February 1, 2000 – Introduced by Representatives JOHNSRUD, OTT, HAHN, ALBERS and KEDZIE, cosponsored by Senator BAUMGART. Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

AN ACT to repeal 29.024 (2r) (a) 17., 29.024 (2r) (a) 18., 29.024 (2r) (a) 19., 29.024 1 2 (2r) (a) 20., 29.024 (2r) (a) 21., 29.321, 29.563 (9) (intro.) and (a) (title), 29.563 3 (9) (a) 2. to 10. and (b), 29.563 (9) (c), 29.741 (1), 29.745, 29.853 (title), 29.853 (1), 29.853 (2), 29.853 (3), 29.853 (4m), 29.853 (5) (title), 29.855 (title), 29.855 4 5 (1), 29.855 (2), 29.855 (3), 29.855 (4) (title), 29.855 (5), 29.855 (6), 29.855 (7), 6 29.857, 29.861, 29.863, 29.865, 29.867, 29.869, 29.871, 29.873, 29.877, 29.879 7 and 29.881; to renumber 23.51 (1), 29.563 (9) (a) 1., 29.741 (2) and 173.01 (1); to renumber and amend 29.334, 29.351, 29.354 (2), 29.853 (5), 29.855 (4), 8 9 173.12 (1), 951.015 and 951.09; to amend 20.370 (1) (mu), 20.370 (3) (mu), 10 23.09 (2) (f), 23.50 (1), 23.50 (3), 23.51 (5), 23.65 (1), 25.29 (1) (a), 25.29 (4m), 11 29.024 (1), 29.024 (2g) (a) 2., 29.042 (1), 29.047 (2) (b), 29.191 (2) (a) 3., 29.314 (5) (b) 3., 29.347 (2), 29.347 (6), 29.354 (1), 29.357 (5) (b), 29.361 (6), 29.364 (5), 12 13 29.506 (4), 29.541 (3), 29.614 (3), 29.875 (1), 29.885 (1) (f), 29.889 (1) (intro.), 14 29.921 (7), 29.927 (8), 29.931 (2) (a), 29.969, 49.857 (1) (d) 2., 59.25 (3) (f) 2.,

1	59.40 (2) (m), 73.0301 (1) (d) 1., 167.31 (4) (b), 173.01 (2), 173.07 (4m), 173.10,
2	173.12 (1m), 173.12 (3) (a), 173.13 (2) (a) (intro.), 173.13 (2) (a) 1., 173.13 (2) (a)
3	3., 173.13 (2) (b), 173.13 (3) (a), 173.13 (3) (b), 173.13 (3) (c), 173.15 (1), 173.15
4	(2) (intro.), 173.17 (intro.), 173.19, 173.21 (1) (intro.), 173.21 (1) (a), 173.21 (4),
5	173.22 (1), 173.22 (2), 173.22 (3) (a) (intro.), 173.22 (3) (a) 1., 173.22 (3) (d),
6	173.22 (3) (e), 173.23 (1) (intro.), 173.23 (1) (b), 173.23 (1m) (intro.), 173.23 (1m)
7	(a) 2., 173.23 (1m) (a) 4., 173.23 (2), 173.23 (3) (a) (intro.), 173.23 (3) (c), 173.23
8	(3) (e), 173.23 (4), 173.23 (5) (a), 173.23 (5) (b), 173.25, 814.60 (2) (e), 895.57 (3),
9	943.75 (3), 951.18 (4) (a) 2., 951.18 (4) (b) 1. and 973.05 (1); to repeal and
10	<i>recreate</i> 29.741 (title); and <i>to create</i> chapter 22, 23.51 (1d), 23.51 (9m), 23.795
11	(3), 29.011 (3), 29.192 (6), 29.351 (2), 29.354 (2) (b), 29.354 (5), 29.501 (9m),
12	29.539 (7), 173.01 (1b), 173.01 (1d), 173.01 (1r), 173.11 (5), 173.12 (1) (b), 173.12
13	(3) (ag), 173.13 (1) (d), 173.13 (2) (a) 4., 173.22 (3) (cm), 173.22 (3) (f), 173.22 (3)
14	(g), 173.22 (3) (h), 173.23 (1) (bn), 173.23 (1m) (a) 2m., 951.01 (1m), 951.015 (2),
15	951.09 (2) and 951.09 (3) of the statutes; <b>relating to:</b> the possession of wild
16	animals, enforcement of certain laws relating to mistreatment of wild animals,
17	hunting of farm-raised deer, granting rule-making authority, making

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

## LICENSING REQUIREMENTS

This bill creates a new regulatory structure under the department of natural resources (DNR) for captive wildlife. Current law authorizes DNR to issue licenses to persons possessing captive wildlife. These licenses include deer farm licenses for white-tailed deer and certain types of nonnative deer, game bird and animal farm licenses, pheasant and quail farm licenses and fur animal farm licenses (game farm licenses). Wild animals that are not game animals or birds or wild fur-bearing animals are exempt from any licensing requirements for simple possession. Current law requires a license issued by DNR for exhibiting any wild animal unless the wild

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animal is being exhibited by a zoo, a circus, the state or an educational institution. Current law requires a game farm license or other permit issued by DNR to propagate wild animals. Finally, current law requires a game farm license to sell wild animals.

This bill eliminates all of the current licenses and creates numerous types of licenses which include the following:

1. Class A and Class B captive wild animal farm licenses which authorize the possessing, propagating, killing, exhibiting, purchasing and selling of live captive wild animals, including nonnative deer other than deer of the genus dama, rangifer or cervus (farm-raised deer) which are regulated by the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection (DATCP).

2. A deer farm license which authorizes the possession, propagation, purchase, sale and exhibition of live white–tailed deer and the selling of the opportunity to hunt these deer.

3. A wild fur farm license which authorizes the possession, propagation, trapping and sale of certain fur-bearing animals, including beaver, mink, otter, muskrat and raccoon.

4. Class A and Class B bird hunting preserve licenses which authorize the possessing, stocking, propagating, releasing, selling, purchasing, capturing and hunting of live pheasants, quail, partridge, mallard ducks and wild turkeys.

5. Dog training licenses which authorize the purchase, possession, release and hunting of captive wild animals for training hunting dogs.

6. Dog trial licenses which authorize the purchase, possession, release and hunting use of captive wild animals for competitive field events.

7. Falconry licenses which authorize the use of raptors for falconry.

8. A rehabilitation license which authorizes the possession and rehabilitation and of live wild animals.

9. A scientific research license which authorizes the taking from the wild, possessing, killing and propagating of wild animals for research purposes.

10. Exhibiting licenses which authorize nonresidents and certain nonprofit organizations to possess and exhibit live wild animals.

11. A captive wild animal auction and market license which authorizes the possessing, exhibiting and conducting of auctions and markets to sell live wild animals.

12. An initial validation license for which a person is eligible if the person holds a wildlife exhibit or game farm license at the time that this bill becomes law. This validation license authorizes the person to continue an activity that was authorized under the original wildlife exhibit or game farm license but that is no longer allowed under the provisions created in this bill.

13. A subsequent validation license for which a person is eligible if the person held a wildlife exhibit or game farm license at the time that this bill became law and if the person holds any necessary license under the provisions created in this bill. This validation license authorizes the person to continue an activity that was authorized under the original wildlife exhibit or game farm license and under the license needed under this bill's provisions but that is subsequently no longer allowed

due to the promulgation of rules by DNR under DNR's authority to impose additional requirements on holders of these licenses.

Public zoos and aquariums and circuses are exempt from most of these licensing requirements.

## TYPES OF WILD ANIMALS SUBJECT TO LICENSING REQUIREMENTS

Under current law, all wild animals, including fish and insects, are subject to regulation as wildlife. This bill excludes fish entirely from the regulatory structure created in this bill, and the importing of fish for stocking and the stocking of fish are not affected by this bill. The bill also excludes domesticated animals. The bill defines "domesticated animals" to include certain types of pet birds, farm–raised deer, animals that are members of a species of wild animals but that are distinguishable from the wild members of the species due to long association with humans. The bill also requires DNR to promulgate a list of all other domesticated wild animals.

Most native wild animals are subject to the licensing requirements except for common species such as ground squirrels, mice, opossum, porcupines, pigeons and sparrows. Most types of wild animals that are not native to this state are exempt from the licensing requirements except for the following: certain nonnative deer, certain nonnative wild birds, endangered or threatened species that are native to other parts of the United States or Canada, nonnative inherently dangerous wild animals such as nonnative bear, and nonnative wild animals that pose a threat to the environment (environmentally injurious wild animals). Endangered or threatened species that are native to this state, the rest of the United States or Canada are subject to regulation both under this bill and under the other state laws covering endangered or threatened species.

The bill imposes specific regulatory schemes on native reptiles and amphibians and white-tailed deer raised for venison. The bill also imposes some tagging, record-keeping and labeling requirements for the sale and purchase of venison from white-tailed deer and of other wild animal parts except for dressed and raw furs.

The bill authorizes DNR to promulgate rules to designate species of wild animals as environmentally injurious or inherently dangerous wild animals and imposes additional restrictions on the possession of these animals. DNR must designate cougars and all species of bear as inherently dangerous under these rules.

## HUNTING AND KILLING CAPTIVE WILD ANIMALS

Current law prohibits any person from killing or wounding with a deadly weapon any animal, wild or domesticated, that is intentionally confined. Confinement under current law includes being tied, staked out or held captive in an enclosure, regardless of size. Current law provides an exception to this prohibition for game farms licensed by DNR. The bill provides an exception for deer farms and bird hunting preserves licensed under provisions created in this bill. The bill also specifically exempts animals that are killed or wounded in accordance with normally acceptable animal husbandry practices.

Under current law, a conservation warden may not enforce the prohibition forbidding the killing or wounding of a confined animal with a deadly weapon and other provisions dealing with the treatment of captive animals. This bill specifically authorizes conservation wardens to enforce these provisions.

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This bill also specifically prohibits hunting captive wild animals except under the authority of a deer farm license, a bird hunting preserve license or a dog training or trial license. The bill prohibits selling or purchasing the opportunity to hunt any captive wild animal except as authorized under a deer farm or a bird hunting preserve license.

The bill also requires DNR to allow hunting of farm–raised deer on farms that are registered with DNR. DNR may impose conditions on the hunting, and shall determine which hunting laws apply to the hunting, of farm–raised deer on these farms.

## INTRODUCTION AND STOCKING OF WILD ANIMALS

Under current law, no person may import into this state a wild animal for stocking or releasing into the wild, or stock or release a wild animal, unless the person has a permit issued by DNR. Under the bill, a person may import and stock or release a wild animal if the person has a stocking permit issued by DNR or another type of license which authorizes the stocking or release. These licenses include bird hunting preserve licenses and dog training and trial licenses. In addition, DNR must determine that the wild animal is not environmentally injurious and is not detrimental to the state's natural resources. There are also special requirements if the wild animal has been exposed to, or infected with, any contagious disease. At the request of any city, village or town (municipality) in an area in which wild animals are stocked or released, the person stocking or releasing the animals must report to the municipality the type, number and location of the wild animals involved.

## LICENSE FEES AND REQUIREMENTS, EFFECTIVE PERIODS

#### AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS

The bill sets specific fees for these licenses. Under the bill, there is no fee for a rehabilitation license or either type of validation license.

Under the bill, periods of validity for the different types of licenses range from 30 days to five years, with the most common period of validity being from the date of issuance until the following December 31. Under current law, the most common period of validity for game farm licenses is from the date of issuance until the following December 31.

The bill requires DNR to provide any necessary tags at cost.

Under current law, DNR must require a person who is applying for any type of fish or game approval to provide DNR with his or her social security number. These approvals include recreational hunting and fishing licenses as well as all other fish and game licenses such as game farm licenses and fish dealer and taxidermist permits. DNR must deny the application if the person refuses to provide his or her social security number. DNR then discloses the number to the department of workforce development (DWD) and to the department of revenue (DOR) so that DWD and DOR may determine whether the person is delinquent in child support or in payment of certain state taxes. These provisions apply to the licenses created in this bill.

Under current law, there are various record-keeping requirements for operators of game farms and wildlife exhibits. This bill authorizes DNR to establish record-keeping requirements by rule. This bill also imposes specific record-keeping

requirements for most types of licenses. These specific provisions generally require such information as the date of the acquisition or transfer of a captive wild animal, the name and address of the person from whom or to whom the animal was transferred and information concerning the death or escape of captive wild animals. The bill requires that the records for inherently dangerous wild animals, environmentally injurious wild animals and certain families of wild animals, such as deer, bear and wild cats, be provided to DNR within seven days after the transaction. The bill also requires license holders to file annual reports with DNR summarizing the number of wild animals acquired, the number transferred or released, the number currently kept and the number that died, were killed or escaped.

#### **ANIMAL HEALTH AND TREATMENT**

The bill imposes requirements on transporting wild animals into this state. With limited exceptions, a person bringing a wild animal into this state must have documentation to show that he or she is in legal possession of the wild animal and must have a valid interstate health certificate or a valid certificate of veterinary inspection for the wild animal. A wild animal is exempt from these requirements if it is being brought directly into this state for rehabilitation or for slaughter at an establishment licensed by DATCP.

The bill requires DNR to promulgate rules to ensure that wild animals receive humane treatment and adequate housing, care and food and that the wild animals are held under sanitary conditions. No person may receive a license unless DNR determines that the person will comply with all of these rules.

The bill gives DNR specific authority to issue quarantine orders. The bill establishes a procedure for issuing these orders.

#### TAKING WILD ANIMALS INTO CUSTODY

This bill authorizes a conservation warden to take custody of a captive wild animal, on behalf of DNR, for various reasons. These reasons include the following:

1. The wild animal is a stray or is abandoned or unwanted.

2. The wild animal is possessed, stocked, exhibited propagated, rehabilitated, hunted, sold or purchased in violation of state laws or local ordinances regulating captive wildlife.

3. The wild animal is not confined as required by quarantine order or has been exposed to certain diseases.

4. The wild animal has caused damage to persons or property.

5. The wild animal is being housed or held in an inhumane manner.

The conservation warden must attempt to notify the owner of a wild animal taken into custody of the procedure by which the owner may recover the animal and the procedure to be followed if the animal is not returned to the owner.

DNR may contract with any other person to provide for the care and disposal of captive wild animals that it takes into custody.

Under this bill, generally, a wild animal taken into custody must be returned to its owner if the owner provides reasonable evidence of ownership, complies with the licensing requirements for captive wildlife and pays any charges incurred as a result of taking custody of the animal.

DNR may withhold a wild animal from its owner for various reasons. These reasons include the following:

1. There exists reasonable grounds to believe that the owner has mistreated the animal in violation of the laws regulating captive wild animals or that the animal poses a significant threat to public health, safety or welfare.

2. The animal may be used in a pending prosecution.

3. The court has ordered the animal to be withheld.

Under this bill, if the owner of an abandoned, escaped or stray wild animal does not claim the animal within seven days after custody is taken, the animal is considered unclaimed. DNR, or the party with whom DNR contracts, may then release the wild animal to a person other than the owner if the person complies with state and local laws regulating captive wildlife and pays any charges incurred as a result of taking custody of the animal. DNR or the contracting party may also dispose of an unclaimed or unwanted wild animal by selling it at public auction or by euthanizing it.

DNR or the contracting party may also euthanize any animal in its custody if the wild animal is hopelessly injured beyond any reasonable chance of recovery, the animal poses an imminent threat to public health or safety or the animal poses an imminent threat to the health or safety of itself or its custodian.

#### LOCAL REGULATION

Under the bill, a municipality or county may enact and enforce ordinances prohibiting the possession or sale of live wild animals.

#### **ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES**

The bill gives DNR the specific authority to enter and inspect land, vehicles and buildings for the purpose of enforcement, to inspect wild animals that are to be stock or released into the wild and to have access to the records that must be kept by license holders. The bill limits this authority to normal business hours and other hours when the license holder is conducting business, unless the inspection is necessary for public health, safety or welfare. Current law authorizes DNR inspections of the area subject to the license at any time.

The bill imposes a general forfeiture for unlawfully possessing a wild animal and imposes increased penalties for specific activities such as illegally selling or purchasing wild animals, illegally taking live bear or deer from the wild and violating the provisions relating to diseased or environmentally injurious wild animals. The bill imposes increased penalties for repeat violations and contains provisions for licenses being revoked by DNR and by the courts.

The bill also requires DNR to cooperate with DATCP with respect to the laws governing captive wild animals and other animals regulated by DATCP.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# *The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

# **ASSEMBLY BILL 684**

1	SECTION 1. 20.370 (1) (mu) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act
2	9, is amended to read:
3	20.370 (1) (mu) General program operations — state funds. The amounts in
4	the schedule for general program operations that do not relate to the management
5	and protection of the state's fishery resources under ss. 23.09 to 23.11, 27.01, 30.203
6	and 30.277, subch. VI of ch. 77 and chs. <u>22,</u> 26, 28 and 29 and for transfers to the
7	appropriation account under s. 20.285 (1) (kf).
8	SECTION 2. 20.370 (3) (mu) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	20.370 (3) (mu) General program operations — state funds. The amounts in
10	the schedule for law enforcement operations under ss. 23.09 to 23.11 and 166.04 and
11	chs. <u>22,</u> 29 and 30 and for review of environmental impact requirements under ss.
12	1.11 and 23.40.
13	<b>SECTION 3.</b> Chapter 22 of the statutes is created to read:
14	CHAPTER 22
15	<b>CAPTIVE WILDLIFE</b>
16	<b>22.01 Definitions.</b> In this chapter:
17	(1) "Animal" means any mammal or any bird, reptile, amphibian, mollusk,
18	arthropod or egg thereof, except that "animal" does not include any mollusk,
19	arthropod or egg thereof regulated under ch. 93 or 94.
20	(2) "Captive" means any of the following:
21	(a) Restrained by a cage, pen, fence or other enclosure.
22	(b) Restrained by physical alterations that limit movement or facilitate
23	capture.
24	(c) Restrained by a leash or a tether or otherwise tied.

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## **ASSEMBLY BILL 684**

(d) Held in a controlled environment that is designed to prevent the departure
 from the controlled environment.

- 3 (3) "Carcass" means the dead body of any wild animal including the head, hair,
  4 skin, plumage, skeleton, meat or any other part thereof.
- 5 (4) "Circus" means a scheduled event staged by a traveling company with 6 mobile facilities in which entertainment consisting of a variety of performances by 7 acrobats, clowns or trained animals is the primary attraction or principal business.
- 8

(5) "Conservation warden" means a warden appointed under s. 23.10.

9

(6) "Department" means the department of natural resources.

10 (7) "Domesticated animal" means farm-raised deer, a pet bird that is either a 11 psittacine or a softbill and is not native, is not endangered or threatened and is not 12 a migratory bird on the list in 50 CFR 10.13 that is promulgated under 16 USC 701 13 to 715s or an animal that is all of the following:

(a) An animal that, due to a long association with humans, has been bred to a
degree that results in changes affecting the animal's temperament, color,
conformation or other attribute of the species to an extent that it makes the animal
unique and distinguishable from a wild animal of its species.

18

(b) Listed as a domesticated animal by rule by the department.

19

(8) "Dressed fur" has the meaning given in s. 29.501 (1) (a).

(9) "Endangered or threatened species" means those species of wild animals
that are indigenous to the United States or Canada and are identified on the federal
list of endangered and threatened species or on the Wisconsin list of endangered and
threatened species.

## ASSEMBLY BILL 684

1	(10) "Environmentally injurious wild animal" means a species of wild animal
2	that is not a native wild animal and that is capable of inflicting harm to the
3	environment.
4	(11) "Exhibit" means to display for the purpose of public viewing, regardless
5	of whether a fee is charged.
6	(12) "Farm–raised deer" has the meaning given in 95.001 (1) (a).
7	(13) "Free–roaming" means not captive.
8	(14) "Fur-bearing wild animal" includes badger, beaver, bobcat, coyote, fisher,
9	red fox, gray fox, lynx, marten, mink, muskrat, opossum, otter, raccoon, skunk,
10	weasel and wolf.
11	(15) "Harm to the environment" includes adversely affecting the natural
12	population dynamics of wild animals or wild plants, adversely affecting the habitat
13	of wild animals or wild plants or displacing wild animals or wild plants from any part
14	of their habitat.
15	(16) "Humane officer" means an officer appointed under s. 173.03.
16	(17) "Inherently dangerous wild animal" means a species of wild animal that
17	is capable of inflicting severe bodily harm to a human.
18	(18) "Introduce" means to release for the purpose of allowing the animal to
19	establish a population in an area in the wild where that type of animal is not
20	naturally present at the time the wild animal is released.
21	(19) "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning given in s. 173.01 (2).
22	(20) "License year" means the year during which a license is valid.
23	(21) "Municipality" means a city, village or town.
24	(22) "Native" means indigenous and occurring or having occurred naturally
25	within the boundaries of this state.

