

State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

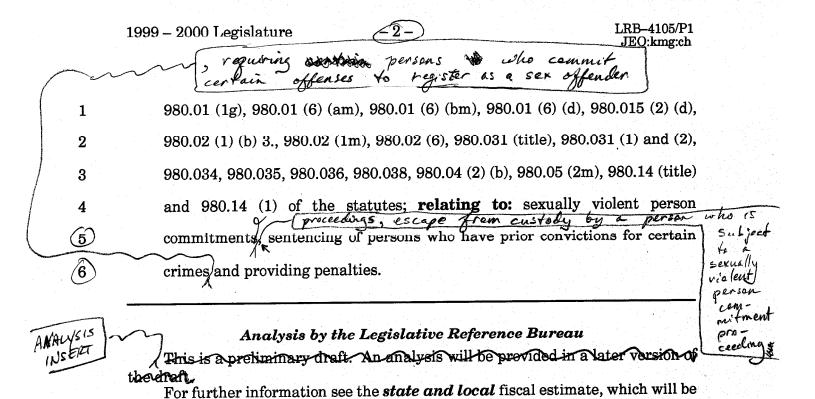
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LRB-4105/71
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PRACHANARY DRAFT - NOT BEAUX FOR INTRODUCTION

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AN ACT to repeal 51.30 (4) (b) 10m., 980.02 (2) (ag), 980.05 (1m) and 980.07 (3); to renumber 980.01 (1); to renumber and amend 938.396 (2) (e), 939.623 (1), 939.624 (1), 980.015 (4), 980.03 (4), 980.03 (5) and 980.04 (2); to amend 48.396 (1), 48.396 (5) (a) (intro.), 48.78 (1), 51.20 (13) (ct) 1m., 51.30 (3) (a), 51.30 (4) (b) 8m., 146.82 (2) (c), 756.06 (2) (b), 801.52, 808.04 (3), 808.04 (4), 809.10 (1) (a), 809.30 (1) (a), 809.30 (1) (b), 809.40 (1), 905.04 (4) (a), 911.01 (4) (c), 938.34 (15m) (am), 938.396 (1), 938.396 (5) (a) (intro.), 938.78 (2) (e), 946.42 (1) (a), 971.17 (1m) (b) 1m., 972.15 (4), 973.048 (1m), 978.045 (1r) (intro.), 980.01 (2), 980.01 (5), 980.01 (6) (a), 980.01 (6) (b), 980.01 (6) (c), 980.01 (7), 980.015 (2) (intro.), 980.03 (2) (intro.), 980.04 (1), 980.04 (3), 980.05 (1), 980.05 (3) (a), 980.05 (3) (b), 980.07 (1), 980.08 (3), 980.08 (4), 980.09 (1) (b), 980.09 (2) (a), 980.09 (2) (b) and 980.12 (1); and to create 48.396 (6), 48.78 (2) (e), 48.981 (7) (a) 8s., 51.30 (3) (bm), 51.30 (4) (b) 8s., 146.82 (2) (cm), 756.06 (2) (cm), 814.61 (1) (c) 6., 938.35 (1) (e), 939.623 (1) (b), 939.624 (1) (b), 946.42 (3m), 972.15 (6),



The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 48.396 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

printed as an appendix to this bill.

48.396 (1) Law enforcement officers' records of children shall be kept separate from records of adults. Law enforcement officers' records of the adult expectant mothers of unborn children shall be kept separate from records of other adults. Law enforcement officers' records of children and the adult expectant mothers of unborn children shall not be open to inspection or their contents disclosed except under sub. (1b), (1d) ex, (5) or (6) or s. 48.293 or by order of the court. This subsection does not apply to the representatives of newspapers or other reporters of news who wish to obtain information for the purpose of reporting news without revealing the identity of the child involved, to the confidential exchange of information between the police and officials of the school attended by the child or other law enforcement or social welfare agencies or to children 10 years of age or older who are subject to the

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| jurisdiction of the court of criminal jurisdiction. A public school official who obtains | |
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| information under this subsection shall keep the information confidential as | |
| required under s. 118.125 and a private school official who obtains information under | |
| this subsection shall keep the information confidential in the same manner as is | |
| required of a public school official under s. 118.125. A law enforcement agency that | |
| obtains information under this subsection shall keep the information confidential as | |
| required under this subsection and s. 938.396 (1). A social welfare agency that | |
| obtains information under this subsection shall keep the information confidential as | |
| required under ss. 48.78 and 938.78. | |
| SECTION 2. 48.396 (5) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: | / |
| 48.396 (5) (a) (intro.) Any person who is denied access to a record under sub. | |
| (1), (1b) or, (1d) or (6) may petition the court to order the disclosure of the records | |
| governed by the applicable subsection. The petition shall be in writing and shall | |
| describe as specifically as possible all of the following: Sand Pro- Luction to | |
| SECTION 3. 48.396 (6) of the statutes is created to read: | n • 15 |
| 48.396 (6) Records of law enforcement officers and of the court assigned to | |
| exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 938 shall be open for inspection by | |
| authorized representatives of the department of corrections, the department of | |
| health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney for use in | 6 |
| the evaluation or prosecution of a proceeding under ch. 980, if the records contern | |
| who is the subject of or who is being evaluated for a proceeding under ch. | na |
| 980. The court in which the proceeding under ch. 980 is pending may issue any | |
| protective orders that it determines are appropriate concerning information made | |
| available or disclosed under this paragraph. | |
| SECTION 4. 48.78 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: | |

48.78 (1) In this section, unless otherwise qualified, "agency" means the 1 department, a county department, a licensed child welfare agency, a licensed day 2 care center or, a licensed maternity hospital or any public or private institution in 3 which a child has been placed pursuant to a court order under this chapter. 4 SECTION 5. 48.78 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read: Shall 5 upon Notwithstending par. 48.78 (2) (e) Paragraph (a) does not prohibit an agency meta making a record and the for Line of etention distributed contents coffee record to authorized representatives of the department of corrections, the department of health and 8 family services, the department of justice or a district attorney for use in the 9 relates evaluation or prosecution of a proceeding under ch. 980, if the record concerns 10 an who is the subject of or who is being evaluated for a proceeding under ch. 980. 1î) The court in which the proceeding under ch. 980 is pending may issue any protective 12 orders that it determines are appropriate concerning information made available or 13 disclosed under this paragraph. 14SECTION 6. 48.981 (7) (a) 8s. of the statutes is created to read: 15 48.981 (7) (a) 8s. Authorized representatives of the department of corrections, 16 the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district 17 attorney for use in the evaluation or prosecution of a proceeding under ch. 980, if the 18 involve or relate to an individual reports or records avacuate person who is the subject of or who is being evaluated **1**9) for a proceeding under ch. 980. The court in which the proceeding under ch. 980 is 20 pending may issue any protective orders that it determines are appropriate 21 concerning information made available or disclosed under this paragraph 22) SECTION 7. 51.20 (13) (ct) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read: 23 51.20 (13) (ct) 1m. Except as provided in subd. 2m., if the subject individual is 24 before the court on a petition filed under a court order under s. 938.30 (5) (c) 1. and 25

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is found to have committed any violation, or to have solicited, conspired or attempted to commit any violation, of ch. 940, 944 or 948 or ss. 941.32, 941.38 or 943.01 to 943.15, the court may require the subject individual to comply with the reporting requirements under s. 301.45 if the court determines that the underlying conduct was sexually motivated, as defined in s. 980.01(5), and that it would be in the interest of public protection to have the subject individual report under s. 301.45. **SECTION 8.** 51.30 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.30 (3) (a) Except as provided in pars. (b) and, (bm), (c) and (d), the files and records of the court proceedings under this chapter shall be closed but shall be accessible to any individual who is the subject of a petition filed under this chapter. SECTION 9. 51.30 (3) (bm) of the statutes is created to read: 51.30 (3) (bm) The files and records of court proceedings under this chapter shall be released to authorized representatives of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney for use in the evaluation or prosecution of a proceeding under ch. 980, if the 15 files or records concern aperson who is the subject of or who is being evaluated for 16) a proceeding under ch. 980. The court in which the proceeding under ch. 980 is pending may issue any protective orders that it determines are appropriate concerning information made available or disclosed under this paragraph. (19) SECTION 10. 51.30 (4) (b) 8m. of the statutes is amended to read: 51.30 (4) (b) 8m. To appropriate examiners and facilities in accordance with s. 971.17 (2) (e), (4) (c) and (7) (c), 980.03 (4) or 980.08 (3). The recipient of any information from the records shall keep the information confidential except as necessary to comply with s. 971.17 or ch. 980. SECTION 11. 51.30 (4) (b) 8s. of the statutes is created to read:

51.30 (4) (b) 8s. To appropriate persons in accordance with s. 980.031 (4) and 1 to authorized representatives of the department of corrections, the department of 2 health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney for use in 3 the evaluation or prosecution of a proceeding under ch. 980, if the treatment records involve or relate concernan individual who is the subject of or who is being evaluated for a proceeding (5) The recipient of any information from the records shall keep the **6** information confidential except as necessary for the conduct of an evaluation, 7 examination or proceeding under ch. 980 for which the information was obtained 8 SECTION 12. 51.30 (4) (b) 10m. of the statutes is repealed. 9 SECTION 13. 146.82 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 146.82 (2) (c) Notwithstanding sub. (1), patient health care records shall be 11 released to appropriate examiners and facilities in accordance with ss. s. 971.17 (2) 12 (e), (4) (c) and (7) (c), 980.03 (4) and 980.08 (3). The recipient of any information from 13 the records shall keep the information confidential except as necessary to comply 14 with s. 971.17 or ch. 980. 15 SECTION 14. 146.82 (2) (cm) of the statutes is created to read: 16 146.82 (2) (cm) Notwithstanding sub. (1), patient health care records shall be 17 released to appropriate persons in accordance with s. 980.031 (4) and to authorized 18 representatives of the department of corrections, the department of health and 19 family services, the department of justice or a district attorney for use in the 20 evaluation or prosecution of a proceeding under ch. 980, if the treatment records 21Involve or relate concetn/an individual who is the subject of or who is being evaluated for a proceeding 22 The recipient of any information from the records shall keep the (23) under ch. 980.) information confidential except/as necessary for the conduct of an evaluation, 24examination or proceeding under ch 980 for which the information was obtained. 25

