1999 Sc	ession		LRB Number	
FISCAL ESTIMATE		4471/1		
DOA-2048 N(R06/99)	☐ UPDATED ☐ SUPPLEMENTAL		Bill Number Senate Bill 399	
Subject Increasing a school district's revenue limit by the amount spent to initiate a Amendment No. if Applicable				
school breakfast or school lunch program and requiring a report on pupil nourishment.		Administrative Rule Number		
Fiscal Effect				
State: No State Fiscal Effect				
Check columns below only if bill makes a direct appropriation			Costs - May be possible to Absorb	
or affects a sum sufficient appropriation.		Within Age	Within Agency's Budget	
☐ Increase Existing Appropriation ☐ Increase Existing Revenues				
□ Decrease Existing Appropriation□ Create New Appropriation□ Decrease Existing Revenues□ Decrease Existing Revenues		☐ Decrease	Costs	
Create New Appropriation		Deciease	00313	
Local: No local government costs				
		1 **	Local Governmental Units Affected:	
	☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory ☐ Tov 4. ☐ Decrease Revenues ☐ Cou			
	ease Revenues ermissive	☐ Counties ☐ Others ☐ School Districts ☐ WTCS Districts		
Fund Sources Affected		Chapter 20 App		
☐ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO ☐ PRS ☐ SEG ☐ SEG-S 20.255 (ac)				
Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate				
This bill provides that a school district's revenue limit is increased by an amount equal to the costs incurred by the school district				
to establish a school breakfast program, a school lunch program or both programs. The bill also directs each school district that				
has neither a school breakfast program nor a school lunch program to include in its annual report to the department of public instruction an evaluation of how well nourished the pupils are who are enrolled in the school district.				
instruction an evaluation of now wen nourished the pupils are who are emoned in the sensor district.				
School Breakfast Program				
Currently, 229 school districts in the state do not participate in the school breakfast program. In order to estimate the potential				
revenue limit exemption provided by this bill, a three year average (1997, 1998, and 1999) of the grants awarded to school				
districts, under the current law provision s. 115.341, Wis stats. is used. This provision grants funds to districts in order "to assist				
in establishing a school breakfast program." The average amount awarded to each school district in this period for establishing school breakfast programs was approximately \$9,180.				
School breaklast programs was approximately \$9,100.				
If this provision were in effect in the 1999-2000 school year, it would have increased school districts statewide revenue limit				
authority by a maximum of approximately \$2.1 million (229 school districts x \$9,180 start-up costs). This statewide revenue				
exemption may be less, as all eligible school districts may still not establish a program.				
School Lunch Program				
Currently, 20 school districts do not participate in the school lunch program. In order to estimate the potential revenue limit exemption provided by this bill, a cost of about \$510 per pupil associated with establishing a school lunch program was used.				
The per pupil amount was arrived at by dividing the estimated cost of establishing a food service facility in the Manitowoc Public				
School District by the number of students enrolled. Therefore, this per pupil cost estimate does not completely reflect the fixed				
costs associated with establishing a school lunch prog			- ,	
Long-Range Fiscal Implications				
	Telephone No.		Agency	
Prepared by: Keith Pollock	(608)266-1344		Department of	
TOTAL TOTAL OF THE PARTY OF THE	(555)=55 1511		Public Instruction	
Authorizad/Signature/	Telephone No.		Date	
Brian Panagen John Ab	(608)266-2804		3/22/00	

If this provision were in effect in the 1999-2000 school year, it is estimated that it would have increased school districts revenue limit authority by a maximum of approximately \$7.4 million (\$510 x 14,603 pupils). The actual statewide revenue exemption could be less, as all school districts may still not establish a program.

Annual Report Requirement Regarding Pupil Nourishment

In the 1999-2000 school year, the same 20 school districts that do not participate in school lunch programs also do not participate in school breakfast programs. These school districts would be required to include an evaluation of how well enrolled pupils are nourished in their annual report.

State Fiscal Effects:

School Breakfast Program

In order to maintain two-thirds funding of partial school revenues, the state would be required to increase general school aids by a maximum of approximately \$1.4 million (\$2.1 million x 2/3).

School Lunch Program

In order to maintain two-thirds funding of partial school revenues, the state would be required to increase general school aids by maximum of approximately \$4.9 million (\$7.4 million x 2/3).

Annual Report Requirement Regarding Pupil Nourishment No effects.

Total Effects

Overall, in order to maintain two-thirds funding of partial school revenues, the state would be required to increase general school aids by \$6.3 million.

Local Fiscal Effects:

School Breakfast Program

School districts statewide would be given the revenue limit authority to increase their school property tax levies by a maximum of approximately \$700,000 (\$2.1 million x 1/3).

School Lunch Program

School districts statewide would be given the revenue limit authority to increase their school property tax levies by a maximum of approximately \$2.5 million (\$7.4 million x 1/3).

Annual Report Requirement Regarding Pupil Nourishment

The administrative workload of the affected districts would increase, but it is unlikely that any significant new funding would be necessary.

Total effects

School districts statewide would be given the revenue limit authority to increase their school property tax levies by a maximum of approximately \$3.2 million.