1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/18/98

Received By: kenneda

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Judy Robson

By/Representing: Aide

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: kenneda

May Contact: Maureen Cassidy 221-8866

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

Health - emergency med services

Extra Copies:

TAY

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Use of automated external defibrillators

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting	History:

Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed Required
/P1	kenneda 02/18/99	wjackson 02/18/99	lpaasch 02/18/99		lrb_docadmin 02/18/99	lrb_docadminS&L 03/16/99
/1	kenneda 03/16/99	wjackson 03/16/99	lpaasch 03/16/99		lrb_docadmin 03/16/99	lrb_docadminS&L 03/17/99

FE Sent For: 03/18/99.

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/18/98	Received By: kenneda
--------------------	----------------------

Wanted: As time permits Identical to LRB:

For: Judy Robson By/Representing: Aide

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **kenneda**

May Contact: Maureen Cassidy 221-8866 Alt. Drafters:

Subject: Health - emergency med services Extra Copies: TAY

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Use of automated external defibrillators

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>
/P1	kenneda 02/18/99	wjackson 02/18/99	lpaasch 02/18/99		lrb_docadmin 02/18/99	l rb_docadmin S&L 03/16/99
/1	kenneda 03/16/99	wjackson 03/16/99	lpaasch 03/16/99		lrb_docadmin 03/16/99	lrb_docadminS&L 03/17/99

FE Sent For: 3/18/99

in the second

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/18/98				Received By: kenneda Identical to LRB:				
Wanted: As time permits								
For: Jud	dy Robson				By/Representing: Aide			
This file	e may be show	n to any legisla	tor: NO		Drafter: kenneda Alt. Drafters:			
May Co	ontact: Maure	een Cassidy 22	1-8866					
Subject	Subject: Health - emergency med services				Extra Copies:	TAY		
Pre To	pic:				·			
No spec	eific pre topic g	given						
Topic:								
Use of a	automated exte	rnal defibrillato	ors					
Instruc	etions:				·			
See Atta	ached							
Draftin	ng History:							
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/P1	kenneda 02/18/99	wjackson 02/18/99	lpaasch 02/18/99		lrb_docadmin 02/18/99	03/14/00 hb_daadd	S&L	
/1	kenneda 03/16/99	wjackson 03/16/99	lpaasch 03/16/99		lrb_docadmin 03/16/99		S&L	

FE Sent For:

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/18/98 Received By: kenneda

Wanted: As time permits Identical to LRB:

For: Judy Robson By/Representing: Aide

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **kenneda**

May Contact: Maureen Cassidy 221-8866 Alt. Drafters:

Subject: Health - emergency med services Extra Copies: TAY

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Use of automated external defibrillators

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

Vers. Drafted Reviewed Typed Proofed Submitted Jacketed Required

/P1 kenneda wjackson lpaasch _____ lrb_docadmin S&L 02/18/99 02/18/99 02/18/99 ____ 02/18/99

/I WLJ 3/16 3-16L.P. 3-16L.P. KM

For: Km <END>

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/18/98 Received By: kenneda

Wanted: As time permits Identical to LRB:

For: Judy Robson By/Representing: Aide

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **kenneda**

May Contact: Maureen Cassidy 221-8866 Alt. Drafters:

Subject: Health - emergency med services Extra Copies: TAY

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Use of automated external defibrillators

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

Vers. <u>Drafted Reviewed Typed Proofed Submitted Jacketed Required</u>

/? kenneda 2-18 1-18

FE Sent For:

Model Public Access Defibrillation Legislation

House Act No	Senate Act No
Section	e <state> Code Annotated, Title and Chapter r the use of automated external defibrillators</state>
	E IT ENACTED L ASSEMBLY OF THIS STATE:
SECTION 1. State Code Annotate amended by adding new sections designated part.	ed, Section Title and Chapter is 2 through 4 as a new, appropriately
defibrillator may be used for the p	Legislature that an automated external urpose of saving the life of another person in dance with provisions of Section 4.
SECTION 3. As used in this ACT, external defibrillator.	"AED" or "defibrillator" means an automated
AED use, or an equivalent natiuse. (B) the defibrillator is maintained a operational guidelines. (C) there is involvement of licensed program to ensure compliance maintenance. (D) any person who renders emergarrest by using an AED activate soon as possible, and reports a physician or medical authority. (2) Any person or entity who acquishall notify an agent of the emerganic shall not shall n	
	otated Section Title and Chapter location g language as new subsections (a), (b), (c),

