Assembly Joint Resolution

Received: 02/09/2000

Received By: dykmapj

Wanted: Soon

Identical to LRB:

For: Mark Pettis (608) 267-2365

By/Representing: Don Nelson

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: dykmapj

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

Constitutional Amendments

Extra Copies:

JK

Tax - property

MES

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Five percent Limit on property tax increases

Instructions:

See Attached See 99-4319/1

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>
/1	dykmapj 02/22/2000	gilfokm 02/22/2000	martykr 02/23/200	0	lrb_docadmin 02/23/2000		
/2	dykmapj 02/23/2000	gilfokm 02/23/2000	martykr 02/23/200	0	lrb_docadmin 02/23/2000		
/3	dykmapj 02/24/2000	gilfokm 02/24/2000	haugeca 02/24/200	0	lrb_docadmin 02/24/2000	lrb_docadmi 02/29/2000	n

FE Sent For:

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FE Sent For:

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-4319/P1dn JK:cjs:km

February 2, 2000

Representative Pettis:

Please review this draft carefully to ensure that it is consistent with your intent. The bill limits the annual increase in the amount of property taxes paid by a property owner to the lesser of either 5% more than the amount of the taxes paid in the previous year or the amount of the taxes paid in the previous year, adjusted for inflation. The bill does not preclude a municipality from raising the mill rate or raising the assessed value of property. The bill simply limits the amount of the tax that the property owner pays.

If you want to limit the annual increase in property taxes, limiting the property tax levy that may be imposed by a municipality may be more effective. For an example, see section 66.77 of the statutes that limits the operating levy of a county and requires that a county pass a referendum to increase the levy limit. The legislature imposed such limits on a municipality's property tax levy from 1975 until 1983. See Chapter 39, Laws of 1975; sections 435, 441, 442 and 457. Do you want to impose a property tax levy limit on municipalities? If you want to impose a property tax levy limit on municipalities, do you also want to limit a municipality's ability to adjust the mill rates and assessments?

Please contact me if you have any questions.

Joseph T. Kreye Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–2263

E-mail: Joseph.Kreye@legis.state.wi.us

1999 BILL

AN ACT to create 70.107 and 74.09 (3) (gm) of the statutes; relating to: limiting

the annual increase in the payment of property taxes.

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Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under this bill, an increase in the amount of the property tax that a property owner pays for the owner's real property is limited to an amount that is no greater than 5% more than to the amount of the property tax the owner paid in the previous year on the same property. This limitation does not apply to any delinquent taxes or special assessments owed by the property owner. The limitation also does not apply if the property is substantially improved or if the property is conveyed to another person.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 70.107 of the statutes is created to read:

70.107 Limit on tax payments. (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), the annual amount of the property tax that a property owner pays for the owner's real property, excluding delinquent property taxes, special assessments, special charges and

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special taxes, may not exceed an amount that is equal to 5% more than the amount \int
of the property tax the owner paid in the previous year on the same property.
(2) (a) If real property is substantially improved, as determined by the taxation
district assessor, the property owner shall pay property taxes for the year of the
improvement based on the property's full assessed value and in each subsequent
year the property owner shall pay the property tax based on the property's full
assessed value, subject to sub. (1).
(b) If real property is conveyed, the person to whom the property is conveyed
shall pay the property tax for the year in which the property is conveyed based on
the property's full assessed value and in each subsequent year that person shall pay
the property tax based on the property's full assessed value, subject to sub. (1).
SECTION 2. 74.09 (3) (gm) of the statutes is created to read:
74.09 (3) (gm) Indicate that the amount of the tax due, excluding delinquent
property taxes, special assessments, special charges and special taxes, is subject to
the limitations under s. 70.107.
Section 3. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to the property tax assessments as of January 1, 2000.

(END)



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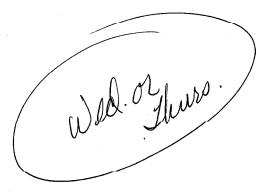
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State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4521/1 PJD..://:... \\\\\\

1999 ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION



To renumber and amend section 1 of article VIII; and to create section 1 (2) of article VIII of the constitution; relating to: limiting the annual percentage increase in property taxes assessed on real property (first consideration).

