Assembly Joint Resolution

Received: 01/8/99				Received By: kuesejt				
Wanted: Soon				Identical to LRB:				
For: Daniel Vrakas (608) 266-3007				By/Representing: Brian Pleva				
This file	e may be show	n to any legisla	tor: NO		Drafter: kuesejt			
May Co	ontact:				Alt. Drafters:			
Subject	: Unem	ployment Com	pensation		Extra Copies:			
Topic:				,				
Admini	stration and fir	nancing of empl	oyment secu	rity system				
Instruction Per 199	7 LRB - 3302/	2.						
Draftin	g History:							
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/?	kuesejt 01/11/99	jgeller 01/11/99						
/1			martykr 01/12/99		lrb_docadmin 01/12/99			
/2	kuesejt 01/13/99	gilfokm 01/13/99	lpaasch 01/14/99		lrb_docadmin 01/14/99	lrb_docadm 01/21/99	nin	
FE Sent	For:							

<END>

Assembly Joint Resolution

Received: 01/8/99				Received By: kuesejt					
Wanted: Soon				Identical to LRB:					
For: D a	miel Vrakas ((608) 266-3007			By/Representing: Brian Pleva				
This file	e may be show	n to any legislat	tor: NO		Drafter: kuesejt				
May Co	ontact:				Alt. Drafters:				
Subject	: Unem	ployment Com	pensation		Extra Copies:				
Topic:	stration and fir	nancing of empl	ovment secur	rity system	·				
Instruc		mancing of empi	———————	my system					
	7 LRB - 3302/	2.			,				
Draiun	ng History:								
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	<u>Proofed</u>	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>		
/?	kuesejt 01/11/99	jgeller 01/11/99							
/1			martykr 01/12/99		lrb_docadmin 01/12/99				
/2	kuesejt 01/13/99	gilfokm 01/13/99	lpaasch 01/14/99		lrb_docadmin 01/14/99				
FE Sent	For:			<end></end>					

Assembly Joint Resolution

Received: 01/8/99				Received By: kuesejt				
Wanted: Soon				Identical to LRB:				
For: Dan	iel Vrakas (608) 266-3007			By/Representing: Brian Pleva			
This file	may be show	n to any legislat	or: NO		Drafter: kuesejt			
May Con	itact:				Alt. Drafters:			
Subject:	Unemp	oloyment Comp	pensation		Extra Copies:			
Topic:	ration and fin	ancing of emple	oyment secur	ity system		·		
Instructi Per 1997	ions: LRB - 3302/2	2.						
Drafting	History:							
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	Jacketed	Required	
/?	kuesejt 01/11/99	jgeller 01/11/99						
/1 / レ FE Sent I	kvesej f Vi3	/2-1-13-98 - Kmg	martykr 01/12/99 -13LP	1-13LP1 	lrb_docadmin 01/12/99			

Assem	bl	y J	qin t	Res	olt	ıti	on
-------	----	-----	--------------	-----	-----	-----	----

Received: 01/11

Received By: kuesejt

Wanted: Soon

Identical to LRB:

For: Daniel Vrakas (608) 266-3007

By/Representing: Brian Pleva

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: kuesejt

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

Unemployment Compensation

Extra Copies:

Topic:

Administration and financing of employment security system

Instructions:

Per 1997 LRB - 3302/2.

Drafting History:

Vers.

Proofed

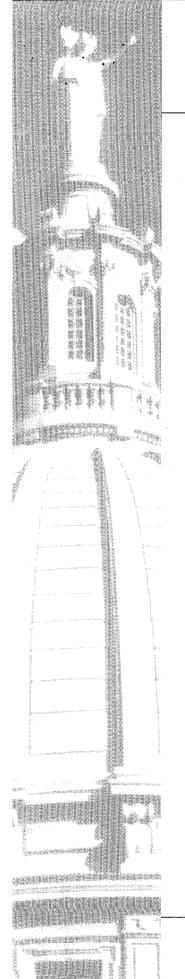
Submitted

Jacketed

Required

FE Sent For:

<END>



Chair: Assembly Committee on Labor & Employment Vice-Chair Majority Caucus

Memo

To:

Jeff Kuesel

From:

Brian Pleva Kin

Date:

01/07/99

Re:

Draft Request

Please find the attached copy of a 1997 Assembly Joint Resolution you drafted for Rep. Vrakas last session. He would like it to be updated and redrafted for this session.