- (a) Any person or entity, who in good faith and without compensation, renders emergency care or treatment by the use of an AED shall be immune from civil liability for any personal injury as a result of such care or treatment, or as a result of any act or failure to act in providing or arranging further medical treatment, where the person acts as an ordinary, reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances.
- (b) The immunity from civil liability for any personal injury under (a) of this subsection includes the licensed physician or medical authority who is involved with AED site placement, the person or entity who provides the CPR and AED site placement, the person or entity who provides the CPR and AED training, and the person or entity responsible for the site where the AED is located. This immunity applies if the requirements of Section 4 are fulfilled.
- (c) The immunity from civil liability under (a) of this subsection does not apply if the personal injury results from the gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the person rendering such emergency care.
- (d) The requirements of Section 4 shall not apply to any individual using an AED in an emergency setting if that individual is acting as a good Samaritan under State Code ____.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, the public welfare requiring it.

resulting from use of the semiautomatic defibillator

From Pote Section 3

Revisions to AHA Model AED Legislation (12/15/98)

Combine current defibrillator definitions for automatic and semi-automatic to parallel the AHA definition (this will allow the statutes to reflect the most current technology).

Section 4

- (1)(a) Delete "the American Heart Association or by another nationally recognized course in CPR and AED use." Insert "a course approved by administrative rule by the department (DHFS).
- (c) Delete "involvement of" and insert "medical direction from"; delete "or medical authority of"
- (2) Delete and revise as follows: "Any person or entity who acquires an AED shall notify an agent of the local EMS agency responsible for emergency response to the location."

Add a section to state that re-certification in a CPR/AED course (approved by the department) is required every two years.

Section 5

- (a) Delete this section. Add AED use to the current WI Good Samaritan law.
- (b) After "negligence" insert "resulting from use of an AED"

Questions for Maureen Cassidas:
Do not draft intent Statements
uniont definitions for automatic and semi-automatic
to parallel the AHA definition"
a what is the "AHA definition"? That in the
model ligislation?
De it is the def. in the model legislation, the definition is meaningless, since we
the definition is meaningless, since we
aon tuse account
(AED means automated etternal defibrilator)
(he def. of Semi-automentic)
(t 146. 50 (100) 3
at 146.50 (6g)?
(One way to ensure training und be to prohibit use unless certified)
use unites certified)
Ja most for out form
at when
(3) What does "clinical use" in SEC 4 (1) (D) mean?
(7)
4) Lustructions say "re-certification in a CPR/AED
course approved by the department is required
every 2 years - do they wear recentification
under 5.146.50 (69)?
in the les
(on the general let work is in the)
(No is we all Ditt out



1

2

3

State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 **LEGISLATURE**

LRB-1383/P1

...:...

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

Gen Cat

AN ACT ./.; relating to: limitations on and requirements for use of semiautomatic defibrillators by individuals other than emergency medical technicians and first responders – defibrillation and providing civil immunity for the use.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, the department of health and family services (DHFS) certifies emergency medical technicians and first responders - defibrillation to perform defibrillation (administering an electrical impulse to an individual's heart to stop a disturbance in its normal rhythm) by use of automatic, semiautomatic or manual defibrillators. Standards for the certification are prescribed by DHFS by rule. In addition, emergency medical technicians and persons who have completed requirements for certification as first responders – defibrillation by DHFS are authorized to use automatic or semiautomatic defibrillators under limitations prescribed by DHFS by rule. A county, city, town, village or hospital, or a combination of any of these, or an ambulance service provider, under a plan approved by DHFS, may conduct an emergency medical services program that uses emergency medical technicians – paramedics for the delivery of emergency medical care to sick, disabled or injured individuals at the scene of an emergency and during transport to a hospital.

This bill requires a person who is not an ambulance service provider, emergency medical technician or first responder - defibrillation but who possesses a semiautomatic defibrillator to ensure all of the following:

1. That individuals who are not emergency medical technicians or first responders - defibrillation but who could reasonably be expected to use the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

semiautomatic defibrillator to provide emergency care and treatment to a person who appears to be in cardiac arrest receive training in the use every 24 months under a course that DHFS approves under standards prescribed by rule.

- 2. That the defibrillator is maintained and tested under the manufacturer's guidelines.
- 3. That a physician provides overall medical direction with respect to training and defibrillator maintenance requirements.
- 4. That any individual who renders emergency care or treatment by using the defibrillator on a person who appears to be in cardiac arrest contacts the nearest emergency services program as soon as possible and reports the use to the physician who provides overall medical direction.

In addition, the bill requires that the person who possesses a semiautomatic defibrillator notify the nearest emergency medical services program of the defibrillator's location and type.

