1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Senate	e Substitute	Amenamen	(55A-5D	190)						
Received: 03/13/2000					Received By: kuesejt					
Wanted:	03/14/2000				Identical to LRB: By/Representing: Tad Ottman Drafter: kuesejt					
For: Ma	ry Panzer (60	8) 266-7513								
This file	may be shown	to any legislat	or: NO							
May Co	ntact:				Alt. Drafters:					
Subject:	Election	ns - campaign	finance		Extra Copies:					
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SSA to S	SB-190									
Instruct	tions:					-				
Per SSA	1 to SB-113.									
Drafting	g History:		:							
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	<u>Proofed</u>	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required			
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1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Senate Substitute Amendment (SSA-SB190)

Doggirad.	02/12/2000
Received:	03/13/2000

Received By: kuesejt

Wanted: 03/14/2000

Identical to LRB:

For: Mary Panzer (608) 266-7513

By/Representing: Tad Ottman

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: kuesejt

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

Elections - campaign finance

Extra Copies:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

SSA to SB-190

Instructions:

Per SSA 1 to SB-113.

Drafting History:

Vers.

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FE Sent For:

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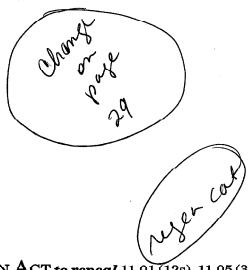
DNOTES 1999-2000 LEGISLATURE

S0406/

LRBs0367/1

WANTED TUE 3/14-8:35AM

SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT, TO 1999 SENATE BILL 190



AN ACT to repeat 11.01 (12s), 11.05 (3) (0), 11.26 (9) (c), 11.265, 11.31 (1) (b), 11.31 (2m), 11.31 (3), 11.31 (3m), 11.31 (4), 11.50 (2) (i), 11.50 (3), 11.50 (6), 20.855 (4) (b) and 71.10 (3); to renumber and amend 11.12 (6), 11.26 (9) (a), 11.26 (10), 11.50 (2) (b) 5. and 11.50 (9); to amend 5.02 (13), 5.02 (18), 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm), 8.35 (4) (b), 10.02 (3) (b) 2m., 11.01 (5m), 11.05 (3) (c), 11.05 (9) (b), 11.06 (2), 11.06 (7m) (a), 11.06 (7m) (c), 11.09 (3), 11.12 (5), 11.16 (5), 11.20 (2m), 11.20 (3) (d), 11.20 (3) (g), 11.20 (8) (intro.), 11.20 (12), 11.21 (15), 11.26 (1) (intro.), 11.26 (1) (a), (b) and (c), 11.26 (2) (intro.), 11.26 (2) (a), 11.26 (4), 11.26 (8), 11.26 (9) (b), 11.26 (13), 11.26 (17) (a), 11.31 (1) (a), 11.31 (1) (c) and (d), 11.31 (1) (e) and (f), 11.31 (2), 11.31 (7) (a), 11.50 (title), 11.50 (1) (b), 11.50 (2) (a), 11.50 (2) (b) (intro.), 11.50 (2) (g), 11.50 (5), 11.50 (9) (title), 11.50 (11) (e), 11.61 (1) (a), 11.61 (1) (b), 11.61 (1) (c), 14.58 (20), 20.510 (1) (q), 25.17 (1) (ys) and 25.42; to repeal and recreate 11.50 (4); and to create 11.01 (16) (a) 3., 11.05 (3) (d), 11.12 (6)

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1	(b) to (e), 11.12 (7), 11.20 (2e), 11.20 (2s), 11.20 (2t), 11.20 (8) (ak) and (aL), 11.20
2	(8) (am), 11.20 (8) (an), 11.24 (1t), 11.24 (1w), 11.26 (1m), 11.26 (9) (a) 1. to 5.,
3	11.26 (9) (aa), 11.26 (9) (am), 11.26 (10) (b), 11.26 (10a), 11.31 (3p), 11.31 (7) (e),
4	11.31 (9), 11.50 (2) (b) 5. a. to e., 11.50 (2) (bm), 11.50 (9) (a) 1. to 5., 11.50 (9) (b),
5	11.50 (9) (ba), 11.50 (9) (bb), 11.50 (9) (bc), 11.50 (9a), 11.60 (3s) and (3t), 11.61
6	(1) (d), 11.62 and 20.855 (4) (bb) of the statutes; relating to: campaign
7	financing, providing exemptions from emergency rule procedures, granting
8	rule-making authority, making appropriations and providing penalties.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 5.02 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.02 (13) "Political party" or "party" means a state committee registered under s. 11.05 organized exclusively for political purposes under whose name candidates appear on a ballot at any election, and all county, congressional, legislative, local and other affiliated committees authorized to operate under the same name. For purposes of ch. 11, the term does not include a legislative campaign committee or a committee filing an oath under s. 11.06 (7).

SECTION 2. 5.02 (18) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.02 (18) "September primary" means the primary held the 2nd Tuesday in September to nominate candidates to be voted for at the general election, and to determine which candidates for state offices other than district attorney may participate in the Wisconsin election campaign clean government fund.

SECTION 3. 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm) of the statutes are amended to read:

7.08 (2) (c) As soon as possible after the canvass of the spring and September primary votes, but no later than the first Tuesday in March and the 4th Tuesday in

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September, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and whom who the board determines to be is eligible to receive payments from the Wisconsin election campaign clean government fund. The board shall also transmit a similar list of candidates who the board determines is eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (9) (b), (ba), (bb) or (bc) within 3 days after any candidate qualifies to receive such a grant. Each list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

(cm) As soon as possible after the canvass of a special primary, or the date that the primary would be held, if required, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and whom who the board determines to be is eligible to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean government fund prior to the election. The board shall also transmit a similar list of candidates, if any, who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and whom who the board determines to be is eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (1) (a) 2. after the special election. The or a grant under s. 11.50 (9) (b), (ba), (bb) or (bc) within 3 days after any candidate qualifies to receive such a grant. Each list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

SECTION 4. 8.35 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.35 (4) (b) Notwithstanding par. (a), any unspent and unencumbered moneys received by a candidate from the Wisconsin election campaign clean government fund shall be immediately transferred to any candidate who is appointed to replace

such candidate, upon filing of a proper application therefor under s. 11.50(2). If there 1 is no candidate appointed or if no proper application is filed within 7 days of the date 2 on which the vacancy occurs, such moneys shall revert to the state as provided in s. 3 4 11.50 (8). **SECTION 5.** 10.02 (3) (b) 2m. of the statutes is amended to read: 5 10.02 (3) (b) 2m. At the September primary, the elector shall select the party 6 ballot of his or her choice or the ballot containing the names of the independent 7 candidates for state office, and make a cross [x] in the square at the right of or 8 depress the lever or button next to the candidate's name for each office for whom the 9 elector intends to vote or insert or write in the name of the elector's choice for a party 10 candidate, if any. In order to qualify for participation in the Wisconsin election 11 campaign clean government fund, a candidate for state office at the September 12 primary, other than a candidate for district attorney, must receive at least 6% of all 13 votes cast on all ballots for the office for which he or she is a candidate, in addition 14 15 to other requirements. **SECTION 6.** 11.01 (5m) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 11.01 (5m) "Conduit" means an individual who or an organization a committee 17 which receives a contribution of money and transfers the contribution to another 18 individual or organization committee without exercising discretion as to the amount 19 20 the transfer is made. 21 **SECTION 7.** 11.01 (12s) of the statutes is repealed. 22 23 **SECTION 8.** 11.01 (16) (a) 3. of the statutes is created to read: 11.01 (16) (a) 3. A communication that is made by means of one or more 24