| SECTION 15. 756.06 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: |
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| 756.06 (2) (b) Except as provided in par. pars. (c) and (cm), a jury in a civil case |
| shall consist of 6 persons unless a party requests a greater number, not to exceed 12. |
| The court, on its own motion, may require a greater number, not to exceed 12. |
| SECTION 16. 756.06 (2) (cm) of the statutes is created to read: |
| 756.06 (2) (cm) A jury in a trial under s. 980.05 shall consist of the number of |
| persons specified in s. 980.05 (2) unless a lesser number has been stipulated to and |
| approved under s. 980.05 (2m) (c). |
| SECTION 17. 801.52 of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 801.52 Discretionary change of venue. The court may at any time, upon |
| its own motion, the motion of a party or the stipulation of the parties, change the |
| venue to any county in the interest of justice or for the convenience of the parties or |
| witnesses. This section does not apply to proceedings under ch. 980. |
| SECTION 18. 808.04 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 808.04 (3) Except as provided in subs. (4) and (7), an appeal in a criminal case |
| or a case under ch. 48, 51, 55 or, 938 or 980 shall be initiated within the time period |
| specified in s. 809.30. |
| SECTION 19. 808.04 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 808.04 (4) Except as provided in sub. (7m), an appeal by the state in either a |
| criminal case under s. 974.05 or a case under ch. 48 or, 938 or 980 shall be initiated |
| within 45 days of entry of the judgment or order appealed from. |
| SECTION 20. 809.10 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 809.10 (1) (a) Filing. A person shall initiate an appeal by filing a notice of |
| appeal with the clerk of the trial court in which the judgment or order appealed from |
| was entered and shall specify in the notice of appeal the judgment or order appealed |

from, whether the appeal is in one of the types of cases specified in s. 752.31 (2), and whether the appeal is one of those to be given preference in the circuit court or court of appeals pursuant to statute. The person at the same time shall notify the court of appeals of the filing of the appeal by sending a copy of the notice of appeal to the clerk of the court. The person shall also send the court of appeals an original and one copy of a completed docketing statement on a form prescribed by the court of appeals. The statement shall accompany the court of appeals' copy of the notice of appeal. The person shall also send a copy of the completed docketing statement to opposing counsel. Docketing statements need not be filed in criminal cases, in cases under ch. 980 or in cases in which a party appears pro se.

SECTION 21. 809.30 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

809.30 (1) (a) "Postconviction relief" means, in a felony or misdemeanor case, an appeal or a motion for postconviction relief other than a motion under s. 973.19 or 974.06. In a ch. 48, 51, 55 or 938 case, other than a termination of parental rights case under s. 48.43, it means an appeal or a motion for reconsideration by the trial court of its final judgment or order; in such cases a notice of intent to pursue such relief or a motion for such relief need not be styled as seeking "postconviction" relief. In a ch. 980 case, it means an appeal or a motion for postcommitment relief under s. 980.038 (4).

SECTION 22. 809.30 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

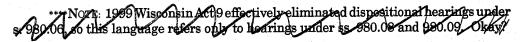
809.30 (1) (b) "Sentencing" means, in a felony or misdemeanor case, the imposition of a sentence, fine or probation. In a ch. 48, 51, 55 or 938 case, other than a termination of parental rights case under s. 48.43, it means the entry of the trial court's final judgment or order. In a ch. 980 case, it means the entry of an order under s. 980.06 (2) (b).

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| 1 | SECTION 23. 809.40 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: |
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| 2 | 809.40 (1) An appeal to the court of appeals from a judgment or order in a |
| 3 | misdemeanor case or a ch. 48, 51, 55 or, 938 or 980 case, or a motion for postconviction |
| 4 | relief in a misdemeanor case or a motion for postcommitment relief under s. 980.038 |
| 5 | (4) must be initiated within the time periods specified in s. 808.04 and is governed |
| 6 | by the procedures specified in ss. 809.30 to 809.32. |
| 7 | SECTION 24. 814.61 (1) (c) 6. of the statutes is created to read: |
| 8 | 814.61 (1) (c) 6. An action for civil commitment under ch. 51, 55 or 980. |
| 9 | SECTION 25. 905.04 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 10 | 905.04 (4) (a) Proceedings for hospitalization, control, care and treatment of a |
| 11 | sexually violent person, guardianship, protective services or protective placement. |
| 12 | There is no privilege under this rule as to communications and information relevant |
| 13 | to an issue in proceedings to hospitalize the patient for mental illness, to appoint a |
| 14 | guardian under s. 880.33, for control, care and treatment of a sexually violent person |
| 15 | under ch. 980, for court-ordered protective services or protective placement or for |
| 16 | review of guardianship, protective services or protective placement orders, if the |
| 17 | physician, registered nurse, chiropractor, psychologist, social worker, marriage and |
| 18 | family therapist or professional counselor in the course of diagnosis or treatment has |
| 19 | determined that the patient is in need of hospitalization, control, care and treatment |
| 20 | as a sexually violent person, guardianship, protective services or protective |
| 21 | placement. |
| 22 | SECTION 26. 911.01 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 23 | 911.01 (4) (c) Miscellaneous proceedings. Proceedings for extradition or |
| 24 | rendition; sentencing, or granting or revoking probation, issuance of arrest |
| 25 | warrants, criminal summonses and search warrants; hearings under s. 980.08 or |

980.09; proceedings under s. 971.14 (1) (c); proceedings with respect to pretrial
 release under ch. 969 except where habeas corpus is utilized with respect to release
 on bail or as otherwise provided in ch. 969.





SECTION 27. 938.34 (15m) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (15m) (am) Except as provided in par. (bm), if the juvenile is adjudicated delinquent on the basis of any violation, or the solicitation, conspiracy or attempt to commit any violation, under ch. 940, 944 or 948 or ss. 941.32, 941.38 or 943.01 to 943.15, the court may require the juvenile to comply with the reporting requirements under s. 301.45 if the court determines that the underlying conduct was sexually motivated, as defined in s. 980.01 (5), and that it would be in the interest of public protection to have the juvenile report under s. 301.45.

SECTION 28. 938.35 (1) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

938.35 (1) (e) In a hearing, trial or other proceeding under ch. 980 relating to a juvenile.

SECTION 29. 938.396 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.396 (1) Law enforcement officers' records of juveniles shall be kept separate from records of adults. Law enforcement officers' records of juveniles shall not be open to inspection or their contents disclosed except under sub. (1b), (1d), (1g), (1m), (1r), (1t) er, (1x) er, (5) or (10) or s. 938.293 or by order of the court. This subsection does not apply to representatives of the news media who wish to obtain information for the purpose of reporting news without revealing the identity of the juvenile involved, to the confidential exchange of information between the police and officials of the school attended by the juvenile or other law enforcement or social

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welfare agencies or to juveniles 10 years of age or older who are subject to the jurisdiction of the court of criminal jurisdiction. A public school official who obtains information under this subsection shall keep the information confidential as required under s. 118.125 and a private school official who obtains information under this subsection shall keep the information confidential in the same manner as is required of a public school official under s. 118.125. A law enforcement agency that obtains information under this subsection shall keep the information confidential as required under this subsection and s. 48.396 (1). A social welfare agency that obtains information under this subsection shall keep the information confidential as required under ss. 48.78 and 938.78.

SECTION 30. 938.396 (2) (e) of the statutes is renumbered 938.396 (10) and amended to read:

law enforcement agency's records and records for the purpose of providing, under s. 980.015 (3) (a), of the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 shall be open for inspection by authorized representatives of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney with a person's offense history, the court shall open for inspection by authorized representatives of the department of corrections the records of the court relating to any juvenile who has been adjudicated delinquent for a sexually violent offense, as defined in s. 980.01 (6) for use in the evaluation or prosecution of a proceeding under ch. 980, if the records and proceeding under ch. 980. The court in which the proceeding under ch. 980 is pending may issue any protective orders that

Section 30 it determines are appropriate concerning information made available or disclosed under this paragraph?) and a fay s $(\hat{2})$ SECTION 31. 938.396 (5) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 3 938.396 (5) (a) (intro.) Any person who is denied access to a record under sub. 4 (1), (1b), (1d), (1g), (1m), (1r) or, (1t) or (10) may petition the court to order the 5 disclosure of the records governed by the applicable subsection. The petition shall 6 be in writing and shall describe as specifically as possible all of the following: 7 SECTION 32. 938.78 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 938.78 (2) (e) Paragraph (a) does not prohibit the department from disclosing آ9) information about an individual adjudged delinquent under s. 938.183 or 938.34 for 10 a sexually violent offense, as defined in s. 980.01 (6), to authorized representatives 11 of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the 12 department of justice, or a district attorney or a judge acting under ch. 980 or to an 13 attorney who represents a person subject to a petition for use in the evaluation or 14 prosecution of a proceeding under ch. 980, if the information concerns an individual 15 who is the subject of or who is being evaluated for a proceeding under ch. 980. The 16 court in which the petition proceeding under s. 980.02 is filed ch. 980 is pending may 17 issue any protective orders that it determines are appropriate concerning 18 information disclosed under this paragraph. / 19 SECTION 33. 939.623 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 939.623 (1) (intro.) and 20 amended to read: 21 939.623 (1) (intro.) In this section, "serious sex crime" means a any of the 22

23 <u>following:</u>

(a) A violation of s. 940.225 (1) er (2)

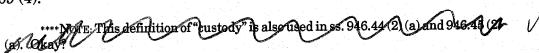
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SECTION 34. 939.623 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

| 1 | 939.623 (1) (b) A crime at any time under federal law or the law of any other |
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| 2 | state or, prior to the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date], under |
| 3 | the law of this state that is comparable to a crime specified in par. (a). |
| 4 | SECTION 35. 939.624 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 939.624 (1) (intro.) and |
| 5 | amended to read: |
| 6 | 939.624 (1) (intro.) In this section, "serious violent crime" means a any of the |
| 7 | following: |
| 8 | (a) A violation of s. 940.03 or 940.05. |
| 9 | SECTION 36. 939.624 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read: |
| 10 | 939.624 (1) (b) A crime at any time under federal law or the law of any other |
| 11 | state or, prior to the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date], under |
| 12 | the law of this state that is comparable to a crime specified in par. (a). |
| 13 | SECTION 37. 946.42(1)(a) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, |
| 14 | is amended to read: |
| 15 | 946.42 (1) (a) "Custody" includes without limitation actual custody of an |
| 16 | institution, including a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a |
| 17 | secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), a secured group home, |
| 18 | as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), a secure detention facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (16), |
| 19 | a Type 2 child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (19r), a facility used for the |
| 20 | detention of persons detained under s. 980.04 (1), a facility specified in s. 980.065 or |
| 21 | a juvenile portion of a county jail, or actual custody of a peace officer or institution |
| 22 | guard. "Custody" also includes without limitation the constructive custody of ch. 980 |
| 23 | persons placed on supervised release under a commitment order issued under |
| 24 | and constructive custody of prisoners and juveniles subject to an order under |
| 2 5 | s. 48.366, 938.183, 938.34 (4d), (4h) or (4m) or 938.357 (4) or (5) (e) temporarily |

outside the institution whether for the purpose of work, school, medical care, a leave granted under s. 303.068, a temporary leave or furlough granted to a juvenile or otherwise. Under s. 303.08 (6) it means, without limitation, that of the sheriff of the county to which the prisoner was transferred after conviction. It does not include the custody of a probationer, parolee or person on extended supervision by the department of corrections or a probation, extended supervision or parole officer or the custody of a person who has been released to aftercare supervision under ch. 938 unless the person is in actual custody or is subject to a confinement order under s. 973.09 (4).