The bill authorizes a person, other than an emergency medical technician or first responder – defibrillation, to operate a semiautomatic defibrillator in rendering emergency care or treatment to a person who appears to be in cardiac arrest and immunifies from civil liability such a person, the physician who provides overall medical direction, the possessor of the semiautomatic defibrillator, the training provider and the person who owns or manages the premises on which the defibrillator is located. The immunity does not extend to acts or omissions that constitute gross negligence or wanton or intentional misconduct.

For further information see the **state** and **local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 146.50 (8g) of the statutes is created to read:

146.50 (8g) Special use of semiautomatic defibrillators. (a) In this subsection:

- 1. "Cardiac arrest" means the sudden cessation of cardiac function and the disappearance of arterial blood pressure that connote ventricular fibrillation or pulseless ventricular tachycardia.
- 2. "Pulseless ventricular tachycardia" means a disturbance in the normal rhythm of the heart that is characterized by rapid electrical activity of the heart with no cardiac output.

1	(b) A person other than an ambulance service provider, emergency medical
2	technician or a first responder - defibrillation who possesses a semiautomatic
3	defibrillator shall ensure all of the following concerning the defibrillator:
4	1. That an individual who is not an emergency medical technician or a first
5	responder - defibrillation but who could reasonably be expected to use the
6	semiautomatic defibrillator in rendering emergency care or treatment to a person
7	who appears to be in cardiac arrest receives training in the use every 24 months
8	under a course that is approved by the department under par. (e).
9	2. That the semiautomatic defibrillator is maintained and tested in accordance
10	with any operational guidelines of the manufacturer.
11	3. That a physician provides any individual or entity specified in par. (b) (intro.)
12	with overall medical direction with respect to training and defibrillator maintenance
13	requirements.
14	4. That any individual specified in subd. 1. who renders emergency care or
15	treatment by using the semiautomatic defibrillator on an individual who appears to
16	be in cardiac arrest contacts the nearest emergency medical services program under
17	s. 146.55 (2) as soon as possible after the use and reports the use to the physician
18	specified under subd. 3.
19	(c) A person who possesses a semiautomatic defibrillator shall notify the
20	nearest emergency medical services program under s. $146.55(2)$ of the defibrillator's
21	location and type.
22	(d) Notwithstanding subs. (6g) (b) and (8) (e), an individual who meets the
23	requirements of par. (b) 1. may under the limitations of this subsection operate a

semiautomatic defibrillator that meets the requirements of par. (b) 2.

24

1	(e) The department shall review training courses for the use of a semiautomatic
2	defibrillator and may approve those training courses that satisfy standards for
3	approval that are specified by the department by rule.
4	SECTION 2. 146.50 (13) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	146.50 (13) (b) The department shall promulgate rules under subs. (e) (8)
6	(b), (c) and (e) and (8m).
7	History: 1973 c. 321; 1975 c. 39 ss. 645 to 647d, 732 (2); 1975 c. 224; 1977 c. 29, 167; 1979 c. 321; 1981 c. 73, 380; 1981 c. 391 s. 211; 1983 a. 189; 1985 a. 120, 135; 1987 a. 70, 399; 1989 a. 31; 1989 a. 102 ss. 20, 21, 36 to 59; 1991 a. 39, 238; 1993 a. 27, 29, 105, 183, 251, 399; 1997 a. 79, 191, 237. SECTION 3. 895.48 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
8	895.48 (4) (a) Any of the following who meets the applicable requirements of
9	s. 146.50 (8g) and who acts within the applicable limitations of s. 146.50 (8g) is
10	immune from civil liability for the acts or omissions of an individual who renders
11	emergency care by use of a semiautomatic defibrillator under s. 146.50 (8g) to an
12	individual who appears to be in cardiac arrest:
13	1. The individual who renders the care.
14	2. The physician specified in s. 146.50 (8g) (b) 3.
15	3. The person who possesses the semiautomatic defibrillator, as specified in s .
16	146.50 (8g) (b) (intro.).
17	4. The provider of training required under s. 146.50 (8g) (b) 1.
18	5. The person who owns or manages the premises on which the semiautomatic
19	defibrillator is located.
20	(b) The immunity specified in par. (a) does not extend to a person whose act or
21	omission resulting from the use of the semiautomatic defibrillator constitutes gross
22	negligence or involves wanton or intentional misconduct.
23	imply (c) The provisions of this subsection may not be construed to infinitely that an
24	individual to whom s. 146.50 (8g) does not apply and who, in good faith, renders

- 1 emergency care by use of a semiautomatic defibrillator is ineligible for immunity
- 2 from civil liability under sub. (1).

3

(END)

D-NOTE)

LRB-1383/P1dn

......