communications media, other than a communication that is exempt from reporting

1	under s. 11.29, that is made during the period beginning on the 60th day preceding
2	an election and ending on the date of that election and that includes a reference to
3	a candidate whose name is certified under s. 7.08 (2) (a) or 8.50 (1) (d) to appear on
4	the ballot at that election, an office to be filled at that election or a political party.
5	SECTION 9. 11.05 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	11.05 (3) (c) In the case of a committee, a statement as to whether the
7	committee is a personal campaign committee, a political party committee, a
8	legislative campaign committee, a support committee or a special interest
9	committee.
10	SECTION 10. 11.05 (3) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
11	11.05 (3) (d) An indication of whether the proposed registrant is a conduit.
12	SECTION 11. 11.05 (3) (o) of the statutes is repealed.
13	SECTION 12. 11.05 (9) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	11.05 (9) (b) An individual who or a committee or group which receives a
15	contribution of money and transfers the contribution to another individual,
16	committee or group while acting as a conduit is not subject to registration under this
17	section unless the individual, committee or group transfers the contribution to a
18	candidate or a personal campaign, legislative campaign, political party or support
19	committee.
20	SECTION 13. 11.06 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	11.06 (2) DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN INDIRECT DISBURSEMENTS. Notwithstanding
22	sub. (1), if a disbursement is made or obligation incurred by an individual other than
23	a candidate or by a committee or group which is not primarily organized for political
24	purposes, and the disbursement does not constitute a contribution to any candidate
25	or other individual, committee or group, the disbursement or obligation is required

to be reported only if the purpose is to expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the adoption or rejection of a referendum or if the disbursement is made or the obligation incurred for a purpose is specified in s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3. The exemption provided by this subsection shall in no case be construed to apply to a political party, legislative campaign, personal campaign or support committee.

SECTION 14. 11.06 (7m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (7m) (a) If a committee which was registered under s. 11.05 as a political party committee or legislative campaign committee supporting candidates of a political party files an oath under sub. (7) affirming that it does not act in cooperation or consultation with any candidate who is nominated to appear on the party ballot of the party at a general or special election, that the committee does not act in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, such a candidate, that the committee does not act in cooperation or consultation with such a candidate or agent or authorized committee of such a candidate who benefits from a disbursement made in opposition to another candidate, and that the committee does not act in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, such a candidate or agent or authorized committee of such a candidate who benefits from a disbursement made in opposition to another candidate, the committee filing the oath may not make any contributions in support of any candidate of the party at the general or special election or in opposition to any such candidate's opponents exceeding the amounts specified in s. 11.26 (2), except as authorized in par. (c).

Section 15. 11.06 (7m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (7m) (c) A committee filing an oath under sub. (7) which desires to change its status to a political party committee or legislative campaign committee may do

so as of December 31 of any even—numbered year. Section 11.26 does not apply to contributions received by such a committee prior to the date of the change. Such a committee may change its status at other times only by filing a termination statement under s. 11.19 (1) and reregistering as a newly organized committee under s. 11.05.

SECTION 16. 11.09 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.09 (3) Each registrant whose filing officer is the board, who or which makes disbursements in connection with elections for offices which serve or referenda which affect only one county or portion thereof, except a candidate, personal campaign committee, political party committee or other committee making disbursements in support of or in opposition to a candidate for state senator, representative to the assembly, court of appeals judge or circuit judge, shall file a duplicate original of each financial report filed with the board with the county clerk or board of election commissioners of the county in which the elections in which the registrant participates are held. Such reports shall be filed no later than the applicable dates specified under s. 11.20 (2), (2e), (2m), (2s), (2t) and (4) for the filing of each report with the board.

SECTION 17. 11.12 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.12 (5) If Except as otherwise required under sub. (7), if any contribution or contributions of \$500 or more cumulatively are received by a candidate for state office or by a committee or individual from a single contributor later than 15 days prior to a primary or election such that it is not included in the preprimary or preelection report submitted under s. 11.20 (3), the treasurer of the committee or the individual receiving the contribution shall within 24 hours of receipt inform the appropriate filing officer of the information required under s. 11.06 (1) in such manner as the

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board may prescribe. The information shall also be included in the treasurer's or individual's next regular report. For purposes of the reporting requirement under this subsection, only contributions received during the period beginning with the day after the last date covered on the preprimary or preelection report, and ending with the day before the primary or election need be reported.

SECTION 18. 11.12 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 11.12 (6) (a) and amended to read:

11.12 (6) (a) If Except as provided in par. (b), if any disbursement of more than \$20 cumulatively is made to advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate by an individual or committee later than 15 days prior to a primary or election in which the candidate's name appears on the ballot without cooperation or consultation with a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of such a candidate, agent or committee, the individual or treasurer of the committee shall, within 24 hours of making the disbursement, inform the appropriate filing officer of the information required under s. 11.06 (1) in such manner as the board may prescribe. The information shall also be included in the next regular report of the individual or committee under s. 11.20. For purposes of this subsection paragraph, disbursements cumulate beginning with the day after the last date covered on the preprimary or preelection report and ending with the day before the primary or election. Upon receipt of a report under this subsection paragraph, the filing officer shall, within 24 hours of receipt, mail a copy of the report to all candidates for any office in support of or opposition to one of whom a disbursement identified in the report is made.

SECTION 19. 11.12 (6) (b) to (e) of the statutes are created to read:

11.12 (6) (b) 1. If any conduit has accepted or intends to accept any contribution to be transferred to a candidate or personal campaign committee of a candidate for a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) at the general or a special election, or to any such candidate who seeks a nomination for such an office at a primary election, the conduit shall report to the board at the times specified in s. 11.20 (2s), in such manner as the board may prescribe, the name of each candidate or personal campaign committee to whom the conduit intends to transfer one or more contributions during the 21—day period following the date on which the report is due to be filed and the amount to be transferred to that candidate or committee.

- 2. A conduit who or which is required to file reports under this paragraph shall also report to the board, at the times specified in s. 11.20 (2t), in such manner as the board may prescribe, the name of each candidate or personal campaign committee to whom the conduit transferred one or more contributions during the 21-day period ending on each date specified in s. 11.20 (2t) and the date and amount of that transfer.
- (c) 1. If any committee identified under s. 11.05 (3) (c), other than a conduit, intends to receive any contribution, make any disbursement or incur any obligation to make a disbursement for the purpose of advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate for a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) at the general or a special election, or any such candidate who seeks a nomination for such an office at a primary election, without cooperation or consultation with a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or whose opponent is opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of such a candidate, agent or committee, the committee shall report to the board at the times specified in s. 11.20 (2s), in such manner as the board may prescribe, the name of each candidate who is supported or whose opponent is opposed and the total amount of

- contributions to be received, disbursements to be made and obligations to be incurred for such a purpose in support or opposition to that candidate during the 21-day period following the date on which the report is due to be filed.
- 2. A committee which is required to file reports under this paragraph shall also report to the board, at the times specified in s. 11.20 (2t), in such manner as the board may prescribe, the amount and date of each contribution received, disbursement made or obligation incurred for the purpose of advocating the election or defeat of a candidate specified in this paragraph in the manner specified in this paragraph, and the name of the candidate in support of or in opposition to whom the contribution was received, disbursement made or obligation incurred, during the 21-day period ending on each date specified in s. 11.20 (2t).
- 3. A committee which files a report under this paragraph concerning a disbursement is not required to file a report pertaining to the same disbursement under par. (a).
- (d) All information reported by a registrant under this subsection shall also be included in the next regular report of the registrant under s. 11.20.
- (e) 1. If any committee identified in s. 11.05 (3) (c), other than a conduit, intends to make one or more contributions to a candidate for a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) at the general or a special election, or to any such candidate who seeks a nomination for such an office at a primary election, or to the personal campaign committee of any such candidate, the committee shall report to the board at the times specified in s. 11.20 (2s), in such manner as the board may prescribe, the name of each candidate or personal campaign committee to whom the committee intends to make one or more contributions during the 21-day period following the

date on which the report is due to be filed and the amount or value of the contributions to be made to that candidate or committee.

2. A committee who or which is required to file reports under this paragraph shall also report to the board, at the times specified in s. 11.20 (2t), in such manner as the board may prescribe, the name of each candidate or personal campaign committee to whom the committee made one or more contributions during the 21-day period ending on each date specified in s. 11.20 (2t) and the date and amount or value of that contribution.