If you have any questions, feel free to contact me at 4-8668. Thank you very much.



State of Misconsin 1997–1998 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3302/2 JTK: MF:lp



1997 ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION

1	Relating to: urging Congress to enact legislation to reform the employment security
2	system.
3	Whereas, the employment security (ES) system was created to help reduce the
4	economic hardship of unemployed workers by temporarily providing for the partial
5	replacement of lost income, promoting reemployment, preventing unemployment
6	and stabilizing the economy during recessions; and
7	Whereas, the ES'system consists of unemployment insurance (UI), labor
8	exchange services and labor market information services; and
9	Whereas, as now structured, employers must pay 2 separate payroll taxes to
10	support the ES system, a federal tax under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act
11	(FUTA) to finance program administrative expenses, and a state UI tax to pay for
12	actual unemployment insurance benefits; and
13	Whereas, all state UI and FUTA tax revenue collected through the ES system
14	is maintained by the federal government, in 53 separate accounts for each state's UI
15	taxes (federal law defines the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the Virgin
(16)	Islands as "states" for the purposes of unemployment insurance), and 3 separate
17	federal accounts for the FUTA tax; and

1	Whereas, FUTA tax moneys are returned to the states in the form of federal
2	categorical grants for program administration that, in nearly all states, are
3	significantly less than the amounts collected in FUTA revenue from each state's
4	employers; and
5	Whereas, in federal fiscal year 1995, employers in 45 states (including
6	Wisconsin) and the District of Columbia paid more in FUTA taxes than their states
7	and the district got back in federal grants; and
8	Whereas, for federal fiscal year 1995, Wisconsin paid \$125 million in FUTA
9	taxes and got back only \$63.2 million in federal grants; and
10	Whereas, in federal fiscal year 1996, only around 60% of FUTA revenue
11	received by the federal government was appropriated for state program
12	administration; and
13	Whereas, as a condition of receiving grants for program administration, states
14	are subject to numerous federal regulations, mandates and directives that impede
15	efficient program management; and
16	Whereas, the accounts being maintained by the federal government have
17	accumulated large surpluses that are being used to offset the federal deficit; and
18	Whereas, at the end of federal fiscal year 1996, the 3 federal accounts had
19	balances totaling \$15.3 billion; and
20	Whereas, congressional appropriations for ES program administration
21	continue to decline despite these large surpluses in the UI dedicated federal
22	accounts, and Congress has repeatedly extended a temporary FUTA surtax that has
23	generated increasingly large balances in these federal trust funds; and

Whereas, a system can be established to support funding levels for states that currently receive more in federal grants than their employers pay in FUTA taxes; and

Whereas, insufficient administrative funding may cause a decline in employment services, resulting in a delay in claimants' return to work and, consequently, a possible rise in state UI taxes; and

Whereas, permitting control by the states of the money in their federal accounts would allow states to receive back the vast majority of the amounts paid by their employers, and retaining the federal accounts while giving states the control of the money they contribute to these accounts would allow the accounts to continue to offset the federal deficit; and

Whereas, state responsibility for the administration and funding of the ES system would cut the paperwork burden on employers by eliminating the need to file 2 separate tax forms, would decrease costs of administration by eliminating the "middle person" role of the Internal Revenue Service in collection of FUTA taxes, would drastically decrease federal program regulation and permit states to design programs tailored to the needs of their individual state work forces and employers, and would significantly reduce federal bureaucracies; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That the Wisconsin legislature hereby respectfully urges the Congress of the United States to let the FUTA surtax expire, transfer much of the administration and financing of the ES system to the states while retaining funds in the unified federal budget, and retain the federal government's role of ensuring nationwide application of a minimum number of fundamental standards; and, be if further

Resolved, That the assembly chief clerk shall provide a copy of this joint resolution to all members of Congress.

