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Received: 01/13/99

Received By: malaigm

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Peggy Rosenzweig (608) 266-2512

By/Representing: Gene

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: malaigm

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

Mental Health - AODA

Extra Copies:

Mental Health - detent/commit Mental Health - miscellaneous

Topic:

Parental consent for mental health treatment for minors

**Instructions:** 

Companion to LRB-1715

**Drafting History:** 

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#### State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

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# 1999 BILL

JEN-O

AN ACT to repeal 51.13 (1) (b), 51.13 (2) (b) and (d) and (3) (b), 51.13 (4) (g) 1. and 51.13 (7) (title), (a) and (b); to renumber and amend 51.13 (7) (c); to amend 51.13 (1) (a), 51.13 (1) (c), 51.13 (1) (d), 51.13 (1) (e), 51.13 (2) (a), 51.13 (3) (c), 51.13 (3) (e), 51.13 (4) (a) (intro.), 51.13 (4) (c), 51.13 (4) (d), 51.13 (4) (g) (intro.), 51.13 (6) (a), 51.14 (3) (a), 51.14 (3) (b) 3., 51.14 (3) (b) 4., 51.14 (3) (g), 51.14 (3) (h) (intro.), 51.14 (4) (a), 51.14 (4) (b), 51.14 (4) (c), 51.14 (4) (g) (intro.), 51.20 (16) (a), 51.22 (2), 51.30 (5) (a), 51.30 (5) (b) 1., 51.30 (5) (b) 2., 51.35 (3) (a), 51.35 (3) (b), 51.35 (3) (g) and 51.61 (6); and to create 51.48 of the statutes; relating to: mental health treatment of minors.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, the Mental Health Act distinguishes between minors under 14 years of age and minors 14 years of age or over with regard to giving informed consent for treatment for mental illness, developmental disability, alcoholism or drug dependence (mental health treatment); voluntary admission to and discharge from an inpatient facility for mental health treatment; reexamination under, or modification or cancellation of, an involuntary commitment order; transfer from a juvenile secured correctional facility to an inpatient facility for mental health

treatment; and access and consent to the release of court records and treatment records. This bill eliminates the distinction between a minor under 14 years of age and a minor 14 years of age or over with regard to those areas of the Mental Health Act.

Specifically, under current law, subject to certain exceptions, before a minor 14 years of age or over may receive mental health treatment, the written, informed consent of the minor and the minor's parent or guardian is required. This bill eliminates the requirement that a minor 14 years of age or over provide his or her written, informed consent, in addition to that of his or her parent or guardian, before he or she may receive mental health treatment.

Under current law, subject to certain exceptions, before a minor 14 years of age or over may be admitted voluntarily to an inpatient facility for mental health treatment, the minor and the minor's parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian must execute an application for voluntary admission to the facility. This bill eliminates the requirement that a minor 14 years of age or over execute the application for voluntary admission to an inpatient facility, along with his or her parent or guardian, before the minor may be admitted to the facility.

Under current law, if a minor 14 years of age or over wishes to be admitted to an inpatient facility, but the minor's parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian refuses to execute the application for admission or cannot be found, the minor may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under the children's code (juvenile court) for approval of the admission. This bill permits a minor under 14 years of age to petition the juvenile court for approval of his or her admission to an inpatient facility if the minor's parent or guardian refuses to execute the application for admission or cannot be found.

Under current law, a minor 14 years of age or over who is voluntarily admitted to an inpatient facility may request that he or she be discharged from the facility and, subject to certain exceptions, must be discharged within 48 hours after submission of the request. A minor under 14 years of age, however, may be discharged on his or her request only after a hearing before the juvenile court to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission. This bill eliminates the requirement that a minor 14 years of age or over who has been voluntarily admitted to an inpatient facility be discharged within 48 hours after his or her request and instead requires the juvenile court to hold a hearing on such a request to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission, as is the case for minors under 14 years of age under current law.

Under current law, a minor 14 years of age or over who has been involuntarily committed for mental health treatment may, on his or her own petition or on the petition of a guardian, relative, friend or person providing treatment under the commitment order, petition the juvenile court for an order that his or her mental condition be reexamined or for an order modifying or canceling his or her commitment. This bill eliminates the right of a minor 14 years of age or over to file his or her own petition for such a reexamination, modification or cancellation.

Under current law, a minor may be transferred from a juvenile secured correctional facility to an inpatient facility if the juvenile court finds that the transfer is appropriate and consistent with the needs of the minor and, if the minor is 14 years

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of age or over, that the transfer is voluntary on the part of the minor. This bill eliminates the requirement that a minor 14 years of age or over must consent to being transferred from a juvenile correctional facility to an inpatient facility. Under the bill, only the minor's parent or guardian need consent, as is the case for minors under 14 years of age under current law.

Under current law, a minor 14 years of age or over may have access to his or her court records and treatment records on the same basis as an adult, but a minor under 14 years of age may have access to his or her court records only in the presence of his or her parent, guardian, counsel, guardian ad litem or a judge and may have access to his or her treatment records only in the presence of his or her parent, guardian, counsel, guardian ad litem or a staff member of the treatment facility. This bill permits a minor 14 years of age or over to have access to his or her court records or treatment records only in the presence of a person whose presence is required under current law for a minor under 14 years of age. The bill also eliminates the right under current law of a developmentally disabled minor 14 years of age or over to object to his or her parent or guardian or a person in the place of a parent having access to the minor's court and treatment records.

Under current law, subject to certain exceptions, confidential information in the court records or treatment records of a minor 14 years of age or over may be released on the consent of the minor without the consent of the minor's parent or guardian or a person in place of a parent. This bill eliminates the right of a minor 14 years of age or over to consent to the release of confidential information in his or her court records or treatment records without the consent of his or her parent or guardian or a person in place of a parent.

Finally, the bill permits a minor's parent or guardian to consent to have the minor tested for drugs or alcohol without the consent of the minor.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 51.13 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (1) (a) Except as provided in s. 51.45 (2m), the application for voluntary admission of a minor who is under 14 years of age to an approved inpatient treatment facility shall be executed by a parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian. Any statement or conduct by a minor under the age of 14 indicating that the minor does not agree to admission to the facility shall be noted on the face of the application and shall be noted in the petition required by sub. (4).