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

To Senator Robson:

I am providing you this bill in preliminary form, because the drafted version differs in several ways from the material proposed and because certain questions remain for resolution. The following are issues that arose in the course of drafting:

- 1. In essence, the civil immunity provided in the draft to persons who use semiautomatic defibrillators rests on completion by those persons of training. The training, in turn, must be under a course that is approved by the department of health and family services (DHFS) as satisfying standards specified by DHFS by rule. Thus, the immunity cannot apply until DHFS has promulgated rules that establish the standards and the person has taken training that satisfies those standards. Therefore, it seems best that the draft have a delayed effective date to give DHFS time to promulgate the rules. I would recommend January 1 or April 1, 2000. You might also wish to require DHFS to submit proposed rules to the Legislative Council by a date that is several months before the effective date, to ensure that the rules are promulgated by the effective date. Lastly, you may wish to provide DHFS with emergency rule—making powers without the necessity of making a finding of emergency, to promulgate emergency rules prior to the permanent rules.
- 2. I did not draft the statement of legislative intent proposed. It is LRB policy not to draft such statements other than to sustain a possibly—unconstitutional provision or for recodification bills, neither of which circumstance is presented in this draft.
- 3. I substituted "person" for the term "person or entity" proposed, s. 146.50 (8g) (b) (intro.) and (c); the definition of "person" in s. 990.01 (26), stats., which applies, is broad enough to cover "entity". I also substituted "possesses" for "acquires" in ss. 146.50 (8g) (b) (intro.) and (c) and 895.48 (4) (a) 3. so as to avoid the interest that the bill only applies to persons who obtain semiautomatic defibrillators after the bill's enactment; I have presumed that you wanted the bill to apply to any person who has a semiautomatic defibrillator at the time that the bill is enacted. Lastly, I substituted "person who appears to be in cardiac arrest" for "person who is in cardiac arrest" to avoid the interest that the person using the defibrillator was making a medical diagnosis (which might constitute the unauthorized practice of medicine). Are these substitutions acceptable?
- 4. I am uncertain if I've captured your intent with respect to s. 146.50 (8g) (b) 3. The language proposed was "There is medical direction from a licensed physician to the

...:...

site's program to ensure compliance with requirements for training, notification and maintenance I I was unsure what a "site", its "program" and "notification" all related to because they had no antecedents. Please carefully review the drafted language. (It is unnecessary to use "licensed" with respect to "physician", because the term is so defined in s. 146.50(1)(m), stats.) I think it odd that a physician would provide medical direction with respect to maintenance requirements, and, with respect to training, the training standards are prescribed by rule and the possessor of the defibrillator is required to ensure that the training is conducted; therefore, I'm not sure that this provision has any utility or makes sense.

5. Please carefully review s. 895.48 (4). The proposed language for the civil immunity provisions contained several problems, which I have tried to correct. The instructions were to delete the first of four proposed provisions concerning the immunity and "add (defibrillator) use to the current WI Good Samaritan law". Current law, at s. 895.48 (1), stats., provides immunity from civil liability for acts or omissions in good faith in rendering emergency care; the exception to the immunity is for health care employes or professionals who render the care for compensation, within the scope of their usual and customary employment or practice at a hospital, accident scene, enroute to a hospital or at a physician's office. In contrast, the proposed exception to the immunity in the bill is "if the personal injury results from the gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the person rendering such emergency care". The difficulty lies in the fact that these terms conflict with and overlap each other to some extent. Thus, would a person who acts in good faith but who is grossly negligent or acts with wanton misconduct be liable? Would a person who is not acting in good faith but is not negligent be liable? After considering the issue, I deleted "good faith" from s. 895.48 (4) (a). The provision, then, mirrors the treatment in s. 895.482, stats. An alternative would be to retain "good faith" and "willful misconduct" but to delete "gross negligence" and "wanton misconduct". Please let me know if you prefer the alternative.

6. For s. 895.48 (4) (a) 5., the language proposed the person or entity responsible for the site where the (defibrillator) is located") is vague. Please review my alternative. brackets

I will be happy to meet with you or provide any other assistance for this draft.

Debora A. Kennedy Managing Attorney Phone: (608) 266-0137

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1383/P1dn DAK:wlj:lp

February 18, 1999

To Senator Robson:

I am providing you this bill in preliminary form, because the drafted version differs in several ways from the material proposed and because certain questions remain for resolution. The following are issues that arose in the course of drafting:

