

State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

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LRB-0091/**F** 3 RCT:kmg;jf

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DOA:.....Grinde - Plant pest detection and nurseries

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT ..., relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau AGRICULTURE

Under current law, a person may not operate a nursery (a place where plants are grown for sale) in this state without a license from the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection (DATCP). The license fee is based primarily on total nursery acreage. A nursery operator must pay a surcharge, also primarily based on acreage, which is used for gypsy moth eradication. A person other than the operator of a nursery may not sell nursery stock without a nursery dealer license from DATCP. The nursery dealer license fee is \$25 for each place of business. A nursery dealer must also pay a \$30 surcharge which is used for gypsy moth eradication.

This bill restructures and makes various changes in the law related to nursery operators and nursery dealers. Under the bill, the license fee for a nursery operator (called a nursery grower) is based on annual sales of nursery stock. Under the bill, the nursery dealer license fee is based on annual purchases of nursery stock. The bill eliminates the gypsy moth surcharge and provides that all of the nurser grower and nursery dealer license fees are used for plant protection, including nursery regulation and control of plant pests. The bill requires that Christmas tree growers be licensed as nursery growers. The bill also authorizes DATCP to issue temporary permits to allow the growing and sale of nursery stock for the benefit of nonprofit organizations without a license.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do

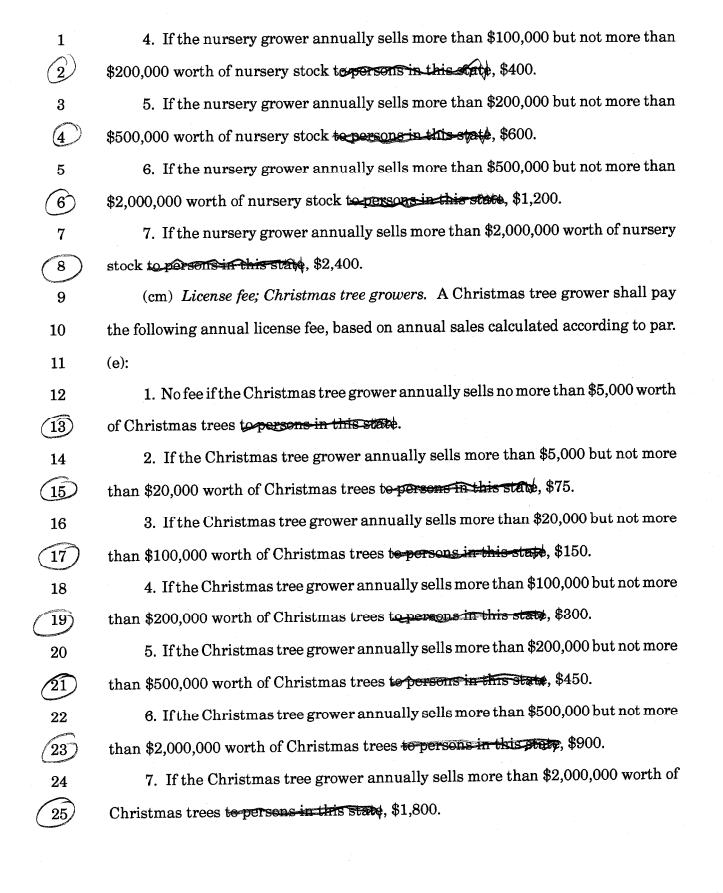
	enact as follows:
1	SECTION 1. 20.115 (7) (j) of the statutes is repealed.
	****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
2	SECTION 2. 20.115 (7) (ja) of the statutes is created to read:
3	20.115 (7) (ja) Plant protection. All moneys received under s. 94.10 (2) and (3)
4	34.11 for plant protection, including nursery regulation and the detection and
5	control of plant pests.
	****NOTE: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
6	SECTION 3. 93.135 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	93.135 (1) (b) A license under s. 94.10 (2) or (3) or (4).
8	SECTION 4. 94.10 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
9	94.10 Nursery stock; inspection and licensing. (1) Definitions. In this
10	section:
11	(b) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization described in section 501 (c)
12	of the Internal Revenue Code that is exempt from federal income tax under section
13	501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
14	(c) "Nursery" means premises in this state on which a person propagates or
15	grows nursery stock for sale. "Nursery" does not include heeling-in grounds or other
16	premises where a person holds nursery stock for purposes other than propagation or
17	growth.
18	(d) "Nursery dealer" means a person, other than a nursery grower, who sells,
19	offers for sale or distributes nursery stocky from a location in this state
	/ #