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1	(23) "Nonnative wild animal" means a wild animal that is not native.
2	(24) "Nonresident" means a person who is not a resident of this state.
3	(25) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, joint stock company,
4	corporation, association, trust, estate or other legal entity.
5	(26) "Possess" means to own, control, restrain, transport or keep.
6	(27) "Propagate" means to breed, encourage or facilitate for the purpose of
7	generating offspring.
8	(28) "Public zoo or aquarium" means a zoo or aquarium that is operated by the
9	state or by a city, village or county or that is an accredited member of the American
10	Zoo and Aquarium Association.
11	(29) "Purchase" means to acquire through a sale or through an exchange for
12	consideration.
13	<b>(30)</b> "Raw fur" has the meaning given in s. 29.501 (1) (e).
14	(31) "Sell" means to transfer or exchange for consideration.
15	(32) "State resident" has the meaning given "resident" in s. 27.01 (10) (a).
16	(33) "Stock" means to release for the purpose of increasing or maintaining a
17	population of the animal.
18	(34) "Take" means to capture, but does not include killing.
19	(35) "Veterinarian" means an individual who is licensed as a veterinarian
20	under ch. 453 or by another state and who is accredited under 9 CFR subch. J.
21	(36) "Wild amphibian" means a wild animal that is an amphibian.
22	(37) "Wild animal" means any animal of a wild nature that is normally found
23	in the wild and that is not a domesticated animal.
24	(38) "Wild bird" means a wild animal that is a bird.
25	(39) "Wild reptile" means a wild animal that is a reptile.

## **ASSEMBLY BILL 684**

1 **22.02 Title to wild animals. (1)** TITLE VESTED IN OWNER. Except as provided 2 in sub. (3), legal title to a live captive wild animal or the carcass of a captive wild 3 animal is vested in the person who owns the wild animal if the person is in 4 compliance with this chapter and the rules promulgated under this chapter. A 5 person holding legal title may transfer without consideration the live captive wild 6 animal or the carcass of the captive wild animal to a person who is in compliance with 7 this chapter and the rules promulgated under this chapter. A person holding legal 8 title to a live captive wild animal may kill it, or have it killed, in a humane manner.

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9 (2) TITLE WITH STATE. The department may assume on behalf of the state, or may 10 sell or otherwise transfer to another person, legal title to any live captive wild 11 animal, or the carcass of any captive wild animal, that is possessed by any person in 12 violation of this chapter or the rules promulgated under this chapter.

(3) EXCEPTIONS. Legal title to a live captive wild animal or the carcass of a
captive wild animal that is possessed as authorized under a rehabilitation license or
a scientific research license remains with the state. A person holding a rehabilitation
license or a scientific research license may transfer or dispose of a live captive wild
animal or the carcass of a captive wild animal only as specifically authorized by the
department.

19 22.03 Interagency cooperation. The department of natural resources shall
20 cooperate with the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection with
21 respect to any wild animal that is subject to regulation under this chapter and ch.
22 93, 94 or 95.

23 22.04 Possession of live wild animals. (1) RESTRICTIONS ON POSSESSION;
 24 GENERALLY. (a) No person may possess any live wild animal unless the wild animal
 25 is legally obtained.

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1 (b) No person may possess any live wild animal unless the person possesses it 2 in compliance with this chapter.

- 3 (2) TEMPORARY POSSESSION. (a) A person possessing a live native wild animal 4 for a period not to exceed 24 hours is exempt from having a license as required under 5 sub. (1) (b) if the person is possessing the wild animal for any of the following 6 purposes:
- 7 To restrain or transport the wild animal for medical treatment by a 1. 8 veterinarian or by a person holding a rehabilitation license.
- 9 2. To remove or transport the wild animal from one location to a more 10 appropriate location.
- 11

3. To restrain or transport the wild animal for game censuses or surveys, or 12 other purposes authorized by the department.

13 (b) If a person possessing a live native wild animal under par. (a) determines 14 that it is necessary to possess the wild animal for a period exceeding 24 hours after 15 the time the wild animal was first possessed, the person shall request that the 16 department approve an extension for the temporary possession. The department 17 may either deny the requested extension or approve it for a specific period of time. 18 (c) An establishment licensed under s. 97.42, or for which inspection is granted 19 under 9 CFR part 304, may keep live white-tailed deer for slaughtering purposes for

20 up to 72 hours without holding a deer farm license.

21 (d) If a live wild animal has been exposed to or infected with any contagious or 22 infectious disease, as defined under rules promulgated by the department of 23 agriculture, trade and consumer protection under s. 95.001 (2), or a reportable 24 disease, as designated by the department of natural resources under s. 22.44 (2), 25 during the time the wild animal is being temporarily possessed, the person

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possessing the wild animal shall have a valid interstate health certificate or a valid
 certificate of veterinary inspection issued by a veterinarian certifying that the wild
 animal is free of any such diseases before releasing it into the wild.

(3) WILD ANIMALS UNDER ANOTHER JURISDICTION. A live wild animal possessed
by a nonresident under the legal authority of another state, province or country may
be possessed by the nonresident in this state for not more than 60 days from the date
the wild animal enters the state if the wild animal is accompanied by a valid
interstate health certificate or a valid certificate of veterinary inspection issued by
a veterinarian and by all of the licenses or other approvals that are required by the
other state, province or country.

- (4) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. (a) A person is exempt from any
  licensing requirement under sub. (1) (b) for live native wild animals if the wild
  animals are not endangered or threatened species and are any of the following:
- 14 1. Arthropods.
- 15 2. Chipmunks.
- 16 3. Pocket gophers.
- 17 4. Mice.
- 18 5. Moles.
- 19 6. Mollusks.
- 20 7. Opossums.
- 21 8. Pigeons.
- 22 9. Porcupines.
- 23 10. Rats.
- 24 11. Shrews.
- 25 12. English sparrows.

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1	13. Starlings.
2	14. Ground squirrels.
3	15. Red squirrels.
4	16. Voles.
5	17. Weasels.
6	(b) A person is exempt from any licensing requirement under sub. (1) (b) for live
7	nonnative wild animals that are not endangered or threatened species, except for
8	any of the following:
9	1. Pheasants of the species Phasianus colchicus or Syrmaticus reevesii, chukar
10	partridge or gray partridge that are possessed for use under a bird hunting preserve
11	license, a dog training license, a hound training license, a dog club training license,
12	a dog trial license or a hound trial license.
13	2. Nonnative wild animals of the family anatidae or of the family cervidae.
14	3. Nonnative wild animals that are inherently dangerous wild animals.
15	(5) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN PERSONS AND INSTITUTIONS. (a) Any of the following
16	is exempt from any licensing requirement under sub. (1) (b):
17	1. Veterinarians, for the purpose of providing medical treatment to wild
18	animals.
19	2. Public zoos or aquariums.
20	3. Circuses and the Circus World Museum located in Baraboo, Wisconsin.
21	4. The department.
22	(b) For purposes of par. (a) 1., "medical treatment" does not include
23	rehabilitation.
24	(6) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. (a) This section does not authorize
25	the possession of environmentally injurious wild animals.

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(b) The possession of native wild reptiles and native wild amphibians is subject
 to s. 22.12 and not to this section.
 22.05 Taking of wild animals. (1) PROHIBITION. No person may take any wild
 animal from the wild except as authorized under a bird hunting preserve license, a

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wild fur farm license, a falconry license, a rehabilitation license or a scientific
research license.

7 (2) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. A person is exempt from the
8 requirement under sub. (1) if the wild animal that the person takes from the wild is
9 a native wild animal that is exempt under s. 22.04 (4) (a).

10 (3) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN PERSONS AND INSTITUTIONS. (a) Any of the following
11 is exempt from the licensing requirement under sub. (1):

- 12 1. Veterinarians, for the purpose of providing medical treatment to wild
   animals.
- 14 2. The department.

15 (b) For purposes of par. (a) 1., "medical treatment" does not include16 rehabilitation.

17 (4) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. (a) This section does not authorize
18 the taking of environmentally injurious wild animals.

(b) The taking of native wild reptiles and native wild amphibians is subject tos. 22.12 and not to this section.

21 22.06 Introduction, stocking and release of wild animals. (1)
22 PROHIBITION; PERSONS OTHER THAN THE DEPARTMENT. (a) No person may introduce,
23 stock or release into the wild, or import into this state to introduce, stock or release
24 into the wild, any wild animal except as authorized under a bird hunting preserve
25 license, a bird dog training license, a hound dog training license, a dog club training

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1 license, a bird dog trial license, a hound dog trial license, a falconry license, a stocking 2 license, a rehabilitation license or a scientific research license.

(b) No person may introduce, stock or release into the wild, or import into this 3 4 state for introducing, stocking or releasing into the wild, any wild animal unless the 5 department has given its authorization under par. (c) and the person has complied 6 with the requirements under par. (d).

7 (c) The department may authorize the introducing, stocking, releasing into the 8 wild or importing of a species of wild animal only if the department has determined 9 that the wild animal will not be detrimental in any manner to the conservation of the 10 natural resources of this state.

11

(d) Introducing, stocking or releasing a wild animal under this section is subject 12 to all of the following requirements:

13 1. If a wild animal has been exposed to or infected with any contagious or 14 infectious disease, as defined under rules promulgated by the department of 15 agriculture, trade and consumer protection under s. 95.001 (2), or a reportable 16 disease, as designated by the department of natural resources under s. 22.44 (2), the 17 person introducing, stocking or releasing the wild animal shall hold a valid 18 interstate health certificate or a valid certificate of veterinary inspection issued by 19 a veterinarian certifying that the wild animal is free of any such diseases before the 20 introducing, stocking or release.

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2. A person introducing, stocking or releasing wild birds under the authority of a stocking license, a bird hunting preserve license, a bird dog training license or a bird dog trial license may only introduce, stock or release wild birds that:

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1 a. Have originated, within 365 days before the introducing, stocking or release, 2 from a flock that meets the requirements under subd. 3. and that have had contact 3 with only captive birds that meet these requirements.

4

b. That, within 30 days before the introducing, stocking or release, comply with 5 any rules promulgated by the department under s. 22.44 (3).

6 3. Wild birds that are introduced, stocked or released under subd. 2. shall 7 originate from a flock of a person participating in the national poultry improvement 8 plan under 9 CFR part 145.

9 (2) REPORTS. At the request of a municipality in an area in which wild animals 10 are introduced, stocked or released under sub. (1), the department shall require a 11 person who introduced, stocked or released those wild animals to report to the 12 municipality the number and type of wild animals introduced, stocked or released 13 and the location at which the animals were introduced, stocked or released.

14 (3) BY THE DEPARTMENT. The department may import into this state to 15 introduce, stock or release into the wild, may introduce, stock or release into the wild, 16 or may authorize introducing, stocking or releasing into the wild, a wild animal 17 without holding a license as required under sub. (1) (a).

18 (4) EXEMPTION. This section does not apply to wild animals that are released 19 into the wild after being accidentally trapped or confined.

20 **22.07 Exhibition of live wild animals. (1)** PROHIBITION. (a) No person may 21 exhibit any captive live native wild animal or any captive live nonnative wild animal 22 of the family ursidae or cervidae except as authorized under a captive wild animal 23 farm license, a deer farm license, a falconry license, a rehabilitation license, a 24 nonprofit educational exhibiting license, a nonresident temporary exhibiting license 25 or a captive wild animal auction and market license.

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1	(b) If a person exhibits a wild animal subject to par. (a) under the authority of
2	a captive wild animal farm license, a deer farm license, a falconry license or a
3	rehabilitation license, the person may exhibit only those types of wild animals that
4	are specified by the department on the license.
5	(2) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. A person is exempt from the
6	requirements under sub. (1) if the wild animal that the person exhibits is a wild
7	animal that is exempt under s. 22.04 (4) (a) or (b).
8	(3) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN INSTITUTIONS. Any of the following is exempt from
9	the licensing requirement under sub. (1):
10	(a) Public zoos or aquariums.
11	(b) Circuses and the Circus World Museum located in Baraboo, Wisconsin.
12	(c) The department.
13	(4) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. This section does not authorize
14	the exhibiting of environmentally injurious wild animals.
15	22.08 Propagation of wild animals. (1) PROHIBITION. No person may
16	propagate any native wild animal or any nonnative wild animal of the family ursidae
17	or cervidae except as authorized under a captive wild animal farm license, a deer
18	farm license, a bird hunting preserve license, a wild fur farm license, a nonprofit
19	educational exhibiting license, a scientific research license or a falconry license.
20	(2) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. A person is exempt from the
21	requirements under sub. (1) if the wild animal that the person propagates is a wild
22	animal that is exempt under s. 22.04 (4) (a) or (b).
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23 (3) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN INSTITUTIONS. Any of the following is exempt from
24 the licensing requirement under sub. (1):

25 (a) Public zoos or aquariums.

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(b) Circuses and the Circus World Museum located in Baraboo, Wisconsin. 1 2 (c) The department. 3 (4) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. This section does not authorize 4 the propagating of environmentally injurious wild animals. 5 **22.085 Rehabilitation of wild animals. (1)** PROHIBITION. No person may 6 rehabilitate any wild animal except as authorized under a rehabilitation license. 7 (2) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. This section does not authorize 8 the rehabilitation of environmentally injurious wild animals. 9 22.09 Hunting of captive wild animals. (1) PROHIBITION; GENERALLY. NO 10 person may hunt a captive wild animal except as authorized under s. 22.16 (5) or 11 under a deer farm license, a bird hunting preserve license, a bird dog training license, 12 a hound dog training license, a dog club training license, a bird dog trial license or 13 a hound dog trial license. 14 (2) PROHIBITION; COMMERCIAL HUNTING. No person may sell or offer to sell or 15 purchase or offer to purchase the opportunity to hunt any wild animal that is or has

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17 preserve license.

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18 22.10 Selling and purchasing of live wild animals. (1) SELLING. Except
19 as authorized under a captive wild animal farm license, a bird hunting preserve
20 license, a deer farm license, a captive wild animal auction and market license, a
21 falconry license, a wild fur farm license or a nonprofit educational exhibiting license,
22 no person may sell or offer to sell any of the following:

been captive except as authorized under a deer farm license or a bird hunting

(a) Any live native wild animal that is not exempt from the licensing
requirement under s. 22.04 (4) (a).

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(b) Any live nonnative wild animal that is not exempt from the licensing
 requirement under s. 22.04 (4) (b).

(2) PURCHASING. (a) Except as provided under par. (b) and except as authorized
under a captive wild animal farm license, a bird hunting preserve license, a deer farm
license, a bird dog training license, a hound dog training license, a dog club training
license, a bird dog trial license, a hound dog trial license, a falconry license, a
nonprofit educational exhibiting license or a stocking license, no person may
purchase or offer to purchase any of the following:

9 1. Any live native wild animal that is not exempt from the licensing
10 requirement under s. 22.04 (4) (a).

2. Any live nonnative wild animal that is not exempt from the licensing
requirement under s. 22.04 (4) (b).

(b) A nonresident who purchases a live wild animal is exempt from holding a
license under this chapter to possess the wild animal if the nonresident possesses the
wild animal in this state for not more than 10 days after the date of purchase.

16 (3) AUCTIONS AND MARKETS. No person may conduct an auction or market to sell
17 live wild animals except as authorized under a captive wild animal auction and
18 market license.

(4) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN INSTITUTIONS. Any of the following is exempt from
the requirements under subs. (1) and (2):

21

(a) Public zoos or aquariums.

- 22 (b) Circuses and the Circus World Museum located in Baraboo, Wisconsin.
- 23 (c) The department.

(5) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. (a) This section does not authorize
 the selling or purchasing of environmentally injurious wild animals.

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1 **(b)** The selling and purchasing of native wild reptiles and native wild 2 amphibians is subject to s. 22.12 and not to this section. 3 (c) The sale of white-tailed deer to be processed for venison meat or products 4 is subject to s. 22.13 and not to this section. 5 22.11 Inherently dangerous and environmentally injurious wild 6 animals. (1) INHERENTLY DANGEROUS WILD ANIMALS. (a) The department shall 7 designate by rule cougars and members of the family ursidae as inherently 8 dangerous wild animals and may designate by rule other types of wild animals to be 9 inherently dangerous wild animals.

10 (2) ENVIRONMENTALLY INJURIOUS WILD ANIMALS. (a) The department may 11 designate by rule the species of wild animals that are environmentally injurious wild 12 animals.

(b) No person may possess, take, propagate, sell, purchase, transfer, exhibit or
rehabilitate a live environmentally injurious wild animal unless specifically
authorized to do so by the department.

(c) No person may introduce, stock or release, or import into this state to
introduce, stock or release, any environmentally injurious wild animal unless
specifically authorized to do so by the department under s. 22.06 (1) (c).

19 (3) EXEMPTIONS. (a) Public zoos and aquariums are exempt from the20 prohibition under sub. (2) (b).

21 22 (b) 1. Veterinarians are exempt from the prohibition under sub. (2) (b) for the purpose of providing medical treatment to environmentally injurious wild animals.

23

2. For purposes of subd. 1., "medical treatment" does not include rehabilitation.

22.12 Possession and sale of native wild reptiles and wild amphibians.

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(1) POSSESSION OF MORE THAN 5 PROHIBITED. No person may take from the wild or

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it will grant the permission.

1 possess live native wild reptiles or live native wild amphibians unless the person 2 takes or possesses 5 or fewer of any subspecies or unless sub. (2) or (3) applies. 3 (2) POSSESSION OF MORE THAN 5 ALLOWED. (a) 1. A person may take from the wild 4 or possess more than 5 leopard frogs, 5 mud puppies or 5 tiger salamanders if so 5 authorized by the department under a Class A captive wild animal farm license. 6 2. A person may possess more than 5 bullfrogs if all of the bullfrogs are taken 7 or reared outside the state and if the person is so authorized by the department under 8 a Class A captive wild animal farm license. (b) An authorization under par. (a) 1. for a type of wild amphibian may be 9 10 subject to a quota established by rule by the department that protects from excessive 11 taking of the population of that wild amphibian from the wild. 12 (c) 1. For any type of native wild reptile or native wild amphibian, other than 13 a wild amphibian subject to par. (a), a person may take from the wild or possess more 14 than 5 of that type of wild reptile or wild amphibian if permission has been granted 15 to the person by the department. 16 2. A request for permission under subd. 1. shall be in writing and shall include 17 the name of the species, the number of wild reptiles or wild amphibians, the location 18 of the proposed taking and the reason for the proposed possession. 19 3. The natural resources board shall create a council under s. 15.04 (1) (c) to 20 review requests for permission under subd. 1. The council shall make 21 recommendations to the department to assist the department in deciding whether

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(3) POSSESSION OF NATIVE FROGS. A person using native frogs for bait while
fishing may take from the wild, possess and kill more than 5 native frogs, but may
not possess more than 5 of any subspecies of native frog for more than 24 hours.

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1	(4) RESTRICTIONS OF SALES. No person may sell live native wild reptiles or live
2	native wild amphibians except for the following:
3	(a) Color variants of these wild reptiles and wild amphibians that have been
4	bred in captivity and have coloration that is clearly distinct from the normal
5	morphological color patterns.
6	(b) Leopard frogs, mud puppies and tiger salamanders that are sold under the
7	authorization of a Class A captive wild animal farm license.
8	(c) Bullfrogs that are taken or reared outside this state and that are sold under
9	the authorization of a Class A captive wild animal farm license.
10	(5) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN INSTITUTIONS. Any of the following is exempt from
11	the requirements under this section:
12	(a) Public zoos or aquariums.
13	(b) Circuses and the Circus World Museum located in Baraboo, Wisconsin.
14	(c) The department.
15	(6) EXEMPTION FOR VETERINARIANS. (a) Veterinarians are exempt from subs. (1)
16	and (2) for the purpose of providing medical treatment to native wild reptiles and
17	native wild amphibians.
18	(b) For purposes of par. (a), "medical treatment" does not include rehabilitation.
19	(7) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN WILD ANIMALS. This section does not authorize
20	the possessing, taking or selling of reptiles or amphibians that are environmentally
21	injurious wild animals.
22	22.13 Sale and purchase of white-tailed deer for venison. (1)
23	REQUIREMENTS FOR LIVE DEER. (a) No person may sell a live white-tailed deer to be
24	processed for venison meat or products except as authorized under a deer farm

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1	license. No person may sell a live white-tailed deer to be processed for venison meat
2	or products without providing a deer farm shipping tag that will accompany the deer.
3	(b) No person may purchase a live white-tailed deer to be processed for venison
4	meat or products unless all of the following apply:
5	1. The person operates an establishment licensed under s. 97.42 or for which
6	inspection is granted under 9 CFR part 304.
7	2. The person holds a white-tailed deer venison sales license.
8	3. The deer originated from a deer farm and has an accompanying deer farm
9	shipping tag attached to its body.
10	(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR CARCASSES. No person may sell venison meat or process
11	venison products from captive white-tailed deer unless all of the following apply:
12	(a) The person operates an establishment licensed under s. 97.42 or for which
13	inspection is granted under 9 CFR part 304.
14	(b) The person holds a white-tailed deer venison sales license.
15	(c) The white-tailed deer originated from a deer farm.
16	(d) Each individual package of white-tailed deer venison that the person
17	processes and sells contains the license number of the deer farm from which the
18	white-tailed deer originated and the label clearly states that the venison is from a
19	licensed deer farm.
20	(3) CONSUMER SALES. No person may sell venison from white-tailed deer to a
21	consumer, or purchase such venison for resale to a consumer, unless the venison is
22	labeled as required under sub. (2) (d) and the venison came from one of the following:
23	(a) An establishment licensed under s. 97.42 or for which inspection is granted
24	under 9 CFR part 304.
25	(b) A meat broker or meat distributor registered under s. 97.42.