- 1. In essence, the civil immunity provided in the draft to persons who use semiautomatic defibrillators rests on completion of training by those persons. The training, in turn, must be under a course that is approved by the department of health and family services (DHFS) as satisfying standards specified by DHFS by rule. Thus, the immunity cannot apply until DHFS has promulgated rules that establish the standards and the person has taken training that satisfies those standards. Therefore, it seems best that the draft have a delayed effective date to give DHFS time to promulgate the rules. I would recommend January 1 or April 1, 2000. You might also wish to require DHFS to submit proposed rules to the Legislative Council by a date that is several months before the effective date, to ensure that the rules are promulgated by the effective date. Lastly, you may wish to provide DHFS with emergency rule—making powers without the necessity of making a finding of emergency, to promulgate emergency rules prior to the permanent rules.
- 2. I did not draft the statement of legislative intent proposed. It is LRB policy not to draft such statements other than to sustain a possibly–unconstitutional provision or for recodification bills, neither of which circumstance is presented in this draft.
- 3. I substituted "person" for the term "person or entity" proposed, s. 146.50 (8g) (b) (intro.) and (c); the definition of "person" in s. 990.01 (26), stats., which applies, is broad enough to cover "entity". I also substituted "possesses" for "acquires" in ss. 146.50 (8g) (b) (intro.) and (c) and 895.48 (4) (a) 3. so as to avoid the implication that the bill only applies to persons who obtain semiautomatic defibrillators after the bill's enactment; I have presumed that you wanted the bill to apply to any person who has a semiautomatic defibrillator at the time that the bill is enacted. Lastly, I substituted "person who appears to be in cardiac arrest" for "person who is in cardiac arrest" to avoid the implication that the person using the defibrillator was making a medical diagnosis (which might constitute the unauthorized practice of medicine). Are these substitutions acceptable?
- 4. I am uncertain if I've captured your intent with respect to s. 146.50 (8g) (b) 3. The language proposed was "There is medical direction from a licensed physician to the

site's program to ensure compliance with requirements for training, notification and maintenance". I was unsure what a "site", its "program" and "notification" all related to because they had no antecedents. Please carefully review the drafted language. (It is unnecessary to use "licensed" with respect to "physician", because the term is so defined in s. 146.50(1)(m), stats.) I think it odd that a physician would provide medical direction with respect to maintenance requirements, and, with respect to training, the training standards are prescribed by rule and the possessor of the defibrillator is required to ensure that the training is conducted; therefore, I'm not sure that this provision has any utility or makes sense.

- 5. Please carefully review s. 895.48 (4). The proposed language for the civil immunity provisions contained several problems, which I have tried to correct. The instructions were to delete the first of four proposed provisions concerning the immunity and "add [defibrillator] use to the current WI Good Samaritan law". Current law, at s. 895.48 (1), stats., provides immunity from civil liability for acts or omissions in good faith in rendering emergency care; the exception to the immunity is for health care employes or professionals who render the care for compensation, within the scope of their usual and customary employment or practice at a hospital, accident scene, enroute to a hospital or at a physician's office. In contrast, the proposed exception to the immunity in the bill is "if the personal injury results from the gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the person rendering such emergency care". The difficulty lies in the fact that these terms conflict with and overlap each other to some extent. Thus, would a person who acts in good faith but who is grossly negligent or acts with wanton misconduct be liable? Would a person who is not acting in good faith but is not negligent be liable? After considering the issue, I deleted "good faith" from s. 895.48 (4) (a). The provision, then, mirrors the treatment in s. 895.482, stats. An alternative would be to retain "good faith" and "willful misconduct" but to delete "gross negligence" and "wanton misconduct". Please let me know if you prefer the alternative.
- 6. For s. 895.48 (4) (a) 5., the language proposed ("the person or entity responsible for the site where the [defibrillator] is located") is vague. Please review my alternative.

I will be happy to meet with you or provide any other assistance for this draft.

Debora A. Kennedy Managing Attorney Phone: (608) 266–0137

Receive 9 3/9/99 D. A.K.

AED Preliminary Draft Recommended Changes 3/3/99

Question #1

<u>Recommendation</u>: The department has indicated that rules are not necessary to approve this curriculum. Therefore, delete all references to rule-making for the department. Law should be effective upon being published.

- Page 3, line 11, after "department", delete "under par. (e).
 Page 4, line 6, after "department", insert "." and delete "by rule"
 Page 4, delete lines 7-9.
- Page 4, insert "this bill becomes effective upon enactment and publication of the law." (or something to that effect) ?? Where?? No; www.ceasary
- Question #2 ok as presented
- Question #3 ok as presented

Ouestion #4

<u>Recommendation:</u> The intent was that the medical direction be provided for the training program, not for the individual user. As a result, all references to the physician medical director can be deleted, <u>except for</u> the reference to the training program (page 3, line 6 as revised below)

7 mil 10 c 2

Page 3, line 5, after "-defibrillation" delete through line 6, insert "may use an AED if they have received training in a course overseen by a physician medical director and approved by the department."

situation

Page 3, delete lines 7-21.

