition, to determine whether there is probable cause to believe the allegations made under sub. (1).

SECTION 19. 51.20 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (7) (c) If the court determines that there is probable cause to believe the allegations made under sub. (1), it shall schedule the matter for a hearing within 14 days from the time of detention of the subject individual, except as provided in sub. (8) (bg) or (bm) or (11) (a). If a postponement has been granted under par. (a), the matter shall be scheduled for hearing within 21 days from the time of detention of the subject individual. If the subject individual is not detained under s. 51.15 or this

LRB-2853/P2 MGD&JEO:wlj:mrc SECTION 19

section or is an inmate of a state prison, county jail or house of correction, the hearing shall be scheduled within 30 days of the hearing to determine probable cause for commitment. In the event that the subject individual fails to appear for the hearing to determine probable cause for commitment, the court may issue an order for the subject individual's detention and shall hold the hearing to determine probable cause for commitment within 48 hours, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, from the time that **the individual is** detained.

SECTION 20. 51.20 (11) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (11) (a) If before involuntary commitment a jury is demanded by the individual against whom a petition has been filed under sub. (1) or by the individual's counsel if the individual does not object, the court shall direct that a jury of 6 people be selected to determine if the allegations specified in sub. (1) (a), (ar) or (av) are true. A jury trial is deemed waived unless demanded at least 48 hours in advance of the time set for final hearing, if notice of that time has been previously provided to the subject individual or his or her counsel. If a jury trial demand is filed within 5 days of detention, the final hearing shall be held within 14 days of detention. If a jury trial demand is filed later than 5 days after detention, the final hearing shall be held within 14 days of the date of demand. If an inmate of a state prison, county jail or house of correction demands a jury trial within 5 days after the probable cause hearing. If an inmate of a state prison, county jail or house of correction demands a jury trial later than 5 days after the probable cause hearing. If an inmate of a state prison, county jail or house of correction demands a jury trial later than 5 days after the probable cause hearing, the final hearing shall be held within 28 days of the date of demand.

SECTION 21. 51.20 (13) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

prison, county jail
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ded to read:

51.30 (4) (b) **10.** (intro.) To a correctional facility or to a probation, extended supervision and parole agent who is responsible for the supervision of an individual who is receiving inpatient or outpatient evaluation or treatment under this chapter in a program that is operated by, or is under contract with, the department or a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437, or in a treatment facility, as a condition of the probation, extended supervision and parole supervision plan, or whenever such an individual is transferred **from a state or local** correctional facility <u>or a nrivate prison</u> to such a treatment program and is then transferred back to the correctional facility. Every probationer, parolee or person on extended supervision who receives evaluation or treatment under this chapter shall be notified of the provisions of this subdivision by the individual's probation, extended supervision and parole agent. Release of records under this subdivision is limited to:

SECTION 27. 51.30 (4) (b) 12. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (4) (b) 12. To a correctional officer of the department of corrections or an emnlove of a nrivate nrison who has custody of or is responsible for the supervision of an individual who is transferred or discharged from a treatment facility. Records released under this subdivision are limited to notice of the subject individual's change in status.

SECTION 28. 51.35 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (1) (a) The department or the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 may transfer any patient or resident who is committed to it, or who is admitted to a facility under its supervision or operating under an agreement with it, between treatment facilities or, with the exception of a person committed under s. 51.20 (13) (a) 4. or 4m., from a facility into the community if such transfer is consistent with reasonable medical and clinical judgment and consistent with s. 51.22 (5). The

transfer shall be made in accordance with par. (e). Terms and conditions which will benefit the patient or resident may be imposed as part of a transfer to a less restrictive treatment alternative. A patient or resident who is committed to the department or a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 may be required to take medications and receive treatment, subject to the right of the patient or resident to refuse medication and treatment under s. 51.61 (1) (g) and (h), through a community support program as a term or condition of a transfer. The patient or resident shall be informed at the time of transfer of the consequences of violating such terms and conditions, including possible transfer back to a facility which imposes a greater restriction on personal freedom of the patient or resident.

SECTION 29. 51.35 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (6) (a) When the department has notice that any person other than a prisoner <u>or a nrivate orison inmate</u> is entitled to receive care and treatment in a U.S. department of veterans affairs facility, the person may petition the department of health and family services for a transfer to such facility, and that department may procure admission to such facility in accordance with s. 45.30.