SECTION 20. 11.12 (7) of the statutes is created to read:

11.12 (7) (a) Except as provided in par. (c), if a candidate at the general or a special election for a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) does not accept a grant under s. 11.50, that candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee shall report to the board the information specified in s. 11.06 (1) pertaining to all contributions received no later than 24 hours after receipt of any contribution, in such manner as the board may prescribe, if the candidate or personal campaign committee receives, during the campaign of that candidate, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), or if the candidate has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a candidate for the party nomination of his or her party in a primary election in that campaign, during the period beginning on the day after the date of the primary election and ending on the date of the election, total contributions that equal more than the following amount or value, as adjusted under par. (d):

- 1. For candidates for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor jointly, \$330,000 from all political party committees or \$1,670,000 from all individuals.
- 2. For a candidate for the office of attorney general, \$65,000 from all political party committees or \$335,000 from all individuals.

- 3. For a candidate for the office of secretary of state or state treasurer, \$33,000 from all political party committees or \$167,000 from all individuals.

 4. For a candidate for the office of justice or state superintendent, \$167,000 from all individuals.

 5. For a candidate for the office of state senator, \$20,000 from all political party
 - committees or \$100,000 from all individuals.
 - 6. For a candidate for the office of representative to the assembly, \$10,000 from all political party committees or \$50,000 from all individuals.
 - (b) The first report filed by a candidate or personal campaign committee under par. (a) during any campaign shall include the information required under par. (a) for all contributions received since the closing date for the preceding report filed by that candidate or committee as provided in s. 11.20 (8).
 - (c) For purposes of computing the applicable amount under par. (a), if one of the candidates of a political party for the office of governor or lieutenant governor has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a candidate for the party nomination of his or her party in the September primary election, the contributions received on or before the date of the primary election by the candidate who has an opponent in that election shall be excluded.
 - (d) 1. In this paragraph, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the federal department of labor.
 - 2. The dollar amounts of the total contributions under par. (a) shall be subject to a biennial adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance with this subdivision. To determine the adjustment, the board shall calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on

December 31 of each odd-numbered year and the consumer price index for the base period, calendar year 2001. For each biennium, the board shall multiply the amount of each contribution amount under par. (a) by the percentage difference in the consumer price indices. The board shall adjust each amount to substitute that result for the existing amount to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25. The amount so determined shall then be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subdivision. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b) and (3), determinations under this subdivision may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety or welfare and without a finding of emergency.

SECTION 21. 11.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.16 (5) ESCROW AGREEMENTS. Any personal campaign committee, or political party committee or legislative campaign committee may, pursuant to a written escrow agreement with more than one candidate, solicit contributions for and conduct a joint fund raising effort or program on behalf of more than one named candidate. The agreement shall specify the percentage of the proceeds to be distributed to each candidate by the committee conducting the effort or program. The committee shall include this information in all solicitations for the effort or program. All contributions received and disbursements made by the committee in connection with the effort or program shall be received and disbursed through a separate depository account under s. 11.14 (1) that is identified in the agreement. For purposes of s. 11.06 (1), the committee conducting the effort or program shall prepare a schedule in the form prescribed by the board supplying all required information under s. 11.06 (1) and items qualifying for exclusion under s. 11.31 (6)

1	for the effort or program, and shall transmit a copy of the schedule to each candidate
2	who receives any of the proceeds within the period prescribed in s. 11.06 (4) (c).
3	SECTION 22. 11.20 (2e) of the statutes is created to read:
4	11.20 (2e) Postelection reports under s. 11.06 (1) with respect to an election for
5	a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) shall be received by the board
6	no earlier than 4 days after and no later than 10 days after each general election at
7	which that office is filled.
8	SECTION 23. 11.20 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	11.20 (2m) Election Postelection reports under s. 11.12 with respect to a special
10	election for an office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) shall be received by
11	the board no earlier than 4 days and no later than 10 days after that election.
12	Postelection reports under s. 11.12 with respect to any other special election shall be
13	received by the appropriate filing officer no earlier than 23 days and no later than
14	30 days after each that special election, unless a continuing report is required to be
15	filed under sub. (4) on or before the 30th day after the special election.
16	SECTION 24. 11.20 (2s) of the statutes is created to read:
17	11.20 (2s) A registrant who or which is required to file reports under s. 11.12
18	(6) (b) 1., (c) 1. or (e) 1. with respect to a candidate at the general election shall file
19	the reports on the 63rd, 42nd and 21st day prior to that election. A registrant who
20	is required to file reports under s. $11.12(6)(b)1.,(c)1.$ or $(e)1.$ with respect to a special
21	election shall file a report on the 21st day prior to that election.
22	SECTION 25. 11.20 (2t) of the statutes is created to read:
23	11.20 (2t) A registrant who or which is required to file reports under s. 11.12
24	(6) (b) 2., (c) 2. or (e) 2. with respect to a candidate at the general election shall file
25	the reports no later than the 39th and 18th days prior to that election. A registrant

who or which is required to file reports under s. 11.12 (6) (b) 2., (c) 2. or (e) 2. with respect to a candidate at a special election shall file the reports no later than the 18th day prior to that election.

SECTION 26. 11.20 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.20 (3) (d) A registered committee or individual other than a candidate or personal campaign committee making or accepting contributions, making disbursements or incurring obligations in support of or in opposition to one or more candidates for office at an election, or supporting or opposing other committees or individuals who are engaging in such activities, shall file a preelection report. A registered committee or individual other than a candidate or personal campaign committee making or accepting contributions, making disbursements or incurring obligations in support of or in opposition to one or more candidates for an office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) at the general election or a special election, or supporting or opposing other committees or individuals who are engaging in such activities, shall file a postelection report.

SECTION 27. 11.20 (3) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.20 (3) (g) A contribution, disbursement or obligation in support of or in opposition to a candidate at an election which is made, accepted or incurred during the period covered by the preelection report, or by a postelection report following the general election or a special election, is considered to be made, accepted or incurred in support of or in opposition to that candidate at the election, regardless of whether the candidate is opposed at the election.

SECTION 28. 11.20 (8) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.20 (8) (intro.) Reports filed under subs. (2), (2e), (2m), (2s), (2t), (4) and (4m) shall include all contributions received and transactions made as of the end of:

1	SECTION 29. 11.20 (8) (ak) and (aL) of the statutes are created to read:
2	11.20 (8) (ak) The day on which the report is due in the case of the report
3	required under s. 11.12 (6) (b) 1., (c) 1. or (e) 1.
4	(aL) The 3rd day prior to the date on which the report is due in the case of the
5	report required under s. 11.12 (6) (b) 2., (c) 2. or (e) 2.
6	SECTION 30. 11.20 (8) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
7	11.20 (8) (am) The 3rd day after the election in the case of the postelection
8	report that follows the general election or a special election for an office specified in
9	s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f).
10	SECTION 31. 11.20 (8) (an) of the statutes is created to read:
11	11.20 (8) (an) The 22nd day after the election in the case of a postelection report
12	that follows a special election for an office other than an office specified in s. 11.31
13	(1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f).
14	SECTION 32. 11.20 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	11.20 (12) If a candidate is unopposed in a primary or election, the obligation
16	to file the reports required by this chapter does not cease. Except as provided in ss.
17	11.05 (2r) and 11.19 (2), a registrant who makes or receives no contributions, makes
18	no disbursements or incurs no obligations shall so report on the applicable dates
19	designated in subs. (2), (2e), (2m), (2t) and (4).
20	SECTION 33. 11.21 (15) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	11.21 (15) Inform each candidate who files an application to become eligible to
22	receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean government fund of the
23	dollar amount of the applicable disbursement limitation under s. 11.31 (1) , adjusted
24	as provided in s. 11.31 (9), which applies to the office for which such person is a