**SECTION 2.** 51.13 (1) (b) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 3.** 51.13 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (1) (c) If a minor 14 years of age or older wishes to be admitted to an approved inpatient treatment facility but a parent with legal custody or the guardian refuses to execute the application for admission or cannot be found, or if there is no parent with legal custody, the minor or a person acting on the minor's behalf may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 in the county of residence of the parent or guardian for approval of the admission. A copy of the petition and a notice of hearing shall be served upon the parent or guardian at his or her last-known address. If, after a hearing, the court determines that the parent or guardian's consent is of the parent or guardian is being unreasonably withheld or, that the parent or guardian cannot be found or that there is no parent with legal custody, and that the admission is proper under the standards prescribed in sub. (4) (d), it the court shall approve the minor's admission without the parent or guardian's consent of the parent or guardian. The court may, at the minor's request, temporarily approve the admission pending a hearing on the petition. If a hearing is held under this subsection, no review or hearing under sub. (4) is required.

**SECTION 4.** 51.13 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (1) (d) A minor against whom a petition or statement has been filed under s. 51.15, 51.20 or 51.45 (12) or (13) may be admitted under this section. The court may permit the minor to become a voluntary patient pursuant to under this section upon approval by the court of an application executed pursuant to under par. (a), (b) or (c), and the judge. The court shall then dismiss the proceedings under s. 51.15, 51.20 or 51.45 (12) or (13). If a hearing is held under this subsection, no hearing under sub. (4) is required.

**SECTION 5.** 51.13 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (1) (e) A minor may be admitted immediately upon the approval of the application executed under par. (a) er (b) by the treatment director of the facility or his or her designee or, in the case of a center for the developmentally disabled, the director of the center or his or her designee, and the director of the appropriate county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 if such the county department is to be responsible for the cost of the minor's therapy and treatment. Approval shall be based upon an informed professional opinion that the minor is in need of psychiatric services or services for developmental disability, alcoholism or drug abuse, that the treatment facility offers inpatient therapy or treatment which is appropriate for the minor's needs and that inpatient care in the facility is the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the minor's needs.

**SECTION 6.** 51.13 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (2) (a) A minor may be admitted to an inpatient treatment facility without complying with the requirements of this section if the admission does not involve the department or a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437, or a contract between a treatment facility and the department or between a treatment facility and a county department. The application for voluntary admission of a minor who is 14 years of age or over shall be executed by the minor and a parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian.

SECTION 7. 51.13 (2) (b) and (d) and (3) (b) of the statutes are repealed.

**SECTION 8.** 51.13 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (3) (c) A minor under 14 years of age and his or her parent or guardian shall also be informed by the director or his or her designee, both orally and in

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writing,	in	easily	understa	ndable	language	, of the	e minor	's right	to a	hearing	; to
determi	ne c	ontinu	ed appro	priaten	ess of the	admiss	ion as j	provided	in s	ub. (7).	

**SECTION 9.** 51.13 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (3) (e) Writing materials for use in requesting a hearing or discharge under this section shall be made available to minors at all times by every inpatient treatment facility. The staff of each such facility shall assist minors in preparing and submitting requests for discharge or hearing hearings.

SECTION 10. 51.13 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (a) (intro.) Within 3 days of after the admission of a minor under sub. (1), or within 3 days of after application for admission of the minor, whichever occurs first, the treatment director of the facility to which the minor is admitted or, in the case of a center for the developmentally disabled, the director of the center, shall file a verified petition for review of the admission in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 in the county in which the facility is located. A copy of the application for admission and of any relevant professional evaluations shall be attached to the petition. The petition shall contain all of the following:

**SECTION 11.** 51.13 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (c) A copy of the petition shall be provided by the petitioner to the minor and his or her parents or guardian within 5 days of after admission.

**SECTION 12.** 51.13 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (d) Within 5 days of <u>after</u> the filing of the petition, the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 shall determine, based on the allegations of the petition and accompanying documents, whether the admission is voluntary on the part of the minor if the minor is 14 years of age or older and whether there is a prima facie showing that the minor is in need of psychiatric services, or

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services for developmental disability, alcoholism or drug abuse, that the treatment facility offers inpatient therapy or treatment which is appropriate to the minor's needs, and that inpatient care in the treatment facility is the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the needs of the minor. If such a showing is made, the court shall permit voluntary admission. If the court is unable to make such those determinations based on the petition and accompanying documents, it shall the court may dismiss the petition as provided in par. (h); er order additional information to be produced as it-deems necessary for the court to make such review, and make such those determinations within 14 days of after admission or application for admission, whichever is sooner; or it may hold a hearing within 14 days of after admission or application for admission, whichever is sooner. If a notation of the minor's unwillingness appears on the face of the petition, or if a hearing has been requested by the minor, the minor's counsel, parent or guardian, the court shall hold a hearing to review the admission within 14 days of after admission or application for admission, whichever is sooner, and shall appoint counsel to represent the minor if the minor is unrepresented. If the court deems considers it necessary, it the court shall also appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the minor.

**SECTION 13.** 51.13 (4) (g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (g) (intro.) If the court finds that the minor is in need of psychiatric services or services for developmental disability, alcoholism or drug abuse in an inpatient facility, and that the inpatient facility to which the minor is admitted offers therapy or treatment that is appropriate for the minor's needs and that is the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the minor's needs and, in the case of a minor aged 14 or older, the application is voluntary on the part of the minor, the court shall permit voluntary admission. If the court finds that the therapy or

treatment in the inpatient facility to which the minor is admitted is not appropriate or is not the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the minor's needs, the court may order placement in or transfer to another more appropriate or less restrictive inpatient facility, except that the court may not permit or order placement in or transfer to the northern or southern centers for the developmentally disabled of a minor unless the department gives approval for the placement or transfer, and if the order of the court is approved by all of the following if applicable:

SECTION 14. 51.13 (4) (g) 1. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 15.** 51.13 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (6) (a) A minor may be admitted to an inpatient treatment facility without review of the application under sub. (4) for diagnosis and evaluation or for dental, medical or psychiatric services for a period not to exceed 12 days. The application for short-term admission of a minor shall be executed by the minor's parent or guardian, and by the minor if he or she is 14 years of age or older. A minor may not be readmitted to an inpatient treatment facility for psychiatric services under this paragraph within 120 days of after a previous admission under this paragraph.