3

(END)



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

1999 ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION

1	Relating to: urging Congress to enact legislation to reform the employment security
2	system.
3	Whereas, the employment security (ES) system was created to help reduce the
4	economic hardship of unemployed workers by temporarily providing for the partial
5	replacement of lost income, promoting reemployment, preventing unemployment
6	and stabilizing the economy during recessions; and
7	Whereas, the ES system consists of unemployment insurance (UI), labor
8	exchange services and labor market information services; and
9	Whereas, as now structured, employers must pay 2 separate payroll taxes to
10	support the ES system, a federal tax under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act
11.	(FUTA) to finance program administrative expenses, and a state UI tax to pay for
12	actual UI benefits; and
13	Whereas, all state UI and FUTA tax revenue collected through the ES system
14	is maintained by the federal government, in 53 separate accounts for each state's UI
15	taxes (federal law defines the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the Virgin

1	Islands as "states" for the purposes of UI), and 3 separate federal accounts for the
2	FUTA tax; and
3	Whereas, FUTA tax moneys are returned to the states in the form of federal
4	categorical grants for program administration that, in nearly all states, are
5	significantly less than the amounts collected in FUTA revenue from each state's
6	employers; and
7	Whereas, in federal fiscal year 1995, employers in 45 states (including
8	Wisconsin) and the District of Columbia paid more in FUTA taxes than their states
9	and the district got back in federal grants; and
.0	Whereas, for federal fiscal year 1995, Wisconsin paid million in FUTA
11	taxes and got back only willion in federal grants; and
2	Whereas, in federal fiscal year 1996, only around 60% of FUTA revenue
13	received by the federal government was appropriated for state program
4	administration; and
15	Whereas, as a condition of receiving grants for program administration, states
16	are subject to numerous federal regulations, mandates and directives that impede
17	efficient program management; and
18	Whereas, the accounts being maintained by the federal government have
19	accumulated large surpluses that are being used to offset the federal deficit; and
20	Whereas, at the end of federal fiscal year 1996, the 3 federal accounts had
21	balances totaling \$15.3 billion; and
22	Whereas, congressional appropriations for ES program administration
23	continue to decline despite these large surpluses in the UI dedicated federal
24	accounts, and Congress has repeatedly extended a temporary FUTA surtax that has
25	generated increasingly larger balances in these federal trust funds; and

Whereas, a system can be established to support funding levels for states that currently receive more in federal grants than their employers pay in FUTA taxes; and

Whereas, insufficient administrative funding may cause a decline in employment services, resulting in a delay in claimants' return to work and, consequently, a possible rise in state UI taxes; and

Whereas, permitting control by the states of the money in their federal accounts would allow states to receive back the vast majority of the amounts paid by their employers, and retaining the federal accounts while giving states the control of the money they contribute to these accounts would allow the accounts to continue to offset the federal deficit; and

Whereas, state responsibility for the administration and funding of the ES system would cut the paperwork burden on employers by eliminating the need to file 2 separate tax forms, would decrease costs of administration by eliminating the "middle person" role of the Internal Revenue Service in collection of FUTA taxes, would drastically decrease federal program regulation and permit states to design programs tailored to the needs of their individual state work forces and employers, and would significantly reduce federal bureaucracies; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That the Wisconsin legislature hereby respectfully urges the Congress of the United States to let the FUTA surtax expire, transfer much of the administration and financing of the ES system to the states while retaining funds in the unified federal budget, and retain the federal government's role of ensuring nationwide application of a minimum number of fundamental standards; and, be if further

1	Resolved, That the assembly chief clerk shall provide a copy of this join
9	resolution to all members of Congress.

(END)

Barman, Mike

From:

Barman, Mike

Sent:

Thursday, January 14, 1999 10:20 AM

To: Cc: Subject: Pleva, Brian Kuesel, Jeffery LRB 99-1676/2



Per your request.

PokiAN 7 Valeas Preva 1676 Via email

SUBMITTAL FORM

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

Date: 1/14/99 To: Representative Vrakas Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-1676 **Topic** Administration and financing of employment security system Van Vrahm Subject(s) **Unemployment Compensation** 1. JACKET the draft for introduction _ (check only one). Only the requester under whose name the or the **Assembly** drafting request is entered in the LRB's drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please allow one day for the preparation of the required copies. 2. **REDRAFT.** See the changes indicated or attached A revised draft will be submitted for your approval with changes incorporated 3. Obtain FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW, prior to introduction If the analysis indicates that a fiscal estimate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or increases or decreases existing appropriations or state or general local government fiscal liability or revenues, you have the option to request the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to introduce the proposal without the fiscal estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon introduction. It takes about 10 days to obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to introduction retains your flexibility for possible redrafting of the proposal. If you have any questions regarding the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions

relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

Jeffery T. Kuesel, Managing Attorney Telephone: (608) 266-6778