SECTION 38. 946.42 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:

946.42 (3m) A person in custody under any of the following circumstances who intentionally escapes from that custody is guilty of a Class B felony:

(a) While subject to a detention order under s. 980.04 (1)

order under 5. 980.04 (3)

(b) While subject to an order issued under s. 980.06 committing the person to custody of the department of health and family services, regardless of whether the person is placed in institutional care or on supervised release.

SECTION 39. 971.17 (1m) (b) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read:

971.17 (1m) (b) 1m. Except as provided in subd. 2m., if the defendant under sub. (1) is found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect for any violation, or for the solicitation, conspiracy or attempt to commit any violation, of ch. 940, 944 or 948 or ss. 941.32, 941.38 or 943.01 to 943.15, the court may require the defendant to comply with the reporting requirements under s. 301.45 if the court determines that the underlying conduct was sexually motivated, as defined in s. 980.01 (5), and that

| 1 | it would be in the interest of public protection to have the defendant report under s. |
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| 2 | 301.45. |
| 3 | SECTION 40. 972.15 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 4 | 972.15 (4) After sentencing, unless otherwise authorized under sub. (5) or (6) |
| 5 | or ordered by the court, the presentence investigation report shall be confidential |
| 6 | and shall not be made available to any person except upon specific authorization of |
| 7 | the court. |
| 8 | SECTION 41. 972.15 (6) of the statutes is created to read: |
| 9 | 972.15 (6) The presentence investigation report and any information contained |
| 10 | in it may be used by any of the following persons in any evaluation, examination, |
| 11 | referral, hearing, trial, postcommitment relief proceeding, appeal or other |
| 12 | proceeding under ch. 980: |
| 13 | (a) The department of corrections. |
| 14 | (b) The department of health and family services. |
| 15 | (c) The person who is the subject of the presentence investigation report, his |
| 16 | or her attorney or an agent or employe of the attorney. |
| 17 | (d) The attorney representing the state or an agent or employe of the attorney. |
| 18 | (e) A licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health |
| 19 | professional who is examining the subject of the presentence investigation report. |
| 20 | (f) The court and, if applicable, the jury hearing the case. |
| 21 | SECTION 42. 973.048 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 22 | 973.048 (1m) Except as provided in sub. (2m), if a court imposes a sentence or |
| 23 | places a person on probation for any violation, or for the solicitation, conspiracy or |
| 24 | attempt to commit any violation, under ch. 940, 944 or 948 or ss. 941.32, 941.38 or |
| 25 | 943.01 to 943.15, the court may require the person to comply with the reporting |
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| 1 | requirements under s. 301.45 if the court determines that the underlying conduct |
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| 2 | was sexually motivated, as defined in s. $980.01(5)$, and that it would be in the interest |
| 3 | of public protection to have the person report under s. 301.45. |
| 4 | SECTION 43. 978.045 (1r) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 5 | 978.045 (1r) (intro.) Any judge of a court of record, by an order entered in the |
| 6 | record stating the cause therefor, may appoint an attorney as a special prosecutor to |
| 7 | perform, for the time being, or for the trial of the accused person, the duties of the |
| 8 | district attorney. An attorney appointed under this subsection shall have all of the |
| 9 | powers of the district attorney. The judge may appoint an attorney as a special |
| 10 | prosecutor at the request of a district attorney to assist the district attorney in the |
| 11 | prosecution of persons charged with a crime, in grand jury or John Doe proceedings. |
| 12 | in proceedings under ch. 980 or in investigations. The judge may appoint an attorney |
| 13 | as a special prosecutor if any of the following conditions exists: |
| 14 | SECTION 44. 980.01 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 980.01 (1r). |
| 15 | SECTION 45. 980.01 (1g) of the statutes is created to read: |
| 16 | 980.01 (1g) "Act of sexual violence" means conduct that constitutes the |
| 17 | commission of a sexually violent offense. |
| 18 | SECTION 46. 980.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 19 | 980.01 (2) "Mental disorder" means a congenital or acquired condition affecting |
| 20 | the emotional cognitive or volitional capacity that predisposes a person to engage |
| 21 | in acts of sexual violence. |
| 22 | SECTION 47. 980.01 (5) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 23 | 980.01 (5) "Sexually motivated" means that one of the purposes for an act is |
| 24 | for the actor's sexual arousal or gratification or for the sexual humiliation or |
| 25 | degradation of the victim. |

| 1 | SECTION 48. 980.01 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: |
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| 2 | 980.01 (6) (a) Any crime specified in s. 940.22 (2), 940.225 (1) er, (2) or (3), |
| 3 | 948.02 (1) or (2), 948.025, 948.06 or 948.07. |
| 4 | SECTION 49. 980.01 (6) (am) of the statutes is created to read: |
| 5 | 980.01 (6) (am) An offense that, prior to June 2, 1994, was a crime under the |
| 6 | law of this state and that is comparable to any crime specified in par. (a). |
| 7 | SECTION 50. 980.01 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 8 | 980.01 (6) (b) Any crime specified in s. 940.01, 940.02, <u>940.03</u> , 940.05, 940.06, |
| 9 | 940.19(4) or (5), 940.195(4) or (5), 940.30, 940.305, 940.31 or, 941.32, 941.38, 943.02, |
| 10 | 943.10, 943.32 or 948.03 that is determined, in a proceeding under s. 980.05 (3) (b), |
| 11 | to have been sexually motivated. |
| 12 | SECTION 51. 980.01 (6) (bm) of the statutes is created to read: |
| 13 | 980.01 (6) (bm) An offense that, prior to June 2, 1994, was a crime under the |
| 14 | law of this state, that is comparable to any crime specified in par. (b) and that is |
| 15 | determined, in a proceeding under s. 980.05 (3) (b), to have been sexually motivated. |
| 16 | SECTION 52. 980.01 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 17 | 980.01 (6) (c) Any solicitation, conspiracy or attempt to commit a crime under |
| 18 | par. (a) or, (am), (b) or (bm). |
| 19 | SECTION 53. 980.01 (6) (d) of the statutes is created to read: |
| 20 | 980.01 (6) (d) An escape punishable under s. 946.42 (3m). |
| ーン | offense? Isn't it a hit odd to say that an escape by itself is a "sexually violent offense? Is the intent of this to allow a new petition against the person once the person has finished the sentence for the escape? It so, may be there is a better way to do that (in the event that it is needed, won't the ch. 980 commitment continue while the person is in prison, given that it is indefinite?). If we include escape in the definition, should we also include the inchoate escapes by referring to this paragraph in s. 980.01 (6) (c)? |

980.01 (7) "Sexually violent person" means a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent offense, has been adjudicated delinquent for a sexually violent offense, or has been found not guilty of or not responsible for a sexually violent offense by reason of insanity or mental disease, defect or illness, and who is dangerous because he or she suffers from a mental disorder that makes it substantially probable that the person will engage in one or more acts of sexual violence.

SECTION 55. 980.015 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

980.015 (2) (intro.) If an agency with jurisdiction has control or custody over a person who may meet the criteria for commitment as a sexually violent person, the agency with jurisdiction shall inform each appropriate district attorney and the department of justice regarding the person as soon as possible beginning 3 months 90 days prior to the applicable date of the following:

SECTION 56. 980.015 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

980.015 (2) (a) The anticipated discharge from a sentence, anticipated or release, on parole or, extended supervision or anticipated release otherwise, from a or term of confinement on prison sentence of imprisonment of a person who has been convicted of that was imposed for a conviction for a sexually violent offense, from a continuous term of incarceration, any part of which was imposed for a sexually violent offense, or from a placement in a Type 1 prison under s. 301.048 (3) (a) 1., any part of which was imposed for a sexually violent offense.



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NOTE: I'm not sure that I understood the language suggested in DOJ's memory.

Do the above changes achieve the goal?

SECTION 57. 980.015 (2) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 22 9. is amended to read: 23

| 980.015 (2) (b) The anticipated release from a secured correctional facility, as |
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| defined in s. 938.02 (15m), or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 |
| (15g), or a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), of a if the person was |
| placed in the facility for being adjudicated delinquent under s. 938.183 or 938.34 on |
| the basis of a sexually violent offense. |
| SECTION 58. 980.015 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 980.015 (2) (c) The termination anticipated release or discharge from a |
| commitment order under s. 971.17 of a person who has been found not guilty of a |
| sexually violent offense by reason of mental disease or defect under s. 971.17. |
| ****Note: Is "release" meant to get at people being released on conditional release, or only those whose commitment order is being terminated under s. 971.17 (5), or both? |
| Compare proposed s. 980.015 (2) (d) |
| SECTION 59. 980.015 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read: |
| 980.015 (2) (d) The anticipated release on parole or discharge of a person |
| committed under ch. 975 for a sexually violent offense. |
| SECTION 60. 980.015 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 980.14 (2) and amended |
| to read: |
| 980.14 (2) Any agency or officer, employe or agent of an agency is immune from |
| criminal or civil liability for any acts or omissions as the result of a good faith effort |
| to comply with any provision of this section chapter. |
| SECTION 61. 980.02 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 980.02 (1) (a) The department of justice at the request of the agency with |
| jurisdiction, as defined in s. 980.015(1), over the person. If the department of justice |
| decides to file a petition under this paragraph, it shall file the petition before the date |
| of the release or discharge of the person. |
| a an occord (1) (b) 2 of the statutes is expected to read: |

1999 - 2000 Legislature JEO:kmg:ch secured Section 62 980.02 (1) (b) 3. The county in which the person is in custody under a sentence, 1 a placement to a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), of a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a commitment order. SECTION 63. 980.02 (1m) of the statutes is created to read: **(5)** 980.02 (1m) A petition filed under this section shall be filed 4444 before the **6**) day that the person is the released or discharged. SECTION 64. 980.02 (2) (ag) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 7 8 9, is repealed. **SECTION 65.** 980.02 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 9 980.02 (4) (intro.) A petition under this section shall be filed in any one of the 10 following: 11 SECTION 66. 980.02 (6) of the statutes is created to read: **12** 980.02 (6) A court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 does 13 not have jurisdiction over a petition filed under this section alleging that a child is 14 a sexually violent person. 15 SECTION 67. 980.03 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 980.03 (2) (intro.) Except as provided in ss. 980.038 (2), 980.09 (2) (a) and **17** 980.10 and without limitation by enumeration, at any hearing under this chapter, 18 the person who is the subject of the petition has the right to: 19 SECTION 68. 980.03 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is 20