1	(e) "Nursery grower" means a person who owns or operates a nursery.
2	(f) "Nursery stock" means plants and plant parts that can be propagated or
3	grown, including rooted Christmas trees, but excluding field, vegetable and flower
4	seeds, sod, cranberry cuttings and annuals.
5	(g) "Officially inspected source" means any of the following:
6	1. A nursery dealer licensed under sub. (2).
7	2. A nursery grower licensed under sub. (3).
8	3. A source outside this state that the department recognizes under sub. (10)
9	as an officially inspected source.
10	(i) "Rooted Christmas tree" means an evergreen tree that is rooted in the soil many and grown
11	periodically sheared or cultured for eventual harvest and sale as a Christmas tree,
12)	subjected to weed and hush control and subjected to one or more of the following
13)	1. Basal pruning.
14)	2. Fertilization.
15)	3. Insect and disease control.
16)	4. Stump culture.
17)	5. Cultivation and irrigation
18	(j) "Sell" means to transfer ownership, for consideration.
19	(2) NURSERY DEALER; ANNUAL LICENSE. (a) License required. Except as provided
20	in par. (f), no person may operate as a nursery dealer without an annual license from
21	the department. A nursery dealer license expires on February 20. A nursery dealer
22	license may not be transferred to another person.
23	(b) Applying for a license. A person applying for a nursery dealer license under
24	par. (a) shall apply on a form provided by the department. An applicant shall provide
25	all of the following to the department:

1	1. The applicant's legal name and address and any other name under which the				
2	applicant does business.				
3	2. The address of each location at which the applicant proposes to hold nursery				
4	stock for sale.				
5	3. The license fee required under par. (c).				
6	4. The surcharge required under par. (d), if any.				
7	5. Other information reasonably required by the department for licensing				
8	purposes.				
9	(c) License fee. A nursery dealer shall pay the following annual license fee,				
10	based on annual purchases calculated according to par. (e):				
11	1. If the nursery dealer buys no more than \$5,000 worth of nursery stock for				
<u>(12</u>)	resale to persons in this state()\$55.				
13	2. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$5,000 but not more than \$20,000 worth				
14)	of nursery stock for resale to persons in this state, \$75.				
15	3. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$20,000 but not more than \$100,000				
16	worth of nursery stock for resale to persons in this state, \$100.				
17	4. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$100,000 but not more than \$200,000				
18	worth of nursery stock for resale to persons in this state, \$200.				
19	5. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$200,000 but not more than \$500,000				
20)	worth of nursery stock for resale to persons in this state, \$300.				
21	6. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$500,000 but not more than \$2,000,000				
(22)	worth of nursery stock for resale to persons in this state, \$400.				
23	7. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$2,000,000 worth of nursery stock for				
(24)	resale to persons in this state, \$500.				
- Advis Miller					

- (d) Surcharge for operating without a license. In addition to the fee required under par. (c), an applicant for a nursery dealer license shall pay a surcharge equal to the amount of that fee if the department determines that, within 365 days before submitting the application, the applicant operated as a nursery dealer without a license in violation of par. (a). Payment of the surcharge does not relieve the applicant of any other penalty or liability that may result from the violation, but does not constitute evidence of a violation of par. (a).
- (e) Calculating annual purchases. The amount of an applicant's license fee under par. (c) for a license year shall be based on the applicant's purchases of nursery stock during the preceding license year, except that if the applicant made no purchases of nursery stock during the preceding license year the fee shall be based on the applicant's good faith prediction of purchases during the license year for which the applicant is applying.
 - (f) Exemptions. Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:
- A person whose only sales of nursery stock are retail sales totaling less than
 \$250 annually.
- 2. A person selling or offering to sell nursery stock pursuant to a valid permit under par. (g).
- (g) Temporary permit; sales benefiting nonprofit organization. The department may issue a temporary permit authorizing the permit holder to sell nursery stock, for the benefit of a nonprofit organization, for a period of not more than 7 consecutive days. An applicant for a temporary permit shall apply on a form provided by the department and shall pay a fee of \$5. The department may impose written conditions on the temporary permit and may summarily suspend or revoke the permit if the permit holder violates those conditions.

