

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: **02/15/99**

Received By: **nilsepe**

Wanted: **As time permits**

Identical to LRB:

For: **Gary George (608) 266-2500**

By/Representing:

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**

Drafter: **nilsepe**

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject: **Environment - miscellaneous**

Extra Copies:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Create office of public intervenor

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

<u>Vers.</u>	<u>Drafted</u>	<u>Reviewed</u>	<u>Typed</u>	<u>Proofed</u>	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>
/?	nilsepe 02/15/99	ygeller 02/15/99		_____			State
/1			jfrantze 02/15/99	_____	lrb_docadmin 02/15/99	lrb_docadmin 02/15/99	

FE Sent For:

3/4/99

<END>

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1?	nilsepe	1 2/15 JG	2/15	2/15			

Jacket
 1 for
 SENATE
 - PLW

FE Sent For:

<END>

D-note

1999 BILL

-2211/1 stays

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1 AN ACT to amend 814.245 (2) (d), and to create 18.13 (4g), 165.07, 165.075 and
 2 165.076 of the statutes; relating to: creating an office of public intervenor in
 3 the department of justice and making an appropriation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill recreates an office of public intervenor attached to the department of justice (DOJ), with the same duties and authority that existed prior to 1995 Wisconsin Act 27 (the executive biennial budget act). That act transferred the office of public intervenor from DOJ to the department of natural resources (DNR), eliminated the public intervenor's authority to formally commence or intervene in lawsuits, and substituted an eight-member board (consisting of four members nominated by the governor and approved by the senate and four members each appointed by the majority and minority leaders of the senate and assembly) for the seven to nine-member advisory committee (consisting of members appointed by the attorney general). The office of public intervenor and its board were eliminated by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27 (the biennial budget act).

The bill requires the attorney general to appoint an assistant attorney general to serve as the public intervenor. The bill authorizes the public intervenor to do all of the following:

- 1) Formally commence or intervene in proceedings before any court whenever such intervention is necessary to protect the public rights in water and other natural resources of this state, and requires the public intervenor to intervene in such matters when requested to do so by a division administrator in DNR.

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2) Act as an interested party in actions in which he or she intervenes, with full power to present evidence, subpoena witnesses, cross-examine witnesses file briefs and do any other acts appropriate for a party to the proceedings.

3) Appeal administrative rulings to the courts.

The bill requires DNR personnel to notify the public intervenor of all administrative proceedings under the environmental protection chapters and to make such investigations, studies and reports to assist the public intervenor either before or during such formal intervention.

The bill also requires the attorney general to appoint a public intervenor advisory council consisting of seven to nine members who have a background in or demonstrated experience or records relating to environmental protection or natural resource conservation. In addition, at least one member must have working knowledge of business and at least one member must have knowledge of agriculture. The advisory committee must hold open, publicized meetings and must advise the public intervenor consistent with his or her duties.

The bill requires DNR to transfer to DOJ all assets, liabilities and tangible personal property, including records, of the public intervenor that were transferred from DOJ to DNR by 1995 Wisconsin Act 27.

The bill authorizes two attorney positions in DOJ and appropriates \$482,800 to DOJ for the 1999–2001 fiscal biennium for the purposes of the public intervenor.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1 **SECTION 1.** 18.13 (4g) of the statutes is created to read:

2 **18.13 (4g) PUBLIC INTERVENOR.** Notwithstanding s. 165.075, the public
3 intervenor does not have authority to initiate any action or proceeding concerning
4 the issuance of obligations by the building commission under this chapter.

5 **SECTION 2.** 165.07 of the statutes is created to read:

6 **165.07 Assistant attorney general — public intervenor.** (1) The attorney
7 general shall designate an assistant attorney general on the attorney general's staff
8 as public intervenor. Written notices of all proceedings under chs. 30, 31, 281 to 285
9 and 289 to 299, except s. 281.48, shall be given to the public intervenor and to the
10 administrators of divisions primarily assigned the departmental functions under

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1 chs. 29, 281, 285 and 289 to 299, except s. 281.48, by the agency head responsible for
2 such proceedings. A copy of such notice shall also be given to the natural areas
3 preservation council.