**SECTION 16.** 51.13 (7) (title), (a) and (b) of the statutes are repealed.

**SECTION 17.** 51.13 (7) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 51.13 (7) and amended to read:

51.13 (7) Court Hearing Continued appropriateness of admission. Any minor under 14 years of age who is voluntarily admitted under this section may submit a written request to the court for a hearing to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission. If the director or staff of the inpatient treatment facility to which a minor under the age of 14 is admitted observes conduct by the

minor which demonstrates an unwillingness to remain at the facility, including but not limited to a written expression of opinion or unauthorized absence, the director shall file a written request with the court to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission. A request which that is made personally by a minor under this paragraph subsection shall be signed by the minor but need not be written or composed by him or her. A request for a hearing under this paragraph which subsection that is received by staff or the director of the facility in which the child minor is admitted shall be filed with the court by the director. The court shall order a hearing upon request if no hearing concerning the minor's admission has been held within 120 days of receipt of before the request is received. The court shall appoint counsel and, if the court deems considers it necessary, a guardian ad litem to represent the minor and if. If a hearing is held, the court shall hold the hearing within 14 days of after the request, unless the parties agree to a longer period. After the hearing, the court shall make disposition dispose of the matter in the manner provided in sub. (4).

**SECTION 18.** 51.14 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (a) Either a A minor 14 years of age or older or his or her parent or guardian may petition the mental health review officer in the county in which the parent or guardian has residence for a review of a refusal of either the minor or his or her parent or guardian to provide the informed consent for outpatient mental health treatment required under s. 51.61 (6).

**Section 19.** 51.14 (3) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (b) 3. The facts substantiating the petitioner's minor's belief that the minor he or she needs outpatient mental health treatment.

**SECTION 20.** 51.14 (3) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (b) 4. Any available information which substantiates the appropriateness of the particular treatment sought for by the minor and that the particular treatment sought is the least restrictive treatment consistent with the needs of the minor.

**SECTION 21.** 51.14 (3) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (g) Within 21 days after the filing of a petition under this subsection, the mental health review officer shall hold a hearing on the refusal of the minor or the minor's parent or guardian to provide informed consent for outpatient treatment. The mental health review officer shall provide notice of the date, time and place of the hearing to the minor and the minor's parent or guardian at least 96 hours prior to the hearing.

**SECTION 22.** 51.14 (3) (h) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (h) (intro.) If following the hearing under par. (g) and after taking into consideration the recommendations, if any, of the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 made under par. (e), the mental health review officer finds all of the following, he or she shall issue a written order that, notwithstanding the written, informed consent requirement of s. 51.61 (6), the written, informed consent of the minor, if the minor is refusing to provide consent, or the written, informed consent of the minor's parent or guardian, if the parent or guardian is refusing to provide consent, is not required for outpatient mental health treatment for the minor:

**SECTION 23.** 51.14 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (4) (a) Within 21 days after the issuance of the order by the mental health review officer under sub. (3) or if the requirements of sub. (3) (f) are satisfied, the minor or his or her parent or guardian may petition a court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 in the county of residence of the minor's parent

or guardian for a review of the refusal of either the minor or his or her the parent or guardian to provide the informed consent for outpatient mental health treatment required under s. 51.61 (6).

**SECTION 24.** 51.14 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (4) (b) The petition in par. (a) shall conform to the requirements set forth in sub. (3) (b). If the minor has refused to provide informed consent, a notation of this fact shall be made on the face of the petition.

**SECTION 25.** 51.14 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (4) (c) If a notation of a minor's refusal to provide informed consent to outpatient mental health treatment appears on the petition, the court shall, at least 7 days prior to the time scheduled for the hearing, appoint counsel to represent the minor if the minor is unrepresented. If the minor's parent or guardian has refused to provide informed consent and the minor is unrepresented, the court shall appoint counsel to represent the minor, if requested by the minor or determined by the court to be in the best interests of the minor.

**SECTION 26.** 51.14 (4) (g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (4) (g) (intro.) After the hearing under this subsection, the court shall issue a written order stating that, notwithstanding the written, informed consent requirement of s. 51.61 (6), the written, informed consent of the minor, if the minor refuses to provide consent, or the written, informed consent of the parent or guardian, if the parent or guardian refuses to provide consent, is not required for outpatient mental health treatment for the minor if the court finds all of the following:

**Section 27.** 51.20 (16) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (16) (a) Except in the case of alcoholic commitments under s. 51.45 (13), any patient who is involuntarily committed for treatment under this chapter, may on the patient's own verified petition, except in the case of a minor who is under 14 years of age, or on the verified petition of the patient's guardian, relative, friend, or any person providing treatment under the order of commitment, request a reexamination or request the court to modify or cancel an order of commitment.

**SECTION 28.** 51.22 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.22 (2) Voluntary Except as provided in s. 51.13 (2), voluntary admissions under ss. 51.10, 51.13 and 51.45 (10) shall be through the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 serving the person's county of residence, or through the department if the person to be admitted is a nonresident of this state. Admissions through a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 shall be made in accordance with s. 51.42 (3) (as) 1. or 51.437 (4rm) (a). Admissions through the department shall be made in accordance with sub. (3).

**SECTION 29.** 51.30 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (5) (a) Consent for release of information. The parent, guardian, or person in the place of a parent of a minor or the guardian of an adult adjudged incompetent under ch. 880 may consent to the release of confidential information in court or treatment records. A minor who is aged 14 or more may consent to the release of confidential information in court or treatment records without the consent of the minor's parent, guardian or person in the place of a parent. Consent under this paragraph must conform to the requirements of sub. (2).

**SECTION 30.** 51,30 (5) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (5) (b) 1. The guardian of an individual who is adjudged incompetent under ch. 880 shall have access to the individual's court and treatment records at all

times. The parent, guardian or person in the place of a parent of a developmentally disabled minor shall have access to the minor's court and treatment records at all times except in the case of a minor aged 14 or older who files a written objection to such access with the custodian of the records. The parent, guardian or person in the place of a parent of other minors shall have the same rights of access as provided to subject individuals under this section.

**SECTION 31.** 51.30 (5) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (5) (b) 2. A minor upon reaching the age of 14 shall have access to his or her own court and treatment records, as provided in this section. A minor under the age of 14 shall have access to court records but only in the presence of parent, guardian, counsel, guardian ad litem or judge and shall have access to treatment records as provided in this section but only in the presence of parent, guardian, counsel, guardian ad litem or staff member of the treatment facility.