1	(3) NURSERY GROWER; ANNUAL LICENSE. (a) License required. Except as provided
2	in par. (f), no person may operate as a nursery grower without an annual license from
3	the department. A nursery grower license expires on February 20. A nursery grower
4	license may not be transferred to another person.
5	(b) Applying for a license. A person applying for a nursery grower license under
6	par. (a) shall apply on a form provided by the department. An applicant shall provide
7	all of the following to the department:
8	1. The applicant's legal name and address and any other name under which the
9	applicant does business.
10	2. The address of each location in this state at which the applicant operates a
11	nursery or holds nursery stock for sale.
12	3. The license fee required under par. (c) or (cm).
13	4. The surcharge required under (d), if any.
14	5. Other information reasonably required by the department for licensing
15	purposes.
16	(c) License fee; general. Except as provided in par. (cm), a nursery grower shall
17	pay the following annual license fee, based on annual sales calculated according to
18	par. (e):
19	1. If the nursery grower annually sells no more than \$5,000 worth of nursery
20	stock to persons in this state, \$55.
21	2. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$5,000 but not more than
22)	\$20,000 worth of nursery stock to persons in this state, \$100.
23	3. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$20,000 but not more than
24)	\$100,000 worth of nursery stock to persons in this state, \$200.



(10)

(11)

- (d) Surcharge for operating without a license. In addition to the fee required under par. (c) or (cm), an applicant for a nursery grower license shall pay a surcharge equal to the amount of that fee if the department determines that, within 365 days before submitting that application, the applicant operated as a nursery grower without a license in violation of par. (a). Payment of the surcharge does not relieve the applicant of any other penalty or liability that may result from the violation, but does not constitute evidence of a violation of par. (a).
- (e) Calculating annual sales. The amount of an applicant's license fee under par. (c) or (cm) for a license year shall be based on the applicant's sales of nursery stock during the preceding license/year, except that if the applicant made no sales during the preceding license/year the fee shall be based on the applicant's good faith prediction of sales during the license year for which the applicant is applying.
 - (f) Exemptions. Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:
- 1. A nursery grower whose only sales of nursery stock are retail sales totaling less than \$250 annually.
- 2. A person growing nursery stock for sale pursuant to a valid temporary permit under par. (g).
- (g) Temporary permit; sales benefiting nonprofit organization. The department may issue a temporary permit authorizing the permit holder to sell nursery stock, for the benefit of a nonprofit organization, for a period of not more than 7 consecutive days. An applicant for a temporary permit shall apply on a form provided by the department and shall pay a fee of \$5. The department may impose written conditions on the temporary permit and may summarily suspend or revoke the permit if the permit holder violates those conditions.

- (3m) Notice of New Locations. (a) The holder of a nursery dealer license shall notify the department in writing before adding, during a license year, any new location at which the license holder will hold nursery stock for sale. The license holder shall specify the address of the new location in the notice.
- (b) The holder of a nursery grower license shall notify the department in writing before adding, during the license year, any new location at which the license holder will operate a nursery or hold nursery stock for sale. The license holder shall specify the address of the new location in the notice.
- (4) Nursery growers and dealers; records. (a) Nursery dealers; records of nursery stock received. A nursery dealer shall keep a record of every shipment of nursery stock received by the nursery dealer. The nursery dealer shall include all of the following in the record:
- 1. A description of the types of nursery stock, and the quantity of nursery stock of each type, included in the shipment.
- 2. The name and address of the source from which the nursery dealer received the shipment.
- (b) Nursery growers and dealers; records of shipments to other nursery growers and dealers. Each nursery grower and nursery dealer shall record every shipment of nursery stock that the nursery grower or nursery dealer sells or distributes to another nursery grower or nursery dealer. The nursery grower or nursery dealer shall include all of the following in the record:
- 1. A description of the types of nursery stock, and the quantity of nursery stock of each type, included in the shipment.
- 2. The name and address of the nursery grower or nursery dealer receiving the shipment.

nursery stock.