4 (2) The public intervenor shall formally intervene in proceedings described in
5 sub. (1) when requested to do so by an administrator of a division primarily assigned
6 the departmental functions under chs. 29, 281, 285 or 289 to 299, except s. 281.48.
7 The public intervenor may, on the public intervenor's own initiative or upon request
8 of any committee of the legislature, formally intervene in all proceedings described
9 in sub. (1) whenever such intervention is needed for the protection of "public rights"
10 in water and other natural resources, as provided in chs. 30 and 31 and defined by
11 the supreme court.

12 (3) Personnel of the department of natural resources shall, upon the request
13 of the public intervenor, make such investigations, studies and reports as the public
14 intervenor may request in connection with proceedings described in sub. (1), either
15 before or after formal intervention. Personnel of state agencies shall at the public
16 intervenor's request provide information, serve as witnesses in proceedings
17 described in sub. (1) and otherwise cooperate in the carrying out of the public
18 intervenor's intervention functions. Formal intervention shall be by filing a
19 statement to that effect with the examiner or other person immediately in charge of
20 the proceeding. Thereupon the public intervenor shall be considered a party in
21 interest with full power to present evidence, subpoena and cross-examine witnesses,
22 submit proof, file briefs or do any other acts appropriate for a party to the
23 proceedings.

24 (4) The public intervenor may appeal from administrative rulings to the courts.
25 In all administrative proceedings and judicial review proceedings the public

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1 intervenor shall be identified as “public intervenor”. This section does not preclude
2 or prevent any division of the department of natural resources, or any other
3 department or independent agency, from appearing by its staff as a party in such
4 proceedings.

5 **SECTION 3.** 165.075 of the statutes is created to read:

6 **165.075 Assistant attorney general; public intervenor; authority.** In
7 carrying out his or her duty to protect public rights in water and other natural
8 resources, the public intervenor has the authority to initiate actions and proceedings
9 before any agency or court in order to raise issues, including issues concerning
10 constitutionality, present evidence and testimony and make arguments.

11 **SECTION 4.** 165.076 of the statutes is created to read:

12 **165.076 Assistant attorney general; public intervenor; advisory**
13 **committee.** The attorney general shall appoint a public intervenor advisory
14 committee under s. 15.04 (1) (c). The public intervenor advisory committee shall
15 consist of not less than 7 nor more than 9 members. The members shall have
16 backgrounds in or demonstrated experience or records relating to environmental
17 protection or natural resource conservation. At least one of the members shall have
18 working knowledge in business. At least one of the members shall have working
19 knowledge in agriculture. The public intervenor advisory committee shall advise the
20 public intervenor consistent with his or her duty to protect public rights in water and
21 other natural resources. The public intervenor advisory committee shall conduct
22 meetings consistent with subch. V of ch. 19 and shall permit public participation and
23 public comment on public intervenor activities.

24 **SECTION 5.** 814.245 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1 814.245 (2) (d) “State agency” does not include the public intervenor or citizens
2 utility board.

3 **SECTION 6. Nonstatutory provisions.**

4 (1) TRANSFER OF PUBLIC INTERVENOR PERSONNEL AND EFFECTS.

5 (a) *Assets and liabilities.* On the effective date of this paragraph, the assets and
6 liabilities of the department of natural resources that on October 1, 1997, were
7 primarily related to the functions of the public intervenor, as determined by the
8 secretary of administration, shall become the assets and liabilities of the department
9 of justice.

10 (b) *Tangible personal property.* On the effective date of this paragraph, all
11 tangible personal property, including records, of the department of natural resources
12 that on October 1, 1997, was primarily related to the functions of the public
13 intervenor, as determined by the secretary of administration, is transferred to the
14 department of justice.

15 (c) *Contracts.* All contracts entered into by the department of natural resources
16 in effect on the effective date of this paragraph that are primarily related to the
17 functions of the public intervenor, as determined by the secretary of administration,
18 remain in effect and are transferred to the department of justice. The department
19 of justice shall carry out any such contractual obligations unless modified or
20 rescinded by the department of justice to the extent allowed under the contract.