1	candidate. Failure to receive the notice required by this subsection does not
2	constitute a defense to a violation of s. 11.27 (1) or 11.31.
3	SECTION 34. 11.24 (1t) of the statutes is created to read:
4	11.24 (1t) No candidate for a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e)
5	or (f) or personal campaign committee of such a candidate at any election other than
6	a primary election may receive and accept any contribution during the period
7	beginning on the 10th day preceding that election and ending on the date of that
8	election.
9	SECTION 35. 11.24 (1w) of the statutes is created to read:
10	11.24 (1w) (a) No candidate or personal campaign committee of a candidate
11	who accepts a grant under s. 11.50 may accept any contribution from a committee
12	identified under s. 11.05 (3) (c) as a special interest committee.
13	(b) No committee identified under s. 11.05 (3) (c) as a special interest committee
14	may intentionally make any contribution to a candidate or personal campaign
15	committee of a candidate who has qualified to receive a grant under s. 11.50.
16	SECTION 36. 11.26 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	11.26 (1) (intro.) No Except as authorized in sub. (10), no individual may make
18	any contribution or contributions to a candidate for election or nomination to any of
19	the following offices and to any individual or committee under s. 11.06 (7) acting
20	solely in support of such a candidate or solely in opposition to the candidate's
21	opponent to the extent of more than a total of the amounts specified per candidate:
22	SECTION 37. 11.26 (1) (a), (b) and (c) of the statutes are amended to read:
23	11.26 (1) (a) Candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state,
24	state treasurer, attorney general, state superintendent or justice, \$10,000 \$1,000.
25	(b) Candidates for state senator, \$1,000 \$500.

1	(c)	Candidates	for	representative	to	the	assembly,	\$500	<u>\$250</u> .
1	(0)	Canadados	101	10p10b0110a0110	-	0110	<i>abboning</i> ,	Ψυσυ	<u> </u>

Section 38. 11.26 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

- 11.26 (1m) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), no individual who is a candidate for state office and who files a sworn statement and application to receive a grant from the clean government fund may receive and accept more than the amount or value of contributions provided in this subsection for the office for which he or she is a candidate during any campaign, or if the individual has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a candidate for the nomination of his or her party in a primary election in that campaign, after the date of the primary election, from all individuals, including contributions from the individual to his or her own campaign. Except as provided in sub. (10a), the amount or value is:
- 1. For candidates for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor jointly, \$1,000,000.
 - 2. For a candidate for the office of attorney general, \$200,000.
- 3. For a candidate for the office of secretary of state, state treasurer, state superintendent or justice, \$100,000.
 - 4. For a candidate for the office of state senator, \$60,000.
 - 5. For a candidate for the office of representative to the assembly, \$30,000.
- (b) For purposes of computing the applicable amount under par. (a), if one of the candidates of a political party for the office of governor or lieutenant governor has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a candidate for the party nomination of his or her party in the September primary election, the contributions received on or before the date of the primary election by the candidate who has an opponent in the election shall be excluded.

SECTION 39. 11.26 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.26 (2) (intro.) No committee other than a political party committee or legislative campaign committee may make any contribution or contributions to a candidate for election or nomination to any of the following offices and to any individual or committee under s. 11.06 (7) acting solely in support of such a candidate or solely in opposition to the candidate's opponent to the extent of more than a total of the amounts specified per candidate:

SECTION 40. 11.26 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.26 (2) (a) Candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, attorney general, state superintendent or justice, 4% of the value of the disbursement level specified in the schedule under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9).

SECTION 41. 11.26 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.26 (4) No individual may make any contribution or contributions to all candidates for state and local offices and to any individuals who or committees which are subject to a registration requirement under s. 11.05, including legislative campaign committees and committees of a political party, to the extent of more than a total of \$10,000 in any calendar year.

SECTION 42. 11.26 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.26 (8) (a) No political party as defined in s. 5.02 (13) may receive more than a total of \$150,000 in value of its contributions in any biennium from all other committees, excluding contributions from legislative campaign committees and transfers between party committees of the party. In this paragraph, a biennium commences with January 1 of each odd—numbered year and ends with December 31 of each even—numbered year.

1	(b) No such political party may receive more than a total of \$6,000 in value of
2	its contributions in any calendar year from any specific committee or its subunits or
3	affiliates, excluding legislative campaign and political party committees.
4	(c) No committee, other than a political party or legislative campaign
5	committee, may make any contribution or contributions, directly or indirectly, to a
6	political party under s. $5.02(13)$ in a calendar year exceeding a total value of \$6,000.
7	SECTION 43. 11.26 (9) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 11.26 (9) (a) (intro.) and
8	amended to read:
9	11.26 (9) (a) (intro.) No Except as provided in par. (aa), no individual who is a
10	candidate for state or local office and who files a sworn statement and application to
11	receive a grant from the clean government fund may receive and accept more than
12	65% of the value of the total disbursement level determined under s. 11.31 the
13	amount or value of contributions provided in this subsection for the office for which
14	he or she is a candidate during any primary and election campaign combined, or if
15	the individual has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a
16	candidate for the nomination of his or her party at a primary election, after the date
17	of the primary election in that campaign, from all committees subject to a filing
18	requirement, including political party and legislative campaign committees. $\underline{\text{Except}}$
19	as provided in sub. (10a), the amount or value of contributions is:
20	SECTION 44. 11.26 (9) (a) 1. to 5. of the statutes are created to read:
21	11.26 (9) (a) 1. For candidates for the offices of governor and lieutenant
22	governor jointly, \$330,000.
23	2. For a candidate for the office of attorney general, \$65,000.
24	3. For a candidate for the office of secretary of state, state treasurer, justice or
25	state superintendent, \$33,000.

1	4. For a candidate for the office of state senator, \$20,000.
2	5. For a candidate for the office of representative to the assembly, \$10,000.
3	SECTION 45. 11.26 (9) (aa) of the statutes is created to read:
4	11.26 (9) (aa) For purposes of computing the applicable amount under par. (a),
5	if one of the candidates of a political party for the office of governor or lieutenant
6	governor has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a
7	candidate for the party nomination of his or her party in the September primary
8	election, the contributions received on or before the date of the primary election by
9	the candidate who has the opponent in that election shall be excluded.
10	SECTION 46. 11.26 (9) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
11	11.26 (9) (am) No individual who is a candidate for state or local office, other
12	than an office specified in par. (a), may receive and accept more than 65% of the value
13	of the total disbursement level determined under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s.
14	11.31 (9), for the office for which he or she is a candidate during any primary and
15	election campaign combined from all committees subject to a filing requirement,
16	including political party committees.
17	SECTION 47. 11.26 (9) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	11.26 (9) (b) No individual who is a candidate for \underline{a} state or local office, other
19	than an office specified in par. (a), may receive and accept more than 45% of the value
20	of the total disbursement level determined under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s.
21	11.31 (9), for the office for which he or she is a candidate during any primary and
22	election campaign combined from all committees other than political party and
23	legislative campaign committees subject to a filing requirement.
24	SECTION 48. 11.26 (9) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

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SECTION 49. 11.26 (10) of the statutes is renumbered 11.26 (10) (a) and amended to read:

11.26 (10) (a) No Except as provided in par. (b) and sub. (10a), no candidate for state office who files a sworn statement and application to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean government fund may make contributions of more than 200% of the amounts amount or value of the limitation specified in sub. (1) to the candidate's own campaign from the candidate's personal funds or property or the personal funds or property which are owned jointly or as marital property with the candidate's spouse, unless the board determines that the candidate is not eligible to receive a grant, or the candidate withdraws his or her application under s. 11.50 (2) (h), or s. 11.50 (2) (i) applies. The limitation prescribed in this subsection applies during any campaign, or if a candidate has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a candidate for the nomination of his or her party at a primary election, after the date of the primary election in that campaign. For purposes of this subsection, any contribution received by a candidate or his or her personal campaign committee from a committee which is registered with the federal elections commission as the authorized committee of the candidate under 2 USC 432 (e) shall be treated as a contribution made by the candidate to his or her own campaign. The contribution limit of sub. (4) applies to amounts contributed by such a candidate personally to the candidate's own campaign and to other campaigns, except that a candidate may exceed the limitation if authorized under this subsection to contribute more than the amount specified to the candidate's own campaign, up to the amount of the limitation.