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1	22.14 Carcasses of captive wild animals. (1) Restrictions on sales and
2	PURCHASES. (a) No person may sell the carcass of any captive wild animal unless the
3	seller provides to the purchaser written proof of origin.
4	(b) No person may purchase or possess the carcass of any captive wild animal
5	unless the purchaser maintains written proof of origin during the time the purchaser
6	possesses the carcass.
7	(c) No person may sell or purchase the carcass, except for the hide, of a bear that
8	was a captive wild animal.
9	(d) No person may preserve and mount a carcass of a captive wild animal for
10	consideration unless that person holds a valid taxidermist permit issued under s.
11	29.506.
12	(2) TAGGING REQUIREMENTS FOR CAPTIVE WILD ANIMAL FARMS. (a) A person killing
13	a wild animal under the authority of a captive wild animal farm license shall tag the
14	carcass in the manner required by the department before removing the carcass from
15	the farm. No person may remove the tag from the carcass except as provided in par.
16	(b).
17	(b) A person acquiring a carcass tagged under par. (a) that is to be consumed
18	for food may remove the tag at the time the carcass is prepared for final consumption.
19	The person shall keep the tag in evidence until the carcass is consumed or otherwise
20	disposed of.
21	(c) For purposes of pars. (a) and (b), for the carcasses of wild reptiles and wild
22	amphibians, a person need not tag each carcass, but shall tag each shipment in the
23	manner required by the department.
24	(3) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN CARCASSES. (a) Subsections (1) and (2) do not
25	apply to the raw fur or dressed fur of fur-bearing wild animals.

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(c)

(b) Subsection (1) (a) and (b) does not apply to white-tailed deer that is to be
 processed into venison.

threatened species is subject to s. 29.604 and not to this section.

The selling, purchasing or possessing of carcasses of endangered or

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5 **22.15 Captive wild animal farm licenses. (1)** ISSUANCE. (a) The 6 department shall issue a Class A captive wild animal farm license to operate a 7 captive wild animal farm that grosses \$10,000 or more in annual sales to any 8 qualified person who files a proper application for the license and who pays the 9 applicable fee.

10 (b) The department shall issue a Class B captive wild animal farm license to 11 operate a captive wild animal farm that grosses less than \$10,000 in annual sales to 12 any qualified person who files a proper application for the license and who pays the 13 applicable fee.

(c) The department shall issue a Class A captive wild animal farm license to
any qualified person who files a proper application for the license and who pays the
applicable fee to operate a captive wild animal farm that contains more than 5 of any
of the following:

18 1. Leopard frogs.

19 2. Mud puppies.

- 20 3. Tiger salamanders.
- 21 4. Bullfrogs that are taken or reared outside this state.

(d) The applicant shall specify the location of the enclosures for the wildanimals on the application.

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1	(2) AUTHORIZATION. (a) A captive wild animal farm license authorizes the
2	holder of the license to possess, propagate, kill, exhibit, purchase and sell live captive
3	wild animals of the types specified by the department on the license.
4	(b) A captive wild animal farm license authorizes the killing of captive wild
5	animals only by the holder of the license or an employe of the holder of the license.
6	(3) CALCULATION OF ANNUAL SALES. (a) The calculation of annual sales under
7	sub. (1) and par. (b) shall be based on sales from the prior year that involve live
8	captive wild animals that are any of the following:
9	1. Native wild animals.
10	2. Nonnative wild animals of the family cervidae.
11	3. Inherently dangerous wild animals.
12	4. Endangered or threatened species.
13	(b) For the first year that a person is issued a captive wild animal farm license,
14	the person shall be issued a Class B captive wild animal farm license, unless one of
15	the following applies:
16	1. The person operated a game bird and animal farm licensed under s. 29.867,
17	1997 stats., or a deer farm licensed under s. 29.871, 1997 stats., on the effective date
18	of this subdivision [revisor inserts date], that grossed \$10,000 or more in annual
19	sales.
20	2. The person elects to be issued a Class A captive wild animal farm license.
21	(4) CONTROL OF WILD ANIMALS. (a) A person holding a captive wild animal farm
22	license shall control the wild animals at all times in the manner required by the
23	department and shall keep the wild animals at the locations specified on the
24	application for the license.

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(b) If any member of the family ursidae, felidae, cervidae or canidae escapes 1 2 from its enclosure or fenced area on a captive wild animal farm, the person holding 3 the captive wild animal farm license shall notify the department within 24 hours 4 after the escape. 5 (5) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional 6 standards, limitations and requirements for captive wild animal farm licenses and 7 for captive wild animal farms, including fencing of the farms. 8 **22.16 Deer farm license. (1)** ISSUANCE. The department shall issue a deer 9 farm license to any qualified person who files a proper application for the license and 10 who pays the applicable fee. The applicant shall specify the locations of the 11 enclosures for the deer on the application. 12 (2) AUTHORIZATION. (a) A deer farm license authorizes the holder of the license 13 to do any of the following: 14 1. Possess, propagate, purchase, sell and exhibit live captive white-tailed deer. 15 2. Sell or offer to sell the opportunity to hunt live white-tailed deer within the 16 boundaries of the deer farm. 17 (b) A person holding a deer farm license shall provide a deer shipping tag that 18 will accompany each live white-tailed deer that the person sells to be processed for 19 venison. 20 (3) EXEMPTION FROM HUNTING RESTRICTIONS. A person hunting white-tailed deer 21 on a deer farm is exempt from having any hunting approval issued under ch. 29 and 22 is exempt from any closed season restrictions, bag limits or other conditions or 23 restrictions established by the department under s. 29.014 (1).

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1 (4) CONTROL OF DEER. (a) A person holding a deer farm license shall control the 2 deer at all times in the manner required by the department and shall keep the deer 3 at the locations specified on the application for the license.

4

(b) If any deer escapes from its enclosure or fenced area on a deer farm, the 5 person holding the deer farm license shall notify the department within 24 hours 6 after the escape.

7 (5) FREE-ROAMING DEER. A person applying for a deer farm license shall make 8 a reasonable effort to drive free-roaming white-tailed deer from land subject to the 9 license that will be enclosed before the land is enclosed. If any white-tailed deer 10 remain in the boundaries of a deer farm fence, the department may authorize the 11 hunting of those deer. A person holding a deer farm license shall pay the department \$250 for each white-tailed deer remaining within the boundaries. 12

13 (6) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional 14 standards, limitations and requirements for deer farm licenses and for deer farms, 15 including fencing of the farms.

16 22.17 White-tailed deer venison sales license. (1) APPLICATION. The 17 department shall issue a white-tailed deer venison sales license to any qualified 18 person who files a proper application for the license and who pays the applicable fee. (2) AUTHORIZATION. (a) A white-tailed deer venison sales license authorizes the 19 20 holder of the license to sell, purchase and process venison from white-tailed deer that

21 originates from a deer farm.

22 (3) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional 23 standards, limitations and requirements for white-tailed venison sales licenses and 24 for the premises at which venison from white-tailed deer is processed.

1	22.18 Wild fur farm license. (1) ISSUANCE. The department shall issue a wild
2	fur farm license to any qualified person who files a proper application and who pays
3	the applicable fee.
4	(2) AUTHORIZATION; LIMITATIONS. (a) A wild fur farm license authorizes all of the
5	following:
6	1. The holder of the license to possess and propagate live muskrat, beaver,
7	raccoon, otter and mink on the land subject to the license.
8	2. The holder of the license and other persons authorized by the holder to take
9	the live fur-bearing wild animals specified in subd. 1. or kill by trapping the
10	fur-bearing wild animals specified in subd. 1.
11	3. The holder of the license to sell the live fur-bearing wild animals specified
12	in subd. 1. to persons authorized to possess the fur-bearing wild animals.
13	(b) Section 29.501 shall apply to the possession and selling of the raw furs and
14	dressed furs of the fur–bearing wild animals specified in par. (a) 1.
15	(c) The number of otter that are taken or killed may not exceed the quota
16	established by rule by the department under sub. (5) (a).
17	(3) ELIGIBLE LAND. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a wild fur farm licensed
18	under this section shall be in a single parcel and may not exceed 640 acres.
19	(b) Upon the request of the applicant for a license under this section, the
20	department shall issue a single license for a wild fur farm that does not meet all of
21	the requirements of par. (a) if the wild fur farm is licensed as a fur animal farm under
22	s. 29.869, 1997 stats., on the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date].
23	(4) EXEMPTION FROM TRAPPING RESTRICTIONS. Except as provided in sub. (2) (c),
24	a person trapping fur-bearing wild animals on a wild fur farm is exempt from having
25	any trapping approval issued under ch. 29 and is exempt from any closed season

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1	restrictions, bag limits or other conditions or restrictions established by the
2	department under s. 29.014 (1) or 29.192.
3	(5) RULES. (a) The department shall promulgate by rule a quota for taking, or
4	killing by trapping, otter for purposes of this section.
5	(b) The department shall promulgate rules for the purpose of determining
6	whether a piece of land qualifies as a single parcel under sub. (3).
7	(c) The department may promulgate rules to establish additional standards,
8	limitations and requirements for wild fur farm licenses and for wild fur farms.
9	<b>22.19 Bird hunting preserve licenses. (1)</b> ISSUANCE. The department shall
10	issue a Class A or a Class B bird hunting preserve license to any qualified person who
11	files a proper application and who pays the applicable fee.
12	(2) AUTHORIZATION. (a) A Class A or a Class B bird hunting preserve license
13	authorizes all of the following:
14	1. Possessing, stocking, propagating, releasing into the wild, selling and
15	purchasing of live wild birds of the species authorized under par. (b) by the holder
16	of the license.
17	2. Hunting or taking of released wild birds of those species that have been
18	stocked in the preserve by the holder of the license and other persons authorized by
19	the holder.
20	(b) The department may authorize only one or more of the following species of
21	live wild birds under a Class A or a Class B bird hunting preserve license:
22	1. Pheasants of the species Phasianus colchicus or the species Syrmaticus
23	reevesii.
24	2. Quail that are of the subfamily Odontophorinae.
25	3. Gray partridge.

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- 4. Chukar partridge.
- 2 5. Red-legged partridge.
- 3 6. Mallard ducks that are bred in captivity.
- 4 7. Wild turkeys, if the wild turkeys are located outside a wild turkey hunting 5 zone established under s. 29.164.
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(c) The department shall specify on the license the types of wild birds that the 7 department authorizes under the license.

- 8 (3) REGULATION OF NUMBER OF BIRDS. (a) A person holding a bird hunting 9 preserve license may not allow the number of wild birds of a given species in the 10 preserve that are killed or taken in a given year to exceed the number of captive wild 11 birds of that species that have been stocked in the preserve for that license year.
- 12 (b) A Class A bird hunting preserve license authorizes the person holding the 13 license to possess any number of the species specified in sub. (2) (b) 2. to 7. and 14 requires the person to stock at least 1,001 adult pheasants in the preserve during the 15 license year.

16 (c) A Class B bird hunting preserve license authorizes the person holding the license to possess any number of the species specified in sub. (2) (b) 2. to 7. and 17 18 prohibits the person from stocking more than 1,000 adult pheasants in the preserve. 19 A holder of a Class B bird hunting preserve license possessing pheasants under the 20 license shall stock a minimum of one adult pheasant per 4 huntable acres that are 21 within the boundaries of the licensed preserve during the license year.

22 (4) REQUIREMENTS FOR MALLARD DUCKS. A person possessing mallard ducks 23 under the authority of a bird hunting preserve license may possess only mallard 24 ducks that are bred in captivity and shall identify them as required under 50 CFR 25 21.13 (b). The person shall house the mallard ducks in pens that are covered and

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maintained to prevent free-roaming wild waterfowl from being attracted to the pens
 with the mallard ducks that are being bred.

(4m) RESTRICTIONS ON HEN PHEASANTS. A person holding a Class B bird hunting
preserve license may not allow the hunting or taking of hen pheasants beginning on
December 15 of each year and ending on the following March 31 within the
boundaries of the licensed preserve if the preserve is located totally or partially
within a pheasant management zone, as established by the department, for purposes
of s. 29.191.

9 (5) EXEMPTION FROM HUNTING RESTRICTIONS. (a) A person hunting or taking wild
10 birds on a bird hunting preserve that have been stocked on the preserve is exempt
11 from having any approval issued under ch. 29.

(b) Except as provided in par. (c), a person hunting or taking wild birds on a bird
hunting preserve that have been stocked on the preserve is exempt from any closed
season restrictions, bag limits or other conditions or restrictions established by the
department under s. 29.014 (1) or 29.192.

(c) A person hunting mallard ducks shall comply with rules promulgated by the
department under ss. 29.014 and 29.192 governing the hunting of waterfowl.

(6) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional
standards, limitations and requirements for bird hunting preserve licenses and for
bird hunting preserves.

21 22.20 Dog training licenses. (1) BIRD DOG TRAINING LICENSE. (a) The
22 department shall issue a bird dog training license to any qualified individual who is
23 at least 12 years of age who files a proper application and who pays the applicable
24 fee.

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1 (b) Except as provided in par. (c), a bird dog training license authorizes the 2 holder of the license to purchase, possess, release into the wild and hunt any of the 3 live captive wild birds specified in s. 22.19 (2) (b) 1. to 6. solely for the purposes of 4 training a dog to retrieve, point, flush and track game.

5 (c) The department may restrict the possessing, releasing and hunting of a 6 species of wild birds specified in par. (b) by persons holding dog training licenses in 7 zones or areas for which the department has by rule imposed special hunting 8 restrictions for that species.

9 (d) A person training a bird dog in a bird hunting preserve for which the 10 hunting of pheasant, quail, mallard ducks bred in captivity or partridge has been 11 authorized under a bird hunting preserve license is exempt from holding a bird dog 12 training license to possess, release into the wild and hunt live captive wild birds for 13 the purposes of training the dog to retrieve, point, flush and track wild birds.

14 (2) HOUND DOG TRAINING LICENSE. (a) The department shall issue a hound dog
15 training license to any qualified individual who is at least 12 years of age who files
16 a proper application and who pays the applicable fee.

(b) A hound dog training license authorizes the holder of the license to
purchase, possess, release into the wild and hunt any of the following live captive
wild animals for the purpose of teaching hound dogs to track game:

- Live captive rabbit purchased or otherwise acquired from a person holding
   a captive wild animal farm license.
  - 2. Live captive raccoon.
- 23 3. Live captive bear of the species Ursus americanus.

22

24 (3) DOG CLUB TRAINING LICENSE. (a) The department may issue a dog club
 25 training license to an organization that meets the conditions established by the

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department by rule for dog club training licenses that files a proper application and
 that pays the applicable fee.

3 (b) A dog club training license authorizes the club or its members to purchase,
4 possess, release into the wild and hunt species of live captive wild animals that are
5 authorized by the department on property owned or leased by the club for the
6 purpose of teaching a bird dog or hound dog to retrieve, point, flush or track game.

7 (4) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional
8 standards, limitations and requirements for licenses issued under this section. The
9 rules may include standards that provide adequate protection for the wild animals
10 that are authorized under a dog training license.

(5) RESTRICTIONS. (a) No person may sell wild animals under a license issued
under this section, but a person holding a bird dog training license who has been
contracted to train a dog may charge for the wild birds used in the training.

14 (b) A license under this section does not authorize organized competitive field15 events.

16 22.21 Dog trial licenses. (1) BIRD DOG TRIAL LICENSE. (a) The department
 17 shall issue a bird dog trial license to any qualified person who files a proper
 18 application and who pays the applicable fee.

(b) A bird dog trial license authorizes the holder of the license to purchase,
possess, release into the wild and hunt any live captive wild bird for any organized
competitive field event that involves sporting dog breeds and that is sanctioned,
licensed or recognized by a local, state, regional or national dog organization.

(2) HOUND DOG TRIAL LICENSE. (a) The department shall issue a hound dog trial
license to any person who files a proper application and who pays the applicable fee.

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1	(b) A hound dog trial license authorizes the holder of the license to purchase,
2	possess, release into the wild and hunt live captive raccoon, live captive rabbit and
3	live captive bear of the species Ursus americanus for any organized competitive field
4	event that involves sporting dog breeds and that is sanctioned, licensed or recognized
5	by a local, state, regional or national dog organization.
6	(3) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional

6 (3) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional 7 standards, limitations and requirements for licenses issued under this section. The 8 rules may include standards that provide adequate protection for the wild animals 9 that are authorized under a dog trial license.

10 **22.22 Falconry license. (1)** ISSUANCE. (a) The department shall issue a 11 falconry license to any qualified individual who is at least 18 years of age, who has 12 a federal falconry license, who files a proper application and who pays the applicable 13 fee.

(b) The department shall issue a youth falconry license to any individual who
is a resident of this state, who is at least 14 years of age but less than 18 years of age
and who qualifies as a falconry apprentice under 50 CFR 21.29 (e) (1).

17 (2) AUTHORIZATION; POSSESSION. A falconry license authorizes the holder of the
18 license to possess and release raptors for falconry purposes.

19 (3) AUTHORIZATION; EXHIBITING; HUNTING. A falconry license authorizes the
20 holder of the license to do all of the following:

(a) Exhibit live captive raptors if specifically authorized to do so by thedepartment.

(b) Hunt small game of the type authorized for hunters holding small gamehunting licenses under s. 29.161 by engaging in falconry.

25 (c) '

(c) Take raptors from the wild.

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1 (5) AUTHORIZATION; OTHER. A falconry license authorizes the holder of the 2 license to do any of the following if the person also has a federal propagation permit 3 issued under 50 CFR 21.30: 4 (a) Propagate and purchase raptors. 5 (b) Sell raptors that are bred in captivity. 6 (6) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish all of the 7 following: 8 (a) Additional standards, limitations and requirements for falconry licenses. 9 (b) Bag limits, closed areas and other conditions or restrictions on hunting by 10 engaging in falconry subject to sub. (3) (b). 11 **22.23 Stocking license.** (1) ISSUANCE. The department may issue stocking 12 licenses. If the department issues stocking licenses, it shall issue a stocking license 13 to any qualified person who files a proper application and who pays the applicable 14 fee. 15 (2) AUTHORIZATION. A stocking license authorizes the holder of the license to 16 purchase, possess, introduce or stock wild animals. 17 (3) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional 18 standards, limitations and requirements for stocking licenses. The rules may 19 include the species of wild animals that may be introduced or stocked and the 20 locations at which those species of wild animals may be introduced or stocked. 21 **22.24 Rehabilitation license. (1)** ISSUANCE. The department shall issue a 22 rehabilitation license to rehabilitate wild animals to any qualified individual who is

at least 18 years of age, who meets the qualifications under rules promulgated under

sub. (2) and who files a proper application.

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1	(2) QUALIFICATIONS; RULES. The department shall promulgate rules to establish
2	the qualifications required to obtain a rehabilitation license, the types of activities
3	authorized by a rehabilitation license and the standards, limitations and
4	requirements for rehabilitation licenses.
5	<b>22.25 Scientific research license. (1)</b> ISSUANCE. (a) The department shall
6	issue a scientific research license to any qualified person who is engaged in a study
7	or in research that the department determines will lead to increased, useful scientific
8	knowledge, who files a proper application and who pays the applicable fee.
9	(b) The department may also require the person to submit with the license
10	application a copy of any of the following:
11	1. The person's study plan or research proposal.
12	2. An approval received by the person under 9 CFR 2.31.
13	(2) AUTHORIZATION. A scientific research license authorizes the holder of the
14	license to take from the wild, possess, kill or propagate the types of native wild
15	animals that the department authorizes under the license.
16	(3) SCOPE OF LICENSE; CONTENTS. A scientific research license shall contain the
17	holder's name and address, the date of issuance and all of the following conditions
18	or limitations:
19	(a) The specific purposes for which it is issued.
20	(b) The types of wild animals and the number of each type to be studied.
21	(c) The locations from where the wild animals will be taken.
22	(d) The locations at which the wild animals will be kept and studied.
23	(e) The periods of time in which the wild animals may be studied.
24	(f) Any other conditions or limitations that the department considers
25	reasonable.