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SECTION 68. 980.03 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is renumbered 980.031 (3) and amended to read:

980.031 (3) Whenever a person who is the subject of a petition filed under s. 980.02 or who has been committed under s. 980.06 is required to submit to an examination of his or her mental condition under this chapter, he or she may retain experts or a licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health

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professional persons to perform an examination. If the person is indigent, the court shall, upon the person's request, appoint a qualified and available licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health professional to perform an examination of the person's mental condition and participate on the person's behalf in a trial or other proceeding under this chapter at which testimony is authorized. (4) If the person a party retains a qualified expert or the court appoints a licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health professional person of his or her own choice to conduct an examination under this chapter of the person's mental condition, the examiner shall have reasonable access to the person for the purpose of the examination, as well as to the person's past and present treatment records, as defined in s. 51.30 (1) (b), and patient health care records as provided under s. 146.82 (2) (c). If the person is indigent, the court shall, upon the person's request, appoint a qualified and available expert or professional person to perform an examination and participate in the trial or other proceeding on the person's behalf. Upon the order of the circuit court, the county shall pay, as part of the costs of the action, the costs of an expert or professional person appointed by a court under this subsection to perform an examination and participate in the trial or other proceeding on behalf of an indigent person. An expert (cm), and past and present correctional records, including presentence investigation reports. A licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health professional person wettained by either party or appointed to assist an indigent person who is subject to a petition by the court may not be subject to any order by the court for the sequestration of witnesses at any proceeding under this chapter. No licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health professional retained party of proportion by the court may be permitted to testify at any proceeding under witness

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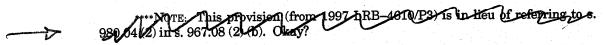
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- this chapter unless a written report of his or her examination has been submitted to
 the court and to both parties at least 10 days before the proceeding.
 - ****NOTE: Should subjection (4) refer to any other records, or be more specific about correctional records by, for instance, referring to s 538/782 Also, do you need a provision recording DOD to provide access to its records?

SECTION 69. 980.03 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 980.038 (3) (a) and amended to read:

980.038 (3) (a) Upon Except as provided in par. (b), upon a showing by the proponent of good cause under s. 807.13 (2) (c), testimony may be received into the record of a hearing under this section chapter by telephone or live audiovisual means.



SECTION 70. 980.031 (title) of the statutes is created to read:

980.031 (title) Examinations.

SECTION 71. 980.031 (1) and (2) of the statutes are created to read:

980.031 (1) If a person who is the subject of a petition filed under s. 980.02 denies the facts alleged in the petition, the court may appoint at least one qualified licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health professional to conduct an examination of the person's mental condition and testify at trial.

(2) The state may retain a licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health professional to examine the mental condition of a person who is the subject of a petition under s. 980.02 or who has been committed under s. 980.06 and to testify at trial or at any other proceeding under this chapter at which testimony is authorized.

SECTION 72. 980.034 of the statutes is created to read:

| 980.034 Change of place of trial or jury from another county. (1) The | |
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| person who is the subject of a petition filed under s. 980.02 or who has been | |
| committed under this chapter may move for a change of the place of a jury trial under | |
| s. 980.05 on the ground that an impartial trial cannot be had in the county in which | |
| the trial is set to be held. The motion shall be made within 20 days after the | |
| completion or waiver of the probable cause hearing under s. 980.04 (2), whichever is | |
| applicable, except that it may be made after that time for cause. | |
| | |

- (2) The motion shall be in writing and supported by affidavit which shall state evidentiary facts showing the nature of the prejudice alleged. The department of justice or the district attorney, whichever filed the petition under s. 980.02, may file counter affidavits.
- (3) If the court determines that there exists in the county where the action is pending such prejudice that a fair trial cannot be had, it shall, except as provided in sub. (4), order that the trial be held in any county where an impartial trial can be had. Only one change may be granted under this subsection. The judge who orders the change in the place of trial shall preside at the trial. Preliminary matters prior to trial may be conducted in either county at the discretion of the court.
- (4) (a) In lieu of changing the place of trial under sub. (3), the court may require the selection of a jury under par. (b) if all of the following apply:
- 1. The court has decided to sequester the jurors after the commencement of the trial.
 - 2. There are grounds for changing the place of trial under sub. (1).
- 3. The estimated costs to the county appear to be less using the procedure under this subsection than using the procedure for holding the trial in another county.

(b) If the court decides to proceed under this subsection it shall follow the procedure under sub. (3) until the jury is chosen in the 2nd county. At that time, the proceedings shall return to the original county using the jurors selected in the 2nd county. The original county shall reimburse the 2nd county for all applicable costs under s. 814.22.

SECTION 73. 980,035 of the statutes is created to read:

- 980.035 Substitution of judge. (1) ONE SUBSTITUTION. Any party to a proceeding under this chapter may file a written request with the clerk of courts for a substitution of a new judge for the judge assigned to the case. Except as provided in sub. (5), no party may file more than one such written request in any one action, nor may any single such request name more than one judge.
- (2) Substitution of Judge assigned to probable cause Hearing. A written request for the substitution of a different judge for the judge assigned to preside at the probable cause hearing under s. 980.04 (2) may be filed a reasonable time before the date of the probable cause hearing.
- (3) SUBSTITUTION OF TRIAL JUDGE ORIGINALLY ASSIGNED. A written request for the substitution of a different judge for the judge originally assigned to the trial under s. 980.05 may be filed with the clerk within 10 days of the clerk's giving actual notice or sending notice of the assignment to the parties.
- (4) SUBSTITUTION OF TRIAL JUDGE SUBSEQUENTLY ASSIGNED. If a new judge is assigned to the trial under s. 980.05 and the party has not exercised the right to substitute an assigned judge, a written request for the substitution of the new judge may be filed with the clerk within 10 days of the clerk's giving actual notice or sending notice of the assignment to the parties. If the notification occurs within 20 days of the date set for trial, the request shall be filed within 48 hours of the clerk's

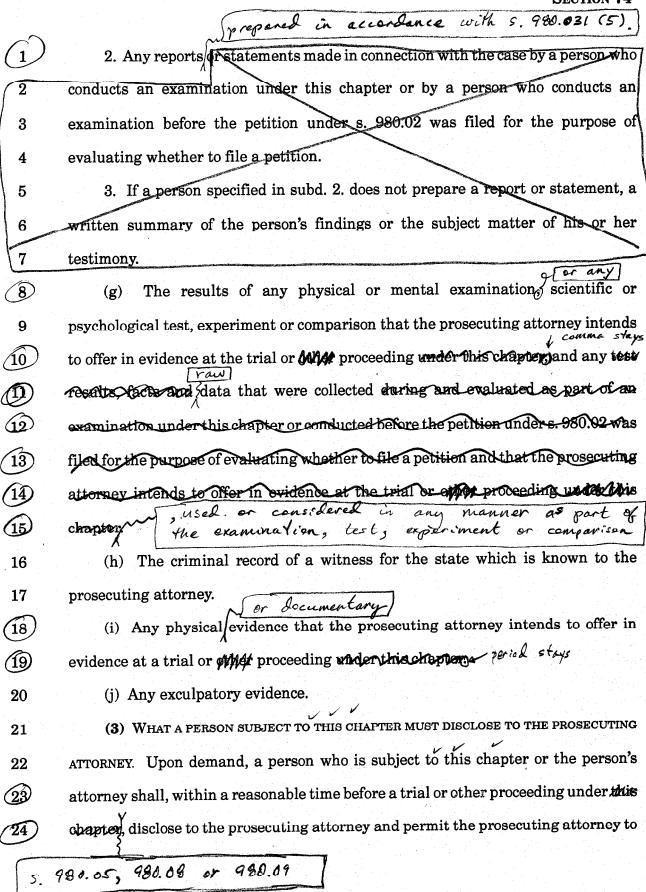
- giving actual notice or sending notice of the assignment. If the notification occurs within 48 hours of the trial or if there has been no notification, the party may make an oral or written request for substitution prior to the commencement of the proceedings.
- (5) Substitution of Judge following appeal. If an appellate court orders a new trial, a new commitment hearing or a new hearing on a petition for supervised release or discharge, a request under this section may be filed within 20 days after the filing of the remittitur by the appellate court, whether or not a request for substitution was made prior to the time that the appeal was taken.
- (6) PROCEDURES FOR CLERK. Upon receiving a request for substitution, the clerk shall immediately contact the judge whose substitution has been requested for a determination of whether the request was made timely and in proper form. If no determination is made within 7 days, the clerk shall refer the matter to the chief judge for the determination and reassignment of the action as necessary. If the request is determined to be proper, the clerk shall request the assignment of another judge under s. 751.03.
- (8) Return of action to substituted judge. Upon the filing of an agreement signed by the person and the person's attorney and by the prosecuting attorney, the substituted judge and the substituting judge, the action and all pertinent records shall be transferred back to the substituted judge.