SECTION 50. 11.26 (10) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

11.26 (10) (b) For purposes of computing the applicable amount under par. (a), if one of the candidates of a political party for the office of governor or lieutenant governor has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a candidate for the party nomination of his or her party in the September primary election, the contributions received on or before the date of the primary election by the candidate who has an opponent in that election shall be excluded.

SECTION 51. 11.26 (10a) of the statutes is created to read:

11.26 (10a) (a) In this subsection, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the federal department of labor.

(b) The dollar amounts of the limitations under subs. (1m), (9) (a) and (10) (a) shall be subject to a biennial adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance with this subsection. To determine the adjustment, the board shall calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of each odd-numbered year and the consumer price index for the base period, calendar year 2001. For each biennium, the board shall multiply the amount of each limitation under subs. (1m), (9) (a) and (10) by the percentage difference in the consumer price indices. The board shall adjust the amount of each limitation to substitute that result for the existing amount to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25. The amount so determined shall then be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b) and (3), determinations under this subsection may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety or welfare and without a finding of emergency.

1	SECTION 52. 11.26 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	11.26 (13) Except as provided in sub. (9), contributions Contributions received
3	from the Wisconsin election campaign clean government fund are not subject to
4	limitation by this section.
5	SECTION 53. 11.26 (17) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	11.26 (17) (a) For purposes of application of the limitations imposed in subs.
7	(1), $(1m)$, (2) , (9) and (10) , the "campaign" of a candidate begins and ends at the times
8	specified in this subsection, except as otherwise provided in subs. (1m), (9) and (10).
9	SECTION 54. 11.265 of the statutes is repealed.
10	SECTION 55. 11.31 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	11.31 (1) (a) Candidates for governor, \$1,078,200 and lieutenant governor
12	jointly, \$2,000,000.
13	SECTION 56. 11.31 (1) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
14	Section 57. 11.31 (1) (c) and (d) of the statutes are amended to read:
15	11.31 (1) (c) Candidates for attorney general, \$539,000 \$400,000.
16	(d) Candidates for secretary of state, state treasurer, justice or state
17	superintendent, \$215,625 \$200,000.
18	SECTION 58. 11.31 (1) (e) and (f) of the statutes are amended to read:
19	11.31 (1) (e) Candidates for state senator, \$34,500 total in the primary and
20	election, with disbursements not exceeding \$21,575 for either the primary or the
21	election <u>\$120,000</u> .
22	(f) Candidates for representative to the assembly, \$17,250 total in the primary
23	and election, with disbursements not exceeding $$10,775$ for either the primary or the
24	election <u>\$60,000</u> .
25	SECTION 59. 11.31 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (2) LIMITATION IMPOSED. No candidate for state office at a spring or general
election who files a sworn statement and application to receive a grant from the
Wisconsin election campaign clean government fund may make or authorize total
disbursements from the his or her campaign treasury in any campaign to the extent
of more than the amount prescribed in sub. (1), adjusted as provided under sub. (9),
unless the board determines that the candidate is not eligible to receive a grant, the
candidate withdraws his or her application under s. $11.50(2)(h)$, or s. $11.50(2)(i)$ sub.
(3p) applies. No candidate for state office at a special election who files a sworn
statement and application to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign
<u>clean government</u> fund may make or authorize total disbursements from the <u>his or</u>
her campaign treasury in any campaign to the extent of more than the amount
prescribed under sub. (1), adjusted as provided under sub. (9), for the preceding
spring or general election for the same office, unless the board determines that the
candidate is not eligible to receive a grant, the candidate withdraws his or her
application under s. 11.50 (2) (h), or s. 11.50 (2) (i) sub. (3p) applies.
SECTION 60. 11.31 (2m) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 61. 11.31 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 62. 11.31 (3m) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 63. 11.31 (3p) of the statutes is created to read:
11.31 (3p) CANDIDATES RECEIVING ADDITIONAL GRANTS; EXCEPTION. If a candidate
receives a grant under s. 11.50 (9) (b), (ba), (bb) or (bc), the disbursement limitation
of that candidate for the campaign in which the grant is received is increased by the
amount of that grant.
SECTION 64. 11.31 (4) of the statutes is repealed

SECTION 65. 11.31 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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11.31 (7) (a) For purposes of this section, except as provided in par. (e), the "campaign" of a candidate extends from July 1 preceding the date on which the spring primary or election occurs or January 1 preceding the date on which the September primary or general election occurs for the office which the candidate seeks, or from the date of the candidate's public announcement, whichever is earlier, through the last day of the month following the month in which the election or primary is held for the office which the candidate seeks, except that if a candidate for an office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a candidate for the nomination of his or her party at a primary election, the campaign of that candidate extends from the day after the date of the primary election through the last day of the month following the month in which the election is held for the office which the candidate seeks.

SECTION 66. 11.31 (7) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

11.31 (7) (e) For purposes of computing the applicable amount under par. (a), if one of the candidates of a political party for the office of governor or lieutenant governor has an opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot as a candidate for the party nomination of his or her party in the September primary election, the disbursements made or obligated to be made on or before the date of the primary election by the candidate who has an opponent shall be excluded.

SECTION 67. 11.31 (9) of the statutes is created to read:

11.31 (9) Adjustment of disbursement levels. (a) In this subsection, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the federal department of labor.

(b) The dollar amounts of all disbursement levels specified in sub. (1) shall be
subject to a biennial adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance
with this subsection. To determine the adjustment, the board shall calculate the
percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period
ending on December 31 of each odd–numbered year and the consumer price index for
the base period, calendar year 2001. For each biennium, the board shall multiply
that result by the percentage difference in the consumer price indices. The board
shall adjust the disbursement levels specified under sub. (1) to substitute that result
for the existing levels to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the
nearest multiple of \$25 in the case of amounts of \$1 or more, which amounts shall
be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection.
Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b) and (3), determinations under this
subsection may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without
providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health,
safety or welfare, and without a finding of emergency.
SECTION 68. 11.50 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
11.50 (title) Wisconsin election campaign Clean government fund.
SECTION 69. 11.50 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
11.50 (1) (b) "Fund" means the Wisconsin election campaign clean government
fund.
SECTION 70. 11.50 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
11.50 (2) (a) Any individual who desires to qualify as an eligible candidate may
file an application with the board requesting approval to participate in the fund. The
application shall be filed no later than the applicable deadline for filing nomination

papers under s. 8.10 (2) (a), 8.15 (1), 8.20 (8) (a) or 8.50 (3) (a), no later than 4:30 p.m.

on the 7th day after the primary or date on which the primary would be held if required in the case of write—in candidates, or no later than 4:30 p.m. on the 7th day after appointment in the case of candidates appointed to fill vacancies. The application shall contain a sworn statement that the candidate and his or her authorized agents have complied with the contribution limitations prescribed in s. 11.26 and the disbursement limitations prescribed under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), at all times to which such limitations have applied to his or her candidacy and will continue to comply with the limitations at all times to which the limitations apply to his or her candidacy for the office in contest, unless the board determines that the candidate is not eligible to receive a grant, the candidate withdraws his or her application under par. (h), or par. (i) s. 11.31 (3p) applies.