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(4) EQUIPMENT. A scientific research license may authorize the use of net guns,
 tranquilizer guns and other equipment or supplies for activities related to scientific
 research or study.

4 (5) TITLE TO; TRANSFER AND DISPOSAL OF WILD ANIMALS. (a) A person holding a
5 scientific research license may not transfer any wild animal or its carcass held under
6 the authority of the license unless the purpose of the transfer is to trade the wild
7 animals for other animals for scientific research or classroom demonstrations and
8 the transfer is specifically authorized by the department at the time of the transfer.

9 (b) A person holding a scientific research license shall release or dispose of a 10 live wild animal possessed under the authority of the license, or its carcass, only in 11 the manner specifically authorized by the department.

(6) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional
standards, limitations and requirements for scientific research licenses.

14 **22.26 Nonprofit educational exhibiting license. (1)** ISSUANCE. The 15 department shall issue a nonprofit educational exhibiting license to any nature 16 center, aquarium or educational institution if the center, aquarium or institution is 17 a nonstock, nonprofit corporation described under section 501 (c) (3) or (4) of the 18 Internal Revenue Code and exempt from taxation under section 501 (a) of the 19 Internal Revenue Code and if the center, aquarium or institution files a proper 20 application and pays the applicable fee.

(2) AUTHORIZATION. A nonprofit educational exhibiting license authorizes the
person holding the license to do all of the following:

23

(a) Possess and exhibit live wild animals.

(b) Purchase and propagate live wild animals subject to sub. (3) (a) for thepurpose of exhibiting only.

(3) AUTHORIZATION: RESTRICTION; TRADING. (a) A person holding a nonprofit educational exhibiting license may purchase or propagate only those types of wild

animals that the department specifically authorizes on the license.

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4 (b) If a person holding a nonprofit educational exhibiting license determines
5 that the person possesses more live wild animals than are necessary for exhibiting
6 purposes, the person may sell the excess wild animals to another person who is not
7 prohibited under this chapter from possessing the wild animals.

8 (4) RULES. The department may promulgate rules establishing standards,
9 limitations and requirements for nonprofit educational exhibiting licenses.

10 **22.27 Nonresident temporary exhibiting license. (1)** ISSUANCE. The 11 department shall issue a nonresident temporary exhibiting license to any qualified 12 individual who is a nonresident or to any business organization that is not organized 13 under the laws of this state, who meets the requirement under sub. (2), who files a 14 proper application and who pays the applicable fee.

(2) FEDERAL REQUIREMENT. An applicant for a nonresident temporary exhibiting
license shall hold any license or permit that may be required under 7 USC 2131 to
2159 at the time the department issues the applicant the license.

18 (3) AUTHORIZATION. A person holding a nonresident temporary exhibiting
19 license may do all of the following:

(a) Possess and exhibit live wild animals at locations designated by the
department under the license for the production of motion pictures or television
programs or as parts of theatrical acts, carnivals or other animal attractions or
displays.

(b) Move live wild animals in mobile facilities that do not meet the rules forhousing under s. 22.39.

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1 (4) RULES. The department may promulgate rules to establish additional 2 standards, limitations and requirements for nonresident temporary exhibiting 3 licenses. 4 **22.28 Captive wild animal auction and market license. (1)** ISSUANCE. 5 The department shall issue a captive wild animal auction and market license to any 6 qualified person who files a proper application and who pays the applicable fee. 7 (2) AUTHORIZATION; LIMITATION. (a) A captive wild animal auction and market 8 license authorizes the person holding the license to do all of the following: 9 1. Possess live wild animals for an auction or market. 10 2. Exhibit live wild animals for an auction or market. 11 3. Conduct auctions and markets to sell live wild animals to persons authorized 12 to possess the wild animals within and outside this state. 13 (b) No person may conduct a private sale of a live wild animal at the same site 14 and on the same date as the site and date of an auction or market conducted under 15 the authority of a captive wild animal auction and market license. 16 (3) CONSIGNMENT SALES. A person may ship or transport a live wild animal into 17 this state for consignment sale at an auction or market by a person holding a captive 18 wild animal auction and market license if all of the following apply: 19 (a) The person shipping or transporting the wild animal is in compliance with 20 any licensing or other approval requirements of the state, province or country of 21 origin. 22 (b) A copy of any license or other approval required by the state, country or 23 province of origin and a valid interstate health certificate or valid certificate of

veterinary inspection issued by a veterinarian accompany the wild animal.

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1	(4) RULES. The department may promulgate rules that establish additional
2	standards, limitations and requirements for captive wild animal auction and market
3	licenses and for captive wild animal auctions and markets.
4	<b>22.29 Validation licenses. (1)</b> ELIGIBILITY. (a) <i>Initial validation license.</i> A
5	person who meets all of the following conditions is eligible for an initial validation
6	license:
7	1. The person has a license or permit under s. 29.863, 1997 stats., s. 29.865,
8	1997 stats., s. 29.867, 1997 stats., s. 29.869, 1997 stats., s. 29.871, 1997 stats., or s.
9	29.877, 1997 stats., on the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date].
10	2. The licenses available under ss. 22.15 to 22.28 do not permit the continuation
11	of an activity that was allowed under the license or permit under s. 29.863, 1997
12	stats., s. 29.865, 1997 stats., s. 29.867, 1997 stats., s. 29.869, 1997 stats., s. 29.871,
13	1997 stats., or s. 29.877, 1997 stats., on the effective date of this subdivision
14	[revisor inserts date], at the location where the activity is being conducted on the
15	effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date].
16	3. The person obtains licenses under this chapter for any activity that was
17	allowed under the license or permit under s. 29.863, 1997 stats., s. 29.865, 1997
18	stats., s. 29.867, 1997 stats., s. 29.869, 1997 stats., s. 29.871 or 29.877, 1997 stats.,
19	on the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date], and for which a
20	license under ss. 22.15 to 22.28 is available.
21	(b) Subsequent validation license. A person who meets all of the following
22	conditions is eligible for a subsequent validation license:
23	1. The person had a license or permit under s. 29.863, 1997 stats., s. 29.865,
24	1997 stats., s. 29.867, 1997 stats., s. 29.869, 1997 stats., s. 29.871, 1997 stats., or s.
25	29.877, 1997 stats., on the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date].

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2. The person obtained a license under ss. 22.15 to 22.28 for an activity that was
 allowed under the license or permit under s. 29.863, 1997 stats., s. 29.865, 1997
 stats., s. 29.867, 1997 stats., s. 29.869, 1997 stats., 29.871, 1997 stats., or s. 29.877,
 1997 stats., on the effective date of this subdivision .... [revisor inserts date].

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5 3. Rules applicable to licenses available under ss. 22.15 to 22.28 are 6 promulgated so as not to permit the continuation of an activity that was allowed 7 under the license or permit under s. 29.863, 1997 stats., s. 29.865, 1997 stats., s. 8 29.867, 1997 stats., s. 29.869, 1997 stats., s. 29.871, 1997 stats., or s. 29.877, 1997 9 stats., on on the effective date of this subdivision .... [revisor inserts date], at the 10 location where the activity was conducted on the effective date of this subdivision .... 11 [revisor inserts date].

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(2) APPLICATION. (a) *Initial validation license*. An eligible person may apply for an initial validation license no later than December 31, 2001.

(b) *Subsequent validation license.* An eligible person may apply for a
subsequent license no later than 6 months after the promulgation of rules described
under sub. (1) (b) 3.

(3) ISSUANCE. The department shall issue a single validation license to any
eligible person who files a proper application for the license. The validation license
shall apply to all activities described under sub. (4) (a). The department shall specify
on the validation license the activities that are permitted under the license. The
department shall combine a subsequent validation license with an initial validation
license that has been previously issued to the same person.

(4) AUTHORIZATION; LIMITATIONS. (a) Except as provided in pars. (c) to (e) and
sub. (5), a validation license authorizes the continuation of all activities that the
holder of the validation license is authorized to conduct on the effective date of this

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1 paragraph .... [revisor inserts date], under a license or permit issued under s. 29.863, 2 1997 stats., s. 29.865, 1997 stats., s. 29.867, 1997 stats., s. 29.869, 1997 stats., s. 3 29.871, 1997 stats., or s. 29.877, 1997 stats., if the holder is actually engaged in those 4 activities on the effective date of this paragraph .... [revisor inserts date]. 5 **(b)** The authorization under par. (a) applies even though the activity is 6 prohibited or limited under this chapter. 7 (c) This section does not apply to falconry or to the rehabilitation of wild 8 animals. 9 (d) A validation license does not authorize the hunting of pheasants in excess 10 of the number of pheasants stocked. 11 (e) A validation license does not allow the hunting or taking of hen pheasants 12 beginning on December 15 of each year and ending on the following March 31 within 13 the boundaries of a pheasant and quail farm licensed under s. 29.864, 1997 stats., 14 if the licensed farm is located totally or partially within a pheasant management 15 zone that is established by the department for purposes of s. 29.191. 16 (5) CONDITIONS. (a) The department shall impose all of the conditions, 17 restrictions and regulations on the validation license that were applicable to the 18 same activity under s. 29.863, 1997 stats., s. 29.865, 1997 stats., s. 29.867, 1997 19 stats., s. 29.869, 1997 stats., s. 29.871, 1997 stats., or s. 29.877, 1997 stats., and under 20 any rules promulgated under those sections that were in effect on the effective date 21 of this paragraph .... [revisor inserts date]. 22 (b) A validation license is subject to ss. 22.09, 22.11, 22.30, 22.33, 22.34, 22.35, 23 22.36, 22.37, 22.38, 22.39, 22.40, 22.41, 22.42, 22.43, 22.44, 22.45 and 22.46. 24 (6) RENEWAL; TRANSFERABILITY. (a) The department shall renew or transfer a 25 validation license upon the same conditions as the original validation license.

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1	(b) The department shall transfer a validation license, or any portion of a
2	validation license, to any person who does all of the following:
3	1. Acquires the land that is subject to the validation license.
4	2. Meets the requirements of this section.
5	3. Applies to the department for transfer of the validation license, or any
6	portion of the validation license, within 3 months after acquiring the land.
7	(c) If the holder of a validation license fails to renew the license within 45 days
8	after the license's expiration date, the license expires and may never be renewed.
9	(d) If the land subject to a validation license is transferred and the validation
10	license is not transferred as provided in par. (b), the license expires and may never
11	be renewed.
11 12	be renewed. 22.30 Endangered and threatened species. No person may take from the
12	<b>22.30 Endangered and threatened species.</b> No person may take from the
12 13	<b>22.30 Endangered and threatened species.</b> No person may take from the wild, introduce, stock, release into the wild, exhibit, propagate, rehabilitate, hunt,
12 13 14	<b>22.30 Endangered and threatened species.</b> No person may take from the wild, introduce, stock, release into the wild, exhibit, propagate, rehabilitate, hunt, sell, purchase, transfer or engage in any other activity related to a live wild animal
12 13 14 15	<b>22.30 Endangered and threatened species.</b> No person may take from the wild, introduce, stock, release into the wild, exhibit, propagate, rehabilitate, hunt, sell, purchase, transfer or engage in any other activity related to a live wild animal that is a threatened or endangered species unless the person is in compliance with
12 13 14 15 16	<b>22.30 Endangered and threatened species.</b> No person may take from the wild, introduce, stock, release into the wild, exhibit, propagate, rehabilitate, hunt, sell, purchase, transfer or engage in any other activity related to a live wild animal that is a threatened or endangered species unless the person is in compliance with this chapter and s. 29.604.
12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>22.30 Endangered and threatened species. No person may take from the wild, introduce, stock, release into the wild, exhibit, propagate, rehabilitate, hunt, sell, purchase, transfer or engage in any other activity related to a live wild animal that is a threatened or endangered species unless the person is in compliance with this chapter and s. 29.604.</li> <li>22.31 License and tag fees. (1) FEES. The following fees shall be paid to the</li> </ul>
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>22.30 Endangered and threatened species. No person may take from the wild, introduce, stock, release into the wild, exhibit, propagate, rehabilitate, hunt, sell, purchase, transfer or engage in any other activity related to a live wild animal that is a threatened or endangered species unless the person is in compliance with this chapter and s. 29.604.</li> <li>22.31 License and tag fees. (1) FEES. The following fees shall be paid to the department for the issuance or renewal of licenses:</li> </ul>

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- animal farm license is \$50. The department shall waive the fee for an initial license
  under this subdivision for an individual who is under 14 years of age if the individual
  is a member of a 4–H club or a sporting club.
- 24 2. The fee for a renewal of a Class A captive wild animal farm license is \$100,
  25 and the fee for a renewal of a Class B captive wild animal farm license is \$25.

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1	(b) <i>Deer farm license.</i> 1. The fee for an initial deer farm license is \$200.
2	2. The fee for a renewal of a deer farm license is \$100.
3	(c) <i>White-tailed deer venison sales license.</i> The fee for the white-tailed deer
4	venison sales license is \$100.
5	(d) <i>Wild fur farm license.</i> The fee for a wild fur farm license is \$50.
6	(e) Bird hunting preserve licenses. 1. The fee for an initial Class A bird hunting
7	preserve license is \$300, and the fee for an initial Class B bird hunting preserve
8	license is \$200.
9	2. The fee for a renewal of a Class A bird hunting preserve license is \$200, and
10	the fee for a renewal of a Class B bird hunting preserve license is \$100.
11	(f) <i>Dog training licenses.</i> 1. The fee for a bird dog training license is \$25.
12	2. The fee for a hound dog training license is \$25.
13	3. The fee for a dog club training license is \$100.
14	(g) <i>Dog trial licenses.</i> 1. The fee for a bird dog trial license is \$25.
15	2. The fee for a hound dog trial license is \$25.
16	(h) <i>Falconry licenses.</i> 1. The fee for a falconry license issued to a resident of
17	this state under s. 22.22 (1) (a) is \$75.
18	2. The fee for a falconry license issued to a nonresident under s. 22.22 (1) (a)
19	is \$100.
20	3. The fee for a falconry license issued under s. 22.22 (1) (b) is \$25.
21	(i) <i>Stocking license.</i> The fee for a stocking license is \$25.
22	(j) <i>Rehabilitation license.</i> There is no fee for a rehabilitation license.
23	(k) <i>Scientific research license.</i> The fee for a scientific research license is \$25.
24	(L) Nonprofit educational exhibiting license. The fee for a nonprofit
25	educational exhibiting license is \$25.

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1	(m) Nonresident temporary exhibiting license. The fee for a nonresident
2	temporary exhibiting license is \$50.
3	(n) <i>Captive wild animal auction and market license.</i> The fee for a captive wild
4	animal auction and market license is \$300.
5	(o) Validation license. There is no fee for an initial or subsequent validation
6	license.
7	(2) LATE FEE. The late fee for the renewal of any license issued under this
8	chapter that is filed after the expiration date of the license is \$20.
9	(3) APPLICABILITY OF LICENSE; CUMULATIVE FEES. (a) Except as provided in par.
10	(b), a license issued under this section authorizes the applicable activity on only one
11	block of contiguous land.
12	(b) To a business or other operation that was licensed for certain activities as
13	one legal entity with one set of records under one license under s. 29.865, 1997 stats.,
14	s. 29.867, 1997 stats., s. 29.869, 1997 stats., s. 29.871, 1997 stats., or s. 29.873, 1997
15	stats., and that were on noncontiguous land, the department shall continue to issue
16	one license under this chapter for that activity to the business or operation if there
17	is one license that authorizes all of those activities. The department shall continue
18	to issue the one license until the person holding that one license ceases to be issued
19	a license for the activity or until the person holding the one license issued ceases to
20	have a controlling interest in that business or operation.
21	(c) A person applying for 2 or more licenses under this section that are

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(c) A person apprying for 2 of more incenses under this section that are
necessary to engage in a single business or other operation shall pay a total fee that
equals the fee for the required license with the highest fee that is required, plus 50%
of the fee for each additional required license.

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1	(4) TAGS. Any tags required by this chapter or rules promulgated under this
2	chapter shall be provided by the department at cost.
3	<b>22.32 Licenses; effective periods. (1)</b> CAPTIVE WILD ANIMAL FARM LICENSE.
4	A captive wild animal farm license is valid from the date of issuance until the
5	following December 31.
6	(2) DEER FARM LICENSE. A deer farm license is valid from the date of issuance
7	until the following December 31.
8	(3) WHITE-TAILED DEER VENISON SALES LICENSE. A white-tailed deer venison
9	sales license is valid from the date of issuance until the following December 31.
10	(4) WILD FUR FARM LICENSE. A wild fur farm license is valid from the date of
11	issuance until the 3rd December 31 following the date of issuance.
12	(5) BIRD HUNTING PRESERVE LICENSE. A bird hunting preserve license is valid
13	from the date of issuance until the following May 30.
14	(6) DOG TRAINING LICENSES. (a) A bird dog training license is valid from the date
15	of issuance until the 3rd December 31 following the date of issuance.
16	(b) A hound dog training license is valid from the date of issuance until the 3rd
17	December 31 following the date of issuance.
18	(c) A dog club training license is valid from the date of issuance until the 3rd
19	December 31 following the date of issuance.
20	(7) DOG TRIAL LICENSES. (a) A bird dog trial license is valid from the date of
21	issuance until the following December 31.
22	(b) A hound dog trial license is valid from the date of issuance until the
23	following December 31.

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1	(8) FALCONRY LICENSE. (a) A falconry license issued to a resident of this state
2	is valid from the date of issuance until the 3rd December 31 following the date of
3	issuance or until the license holder reaches 18 years of age, whichever is earlier.
4	(b) A falconry license issued to a nonresident is valid from the date of issuance
5	until the following December 31.
6	(9) STOCKING LICENSE. A stocking license is valid for the period specified on the
7	license, which may not exceed 30 days.
8	(10) REHABILITATION LICENSE. A rehabilitation license is valid for 3 consecutive
9	years from the date of issuance.
10	(11) SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH LICENSE. A scientific research license is valid from the
11	date of issuance until the following December 31.
12	(12) NONPROFIT EDUCATIONAL EXHIBITING LICENSE. A nonprofit educational
13	exhibiting license is valid from the date of issuance until the following December 31.
14	(13) NONRESIDENT TEMPORARY EXHIBITING LICENSE. (a) Except as provided in par.
15	(b), a nonresident temporary exhibiting license is valid for the period specified on the
16	license, which may not exceed 30 days.
17	(b) Upon application, the department may grant extensions of the nonresident
18	temporary exhibiting license beyond 30 days.
19	(14) CAPTIVE WILD ANIMAL AUCTION AND MARKET LICENSE. The captive wild animal
20	auction and market license is valid from the date of issuance until the following
21	December 31.
22	(15) VALIDATION LICENSES. An initial or subsequent validation license is valid
23	from the date of issuance until the 5th December 31 after the date of issuance and
24	may be renewed for 5-year periods thereafter.

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1	<b>22.33 Licenses; applications; renewals; terminations. (1)</b> Application.
2	The application for a license under this chapter shall be on a form provided by the
3	department or in a format approved by the department, and shall request the
4	information required by the department. The department may not issue a license
5	unless the applicant provides the information required.
6	(2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR MINORS. (a) Each applicant for a license under
7	this chapter who is less than 18 years of age shall have the application signed by a
8	parent or guardian.
9	(b) Except as provided in pars. (c) and (d), an individual who applies for a
10	license under this chapter shall be at least 14 years of age.
11	(c) An individual who applies for a captive wild animal farm license may be less
12	than 14 years of age if the individual is a member of a 4–H club or a sporting club.
13	(d) An individual who applies for a dog training license or a hound training
14	license shall be at least 12 years of age.
15	(3) RENEWALS. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a person applying to renew
16	a license issued under this chapter shall file an application with the department on
17	or before the expiration date of the license.
18	(b) A person may apply for a renewal of a license issued under this chapter not
19	more than 45 days after the license's expiration date if the application is
20	accompanied by the late fee specified under s. 22.31 (2), in addition to any regular
21	renewal fee.
22	(4) INCORRECT INFORMATION. No person may provide information that the
23	person knows to be incorrect in order to obtain a license issued under this chapter

to which the person is not entitled.

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(5) EXPIRATION OF LICENSE. A person holding a license issued under this section
 that expires or is revoked or suspended shall remove or cause to be removed from the
 land subject to the license any signs indicating that the land was so licensed within
 45 days after the expiration, revocation or suspension.