**SECTION 32.** 51.35 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (3) (a) A licensed psychologist of a juvenile correctional facility or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a licensed physician of the department of corrections, who has reason to believe that any individual confined in the facility or institution is, in his or her opinion, in need of services for developmental disability, alcoholism or drug dependency or in need of psychiatric services, and who has obtained voluntary consent to make a transfer for treatment, shall make a report, in writing, to the superintendent of the facility or institution, stating the nature and basis of the belief and verifying the consent. In the case of a minor age 14 and over, the minor and, the minor's parent or guardian shall consent unless the minor is admitted under s. 51.13 (1) (c); and in the case of a minor under the age of 14, only the minor's parent or guardian need consent. The superintendent

shall inform, orally and in writing, the minor and the minor's parent or guardian, that transfer is being considered and shall inform them of the basis for the request and their rights as provided in s. 51.13 (3). If the department of corrections, upon review of a request for transfer, determines that transfer is appropriate, that department shall immediately notify the department of health and family services and, if the department of health and family services consents, the department of corrections may immediately transfer the individual. The department of corrections shall file a petition under s. 51.13 (4) (a) in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 of the county where the treatment facility is located.

**SECTION 33.** 51.35 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

shall determine, based on the allegations of the petition and accompanying documents, whether the transfer is voluntary on the part of the minor if he or she is aged 14 or over, and whether the transfer of the minor to an inpatient facility is appropriate and consistent with the needs of the minor. In the event that If the court is unable to make such determinations that determination based on the petition and accompanying documents, it shall the court may order additional information to be produced as it deems necessary for the court to make such review, and make such determinations the determination within 14 days of after admission, or it the court may hold a hearing within 14 days of after admission. If a notation of the minor's unwillingness appears on the face of the petition, or that if a hearing has been requested by the minor, the minor's counsel, guardian ad litem, parent or guardian, the court shall hold a hearing and appoint counsel or a guardian ad litem for the minor as provided in s. 51.13 (4) (d). At the conclusion of the hearing, the court shall approve or disapprove the request for transfer. If the minor is under the continuing

jurisdiction of the court of another county, the court may order the case transferred together with all appropriate records to that court.

**SECTION 34.** 51.35 (3) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (3) (g) A parent or guardian of a minor 14 years of age or older who is transferred to a treatment facility under par. (a) may request in writing a return of the minor to the juvenile correctional facility or secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g). In the case of a minor under 14 years of age, the parent or guardian may make the request. Upon receipt of a request for return from a minor 14 years of age or over, the director shall immediately notify the minor's parent or guardian. The minor shall be returned to the juvenile correctional facility or secured child caring institution within 48 hours after submission of the request unless a petition or statement is filed for emergency detention, emergency commitment, involuntary commitment or protective placement.

**SECTION 35.** 51.48 of the statutes is created to read:

51.48 Alcohol and other drug testing for minors. A minor's parent or guardian may consent to have the minor tested for the presence of alcohol or other drugs in the minor's body. Consent of the minor is not required under this section.

**SECTION 36.** 51.61 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.61 (6) Subject to the rights of patients provided under this chapter, the department, county departments under s. 51.42 or 51.437 and any agency providing services under an agreement with the department or those county departments have the right to use customary and usual treatment techniques and procedures in a reasonable and appropriate manner in the treatment of patients who are receiving services under the mental health system, for the purpose of ameliorating the conditions for which the patients were admitted to the system. The written,

or has been found not competent to refuse medication and treatment under s. 51.61 (1)(g). In the case of a minor, the written, informed consent of the parent or guardian is required. Except, except as provided under an order issued under s. 51.13 (1) (c) or 51.14 (3) (h) or (4) (g), if the minor is 14 years of age or older, the written, informed consent of the minor and the minor's parent or guardian is required. A refusal of either a parent or guardian of a minor 14 years of age or older or the minor's parent or guardian to provide written, informed consent for inpatient mental health treatment is reviewable under s. 51.13 (1) (c) and a refusal of a parent or guardian of a minor to provide written, informed consent for outpatient mental health treatment is reviewable under s. 51.14.

#### SECTION 37. Initial applicability.

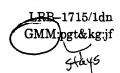
(1) This act first applies to individuals who are receiving inpatient or outpatient mental health treatment on the effective date of this subsection regardless of whether admission to an inpatient facility or an outpatient program occurred or was sought prior to the effective date of this subsection.

#### SECTION 38. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 2nd month beginning after publication.

(END)

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU



February 8, 1999

Current law and this draft treat similarly situated minors differently depending on whether the minor has been admitted privately or with state or county involvement. Specifically, under current law, a minor 14 or over, whether admitted privately or with state or county involvement, must be discharged on request; while a minor under 14 is entitled to a hearing on the continued appropriateness of his or her admission only if the minor has been admitted with state or county involvement, but not if the minor has been admitted privately. Similarly, under this draft, a minor of any age who has been admitted with state or county involvement is entitled to a hearing on the continued appropriateness of his or her admission; while a minor of any age who has been admitted privately is not so entitled. Do you want to grant the right to a hearing to a minor admitted privately so as to place such a minor on the same due process footing as a minor admitted with state or county involvement? Because a private admission does not involve state action, there is no constitutional requirement that a privately admitted minor receive a hearing. Accordingly, this policy decision is entirely up to your discretion.

Gordon M. Malaise Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–9738

E-mail: Gordon.Malaise@legis.state.wi.us

#### DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

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February 9, 1999

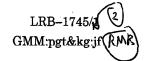
Current law and this draft treat similarly situated minors differently depending on whether the minor has been admitted privately or with state or county involvement. Specifically, under current law, a minor 14 or over, whether admitted privately or with state or county involvement, must be discharged on request; while a minor under 14 is entitled to a hearing on the continued appropriateness of his or her admission only if the minor has been admitted with state or county involvement, but not if the minor has been admitted privately. Similarly, under this draft, a minor of any age who has been admitted with state or county involvement is entitled to a hearing on the continued appropriateness of his or her admission; while a minor of any age who has been admitted privately is not so entitled. Do you want to grant the right to a hearing to a minor admitted privately so as to place such a minor on the same due process footing as a minor admitted with state or county involvement? Because a private admission does not involve state action, there is no constitutional requirement that a privately admitted minor receive a hearing. Accordingly, this policy decision is entirely up to your discretion.