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(c) Records retained and made available. A nursery grower or nursery dealer 1 who is required to keep records under par. (a) or (b) shall retain those records for at 2 least 3 years and shall make those records available to the department for inspection 3 and copying upon request. 4 (5) Labeling nursery stock. (a) Nursery stock shipped to dealer. No person 5 may sell or distribute any shipment of nursery stock to a nursery dealer, and no 6 nursery dealer may accept a shipment of nursery stock, unless that shipment is 7 labeled with all of the following: 8 1. The name and address of the person selling or distributing the shipment to 9 the nursery dealer. 10 2. A certification, by the person under subd. 1., that all of the nursery stock 11 included in the shipment is from officially inspected sources. 12 (b) Growers and dealers to report unlabeled shipments. Whenever any person 13 tenders to a nursery grower or nursery dealer any shipment of nursery stock that is 14 not fully labeled according to par. (a), the nursery grower or nursery dealer shall 15 promptly report that unlabeled shipment to the department. 16 (c) Nursery stock sold at retail. A person selling nursery stock at retail shall 17 ensure that the nursery stock is labeled with the common or botanical name of the 18

(6) CARE OF NURSERY STOCK. (a) Adequate facilities. A nursery grower or

(b) Reasonable examinations. Nursery growers and nursery dealers shall make

nursery dealer shall maintain facilities that are reasonably adequate for the care and

keeping of nursery stock held for sale, so that the nursery grower or nursery dealer

reasonable examinations of nursery stock held for sale to determine whether that

can keep the nursery stock in healthy condition pending sale.

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department.

1	nursery stock is capable of reasonable growth, is infested with injurious pests or is
2	infected with disease.
3	(7) PROHIBITIONS. (a) Nursery dealers. No nursery dealer may do any of the
4	following:
5	1. Obtain, hold, sell, offer to sell or distribute nursery stock from any source
6	other than an officially inspected source.
7	2. Misrepresent that the nursery dealer is a nursery grower.
8	(b) Nursery growers and dealers. No nursery grower or nursery dealer may do
9	any of the following:
10	1. Sell, offer to sell or distribute any nursery stock that the nursery grower or
11	nursery dealer knows, or has reason to know, is infested with plant pests or infected
12	with plant diseases that may be spread by the sale or distribution of that nursery
13	stock.
14	2. Sell, offer to sell or distribute any nursery stock that the nursery grower or
15	nursery dealer knows, or has reason to know, will not survive or grow.
16	3. Misrepresent the name, origin, grade, variety, quality or hardiness of any
17	nursery stock offered for sale or make any other false or misleading representation
18	in the advertising or sale of nursery stock.
19	4. Conceal nursery stock to avoid inspection by the department, falsify any
20	record required under this section or make any false or misleading statement to the

(8) DEPARTMENT INSPECTION. The department may inspect nurseries and

premises at which nursery stock is held for sale or distribution.

1	(9) DEPARTMENT ORDERS. (a) Holding orders and remedial orders. An
2	authorized employe or agent of the department may, by written notice, order a
3	nursery grower or nursery dealer to do any of the following:
4	1. Temporarily hold nursery stock pending inspection by the department.
5	2. Remedy violations of this section.
3	3. Refrain from importing weeds or pests that threaten agricultural production
7	or the environment in this state.

- 4. Permanently withhold nursery stock from sale or distribution, if the sale or distribution would violate this section or an order issued under this section and the violation cannot be adequately remedied in another manner.
- 5. Destroy or return, without compensation from the department, nursery stock that is sold or distributed in violation of this section, or an order issued under this section, if the violation cannot be adequately remedied in another manner.
- (b) Hearing. If the recipient of an order under par. (a) requests a hearing on that order, the department shall hold an informal hearing within 10 days unless the recipient of the order consents to a later date for an informal hearing. The request for a hearing is not a request under s. 227.42 (2). If a contested matter is not resolved at the informal hearing, the recipient of the order is entitled to a class 2 contested case hearing under ch. 227. The department is not required to stay an order under par. (a) pending the outcome of any hearing under this paragraph.
- (10) RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER STATES. (a) General. The department may enter into reciprocal agreements with other states to facilitate interstate shipments of nursery stock.