SECTION 74. 980.036 of the statutes is created to read:

980.036 Discovery and inspection. (1) Definitions. In this section:

(a) "Person subject to this chapter" means a person who is subject to a petition filed under s. 980.02 or a person who has been committed under s. 980.06.

| 1 | (b) "Prosecuting attorney" means an attorney representing the state in a |
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| 2 | proceeding under this chapter. |
| 3 | (2) What a prosecuting attorney must disclose to a person subject to this |
| 4 | CHAPTER. Upon demand, a prosecuting attorney shall, within a reasonable time |
| 5 | before a trial or other proceeding under this chapter, disclose to a person subject to |
| 6 | this chapter or the person's attorney and permit the person or the person's attorney |
| 7 | to inspect and copy or photograph all of the following materials and information, if |
| 8 | the material or information is within the possession, custody or control of the state: |
| 9 | (a) Any written or recorded statement made by the person concerning the |
| 10 | allegations in the petition filed under s. 980.02 or concerning other matters at issue |
| 11) | in the proceeding and the names of witnesses to the person's written statements. |
| 12 | (b) A written summary of all oral statements of the person which the |
| 13 | prosecuting attorney plans to use in the course of the trial or other proceeding makes |
| 14 | this phapter and the names of witnesses to the person's oral statements. |
| 15 | (c) Evidence obtained in the manner described under s. 968.31 (2) (b), if the |
| 16 | prosecuting attorney intends to use the evidence at the trial or of proceeding |
| 17 | applor this chapter & stays |
| 18 | (d) A copy of the person's criminal record. |
| 19 | (e) A list of all witnesses, and their addresses, whom the prosecuting attorney |
| 20) | intends to call at the trial or of proceeding mader this chapter. This paragraph |
| 21 | does not apply to rebuttal witnesses or those called for impeachment only. |
| 22 | (f) Any relevant written or recorded statements of a witness named on a list |
| 23 | under par. (e), including all of the following: |
| 24 | 1. Any videotaped oral statement of a child under s. 908.08. |



| 1 | inspect and copy or photograph an of the following materials and information, if the |
|-------------|---|
| 2 | material or information is within the possession, custody or control of the person: |
| 3 | (a) A list of all witnesses, other than the person, whom the person intends to |
| 4 | call at the trial or proceeding upder his thapter, together with their addresses. |
| 5 | This paragraph does not apply to rebuttal witnesses or those called for impeachment |
| 6 | only. |
| 7 | (b) Any relevant written or recorded statements of a witness named on a list |
| (8) | under par. (a), including any reports or statements made in connection with the case |
| 9 | by a witness who conducted an examination unders. 980.031/on if the witness does |
| 10 | not prepare a report or statement, a written summary of the findings of the witness. |
| 11) | or the subject matter of his or her testimony |
| 12 | (c) The results of any physical or mental examination scientific or |
| 13 | psychological test, experiment or comparison that the person intends to offer in |
| 14) | evidence at the trial or officer proceeding undon this chapter, and any testiresults. |
| 15 | facts and data that were collected during and evaluated as part of an examination |
| 16 | under \$ 080.031 and that form the basis for an opinion contained in a report, |
| 17) | statement orwritten summary disclosed under par log. , test, experiment or comparis on |
| 18 | (d) The criminal record of a witness named on a list under par. (a) which is |
| 19 | known to the person's attorney. |
| 20 | (e) Any physical evidence that the person intends to offer in evidence at the trial |
| 21 | or office proceeding under this chapters period stays |
| 22 | (4) COMMENT OR INSTRUCTION ON FAILURE TO CALL WITNESS. No comment or |
| 23 | instruction regarding the failure to call a witness at the trial shall be made or given |
| 24 | if the sole basis for such comment or instruction is the fact that the name of the |
| 25 | witness appears upon a list furnished pursuant to this section. |

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- (5) TESTING OR ANALYSIS OF EVIDENCE. On motion of a party, the court may order raw the production of any item of evidence or data which is intended to be introduced at 2) the trial for testing or analysis under such terms and conditions as the court prescribes.
 - (6) PROTECTIVE ORDER. Upon motion of a party, the court may at any time order that discovery, inspection or the listing of witnesses required under this section be denied, restricted or deferred, or make other appropriate orders. If the prosecuting attorney or the attorney for a person subject to this chapter certifies that to list a witness may subject the witness or others to physical or economic harm or coercion, the court may order that the deposition of the witness be taken pursuant to s. 967.04 (2) to (6). The name of the witness need not be divulged prior to the taking of such deposition. If the witness becomes unavailable or changes his or her testimony, the deposition shall be admissible at trial as substantive evidence.
 - (7) IN CAMERA PROCEEDINGS. Either party may move for an in camera inspection by the court of any document required to be disclosed under sub. (2) or (3) for the purpose of masking or deleting any material which is not relevant to the case being tried. The court shall mask or delete any irrelevant material.
 - CONTINUING DUTY TO DISCLOSE. If, subsequent to compliance with a requirement of this section, and prior to or during trial, a party discovers additional material or the names of additional witnesses requested which are subject to discovery, inspection or production under this section, the party shall promptly notify the other party of the existence of the additional material or names.
 - (9) SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY. (a) The court shall exclude any witness not listed or evidence not presented for inspection or copying required by this section,

- unless good cause is shown for failure to comply. The court may in appropriate cases grant the opposing party a recess or a continuance.
- (b) In addition to or in lieu of any sanction specified in par. (a), a court may, subject to sub. (4), advise the jury of any failure or refusal to disclose material or information required to be disclosed under sub. (2) or (3), or of any untimely disclosure of material or information required to be disclosed under sub. (2) or (3).
- (10) Payment of Photocopy costs in cases involving indigent respondents. When the state public defender or a private attorney appointed under s. 977.08 requests photocopies of any item that is discoverable under this section, the state public defender shall pay any fee charged for the photocopies from the appropriation under s. 20.550(1)(a). If the person providing photocopies under this section charges the state public defender a fee for the photocopies, the fee may not exceed the actual, necessary and direct cost of photocopying.
- (11) EXCLUSIVE METHOD OF DISCOVERY. Chapter 804 does not apply to proceedings under this chapter. This section provides the only methods of obtaining discovery and inspection in proceedings under this chapter.

SECTION 75. 980.038 of the statutes is created to read:

980.038 Miscellaneous procedural provisions. (1) Motions Challenging JURISDICTION OF COURT OR TIMELINESS OF PETITION; GROUNDS FOR CHALLENGING JURISDICTION. (a) A motion challenging the jurisdiction of the court or the timeliness of a petition filed under s. 980.02 shall be filed within 10 days after the court holds the probable cause hearing under s. 980.04 (2). Failure to file a motion within the time specified in this paragraph waives the right to challenge the jurisdiction of the court or the timeliness of a petition.

(23)

- (b) Notwithstanding s. 801.11, a court may exercise personal jurisdiction over a person who is the subject of a petition filed under s. 980.02 even though the person is not served as provided under s. 801.11 (1) or (2) with a verified petition and summons or with an order for detention under s. 980.04 (1) and probable cause hearing under s. 980.04 (2).
- (2) EVIDENCE OF REFUSAL TO PARTICIPATE IN EXAMINATION. (a) At any hearing under this chapter, the state may present evidence or comment on evidence that a person who is the subject of a petition filed under s. 980.02 or a person who has been committed under this chapter refused to participate in an examination of his or her mental condition that was being conducted under this chapter or that was conducted before the petition under s. 980.02 was filed for the purpose of evaluating whether to file a petition.
- (b) A licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health professional may indicate in any written report that he or she prepares in connection with a proceeding under this chapter that the person whom he or she examined refused to participate in the examination.
 - (3) TESTIMONY BY TELEPHONE OR LIVE AUDIOVISUAL MEANS.
- (b) Testimony may not be received by telephone or live audiovisual means at a trial under s. 980.05 or a hearing under s. 980.09 (1) (b) or (2) (b).
- (4) Motions for postcommitment relief by a person committed under s. 980.06 shall be made in the time and manner provided in ss. 809.30 and 809.40. An appeal by a person who has been committed under ch. 980 from a final order under s. 980.06 person who has 980.09 or from an order denying a motion for postcommitment relief or from both shall be taken in the time and manner provided in ss. 808.04 (3), 809.30 and 809.40.

| 1 | If a person is seeking relief from an order of commitment under s. 980.06 |
|---|--|
| 2 | person shall file a motion for postcommitment relief in the trial court prior to an |
| 3 | appeal unless the grounds for seeking relief are sufficiency of the evidence or issues |
| 4 | previously raised. |

- (b) An appeal by the state from a final judgment or order under this chapter may be taken to the court of appeals within the time specified in s. 808.04 (4) and in the manner provided for civil appeals under chs. 808 and 809.
- (5) Failure to comply with time Limits, effect. Failure to comply with any time limit specified in this chapter does not deprive the court of personal or subject matter jurisdiction or of competency to exercise that jurisdiction. Failure to comply with any time limit specified in this chapter is not grounds for an appeal or grounds to vacate any order, judgment or commitment issued or entered under this chapter. Failure to object to a period of delay or a continuance waives the time limit that is the subject of the period of delay or continuance.
- (6) Errors and defects not affecting substantial rights. The court shall, in every stage of a proceeding under this chapter, disregard any error or defect in the pleadings or proceedings that does not affect the substantial rights of either party.
- SECTION 76. 980.04 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is amended to read:
- 980.04 (1) Upon the filing of a petition under s. 980.02, the court shall review the petition to determine whether to issue an order for detention of the person who is the subject of the petition. The person shall be detained only if there is <u>probable</u> cause to believe that the person is eligible for commitment under s. 980.05 (5). A person detained under this subsection shall be held in a facility approved by the department. If the person is serving a sentence of imprisonment, is in a secured

correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), or is committed to institutional care, and the court orders detention under this subsection, the court shall order that the person be transferred to a detention facility approved by the department. A detention order under this subsection remains in effect until the person is discharged petition is dismissed after a hearing under sub.

(3) or after a trial under s. 980.05 (5) or until the effective date of a commitment order under s. 980.06, whichever is applicable.

SECTION 77. 980.04 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 980.04 (2) (a) and amended to read:

980.04 (2) (a) Whenever a petition is filed under s. 980.02, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the person named in the petition is a sexually violent person. If the person named in the petition is in custody, the court shall hold the probable cause hearing within 72 hours after the petition is filed, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. If the person named in the petition is not in custody, the Except as provided in par. (b), the court shall hold the probable cause hearing within a reasonable time 30 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, after the filing of the petition, unless that time is extended by the court for good cause shown upon its own motion, the motion of any party or the stipulation of the parties.

SECTION 78. 980.04 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

980.04 (2) (b) If the person named in the petition is in custody under a sentence, dispositional order or commitment and the probable cause hearing will be held after the date on which the person is scheduled to be released or discharged from the sentence, dispositional order or commitment, the probable cause hearing under par.

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in jury trials

(a) shall be held no later than 10 days after the person's scheduled release or discharge date, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, unless that time is extended by the court for good cause shown upon its own motion, the motion of any party or the stipulation of the parties.

SECTION 79. 980.04 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

980.04 (3) If the court determines after a hearing that there is probable cause to believe that the person named in the petition is a sexually violent person, the court shall order that the person be taken into custody if he or she is not in custody and shall order the person to be transferred within a reasonable time to an appropriate facility specified by the department for an evaluation by the department as to whether the person is a sexually violent person. If the court determines that probable cause does not exist to believe that the person is a sexually violent person, the court shall dismiss the petition.

SECTION 80. 980.05 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

980.05 (1) A trial to determine whether the person who is the subject of a petition under s. 980.02 is a sexually violent person shall commence no later than 45

90 days after the date of the probable cause hearing under s. 980.04. The court may grant a continuance of the trial date for good cause upon its own motion, the motion of any party or the stipulation of the parties.