SECTION 71. 11.50 (2) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.50 (2) (b) (intro.) The Except as provided in par. (bm), the board shall approve the application of an eligible candidate for participation if:

SECTION 72. 11.50 (2) (b) 5. of the statutes is renumbered 11.50 (2) (b) 5. (intro.) and amended to read:

11.50 (2) (b) 5. (intro.) The financial reports filed by or on behalf of the candidate as of the date of the spring or September primary, or the date that the special primary is or would be held, if required, indicate that the candidate has received at least the amount provided in this subdivision, from contributions of money, other than loans, made by individuals who are residents of this state, other than contributions received through conduits, which have been received during the period ending on the date of the spring primary and July 1 preceding such date in the case of candidates at the spring election, or the date of the September primary and January 1 preceding such date in the case of candidates at the general election,

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or the date that a special primary will or would be held, if required, and 90 days preceding such date or the date a special election is ordered, whichever is earlier, in the case of special election candidates, which contributions are in the aggregate amount of \$100 or less, and which are fully identified and itemized as to the exact source thereof. A contribution received from a conduit which is identified by the conduit as originating from an individual shall be considered a contribution made by the individual In the case of a candidate for legislative office, the contributions may only be received from individuals who are residents of the district in which the candidate seeks office. Only the first \$100 of an aggregate contribution of more than \$100 may be counted toward the required percentage. For a candidate at the spring or general election for an office identified in s. 11.26(1)(a) or a candidate at a special election, the required amount to qualify for a grant is 5% of the candidate's authorized disbursement limitation under s. 11.31. For any other candidate at the general election, the required amount to qualify for a grant is 10% of the candidate's authorized disbursement limitation under s. 11.31. Except as provided in sub. (9a), the amount of contributions required under this subdivision is: **SECTION 73.** 11.50 (2) (b) 5. a. to e. of the statutes are created to read: 11.50 (2) (b) 5. a. For candidates for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor jointly, \$80,400. b. For a candidate for the office of attorney general, \$16,200. c. For a candidate for the office of secretary of state, state treasurer, justice or state superintendent, \$8,040. d. For a candidate for the office of state senator, \$5,000. e. For a candidate for the office of representative to the assembly, \$2,500. SECTION 74. 11.50 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

1	11.50 (2) (bm) The board shall not approve the application of an eligible
2	candidate for the office of governor or lieutenant governor of the same political party
3	unless both candidates qualify to receive a grant under this subsection.
4	SECTION 75. 11.50 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	11.50 (2) (g) A candidate who voluntarily files an application to receive a grant
6	in accordance with this subsection accepts and agrees to comply with the
7	contribution limitations prescribed in s. 11.26 and the disbursement limitations
8	imposed under s. 11.31 (2), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9) as binding upon himself or
9	herself and his or her agents during the campaign as defined in s. 11.31 (7), as a
10	precondition to receipt of a grant under this section, unless the board determines
11	that the candidate is not eligible to receive a grant, the candidate withdraws the
12	application under par. (h), or par. (i) <u>s. 11.31 (3p)</u> applies.
13	SECTION 76. 11.50 (2) (i) of the statutes is repealed.
14	SECTION 77. 11.50 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
15	SECTION 78. 11.50 (4) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
16	11.50 (4) Amount of grants. Except as provided in sub. (9) (b), (ba), (bb) and
17	(bc), each eligible candidate for the same office who qualifies for grant under this
18	section shall receive an equal amount.
19	SECTION 79. 11.50 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	11.50 (5) Time of disbursement. The state treasurer shall make the
21	disbursements to the campaign depository account of each eligible candidate $\frac{1}{2}$
22	subs. (3) and (4) by the end of the 3rd business day following notice from the board
23	under s. 7.08 (2) (c) or (cm). Eligible candidates for governor and lieutenant governor
24	of the same political party may combine accounts if desired, except that the state
25	treasurer shall make disbursements for eligible candidates for the office of governor

1	and lieutenant governor jointly to the campaign depository account of the candidate
2	for governor.
3	SECTION 80. 11.50 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 81. 11.50 (9) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	11.50 (9) (title) Limitation on Amount of grants.
6	SECTION 82. 11.50 (9) of the statutes is renumbered 11.50 (9) (a) (intro.) and
7	amended to read:
8	11.50 (9) (a) (intro.) The Except as provided in pars. (b), (ba), (bb) and (bc) and
9	sub. (9a), the total grant available to an eligible candidate may not exceed that
10	amount which, when added to all other contributions accepted from sources other
11 .	than individuals, political party committees and legislative campaign committees,
12	is equal to 45% of the disbursement level specified for the applicable office under s.
13	11.31. The board shall scrutinize accounts and reports and records kept under this
14	chapter to assure that applicable limitations under ss. 11.26 (9) and 11.31 are not
15	exceeded and any violation is reported. is:
16	(am) No candidate or campaign treasurer may accept grants exceeding the
17	amount authorized by this subsection.
18	SECTION 83. 11.50 (9) (a) 1. to 5. of the statutes are created to read:
19	11.50 (9) (a) 1. For candidates for the office of governor and lieutenant governor
20	jointly, \$670,000.
21	2. For a candidate for the office of attorney general, \$135,000.
22	3. For a candidate for the office of secretary of state, state treasurer,
23	superintendent or justice, \$67,000.
24	4. For a candidate for the office of state senator, \$40,000.
25	5. For a candidate for the office of representative to the assembly, \$20,000.

SECTION 84. 11.50 (9) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

11.50 (9) (b) If an eligible candidate who accepts a grant is opposed by one or more candidates in a general or special election whose names are certified under s. 7.08 (2) (a) or 8.50 (1) (d) to appear on the ballot, and if a committee intends to receive or receives any contribution or contributions that are intended to be used or that are used to oppose the election of the eligible candidate who accepts a grant or to support a certified opponent of that candidate without cooperation or consultation with any certified opposing candidate or such a candidate's agent or authorized committee, and not in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of any certified opposing candidate's agent or authorized committee, then the board shall make an additional grant to the eligible candidate who accepts a grant in an amount equal to the total amount of contributions received for the purpose of advocating the election of the certified opposing candidate or for the purpose of opposing the election of the eligible candidate who accepts the grant, as reported by committees under s. 11.12 (6) (c).

SECTION 85. 11.50 (9) (ba) of the statutes is created to read:

11.50 (9) (ba) If an eligible candidate who accepts a grant is opposed by one or more candidates in a general or special election who are required, or whose personal campaign committees are required, to file a report under s. 11.12 (7), then the board shall make an additional grant to the eligible candidate who accepts a grant in an amount equal to the total amount or value of contributions accepted by the opposing candidate or candidates exceeding the amount specified for the office sought by the candidate or candidates under s. 11.12 (7) (a) for contributions from political party committees or from all contributors, or if both amounts specified in s. 11.12 (7) (a) are exceeded, an amount equal to the excess over both amounts specified, as reported by the opposing candidate under s. 11.12 (7) (a).

SECTION 86. 11.50 (9) (bb) of the statutes is created to read:

or more candidates in a general or special election whose names are certified under s. 7.08 (2) (a) or 8.50 (1) (d) to appear on the ballot, and if a conduit has accepted or intends to accept one or more contributions which the conduit has transferred or intends to transfer to the certified opposing candidate and the contributions are required to be reported by the conduit under s. 11.12 (6) (b), then the board shall make an additional grant to the eligible candidate who accepts a grant in an amount equal to the amount or value of contributions accepted by the opposing candidate or candidates, as reported by the conduit under s. 11.12 (6) (b).

SECTION 87. 11.50 (9) (bc) of the statutes is created to read:

or more candidates in a general or special election whose names are certified under s. 7.08 (2) (a) or 8.50 (1) (d) to appear on the ballot, and if a committee identified in s. 11.05 (3) (c), other than a conduit, intends to make or makes one or more contributions to the certified opposing candidate and the contributions are required to be reported by the committee under s. 11.12 (6) (e), then the board shall make an additional grant to the eligible candidate who accepts a grant in an amount equal to the amount or value of contributions intended to be made or made to the opposing candidate or candidates, as reported by the committee under s. 11.12 (6) (e).

SECTION 88. 11.50 (9a) of the statutes is created to read:

11.50 (9a) Adjustment of qualifying and grant amounts. (a) In this subsection, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12—month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the federal department of labor.

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(b) The dollar amounts of all qualifying amounts specified in sub. (2) (b) 5. and all grant amounts specified in sub. (9) shall be subject to a biennial adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance with this subsection. To determine the adjustment, the board shall calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of each odd-numbered year and the consumer price index for the base period, calendar year 2001. For each biennium, the board shall multiply each qualifying amount and grant amount by the percentage difference in the consumer price indices. The board shall adjust each qualifying amount and grant amount to substitute that result for the existing amount to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25. The amounts so determined shall then be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b) and (3), determinations under this subsection may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety or welfare and without a finding of emergency.

