1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

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Received: 01/15/99					Received By: traderc Identical to LRB:			
Wanted: As time permits								
For: Ru	issell Decker	(608) 266-2502		,	By/Representing: Jim			
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Past act	s of mining pe	rmit applicants	and local min	ing agreeme	nts			
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1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/15/99 Received By: traderc

Wanted: As time permits Identical to LRB:

For: Russell Decker (608) 266-2502 By/Representing: Jim

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **traderc**

May Contact: Alt. Drafters:

Subject: Environment - mining Extra Copies:

Topic:

Past acts of mining permit applicants and local mining agreements

Instructions:

Like 1997 SB 342

Drafting History:

<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

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1997-1998 LEGISLATURE

1607/1 LRB-1797/2 RCT:mfd:lp

1999 **1997 SENATE BILL 342**

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Nevember 4, 1997 – Introduced by Senators Decker, Plache and Burke, cosponsored by Representatives Springer, Huber, Black, Turner, Boyle, Baumgart, Robson and Plouff. Referred to Committee on Agriculture and Environmental Resources.

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AN ACT to repeal 293.41 (2) (f) and 293.49 (2) (d) 3.; to renumber and amend 293.49 (8); to amend 293.37 (2) (e) 1. a. to d., 293.41 (1), 293.49 (2) (c) and (d) (intro.) and 1., 293.49 (2) (e) and (f) and 293.49 (3); and to create 293.31 (1m), 293.37 (2) (e) 1. e., 293.37 (2) (em), 293.49 (1) (a) 7., 293.49 (2) (g), 293.49 (2) (h), 293.49 (2) (i) and 293.49 (8) (b) to (f) of the statutes; relating to: applications for metallic mining permits, denial of metallic mining permits, information concerning exploratory drilling, agreements between local governments and applicants for metallic mining permits and requirements for mining contractors and subcontractors.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Information submitted by applicants for mining permits

Under current law, a person must obtain a mining permit from the department of natural resources (DNR) before beginning to mine for metallic minerals. A person who applies for a mining permit must provide DNR with information concerning specified occurrences that happened within 10 years before the application is submitted. The occurrences include the forfeiture in the United States of mining reclamation bonds by the applicant or related persons, felony convictions of the

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applicant or a related person for mining-related violations of state or federal environmental protection laws, financial problems of the applicant or related persons that resulted in failure to reclaim a mining site in the United States and revocations of mining permits in the United States because of failure to reclaim a mining site.

This bill changes the provisions concerning information that must be submitted by the applicant for a mining permit. The bill requires the reporting of occurrences in Canada, as well as in the United States. The bill requires the reporting of any criminal conviction for a mining-related violation, rather than only felony convictions. The bill requires an applicant to submit information about forfeitures or other civil penalties imposed on the applicant or a related person within for environmental protection is filed as the result of a mining-related violation of an environmental protection law. The bill also requires an applicant to provide information about any unpaid forfeiture, other civil penalty, fine or civil judgment imposed on or entered against the applicant or a related person as the result of violation of environmental laws or damage to the environment caused by a mining operation in the United States or Canada.

Denial of mining permits based on prior occurrences

Under current law, DNR is required to depy a permit to mine for metallic minerals under specified circumstances related to the occurrences required to be reported by the applicant. DNR must generally deny the mining permit if the applicant or a related person has, within 10 years before applying, forfeited a mining reclamation bond for a mine in the United States, undergone financial problems that resulted in the failure to reclaim a mining site in the United States or had a mining permit revoked because of failure to reclaim a mining site in the United States. DNR is required to deny a mining permit if the applicant or a related person has, within 10 years before applying, been convicted of more than one felony for mining—related violations of state or federal environmental protection laws unless the person convicted has been pardoned, the applicant terminates its relationship with the convicted person or the applicant submits a plan to prevent the occurrence of events similar to those that resulted in the convictions.

This bill changes the provisions concerning the denial of a mining permit because of the occurrences that are required to be reported. The bill requires denial because of occurrences in Canada, as well in the United States. The bill requires DNR to deny a mining permit if the applicant or a related person had a mining permit revoked because of a violation of an environmental law, as well as if the permit was revoked for failure to reclaim a mining site. The bill generally requires DNR to deny a permit if the applicant or a related person has been convicted of any mining—related crime. This bill eliminates the provision that allows an applicant that has committed a mining—related crime to obtain a mining permit upon submission to DNR of a plan to prevent similar occurrences.

