#### Bill

Received: 10/23/98				Received By: nilsepe			
Wanted: As time permits				Identical to LRB: 97-5302			
For: Pe	ggy Rosenzwe	eig (608) 266-25	512		By/Representing:	<b>Bob Conlin</b>	
This file	e may be show	n to any legislat	or: NO		Drafter: nilsepe		
May Co	ontact:				Alt. Drafters:		
Subject	Bevera	ages - miscellan	eous		Extra Copies:		
Topic:					was a war a wa		
Wine-or	n-premises per	mit					
Instruc	tions:		<del></del>		A 15 1		
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#### Bill

Received: 10/23/98  Wanted: As time permits				Received By: nilsepe  Identical to LRB: 97-5302			
This fil	e may be show	n to any legislat	tor: <b>NO</b>		Drafter: nilsepe		
May Co	ontact:				Alt. Drafters:		
Subject: Beverages - miscellaneous					Extra Copies:		
Topic:							
Wine-o	n-premises per	rmit					
Instru	ctions:						
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/1			jfrantze 12/16/98		lrb_docadmin 12/16/98		
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Received: 10/23/98					Received By: nilsepe			
Wanted: As time permits				Identical to LRB: 97-5302				
For: Pe	ggy Rosenzw	veig (608) 266-2	512		By/Representing: Bob Conlin			
This file	e may be show	wn to any legislat	tor: NO		Drafter: nilsepe			
May Co	ontact:				Alt. Drafters:			
Subject	: Bever	rages - miscellan	eous		Extra Copies:			
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Wine-o	n-premises pe	ermit						
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/?	nilsepe 11/4/98	chanaman 11/20/98					State	
/P1		CMH/1 1416	lpaasch 11/23/98		gretskl 11/23/98			
FE Sent	For:	1 13/16 jlg	H12/16	<end></end>				



Bill

Received: 10/23/98

Received By: nilsepe

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB: 97-5302

For: Peggy Rosenzweig (608) 266-2512

By/Representing: Bob Conlin

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: nilsepe

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

**Beverages - miscellaneous** 

Extra Copies:

**Topic:** 

Wine-on-premises permit

**Instructions:** 

See Attached

**Drafting History:** 

Vers.

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**Drafted** 

nilsepe

Reviewed

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**Proofed** 

**Submitted** 

**Jacketed** 

Required

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#### DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

August 17, 1998

Want restaurant to get (1955 B" "Class A")

Went restaurant to get (1955 B" "Class A")

Want restaurant to get (1955 B" "Class A")

Went restaurant to get (1955 B" "Class A")

Want restaurant to get

it closely. The "gross receipts" test and the prohibition on free taste samples reflect other provisions in current law.

Please also review the analysis. There appears to be no clear prohibition against a restaurant manufacturing and selling its own wine. The "source of supply" language of s. 125.69 (5) and (6) (and the three-tier distribution scheme generally) relies on alcohol beverages "purchased from" or "sold to" another, which doesn't apply well to a "/// producer who sells only to consumers. Existing license types authorize the sale to and purchase from other "tiers". Even s. 125.66, prohibiting sales without a license, requires only the "appropriate" license, which does not appear to exist. Can you identify with greater specificity the provisions of current law that prohibit restaurant-wineries?

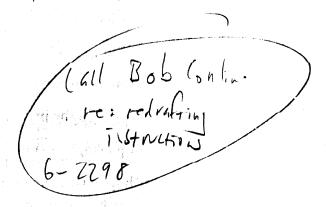
Before this draft can be introduced, please review the combinations of retail licenses that a restaurant-winery should be allowed to hold. Section 125.69, stats., needs to be amended to allow that desired combination of activities. See s. 125.69 (1) (b) 4., stats.

Most authorizations to sell alcohol at retail is granted by the local authority in which the retail outlet is located. Most authorizations to manufacture alcohol beverages are issued by the department of revenue (DOR). Should restaurant—wineries be treated more like retailers (locally controlled) or manufacturers (state controlled)? See s. 125.05, stats,, on local option of becoming a "dry" community. This option may be undercut somewhat by allowing DOR to issue retail permits.

Ich occupational tax applicability 261-6926

Paul E. Nilsen Legislative Attorney

#### PRELIMINARY DRAFT – NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



1. AN ACT to amend 125.51(3)(am); and to create 125.535 of the statutes; relating

to: creating a permit authorizing certain restaurants to manufacture and sell

wine on the restaurant's premises.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law prohibits any person from selling alcohol beverages (and from manufacturing, brewing or engaging in any other activity for which state law requires a license or permit) unless he or she possesses the appropriate license for that activity. A restaurant may obtain a retail license authorizing the sale of intoxicating liquor, including wine, for consumption on or off the restaurant's premises. However, a retail license authorizes only the sale of intoxicating liquor that was purchased from an authorized, licensed seller.