SECTION 89. 11.50 (11) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.50 (11) (e) No candidate may expend, authorize the expenditure of or incur any obligation to expend any grant if he or she violates the pledge required under sub. (2) (a) as a precondition to receipt of a grant, except as authorized in sub. (2) (h) or (i).

SECTION 90. 11.60 (3s) and (3t) of the statutes are created to read:

11.60 (3s) Notwithstanding sub. (1), if any candidate or other individual or committee, including a conduit, accepts or transfers a contribution, makes a disbursement or incurs an obligation to make a disbursement for the purpose of

supporting or opposing a candidate for an office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e)
or (f) or for a purpose specified in s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3. without first registering under
s. $11.05(1)$, (2) or $(2g)$ to the extent required under s. $11.05(1)$, (2) and $(2g)$, or without
reporting the information required under s. 11.12 (6) (b), (c) or (e) or (7) or 11.20 (3)
or (4) with respect to that contribution, disbursement or obligation, to the extent
required under ss. 11.12 (6) (b), (c) and (e) and (7) and 11.20 (3) and (4), the candidate
or other individual or committee may be required to forfeit not more than \$500 per
day for each day of continued violation.

- (3t) Notwithstanding sub. (1), if any candidate or other individual or committee, including a conduit, accepts or transfers one or more contributions, makes one or more disbursements or incurs one or more obligations to make disbursements for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for an office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) or for a purpose specified in s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3. in an amount or value that differs from the amount reported by that individual or committee under s. 11.12 (6) (b), (c) or (e) or (7) or 11.20 (3) or (4):
- (a) By more than 5% but not more than 10% cumulatively, the individual or committee shall forfeit 4 times the amount or value of the difference.
- (b) By more than 10% but not more than 15% cumulatively, the individual or committee shall forfeit 6 times the amount or value of the difference.
- (c) By more than 15% cumulatively, the individual or committee shall forfeit 8 times the amount of the difference.
- SECTION 91. 11.61 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 283, is amended to read:
- 24 11.61 (1) (a) Whoever Except as provided in par. (d), whoever intentionally 25 violates s. 11.05 (1), (2), (2g) or (2r), 11.07 (1) or (5), 11.10 (1), 11.12 (5), 11.23 (6) or

11.24 (1) may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 4 years 1 2 and 6 months or both. SECTION 92. 11.61 (1) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 283, 3 is amended to read: 4 11.61 (1) (b) Whoever Except as provided in par. (d), whoever intentionally 5 violates s. 11.25, 11.26, 11.27 (1), 11.30 (1) or 11.38 where the intentional violation 6 7 does not involve a specific figure, or where the intentional violation concerns a figure which exceeds \$100 in amount or value may be fined not more than \$10,000 or 8 9 imprisoned for not more than 4 years and 6 months or both. **SECTION 93.** 11.61 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 11.61 (1) (c) Wheever Except as provided in par. (d), whoever intentionally 11 violates any provision of this chapter other than those provided in par. (a) and 12 whoever intentionally violates any provision under par. (b) where the intentional 13 violation concerns a specific figure which does not exceed \$100 in amount or value 14 may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than 6 months or both. 15 16 **Section 94.** 11.61 (1) (d) of the statutes is created to read: 11.61 (1) (d) Whoever, with intent to conceal or deceive, accepts or transfers a 17 contribution, makes a disbursement or incurs an obligation to make a disbursement 18 19 for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for an office specified in s. 11.31 20 (1) (a) to (d), (e) or (f) or for a purpose specified in s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3. without first 21 registering under s. 11.05(1), (2) or (2g), to the extent required under s. 11.05(1), (2)22 and (2g), or without reporting the information required under s. 11.12 (6) (b), (c) or (e) or (7) or 11.20 (3) or (4) with respect to that contribution, disbursement or 23

obligation, to the extent required under ss. 11.12 (6) (b), (c) and (e) and (7) and 11.20

(3) and (4), may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

SECTION 95. 11.62 of the statutes is created to read:

- 11.62 Nullification of election. (1) If one or more violations that are punishable under s. 11.60 (3t) (c) are of sufficient severity to have affected the result of an election, the board or the district attorney for any county where such a violation occurs, or any candidate who is adversely affected by the result of the election, may commence a civil action to obtain a judgment nullifying the election, vacating the office filled at the election and ordering a special election to be held to fill the office vacated by the judgment.
- commenced under this section, the action may not be compromised or settled without consent of the candidate. If an action under this section is commenced by the board or a district attorney and any unsuccessful candidate whose name appeared on the ballot at the election is not a party to the action, the board or district attorney shall provide at least 30 days' written notice to each such candidate of any intent of the board or district attorney to compromise and settle the action. Notwithstanding s. 5.05 (1) (c), during the 30-day period following service of notice, the board or district attorney shall not compromise and settle the action and any candidate upon whom notice is served may intervene in the action. If any such candidate intervenes in the action within the 30-day period following service of notice, the board or district attorney shall not compromise or settle the action. If no nonconsenting candidate who is adversely affected by the result of the election is a party to the action and no such candidate intervenes in the action within the 30-day period following service of notice, the party commencing the action may compromise and settle the action.

1	SECTION 96. 14.58 (20) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	14.58 (20) Election CAMPAIGN CLEAN GOVERNMENT FUND. Make disbursements
3	to each candidate certified under s. 7.08 (2) (c) or (cm) by the elections board as
4	eligible to receive moneys from the Wisconsin election campaign clean government
5	fund.
6	SECTION 97. 20.510 (1) (q) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	20.510 (1) (q) Wisconsin election campaign Clean government fund. As a
8	continuing appropriation, from the Wisconsin election campaign clean government
9	fund, the moneys amounts determined under s. 11.50 to provide for payments to
10	eligible candidates certified under s. 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm).
11	SECTION 98. 20.855 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
12	SECTION 99. 20.855 (4) (bb) of the statutes is created to read:
13	20.855 (4) (bb) Clean government fund supplement. A sum sufficient equal to
14	the amounts required to make full payment of grants which candidates qualify to
15	receive from the clean government fund, to be transferred from the general fund to
16	the clean government fund no later than the time required to make payments of
17	grants under s. 11.50 (5).
18	SECTION 100. 25.17 (1) (ys) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	25.17 (1) (ys) Wisconsin election campaign Clean government fund (s. 25.42);
20	SECTION 101. 25.42 of the statutes is amended to read:
21	25.42 Wisconsin election campaign Clean government fund. All moneys
22	appropriated under s. 20.855 (4) (b) (bb) together with all moneys reverting to the
23	state under s. $11.50(8)$ and all gifts, bequests and devises received under s. $11.50(13)$
24	constitute the Wisconsin election campaign clean government fund, to be expended

1	for the purposes of s. 11.50. All moneys in the fund not disbursed by the state
2	treasurer shall continue to accumulate indefinitely.
3	SECTION 102. 71.10 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 103. Nonstatutory provisions.
5	(1) Notwithstanding section 990.001 (11) of the statutes, if a court finds that
6	any provision of this act is unconstitutional, the entire act is void.
7	SECTION 104. Initial applicability.
8	(1) The treatment of sections 11.12 (7) (d), 11.26 (10a), 11.31 (9) and 11.50 (9a)
9	of the statutes first applies to adjustments for the biennium beginning on January
10	1, 2002.
11	(END)