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# State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE



1999 BILL 500N

, that 16, a hospital or unit of a hospital that has a gits primary purpose the diagnosis, treatment, and rehabilitation of montal illness, developmental disability alcoholism for drug abuse

AN ACT to repeal 51.13 (1) (b), 51.13 (2) (b) and (d) and (3) (b), 51.13 (4) (g) 1. and 51.13 (7) (title), (a) and (b); to renumber and amend 51.13 (7) (c); to amend 51.13 (1) (a), 51.13 (1) (c), 51.13 (1) (d), 51.13 (1) (e), 51.13 (2) (a), 51.13 (3) (c), 51.13 (3) (e), 51.13 (4) (a) (intro.), 51.13 (4) (c), 51.13 (4) (d), 51.13 (4) (g) (intro.), 51.13 (6) (a), 51.14 (3) (a), 51.14 (3) (b) 3., 51.14 (3) (b) 4., 51.14 (3) (g), 51.14 (3) (h) (intro.), 51.14 (4) (a), 51.14 (4) (b), 51.14 (4) (c), 51.14 (4) (g) (intro.), 51.20 (16) (a), 51.22 (2), 51.30 (5) (a), 51.30 (5) (b) 1, 51.30 (5) (b) 2., 51.35 (3) (a), 51.35 (3) (b), 51.35 (3) (g) and 51.61 (6); and to create 51.48 of the statutes; relating to: mental health treatment of minors.

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Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, the Mental Health Act distinguishes between minors under 14 years of age and minors 14 years of age or over with regard to giving informed consent for treatment for mental illness, developmental disability, alcoholism or drug dependence (mental health treatment); voluntary admission to and discharge from an inpatient facility for mental health treatment; reexamination under, or modification or cancellation of, an involuntary dommitment order; transfer from a juvenile secured correctional facility to an inpatient facility for mental health.

Mental

Coutpatient

**BILL** 

records. This bill eliminates the distinction between a minor under 14 years of age and a minor 14 years of age or over with regard to those areas of the Mental Health Act.

Specifically, under current law, subject to certain exceptions, before a minor 14 years of age or over may receive mental health treatment, the written, informed consent of the minor and the minor's parent or guardian is required. This bill eliminates the requirement that a minor 14 years of age or over provide his or her written, informed consent, in addition to that of his or her parent or guardian, before he or she may receive mental health treatment.

Under current law, subject to certain exceptions, before a minor 14 years of age or over may be admitted voluntarily to an inpatient facility for mental health treatment, the minor and the minor's parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian must execute an application for voluntary admission to the facility. This bill eliminates the requirement that a minor 14 years of age or over execute the application for voluntary admission to an inpatient facility, along with his or her parent or guardian, before the minor may be admitted to the facility.

Under current law, if a minor 14 years of age or over wishes to be admitted to an inpatient facility, but the minor's parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian refuses to execute the application for admission or cannot be found, the minor may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under the children's code (juvenile court) for approval of the admission. This bill permits a minor under 14 years of age to petition the juvenile court for approval of his or her admission to an inpatient facility if the minor's parent or guardian refuses to execute the application for admission or cannot be found.

Under current law, a minor 14 years of age or over who is voluntarily admitted to an inpatient facility may request that he or she be discharged from the facility and, subject to certain exceptions, must be discharged within 48 hours after submission of the request. A minor under 14 years of age, however, may be discharged on his or her request only after a hearing before the juvenile court to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission. This bill eliminates the requirement that a minor 14 years of age or over who has been voluntarily admitted to an inpatient facility be discharged within 48 hours after his or her request and instead requires the juvenile court to hold a hearing on such a request to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission, as is the case for minors under 14 years of age under current law.

Under current law, a minor 14 years of age or over who has been involuntarily committed for mental health treatment may, on his or her own petition or on the petition of a guardian, relative, friend or person providing treatment under the commitment order, petition the juvenile court for an order that his or her mental condition be reexamined or for an order modifying or canceling his or her commitment. This bill eliminates the right of a minor 14 years of age or over to file his or her own petition for such a reexamination, modification or cancellation.

Under current law, a minor may be transferred from a juvenile secured correctional facility to an inpatient facility if the juvenile court finds that the transfer is appropriate and consistent with the needs of the minor and, if the minor is 14 years

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of age or over, that the transfer is voluntary on the part of the minor. This bill eliminates the requirement that a minor 14 years of age or over must consent to being transferred from a juvenile correctional facility to an inpatient facility. Under the bill, only the minor's parent or guardian need consent, as is the case for minors under 14 years of age under current law.

Under current law, a minor 14 years of age or over may have access to his or her court records and treatment records on the same basis as an adult, but a minor under 14 years of age may have access to his or her court records only in the presence of his or her parent, guardian, counsel, guardian ad litem or a judge and may have access to his or her treatment records only in the presence of his or her parent, guardian, counsel, guardian ad litem or a staff member of the treatment facility. This bill permits a minor 14 years of age or over to have access to his or her court records or treatment records only in the presence of a person whose presence is required under current law for a minor under 14 years of age. The bill also eliminates the right under current law of a developmentally disabled minor 14 years of age or over to object to his or her parent or guardian or a person in the place of a parent having access to the minor's court and treatment records.

Under current law, subject to certain exceptions, confidential information in the court records or treatment records of a minor 14 years of age or over may be released on the consent of the minor without the consent of the minor's parent or guardian or a person in place of a parent. This bill eliminates the right of a minor 14 years of age or over to consent to the release of confidential information in his or her court records or treatment records without the consent of his or her parent or guardian or a person in place of a parent.

Finally, the bill permits a minor's parent or guardian to consent to have the minor tested for drugs or alcohol without the consent of the minor.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 51.13 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (1) (a) Except as provided in s. 51.45 (2m), the application for voluntary admission of a minor who is under 14 years of age to an approved inpatient treatment facility shall be executed by a parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian. Any statement or conduct by a minor under the age of 14 indicating that the minor does not agree to admission to the facility shall be noted on the face of the application and shall be noted in the petition required by sub. (4).