- 5 (6) COMPLIANCE. No person may violate any condition or limitation imposed by
  6 the department on a license issued under this chapter.
- 7 22.34 Denial and revocation of approvals based on child support
  8 delinquency. (1) SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS REQUIRED. The department shall
  9 require an applicant who is an individual to provide his or her social security number
  10 as a condition of applying for, or applying to renew, any license issued under this
  11 chapter.
- 12 (2) DISCLOSURE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS. The department of natural 13 resources may not disclose any social security numbers received under sub. (1) to any 14 person except to the department of workforce development for the sole purpose of 15 administering s. 49.22.

16 (3) DENIAL OF APPROVALS. (a) As provided in the memorandum of understanding 17 required under s. 49.857 (2), the department shall deny an application to issue or 18 renew, suspend if already issued or otherwise withhold or restrict an approval 19 specified in sub. (1) if the applicant for or the holder of the approval is delinquent in 20 making court-ordered payments of child or family support, maintenance, birth 21 expenses, medical expenses or other expenses related to the support of a child or 22 former spouse or if the applicant or holder fails to comply with a subpoena or warrant 23 issued by the department of workforce development or a county child support agency 24 under s. 59.53 (5) and relating to paternity or child support proceedings.

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1	(b) As provided in the memorandum of understanding required under s. $49.857$
2	(2), the department shall deny an application to issue or renew an approval specified
3	in sub. (1) if the applicant for or the holder of the approval fails to provide his or her
4	social security number as required under sub. (1).
5	22.35 Denial and revocation of approvals based on tax delinquency.
6	(1) Social security and identification numbers required. The department shall
7	require an applicant who is an individual to provide his or her social security number
8	and an applicant who is not an individual to provide the applicant's federal employer
9	identification number as a condition of applying for, or applying to renew, any of the
10	following approvals:
11	(a) A captive wild animal farm license issued under s. 22.15.
12	(b) A deer farm license issued under s. 22.16.
13	(c) A white-tailed deer venison sales license issued under s. 22.17.
14	(d) A wild fur farm license issued under s. 22.18.
15	(e) A bird hunting preserve license issued under s. 22.19.
16	(f) A dog training license issued under s. 22.20 (1) or (2).
17	(g) A dog trial license issued under s. 22.21.
18	(h) A falconry license issued under s. 22.22.
19	(i) A stocking license issued under s. 22.23.
20	(j) A rehabilitation license issued under s. 22.24.
21	(k) A scientific research license issued under s. 22.25.
22	(L) A captive wild animal auction and market license issued under s. 22.28.
23	(m) A validation license issued under s. 22.29.
24	(2) DISCLOSURE OF NUMBERS. The department of natural resources may not
25	disclose any information received under sub. (1) to any person except to the

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department of revenue for the sole purpose of making certifications required under
 s. 73.0301.

(3) DENIAL AND REVOCATION. The department shall deny an application to issue
or renew, or shall revoke if already issued, an approval specified in sub. (1) if the
applicant for or the holder of the approval fails to provide the information required
under sub. (1) or if the department of revenue certifies that the applicant or approval
holder is liable for delinquent taxes under s. 73.0301.

8 22.36 Record-keeping and reporting requirements. (1) CAPTIVE WILD 9 ANIMAL FARM LICENSES, DEER FARM LICENSES, BIRD HUNTING PRESERVE LICENSES, FALCONRY 10 LICENSES, NONPROFIT EDUCATIONAL EXHIBITING LICENSES AND CAPTIVE WILD ANIMAL 11 AUCTION AND MARKET LICENSES. (a) *Records; generally.* Each person holding a captive 12 wild animal farm license, a deer farm license, a bird hunting preserve license, a 13 falconry license, a nonprofit educational exhibiting license or a captive wild animal 14 auction and market license shall keep a correct and complete record of all of the 15 following information:

For each transaction in which live wild animals are purchased, sold,
 acquired, transferred or consigned:

a. The complete name and address and the number of any license issued under
this chapter of the person from whom the wild animals were purchased, acquired or
consigned or of the person to whom the wild animals were sold, transferred or
consigned.

b. The date of the transaction and the number and species of the wild animals.
2. All wild animals belonging to the holder of the license that have died, have
been killed or have escaped.

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(b) *Records; additional requirements; exemptions.* 1. A person holding a bird
 hunting preserve license is exempt from keeping the records required under par. (a)
 1. a. for those wild birds that are killed on the land subject to the license.

- 4 2. For the taking of wild reptiles or wild amphibians from the wild, a person
  5 required to hold a license for such taking under this chapter shall include in the
  6 person's records the date of the taking and the location of the taking.
- 3. A person holding a falconry license who takes a raptor from the wild in this
  state shall keep a record of its species, age and sex, if discernible, and information
  on the taking. The information shall include the date of the taking, the method of
  the taking and the location of the taking by township and range.
- (2) WILD FUR FARM LICENSES. Each person holding a wild fur farm license shall
  keep a correct and complete record of the complete name and address and the number
  of any license issued under this chapter of each person to whom the license holder
  sells a live fur-bearing wild animal.
- (3) REHABILITATION LICENSES. Each person holding a rehabilitation license shall
  keep a correct and complete record of all of the following information for each wild
  animal:
- (a) The date that the wild animal in need of rehabilitation is received and thespecies of the wild animal.
- 20

(b) The condition of the wild animal that requires rehabilitation.

- (c) The disposition of the wild animal, including the date and location of its
  release into the wild or its transfer to the department.
- 23 (d) The cause of death, if known, for a wild animal that dies.
- 24 (e) Health records as required by the department.

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1	(4) DOG TRAINING AND TRIAL LICENSES. Each person holding a bird dog training
2	license, a hound dog training license, a dog club training license, a bird dog trial
3	license or a hound dog trial license shall keep a receipt of the purchase of each wild
4	animal purchased under the authority of the license and a correct and complete
5	record of any testing for disease on these wild animals that is required under rules
6	promulgated under s. 22.44 (3).
7	(5) SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH LICENSES. Each person holding a scientific research
8	license shall keep a correct and complete record of all of the following information for
9	each wild animal:
10	(a) The disposition of the wild animal, including the date and location of its
11	release into the wild or its transfer to the department.
12	(b) The cause of death, if known, for a wild animal that dies.
13	(6) WHITE-TAILED DEER VENISON SALES LICENSES. Each person holding a
14	white-tailed deer venison sales license shall keep a correct and complete record of
15	all of the following information for each transaction:
16	(a) The complete name, address and number of any license issued under this
17	chapter of the person from whom the venison was acquired.
18	(b) The date of acquisition.
19	(c) The number of pounds of venison acquired.
20	(7) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. The department may impose additional
21	record-keeping requirements on any holders of licenses under this chapter.
22	(8) Zoos. If a zoo or aquarium is not an accredited member of the American Zoo
23	and Aquarium Association, the governing body of the zoo or aquarium shall keep
24	correct and complete records of all transactions involving the movement of wild
25	animals that are native wild animals, nonnative wild animals of the family cervidae,

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1 inherently dangerous wild animals, environmentally injurious wild animals or 2 endangered or threatened species. The department shall determine the information 3 to be kept in these records.

4 (9) RECORDS; TIMING. (a) A person holding a license subject to this section shall 5 record all of the information required under this section within 7 days after the 6 occurrence of the transaction or activity. A person holding a license subject to this 7 section shall keep these records for 3 years after the last day of the year in which the 8 record was entered.

9 (b) In addition to the requirements under par. (a), the person holding a license 10 subject to this section shall provide a copy of the record required under this section 11 to the department within 7 days after the transaction or activity if the transaction 12 or activity involved any live wild animal of the family cervidae, canidae, ursidae, 13 mustelidae or felidae, any inherently dangerous wild animal or any environmentally 14 injurious wild animal.

15

(c) In addition to the requirements under par. (a), a nonresident who takes a 16 raptor from the wild in this state shall provide a copy of the record required under 17 sub. (1) (b) 3. to the department within 2 days after the taking.

18 (d) The department may require, by rule, that submission of the records 19 required under this section to the department be a condition for renewal of any 20 license subject to this section.

21 (10) REPORTS. (a) Each person holding a license subject to this section shall 22 submit an annual summary report for each license year to the department that 23 contains all of the following information for each species of wild animal possessed by 24 the person holding the license:

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1 1. The number of wild animals that the person holding the license possesses 2 on the date of the report. 3 2. The number of wild animals the person holding the license has purchased 4 or otherwise acquired during the reporting year. 5 3. The number of wild animals that the person holding the license has sold, 6 released into the wild or otherwise transferred during the reporting year. 7 4. The number of wild animals that have been killed or have escaped or died 8 during the reporting year. 9 (b) The person holding the license shall submit the annual report under par. 10 (a) within 30 days after the last day of the license year that the report covers. 11 (11) REQUIREMENTS AS TO FORM. The records and reports required under this 12 section shall be in the English language and shall be on forms provided by the 13 department or in a format approved by the department. 14 **22.37 Inspections. (1)** DEPARTMENTAL AUTHORITY. For purposes of enforcing 15 this chapter and the rules promulgated under this chapter with respect to a person 16 who is required to have a license or maintain records under this chapter, a 17 conservation warden or representative of the department, upon presenting his or her 18 credentials to that person, may do any of the following: 19 (a) Enter and inspect any land, vehicle, building or other structure where live 20 wild animals are possessed or where carcasses of wild animals are possessed. 21 (b) Inspect any equipment, materials or other activities related to the wild 22 animals. 23 (c) Gain access to and inspect any records required to be kept under s. 22.36. 24 Investigate and inspect any wild animal or any other animal to be (d)

25 introduced, stocked or released into the wild. Inspection under this paragraph may

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include the removal of reasonable diagnostic samples from wild animals for
 biological examination.

- 3 (2) TIMES FOR INSPECTIONS. An inspection authorized under sub. (1) or (4) may
  4 be conducted during any of the following times:
- 5 (a) Normal business hours.

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- 6 (b) During the time that the person who possesses wild animals or carcasses7 of wild animals is conducting business.
  - (c) At any time, if the inspection is necessary for public health, safety or welfare.
- 9 (3) PROHIBITING INSPECTIONS. No person required to have a license issued under 10 this chapter or an operator of a vehicle for such a person, or employe or person acting 11 on behalf of such a person, may prohibit entry as authorized under this section unless 12 a court restrains or enjoins the entry or inspection.
- (4) INSPECTIONS OF INTRODUCED OR STOCKED ANIMALS. Only persons determined
  by the department to be experienced in wildlife disease may remove diagnostic
  samples and diagnose diseases under sub. (1) (d).
- 16 (5) TAXIDERMISTS. For an inspection of a taxidermist's place of business, this
  17 section does not apply and the department shall conduct the inspection as authorized
  18 under s. 29.506 (7).

19 22.38 Entry requirements; interstate health certificates. (1)
20 CONDITIONS. Except as provided in sub. (4), a person may ship or transport a live wild
21 animal into this state if the person complies with all of the following requirements:
22 (a) The wild animal is accompanied by sufficient documentation to prove that
23 the wild animal was legally obtained and possessed in the state, province or country
24 of its origin.

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(b) For wild animals to be exhibited as authorized under a nonresident 1 2 temporary exhibiting license, the person holding the license complies with any 3 applicable rules promulgated by the department of agriculture, trade and consumer 4 protection.

5 (2) OTHER REQUIREMENTS. (a) In addition to the requirements under sub. (1) 6 (a) and (b), the department of natural resources or the department of agriculture, 7 trade and consumer protection may require that the wild animal be accompanied by 8 a valid interstate health certificate or a valid certificate of veterinary inspection 9 issued by a veterinarian. The person shipping or transporting the animal shall file 10 a copy of the certificate with the chief livestock health official in the state, province 11 or country of origin in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction. The department 12 requiring the certificate may also require that the person shipping or transporting 13 the live wild animal file a copy of the certificate with that department.

14 (b) If the department requires a certificate under par. (a) and if the wild animal 15 is a wild bird, the department shall accept a certification under the national poultry 16 improvement plan under 9 CFR part 145 in lieu of the certificate.

17 (3) CERTIFICATES. Interstate health certificates or certificates of veterinary 18 inspection are valid only if they are issued within 30 days before entry into this state 19 and only if all of the following apply:

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(a) The certificate shows that all of the requirements established under the 21 rules promulgated under s. 22.44 (3) have been meet.

22 (b) The certificate shows the results of any testing for disease that is required 23 under the rules promulgated under s. 22.44 (3).

24 (4) EXEMPTIONS FROM STATE ENTRY REQUIREMENTS. (a) Subsections (1) and (2) do 25 not apply to a person shipping or transporting a live wild animal into this state if the

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1 wild animal will be sent directly to slaughter at an establishment licensed under s. 2 97.42 or for which inspection is granted under 9 CFR part 304 and if the wild animal 3 is accompanied by a bill of lading that contains all of the following information: 4 1. A description of the wild animal. 5 2. A description of any official identification on the wild animal, including any 6 ear or back tag, leg band or tattoo. 7 3. The number of the license or other approval of the person shipping or 8 transporting the wild animal, as required by the state, province or country of origin. 9 4. The destination for slaughter. 10 (b) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply to a person shipping or transporting a 11 live wild animal into this state for medical treatment if the wild animal is sent 12 directly to a veterinarian or to a person holding a rehabilitation license for medical 13 treatment. 14 (c) The department may grant an exception from the requirement of having the 15 wild animal accompanied by a valid interstate health certificate or valid certificate 16 of veterinary inspection issued by a veterinarian if any of the following applies: 17 1. Any required testing for disease has been conducted and the results are 18 pending. 19 The department authorizes that the required testing for disease be 2. 20 conducted at the point of destination within this state. 21 (d) For an exception under par. (c) that involves testing for a disease that is 22 transmissible to domesticated animals, the department of agriculture, trade and 23 consumer protection shall also authorize the exception.

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1	22.39 Humane care and housing. (1) COMPLIANCE WITH RULES. No license
2	may be issued under this chapter unless the department determines that the
3	applicant will comply with all of the rules promulgated under subs. (2) and (3).
4	(2) RULES; GENERAL. The department shall promulgate and enforce rules for the
5	housing, care, treatment, feeding and sanitation of wild animals subject to this
6	chapter to ensure all of the following:
7	(a) That the wild animals receive humane treatment.
8	(b) That the wild animals are held under sanitary conditions.
9	(c) That the wild animals receive adequate housing, care and food.
10	(d) The public is protected from injury by the wild animals.
11	(3) RULES; HOUSING. The rules for housing under sub. (2) shall include
12	requirements for the size and location of permanent enclosures and of temporary
13	enclosures at locations other than those where the wild animals are permanently
14	housed. The rules regulating the location of enclosures shall include the distance
15	required between 2 enclosures. The rules for housing shall include specifications for
16	enclosures for each type of inherently dangerous wild animal that the department
17	designates under s. 22.11 (1).
18	(4) ORDERS. The department may issue an order requiring any person holding
19	a license under this chapter to comply with the rules promulgated under sub. (2).
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20 22.40 Prohibited activities; trespassing. (1) DISEASED WILD ANIMALS. (a)
21 No person may sell, lease, transfer, move from one location to another, release or
22 dispose of any wild animal if any of the following applies:

1. The wild animal is under a quarantine order and the department issuing the
order does not authorize the sale, lease, transfer, move or disposal.

25

2. Testing for disease has been conducted and the results are pending.

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1	3. The person knows that the wild animal has been exposed to or has been
2	infected with a contagious or infectious disease as defined under rules promulgated
3	by the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection under s. $95.001$ (2),
4	or a reportable disease as designated by the department of natural resources under
5	s. 22.44 (2).
6	(b) No person may misrepresent the disease status of any wild animal.
7	(c) No person may fail to present any wild animal for any required testing for
8	disease as required by the department or by the department of agriculture, trade and
9	consumer protection.
10	(d) The prohibition under sub. (1) (a) 3. does not apply if results from testing
11	for the disease show that the wild animal is not likely to transmit the disease.
12	(e) No veterinarian may fail to report a contagious or infectious disease, as
13	defined under rules promulgated by the department of agriculture, trade and
14	consumer protection under s. 95.001 (2), or a reportable disease, as designated by the
15	department of natural resources under s. 22.44 (2), in a wild animal.
16	(2) TAMPERING; COMMINGLING. (a) No person may remove, alter or tamper in any
17	way with any form of official identification on a wild animal, including any ear or
18	back tag, leg band or tattoo.
19	(b) No person may cause or permit the commingling of wild animals with
20	domesticated animals, except as authorized by the department.
21	(3) TAKING OF WILD ANIMALS. A person who hunts, traps, kills or takes a wild
22	animal subject to this chapter on land subject to a license issued under this chapter
23	without the permission of the license holder or of the holder's employe or agent is
24	liable to the license holder for any damage that the person causes to any wild animal
25	that is subject to this chapter or to any property or land that is subject to the license.

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1	22.41 Quarantines. (1) SUMMARY ACTION. (a) The department of natural
2	resources or the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection may
3	summarily issue a quarantine order to control contagious, infectious or
4	communicable diseases, to protect the health of wild animals and domesticated
5	animals in this state and to control the possessing of wild animals in this state.
6	(b) No person may move any wild animal in violation of a quarantine order or
7	fail to comply with the terms and conditions of a quarantine order.
8	(2) SERVICE OF NOTICE. No quarantine order is effective until written notice of
9	the order is served upon any person possessing the wild animals and on any person
10	controlling the premises affected by the quarantine order. The department issuing
11	the quarantine order may serve the order in any of the following ways:
12	(a) By personal service.
13	(b) By registered mail.
14	(c) By posting a copy of the order at 2 conspicuous places on the premises
15	affected by the quarantine.
16	(3) PROOF OF SERVICE. Service of the quarantine order shall be proved by
17	affidavit, except for service by registered mail. Proof of service shall be filed with the
18	department.
19	(4) CONTENTS OF ORDER. The quarantine order shall contain all of the following
20	information:
21	(a) The name and address of the person affected by the quarantine.
22	(b) The identification of all wild animals affected by the quarantine.
23	(c) A description of the premises affected by the quarantine.
24	(d) The reason or justification for the quarantine.
25	(e) All terms and conditions applicable to the quarantine.

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(f) Notice of the right to request a hearing to review the quarantine. (5) DURATION OF ORDER. A quarantine order shall remain in effect until a written notice of release is issued by the department issuing the order or until a decision releasing the order is rendered under sub. (6). (6) REVIEW OF ORDER. Any person affected by a guarantine order shall be granted a hearing by the department issuing the order to determine whether the order shall remain in effect if the person requests the hearing within 30 days after the date of service of the order. The hearing shall be treated as a contested case if the requirements of s. 227.42 (1) are met. 22.42 Taking custody of captive wild animals. (1) INTAKE OF WILD ANIMALS. A conservation warden may take into custody a wild animal that is subject to regulation under this chapter on behalf of the department of natural resources if the conservation warden has reasonable grounds to believe that the wild animal is one of the following: (a) An abandoned or stray captive wild animal. (b) An unwanted captive wild animal delivered to the conservation warden. (c) A wild animal possessed, taken, introduced, stocked, released, exhibited, propagated, rehabilitated, hunted, sold or purchased in violation of this chapter or any ordinance enacted under s. 22.43. (d) A captive wild animal that is not confined as required by a guarantine order under s. 22.41 or any rule or ordinance relating to the control of any animal disease. (e) A captive wild animal that has caused damage to persons or property. (f) A participant in an animal fight intentionally instigated by any person. (g) A captive wild animal that has been mistreated in violation of this chapter or ch. 951.

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1	(h) A captive wild animal delivered by a veterinarian under s. 173.13 (2).
2	(i) A captive wild animal that is dead, dying or sick and that has been exposed
3	to, or is known to be infected with, a contagious or infectious disease as defined in
4	the rules promulgated by the department of agriculture, trade and consumer
5	protection under s. 95.001 (2), with a reportable disease as designated by the
6	department of natural resources under s. 22.44 (2), or with a disease or parasite that
7	has pathological significance to humans or to any animals.
8	(j) A captive wild animal that has escaped and has not been returned to its
9	owner or another person who is authorized to possess the animal.
10	(k) A wild animal that is being housed or held in violation of s. 22.39.
11	(L) A wild animal that has entered the state in violation of s. 22.38.
12	(2) TRANSFER OF WILD ANIMALS. (a) A conservation warden shall accept into
13	custody any wild animal that is delivered by a law enforcement officer or humane
14	officer.
15	(b) A conservation warden taking custody of a wild animal shall comply with
16	the applicable procedures under ch. 173.
17	22.43 Local ordinances. A municipality or county may enact and enforce an
18	ordinance that prohibits the possession or selling of live wild animals.
19	22.44 Rules by the department. (1) DOMESTICATED ANIMALS. The
20	department shall promulgate rules specifying which animals are domesticated
21	animals for purposes of s. 22.01 (7) (b).
22	(2) REPORTABLE DISEASES. The department may promulgate rules listing
23	reportable diseases for purposes of this chapter.
24	(3) INTRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS. (a) The department may promulgate rules
25	to establish the following:

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1. Additional requirements that wild animals shall meet before they enter this
 2 state.