This bill creates a restaurant-winery permit. The permit authorizes a restaurant to manufacture its own wine and to sell that wine at retail from the premises for consumption on or off the restaurant's premises. The permit is issued by the department of revenue and may be issued only for a restaurant in which the sale of alcohol beverages accounts for less than 50% of gross receipts and that manufactures less than 5,000 gallons of wine per year. The bill prohibits the permittee from providing free taste samples of wine manufactured on the premises. The bill allows the holder of a restaurant-winery permit to also hold a license or permit for the retail sale of alcohol beverages for consumption on or off the premises where sold.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 125.51 (3) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.51 (3) (am) A "Class B" license issued to a winery authorizes the sale of wine to be consumed by the glass or in opened containers only on the premises where sold and also authorizes the sale of wine in the original package or container to be consumed off the premises where sold, but does not authorize the sale of fermented malt beverages or any intoxicating liquor other than wine. A restaurant for which a permit is issued under s. 125.535 shall not be considered a winery under this paragraph.

**SECTION 2.** 125.535 of the statutes is created to read:

restaurant—winery permit authorizing the retail sale of wine manufactured on the premises for consumption on the premises where sold or in an original unopened package, container or bottle for consumption off the premises where sold. The department may issue a restaurant—winery permit to any person who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5) and who holds a valid certificate under s. 73.03 (50). A restaurant—winery permit may be issued only for a restaurant in which the sale of alcohol beverages accounts for less than 50% of gross receipts and that manufactures less than 5,000 gallons of wine per year. No permittee under this section may offer taste samples of wine manufactured on the premises. A restaurant issued a permit under this section shall not be considered a winery for purposes of s. 125.51 (3) (am).

1997 - 11998 LEGISLATURE

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LRB 6302/R1

PEN My:lp

LRB 6500 - 0656/P1

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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D-note

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proof of state,

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#### 1999–2000 Drafting Insert FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0656/P1ins PEN...:...

**SECTION 1.** 125.69 (1) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 125.69 (1) (a)

amended to read:

Ino intoxicating liquor No Except as provided in subds. L. and L. manufacturer, rectifier or wholesaler may hold any direct or indirect interest in any "Class A" license or establishment and no "Class A" licensee may hold any direct or indirect interest in a wholesale permit or establishment, except that a.

winery that has holds a permit under s. 125.53 may have an ownership interest in a "Class A" license.

History: 1981 c. 79, 202; 1983 a. 26, 69, 182; 1985 a. 5, 15, 302; 1987 (103; 1989 a. 30, 31, 253; 1991 a. 39; 1995 a. 27.

SECTION 2. 125.69 (1) (a) 2 of the statutes is created to read:

A restaurant that holds a permit under s. 125.535 may hold a "Class A" license. Strike spac

**SECTION 3.** 125.69 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.69 (1) (b) 1. Except as provided under subds. 2. to 4. 5., no intoxicating liquor manufacturer, rectifier or wholesaler may hold any direct or indirect interest in any "Class B" license or permit or establishment or "Class C" license or establishment and no "Class B" licensee or permittee or "Class C" licensee may hold any direct or indirect interest in a wholesale permit or establishment.

History: 1981 c. 79, 202; 1983 a. 26, 69, 182; 1985 a. 5, 15, 302; 1987 v. 403; 1989 a. 30, 31, 253; 1991 a. 39; 1995 a. 27.

SECTION 4. 125.69 (1) (b) 5. of the statutes is created to read:

125.69 (1) (b) 5. A restaurant that holds a permit under s. 125.535 may hold a "Class B" license or permit or a "Class C" license.

(end intera)

#### DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0656/P1dn PEN...:...

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November 4, 1998 3 Jare

Federal tied-house law appears to prohibit a person engaged in the business of producing wine from holding a retail wine license, unless the producer owns the retailer outright. See 27 CFR 6.21.

The federal special (occupational) tax on commercial wine production is set forth in 27 CFR 24.50, with an exception at 27 CFR 24.52. A person considering the commercial production of wine might want to contact the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms to determine whether this tax or exceptions applies.