Note: The written notification of the presence of the AED, addresses the intent of creating a connection with the local EMS providers as to where AEDs are placed/present in a community.

Page 3, line 22, after "shall", delete "notify" and insert "provide written notification to" Page 3, line 23, after "s.146.55(2)", insert "." and delete through line 24.

Under 146.50 (8g), create a definition for notification such that:
"written notification shall include the following information: the location of the
defibrillator on premises; the intended usage area of the defibrillator and the type of
defibrillator."
Not were to do definition—added to 146.50 (8g)(c)

Question #5 and #6

Recommendation: The intent is to provide Good Samaritan protection for those who use and provide AEDs. Therefore, the immunity language can be simplified tremendously by modifying the current Good Samaritan statute as follows:

s. 895.48 (1) is amended as follows:

"For purposes of this section, 'emergency care or treatment' includes providing emergency medical care or treatment by using or providing an AED." — I don't think the emergency medical care or treatment by using or providing an AED." — I don't think the law and the first the second of the bill.

Page 4 and 5, delete Section 3 of the bill.

Other provisions/recommendations:

Page 3, line 10, after "training", delete "in the use every 24 months" — many be a problem

Also — using without thought the dull.)

DV

STATE OF WISCONSIN – LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

3/11/99 From Maurien Cassidy and Terry Hottensoth
0 0
(89) (6)
(89) (6)
2) Agreed unveressary to draft bill's eff. date
0
(3) Agreed to get limitation on rendering evergency
(au + to person who appears to be in cardiac arrest
Décided to keep regent in -1382/21 re maintenance + testing of défibriellator - put into requirement 3 person des possesses one
testing of defibrillator - put into requirement of
person also possesses one
B) Agreed to DAK language re notification, rather than definition.
their definition.
(b) Decided, w/ respect to Good Somaritan lumenty
to create 895.48(4) which immunizes use
and faith, except for gross neclicer in
god faith, ellept for gross negliger in
and the running health care proposional

STATE OF WISCONSIN – **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU** – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

-
Proheus w/ bill now
1. Current law authorizes defibriel use by certified persons (146.50 (69) + (86)
persons (146.50 (6g) + (86)
Suplication)
is that (The live notwick stands those promisions to
other outlone use Da semiautomatic defil.
unauthorized ((
who agrees to be in card: correct, if
trained under course approved by DHF'S
But
Comments.
Immun provision extends to any
use of a defib a person
could be not in complianow 176.50 (log), (8) (b)
and (Sq) (created in the hul) + yet
- totally immunified
() = (1) ((1) ((1) ((1) ((1) ((1) ((1) (
Negates reason por (6g) \$(8b) + (8g)
as they apply to
Volunteer first responders
Regnet so notify should except asp, ent, fr-d's

STATE OF WISCONSIN – **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU** – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

3/15/99 From Mauren Cassidy: Change 6 1)
3/15/99 From Mauren Cassidy: Change 6 0 3/11/99 decisions: Provide minarity only to persons
who have had training (plus person who provides dehit.)
3/15/99 From Maureen Cassidy:
1 Provide ununity to:
Individual who rendus care
Physic. who is med director
Person untra monides delis, to use
Person who provides defits. for use
Recuire acto un good haiter
Male exceptions to assessed + to headth
Make exceptions for gross us ligence + for health
care professional
-
•
·

TODAY orTUES. , if possible in ed 3/15

1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1333

qualified

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT to amend 146.50 (13) (b); and to create 146.50 (8g) and 895.48 (4) of the statutes; relating to: limitations on and requirements for use of semiautomatic defibrillators by individuals other than emergency medical technicians and first responders – defibrillation to providing civil immunity for the use.

Out required the department of watch and family Services to review training courses for the use

1

2

3

4

5

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, the department of health and family services (DHFS) certifies energency medical technicians and first responders to defibrillation to perform defibrillation (administering an electrical impulse to an individual's heart to stop a disturbance in its normal rhythm) by use of automatic, semiautomatic or manual defibrillators. Standards for the certification are prescribed by DHFS by rule. In addition, emergency medical technicians and persons who have completed requirements for certification as first responders — defibrillation by DHFS are authorized to use automatic or semiautomatic defibrillators under limitations prescribed by DHFS by rule. A county, city, town, village or hospital, or a combination of any of these, or an ambulance service provider, under a plan approved by DHFS, may conduct an emergency medical services program that uses emergency medical technicians — paramedics for the delivery of emergency medical care to sick, disabled or injured individuals at the scene of an emergency and during transport to a hospital.