SECTION 30. 51.37 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.37 (5) (a) When a A licensed physician or licensed psychologist of a state prison, of a county jail or of the department of corrections reports in writing may submit written reports regarding nrisoners, and the nrison's medical director or any licensed nsychologist may submit written reports regarding nrivate prison inmates to the officer in charge of a jail or institution, If the report states that any prisoner or any nrivate nrison inmate is, in his or her the opinion of the medical director or psychologist, mentally ill, drug dependent, or developmentally disabled and is appropriate for treatment as described in s. 51.20 (1), or is an alcoholic and is

dangerous as described in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2.; or that the prisoner or inmate is mentally ill, drug dependent, developmentally disabled or is an alcoholic and is in need of psychiatric or psychological treatment, and that the prisoner or inmate voluntarily consents to a transfer for treatment, the officer shall make a written report to the department of corrections which may transfer the prisoner or authorize the transfer of the private prison inmate if a voluntary application is made and the department of health and family services consents. If voluntary application is made and the department of corrections may file a petition for involuntary commitment under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13). If the private prison inmate does not voluntarily consent to a transfer for treatment, the nrison's medical director shall file a netition for involuntary commitment under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13). Any time spent by a prisoner in an institution designated under sub. (3) or s. 51.37 (2), 1983 stats., shall be included as part of the individual's sentence.

SECTION 31. 51.37 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.37 (5) (b) The department of corrections or, if the individual is a private prison inmate, the nrison's medical director may authorize an emergency transfer of an individual from a prison, jail or other criminal detention facility to a state treatment facility if there is cause to believe that the individual is mentally ill, drug dependent or developmentally disabled and exhibits conduct which constitutes a danger as described in s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. a., b., c. or d. of physical harm to himself or herself or to others, or is mentally ill and satisfies the standard under s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. e. or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as provided in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2. The correctional custodian of the sending institution shall execute a statement of emergency detention or petition for emergency commitment for the individual and

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deliver it to the receiving state treatment facility. The department of health and family services shall file the statement or petition with the court within 24 hours after receiving the subject individual for detention. The statement or petition shall conform to s. 51.15 (4) or (5) or 51.45 (12) (b). After an emergency transfer is made, the director of the receiving facility may file a petition for continued commitment under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13) or may return the individual to the institution from which the transfer was made. As an alternative to this procedure, the emergency detention procedure in s. 51.15 or 51.45 (12) may be used, except that no prisoner or inmate may be released without the approval of the court which directed confinement in the institution.

SECTION 32. 51.37 (5) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act 292 and 1999 Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:

51.37 (5) (b) The department of corrections or, if the individual is a nrivate prison inmate, the nrison's medical director may authorize an emergency transfer of an individual from a prison, jail or other criminal detention facility to a state treatment facility if there is cause to believe that the individual is mentally ill, drug dependent or developmentally disabled and exhibits conduct which constitutes a danger as described in s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. of physical harm to himself or herself or to others, or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as provided in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2. The correctional custodian of the sending institution shall execute a statement of emergency detention or petition for emergency commitment for the individual and deliver it to the receiving state treatment facility. The department of health and family services shall file the statement or petition with the court within 24 hours after receiving the subject individual for detention. The statement or petition shall conform to s. 51.15 (4) or (5) or 51.45 (12) (b). After an emergency transfer is made,

the director of the receiving facility may file a petition for continued commitment under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13) or may return the individual to the institution from which the transfer was made. As an alternative to this procedure, the emergency detention procedure in s. 51.15 or 51.45 (12) may be used, except that no prisoner or inmate may be released without the approval of the court which directed confinement in the institution.

SECTION 33. 51.37 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.37 (8) (a) Rights to reexamination under s. 51.20 (16) apply to a prisoner or inmate who is found to be mentally ill or drug dependent except that the petition shall be made to the court that made the finding or, if the prisoner or inmate is detained by transfer, to the circuit court of the county in which he or she is detained. If upon rehearing it is found that the standards for recommitment under s. 51.20 (13) (g) no longer apply to the prisoner or inmate or that he or she is not in need of psychiatric or psychological treatment, the prisoner or inmate shall be returned to the prison or county jail or house of correction unless it one of the following applies:

1. In the case of a nrisoner. it is past his or her release date as determined under s. 302.11 or 302.113, whichever is applicable, in which case he or she shall be discharged.