SECTION 81. 980.05 (1m) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 82. 980.05 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

980.05 (2m) (a) At a jury trial under this section, the summoning of jurors, the selection and qualifications of the jury, the challenge of jurors for cause and the duty of the court in charging the jury and giving instructions and discharging the jury when unable to agree shall be the same into trial different as in civil actions,

except that, notwithstanding s. 805.08 (3), each party shall be entitled to 4 peremptory challenges or, if the court orders additional jurors to be selected under s. 805.08 (2), to 5 peremptory challenges. A party may waive in advance any or all of its peremptory challenges and the number of jurors called under par. (b) shall be reduced by this number.

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*****NOTE: This language follows the current peremptory statutes (ss. 805.08(2) and 972.03, stats.) in providing and additional peremptory no matter how many additional jurors are selected. Okay? Or do fou intend to follow the sid rule that there was one additional peremptory for each "alternate" juror (the sid terminar additional jurors). If so, note that, at leasting criminal cases, the old rule allowed up more than 2 "alternate" jurors. See 972.05, 1081 stats.

(b) The number of jurors selected shall be the number prescribed in sub. (2), unless a lesser number has been stipulated to and approved under par. (c) or the court orders that additional jurors be selected. That number, plus the number of peremptory challenges available to all of the parties, shall be called initially and maintained in the jury box by calling others to replace jurors excused for cause until all jurors have been examined. The parties shall thereupon exercise in their order, the state beginning, the peremptory challenges available to them, and if any party declines to challenge, the challenge shall be made by the clerk by lot.

(c) At any time before the verdict in a jury trial under this section, the parties may stipulate in writing or by statement in open court, on the record, with the approval of the court, that the jury shall consist of any number less than

****NOTE: I put the jury selection language in s. 980.05 because the language that you suggested seemed to apply only to jury trials of 12 under that section. However, the draft is also codifying the *Post* requirement for a jury of 6 under s/980.09 (1) (b) and (2) (b). Should this language be modified to cover juries of 6 (and moved out of s. 980,05)? If so, do you want to provide a different number of peremptories for juries of 6

SECTION 83. 980.05 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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the number prescribed in sub. (2)

| 980.05 (3) (a) At a trial on a petition under this chapter, the petitioner has the |
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| burden of proving the allegations in the petition beyond a reasonable doubt that the |
| person who is the subject of the petition is a sexually violent person. |
| SECTION 84. 980.05 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 980.05 (3) (b) If the state alleges that the sexually violent offense or act that |
| forms the basis for the petition was an act that was sexually motivated as provided |
| in s. 980.01 (6) (b) or (bm), the state is required to prove beyond a reasonable doubt |
| that the alleged sexually violent act was sexually motivated. |
| SECTION 85. 980.07 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is |
| amended to read: |
| 980.07 (1) If a person has been committed under s. 980.06 and has not been |
| discharged under s. 980.09, the department shall conduct an examination of his or |
| her mental condition within 6 18 months after an the date of the initial commitment |
| order under s. 980.06 and again thereafter at least once each 12 months for the |
| purpose of determining whether the person has made sufficient progress for the |
| court to consider whether the person should be placed on supervised release or |
| discharged. At the time of a reexamination under this section, the person who has |
| been committed may retain or seek to have the court appoint an examiner as |
| provided under s. 980.03 (4) 980.031 (3). |
| SECTION 86. 980.07 (3) of the statutes is repealed. |
| SECTION 87. 980.08 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is |
| amended to read: |
| 980.08 (3) Within 20 days after receipt of the petition, the court shall appoint |
| one or more examiners having the specialized knowledge determined by the court to |

be appropriate, who shall examine the mental condition of the person and furnish

a written report of the examination to the court within 30 days after appointment. The district attorney or the department of justice, whichever filed the original petition, may have the petitioner examined as provided under s. 980.031 (2). An examiner retained by the district attorney or department of justice under s. 980.031 (2) or retained by or appointed for the petitioner under s. 980.031 (3) shall file a written report of his or her examination with the court within 45 days of being retained or appointed. All of the examiners acting under this subsection shall have reasonable access to the person for purposes of examination and to the person's past and present treatment records, as defined in s. 51.30 (1) (b), and patient health care records, as provided under s. 146.82(2)(e) 980.031(4). If any such examiner believes that the person is appropriate for supervised release under the criterion specified in sub. (4), the examiner shall report on the type of treatment and services that the person may need while in the community on supervised release. The county shall pay the costs of an examiner appointed under this subsection as provided under s. 51.20 (18) (a).

SECTION 88. 980.08 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is amended to read:

980.08 (4) The court, without a jury, shall hear the petition within 30 days after the report of the court—appointed examiner is reports of all persons who examined the petitioner under sub. (3) are filed with the court, unless the petitioner waives this time limit. Expenses of proceedings under this subsection shall be paid as provided under s. 51.20 (18) (b), (c) and (d). The court shall grant the petition unless the state proves by clear and convincing evidence that the person is still a sexually violent person and that it is still substantially probable that the person will engage in acts of sexual violence if the person is not continued in institutional care. In making a

decision under this subsection, the court may consider, without limitation because of enumeration, the nature and circumstances of the behavior that was the basis of the allegation in the petition under s. 980.02 (2) (a), the person's mental history and present mental condition, where the person will live, how the person will support himself or herself and what arrangements are available to ensure that the person has access to and will participate in necessary treatment, including pharmacological treatment using an antiandrogen or the chemical equivalent of an antiandrogen if the person is a serious child sex offender. A decision under this subsection on a petition filed by a person who is a serious child sex offender may not be made based on the fact that the person is a proper subject for pharmacological treatment using an antiandrogen or the chemical equivalent of an antiandrogen or on the fact that the person is willing to participate in pharmacological treatment using an antiandrogen or the chemical equivalent of an antiandrogen.

SECTION 89. 980.09 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

980.09 (1) (b) At a hearing under this subsection, the district attorney or the department of justice, whichever filed the original petition, shall represent the state and shall have the right to may have the petitioner examined by an expert or professional person of his, her or its choice. The hearing shall be before the court without a jury as provided under s. 980.031 (2). The district attorney or the department of justice, whichever filed the original petition, or the petitioner or his or her attorney may request that the hearing under this subsection be to a jury of 6. At the hearing under this subsection, the state has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner is still a sexually violent person.

SECTION 90. 980.09 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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980.09 (2) (a) A person may petition the committing court for discharge from custody or supervision without the secretary's approval. At the time of an examination under s. 980.07 (1), the secretary shall provide the committed person with a written notice of the person's right to petition the court for discharge over the secretary's objection. The notice shall contain a waiver of rights. The secretary shall forward a copy of the notice and waiver form to the court with the report of the department's examination under s. 980.07 and shall file with the court proof that the person received the notice. If the person does not affirmatively waive the right to petition petitions for discharge from custody or supervision without the secretary's approval, the court shall set a probable cause hearing to determine whether facts exist that warrant a hearing on whether the person is still a sexually violent person. The committed person has a right to have an attorney represent him or her at the probable cause hearing, but the person is not entitled to be present at the probable cause hearing. In determining under this paragraph whether facts exist that warrant a hearing on whether the person is still a sexually violent person, the court shall consider only the examination report filed under s. 980.07 (2) and relevant arguments and supporting documentation provided by the person or the state.

SECTION 91. 980.09 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

980.09 (2) (b) If the court determines at the probable cause hearing under par.

(a) that probable cause exists to believe that the committed person is no longer facts exist that warrant a hearing on whether the person is still a sexually violent person, then the court shall set a hearing on the issue. At a hearing under this paragraph, the committed person is entitled to be present and to the benefit of the protections afforded to the person under s. 980.03. The district attorney or the department of justice, whichever filed the original petition, shall represent the state at a hearing

1 under this paragraph. The hearing under this paragraph shall be to the court. The district attorney or the department of justice, whichever filed the original petition, 2 or the petitioner or his or her attorney may request that the hearing under this 3 subsection be to a jury of 6. The state has the right to may have the committed person 4 evaluated by experts chosen by the state examined as provided under s. 980.031(2). 5 At the hearing, the state has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the committed person is still a sexually violent person. SECTION 92. 980.12 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, is 8 980.031 (3) amended to read: 9 980.12 (1) Except as provided in (ss) 980.03 (4) (and) 980.08 (3), the department 10 shall pay from the appropriations under s. 20.435(2)(a) and (bm) for all costs relating 11 to the evaluation, treatment and care of persons evaluated or committed under this 12 13 chapter. Note This draft strikes from s. 980.03 (4) (renumbered by the ant to retain that language? SECTION 93. 980.14 (title) of the statutes is created to read: 14 980.14 (title) Immunity. 15 SECTION 94. 980.14 (1) of the statutes is created to read: 16 980.14 (1) In this section, "agency" means the department of corrections, the 17 department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district 18 19 attorney. Section 95. Initial applicability. 20 SEXUALLY VIOLENT PERSON COMMITMENT PROCEEDINGS. The treatment of sections 1 that tong to be provided in the final version of the draft of the statutes first apply to proceedings under chapter 980 of the statutes that are

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initiated by a petition filed under section 980.02 of the statutes on the effective date of this subsection.

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(2) Increased Penalty for Persons with Prior convictions for certain crimes. The renumbering and amendment of sections 939.623 (1) and 939.624 (1) of the statutes and the creation of sections 939.623 (1) (b) and 939.624 (1) (b) of the statutes first apply to offenses committed on the effective date of this subsection, but do not preclude the counting of other offenses as prior serious sex crimes, prior serious violent crimes or prior child sex crimes for purposes of sentencing a person under section 939.623 or 939.624 of the statutes, as affected by this act.

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(END)

1999-2000 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

ANALYSIS INSERT:

Sexually violent person commitment proceedings

Current law provides a procedure for involuntarily committing sexually violent persons to the department of health and family services (DHFS) for control, care and treatment. A sexually violent person is a person who has committed certain sexually violent offenses and who is dangerous because he or she suffers from a mental disorder that makes it substantially probable that the person will engage in acts of sexual violence.

A proceeding for the involuntary commitment of a sexually violent person is begun by the filing of a petition that alleges that the person is a sexually violent person. The petition may be filed by the department of justice (DOJ) or, if DOJ does not file a petition, by a district attorney. The petition must be filed before the person is going to be released from confinement that resulted from the commission of a sexually violent offense. The court in which the petition is filed must review the petition and decide whether to hold the person in custody pending a trial on the petition. The court must also hold a hearing to determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the person is a sexually violent person. If the court finds that there is probable cause to believe that the person is a sexually violent person, the court must schedule a trial on the petition and order the person to be sent to an appropriate facility for an evaluation.