This bill requires a person who is not an ambulance service provider, emergency medical technician or first responder – defibrillation but who possesses a semiautomatic defibrillator to ensure all of the following:

1. That individuals who are not emergency medical technicians or first responders – defibrillation but who could reasonably be expected to use the semiautomatic defibrillator to provide emergency care and treatment to a person who appears to be in cardiac arrest receive training in the use every 24 months under a course that DHFS approves under standards prescribed by rule.

That the defibrillator is maintained and tested under the manufacturer's

guidelines.

3. That a physician provides overall medical direction with respect to training and defibrillator maintenance requirements.

4. That any individual who renders emergency care or treatment by using the defibrillator on a person who appears to be in cardiac arrest contacts the nearest emergency services program as soon as possible and reports the use to the physician who provides overall medical direction.

In addition, the bill requires that the person who possesses a semiautomatic defibrillator notify the nearest emergency medical services program of the defibrillator's location and type.

The bill authorizes a person, other than an emergency medical technician or first responder defibrillation, to operate a semiautomatic defibrillator in rendering emergency care or treatment to a person who appears to be in cardiac arrest and immunifies from civil liability such a person, the physician who provides overall medical direction, the possessor of the semiautomatic defibrillator, the training provider and the person who owns or manages the premises on which the defibrillator is located. The immunity does not extend to acts or omissions that constitute gross negligence or wantercor intentional missonduct.

constitute gross negligence or wantercor intentional misconduct.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be

printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 146.50 (8g) of the statutes is created to read:

146.50 (8g) Special use of semiautomatic defibrillators. (a) In this

3 subsection:

MSERI

1

2

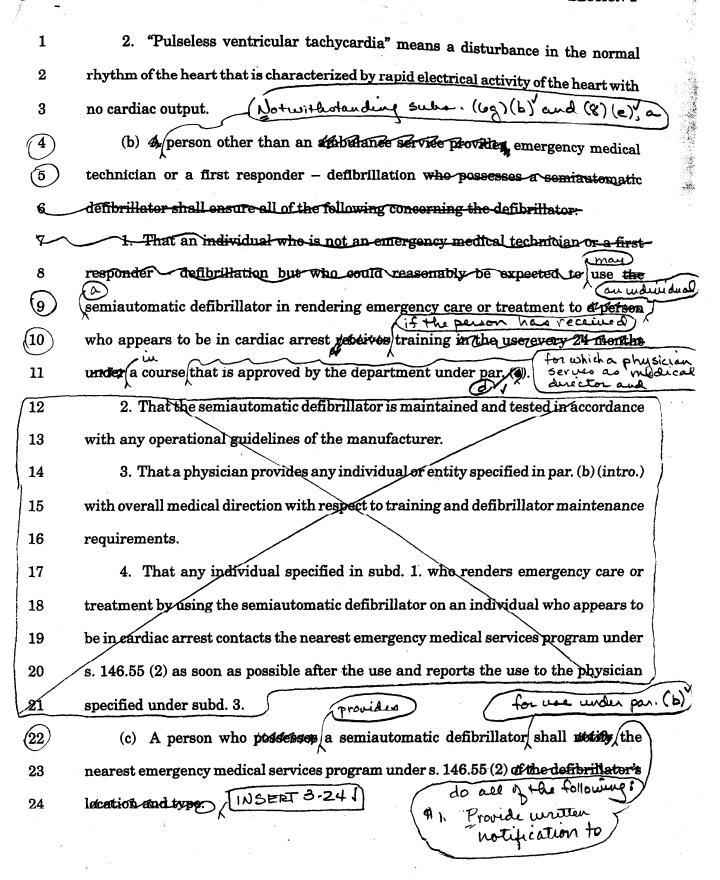
4

5

6

ANAL

1. "Cardiac arrest" means the sudden cessation of cardiac function and the disappearance of arterial blood pressure that connote ventricular fibrillation or pulseless ventricular tachycardia.



$\sqrt{1}$	(d) Notwithstanding subs. (6g) (b) and (8) (e), an individual who meets the					
2	requirements of par (b) 1. may under the limitations of this subsection operate a					
3	semiautomatic defibrillator that meets the requirements of par. (b) 2.					
4	The department shall review training courses for the use of a semiautomatic					
5	defibrillator and may approve those training courses that satisfy standards for					
6	approval that are specified by the department knowledge.					
7	SECTION 2. 146.50 (13) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:					
8	146.50 (13) (b) The department shall promulgate rules under subs. (8) (b), (c)					
9	and (e), (8g) (e) and (8m).					
10	SECTION 3. 895.48 (4) of the statutes is created to read:					
11	895.48 (4) (a) Any of the following who meets the applicable requirements of					
12	s. 146.50 (8g) and who acts within the applicable limitations of s. 146.50 (8g) is					
13	immune from civil liability for the acts or omissions of attributed who renders					
14	emergency care by use of a semiautomatic defibrillator under s. 146.50 (8g) to an					
15	individual who appears to be in cardiac arrest:					
16	1. The individual who renders the care.					
<u>17</u>	2. The physician specified in s. 146.50 (8g) (b) . provides for use					
48	3. The person who possesses the semiautomatic defibrillator, as specified in s.					
19	146.50 (8g) (B) (C) (C)					
20	4. The provider of training required under s. 146.50 (8g) (b) .					
21	5. The person who owns or manages the premises on which the semiautomatic					
22/	defibrillator is located. On the provision for use					
23	(b) The immunity specified in par. (a) does not extend to a person whose act or					
24	omission resulting from the use of the semiautomatic defibrillator constitutes gross					
25	negligence of involver wanton or intentional infection date.					
	any of the following:					