**SECTION 2.** 51.13 (1) (b) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 3.** 51.13 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (1) (c) If a minor 14 years of age or older wishes to be admitted to an approved inpatient treatment facility but a parent with legal custody or the guardian refuses to execute the application for admission or cannot be found, or if there is no parent with legal custody, the minor or a person acting on the minor's behalf may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 in the county of residence of the parent or guardian for approval of the admission. A copy of the petition and a notice of hearing shall be served upon the parent or guardian at his or her last-known address. If, after a hearing, the court determines that the parent or guardian's consent is of the parent or guardian is being unreasonably withheld or, that the parent or guardian cannot be found or that there is no parent with legal custody, and that the admission is proper under the standards prescribed in sub. (4) (d), it the court shall approve the minor's admission without the parent or guardian's consent of the parent or guardian. The court may, at the minor's request, temporarily approve the admission pending a hearing on the petition. If a hearing is held under this subsection, no review or hearing under sub. (4) is required.

**SECTION 4.** 51.13 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (1) (d) A minor against whom a petition or statement has been filed under s. 51.15, 51.20 or 51.45 (12) or (13) may be admitted under this section. The court may permit the minor to become a voluntary patient pursuant to under this section upon approval by the court of an application executed pursuant to under par. (a), (b) or (c), and the judge. The court shall then dismiss the proceedings under s. 51.15, 51.20 or 51.45 (12) or (13). If a hearing is held under this subsection, no hearing under sub. (4) is required.

**Section 5.** 51.13 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (1) (e) A minor may be admitted immediately upon the approval of the application executed under par. (a) er (b) by the treatment director of the facility or his or her designee or, in the case of a center for the developmentally disabled, the director of the center or his or her designee, and the director of the appropriate county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 if such the county department is to be responsible for the cost of the minor's therapy and treatment. Approval shall be based upon an informed professional opinion that the minor is in need of psychiatric services or services for developmental disability, alcoholism or drug abuse, that the treatment facility offers inpatient therapy or treatment which is appropriate for the minor's needs and that inpatient care in the facility is the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the minor's needs.

**SECTION 6.** 51.13 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (2) (a) A minor may be admitted to an inpatient treatment facility without complying with the requirements of this section if the admission does not involve the department or a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437, or a contract between a treatment facility and the department or between a treatment facility and a county department. The application for voluntary admission of a minor who is 14 years of age or over shall be executed by the minor and a parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian.

SECTION 7. 51.13 (2) (b) and (d) and (3) (b) of the statutes are repealed.

**SECTION 8.** 51.13 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (3) (c) A minor under 14 years of age and his or her parent or guardian shall also be informed by the director or his or her designee, both orally and in

writing, in easily understandable language, of the minor's right to a hearing to determine continued appropriateness of the admission as provided in sub. (7).

**SECTION 9.** 51.13 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (3) (e) Writing materials for use in requesting a hearing or discharge under this section shall be made available to minors at all times by every inpatient treatment facility. The staff of each such facility shall assist minors in preparing and submitting requests for discharge or hearing hearings.

**SECTION 10.** 51.13 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (a) (intro.) Within 3 days of after the admission of a minor under sub. (1), or within 3 days of after application for admission of the minor, whichever occurs first, the treatment director of the facility to which the minor is admitted or, in the case of a center for the developmentally disabled, the director of the center, shall file a verified petition for review of the admission in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 in the county in which the facility is located. A copy of the application for admission and of any relevant professional evaluations shall be attached to the petition. The petition shall contain all of the following:

**SECTION 11.** 51.13 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (c) A copy of the petition shall be provided by the petitioner to the minor and his or her parents or guardian within 5 days of after admission.

**SECTION 12.** 51.13 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (d) Within 5 days of <u>after</u> the filing of the petition, the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 shall determine, based on the allegations of the petition and accompanying documents, whether the admission is voluntary on the part of the minor if the minor is 14 years of age or older and whether there is a prima facie showing that the minor is in need of psychiatric services, or

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services for developmental disability, alcoholism or drug abuse, that the treatment facility offers inpatient therapy or treatment which is appropriate to the minor's needs, and that inpatient care in the treatment facility is the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the needs of the minor. If such a showing is made, the court shall permit voluntary admission. If the court is unable to make such those determinations based on the petition and accompanying documents, it shall the court may dismiss the petition as provided in par. (h); er order additional information to be produced as it deems necessary for the court to make such review, and make such those determinations within 14 days of after admission or application for admission, whichever is sooner; or it may hold a hearing within 14 days of after admission or application for admission, whichever is sooner. If a notation of the minor's unwillingness appears on the face of the petition, or if a hearing has been requested by the minor, the minor's counsel, parent or guardian, the court shall hold a hearing to review the admission within 14 days of after admission or application for admission, whichever is sooner, and shall appoint counsel to represent the minor if the minor is unrepresented. If the court deems considers it necessary, it the court shall also appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the minor.

**SECTION 13.** 51.13 (4) (g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (g) (intro.) If the court finds that the minor is in need of psychiatric services or services for developmental disability, alcoholism or drug abuse in an inpatient facility, and that the inpatient facility to which the minor is admitted offers therapy or treatment that is appropriate for the minor's needs and that is the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the minor's needs and, in the case of a minor aged 14 or older, the application is voluntary on the part of the minor, the court shall permit voluntary admission. If the court finds that the therapy or

treatment in the inpatient facility to which the minor is admitted is not appropriate or is not the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the minor's needs, the court may order placement in or transfer to another more appropriate or less restrictive inpatient facility, except that the court may not permit or order placement in or transfer to the northern or southern centers for the developmentally disabled of a minor unless the department gives approval for the placement or transfer, and if the order of the court is approved by all of the following if applicable:

**SECTION 14.** 51.13 (4) (g) 1. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 15.** 51.13 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (6) (a) A minor may be admitted to an inpatient treatment facility without review of the application under sub. (4) for diagnosis and evaluation or for dental, medical or psychiatric services for a period not to exceed 12 days. The application for short-term admission of a minor shall be executed by the minor's parent or guardian, and by the minor if he or she is 14 years of age or older. A minor may not be readmitted to an inpatient treatment facility for psychiatric services under this paragraph within 120 days of after a previous admission under this paragraph.