Paul E. Nilsen Legislative Attorney 261–6926

## DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0656/P1dn PEN:cmh&jlg:lp

November 23, 1998

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Paul E. Nilsen Legislative Attorney 261–6926

Please copy file for 97-5302 and place originals in file Por 99-0656 PEN 13 drafter for both. thanks,

X, 0,8

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Received: 08/13/98					Received By: nilsepe				
Wanted	Wanted: As time permits For: Peggy Rosenzweig (608) 266-2512				Identical to LRB:  By/Representing: Bob Conlin, WLC				
For: Pe									
This file	e may be show	n to any legisla	tor: NO		Drafter: nilsepe				
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Subject: Beverages - miscellaneous					Extra Copies: Bob Conlin, WLC				
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Received: 08/13/98					Received By: nilsepe				
Wanted	Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:			
For: Pe	For: Peggy Rosenzweig (608) 266-2512  This file may be shown to any legislator: NO				By/Representing	: Bob Conlin,	WLC		
This file					Drafter: nilsepe				
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Bill

Received: 08/13/98

Received By: nilsepe

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Peggy Rosenzweig (608) 266-2512

By/Representing: Bob Conlin, WLC

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: nilsepe

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

Beverages - miscellaneous

Extra Copies:

**Bob Conlin, WLC** 

Topic:

Restaurant-winery permit

**Instructions:** 

See Attached

**Drafting History:** 

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**Drafted** 

<u>Reviewed</u>

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**Jacketed** 

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nilsepe

PI-8-18-98-UG 8-18 LP.

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contact: Gene Shater in Rosenverg for Rosensweig - come weeks - restaurant - winery

Droduces wine on premises

vants to sell wine for ansymption on-off premises

boes not produce 5,000 gal year 125.57(1) - mare 5000 gal 1000 gal Create New fermit for DOR to wine on premiser annual permit-statified issue?

D-Note: municipalities issue? - Amend existing rever where Inche no femilia queta - Doll issues wine-on-premises permit
may be issued to person with bear or liquor liver to

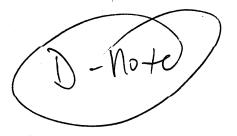




#### State of Misconsin 1997 - 1998 LEGISLATURE

PEN:

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



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AN ACT ...; relating to: creating a permit authorizing certain restaurants to

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PRINT W/LINE NUMBERS-

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 125.535 of the statutes is created to read:

restaurant—winery permit authorizing the retail sale of wine manufactured on the premises for consumption on the premises where sold or in an original unopened package, container or bottle for consumption off the premises where sold. The department may issue a restaurant winery permit to any person who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5) and who holds a valid certificate under s. 73.03 (50). A restaurant winery permit may be issued only for a restaurant in which the sale of alcohol beverages accounts for less than 50% of gross receipts and that manufactures less than 5,000 gallons of wine per year. No permittee under this section may offer taste samples of wine manufactured on the premises. A restaurant issued a permit under this section shall not be considered a winery for purposes of s. 125.51 (3) (am).

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125.51 (3) (am) A "Class B" license issued to a winery authorizes the sale of wine to be consumed by the glass or in opened containers only on the premises where sold and also authorizes the sale of wine in the original package or container to be consumed off the premises where sold, but does not authorize the sale of fermented malt beverages or any intoxicating liquor other than wine. A restaurant for which

LRB-5302/? PEN:...:... SECTION 2

a permit is issued under s./125.535

paragraph.

History: History: 1981 c. 79, 202, 220; 1983 a. 27 ss. 1489c, 2202 (38); 1983 a. 250, 516; 1985 a. 74, 239, 302; 1987 a. 27, 91, 103, 249, 354, 399; 1989 a. 16, 30, 31, 252, 253, 359; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 112; 1995 a. 27, 1997 a. 27, 41.

(END)

)-Note

#### DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

August 17, 1998

This draft is pretty rough, but I think it provides a good starting point. Please review it closely. The "gross receipts" test and the prohibition on free taste samples reflect other provisions in current law.

Please also review the analysis. There appears to be no clear prohibition against a restaurant manufacturing and selling its own wine. The "source of supply" language of s. 125.69 (5) and (6) (and the three—tier distribution scheme generally) relies on alcohol beverages "purchased from" or "sold to" another, which doesn't apply well to a producer who sells only to consumers. Existing license types authorize the sale to and purchase from other "tiers". Even s. 125.66, prohibiting sales without a license, requires only the "appropriate" license, which does not appear to exist. Can you identify with greater specificity the provisions of current law that prohibit restaurant—wineries?

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Paul E. Nilsen Legislative Attorney 261–6926



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#### State of Misconsin 1997 - 1998 LEGISLATURE

LRB-5302/P1 PEN;jlg:lp

#### PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT to amend 125.51(3)(am); and to create 125.535 of the statutes; relating

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#### LRB-5302/P1dn PEN:jlg:lp

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Paul E. Nilsen Legislative Attorney 261–6926 David Hanson, present at meeting to discuss 1-0656/PI 12/14/98 with Sen Rosen zweig's aide, Gene, me, Bob Cohlin of Leg Council. We walked through all the features of this book, anodifying only free singles.