The bill requires DNR to deny a mining permit if, within 10 years before applying, the applicant or a related person has been required to pay a total of more than \$50,000 in forfeitures or other civil penalties as the result of mining-related violations of environmental laws in the United States or Canada. The bill also

requires DNR to deny a mining permit if the applicant or a related person has not paid a forfeiture, other civil penalty, fine or civil judgment imposed or entered as the result of violations of environmental laws or damage to the environment caused by a mining operation in the United States or Canada.

Local mining agreements

Current law authorizes a local governmental unit that requires an approval or permit for a proposed metallic mineral mine, or in which any portion of a proposed mining site is located, to enter into an agreement with the operator of the mine. "Mining site" is defined to mean the surface area disturbed by the mining operation, including the surface area covered by refuse. A local mining agreement may specify the applicability or nonapplicability of local ordinances, approvals or resolutions.

This bill provides that a local governmental unit may enter into a local mining agreement only after DNR has prepared the environmental impact statement for the proposed mining operation. The bill authorizes a local governmental unit in which the mined minerals are proposed to be processed to enter into a local mining agreement. The bill requires DNR to deny a mining permit unless each local governmental unit that is authorized to enter into a local mining agreement has either entered into a local mining agreement or waived the opportunity to enter into an agreement. The bill also eliminates the provision that authorizes a local mining agreement to specify the applicability or nonapplicability of local ordinances.

Other provisions

Current law prohibits the operator of a metallic mineral mine from engaging a general contractor or affiliate to operate the mine if the general contractor or affiliate has been convicted of more than one felony for mining—related violations. This bill specifies several additional past occurrences that prevent an operator from engaging a general contractor or affiliate to operate a mine and also applies these restrictions to engaging subcontractors to participate in the operation of the mine.

This bill requires a person to provide a record of all exploratory drilling conducted at the proposed mining site with the notice of intent to apply for a mining permit. The bill requires DNR to make that information available to any person.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

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SECTION 1. 293.31 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

- 293.31 (1m) With the notice of intent to apply for a mining permit under sub.
- 3 (1), a person shall submit a record of all exploratory drilling and prospecting

conducted at the proposed mining site. The department shall ensure that the information submitted under this subsection is readily available to any person.

SECTION 2. 293.37 (2) (e) 1. a. to d. of the statutes are amended to read:

293.37 (2) (e) 1. a. A forfeiture by the applicant, principal shareholder of the applicant or a related person of a mining reclamation bond that was sufficient to cover all costs of reclamation and was posted in accordance with a permit or other approval for a mining operation in the United States or Canada, unless the forfeiture was by agreement with the entity for whose benefit the bond was posted.

- b. A felony criminal conviction of the applicant, a related person or an officer or director of the applicant for a violation of a law for the protection of the natural environment arising out of the operation of a mining site in the United States or Canada.
- c. The bankruptcy or dissolution of the applicant or a related person that resulted in the failure to reclaim a mining site in the United States or Canada in violation of a state or federal law.
- issued to the applicant or a related person if the permit or other mining approval was revoked because of a failure to reclaim a mining site in the United States or Canada in violation of state or federal law or because of any other violation of a law for the protection of the natural environment.

SECTION 3. 293.37 (2) (e) 1. e. of the statutes is created to read:

293.37 (2) (e) 1. e. Any forfeiture or other civil penalty imposed by a court or an administrative agency on the applicant, a related person or an officer or director of the applicant at the conclusion of a contested judicial or administrative proceeding or by consent decree or other agreement among the parties as the result of a violation

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of a law for the protection of the natural environment arising out of the operation of a mining site in the United States or Canada.

SECTION 4. 293.37 (2) (em) of the statutes is created to read:

293.37 (2) (em) 1. The information specified in subd. 2. concerning any of the following:

A forfeiture, other civil penalty or fine that is unpaid at the time of application and that was imposed on the applicant or a related person as the result of a violation of a law for the protection of the natural environment arising out of the operation of a mining site in the United States or Canada.

b, (b) A civil judgement that is unpaid at the time of application and that was entered against the applicant or a related person as the result of environmental damage caused by the operation of a mining site in the United States or Canada.

2. The applicant shall specify the name and address of the person involved in, and the date and location of, each occurrence that resulted in a forfeiture, other civil penalty, fine or civil judgement described in subd. 1.

SECTION 5. 293.41 $\stackrel{\times}{(1)}$ of the statutes is amended to read:

293.41 (1) A county, town, village, city or tribal government that requires an operator to obtain an approval or permit under a zoning or land use ordinance and a county, town, village or city in which any portion of a proposed mining site is located or in which mined minerals are proposed to be processed may, individually or in conjunction with other counties, towns, villages, cities, or tribal governments, enter into one or more agreements with an operator for the development of a mining operation. An agreement under this section may not be entered into before the department prepares the environmental impact statement required by s. 293.39 for the proposed mining operation.