**SECTION 16.** 51.13 (7) (title), (a) and (b) of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 17. 51.13 (7) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 51.13 (7) and amended to read:

51.13 (7) Court Hearing Continued appropriateness of admission. Any minor under 14 years of age who is voluntarily admitted under this section may submit a written request to the court for a hearing to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission. If the director or staff of the inpatient treatment facility to which a minor under the age of 14 is admitted observes conduct by the

minor which demonstrates an unwillingness to remain at the facility, including but not limited to a written expression of opinion or unauthorized absence, the director shall file a written request with the court to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission. A request which that is made personally by a minor under this paragraph subsection shall be signed by the minor but need not be written or composed by him or her. A request for a hearing under this paragraph which subsection that is received by staff or the director of the facility in which the child minor is admitted shall be filed with the court by the director. The court shall order a hearing upon request if no hearing concerning the minor's admission has been held within 120 days of receipt of before the request is received. The court shall appoint counsel and, if the court deems considers it necessary, a guardian ad litem to represent the minor and if. If a hearing is held, the court shall hold the hearing within 14 days of after the request, unless the parties agree to a longer period. After the hearing, the court shall make disposition dispose of the matter in the manner provided in sub. (4).

**SECTION 18.** 51.14 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (a) Either a A minor 14 years of age or older or his or her parent or guardian may petition the mental health review officer in the county in which the parent or guardian has residence for a review of a refusal of either the minor or his or her parent or guardian to provide the informed consent for outpatient mental health treatment required under s. 51.61 (6).

**SECTION 19.** 51.14 (3) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (b) 3. The facts substantiating the petitioner's minor's belief that the minor he or she needs outpatient mental health treatment.

**SECTION 20.** 51.14 (3) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (b) 4. Any available information which substantiates the appropriateness of the particular treatment sought for by the minor and that the particular treatment sought is the least restrictive treatment consistent with the needs of the minor.

**SECTION 21.** 51.14 (3) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (g) Within 21 days after the filing of a petition under this subsection, the mental health review officer shall hold a hearing on the refusal of the minor or the minor's parent or guardian to provide informed consent for outpatient treatment. The mental health review officer shall provide notice of the date, time and place of the hearing to the minor and the minor's parent or guardian at least 96 hours prior to the hearing.

**SECTION 22.** 51.14 (3) (h) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (3) (h) (intro.) If following the hearing under par. (g) and after taking into consideration the recommendations, if any, of the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 made under par. (e), the mental health review officer finds all of the following, he or she shall issue a written order that, notwithstanding the written, informed consent requirement of s. 51.61 (6), the written, informed consent of the minor, if the minor is refusing to provide consent, or the written, informed consent of the minor's parent or guardian, if the parent or guardian is refusing to provide consent, is not required for outpatient mental health treatment for the minor:

**SECTION 23.** 51.14 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (4) (a) Within 21 days after the issuance of the order by the mental health review officer under sub. (3) or if the requirements of sub. (3) (f) are satisfied, the minor or his or her parent or guardian may petition a court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 in the county of residence of the minor's parent

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or guardian for a review of the refusal of either the minor or his or her the parent or guardian to provide the informed consent for outpatient mental health treatment required under s. 51.61 (6).

**Section 24.** 51.14 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (4) (b) The petition in par. (a) shall conform to the requirements set forth in sub. (3) (b). If the minor has refused to provide informed consent, a notation of this fact shall be made on the face of the petition.

**SECTION 25.** 51.14 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (4) (c) If a notation of a minor's refusal to provide informed consent to outpatient mental health treatment appears on the petition, the court shall, at least 7 days prior to the time scheduled for the hearing, appoint counsel to represent the minor if the minor is unrepresented. If the minor's parent or guardian has refused to provide informed consent and the minor is unrepresented, the court shall appoint counsel to represent the minor, if requested by the minor or determined by the court to be in the best interests of the minor.

**SECTION 26.** 51.14 (4) (g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.14 (4) (g) (intro.) After the hearing under this subsection, the court shall issue a written order stating that, notwithstanding the written, informed consent requirement of s. 51.61 (6), the written, informed consent of the minor, if the minor refuses to provide consent, or the written, informed consent of the parent or guardian, if the parent or guardian refuses to provide consent, is not required for outpatient mental health treatment for the minor if the court finds all of the following:

SECTION 27. 51.20 (16) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (16) (a) Except in the case of alcoholic commitments under s. 51.45 (13), any patient who is involuntarily committed for treatment under this chapter, may on the patient's own verified petition, except in the case of a minor who is under 14 years of age, or on the verified petition of the patient's guardian, relative, friend, or any person providing treatment under the order of commitment, request a reexamination or request the court to modify or cancel an order of commitment.

**SECTION 28.** 51.22 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.22 (2) Voluntary Except as provided in s. 51.13 (2), voluntary admissions under ss. 51.10, 51.13 and 51.45 (10) shall be through the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 serving the person's county of residence, or through the department if the person to be admitted is a nonresident of this state. Admissions through a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 shall be made in accordance with s. 51.42 (3) (as) 1. or 51.437 (4rm) (a). Admissions through the department shall be made in accordance with sub. (3).

**SECTION 29.** 51.30 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (5) (a) Consent for release of information. The parent, guardian, or person in the place of a parent of a minor or the guardian of an adult adjudged incompetent under ch. 880 may consent to the release of confidential information in court or treatment records. A minor who is aged 14 or more may consent to the release of confidential information in court or treatment records without the consent of the minor's parent, guardian or person in the place of a parent. Consent under this paragraph must conform to the requirements of sub. (2).

**SECTION 30.** 51.30 (5) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (5) (b) 1. The guardian of an individual who is adjudged incompetent under ch. 880 shall have access to the individual's court and treatment records at all

times. The parent, guardian or person in the place of a parent of a developmentally disabled minor shall have access to the minor's court and treatment records at all times except in the case of a minor aged 14 or older who files a written objection to such access with the custodian of the records. The parent, guardian or person in the place of a parent of other minors shall have the same rights of access as provided to subject individuals under this section.

**SECTION 31.** 51.30 (5) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (5) (b) 2. A minor upon reaching the age of 14 shall have access to his or her own court and treatment records, as provided in this section. A minor under the age of 14 shall have access to court records but only in the presence of parent, guardian, counsel, guardian ad litem or judge and shall have access to treatment records as provided in this section but only in the presence of parent, guardian, counsel, guardian ad litem or staff member of the treatment facility.