2. In the case of a nrivate nrison inmate, it is past his or her release date or the sending jurisdiction, as defined in s. 301.371 (4), is to transfer the inmate to another facility, in which case the person will be returned to the sending jurisdiction.

SECTION 34. 51.37 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.37 (8) (b) If the condition of any prisoner or inmate committed or transferred under this section requires psychiatric or psychological treatment after his or her date of release as determined under s. 302.11 or 302.113, whichever is applicable, the

director of the state treatment facility shall, within a reasonable time before the release date of the prisoner or inmate, make a written application to the court which committed the prisoner or inmate under sub. (5) (a). Thereupon, the proceeding shall be upon application made under s. 51.20, but no physician or psychologist who is connected with a state prison, Winnebago or Mendota mental health institute or any county jail or house of correction may be appointed as an examiner. If the court does not commit the prisoner or inmate, it may dismiss the application and order the prisoner or inmate returned to the institution from which he or she was transferred until the release date of the prisoner or inmate. If the court commits the prisoner or inmate for the period commencing upon his or her release date, the commitment shall be to the care and custody of the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437.

SECTION 35. 51.37 (11) of the statutes is renumbered 51.37 (11) (a).

SECTION 36. 51.37 (11) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

51.37 **(11)** (b) When an individual who is in the custody of a private prison is transferred or discharged from a treatment facility, the treatment facility shall notify the private prison and the department of corrections as soon as possible. When an individual who is in the custody of a private prison is on unauthorized absence from a treatment facility, the treatment facility shall notify the private prison, the department of corrections, the sheriff of the county in which the treatment facility is located and the local law enforcement agency for the city, village or town in which the treatment facility is located as soon as it learns that the individual is on unauthorized absence.

SECTION 37. 51.39 of the statutes is amended to read:

51.39 Resident patients on unauthorized absence. If any patient who is admitted under s. 51.13, 51.15, 51.20, 51.45 (11) (b), (12) or (13) or 55.06 or ch. 971,

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975 or 980 or transferred under s. 51.35 (3) or 51.37 is on unauthorized absence from a treatment facility, the sheriff or any other law enforcement agency in the county in which the patient is found or in which it is believed the patient may be present, upon the request of the director, shall take charge of and return the patient to the facility. The costs incident to the return of a person other than a private prison inmate shall be paid out of the facility's operating funds and be charged back to the patient's county of residence. The costs incident to the return of an inmate of a private prison shall be paid by the private prison.

SECTION 38. 51.42 (3) (as) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.42 (3) (as) 1. A county department of community programs shall authorize all care of any patient in a state, local or private facility under a contractual agreement between the county department of community programs and the facility, unless the county department of community programs governs the facility. The need for inpatient care shall be determined by the program director or designee in consultation with and upon the recommendation of a licensed physician trained in psychiatry and employed by the county department of community programs or its contract agency. In cases of emergency, a facility under contract with any county department of community programs shall charge the county department of community programs having jurisdiction in the county where the patient is found. The county department of community programs shall reimburse the facility for the actual cost of all authorized care and services less applicable collections under s. 46.036, unless the department of health and family services determines that a charge is administratively infeasible, or unless the department of health and family services, after individual review, determines that the charge is not attributable to the cost of basic care and services. A county department of community programs may

not reimburse any state institution or receive credit for collections for care received therein by nonresidents of this state, interstate compact clients, transfers under s. 51.35 (3), and transfers from Wisconsin-state prisons under s. 51.37 (5) (a), commitments under s. 975.01, 1977 stats., or s. 975.02, 1977 stats., or s. 971.14, 971.17 or 975.06 or admissions under s. 975.17, 1977 stats., or children placed in the guardianship of the department of health and family services under s. 48.427 or 48.43 or under the supervision of the department of corrections under s. 938.183 or 938.355. The exclusionary provisions of s. 46.03 (18) do not apply to direct and indirect costs which are attributable to care and treatment of the client.