- 3 2. Additional requirements that any animals shall meet before they may4 introduced, stocked or released into the wild.
- 5 (b) The requirements under par. (a) may include mandatory testing of the6 animals for disease.
- 7 (4) CERTIFICATES. The department may promulgate rules that establish the
  8 information that is required for issuing, and that shall be provided on, interstate
  9 health certificates and certificates of veterinary inspection.

22.45 Penalties; revocations. (1) DEFINITION. In this section, "violation of
 this chapter" means a violation of this chapter or any rule promulgated under this
 chapter.

13 (2) PENALTIES. For a violation of this chapter, a person shall be subject to a
14 forfeiture of not more than \$200, except as follows:

(a) *Possession.* For possessing any live wild animal, or a carcass of a wild
animal, in violation of this chapter, a person shall forfeit not less than \$100 nor more
than \$500.

(b) *Sale or purchase.* For selling or purchasing any live wild animal in violation
of this chapter, a person shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$2,000 or
imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both.

(c) *Possession, sale, release and descenting of live skunks.* For possessing,
selling, purchasing, descenting, introducing, stocking or releasing into the wild a live
skunk in violation of this chapter, a person shall forfeit not less than \$100 nor more
than \$1,000. This penalty shall apply in lieu of the penalties under pars. (a) and (b).

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1	(d) Taking of bear and deer. For taking bear or deer from the wild in violation
2	of s. 22.05, or a rule promulgate thereunder, a person shall be fined not less than
3	\$1,000 nor more than \$2,000 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both.
4	(e) <i>Diseased and environmentally injurious wild animals.</i> For a violation of s.
5	22.11 (2) (b) or (c) or 22.40 (1) or a quarantine order issued under s. 22.41, a person
6	shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more
7	than 6 months or both.
8	(f) Selling or purchasing venison from white-tailed deer. For violation of s.
9	22.13 (1) or (2) or rules promulgated thereunder, a person shall be fined not less than
10	\$1,000 nor more than \$2,000 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both.
11	(g) Obtaining license during period of revocation. For obtaining any license
12	under this chapter during the period of time when that license is revoked or
13	suspended by any court, a person shall be fined not more than \$200 or imprisoned
14	for not more than 90 days or both.
15	(3) PENALTY; VIOLATION OF ORDER. Any person who fails to comply with an order
16	issued under s. 22.39 (4) within 10 days after its issuance is subject to a forfeiture
17	of not more than \$200.
18	(4) DIMINISHED PENALTIES. No penalty imposed under sub. (2) shall be held to
19	be diminished because the violation for which it is imposed falls also within the scope
20	of a more general prohibition.
21	(5) PENALTIES; REPEATERS. If a person is convicted of any violation of this chapter
22	and it is alleged in the indictment, information or complaint, and proved or admitted
23	on trial or ascertained by the court after conviction that the person was previously
24	convicted within a period of 5 years for a violation of this chapter, the person shall
25	be subject to all of the following in addition to the penalty for the current violation:

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1 (a) The person shall be fined not more than \$100 or imprisoned for not more2 than 6 months or both.

3 (b) For violations under sub. (2) (a), (b), (d) and (e), the court shall revoke all 4 of the licenses issued to the person under this chapter, and the department may not 5 issue any license under this chapter to the person for a period of one year after the 6 current conviction.

7 (6) COURT REVOCATIONS AND SUSPENSIONS. In addition to or in lieu of any other
8 penalty for violation of this chapter, the court may revoke or suspend any privilege
9 or license under this chapter for a period of up to 3 years.

(7) REVOCATIONS BY THE DEPARTMENT. In addition to revocations under subs. (5)
(b) and (6), the department may revoke any license to which any of the following
applies:

(a) The department determines that the license was fraudulently procured,
erroneously issued or otherwise prohibited by law.

(b) The department determines that the person holding the license is not incompliance with this chapter or with a rule promulgated under this chapter.

(8) PROHIBITIONS DURING PERIODS OF SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION. (a) Any person
who has had an approval or privilege under this chapter revoked or suspended and
who engages in the activity authorized by the approval or in the privilege during the
period of revocation or suspension is subject to the following penalties, in addition
to any other penalty imposed for failure to have an approval:

1. For the first conviction, the person shall forfeit not less than \$300 nor morethan \$500.

24 2. If the number of convictions in a 5-year period equals 2 or more, the person
25 shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000.

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1 (b) The 5-year period under par. (a) 2. shall be measured from the dates of the 2 violations which resulted in the convictions. 3 (9) PARTIES TO A VIOLATION. (a) Whoever is concerned in the commission of a 4 violation of this chapter is a principal and may be charged with and convicted of the 5 violation of this chapter although he or she did not directly commit it and although 6 the person who directly committed it has not been convicted of the violation of this 7 chapter. 8 (b) A person is concerned in the commission of the violation of this chapter if 9 the person does any of the following: 10 1. Directly commits the violation of this chapter. 11 2. Aids and abets the commission of the violation of this chapter. 12 3. Is a party to a conspiracy with another to commit the violation of this chapter 13 or advises, hires or counsels or otherwise procures another to commit it. 14 22.46 Natural resources assessments and restitution payments. (1) 15 NATURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENTS. (a) If a court imposes a fine or forfeiture for a 16 violation of this chapter or a rule promulgated under this chapter, the court shall 17 impose a natural resources assessment equal to 75% of the amount of the fine or 18 forfeiture. 19 (b) If a fine or forfeiture is suspended in whole or in part, the natural resources 20 assessment shall be reduced in proportion to the suspension. 21 (c) If any deposit is made for an offense to which this subsection applies, the 22 person making the deposit shall also deposit a sufficient amount to include the 23 natural resources assessment prescribed in this subsection. If the deposit is 24 forfeited, the amount of the natural resources assessment shall be transmitted to the

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state treasurer under par. (d). If the deposit is returned, the natural resources
 assessment shall also be returned.

3 (d) The clerk of the court shall collect and transmit to the county treasurer the
4 natural resources assessment and other amounts required under s. 59.40 (2) (m).
5 The county treasurer shall then make payment to the state treasurer as provided in
6 s. 59.25 (3) (f) 2. The state treasurer shall deposit the amount of the natural
7 resources assessment in the conservation fund.

8 (e) All moneys collected from natural resources assessments shall be deposited
9 in the conservation fund and credited to the appropriation under s. 20.370 (3) (mu).

(2) NATURAL RESOURCES RESTITUTION PAYMENTS. (a) If a court imposes a fine or
forfeiture for a violation of this chapter for failure to obtain a license required under
this chapter, the court shall impose a natural resources restitution payment equal
to the amount of the fee for the license that was required and should have been
obtained.

(b) If a fine or forfeiture is suspended in whole or in part, the natural resources
restitution payment shall be reduced in proportion to the suspension unless the court
directs otherwise.

18 (c) If any deposit is made for an offense to which this subsection applies, the 19 person making the deposit shall also deposit a sufficient amount to include the 20 natural resources restitution payment prescribed in this subsection. If the deposit 21 is forfeited, the amount of the natural resources restitution payment shall be 22 transmitted to the state treasurer under par. (d). If the deposit is returned, the 23 natural resources restitution payment shall also be returned.

(d) The clerk of the court shall collect and transmit to the county treasurer the
 natural resources restitution payment and other amounts required under s. 59.40

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(2) (m). The county treasurer shall then make payment to the state treasurer as
 provided in s. 59.25 (3) (f) 2. The state treasurer shall deposit the amount of the
 natural resources restitution payment in the conservation fund.

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4 (e) All moneys collected from natural resources restitution payments shall be
5 deposited in the conservation fund and credited to the appropriation account under
6 s. 20.370 (3) (mu).

7

**SECTION 4.** 23.09 (2) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 23.09 (2) (f) *Propagation, game and of fish.* Subject to s. 95.60, capture,
9 propagate, transport, sell or exchange any species of game or fish needed for stocking
10 or restocking any lands or waters of the state.

SECTION 5. 23.50 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is
 amended to read:

13 23.50 (1) The procedure in ss. 23.50 to 23.85 applies to all actions in circuit 14 court to recover forfeitures, penalty assessments, jail assessments, applicable 15 weapons assessments, applicable environmental assessments, applicable wild 16 animal protection assessments, applicable natural resources assessments, applicable fishing shelter removal assessments, applicable snowmobile registration 17 18 restitution payments and applicable natural resources restitution payments for 19 violations of ss. 77.09, 134.60, 167.10 (3), 167.31 (2), 281.48 (2) to (5), 283.33, 285.57 20 (2), 285.59 (2), (3) (c) and (4), 287.07, 287.08, 287.81 and 299.64 (2), subch. VI of ch. 21 77, this chapter and chs. 22 and 26 to 31 and of ch. 350, and any administrative rules 22 promulgated thereunder, violations specified under s. 285.86, violations of ch. 951 23 if the animal involved is a captive wild animal, violations of rules of the Kickapoo 24 reserve management board under s. 41.41 (7) (k) or violations of local ordinances 25 enacted by any local authority in accordance with s. 23.33 (11) (am) or 30.77.

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1	<b>SECTION 6.</b> 23.50 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	23.50 (3) All actions in municipal court to recover forfeitures, penalty
3	assessments and jail assessments for violations of local ordinances enacted by any
4	local authority in accordance with s. 23.33 (11) (am) or 30.77 shall utilize the
5	procedure in ch. 800. The actions shall be brought before the municipal court having
6	jurisdiction. Provisions relating to citations, arrests, questioning, releases,
7	searches, deposits and stipulations of no contest in ss. 23.51 (1) (1m), (3) and (8),
8	23.53, 23.54, 23.56 to 23.64, 23.66 and 23.67 shall apply to violations of such
9	ordinances.
10	<b>SECTION 7.</b> 23.51 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 23.51 (1m).
11	SECTION 8. 23.51 (1d) of the statutes is created to read:
12	23.51 <b>(1d)</b> "Captive" has the meaning given in s. 22.01 (2).
13	<b>SECTION 9.</b> 23.51 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	23.51 (5) "Natural resources restitution payment" means the payment imposed
15	under s. <u>22.46 (2) or</u> 29.989.
16	<b>SECTION 10.</b> 23.51 (9m) of the statutes is created to read:
17	23.51 <b>(9m)</b> "Wild animal" has the meaning given in s. 22.01 (37).
18	<b>SECTION 11.</b> 23.65 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is
19	amended to read:
20	23.65 (1) When it appears to the district attorney that a violation of s. 134.60,
21	281.48 (2) to (5), 283.33, 285.57 (2), 285.59 (2), (3) (c) and (4), 287.07, 287.08, 287.81
22	or 299.64 (2), this chapter or ch. 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 or 350, or any administrative
23	rule promulgated pursuant thereto, $\theta r$ a violation specified under s. 285.86 <u>, or a</u>
24	violation of ch. 951, if the animal involved is a captive wild animal, has been
25	committed the district attorney may proceed by complaint and summons.

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1	SECTION 12. 23.795 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
2	23.795 (3) In lieu of an order of imprisonment under sub. (1) (a) for a violation
3	of ch. 22, the court may revoke or suspend any privilege or license granted under ch.
4	22 as provided in s. 22.45 (6).
5	<b>SECTION 13.</b> 25.29 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9,
6	is amended to read:
7	25.29 (1) (a) Except as provided in ss. 25.293 and 25.295, all moneys accruing
8	to the state for or in behalf of the department under chs. <u>22,</u> 26, 27, 28, 29 and 350,
9	subchs. I and VI of ch. 77 and ss. 23.09 to 23.31, 23.325 to 23.42, 23.50 to 23.99, 30.50
10	to 30.55, 70.58, 71.10 (5) and 71.30 (10), including grants received from the federal
11	government or any of its agencies except as otherwise provided by law.
12	<b>SECTION 14.</b> 25.29 (4m) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	25.29 (4m) Notwithstanding sub. (3), no moneys that accrue to the state for or
14	in behalf of the department under ch. $\underline{22 \text{ or}} 29 \text{ may be expended or paid for the}$
15	enforcement of the treaty-based, off-reservation rights to fish held by members of
16	federally recognized American Indian tribes or bands domiciled in Wisconsin.
17	<b>SECTION 15.</b> 29.011 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
18	29.011 (3) This section does not apply to wild animals that are subject to
19	regulation under ch. 22.
20	<b>SECTION 16.</b> 29.024 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	29.024 (1) APPROVALS REQUIRED. Except as specifically provided in <u>ch. 22 or</u> this
22	chapter, no person may hunt or trap in this state, fish in the waters of this state or
23	engage in any of the activities regulated under this chapter unless the appropriate
24	approval is issued to the person. A person shall carry the required approval with him
25	or her at all times while hunting, trapping or fishing or engaged in regulated

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1 activities unless otherwise required by this chapter or unless otherwise authorized 2 or required by the department. A person shall exhibit the approval to the 3 department or its wardens on demand. 4 **SECTION 17.** 29.024 (2g) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 5 29.024 (2g) (a) 2. Any permit issued under s. 29.38, 29.521, 29.525, 29.53 or 6 29.578 29.537, 29.733, 29.735 or 29.736. 7 **SECTION 18.** 29.024 (2r) (a) 17. of the statutes is repealed. 8 **SECTION 19.** 29.024 (2r) (a) 18. of the statutes is repealed. 9 **SECTION 20.** 29.024 (2r) (a) 19. of the statutes is repealed. 10 **SECTION 21.** 29.024 (2r) (a) 20. of the statutes is repealed. 11 **SECTION 22.** 29.024 (2r) (a) 21. of the statutes is repealed. 12 **SECTION 23.** 29.042 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 13 29.042 (1) Beginning on January 1, 1998, the department may not enter into 14 any agreement to make payments to persons holding approvals issued under s. 15 29.501, 29.503, 29.506, 29.509, 29.512, 29.514, 29.519, 29.523, 29.526, 29.529, 16 29.531, 29.533, 29.537, 29.607, 29.611, or 29.614, 29.865, 29.867, 29.869, 29.871 or 17 29.877 in exchange for the retirement of the approval or for the temporary or 18 permanent cessation of any activity authorized under the approval. 19 **SECTION 24.** 29.047 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 20 29.047 (2) (b) The possession, transportation, delivery or receipt of farm-raised 21 deer or, farm-raised fish or wild animals that are subject to regulation under ch. 22. 22 **SECTION 25.** 29.191 (2) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 23 29.191 (2) (a) 3. Any person hunting pheasant under s. 29.195 or on premises 24 licensed under s. 29.865 is exempt from the requirements under subd. 1. 25 **SECTION 26.** 29.192 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

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1 29.192 (6) The department shall permit the hunting of farm-raised deer on the 2 premises on which farm-raised deer are kept by persons registered under s. 95.55. 3 The department shall determine the requirements and conditions for hunting 4 farm-raised deer under this subsection, and shall determine the provisions of this 5 chapter that are applicable to hunting farm-raised deer under this subsection. The 6 department shall cooperate with the department of agriculture, trade and consumer 7 protection with respect to the hunting of farm-raised deer.

8 SECTION 27. 29.314 (5) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

9 29.314 (5) (b) 3. To a person who possesses a flashlight or who uses a flashlight
10 while if the person is on foot and training a dog to track or hunt raccoons, foxes or
11 other unprotected wild animals and if the raccoons, foxes or other unprotected wild
12 animals are not subject to regulation under ch. 22.

13 **SECTION 28.** 29.321 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 29. 29.334 of the statutes is renumbered 29.334 (1) and amended to
read:

29.334 (1) A person who hunts or traps any game animal, game bird or
fur-bearing animal shall kill the animal <u>it</u> when it is taken and make it part of the
daily bag or shall release the animal <u>it</u> unless authorized under s. 29.857, 29.863,
28.867, 29.869, 29.871 or 29.877 the person has the authority to possess it under ch.
20
22.

SECTION 30. 29.347 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is
amended to read:

23 29.347 (2) DEER TAGS. Except as provided under sub. (5) and s. 29.324 (3), any
24 person who kills a deer shall immediately attach to the ear or antler of the deer a
25 current validated deer carcass tag which is authorized for use on the type of deer

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killed. Except as provided under sub. (2m) or s. 29.871 (7), (8) or (14) or s. 29.89 (6), 1 2 no person may possess, control, store or transport a deer carcass unless it is tagged 3 as required under this subsection. The carcass tag may not be removed before 4 registration. The removal of a carcass tag from a deer before registration renders the 5 deer untagged. 6 **SECTION 31.** 29.347 (6) of the statutes is amended to read: 7 29.347 (6) FARM-RAISED DEER DEER. This section does not apply to farm-raised 8 deer or deer that are subject to regulation under ch. 22. 9 **SECTION 32.** 29.351 of the statutes is renumbered 29.351 (1), and 29.351 (1) (c), 10 as renumbered, is amended to read: 11 29.351 (1) (c) Possess the raw skin of any muskrat, mink, otter, fisher or pine 12 marten at any time unless the person is the holder of a valid scientific collector 13 permit, fur dealer license, trapping license or resident conservation patron license. 14 No license is required for a person breeding, raising and producing domestic 15 fur-bearing animals in captivity, as defined in s. 29.873, or for a person authorized 16 to take muskrats on a cranberry marsh under a permit issued to the person by the 17 department. **SECTION 33.** 29.351 (2) of the statutes is created to read: 18 19 29.351 (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to the skins of fur-bearing animals 20 that are subject to regulation under ch. 22. 21 **SECTION 34.** 29.354 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 22 29.354 (1) APPROVAL NECESSARY. No person, except a person who has a valid 23 hunting license, sports license, conservation patron license, taxidermist permit or 24 scientific collector permit and who is carrying this approval on his or her person, may 25 possess or have under his or her control any game bird, or game animal or the carcass

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1	of any game bird or <u>game</u> animal <u>unless the person is rehabilitating the game bird</u>
2	or game animal or unless the person has a valid hunting license, sports license,
3	conservation patron license, taxidermist permit or scientific collector permit.
4	<b>SECTION 35.</b> 29.354 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 29.354 (2) (a) and
5	amended to read:
6	29.354 <b>(2)</b> (a) <del>No person, except a</del> <u>Except as provided in par. (b), no</u> person <del>who</del>
7	has a valid scientific collector permit, may take, needlessly destroy or possess or have
8	under his or her control the nest or eggs of any wild bird for which a closed season
9	is prescribed under this chapter.
10	<b>SECTION 36.</b> 29.354 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
11	29.354 (2) (b) A person who has a valid scientific collector permit may take or
12	possess or have under his or her control the nest of a wild bird and may destroy the
13	nest if necessary for a scientific purpose.
14	<b>SECTION 37.</b> 29.354 (5) of the statutes is created to read:
15	<b>29.354 (5)</b> CAPTIVE WILD ANIMALS. This section does not apply to wild animals
16	that are subject to regulation under ch. 22.
17	<b>SECTION 38.</b> 29.357 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	29.357 (5) (b) Subsections (1) to (4) do not apply to the possession,
19	transportation, delivery or receipt of farm–raised deer <del>or,</del> farm–raised fish <u>or wild</u>
20	animals that are subject to regulation under ch. 22.
21	<b>SECTION 39.</b> 29.361 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	29.361 (6) This section does not apply to the transportation of farm-raised deer
23	or deer that are subject to regulation under ch. 22.
24	<b>SECTION 40.</b> 29.364 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	29.364 (5) EXEMPTION; TAXIDERMISTS. Subsections (1) to (3) do not apply to a
2	person who has a valid taxidermist permit and who is transporting <u>, in connection</u>
3	with his or her business, the carcass of a game bird in connection with his or her
4	business or the carcass of a wild bird that is subject to regulation under ch. 22.
5	<b>SECTION 41.</b> 29.501 (9m) of the statutes is created to read:
6	29.501 (9m) This section applies to raw furs and dressed furs from fur-bearing
7	animals that are subject to regulation under ch. 22.
8	<b>SECTION 42.</b> 29.506 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	29.506 (4) AUTHORIZATION. Subject to this section, a taxidermist permit
10	authorizes the permit holder to possess and transport <del>wild animals or</del> carcasses <u>of</u>
11	wild animals in connection with his or her business. This authority supersedes, to
12	the extent permitted under this section, restrictions on the possession and
13	transportation of <del>wild animals and</del> carcasses <u>of wild animals</u> established under <u>ch.</u>
14	$\underline{22}$ and this chapter. A taxidermist permit entitles the permit holder to the same
15	privileges as a Class A fur dealer's license.
16	<b>SECTION 43.</b> 29.539 (7) of the statutes is created to read:
17	29.539 (7) This section does not apply to the carcass of a wild animal that is
18	subject to regulation under ch. 22.
19	<b>SECTION 44.</b> 29.541 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	<b>29.541 (3)</b> EXEMPTION. This section does not apply to the meat from
21	farm–raised deer or <del>from</del> farm–raised fish <u>or to meat that is subject to regulation</u>
22	<u>under s. 22.13 or 22.14</u> .
23	SECTION 45. 29.563 (9) (intro.) and (a) (title) of the statutes are repealed.
24	<b>SECTION 46.</b> 29.563 (9) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 29.563 (7) (c) 5m.