If, after the trial on a sexually violent person petition, the person is found by a judge or jury to be a sexually violent person, the person must be committed to the custody of DHFS and placed in institutional care. A person who is committed as a sexually violent person and placed in institutional care may petition the committing court to modify its order by authorizing supervised release in the community if at least 18 months have elapsed since the initial commitment order was entered or at least six months have elapsed since the most recent release petition was denied or the most recent order for supervised release was revoked. In addition, current law provides for periodic reexaminations of a person committed as a sexually violent person and provides a method by which the person may petition the court for discharge from the commitment on the grounds that he or she is no longer a sexually violent person.

This bill makes numerous changes to the current sexually violent person commitment procedure. Among the changes made by the bill are the following:

1. Definition of sexually violent offenses. A person may be subject to a proceeding for commitment as a sexually violent person only if the person has committed certain sexually violent offenses. This bill adds additional offenses to the current list of sexually violent offenses that may serve as a basis for a petition. Currently, the list includes such offenses as first and second degree sexual assault, first and second degree sexual assault of a child, incest with a child and child enticement. This bill adds sexual exploitation by a therapist and third degree sexual assault to the list.

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The current list of sexually violent offenses also includes offenses such as homicide, certain battery offenses, kidnapping and burglary, if the offense is found to have been sexually motivated. Under the bill, the following crimes are considered to be sexually violent crimes if they are found to have been sexually motivated: felony murder; administering a dangerous or stupefying drug with the intent to facilitate the commission of a crime; soliciting a child to participate in criminal gang activity; arson to a building; robbery; and physical abuse of a child.

In addition, the bill provides that an offense that was a crime under an earlier law of this state that is comparable to any of the sexually violent offenses included in the list is also considered to be a sexually violent offense.

Finally, the bill includes in the list of sexually violent offenses the offense of escape, if the escape was from any type of custody that is related to a sexually violent person commitment proceeding (see **Escape**, below).

2. Expert examinations of persons subject to sexually violent person petitions. Under current law, if a person who is the subject of a sexually violent person petition or who has been committed as a sexually violent person is required to submit to an examination, he or she may retain experts or professional persons to perform an examination. If the person is indigent, the court must, upon the person's request, appoint a qualified and available expert or professional person to perform an examination of the person on the person's behalf.

This bill maintains the current provision concerning retention of an expert by a person subject to a petition or appointment of an expert for the person. The bill also provides that, if a person who is subject to a sexually violent person petition denies the facts alleged in the petition, the court may appoint at least one expert to conduct an examination of the person and testify at the trial on the petition. The bill also provides that the state may retain an expert to examine a person subject to a sexually violent person petition and testify at the trial on the petition or at other proceedings. Finally, the bill provides that an expert retained or appointed under any of these provisions must be a licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health professional.

3. Access to confidential records. Under current law, with certain exceptions, a person's medical records (including mental health treatment records) are confidential. Also, if a juvenile has been subject to a delinquency proceeding or a proceeding to determine whether he or she is in need of protection or services, the records concerning the court proceeding and any placement or treatment resulting from the proceeding are generally confidential. Among the exceptions to the confidentiality requirements that apply to medical and juvenile records are exceptions allowing access to certain persons for use in connection with proceedings to commit a person as a sexually violent person. Specifically, current law allows access to these records by an expert who is examining a person for purposes of providing an opinion as to whether the person may meet the criteria for commitment as a sexually violent person. Current law also provides access to the records by DOJ or a district attorney for purposes of prosecuting a sexually violent person commitment proceeding.

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This bill modifies the current exceptions to medical and juvenile records confidentiality by broadening the provisions concerning who may have access to the records and by clarifying how those persons may use information obtained from the records. Under the bill, the records must be released to authorized representatives of DHFS, DOJ, the department of corrections (DOC) or a district attorney for use in the evaluation or prosecution of a sexually violent person proceeding if the records involve or relate to an individual who is the subject of or who is being evaluated for the proceeding. The bill also provides that the court in which the proceeding is pending may issue any protective orders that it determines are appropriate concerning the records and that any representative of DHFS, DOJ or DOC or a district attorney may disclose information obtained from the records for any purpose consistent with any sexually violent person proceeding.

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In addition, the bill allows for access to other confidential records and reports which, under current law, are not generally available for use in connection with a sexually violent person commitment proceeding. Specifically, the bill allows access to law enforcement records concerning juveniles, records concerning required reports of abused or neglected children, court records of other civil commitment proceedings, pupil records maintained by a school and presentence investigation reports prepared by DOC in connection with the sentencing of a person convicted of a crime. As with the exception for medical and juvenile records, the bill provides that these records and reports must be released to authorized representatives of DHFS, DOJ, DOC or a district attorney for use in the evaluation or prosecution of a sexually violent person proceeding if the records involve or relate to an individual who is the subject of or who is being evaluated for the proceeding. The bill also provides that the court in which the proceeding is pending may issue any protective orders that it determines are appropriate concerning the records and that any representative of DHFS, DOJ or DOC or a district attorney may disclose information obtained from the records for any purpose consistent with any sexually violent person proceeding.

4. Timing of probable cause hearing. Under current law, the court in which a sexually violent person petition has been filed must conduct a probable cause hearing on the petition within a reasonable period of time after the filing of the petition, except that the probable cause hearing must be held within 72 hours after the petition is filed (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays) if the person is being held in custody pending trial on the petition.

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This bill provides that the probable cause hearing generally must be held within 30 days of the filing of the petition, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, unless that time limit is extended by the court for good cause. However, if the person subject to the petition is in custody under a criminal sentence, a juvenile dispositional order or a commitment order that is based on the person's commission of a sexually violent offense and the probable cause hearing is scheduled to be held after the date on which the person is scheduled to be released or discharged from the sentence, dispositional order or commitment order, then the probable cause hearing must be held no later than ten days after the person's scheduled date of release or discharge, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, unless that time limit is extended by the court for good cause.

5. Timing of the trial on a sexually violent person petition. Under current law, a trial to determine whether the person who is the subject of a petition is a sexually violent person must commence no later than 45 days after the date of the probable cause hearing, unless the court grants a continuance of the trial date for good cause. The bill provides that the trial must begin no later than 90 days after the date of the probable cause hearing, except that the court may grant one or more continuances for good cause.

6. Rights of a person subject to a petition. Under current law, the rules of evidence applicable at a criminal trial apply to a trial on a sexually violent person petition and a person who is subject to a sexually violent person petition generally has the same constitutional rights available to a defendant in a criminal proceeding. Current law also specifically provides that the person has the right to counsel, the right to remain silent, the right to present and cross—examine witnesses and the right to have the allegations in the petition proven beyond a reasonable doubt.

This bill eliminates the requirement that the rules of evidence applicable at a criminal trial also apply at a trial on a petition. In addition, the bill eliminates the general provision affording a person subject to a petition the same constitutional rights available to a defendant in a criminal proceeding. The bill does not eliminate the person's specified rights to counsel, to present and cross—examine witnesses and to have the petition proven beyond a reasonable doubt. Likewise, the bill does not eliminate the person's specified right to remain silent; however, the bill does provide that the state may present evidence that a person who is the subject of a petition refused to participate in an examination that was conducted for the purpose of evaluating whether to file a petition against the person or for the purpose of evaluating the person after a petition had been filed.

7. Reexaminations of persons found to be sexually violent persons. Under current law, a person who has been committed as a sexually violent person must be examined by DHFS within six months after the initial commitment and again thereafter at least once each 12 months for the purpose of determining whether the person has made sufficient progress for the court to consider whether the person should be placed on supervised release or discharged from the commitment. This bill provides that DHFS is not required to examine the person until 18 months after the person's initial commitment. The bill does not change the requirement that DHFS conduct further evaluations at least once each 12 months thereafter.

In addition, under current law the court that committed the person may order a reexamination of the person at any time. The bill eliminates the ability of the court to order a reexamination of the person at any time.

8. Miscellaneous procedural provisions. Current law does not explicitly address various procedural issues relating to sexually violent person commitment proceedings. This bill creates new procedural provisions addressing a number of these issues. Among the issues addressed by new procedural provisions are the following:

a. Substitution of judge.

b. Making motions to challenge the jurisdiction of the court or the timeliness of the filing of a petition.

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- c. Methods by which one party may discover and inspect material in the possession of the other party.
 - d. Changing the place where the trial on the petition is held.
 - e. Jury selection.
- f. Filing motions for relief from a commitment order that is entered after a person has been found to be a sexually violent person.

The bill also provides that the rules applicable to appeals in criminal, juvenile and other civil commitment cases will generally apply in an appeal from an order committing a person as a sexually violent person.

9. Codification of certain case law interpretations. The bill codifies certain Wisconsin appellate court decisions relating to the sexually violent person commitment procedure, including the following:

a. The bill provides that a person may be subject to a sexually violent person commitment proceeding at the time that he or she is being paroled under or discharged from a commitment under a previous sex crimes commitment law that was repealed in 1980. This codifies a holding of *State v. Post*, 197 Wis, 2d 279 (1995).

b. The bill provides that, for purposes of determining the proper time to file a petition, confinement under a sentence of imprisonment that was imposed for a sexually violent offense includes confinement that was imposed consecutively to any sentence for a sexually violent offense. This codifies a holding of *State v. Keith*, 216 Wis. 2d 61 (Ct. App. 1997).

c. The bill provides that a person committed as a sexually violent person must be afforded the right to request a jury for a hearing on his or her petition for a discharge from the commitment. This codifies a holding of *State v. Post*, 197 Wis. 2d 279 (1995).

d. The bill provides that, when reviewing a person's petition for discharge from a commitment as a sexually violent person, the court does not hold an evidentiary hearing but instead considers only reports concerning reexaminations of the person and any relevant documentation submitted by the parties. This codifies the holding of State v. Paulick, 213 Wis. 2d 432 (Ct. App. 1997).

Escape

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Current law provides penalties for escaping from certain types of custody, including actual physical custody in a jail, state prison or juvenile correctional institution, actual physical custody of a law enforcement officer or institution guard and constructive custody of prisoners and juveniles temporarily outside an institution for the purpose of work, school, medical care or other authorized temporary leave. A person who is convicted of escape is subject to fines or imprisonment or both. The maximum term of imprisonment that may be imposed depends on the type of custody from which the person escapes. For instance, a person who escapes after being arrested for, charged with or sentenced for a crime may be imprisoned for not more than ten years or fined not more than \$10,000 or both, while a person who escapes after being arrested for, charged with or convicted of a violation of a law that is penalized with a forfeiture (a civil monetary penalty) may be imprisoned for not more than nine months or fined not more than \$10,000 or both.