	1	(c) The provisions of this subsection may not be construed to imply that an
1	2	individual to whom s 146.50 (8g) does not apply and who, in good faith, renders
-	3	emergency care by use of a semiautomatic defibrillator is ineligible for immunity
INCENT	7/4	from civil liability under sub. (1).
INSERT 5-41	5	(END)

LRB-1382/1ins DAK:wlj:lp

1999–2000 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

INSERT ANAL

Currently, under the "Good Samaritan law", a person who in good faith renders emergency care at the scene of an emergency or accident is immune from civil liability for his or her acts or omissions in rendering the emergency care. This immunity does not apply to employes who are trained in health care or who are health care professionals in rendering emergency care for compensation and within the scope of their usual and customary employment or practice at or enroute to a hospital, at a physician's office or at the scene of an emergency or accident.

This bill authorizes use of a semiautomatic defibrillator in rendering emergency care or treatment to an individual who appears to be in cardiac arrest, by a person other than an ambulance service provider, emergency medical technician or a first responder—defibrillation, if the person has received training in a course for which a physician serves as medical director and that is approved by DHFS. The bill requires a person who provides a semiautomatic defibrillator for use to provide written notification to the nearest emergency medical services program as to the type of defibrillator, its location on the person's premises and its intended usage area and to ensure that the semiautomatic defibrillator is maintained and tested in accordance with any operational guidelines of the manufacturer.

The bill provides immunity from civil liability for the acts or omissions of a person, other than an ambulance service provider, emergency medical technician or first responder—defibrillation, who has received training in a course approved by DHFS, in rendering in good faith emergency care, by use of a semiautomatic defibrillator, to an individual who appears to be in cardiac arrest. The bill also provides immunity from civil liability for the physician who serves as medical director for the training course, the person who makes available the semiautomatic defibrillator for use and the provider of the required training. The immunity does not extend to a person whose act or omission in using the semiautomatic defibrillator or in making it available constitutes gross negligence. The immunity also does not extend to a health care professional (other than the medical director for the training course) who renders emergency care for compensation and within the scope of his or her usual and customary employment or practice at or enroute to a hospital, at a physician's office or at the scene of an emergency or accident.

Lastly, the bill requires DHFS to review training courses for the use of a semiautomatic defibrillator and authorizes DHFS to approve those courses that satisfy DHFS' standards for approval.

n	JS	E	RT	3-	-24

The notification shall include information as to the type of the semiautomatic defibrillator, the location of the defibrillator on the premises of the person and the intended usage area for the defibrillator.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

2. Ensure that the semiautomatic defibrillator is maintained and tested in accordance with any operational guidelines of the manufacturer.

INSERT 5-4

2. Other than a physician, as specified under par. (a) 2., a health care professional who renders emergency care for compensation and within the scope of his or her usual and customary employment or practice at a hospital or other institution equipped with hospital facilities, at the scene of an emergency or accident, enroute to a hospital or other institution equipped with hospital facilities or at a physician's office.

SUBMITTAL FORM

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

To: Senator Robson Date: 3/16/99 Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-1383 Topic Use of automated external defibrillators Subject(s) Health - emergency med services 1. **JACKET** the draft for introduction in the Senate or the Assembly _ (check only one). Only the requester under whose name the drafting request is entered in the LRB's drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please allow one day for the preparation of the required copies. 2. **REDRAFT.** See the changes indicated or attached A revised draft will be submitted for your approval with changes incorporated. 3. Obtain **FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW**, prior to introduction ____ If the analysis indicates that a fiscal estimate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or increases or decreases existing appropriations or state or general local government fiscal liability or revenues, you have the option to request the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to introduce the proposal without the fiscal estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon introduction. It takes about 10 days to obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to introduction retains your flexibility for possible redrafting of the proposal. If you have any questions regarding the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

> Debora A. Kennedy, Managing Attorney Telephone: (608) 266-0137