#### DAVID HANSEN PRESIDENT

2837 N. 86ib Street, Milwaukee, WI 53222 (414) 456-088¶ Fax (414) 456-0881 Cellular (414) 881-6789

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#### State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0656

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

(1-note)

Reger

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For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 125.51 (3) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.51 (3) (am) A "Class B" license issued to a winery authorizes the sale of wine to be consumed by the glass or in opened containers only on the premises where sold and also authorizes the sale of wine in the original package or container to be consumed off the premises where sold, but does not authorize the sale of fermented malt beverages or any intoxicating liquor other than wine. A restaurant for which a permit is issued under s. 125.535 shall not be considered a winery under this paragraph.

**Section 2.** 125.535 of the statutes is created to read:

restaurant—winery permit. The department shall issue a restaurant—winery permit authorizing the retail sale of wine manufactured on the premises for consumption on the premises where sold or in an original unopened package or container for consumption off the premises where sold. The department may issue a restaurant—winery permit to any person who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5) and who holds a valid certificate under s. 73.03 (50). A restaurant—winery permit may be issued only for a restaurant in which the sale of alcohol beverages accounts for less than 50% of gross receipts and that manufactures less than 5,000 gallons of wine per year. Where this section may offer, free of charge, taste samples of wine manufactured on the premises. A restaurant issued a permit under this section shall not be considered a winery for purposes of s. 125.51 (3) (am).

to persons dining on the premises

1	SECTION 3. 125.69 (1) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 125.69 (1) (a) 1. and
2	amended to read:
3	125.69 (1) (a) 1. No Except as provided in subds. 2. and 3., no intoxicating liquor
4	manufacturer, rectifier or wholesaler may hold any direct or indirect interest in any
5	"Class A" license or establishment and no "Class A" licensee may hold any direct or
6	indirect interest in a wholesale permit or establishment, except that a.
7	2. A winery that has holds a permit under s. 125.53 may have an ownership
8	interest in a "Class A" license.
9	SECTION 4. 125.69 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
10	125.69 (1) (a) 3. A restaurant that holds a permit under s. 125.535 may hold
11	a "Class A" license.
12	SECTION 5. 125.69 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	125.69 (1) (b) 1. Except as provided under subds. 2. to 4.5., no intoxicating
14	liquor manufacturer, rectifier or wholesaler may hold any direct or indirect interest
15	in any "Class B" license or permit or establishment or "Class C" license or
16	establishment and no "Class B" licensee or permittee or "Class C" licensee may hold
17	any direct or indirect interest in a wholesale permit or establishment.
18	<b>SECTION 6.</b> 125.69 (1) (b) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
19	125.69 (1) (b) 5. A restaurant that holds a permit under s. 125.535 may hold
20	a "Class B" license or permit or a "Class C" license.
21	(END)
	d-note
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### STATE OF WISCONSIN – LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

P
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Senator Rosenzweig:
91 This draft as allows the permittee
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to provide free 2-ounce +954c samples
to customers but does not top, limit
the number of samples that may be
provided (to an individual customer or to
provided (FD an intividual Customer on 10
all customers considered together).
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#### DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0656/1dn PEN:cmh:jf

December 16, 1998

#### Senator Rosenzweig:

This draft allows the permittee to provide free 2—ounce taste samples to customers, but does not limit the number of samples that may be provided (to an individual customer or to all customers considered together).

Paul E. Nilsen Legislative Attorney 261–6926

## SUBMITTAL FORM

# LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

<b>Date:</b> 12/16/98	To: Senator Rosenzweig
	Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-0656
Topic Wine-on-premises permit	
Subject(s) Beverages - miscellaneous  1. JACKET the draft for introduction in the Senate \( \sqrt{\sqrt{c}} \) or the Assembly \( \sqrt{\sqrt{c}} \) (check of	only one). Only the requester under whose name the
drafting request is entered in the LRB's drafting re	ecords may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please
allow one day for the preparation of the required c	opies.
2. <b>REDRAFT.</b> See the changes indicated or attached	d
A revised draft will be submitted for your approva	l with changes incorporated.
3. Obtain FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW, prior to intr	roduction
If the analysis indicates that a fiscal estimate is req	quired because the proposal makes an appropriation or
increases or decreases existing appropriations or st	tate or general local government fiscal liability or
revenues, you have the option to request the fiscal	estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to
introduce the proposal without the fiscal estimate,	the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon
introduction. It takes about 10 days to obtain a fisc	cal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to
introduction retains your flexibility for possible re-	drafting of the proposal.
If you have any questions regarding the above proceed	dures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions
relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call n	ne.

Paul E. Nilsen, Legislative Attorney Telephone: (608) 261-6926