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SECTION 47. 29.563 (9) (a) 2. to 10. and (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1999
 Wisconsin Act 9, are repealed.

3 SECTION 48. 29.563 (9) (c) of the statutes, as created by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9,
4 is repealed.

5

**SECTION 49.** 29.614 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 29.614 (3) A scientific collector permit authorizes the permittee to collect or 7 salvage, for scientific purposes only, the eggs, nest and live fish and the nests and 8 <u>carcasses of any</u> wild animals specified in the permit subject to the conditions and 9 limitations specified in the permit and the rules of the department. The permittee 10 may use the specimens for the scientific purposes for which collected or salvaged and 11 may transport them or cause them to be transported by common carrier. Possession 12 of these specimens may not be transferred to any other person, except that these 13 specimens may be exchanged for other specimens for scientific purposes. A scientific 14 collector permit may authorize the use of net guns and tranquilizer guns for activities 15 related to the purposes for which the permit is issued. Any person who is convicted 16 of violating this chapter shall forfeit the person's permit and the permit is thereby 17 revoked, in addition to all other penalties. Any person so convicted is not eligible for 18 a permit under this section for one year following the conviction.

**SECTION 50.** 29.741 (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

20 **29.741** (title) Food in the wild for game birds.

- 21 **SECTION 51.** 29.741 (1) of the statutes is repealed.
- 22 **SECTION 52.** 29.741 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 29.741.

23 **SECTION 53.** 29.745 of the statutes is repealed.

- 24 **SECTION 54.** 29.853 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
- 25 **SECTION 55.** 29.853 (1) of the statutes is repealed.

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1	SECTION 56. 29.853 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
2	SECTION 57. 29.853 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
3	SECTION 58. 29.853 (4m) of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 59. 29.853 (5) (title) of the statutes is repealed.
5	SECTION 60. 29.853 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 29.334 (2) and amended
6	to read:
7	29.334 (2) A person who violates this section sub. (1) shall forfeit not less than
8	\$100 nor more than \$1,000.
9	<b>SECTION 61.</b> 29.855 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
10	<b>SECTION 62.</b> 29.855 (1) of the statutes is repealed.
11	<b>SECTION 63.</b> 29.855 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
12	<b>SECTION 64.</b> 29.855 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
13	<b>SECTION 65.</b> 29.855 (4) (title) of the statutes is repealed.
14	SECTION 66. 29.855 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 22.04 (2) (e) and amended
15	to read:
16	22.04 (2) (e) No person may operate on a live <del>wild</del> skunk to remove its scent
17	glands unless the person <del>who possesses</del> <u>holds a Class A or Class B captive wild</u>
18	animal farm license or unless the person is a veterinarian and the person bringing
19	the skunk <del>is authorized under s. 29.857 or 29.869</del> <u>to the veterinarian holds such a</u>
20	license. A veterinarian to whom a person brings a live <del>wild</del> skunk for removal of its
21	scent glands <del>or for other treatment</del> shall <u>verify whether the person holds a Class A</u>
22	or Class B captive wild animal farm license. If the person does not hold such a license,
23	the veterinarian shall notify that person that possession of a live skunk is illegal and
24	shall notify the department.
25	<b>SECTION 67.</b> 29.855 (5) of the statutes is repealed.

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1	<b>SECTION 68.</b> 29.855 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
2	<b>SECTION 69.</b> 29.855 (7) of the statutes is repealed.
3	<b>SECTION 70.</b> 29.857 of the statutes is repealed.
4	<b>SECTION 71.</b> 29.861 of the statutes is repealed.
5	<b>SECTION 72.</b> 29.863 of the statutes is repealed.
6	<b>SECTION 73.</b> 29.865 of the statutes is repealed.
7	<b>SECTION 74.</b> 29.867 of the statutes is repealed.
8	<b>SECTION 75.</b> 29.869 of the statutes is repealed.
9	<b>SECTION 76.</b> 29.871 of the statutes is repealed.
10	<b>SECTION 77.</b> 29.873 of the statutes is repealed.
11	<b>SECTION 78.</b> 29.875 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	29.875 (1) The department may seize and dispose of or may authorize the
13	disposal of any deer that has escaped from land licensed under s. $29.867$ or $29.871$
14	<u>22.15 or 22.16</u> or owned by a person registered under s. 95.55 if the escaped deer has
15	traveled more than 3 miles from the land or if the licensee or person has not had the
16	deer returned to the land within 72 hours of the discovery of the escape.
17	<b>SECTION 79.</b> 29.877 of the statutes is repealed.
18	<b>SECTION 80.</b> 29.879 of the statutes is repealed.
19	SECTION 81. 29.881 of the statutes is repealed.
20	<b>SECTION 82.</b> 29.885 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	29.885 (1) (f) Notwithstanding s. <del>29.01 (14)</del> <u>29.001 (90)</u> , "wild animal" means
22	any undomesticated mammal or bird, but does not include farm–raised deer $\theta r_{\underline{k}}$
23	farm–raised fish or wild animals that are subject to regulation under ch. 22.
24	<b>SECTION 83.</b> 29.889 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	29.889 (1) DEFINITION. (intro.) In this section, "wildlife damage" means damage
2	caused by any of the following <del>noncaptive</del> wild animals <u>that are not subject to</u>
3	regulation under ch. 22:
4	SECTION 84. 29.921 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	29.921 (7) DOGS INJURING WILDLIFE. A warden may kill a dog found running,
6	injuring, causing injury to, or killing, any deer, other than farm–raised deer <u>or deer</u>
7	subject to regulation under ch. 22, or destroying game birds, their eggs or nests, if
8	immediate action is necessary to protect the deer or game birds, their nests or eggs,
9	from injury or death.
10	SECTION 85. 29.927 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	29.927 (8) Any dog found running deer, except farm-raised deer or deer subject
12	to regulation under ch. 22, at any time, or used in violation of this chapter.
13	<b>SECTION 86.</b> 29.931 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	29.931 (2) (a) The department and its wardens shall seize and hold, subject to
15	the order of the court for the county in which the alleged offense was committed, any
16	vehicle, boat or object declared by this chapter to be a public nuisance, or which they
17	have probable cause to believe is being used in violation of this chapter or s. 167.31,
18	287.81, 940.24, 941.20, 948.60, 948.605 or 948.61 <u>, is being used in the commission</u>
19	of a crime involving an animal normally found in the wild in violation of s. 951.09 or
20	is being used in the commission of a crime relating to a submerged cultural resource
21	in violation of s. 44.47. If it is proven that the vehicle, boat or object is a public
22	nuisance or that within 6 months previous to the seizure the vehicle, boat or object
23	was used in violation of this chapter or s. 167.31, 287.81, 940.24, 941.20, 948.60,
24	948.605 or 948.61, was used in the commission of a crime involving an animal
25	normally found in the wild in violation of s. 951.09 or was used in the commission of

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1	a crime relating to a submerged cultural resource in violation of s. 44.47, it shall be
2	confiscated if the court directs in its order for judgment.
3	<b>SECTION 87.</b> 29.969 of the statutes is amended to read:
4	29.969 Larceny of game. A person who, without permission of the owner,
5	disturbs or appropriates any wild animal or its carcass that has been lawfully
6	reduced to possession by another shall forfeit not less than \$1,000 nor more than
7	\$2,000. This section does not apply to farm–raised deer <del>or,</del> farm–raised fish <u>or wild</u>
8	animals that are subject regulation under ch. 22.
9	SECTION 88. 49.857 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	49.857 (1) (d) 2. An approval specified in s. <del>29.09 (11m)</del> <u>22.34 or 29.024 (2g)</u> .
11	<b>SECTION 89.</b> 59.25 (3) (f) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act
12	9, is amended to read:
13	59.25 (3) (f) 2. For all court imposed fines and forfeitures required by law to be
14	deposited in the state treasury, the amounts required by s. 757.05 for the penalty
15	assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 165.755 for the crime laboratories
16	and drug law enforcement assessment, the amounts required by s. 167.31 (5) for the
17	weapons assessment, the amounts required by s. 973.045 for the crime victim and
18	witness assistance surcharge, the amounts required by s. 938.34 (8d) for the
19	delinquency victim and witness assistance surcharge, the amounts required by s.
20	973.046 for the deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge, the amounts required by
21	s. 961.41 (5) for the drug abuse program improvement surcharge, the amounts
22	required by s. 100.261 for the consumer information assessment, the amounts
23	authorized by s. 971.37 (1m) (c) 1. or required by s. 973.055 (1) for the domestic abuse
24	assessment, the amounts required by s. 253.06 (4) (c) for the enforcement assessment
25	under the supplemental food program for women, infants and children, the amounts

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1 required by ss. 346.177, 346.495 and 346.65 (4r) for the railroad crossing 2 improvement assessment, the amounts required by s. 346.655 (2) (a) and (b) for the 3 driver improvement surcharge, the amounts required by s. 102.85 (4) for the 4 uninsured employer assessment, the amounts required by s. 299.93 for the 5 environmental assessment, the amounts required by s. 29.983 for the wild animal 6 protection assessment, the amounts required by s. ss. 22.46 (1) and 29.987 for the 7 natural resources assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 29.985 for the 8 fishing shelter removal assessment, the amounts required by s. 350.115 for the 9 snowmobile registration restitution payment and the amounts required by s. ss. 10 22.46 (2) and 29.989 for natural resources restitution payments, transmit to the state 11 treasurer a statement of all moneys required by law to be paid on the actions entered 12 during the preceding month on or before the first day of the next succeeding month, 13 certified by the county treasurer's personal signature affixed or attached thereto, 14 and at the same time pay to the state treasurer the amount thereof.

15 SECTION 90. 59.40 (2) (m) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9,
16 is amended to read:

17 59.40 (2) (m) Pay monthly to the treasurer for the use of the state the state's 18 percentage of the fees required to be paid on each civil action, criminal action and 19 special proceeding filed during the preceding month and pay monthly to the 20 treasurer for the use of the state the percentage of court imposed fines and forfeitures 21 required by law to be deposited in the state treasury, the amounts required by s. 22 757.05 for the penalty assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 165.755 for 23 the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, the amounts required 24 by s. 167.31 (5) for the weapons assessment, the amounts required by s. 973.045 for 25 the crime victim and witness assistance surcharge, the amounts required by s.

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1 938.34 (8d) for the delinquency victim and witness assistance surcharge, the 2 amounts required by s. 973.046 for the deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge, the 3 amounts required by s. 961.41 (5) for the drug abuse program improvement 4 surcharge, the amounts required by s. 100.261 for the consumer information 5 assessment, the amounts authorized by s. 971.37 (1m) (c) 1. or required by s. 973.055 6 for the domestic abuse assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 253.06 (4) 7 (c) for the enforcement assessment under the supplemental food program for women, 8 infants and children, the amounts required by ss. 346.177, 346.495 and 346.65 (4r) 9 for the railroad crossing improvement assessment, the amounts required by s. 10 346.655 for the driver improvement surcharge, the amounts required by s. 102.85 (4) 11 for the uninsured employer assessment, the amounts required by s. 299.93 for the 12 environmental assessment, the amounts required under s. 29.983 for the wild 13 animal protection assessment, the amounts required under s. ss. 22.46 (1) (d) and 14 29.987 (1) (d) for the natural resources assessment surcharge, the amounts required 15 by s. 29.985 for the fishing shelter removal assessment, the amounts required by s. 16 350.115 for the snowmobile registration restitution payment and the amounts 17 required under s. ss. 22.46 (2) (d) and 29.989 (1) (d) for the natural resources 18 restitution payments. The payments shall be made by the 15th day of the month 19 following receipt thereof.

#### 20

**SECTION 91.** 73.0301 (1) (d) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

21 73.0301 (1) (d) 1. An approval specified in s. 29.09 (11r) 22.35 or 29.024 (2r).

**SECTION 92.** 167.31 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

23 167.31 **(4)** (b) Subsections (2) (a), (b) and (c) and (3) (a) and (b) do not apply to

the holder of a <u>scientific research license under s. 22.25 or a</u> scientific collector permit

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1	under s. 29.614 who is using a net gun or tranquilizer gun in an activity related to
2	the purpose for which the <u>license or</u> permit was issued.
3	SECTION 93. 173.01 (1) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192,
4	is renumbered 173.01 (1m).
5	<b>SECTION 94.</b> 173.01 (1b) of the statutes is created to read:
6	173.01 (1b) "Conservation warden" means a warden appointed under s. 23.10.
7	<b>SECTION 95.</b> 173.01 (1d) of the statutes is created to read:
8	173.01 (1d) "Custodial entity" means a political subdivision, a person
9	contracting under s. 173.15 (1) or the department of natural resources.
10	<b>SECTION 96.</b> 173.01 (1r) of the statutes is created to read:
11	173.01 (1r) "Governmental unit" means a political subdivision or the
12	department of natural resources.
13	<b>SECTION 97.</b> 173.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	173.01 (2) "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning given in s. 165.85 (2) (c)
15	and does not include a conservation warden.
16	SECTION 98. 173.07 (4m) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192,
17	is amended to read:
18	173.07 (4m) Request prosecutions. A humane officer may request law
19	enforcement officers, conservation wardens and district attorneys to enforce and
20	prosecute violations of state law and may cooperate in those prosecutions.
21	SECTION 99. 173.10 of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192, is
22	amended to read:
23	173.10 Investigation of cruelty complaints. A person may apply for a
24	search warrant under s. 968.12 if there is reason to believe that a violation of ch. $\underline{22}$
25	or 951 has taken place or is taking place. If the court is satisfied that probable cause

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1 exists, it shall issue a search warrant directing a law enforcement officer in the 2 county, or in the case of a wild animal subject to regulation under ch. 22 a 3 conservation warden, to proceed immediately to the location of the alleged violation 4 with a doctor of veterinary medicine, if the court determines that a veterinarian is 5 necessary for purposes of the search, and directing the law enforcement officer or 6 conservation warden to search the place designated in the warrant, retaining in his 7 or her custody subject to the order of the court such property or things as are specified 8 in the warrant, including any animal. If the person applying for the search warrant 9 is a humane officer, the warrant shall direct that the humane officer accompany the law enforcement officer or conservation warden who is directed to perform the 10 11 search. The warrant shall be executed and returned to the court which issued the 12 warrant in accordance with ss. 968.15 and 968.17. This section does not affect other 13 powers and duties of law enforcement officers or conservation wardens. 14 **SECTION 100.** 173.11 (5) of the statutes is created to read: 15 173.11 (5) NONAPPLICABILITY. This section does not apply to wild animals that 16 are subject to regulation under ch. 22. 17 SECTION 101. 173.12 (1) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192, is renumbered 173.12 (1) (a) and amended to read: 18 19 173.12 (1) (a) Any veterinarian who has reason to believe that an animal has 20 been in a fight in violation of s. 951.08 shall report the matter to the local humane 21 officer or to a local law enforcement agency, except as provided in par. (b). 22 (c) The report under this subsection shall be in writing and shall include a 23 description and the location of the animal, any injuries suffered by the animal and 24 the name and address of the owner or person in charge of the animal, if known. 25 **SECTION 102.** 173.12 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	173.12 (1) (b) If the animal is a wild animal subject to regulation under ch. 22,
2	the veterinarian shall report the matter to the department of natural resources.
3	SECTION 103. 173.12 (1m) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192,
4	is amended to read:
5	173.12 (1m) If an animal has been seized because it is alleged that the animal
6	has been used in or constitutes evidence of any crime specified in s. 951.08, the
7	animal may not be returned to the owner <del>by an officer</del> under s. 968.20 (2). In any
8	hearing under s. 968.20 (1), the court shall determine if the animal is needed as
9	evidence or there is reason to believe that the animal has participated in or been
10	trained for fighting. If the court makes such a finding, the animal shall be retained
11	in custody.
12	SECTION 104. 173.12 (3) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
13	192, is amended to read:
14	173.12 (3) (a) If the owner is convicted under s. 951.08 or is subject to the
15	restrictions under s. 951.08 (2m), the animal shall be delivered to the local humane
16	officer or county or municipal pound <u>if the animal is not subject to regulation under</u>
17	ch. 22. If there is no local humane officer or pound, the animal may be delivered to
18	a local humane society or to another person designated by the court.
19	(ar) If the animal is one year old or older or shows indication of having
20	participated in fighting, the animal shall be disposed of in a proper and humane
21	manner.
22	SECTION 105. 173.12 (3) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:
23	173.12 (3) (ag) If the owner is convicted under s. 951.08 or is subject to the
24	restrictions under s. 951.08 (2m), the animal shall be delivered to the department of

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1	
1	natural resources or to another person designated by the court if the animal is a wild
2	animal subject to regulation under ch. 22.
3	<b>SECTION 106.</b> 173.13 (1) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
4	173.13 (1) (d) This subsection does not apply to wild animals that are subject
5	to regulation under ch. 22.
6	SECTION 107. 173.13 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin
7	Act 192, is amended to read:
8	173.13 (2) (a) (intro.) A humane officer or, law enforcement officer or
9	conservation warden or a person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) may accept an
10	animal delivered by a veterinarian, or his or her employe, if the animal has not been
11	picked up by its owner and all of the following apply:
12	SECTION 108. 173.13 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
13	192, is amended to read:
14	173.13 (2) (a) 1. The veterinarian notified the owner of the animal by certified
15	mail, return receipt requested, that the animal was ready to be picked up and that
16	the animal would be delivered to a <del>humane officer person authorized to accept the</del>
17	animal if not picked up within 7 days.
18	SECTION 109. 173.13 (2) (a) 3. of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
19	192, is amended to read:
20	173.13 (2) (a) 3. The veterinarian certifies in writing to the humane officer or,
21	law enforcement officer or conservation warden that subds. 1. and 2 apply.
22	SECTION 110. 173.13 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
23	173.13 (2) (a) 4. The humane officer, law enforcement officer or conservation
24	warden or the person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) is authorized under s. 22.42 or
25	this section to accept the animal.

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1	SECTION 111. 173.13 (2) (b) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
2	192, is amended to read:
3	173.13 (2) (b) If an animal is accepted under par. (a), the veterinarian shall
4	provide the person accepting the animal with any requested records concerning the
5	animal's ownership <del>,</del> <u>or</u> health or <u>the</u> licensure <u>of the animal or of the owner under</u>
6	<u>ch. 22</u> .
7	SECTION 112. 173.13 (3) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
8	192, is amended to read:
9	173.13 (3) (a) If a humane officer or, law enforcement officer or conservation
10	warden takes custody of an animal with the knowledge of the owner, the humane
11	officer <del>or,</del> law enforcement officer <u>or conservation warden</u> shall explain the
12	procedure by which the owner can recover the animal, including the procedure under
13	s. 173.22, and the procedure to be followed if the animal is not returned to the owner.
14	SECTION 113. 173.13 (3) (b) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
15	192, is amended to read:
16	173.13 (3) (b) If a humane officer $\Theta r_{1}$ law enforcement officer <u>or conservation</u>
17	warden takes custody of an animal without the knowledge of the owner, the humane
18	officer <del>or,</del> law enforcement officer <u>or conservation warden</u> shall promptly notify the
19	owner in writing if he or she can be identified and located with reasonable effort. The
20	notice shall explain the procedure by which the owner can recover the animal,
21	including the procedure under s. 173.22, and the procedure to be followed if the
22	animal is not returned to the owner. The notice shall also inform the owner that the
23	owner must notify any person with a lien on the animal that the animal has been
24	taken into custody.