SECTION 39. 51.45 (15) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.45 (15) (b) No provisions of this section may be deemed to contradict any rules or regulations governing the conduct of any inmate of a state or county correctional institution who is being treated in an alcoholic treatment program within the institution.

SECTION 40. 51.61 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.61 (1) (c) Have an unrestricted right to send sealed mail and receive sealed mail to or from legal counsel, the courts, governmental officials, private physicians and licensed psychologists, and have reasonable access to letter writing materials including postage stamps. A patient shall also have a right to send sealed mail and receive sealed mail to or from other persons, subject to physical examination in the patient's presence if there is reason to believe that such communication contains contraband materials or objects which threaten the security of patients, prisoners, inmates of a nrivate orison or staff. Such reasons shall be written in the individual's treatment record. The officers and staff of a facility may not read any mail covered by this paragraph.

SECTION 41. 59.29 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.29 (1) (b) Whenever a person convicted of, or charged with, any felony, the punishment for which is not less than 5 years' imprisonment, shall escape, or escapes, whenever any such felony shall be is committed by any unknown person or persons or whenever a private prison inmate escapes, the sheriff of the county from which such escape was made or in which such felony was committed may, with the consent of the chairperson of the board of such county when such board is not in session, and with the consent of the board when it is in session, offer such reward for the apprehension and delivery of such escaped person, or the apprehension or conviction of the perpetrator of such felony as the sheriff considers necessary, not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case; but no such reward or any part thereof shall be paid to any such sheriff, undersheriff or any deputy. The right to any such reward shall be determined finally by such sheriff; and if more than one person claims the reward the sheriff shall determine what portion, if any, the claimants are entitled to, and shall certify the determination to the treasurer, and such certificate shall be the treasurer's authority for paying the sum so certified.

SECTION 42. 77.996 (2) (fj of the statutes is amended to read:

77.996 (2) (f) Facilities that are located at a <u>state prison</u> or other <u>state or county</u> penal institution.

SECTION 43. 101.123 (1) (dq) of the statutes is created to read:

101.123 **(1)** (dq) "Private prison" has the meaning given in s. 301.01 (2g).

SECTION 44. 101.123 (1) (ds) of the statutes is created to read:

23 101.123 **(1)** (ds) "Private prison operator" has the meaning given in s. 301.01 (2m).

SECTION 45. 101.123 (2) (a) 6m. of the statutes is created to read:

1 101.123 (2) (a) 6m. Private prisons.

SECTION 46. 101.123 (4) (am) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

101.123 (4) (am) 2m. A private prison operator may designate areas where smoking is permitted in a private prison, unless a fire marshal, law or resolution prohibits smoking in the area. A private prison operator may designate an entire room as a smoking area in a private prison.

SECTION 47. 101.123 (4) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.123 (4) (bm) The person in charge of a state institution, jail or lockup facility, or his or her agent, gr a private orison operator. in the case of a nrivate prison, shall post notice of the designation of a smoking area under par. (am) in or near the area designated. If an entire room is designated a smoking area, the person in charge or his or her agent or the private prison operator shall post notice of the designation conspicuously on or near all normally used entrances to the room. If an entire building in a prison, secured correctional facility, jail or lockup facility is designated a smoking area, the person in charge, or his or her agent, or the private orison operator shall post notice of the designation on or near all normally used entrances to the building, but need not post notice of the designation on or near entrances to rooms within the building.

Section 48. 115.762 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

115.762 (4) **LIMITATION.** Nothing in this subchapter requires that special education and related services be provided to a child with a disability who is at least 18 years old but not yet 22 years old and who, in the child's educational placement before his or her incarceration in a **state** prison, was not identified as a child with a disability or for whom an individualized education program was not developed.

SECTION 49. 115.787 (6) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

SECTION 49

115.787 (6) (a) 1. The requirements relating to participation of children with
disabilities in general assessments under sub. (2) (e) do not apply to a child with a
disability who is convicted of a crime under state law and incarcerated in a state
prison or who is incarcerated in a nrivate prison.
SECTION 50. 115.787 (6) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

115.787 (6) (a) 2. The requirements relating to transition planning and transition services under sub. (2) (g) 1. and 2. do not apply with respect to a child with a disability who is convicted of a crime under state law and incarcerated in a state prison or who is incarcerated in a nrivate orison and whose eligibility under this subchapter will end, because of his or her age, before he or she will be released from prison.