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

March 2, 2000

resports

- 1. Currently, ch. 11., stats., generally requires disclosure of financial activity by individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for state or local office [see ss. 11.01 (6), (7), (11) and (16), 11.05 and 11.06, stats.], unless a disbursement is made or obligation incurred by an individual other than a candidate or by a committee which is not organized primarily for political purposes, the disbursement is not a contribution as defined in the law and the disbursement is not made to expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate [see s. 11.06(2), stats.]. This language pretty closely tracks the holding of the U.S. Supreme Court in Buckley v. Valeo, et al., 96 S. Ct. 612, 656-664 (1976), which prescribes the boundaries of disclosure that may be constitutionally enforced (except as those requirements affect certain minor parties and independent candidates). Proposed s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3., which requires registration and reporting by individuals who or committees that make certain communications within 60 days of an election containing the reference to a candidate at that election, an office to be filled at that election or political party, appears to extend beyond the boundaries which the court permitted in 1976. As a result, its enforceability at the current time appears to rest upon a shift by the court in its stance on this issue. In this connection, see also North Carolina Right to Life Inc. v. Bartlett, 67 U.S.L.W. 4148 (U.S.C.A., 4th Cir., 1999), in which the court voided North Carolina's attempt to regulate issue advocacy as inconsistent with Buckley.
- 2. Proposed s. 11.50 (9) (b) to (bc), which increase the public grants payable to certain candidates when independent disbursements are made against them or their opponents, or when their opponents raise more than a specified level of contributions from certain sources, or when special interest committees, including conduits, report that they intend to make or transfer contributions to their opponents, and proposed s. 11.31 (3p), which increases disbursement limitations by an amount equal to any grant received under proposed s. 11.50 (9) (b) to (bc), may result in an abridgement of the First Amendment rights of the persons making the disbursements or contributions. See Day v. Holahan, 34 F.3d 1356 (8th Cir., 1994), in which a Minnesota law that included provisions similar to proposed s. 11.31 (3p) was voided. While this case expressly involved only independent expenditures, since this case and other federal cases hold that the making of a contribution is a protected First Amendment right, the same issue could be raised in the context of contributions. It should be noted that there

are there are viable arguments to be made on both sides of this issue, this case is not binding in Wisconsin because it did not arise in the circuit that includes Wisconsin and the U.S. Supreme Court has not yet spoken on this issue.

- 3. Proposed s. 11.62, which permits a court to nullify an election if certain violations of the campaign finance law are sufficient to have affected the election result, raises legal issues that make it difficult to predict how it will be applied. In State ex rel. La Follette v. Kohler, 200 Wis. 518 (1930), the Wisconsin Supreme Court held that the legislature has the power to void the election of a candidate who procured his nomination by illegal means. However, this case did not apply to a legislative candidate. In the case of a legislative candidate, the result might be affected by article IV, section 7, of the Wisconsin Constitution, which makes each house the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its members. Additionally, under this draft, violations that result in nullification of a candidate's election may be committed by persons other than the candidate. Also, if a candidate takes office and must be removed, it is generally held that where a constitution prescribes methodology for removal of officeholders (as does the Wisconsin Constitution), that methodology is exclusive. See 67 C.J.S. Officers s. 120, p. 486.
- 4. I also want to note briefly that a few of the provisions of this draft are innovative, and we do not yet have, to my knowledge, specific guidance from the federal courts concerning the enforceability of provisions of these types. It is well possible that a court may find a rational basis for these provisions that would permit them to be upheld. However, because of the concerns expressed by the U.S. Supreme Court in Buckley v. Valeo, et al., 96 S. Ct. 612 (1976), and certain other cases that attempts to regulate campaign financing activities may, in some instances, impermissibly intrude upon freedom of speech or association, or equal protection guarantees, it is possible that enforceability problems with these provisions may occur. In particular, those provisions concerning which we do not have specific guidance at this time are:
- (a) Proposed s. 11.12 (6) (b) and (c), which impose a waiting period of up to 21 days before certain contributions may be transferred or accepted or before certain disbursements may be made or obligations to make disbursements may be incurred.
- (b) Proposed s. 11.12 (7), which imposes additional reporting requirements upon candidates who decline to accept disbursement and contribution limitations and restrictions.
- (c) Proposed s. 11.24 (1t), which prohibits certain candidates and their personal campaign committees from accepting contributions within 10 days of an election in which the candidates participate.

Jeffery T. Kuesel Managing Attorney Phone: (608) 266–6778

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRBs0406/1dn JTK:cmh:jf

March 14, 2000

- 1. Currently, ch. 11., stats., generally requires disclosure of financial activity by individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for state or local office [see ss. 11.01 (6), (7), (11) and (16), 11.05 and 11.06, stats.], unless a disbursement is made or obligation incurred by an individual other than a candidate or by a committee which is not organized primarily for political purposes, the disbursement is not a contribution as defined in the law and the disbursement is not made to expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate [see s. 11.06(2), stats.]. This language pretty closely tracks the holding of the U.S. Supreme Court in Buckley v. Valeo, et al., 96 S. Ct. 612, 656-664 (1976), which prescribes the boundaries of disclosure that may be constitutionally enforced (except as those requirements affect certain minor parties and independent candidates). Proposed s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3., which requires registration and reporting by individuals who or committees that make certain communications within 60 days of an election containing the reference to a candidate at that election, an office to be filled at that election or political party, appears to extend beyond the boundaries which the court permitted in 1976. As a result, its enforceability at the current time appears to rest upon a shift by the court in its stance on this issue. In this connection, see also North Carolina Right to Life Inc. v. Bartlett, 67 U.S.L.W. 4148 (U.S.C.A., 4th Cir., 1999), in which the court voided North Carolina's attempt to regulate issue advocacy as inconsistent with Buckley.
- 2. Proposed s. 11.50 (9) (b) to (bc), which increase the public grants payable to certain candidates when independent disbursements are made against them or their opponents, or when their opponents raise more than a specified level of contributions from certain sources, or when special interest committees, including conduits, report that they intend to make or transfer contributions to their opponents, and proposed s. 11.31 (3p), which increases disbursement limitations by an amount equal to any grant received under proposed s. 11.50 (9) (b) to (bc), may result in an abridgement of the First Amendment rights of the persons making the disbursements or contributions. See Day v. Holahan, 34 F.3d 1356 (8th Cir., 1994), in which a Minnesota law that included provisions similar to proposed s. 11.31 (3p) was voided. While this case expressly involved only independent expenditures, since this case and other federal cases hold that the making of a contribution is a protected First Amendment right, the same issue could be raised in the context of contributions. It should be noted that there are there are viable arguments to be made on both sides of this issue, this case is not

binding in Wisconsin because it did not arise in the circuit that includes Wisconsin and the U.S. Supreme Court has not yet spoken on this issue.

- 3. Proposed s. 11.62, which permits a court to nullify an election if certain violations of the campaign finance law are sufficient to have affected the election result, raises legal issues that make it difficult to predict how it will be applied. In State ex rel. La Follette v. Kohler, 200 Wis. 518 (1930), the Wisconsin Supreme Court held that the legislature has the power to void the election of a candidate who procured his nomination by illegal means. However, this case did not apply to a legislative candidate. In the case of a legislative candidate, the result might be affected by article IV, section 7, of the Wisconsin Constitution, which makes each house the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its members. Additionally, under this draft, violations that result in nullification of a candidate's election may be committed by persons other than the candidate. Also, if a candidate takes office and must be removed, it is generally held that where a constitution prescribes methodology for removal of officeholders (as does the Wisconsin Constitution), that methodology is exclusive. See 67 C.J.S. Officers s. 120, p. 486.
- 4. I also want to note briefly that a few of the provisions of this draft are innovative, and we do not yet have, to my knowledge, specific guidance from the federal courts concerning the enforceability of provisions of these types. It is well possible that a court may find a rational basis for these provisions that would permit them to be upheld. However, because of the concerns expressed by the U.S. Supreme Court in Buckley v. Valeo, et al., 96 S. Ct. 612 (1976), and certain other cases that attempts to regulate campaign financing activities may, in some instances, impermissibly intrude upon freedom of speech or association, or equal protection guarantees, it is possible that enforceability problems with these provisions may occur. In particular, those provisions concerning which we do not have specific guidance at this time are:
- (a) Proposed s. 11.12 (6) (b) and (c), which impose a waiting period of up to 21 days before certain contributions may be transferred or accepted or before certain disbursements may be made or obligations to make disbursements may be incurred.
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