This bill provides that a person may be imprisoned for not more 60 years if he or she escapes while he or she is in custody in connection with a sexually violent person commitment proceeding or while he or she is in institutional care or on supervised release after having been found to be a sexually violent person.

Sentence enhancement for repeat serious sex crimes and repeat violent crimes

Under current law, a person must be sentenced to not less than five years of imprisonment if he or she commits a serious sex crime after having previously been convicted of a serious sex crime. The serious sex crimes covered by this requirement are first and second degree sexual assault, which generally involves sexual intercourse or sexual contact with another without the other person's consent under certain aggravating circumstances (such as the use or the threat of use of a weapon, force or violence). This bill adds third degree sexual assault (sexual intercourse or sexual contact with another without the other person's consent) to the list of serious sex crimes covered by this minimum sentence requirement. In addition, the bill provides that a person is covered by this minimum sentence requirement if any of the following with: 1) the person was previously convicted of a crime under an earlier law of this state that is comparable to first, second or third degree sexual assault; or 2) the person has previously been convicted of a crime under federal law or the law of another state and that federal or state law is comparable to first, second or third degree sexual assault.

Current law also provides that a person must be sentenced to not less than five years of imprisonment if he or she commits a serious violent crime after having previously been convicted of a serious violent crime. The serious violent crimes covered by this requirement are felony murder (causing the death of another during the commission of certain felonies) and second degree intentional homicide. This bill provides that a person is covered by this minimum sentence requirement if he or she has previously been convicted of a crime under federal law or the law of another state and that federal or state law is comparable to felony murder or second degree intentional homicide.

Sex offender registration requirements

Under current law, with certain exceptions, a person must register as a sex offender if he or she has committed certain sex offenses, such as sexual assault, sexual assault of a child, incest, sexual exploitation of a child or child enticement. In addition, current law allows a court to order a person to register as a sex offender if the person has committed certain serious felony offenses that are not sex offenses, such as homicide, battery or burglary, but that the court finds were sexually motivated. This bill provides that a court may order a person to register as a sex offender if the person has committed the offense of administering a dangerous or stupefying drug with the intent to facilitate the commission of a crime or the offense of soliciting a child to participate in criminal gang activity if the court finds that the offense was sexually motivated.

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Any representative of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney may disclose information obtained under this subsection for any purpose consistent with any proceeding under ch. 980.

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Any representative of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney may disclose information obtained under this paragraph for any purpose consistent with any proceeding under ch. 980.

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Any representative of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney may disclose information obtained under this paragraph for any purpose consistent with any proceeding under ch. 980.

INSERT 5-19:

Any representative of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney may disclose information obtained under this paragraph for any purpose consistent with any proceeding under ch. 980.

INSERT 6-6:

The court in which the proceeding under ch. 980 is pending may issue any protective orders that it determines are appropriate concerning information made available or disclosed under this subdivision. Any representative of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice

or a district attorney may disclose information obtained under this subdivision for any purpose consistent with any proceeding under ch. 980.

INSERT 6-9:

SECTION 1. 118.125 (2) (ck) of the statutes is created to read:

118.125 (2) (ck) The school clerk or his or her designee shall make pupil records available for inspection or disclose the contents of pupil records to authorized representatives of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney for use in the evaluation or prosecution of any proceeding under ch. 980, if the pupil records involve or relate to an individual who is the subject of or who is being evaluated for a proceeding under ch. 980. The court in which the proceeding under ch. 980 is pending may issue any protective orders that it determines are appropriate concerning pupil records made available or disclosed under this paragraph. Any representative of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney may disclose information obtained under this paragraph for any purpose consistent with any proceeding under ch. 980.

INSERT 6-23: V

The court in which the proceeding under ch. 980 is pending may issue any protective orders that it determines are appropriate concerning profit records made available or disclosed under this paragraph. Any representative of the department of corrections, the department of health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney may disclose information obtained under this paragraph for any purpose consistent with any proceeding under ch. 980.

| 1 | INSERT 7-8: |
|----|---|
| 2 | A jury in a hearing under s. 980.09 (1) (b) or (2) (b) shall consist of the number of |
| 3 | persons specified in s. 980.09 (1) (b) or (2) (b), whichever is applicable, unless a lesser |
| 4 | number has been stipulated to and approved under s. 980.09 (3) (c). |
| 5 | INSERT 12–2: 🗸 |
| 6 | subsection. Any representative of the department of corrections, the department of |
| 7 | health and family services, the department of justice or a district attorney may |
| 8 | disclose information obtained under this subsection for any purpose consistent with |
| 9 | any proceeding under ch. 980 |
| 10 | INSERT 12–19: |
| 11 | Any representative of the department of corrections, the department of health and |
| 12 | family services, the department of justice or a district attorney may disclose |
| 13 | information obtained under this paragraph for any purpose consistent with any |
| 14 | proceeding under ch. 980. |
| 15 | INSERT 19-6: V |
| 16 | SECTION 2. 980.015 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 17 | 980.015 (2) (c) The anticipated release on conditional release under s. 971.17 |
| 18 | or the anticipated termination of or discharge of a from a commitment order under |
| 19 | s. 971.17, if the person who has been found not guilty of a sexually violent offense by |
| 20 | reason of mental disease or defect under s. 971.17 . |
| 21 | History: 1993 a. 479, 1995 a. 77; 1997 a. 205, 283; 1999 a. 9. INSERT 20-19: |
| 22 | SECTION 3. 980.03 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: |
| 23 | 980.03 (3) The person who is the subject of the petition, the person's attorney, |
| 24 | the department of justice or the district attorney may request that a trial under s. |

| 1 | 980.05 be to a jury of 12. A request for a jury trial shall be made as provided under |
|---|---|
| 2 | s. 980.05 (2). Notwithstanding s. 980.05 (2), if the person, the person's attorney, the |
| 3 | department of justice or the district attorney does not request a jury trial, the court |
| 4 | may on its own motion require that the trial be to a jury of 12. The jury shall be |
| 5 | selected as provided under s. 980.05 (2m) A verdict of a jury under this chapter is |
| 6 | not valid unless it is unanimous. |

History: 1993 a. 479; 1997 a. 252; 1999 a. 9.

INSERT 21-5:

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Upon the order of the circuit court, the county shall pay, as part of the costs of the action, the costs of a licensed physician, licensed psychologist or other mental health professional appointed by a court under this subsection to perform an examination and participate in the trial or other proceeding on behalf of an indigent person.

INSERT 21–18: 🗸

past and present juvenile records, as provided under ss. 48.396 (6), 48.78 (2) (e), 938.396 (10) and 938.78 (2) (e),

INSERT 40-7:

SECTION 4. 980.09 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

980.09 (3) JURY SELECTION. At a hearing to a jury under sub. (1) (b) or (2) (b), the summoning of jurors, the selection and qualifications of the jury, the challenge of jurors for cause and the duty of the court in charging the jury and giving instructions and discharging the jury when unable to agree shall be the same as in jury trials in civil actions. A party may waive in advance any or all of its peremptory challenges and the number of jurors called under par. (b) shall be reduced by this number.

(b) The number of jurors selected shall be the number prescribed in sub. (1) (b) or (2) (b), whichever is applicable, unless a lesser number has been stipulated to and approved under par. (c) or the court orders that additional jurors be selected. That number, plus the number of peremptory challenges available to all of the parties, shall be called initially and maintained in the jury box by calling others to replace jurors excused for cause until all jurors have been examined. The parties shall thereupon exercise in their order, the state beginning, the peremptory challenges available to them, and if any party declines to challenge, the challenge shall be made by the clerk by lot.

(c) At any time before the verdict in a hearing to a jury under sub. (1) (b) or (2) (b), the parties may stipulate in writing or by statement in open court, on the record, with the approval of the court, that the jury shall consist of any number less than the number prescribed in sub. (1) (b) or (2) (b), whichever is applicable.

INSERT 40-22:

48.396 (6), 48.78 (2) (e), 48.981 (7) (a) 8s., 51.30 (3) (bm) and (4) (b) 8m., 8s. and 10m., 118.125 (2) (ck), 146.82 (2) (c) and (cm), 801.52, 808.04 (3) and (4), 809.10 (1) (a), 809.30 (1) (a) and (b), 809.40 (1), 814.61 (1) (c) 6., 905.04 (4) (a), 911.01 (4) (c), 938.35 (1) (e), 938.396 (2) (e), 938.78 (2) (e), 972.15 (6), 980.01 (2), (5) and (6) (a), (am), (b), (bm), (c) and (d), 980.015 (2) (c), 980.03 (2) (intro.), (3), (4) and (5), 980.031 (title), (1) and (2), 980.034, 980.035, 980.036, 980.038, 980.04 (1) and (3), 980.05 (1), (1m), (2m) and (3) (a) and (b), 980.07 (1) and (3), 980.08 (3) and (4) and 980.09 (1) (b), (2) (a) and (b) and (3) of the statutes, the renumbering and amendment of section 980.04 (2) of the statutes and the creation of section 980.04 (2) (b)

| 1 | INSERT 41–2: |
|---|---|
| 2 | (0) SEXUALLY VIOLENT PERSON COMMITMENT PETITIONS. The treatment of section |
| 3 | 980.02 (1) (a) and (b) 3., (1m), (2) (ag) and (4) (intro.) of the statutes first applies to |
| 4 | petitions filed on the effective date of this subsection. |
| 5 | |
| 6 | (title) and (1) of the statutes first applies to acts or omissions occurring on the |
| 7 | effective date of this subsection. |

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-4105/1dn JEO: k.i. JMG

Please review the initial applicability provisions carefully to make sure that they do what you want them to do. Note that there is a specific provision dealing with the new petition requirements.

Proposed s. 118.125 (2) (ck) may conflict with federal law concerning the release of school records. See 34 CFR (99.31(a)(5)(i)(B) and 99.38. Federal law does permit school records to be released pursuant to a court order or subpoena. See 34 CFR (99.31(a)(9)(i).

I think that the definition of "treatment records" under s. 51.30 (1) (b), stats., is very broad, given the definition of "mental illness" under s. 51.01 (13) (a), stats., and "treatment facility" under s. 51.01 (19), stats. Thus, this draft leaves intact the reference to "treatment records" in proposed s. 980.031 (4) (which is derived from current s. 980.03 (4), stats.).

Under the proposed change to s. 911.01 (4) (c), stats., the rules of evidence will not apply in hearings to a jury under s. 980.09, stats. Is that your intent?

Let me know if you have any questions or changes.

Jefren E. Olsen Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–8906

E-mail: Jefren.Olsen@legis.state.wi.us

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-4105/1dn JEO:kmg:kjf

February 9, 2000

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