SECTION 51. 115.787 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

115.787 (6) (b) If a child with a disability is convicted of a crime and incarcerated in a state prison or is incarcerated in a nrivate orison, the child's individualized education program team may modify the child's individualized education program or placement notwithstanding the requirements of sub. (1) and s. 115.79 (1) if the department of corrections or the private prison operator, as defined in s. 301.01 (2m), has demonstrated a bona fide security or compelling penological interest that cannot otherwise be accommodated.

SECTION 52. 157.02 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 157.02 (1) (a).

SECTION 53. 157.02 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

157.02 (1) (b) When an inmate of a private prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (2g), dies, the the private prison operator, as defined in s. 301.01 (2m), shall immediately notify a relative of the decedent and the sendingjurisdiction, as defined in s. 301.371 (4). A public officer having the possession or the disposition of a corpse shall

immediately notify a relative of the decedent and the sending jurisdiction. If no relative is known, or discoverable by use of ordinary diligence, notice to a relative may be dispensed with.

SECTION 54. 165.84 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

165.84 (4) All persons in charge of state penal and correctional institutions shall obtain fingerprints, according to the fingerprint system of identification established by the director of the F.B.I., and full face and profile photographs of all persons received on commitment to these institutions. The prints and photographs so taken shall be forwarded to the department, together with any other identifying data requested, within 10 days after the arrival at the institution of the person committed. Full length photographs in release dress shall be taken immediately prior to the release of these persons from these state nenal and correctional institutions. Immediately after release, these photographs shall be forwarded to the department.

SECTION 55. 165.84 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

165.84 (5) All persons in charge of law enforcement and tribal law enforcement agencies, all clerks of court, all municipal judges where they have no clerks, all persons in charge of state and county penal and correctional institutions, and all persons in charge of state and county probation, extended supervision and parole offices, shall supply the department with the information described in s. 165.83 (2) (f) on the basis of the forms and instructions to be supplied by the department under s. 165.83 (2) (g).

SECTION 56. 227.43 (1) (bg) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.43 (1) (bg) Assign a hearing examiner to preside over any hearing or review under ss. 84.30(18),84.31(6)(a), 85.013(1),86.073(3),86.16(5),86.195(9)(b),86.32

- 1 (l), 114.134 (4) (b), 114.135 (9), 114.20 (19), 175.05 (4) (b), 194.145 (l), 194.46, 218.01
- 2 (2) (bd) 2. and (c) 2., (3) (b), (c), (f) 1., (fm) 1. and (h) and (3c) (d), 218.11 (7) (a) and
- 3 (b), 218.22 (4) (a) and (b), 218.32 (4) (a) and (b), 218.41 (4), 218.51 (5) (a) and (b),
- 4 301.373 (10) (a). 301.378 (7), 341.09 (2m) (d), 342.26, 343.69 and 348.25 (9).

SECTION 57. 252.02 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

252.02 (4) The department may promulgate and enforce rules or issue orders for guarding against the introduction of any communicable disease into the state, for the control and suppression of communicable diseases, for the quarantine and disinfection of persons, localities and things infected or suspected of being infected by a communicable disease and for the sanitary care of jails, state prisons, mental health institutions, schools, hotels and public buildings and connected premises. Any rule or order may be made applicable to the whole or any specified part of the state, or to any vessel or other conveyance. The department may issue orders for any city, village or county by service upon the local health officer. Rules that are promulgated and orders that are issued under this subsection supersede conflicting or less stringent local regulations, orders or ordinances.

SECTION 58. 252.02 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

252.02 (5) If any public officer or employe or any person in charge of any building, vessel, conveyance, jail, state prison, mental health institution or school fails to comply with a rule promulgated or order issued under sub. (4), the department may appoint an agent to execute its rules or orders. Expenses that an agent incurs shall be paid by the unit of government that employs the person or of which the public officer is a member. If the building, vessel, conveyance, mental health institution or school is privately owned the state shall pay the expenses that the agent incurs.