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SECTION 6. 293.41 (2) (f) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 7. 293.49 (1) (a) 7. of the statutes is created to read:

293.49 (1) (a) 7. After the preparation of the environmental impact statement required by s. 293.39 for the proposed mining operation, the governing body of each county, town, village, city and tribal government that is authorized to enter into an agreement under s. 293.41 either has approved an agreement with the operator or has voted to waive the opportunity to enter into an agreement.

SECTION 8. 293.49(2) (c) and (d) (intro.) and 1. of the statutes are amended to read:

293.49 (2) (c) That the applicant, principal shareholder of the applicant or a related person has within 10 years before the application is submitted forfeited a mining reclamation bond that was posted in accordance with a permit or other approval for a mining operation in the United States or Canada, unless the forfeiture was by agreement with the entity for whose benefit the bond was posted and the amount of the bond was sufficient to cover all costs of reclamation.

(d) (intro.) That the applicant, a related person or an officer or director of the applicant has, within 10 years before the application is submitted, been convicted of more than one felony for violations of laws a crime for violating a law for the protection of the natural environment arising out of the operation of a mining site in the United States or Canada, unless one of the following applies:

1. The person convicted has been pardoned for all of the felonies crimes.

SECTION 9. 293.49 (2) (d) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 10. 293.49 (2) (e) and (f) of the statutes are amended to read:

293.49 (2) (e) That the applicant or a related person has, within 10 years before the application is submitted, declared bankruptcy or undergone dissolution that

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resulted in the failure to reclaim a mining site in the United States or Canada in violation of a state or federal law and that failure has not been remedied and is not being remedied.

(f) That, within 10 years before the application is submitted, a mining permit or other mining approval issued to the applicant or a related person was permanently revoked because of a failure to reclaim a mining site in the United States or Canada in violation of state or federal law and that failure has not been and is not being remedied law or because of any other violation of a law for the protection of the natural environment.

SECTION 11. 293.49 $\overset{\backslash X}{(2)}$ (g) of the statutes is created to read:

293.49 (2) (g) That, within 10 years before the application is submitted, the applicant or a related person has been required to pay a total of more than \$50,000 in forfeitures or other civil penalties as the result of violations of laws for the protection of the natural environment arising out of the operation of mining sites in the United States or Canada.

SECTION 12. 293.49 (2) (h) of the statutes is created to read:

293.49 (2) (h) That the applicant or a related person has not paid a forfeiture, other civil penalty or fine that was imposed as the result of a violation of a law for the protection of the natural environment arising out of the operation of a mining site in the United States or Canada.

SECTION 13. 293.49 (2) (i) of the statutes is created to read:

293.49 (2) (i) That the applicant or a related person has not paid a civil judgment that was entered as the result of environmental damage caused by the operation of a mining site in the United States or Canada.

SECTION 14. 293.49 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

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293.49 (3) The department may not deny a mining permit under sub. (2) (c) to (f) (i) if the person subject to the convictions, forfeiture, permanent revocation, bankruptcy er, dissolution or civil penalties is a related person but the applicant shows that the person was not the parent corporation of the applicant, a person that holds more than a 30% ownership in the applicant, or a subsidiary or affiliate of the applicant in which the applicant holds more than a 30% interest at the time of the convictions, forfeiture, permanent revocation, bankruptcy or, dissolution or civil penalties.

SECTION 15. 293.49 (8) of the statutes is renumbered 293.49 (8) (intro.) and amended to read:

293.49 (8) (intro.) No operator may engage a general contractor or affiliate to operate a mining site or a subcontractor to participate in the operation of the mining site if the any of the following applies:

(a) The general contractor or, affiliate or subcontractor has been convicted of more than one felony for violation of a crime for violating a law for the protection of the natural environment arising out of the operation of a mining site in the United States or Canada within 10 years before the issuance of the operator's permit, unless the general contractor or, affiliate receives the department's approval of a plan to prevent the occurrence in this state of events similar to the events that directly resulted in the convictions operator proposes to engage the general contractor. affiliate or subcontractor.

X **SECTION 16.** 293.49 (8) (b) to (f) of the statutes are created to read:

293.49 (8) (b) The general contractor, affiliate or subcontractor has violated and continues to fail to comply with this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter.

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(c) The general contractor, affiliate or subcontractor has within 10 years before the operator proposes to engage the general contractor, affiliate or subcontractor, forfeited a mining reclamation bond that was posted in accordance with a permit or other approval for a mining operation in the United States or Canada, unless the forfeiture was by agreement with the entity for whose benefit the bond was posted and the amount of the bond was sufficient to cover all costs of reclamation.