**SECTION 32.** 51.35 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (3) (a) A licensed psychologist of a juvenile correctional facility or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a licensed physician of the department of corrections, who has reason to believe that any individual confined in the facility or institution is, in his or her opinion, in need of services for developmental disability, alcoholism or drug dependency or in need of psychiatric services, and who has obtained voluntary consent to make a transfer for treatment, shall make a report, in writing, to the superintendent of the facility or institution, stating the nature and basis of the belief and verifying the consent. In the case of a minor age 14 and over, the minor and, the minor's parent or guardian shall consent unless the minor is admitted under s. 51.13 (1) (c); and in the case of a minor under the age of 14, only the minor's parent or guardian need consent. The superintendent

shall inform, orally and in writing, the minor and the minor's parent or guardian, that transfer is being considered and shall inform them of the basis for the request and their rights as provided in s. 51.13 (3). If the department of corrections, upon review of a request for transfer, determines that transfer is appropriate, that department shall immediately notify the department of health and family services and, if the department of health and family services consents, the department of corrections may immediately transfer the individual. The department of corrections shall file a petition under s. 51.13 (4) (a) in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 of the county where the treatment facility is located.

**SECTION 33.** 51.35 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

shall determine, based on the allegations of the petition and accompanying documents, whether the transfer is voluntary on the part of the minor if he or she is aged 14 or over, and whether the transfer of the minor to an inpatient facility is appropriate and consistent with the needs of the minor. In the event that If the court is unable to make such determinations that determination based on the petition and accompanying documents, it shall the court may order additional information to be produced as it deems necessary for the court to make such review, and make such determinations the determination within 14 days of after admission, or it the court may hold a hearing within 14 days of after admission. If a notation of the minor's unwillingness appears on the face of the petition, or that if a hearing has been requested by the minor, the minor's counsel, guardian ad litem, parent or guardian, the court shall hold a hearing and appoint counsel or a guardian ad litem for the minor as provided in s. 51.13 (4) (d). At the conclusion of the hearing, the court shall approve or disapprove the request for transfer. If the minor is under the continuing

jurisdiction of the court of another county, the court may order the case transferred together with all appropriate records to that court.

**SECTION 34.** 51.35 (3) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (3) (g) A parent or guardian of a minor 14 years of age or older who is transferred to a treatment facility under par. (a) may request in writing a return of the minor to the juvenile correctional facility or secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g). In the case of a minor under 14 years of age, the parent or guardian may make the request. Upon receipt of a request for return from a minor 14 years of age or over, the director shall immediately notify the minor's parent or guardian. The minor shall be returned to the juvenile correctional facility or secured child caring institution within 48 hours after submission of the request unless a petition or statement is filed for emergency detention, emergency commitment, involuntary commitment or protective placement.

**SECTION 35.** 51.48 of the statutes is created to read:

51.48 Alcohol and other drug testing for minors. A minor's parent or guardian may consent to have the minor tested for the presence of alcohol or other drugs in the minor's body. Consent of the minor is not required under this section.

**SECTION 36.** 51.61 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.61 (6) Subject to the rights of patients provided under this chapter, the department, county departments under s. 51.42 or 51.437 and any agency providing services under an agreement with the department or those county departments have the right to use customary and usual treatment techniques and procedures in a reasonable and appropriate manner in the treatment of patients who are receiving services under the mental health system, for the purpose of ameliorating the conditions for which the patients were admitted to the system. The written,

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or has been found not competent to refuse medication and treatment under s. 51.61 (1)(g). In the case of a minor, the written, informed consent of the parent or guardian is required. Except, except as provided under an order issued under s. 51.13 (1) (c) or 51.14 (3) (h) or (4) (g), if the minor is 14 years of age or older, the written, informed consent of the minor and the minor's parent or guardian is required. A refusal of either a parent or guardian of a minor 14 years of age or older or the minor's parent or guardian to provide written, informed consent for inpatient mental health?

treatment is reviewable under s. 51.13 (1) (c) and a refusal of a parent or guardian of a minor to provide written, informed consent for outpatient mental health treatment is reviewable under s. 51.14.

SECTION 37. Initial applicability.

outpatient mental health treatment on the effective date of this subsection regardless of whether admission to an inpatient facility or an outpatient program occurred or was sought prior to the effective date of this subsection.

#### SECTION 38. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 2nd month beginning after publication.

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(END)

# STATE OF WISCONSIN – **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU** – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

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#### DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

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March 4, 1999

On the advice of Managing Attorney Debora A. Kennedy, who specializes in the drafting of mental health law, this redraft changes certain references in the analysis, s. 51.61 (6), as affected by the draft, and the Initial Applicability Section of the draft from "inpatient mental health treatment" to "admission to (or treatment in) an approved inpatient treatment facility". The new reference is more accurate and legally correct because an inpatient facility may treat not only mental illness, but also developmental disability and alcohol or other drug abuse.

Gordon M. Malaise Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–9738

E-mail: Gordon.Malaise@legis.state.wi.us

## SUBMITTAL FORM

# LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Legal Section Telephone: 266-3561 5th Floor, 100 N. Hamilton Street

The attached draft is submitted for your inspection. Please check each part carefully, proofread each word, and sign on the appropriate line(s) below.

**Date:** 3/4/99

To: Senator Rosenzweig

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F	Relating to LRB drafting number: LRB-1745
Topic Parental consent for mental health treatment for minors	
Subject(s) Mental Health - AODA, Mental Health - detent/commit	t, Mental Health - miscellaneous
1. JACKET the draft for introduction	J Hosensweig
in the Senate or the Assembly (sheek out	y one). Only the requester under whose name the
drafting request is entered in the LRB's drafting reco	rds may authorize the draft to be submitted. Please
allow one day for the preparation of the required copi	ies.
2. <b>REDRAFT.</b> See the changes indicated or attached _	
A revised draft will be submitted for your approval w	vith changes incorporated.
3. Obtain <b>FISCAL ESTIMATE NOW</b> , prior to introd	uction
If the analysis indicates that a fiscal estimate is require	red because the proposal makes an appropriation or
increases or decreases existing appropriations or state	e or general local government fiscal liability or
revenues, you have the option to request the fiscal est	timate prior to introduction. If you choose to
introduce the proposal without the fiscal estimate, the	e fiscal estimate will be requested automatically upon
introduction. It takes about 10 days to obtain a fiscal	estimate. Requesting the fiscal estimate prior to
introduction retains your flexibility for possible redra	fting of the proposal.
If you have any questions regarding the above procedure	es, please call 266-3561. If you have any questions
relating to the attached draft, please feel free to call me.	

Gordon M. Malaisc, Scnior Legislative Attorney Telephone: (608) 266-9738