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SECTION 59. 252.06 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 2 252.06 (6) (b) When a person confined in a jail, state prison, mental health 3 institute or other public place of detention has a disease which the local health officer 4 or the director of health at the institution deems dangerous to the health of other 5 residents or the neighborhood, the local health officer or the director of health at the 6 institution shall order in writing the removal of the person to a hospital or other place 7 of safety, there to be provided for and securely kept. Upon recovery the person shall 8 be returned; and if the person was committed by a court or under process the removal 9 order or a copy shall be returned by the local health officer to the committing court 10 officer. **SECTION** 60. 252.14 (1) (ad) of the statutes is renumbered 252.14 (1) (ad) (intro.) 12 and amended to read: 252.14 (1) (ad) (intro.> "Correctional officer" has the meaning given in s. 301.28 14 (1) means any of the following: **SECTION 61.** 252.14 (1) (ad) 1. and 2. of the statutes are created to read: 16 252.14 (1) (ad) 1. A correctional officer, as defined in s. 301.28 (1). 17 2. An out-of-state correctional officer. 18 **SECTION** 62. 252.14 (1) (e) of the statutes is created to read: 19 252.14 (1) (e) "Out-of-state correctional officer" means a person employed by 20 the United States or one of its political subdivisions or a federally recognized American Indian. tribe or band, other than a person employed by this state or a political subdivision of this state, as a guard or officer whose principal duties are supervision and discipline of persons in custody for the commission or alleged commission of a crime. **SECTION** 63. 252.14 (1) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

1	252.14 (1) (f) "Private prison" has the meaning given in s. 301.01 (2g).
2	SECTION 64. 252.14 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
3	252.14 (2) (intro.) No health care provider, peace officer, fire fighter,
4	correctional officer, private nrison emnlove, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a
5	jail or person designated with custodial authority by thejailer or keeper, home health
6	agency, inpatient health care facility or person who has access to a validated test
7	result may do any of the following with respect to an individual who has acquired
8	immunodeficiency syndrome or has a positive test for the presence of HIV, antigen
9	or nonantigenic products of HIV or an antibody to HIV, solely because the individual
10	has HIV infection or an illness or medical condition that is caused by, arises from or
11	is related to HIV infection:
12	SECTION 65. 252.14 (2) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	252.14 (2) (am) If a peace officer, fire fighter, correctional officer, private prison
14	employe, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with
15	custodial authority by the jailer or keeper, refuse to provide services to the
16	individual.
17	SECTION 66. 252.14 (2) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	252.14 (2) (bm) If a peace officer, fire fighter, correctional officer, private prison
19	emnlove, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with
20	custodial authority by the jailer or keeper, provide services to the individual at a
21	standard that is lower than that provided other individuals with like service needs.
22	SECTION 67. 252.15 (1) (ab) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	252.15 (1) (ab) "Affected person" means an emergency medical technician, first
24	responder, fire fighter, peace officer, correctional officer, person who is employed at
25	a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), or at a secured child

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caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), private prison employe, state patrol 2 officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with custodial authority by the jailer or keeper, health care provider, employe of a health care provider or staff member of a state crime laboratory. **SECTION** 68. 252.15 (1) (ad) of the statutes is renumbered 252.15 (1) (ad) (intro.) and amended to read: 252.15 (1) (ad) (intro.) "Correctional officer" has the meaning given in s. 301.28 (1) means any of the following: **Section** 69. 252.15 (1) (ad) 1. and 2. of the statutes are created to read: 252.15 (1) (ad) 1. A correctional officer, as defined in s. 301.28 (1). 2. An out-of-state correctional officer, as defined in s. 252.14 (1) (e). **SECTION** 70. 252.15 (1) (au) of the statutes is created to read: 252.15 (1) (au) "Private prison" has the meaning given in s. 301.01 (2g). **SECTION** 71. 252.15 (2) (a) 7. a. of the statutes is amended to read: 252.15 (2) (a) 7. a. If all of the conditions under subd. 7. ai. to c. are met, an emergency medical technician, first responder, fire fighter, peace officer, correctional officer, person who is employed at a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), or at a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), private prison emnloye, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with custodial authority by the jailer or keeper who, during the course of providing care or services to an individual; or a peace officer, correctional officer, private prison emnlove, state patrol officer, jailer or keeper of a jail or person designated with custodial authority by the jailer or keeper who, while searching or arresting an individual or while controlling or transferring an individual in custody; or a health care provider or an employe of a health care provider who, during the

SECTION 71

the results.

course of providing care or treatment to an individual or handling or processing specimens of body fluids or tissues of an individual; or a staff member of a state crime laboratory who, during the course of handling or processing specimens of body fluids or tissues of an individual; is significantly exposed to the individual may subject the individual's blood to a test or a series of tests for the presence of HIV, antigen or nonantigenic products of HIV or an antibody to HIV and may receive disclosure of

SECTION 72. 301.01 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

301.01 (2) (e) An inmate of a private prison.