21 (d) *Rules and orders.* All rules promulgated by the department of natural
22 resources in effect on the effective date of this paragraph that are primarily related
23 to the functions of the public intervenor, as determined by the secretary of
24 administration, remain in effect until their specified expiration dates or until
25 amended or repealed by the department of justice. All orders issued by the

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1 department of natural resources in effect on the effective date of this paragraph that
2 are primarily related to the functions of the public intervenor, as determined by the
3 secretary of administration, remain in effect until their specified expiration dates or
4 until modified or rescinded by the department of justice.

5 (e) *Pending matters.* Any matter pending with the department of natural
6 resources on the effective date of this paragraph that is primarily related to the
7 functions of the public intervenor, as determined by the secretary of administration,
8 is transferred to the department of justice and all materials submitted to or actions
9 taken by the department of natural resources with respect to the pending matter are
10 considered as having been submitted to or taken by the department of justice.

SECTION 7. Appropriation changes.

11
12 (1) DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. In the schedule under section 20.005 (3) of the
13 statutes for the appropriation to the department of justice under section 20.455 (1)
14 (a) of the statutes, as affected by the acts of 1999, the dollar amount is increased by
15 \$241,400 for fiscal year 1999–00 and the dollar amount is increased by \$241,400 for
16 fiscal year 2000–01 to increase the authorized FTE positions for the department by
17 2.0 GPR attorney positions on the effective date of this subsection for the purposes
18 of the public intervenor.

SECTION 8. Effective date.

19
20 (1) This act takes effect on July 1, 1999, or on the day after publication,
21 whichever is later.

22 (END)

**DRAFTER'S NOTE
FROM THE
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU**

January 4, 1999 ^{new} date

LRB-1000/1dm
PEN:alg:if

stays

-2211/1dm

Senator George:

~~Representative Black:~~

This draft recreates the office of public intervenor that existed prior to 1995 Wisconsin Act 27, which transferred the public intervenor from DOJ to DNR. 1997 Wisconsin Act 27 entirely eliminated the office. The draft recreates the public intervenor advisory committee, rather than the board that directed the public intervenor while attached to DNR. ~~The draft creates and funds only 1.0 FTE GPR attorney position (the office employed 2 attorneys prior to the transfer to DNR) for only fiscal year 1999-2000, and transfers the individual attorney who served as public intervenor in DNR to DOJ to serve as public intervenor.~~

Paul E. Nilsen
Legislative Attorney
261-6926



DRAFTER'S NOTE
FROM THE
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1000/2dn
PEN:jlg:km

January 12, 1999

D-note
cont.

~~Representative Black:~~

This draft differs from LRB-1000/1 in the following ways:

- 1) ~~It~~ authorizes 2.0 FTE GPR attorney positions in the department of justice, instead of 1.0 FTE GPR attorney position.
- 2) ~~It~~ appropriates \$482,800 GPR for the 1999-2001 biennium for the 2 attorneys, instead of \$120,700 for fiscal year 1999 for one attorney.
- 3) ~~It eliminates language transferring~~ 1.0 FTE GPR attorney position and a specific attorney from the department of natural resources to the department of justice.

Does not
= transfer

Paul E. Nilsen
Legislative Attorney
261-6926

DRAFTER'S NOTE
FROM THE
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2211/1dn
PEN:jl:gjf

February 15, 1999

Senator George:

This draft recreates the office of public intervenor that existed prior to 1995 Wisconsin Act 27, which transferred the public intervenor from DOJ to DNR. 1997 Wisconsin Act 27 entirely eliminated the office. The draft recreates the public intervenor advisory committee, rather than the board that directed the public intervenor while attached to DNR.

This draft :

- 1) Authorizes 2.0 FTE GPR attorney positions in the department of justice, instead of 1.0 FTE GPR attorney position.
- 2) Appropriates \$482,800 GPR for the 1999-2001 biennium for the 2 attorneys, instead of \$120,700 for fiscal year 1999 for one attorney.
- 3) Does not transfer 1.0 FTE GPR attorney position and a specific attorney from the department of natural resources to the department of justice.

Paul E. Nilsen
Legislative Attorney
261-6926