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**SECTION 114.** 173.13 (3) (c) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 1 2 192, is amended to read: 3 173.13 (3) (c) If the owner informs the humane officer or, law enforcement 4 officer or conservation warden in writing that he or she will not claim the animal, it 5 may be treated as an unclaimed animal under s. 173.23 (1m). 6 **SECTION 115.** 173.15 (1) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192, is amended to read: 7 8 173.15 (1) PROVIDING SERVICES. A political subdivision may provide for the care, 9 treatment or disposal of animals taken into custody by a humane officer or law enforcement officer under s. 173.13. The department of natural resources may 10 11 provide for the care, treatment or disposal of wild animals subject to regulation 12 under ch. 22 that are taken into custody under s. 22.42. A political subdivision or the 13 department of natural resources may provide these services directly or by 14 contracting with any other person. A political subdivision or the department of 15 natural resources may establish standard fees for the care, custody and treatment 16 of animals in its custody. The political subdivision or the department of natural 17 resources may establish different fees for animals released to their owners and 18 animals released to persons other than their owners. If the political subdivision or 19 the department of natural resources does not establish standard fees, it may charge 20 no more than the actual costs of care, custody or treatment to any person required 21 to pay for the care, custody or treatment of an animal. 22 **SECTION 116.** 173.15 (2) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin

Act 192, is amended to read:

1	173.15 (2) CONTRACT FOR SERVICES. (intro.) Every person entering into a
2	contract with a political subdivision or the department of natural resources under
3	sub. (1) shall agree to do all of the following:
4	SECTION 117. 173.17 (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
5	192, is amended to read:
6	173.17 Records. (intro.) A humane officer or law enforcement officer taking
7	custody of an animal <del>on behalf of a political subdivision</del> <u>under s. 173.13 or a</u>
8	conservation warden taking custody of an animal under s. 22.42 shall maintain, or
9	require any person to whom the animal is delivered under a contract under s. 173.15
10	(1) to maintain, as appropriate, records for each animal containing the following
11	information:
12	SECTION 118. 173.19 of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192, is
13	amended to read:
14	173.19 Animals considered unclaimed. A political subdivision or person
15	contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity may treat any animal taken into
16	custody under s. <u>22.42 (1) (a), (c), (h) or (j) or</u> 173.13 (1) (a) 1., 3., 4. or 9. as an
17	unclaimed animal subject to s. 173.23 (1m) if, within 7 days after custody is taken
18	of the animal, it is not claimed by and returned to its owner under s. 173.23 (1), except
19	that an animal taken into custody under s. <u>22.42 (1) (c) or</u> 173.13 (1) (a) 3. or 4. may
20	not be treated as unclaimed if its owner files a petition under s. 173.22 (1) within 7
21	days after custody is taken.
22	SECTION 119. 173.21 (1) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin
23	Act 192, is amended to read:
24	

25 <u>natural resources</u> may withhold, or direct a person contracting <u>with the political</u>

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1	subdivision or the department of natural resources under s. 173.15 (1) to withhold,
2	an animal in custody from an owner who makes an otherwise adequate claim for the
3	animal under s. 173.23 (1) on any of the following grounds:
4	SECTION 120. 173.21 (1) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
5	192, is amended to read:
6	173.21 (1) (a) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the owner has
7	mistreated the animal in violation of ch. 951 or in violation of ch. 22 if the animal is
8	a wild animal subject to regulation under ch. 22.
9	SECTION 121. 173.21 (4) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192,
10	is amended to read:
11	173.21 (4) RETURN. A political subdivision or person contracting under s.
12	173.15 (1) custodial entity having custody of an animal withheld under sub. (1) shall
13	release the animal to the owner at the direction of the humane officer $\overline{or}$ , law
14	enforcement officer <del>that</del> <u>or conservation warden who</u> took custody of the animal if
15	the requirements of s. 173.23 (1) (a) to (c) are satisfied.
16	SECTION 122. 173.22 (1) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192,
17	is amended to read:
18	173.22 (1) PETITION. A person claiming that an animal that he or she owns was
19	improperly taken into custody under s. <u>22.42 (1) (c), (d), (e), (g), (i), (j), (k) or (L) or</u>
20	173.13 (1) (a) 3., 4., 5., 6. or 8. or is wrongfully withheld under s. 173.21 (1) may seek
21	return of the animal by petitioning for an order from the circuit court for the county
22	in which the animal was taken into custody or in which it is held.
23	SECTION 123. 173.22 (2) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192,
24	is amended to read:

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1	173.22 (2) NOTICE AND HEARING. The court shall provide notice of a petition
2	under sub. (1) to the humane officer $\frac{1}{2}$ law enforcement officer <u>or conservation</u>
3	warden who took the animal into custody or to the political subdivision governmental
4	unit that withheld the animal and shall hold a hearing on the issue of whether the
5	animal was improperly taken into custody or is wrongfully withheld.
6	SECTION 124. 173.22 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin
7	Act 192, is amended to read:
8	173.22 (3) (a) (intro.) If the animal was taken into custody under s. <u>22.42 (1)</u>
9	(g) or 173.13 (1) (a) 8. or is withheld under s. 173.21 (1), the court shall order the
10	animal returned to the owner unless it determines that one of the following
11	conditions is satisfied:
12	SECTION 125. 173.22 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
13	192, is amended to read:
14	173.22 (3) (a) 1. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the owner has
15	mistreated the animal in violation of ch. <u>22 or</u> 951.
16	SECTION 126. 173.22 (3) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:
17	173.22 (3) (cm) If the animal was taken into custody under s. 22.42 (1) (c), the
18	court shall order the animal returned to its owner if the court determines that the
19	the owner of the animal has not violated ch. 22 or any ordinance enacted under s.
20	22.43.
21	SECTION 127. 173.22 (3) (d) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
22	192, is amended to read:
23	173.22 (3) (d) If the animal was taken into custody under s. <u>22.42 (1) (d) or</u>

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1	determines that the animal was not subject to a quarantine order or was confined as
2	required by a quarantine order.
3	SECTION 128. 173.22 (3) (e) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
4	192, is amended to read:
5	173.22 (3) (e) If the animal was taken into custody under s. <u>22.42 (1) (e) or</u>
6	173.13 (1) (a) 6., the court shall order the animal returned to its owner if the court
7	determines that the animal did not cause damage to persons or property.
8	SECTION 129. 173.22 (3) (f) of the statutes is created to read:
9	173.22 (3) (f) If the animal was taken into custody under s. 22.42 (1) (i), the
10	court shall order the animal returned to its owner if the court determines that the
11	animal has not been exposed to, or has not been infected with, any of the following:
12	1. A contagious or infectious disease, as defined in the rules promulgated by
13	the department under s. 95.001 (2).
14	2. A reportable disease as designated by the department of natural resources
15	under s. 22.44 (2).
16	3. A disease or parasite that has pathological significance to humans or any
17	type of animal.
18	SECTION 130. 173.22 (3) (g) of the statutes is created to read:
19	173.22 (3) (g) If the animal was taken into custody under s. 22.42 (1) (k), the
20	court shall order the animal returned to its owner if the court determines that the
21	animal has not been held or housed in violation of s. 22.39.
22	SECTION 131. 173.22 (3) (h) of the statutes is created to read:
23	173.22 (3) (h) If the animal was taken into custody under s. 22.42 (1) (L), the
24	court shall order the animal returned to its owner if the court determines that the
25	owner is not in violation of s. 22.38.

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1	<b>SECTION 132.</b> 173.23 (1) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin
2	Act 192, is amended to read:
3	173.23 (1) CLAIM AND RETURN. (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (4) or s. 173.21
4	(1), a <del>political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1)</del> <u>custodial entity</u>
5	shall return an animal described in s. <u>22.42 (1) (a), (c), (e), (g), (h), (j) or (k) or</u> 173.13
6	(1) (a) 1., 3., 4., 6., 8. or 9. to its owner upon the happening of all of the following:
7	<b>SECTION 133.</b> 173.23 (1) (b) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
8	192, is amended to read:
9	173.23 (1) (b) If licensure <u>of the animal</u> is required by statute or ordinance, the
10	animal is licensed or assurance of licensure by prepayment is given.
11	SECTION 134. 173.23 (1) (bn) of the statutes is created to read:
12	173.23 (1) (bn) If licensure of the owner of a wild animal that is subject to
13	regulation under ch. 22 is required under ch. 22, the owner is licensed or assurance
14	of licensure by prepayment is given.
15	SECTION 135. 173.23 (1m) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin
16	Act 192, is amended to read:
17	173.23 (1m) UNCLAIMED ANIMALS. (intro.) A political subdivision or a person
18	<del>contracting under s. 173.15 (1)</del> <u>custodial entity</u> that has custody of an animal
19	considered unclaimed under sub. (5) (c) or (6) or s. 173.13 (3) (c) or 173.19 or an
20	unwanted animal may do any of the following:
21	SECTION 136. 173.23 (1m) (a) 2. of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin
22	Act 192, is amended to read:
23	173.23 <b>(1m)</b> (a) 2. If licensure <u>of the animal</u> is required by statute or ordinance,
24	the animal is licensed or assurance of licensure is given by evidence of prepayment.

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1	SECTION 137. 173.23 (1m) (a) 2m. of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin
2	Act 192, is created to read:
3	173.23 (1m) (a) 2m. If licensure of the owner of a wild animal that is subject
4	to regulation under ch. 22 is required under ch. 22, the owner is licensed or assurance
5	of licensure by prepayment is given.
6	SECTION 138. 173.23 (1m) (a) 4. of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin
7	Act 192, is amended to read:
8	173.23 (1m) (a) 4. Any charges imposed by the <del>political subdivision or person</del>
9	contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity for custody, care, vaccination and
10	treatment are paid or waived.
11	SECTION 139. 173.23 (2) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192,
12	is amended to read:
13	173.23 (2) ANIMALS NOT RETURNED TO OWNER. If an animal in the custody of a
14	political subdivision <u>or the department of natural resources</u> , other than an animal
15	to which sub. (1m) applies, is not returned to the owner under sub. (1) or (5) (b) or
16	s. 173.12 (2), 173.21 (4) or 173.22 or disposed of under sub. (4) or (5) (a) or s. 173.12
17	(3), it shall be disposed of under a court order under sub. (3) or s. 951.18 (4).
18	SECTION 140. 173.23 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin
19	Act 192, is amended to read:
20	173.23 (3) (a) (intro.) A political subdivision or the department of natural
21	resources may petition the circuit court for an order doing any of the following with
22	respect to an animal taken into custody <del>by a law enforcement officer or a humane</del>
23	<del>officer or</del> <u>on behalf of the political subdivision under s. 173.13 or the department of</u>
24	natural resources under s. 22.42 or with respect to an animal withheld under s.
25	173.21 (1):

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1	SECTION 141. 173.23 (3) (c) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
2	192, is amended to read:
3	173.23 (3) (c) The political subdivision or the department of natural resources
4	shall serve a copy of the petition, in the manner provided in s. 801.11, upon the owner
5	of the animal, if known.
6	SECTION 142. 173.23 (3) (e) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
7	192, is amended to read:
8	173.23 (3) (e) The court shall issue its order after hearing and may grant,
9	modify and grant or deny the petitioned–for relief, after considering the interests of
10	the animal, the owner of the animal, the political subdivision <u>or the department of</u>
11	natural resources and the public.
12	SECTION 143. 173.23 (4) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192,
13	is amended to read:
13 14	is amended to read: 173.23 (4) Injured or dangerous animals. A <del>political subdivision or person</del>
14	173.23 (4) Injured or dangerous animals. A political subdivision or person
14 15	173.23 (4) INJURED OR DANGEROUS ANIMALS. A political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity who has custody of an animal may
14 15 16	173.23 (4) INJURED OR DANGEROUS ANIMALS. A political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity who has custody of an animal may have the animal euthanized if there are reasonable grounds to believe that any of the
14 15 16 17	173.23 (4) INJURED OR DANGEROUS ANIMALS. A political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity who has custody of an animal may have the animal euthanized if there are reasonable grounds to believe that any of the following apply <u>applies</u> :
14 15 16 17 18	173.23 (4) INJURED OR DANGEROUS ANIMALS. A political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity who has custody of an animal may have the animal euthanized if there are reasonable grounds to believe that any of the following apply applies: SECTION 144. 173.23 (5) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
14 15 16 17 18 19	173.23 (4) INJURED OR DANGEROUS ANIMALS. A political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity who has custody of an animal may have the animal euthanized if there are reasonable grounds to believe that any of the following apply applies: SECTION 144. 173.23 (5) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192, is amended to read:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	173.23 (4) INJURED OR DANGEROUS ANIMALS. A political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity who has custody of an animal may have the animal euthanized if there are reasonable grounds to believe that any of the following apply applies: SECTION 144. 173.23 (5) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192, is amended to read: 173.23 (5) (a) A political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	173.23 (4) INJURED OR DANGEROUS ANIMALS. A political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity who has custody of an animal may have the animal euthanized if there are reasonable grounds to believe that any of the following apply applies: SECTION 144. 173.23 (5) (a) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192, is amended to read: 173.23 (5) (a) A political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity that has custody of an animal that was not confined as required by

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is determined to be diseased, at the direction of the person issuing the quarantine
 order.

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3 SECTION 145. 173.23 (5) (b) of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act
4 192, is amended to read:

5 173.23 (5) (b) Unless the person issuing the quarantine order directs that the 6 animal be euthanized because it is diseased, at the end of the quarantine period the 7 political subdivision or person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity shall 8 return the animal to its owner if the owner complies with sub. (1) (a) to (d) no later 9 than the 7th day after the day on which the political subdivision or person 10 contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity demands that the owner claim the 11 animal and pay for its custody, care and treatment.

SECTION 146. 173.25 of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 192, is
 amended to read:

14 **173.25 Immunity for euthanizing animals.** A political subdivision, a 15 person contracting under s. 173.15 (1) custodial entity, a humane officer or, a law 16 enforcement officer or a conservation warden who has reasonable grounds to believe 17 that s. 173.23 (1m) (c), (4) or (5) or a court order issued under s. 173.23 (3) authorize 18 authorizes an animal to be euthanized is not liable for damages for the loss of the 19 animal resulting from euthanizing the animal.

- **SECTION 147.** 814.60 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 814.60 (2) (e) Natural resources restitution payment imposed by s. <u>22.46 (2) (d)</u>
   <u>or</u> 29.989.

23 **SECTION 148.** 895.57 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

895.57 (3) Subsection (2) does not apply to any humane officer, local health
officer, peace officer, employe of the department of natural resources while on any

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land licensed under s. 29.865, 29.867, 29.869 or 29.871 22.15, 22.16, 22.17, 22.18 or
22.19 or designated as a wildlife refuge under s. 29.621 (1) or employe of the
department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection if the officer's or employe's
acts are in good faith and in an apparently authorized and reasonable fulfillment of
his or her duties.

6

**SECTION 149.** 943.75 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 943.75 (3) Subsection (2) does not apply to any humane officer, local health 8 officer, peace officer, employe of the department of natural resources while on any 9 land licensed under s. 29.865, 29.867, 29.869 or 29.871 22.15, 22.16, 22.17, 22.18 or 10 22.19 or designated as a wildlife refuge under s. 29.621 (1) or employe of the 11 department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection if the officer's or employe's 12 acts are in good faith and in an apparently authorized and reasonable fulfillment of 13 his or her duties. This subsection does not limit any other person from claiming the 14 defense of privilege under s. 939.45 (3).

**SECTION 150.** 951.01 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

16 951.01 (1m) "Conservation warden" means a warden appointed under s. 23.10.

17 SECTION 151. 951.015 of the statutes is renumbered 951.015 (1) and amended
18 to read:

951.015 (1) This chapter may not be interpreted as controverting any law
regulating <u>wild animals that are subject to regulation under ch. 22</u>, the taking of a
wild animal <u>wild animals</u>, as defined in s. 29.001 (90), the trapping of animals, the
use of live animals in dog trials or in the training of hunting dogs or the slaughter
of animals by persons acting under state or federal law.

**SECTION 152.** 951.015 (2) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	951.015 (2) For purposes of enforcing this chapter as to wild animals subject
2	to regulation under ch. 22, a conservation warden has the same powers and duties
3	that a law enforcement officer has under this chapter.
4	<b>SECTION 153.</b> 951.09 of the statutes is renumbered 951.09 (1) and amended to
5	read:
6	951.09 (1) No person may instigate, promote, aid or abet as a principal, agent,
7	employe, participant or spectator, or participate in the earnings from, or
8	intentionally maintain or allow any place to be used for the shooting, killing or
9	wounding <u>shoot, kill or wound</u> with a firearm <u>,</u> or <u>with</u> any deadly weapon, any animal
10	that is tied, staked out, caged or otherwise intentionally confined in a man-made an
11	artificial enclosure, regardless of size. Nothing in this section prohibits the shooting
12	of any wild game in its wild state or the shooting of game birds and waterfowl at
13	licensed game farms or licensed shooting preserves.
14	<b>SECTION 154.</b> 951.09 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
15	951.09 (2) (a) Whoever is concerned in the commission of a violation of this
16	section is a principal and may be charged with and convicted of the violation although
17	he or she did not directly commit it and although the person who directly committed
18	it has not been convicted of the violation.
19	(b) A person is concerned in the commission of a violation of this section under
20	par. (a) if the person does any of the following:
21	1. Instigates, promotes, aids or abets the violation as a principal, agent,
22	employe, participant or spectator.
23	2. Participates in any earnings from the commission of the violation.
24	3. Intentionally maintains or allows any place to be used for the commission
25	of the violation.

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1	<b>SECTION 155.</b> 951.09 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
2	951.09 (3) This section does not apply to any of the following animals:
3	(a) A white-tailed deer that is shot, killed or wounded as authorized under s.
4	22.09 (2) or 22.16 (5).
5	(b) A captive wild bird that is shot, killed or wounded as authorized under s.
6	22.09 (2).
7	(c) Farm–raised deer, as defined in s. 95.001 (1) (a).
8	(d) Animals that are treated in accordance with normally acceptable
9	husbandry practices.
10	SECTION 156. 951.18 (4) (a) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act
11	192, is amended to read:
12	951.18 (4) (a) 2. A sentencing court shall require a criminal violator to pay
13	restitution to a person, including any local humane officer or society or county or
14	municipal pound or a law enforcement officer or conservation warden, for any
15	pecuniary loss suffered by the person as a result of the crime, including expenses in
16	keeping any animal that is involved in the crime. This requirement applies
17	regardless of whether the criminal violator is placed on probation under s. 973.09.
18	If restitution is ordered, the court shall consider the financial resources and future
19	ability of the criminal violator to pay and shall determine the method of payment.
20	Upon the application of any interested party, the court shall schedule and hold an
21	evidentiary hearing to determine the value of any pecuniary loss under this
22	paragraph.
23	SECTION 157. 951.18 (4) (b) 1. of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act

24 192, is amended to read:

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1 951.18 (4) (b) 1. A sentencing court may order that an animal be delivered to 2 the local humane officer or society or the county or municipal pound or to a law 3 enforcement officer if a person commits a crime under this chapter, the person is the 4 owner of the animal that is involved in the crime and the court considers the order 5 to be reasonable and appropriate. A sentencing court may order that an animal be 6 delivered to the department of natural resources, if the animal is a wild animal that 7 is subject to regulation under ch. 22 and the court considers the order to be 8 reasonable and appropriate. The society, pound or, officer or department of natural 9 resources shall release the animal to a person other than the owner or dispose of the animal in a proper and humane manner. If the animal is a dog, the release or disposal 10 11 shall be in accordance with s. 173.23 (1m), except that the fees under s. 173.23 (1m) 12 (a) 4. do not apply if the expenses are covered under s. 173.24. If the animal is not 13 a dog, the society, pound or officer may charge a fee for the release of the animal.

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SECTION 158. 973.05 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9,
is amended to read:

16 973.05 (1) When a defendant is sentenced to pay a fine, the court may grant 17 permission for the payment of the fine, of the penalty assessment imposed by s. 18 757.07, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime victim and witness 19 assistance surcharge under s. 973.045, the crime laboratories and drug law 20 enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable deoxyribonucleic acid 21 analysis surcharge under s. 973.046, any applicable drug abuse program improvement surcharge imposed by s. 961.41 (5), any applicable consumer 22 23 information assessment imposed by s. 100.261, any applicable domestic abuse 24 assessment imposed by s. 971.37 (1m) (c) 1. or 973.055, any applicable driver improvement surcharge imposed by s. 346.655, any applicable enforcement 25

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1 assessment imposed by s. 253.06 (4) (c), any applicable weapons assessment imposed 2 by s. 167.31, any applicable uninsured employer assessment imposed by s. 102.85 (4), 3 any applicable environmental assessment imposed by s. 299.93, any applicable wild animal protection assessment imposed by s. 29.983, any applicable natural resources 4 5 assessment imposed by s. <u>22.46 (1) or</u> 29.987 and any applicable natural resources 6 restitution payment imposed by s. <u>22.46 (2) or</u> 29.989 to be made within a period not 7 to exceed 60 days. If no such permission is embodied in the sentence, the fine, the 8 penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime victim and witness assistance 9 surcharge, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any 10 applicable deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge, any applicable drug abuse 11 program improvement surcharge, any applicable consumer information assessment, 12 any applicable domestic abuse assessment, any applicable driver improvement 13 surcharge, any applicable enforcement assessment, any applicable weapons 14 assessment, any applicable uninsured employer assessment, any applicable 15 environmental assessment, any applicable wild animal protection assessment, any 16 applicable natural resources assessment and any applicable natural resources restitution payment shall be payable immediately. 17

18 SECTION 159. Effective dates. This act takes effect on January 1, 2001, except
 19 as follows:

20 (1) The treatment of sections 22.29, 22.34 and 22.35 of the statutes takes effect
21 on the day after publication.

22

(END)