1999 ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION 113

March 13, 2000 – Introduced by Representatives Pettis, Sykora and Petrowski. Referred to Committee on Rules.

1	Relating to: urging Congress to pass asbestos litigation legislation.
2	Whereas, there are more asbestos lawsuits in state and federal courts than any
3	other kind of civil case today; and
4	Whereas, with nearly 200,000 asbestos cases pending in state and federal
5	courts and 30,000 to 50,000 new cases filed every year, the asbestos litigation
6	problem is national in scope and demands a national solution; and
7	Whereas, those truly injured by exposure to asbestos must wait years for
8	compensation and find that an average of two-thirds of every dollar spent on
9	asbestos litigation is eaten up by attorney fees and other transaction costs; and
10	Whereas, more disturbing is the fact that a majority of the claims filed are by
11	individuals who are not sick and who may simply have been exposed to asbestos; and
12	Whereas, in 2 separate rulings in the past few years, the U.S. Supreme Court
13	has recognized the escalating crisis in asbestos litigation, and on both occasions
14	concluded that an administrative claims system would best serve the true victims of
15	asbestos; and

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1	Whereas, in June 1999, in the U.S. Supreme Court decision in Ortiz v.
2	Fibreboard, Justice Souter forcefully stated that asbestos litigation is an
3	"elephantine mass" that "defies customary judicial administration and calls for
4	national legislation"; and in the same ruling, Chief Justice Rehnquist echoed Justice
5	Souter, stating that the current asbestos litigation system "cries out for a national
6	solution"; and
7	Whereas, Justice Ginsburg similarly commented in the 1997 Amchem decision
8	that an administrative claims process "would provide the most secure, fair, and
9	efficient means of compensating victims of asbestos exposure"; and
10	Whereas, the Fairness in Asbestos Compensation Act (Act) carries bipartisan
11	support in Congress and would fairly and promptly compensate those asbestos
12	victims who are truly sick; and
13	Whereas, the key principles of the Act were originally agreed to in a class action
14	settlement in 1994 by members of the trial bar, labor unions and former asbestos
15	manufacturers; and
16	Whereas, the U.S. Judicial Conference Ad Hoc Committee on Asbestos
17	Litigation, appointed by Chief Justice William Rehnquist in 1991, found that the
18	typical asbestos case took 31 months to wind its way to resolution through the court
19	system, compared with 18 months for a typical liability suit; now, therefore, be it
20	Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That the legislature of
21	the state of Wisconsin hereby urges Congress to pass asbestos litigation legislation
22	(H.R. 1283 and S. 758); and, be it further
23	Resolved, That the assembly chief clerk shall provide a copy of this joint
24	resolution to the president and secretary of the U.S. senate, to the speaker and clerk
25	of the U.S. house of representatives and to each member of the congressional

- 1 delegation from this state attesting the adoption of this joint resolution by the 1999
- 2 legislature of the state of Wisconsin.

(END)

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