(d) The general contractor, affiliate or subcontractor has, within 10 years before

the operator proposes to engage the general contractor, affiliate or subcontractor,

declared bankruptcy or undergone dissolution that resulted in the failure to reclaim

a mining site in the United States or Canada in violation of law and that failure has

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- not been remedied and is not being remedied.

 (e) Within 10 years before the operator proposes to engage the general contractor, affiliate or subcontractor, a mining permit or other mining approval issued to the general contractor, affiliate or subcontractor was permanently revoked because of a failure to reclaim a mining site in the United States or Canada in violation of law or because of any other violation of a law for the protection of the natural environment.
- (f) Within 10 years before the operator proposes to engage the general contractor, affiliate or subcontractor, the general contractor, affiliate or subcontractor has been required to pay a total of more than \$50,000 in forfeitures or other civil penalties as the result of violations of laws for the protection of the natural environment arising out of the operation of a mining site in the United States or Canada.

Section #. 293.01 (26) of the statutes is amended to read:

(intro-) Carada

293.01 (26) "Related person" means any person that owns or operates a mining site in the United States and that is one of the following when an application for a mining permit is submitted to the department:

- (a) The parent corporation of the applicant.
- (b) A person that holds more than a 30% ownership interest in the applicant.
- (c) A subsidiary or affiliate of the applicant in which the applicant holds more than a 30% ownership interest.

History: 1973 c. 318; 1977 c. 377 s. 29m; 1977 c. 421, 447; 1983 a. 27, 517; 1987 a. 395; 1991 a. 260; 1995 a. 227 ss. 721 to 742, 994; Stats. 1995 s. 293.01.

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f. Any criminal penalty or any civil penalty of more than \$10,000 Canadian or any requirement to pay restitution in an amount of more than \$10,000 Canadian or to remedy environmental pollution, if the cost of the remedy was more than \$10,000 Canadian, imposed by a court or an administrative agency on the applicant, a related person or an officer or director of the applicant at the conclusion of a contested judicial or administrative proceeding or by consent decree or other agreement among the parties as the result of a violation of a law for the protection of the natural environment arising out of the operation of a mining site in Canada.

SECTION 2. 293.49 (2) (d) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 3. 293.49 (2) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

293.49 (2) (g) That the applicant, a related person or an officer or director of the applicant has demonstrated, by a pattern of behavior that resulted in occurrences that are required to be reported under s. 293.37 (2) (e) 1., an unwillingness or inability to comply with environmental protection laws.

SECTION 4. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) If a person has applied for a mining permit under section 293.37 of the statutes before the effective date of this subsection and the department of natural resources has not approved or denied the application before the effective date of this subsection, the person shall submit the information required by section 293.37 (2)

(e) 1. e. and for the statutes, as created by this act, no later than the first day of the 3rd month beginning after the effective date of this subsection and the department may not approve the application before the person submits the information.

Section 5. Initial applicability.

required under section 293. 37(2)(e)/.

a to d.), as affected by this act,

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1807/1dn RCT:cmh&ksh:jf

February 9, 1999

I have added an initial applicability provision to this draft to provide that the "bad actor" portions of the draft apply to an applicant for a mining permit if the application was filed before this draft takes effect but DNR has not approved or denied the permit when the draft takes effect. Please let me know if this is not consistent with your intent.

Rebecca C. Tradewell Managing Attorney Phone: (608) 266–7290

E-mail: Becky.Tradewell@legis.state.wi.us

SUBMITTAL FORM

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

Date: 2/10/99 To: Senator Decker Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-1807 **Topic** Past acts of mining permit applicants and local mining agreements Subject(s) Environment - mining 1. **JACKET** the draft for introduction in the Senate or the Assembly (check only one). Only the requester under whose name the drafting request is entered in the LRB's drafting records may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please allow one day for the preparation of the required copies. 2. **REDRAFT.** See the changes indicated or attached A revised draft will be submitted for your approval with changes incorporated. 3. Obtain **FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW**, prior to introduction If the analysis indicates that a fiscal estimate is required because the proposal makes an appropriation or increases or decreases existing appropriations or state or general local government fiscal liability or revenues, you have the option to request the fiscal estimate prior to introduction. If you choose to introduce the proposal without the fiscal estimate, the fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon introduction. It takes about 10 days to obtain a fiscal estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to introduction retains your flexibility for possible redrafting of the proposal. If you have any questions regarding the above procedures, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.

Rebecca C. Tradewell, Managing Attorney Telephone: (608) 266-7290