SECTION 73. 301.01 (2g) and (2m) of the statutes are created to read:

301.01 (2g) "Private prison" means a building, structure or facility that is used or is to be used for the confinement of one or more individuals who have been sentenced to a term of imprisonment for the commission of a crime and that is or will be operated in this state by a person other than the department, a law enforcement agency, as defined in s. 165.83 (1) (b), a county, a group of counties acting under s. 302.44, this state and a county or group of counties acting under s. 302.45, the United States or a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state. "Private prison" does not include a building, structure or facility used or to be used solely to confine juveniles alleged or found to be delinquent or a building, structure or facility supervised, maintained and operated by a public, private or voluntary agency under contract with the department under s. 301.08 (1) (b) 2.

(2m) "Private prison operator" means a person licensed to operate a private prison under s. 301.378.

SECTION 74. 301.03 (8m) of the statutes is created to read:

301.03 (8m) Supervise the design, construction and operation of private
prisons under ss. 301.372 to 301.379. The department shall promulgate rules
regarding the design, construction and operation of private prisons to ensure the
protection of private prison employes, inmates and the public and to help facilitate
the confinement, treatment and rehabilitation of inmates.
SECTION 75. 301.03 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:
301.03 (12) Cooperate and coordinate its activities with other state and local
agencies to provide educational, social, health and other services to offenders, other
than inmates of a private prison. and except as provided in s. 302.386 (5).
SECTION 76. 301.035 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
301.035 (2) Assign hearing examiners from the division to preside over
hearings under ss. 301.373 (10) (a). 301.378 (7), 302.11 (7), 938.357 (5), 973.10 and
975.10 (2) and ch. 304.
SECTION 77. 301.035 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
301.035 (4) Supervise employes in the conduct of the activities of the division
and be the administrative reviewing authority for decisions of the division under ss.
301.373 (10) (a). 301.378 (7), 302.11 (7), 938.357 (5), 973.10, 973.155 (2) and 975.10
(2) and ch. 304.
SECTION 78. 301.105 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
301.105 Telephone company commissions. (intro.) The department shall
collect moneys for commissions from telephone companies for contracts to provide
telephone services to inmates prisoners. The department shall transmit those
moneys to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall do all of the following:
SECTION 79. 301.287 of the statutes is amended to read:

subsection.

1	301.287 Correctional officer overtime. The department shall maintain a
2	central monitoring system to record the amount of overtime worked by correctional
3	officers emnloved by the state.
4	SECTION 80. 301.33 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	301.33 (2) Every inmate prisoner shall receive, upon request, religious
6	ministration and sacraments according to the inmate's prisoner's faith.
7	SECTION 81. 301.33 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	301.33 (3) Every inmate prisoner who requests it shall have the use of the
9	Bible.
10	SECTION 82. 301.36 (1) and (6) of the statutes are amended to read:
11	301.36 General supervision and inspection by department. (1) GENERAL
12	AUTHORITY. The department shall investigate and supervise all of the state
13	correctional institutions, and all secure detention facilities and all private nrisons
14	and familiarize itself with all of the circumstances affecting their management and
15	usefulness.
16	(6) Opportunity to inspect. All trustees, managers, directors, superintendents
17	and other officers or employes of the institutions shall at all times afford to every
18	member of the department and its agents, unrestrained facility for inspection of and
19	free access to all parts of the buildings and grounds and to all books and papers of
20	the institutions+ and, in the case of private nrisons, the books and papers of the
21	private nrison onerator and shall give, either verbally or in writing, such information
22	as the department requires. Any person who violates this subsection shall forfeit not
23	less than \$10 nor more than \$100. A private nrison operator may also be subject to
24	enforcement proceedings and sanctions under s. 301.373 (10) for violations of this