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

-:441

This proposed constitutional amendment, proposed to the 1999 legislature on first consideration, provides that, beginning with real property taxes assessed on the January 1 after ratification, the maximum annual percentage change in the property tax on a parcel of real property for any year equals the lesser of 5%; or the difference between inflation in the prior year minus inflation in the year prior to that year, doubled but not less than zero percent.

A proposed constitutional amendment requires adoption by 2 successive legislatures, and ratification by the people, before it can become effective.

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That:

SECTION 1. Section 1 of article VIII of the constitution is renumbered section 1 (1) of article VIII and amended to read:

[Article VIII] Section 1 (1) The Subject to other provisions of this section, the rule of taxation shall be uniform but the legislature may empower cities, villages or towns to collect and return taxes on real estate located therein by optional methods.

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Taxes shall be levied upon such property with such classifications as to forests and minerals including or separate or severed from the land, as the legislature shall prescribe. Taxation of agricultural land and undeveloped land, both as defined by law, need not be uniform with the taxation of each other nor with the taxation of other real property. Taxation of merchants' stock-in-trade, manufacturers' materials and finished products, and livestock need not be uniform with the taxation of real property and other personal property, but the taxation of all such merchants' stock-in-trade, manufacturers' materials and finished products and livestock shall be uniform, except that the legislature may provide that the value thereof shall be determined on an average basis.

(3) Taxes may also be imposed on incomes, privileges and occupations, which taxes may be graduated and progressive, and reasonable exemptions may be provided.

SECTION 2. Section 1 (2) of article VIII of the constitution is created to read:

[Article VIII] Section 1 (2) (a) In this subsection, "inflation" means the percentage change in the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index for Milwaukee-Racine, all items, all urban consumers, or its successor index.

(b) Beginning with real property taxes assessed on the January 1 after ratification of this subsection, the maximum annual perceptage change in the property tax on a parcel of real property for any year, excluding delinquent property taxes, special assessments, special charges, special taxes and taxes authorized under tive percent section 10 (3) of this article, equals the lesser of the difference between inflation in the prior year minus inflation in the year prior to that year, doubled but not less than zero percent. # 2. The

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1	Be it further resolved, That this proposed amendment be referred to the
2	legislature to be chosen at the next general election and that it be published for 3
3	months previous to the time of holding such election.
4	(END)



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State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4521/1

1999 ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION

(Durencare)

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 - 1. Five percent; or
- 2. The difference between inflation in the prior year minus inflation in the year prior to that year, doubled, but not less than zero percent.

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Be it further resolved, That this proposed amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election and that it be published for 3 months previous to the time of holding such election.

(END)



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State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4521/2 PJD:kmg:km

1999 ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION

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2	legislature to be chosen at the next general election and that it be published for 3
3	months previous to the time of holding such election.

(END)

SUBMITTAL FORM

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

Date: 02/24/2000

To: Representative Pettis

Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-4521
Topic Five percent Limit on property tax increases
Subject(s) Constitutional Amendments, Tax - property
1. JACKET the draft for introduction
1. JACKET the draft for introduction in the Senate or the Assembly (check only one). Only the requester under whose name the
drafting request is entered in the LRB's drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please
allow one day for the preparation of the required copies.
2. REDRAFT. See the changes indicated or attached
A revised draft will be submitted for your approval with changes incorporated.
3. Obtain FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW, prior to introduction
If the analysis indicates that a fiscal estimate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or
increases or decreases existing appropriations or state or general local government fiscal liability or
revenues, you have the option to request the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to
introduce the proposal without the fiscal estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon
introduction. It takes about 10 days to obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to
introduction retains your flexibility for possible redrafting of the proposal.
If you have any questions regarding the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions
relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

Attorney Peter J. Dykman, General Counsel Telephone: (608) 266-7098