	officially
department may recognize sources of nursery stock in another state as	
3 inspected sources.	
4 (c) Inspection and certification standards. An agreement under par.	(a) may
5 specify standards and procedures for all of the following:	
 Inspecting officially inspected sources of nursery stock. 	
2. Inspecting and certifying interstate shipments of nursery stock.	
2. Inspecting and certifying interstate snipments of nursery stock. (END)	
13-7	

Nonstat File Sequence: DDD CHANGE JN 644 13-7

LRB	0091	13

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1.	In the component bar:
	For the action phrase, execute: create \rightarrow action: \rightarrow *NS: \rightarrow \$change
	For the budget action phrase, execute: create \rightarrow action: \rightarrow *NS: \rightarrow 92XX
	For the text, execute: create \rightarrow text: \rightarrow *NS: \rightarrow \$change
2.	Nonstatutory subunits are numbered automatically if "(#1)", "(#2)", etc., is filled in Below, for the budget, fill in the 9200 department code; and fill in "" or "()" only if a "frozen" number is needed.
	SECTION # 192 0 4 J. Appropriation changes;
a	g. v. culture, trade and consumer protection.
	(#1) W. P. lant pest detection.)
/	In the schedule under section
20	0.005 (3) of the statutes for the appropriation to the
/	
ur	nder section 20() of the statutes, as affected by the acts of
19	999, the dollar amount iscreased by \$, for fis-
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by	\$, for fiscal year 2000–01 [to crease funding
	r the [purpose] [purposes] for which the appropriation is made] [tocrease fund-
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7	he unencumbered balance in the appropriation account.
Mc	ler section 20.115(?) () 1997 state, is transfered to appropriation account under section 20.115(?) (ja) of
he	appropriation account under section 20.113(1)() at of
	* Use the 2nd alternative if the purpose of the increase or decrease is more limited than the purpose or purposes of the appropriation as currently shown
	in the text of ch. 20, stats. The statutes, as created by this act
	(rev: 6/2/98 1999\$change(fm)]

Tradewell, Becky

From:

Grinde, Kirsten [kirsten.grinde@doa.state.wi.us]

Sent:

Monday, December 28, 1998 10:49 AM Tradewell, Becky

To: Subject:

LRB 0091/3



Becky,

Please make the following change to LRB 0091/3:

Modify the license fees as indicated in the attached file.

<< Newfees.doc>> The file is saved in Word 6.0/95. Let me know if you can't open it.

These changes did not come from DATCP. Please make them after you've completed discussions with the department on this draft.

Let me know if you have any questions.

Thanks,

Kirsten

Nursery Dealer, Grower and Christmas Tree Grower License Fees

Changes to LRB 0091/3

Page	<u>Line</u>	Current	Recommended
4	6	\$55	\$30
4	8	\$75	\$50
4	10	\$100	\$100
4	12	\$200	\$150
4	14	\$300	\$200
4	16	\$400	\$300
4	18	\$500	\$400
6	13	\$55	\$40
6	15	\$100	\$75
6	17	\$200	\$125
6	19	\$400	\$200
6	21	\$600	\$350
б	23	\$1,200	\$600
6	25	\$2,400	\$1,200
7	4-5	\$0	\$20
7	7	\$75	\$55
7	9	\$150	\$90
7	11	\$300	\$150
7	13	\$450	\$250
7	15	\$900	\$450
7	17	\$1,800	\$900



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

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LRB-0091/294 RCT:kmg:jf

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This bill restructures and makes various changes in the law related to nursery operators and nursery dealers. Under the bill, the license fee for a nursery operator (called a nursery grower) is based on annual sales of nursery stock. Under the bill, the nursery dealer license fee is based on annual purchases of nursery stock. The bill eliminates the gypsy moth surcharge and provides that all of the nurser grower and nursery dealer license fees are used for plant protection, including nursery regulation and control of plant pests. The bill requires that Christmas tree growers be licensed as nursery growers. The bill also authorizes DATCP to issue temporary permits to allow the growing and sale of nursery stock for the benefit of nonprofit organizations without a license.

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6)	resale, \$55.
7	2. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$5,000 but not more than \$20,000 worth
8	of nursery stock for resale, \$750
9	3. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$20,000 but not more than \$100,000
10 ₇	worth of nursery stock for resale, \$100.
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11	par. (e):
12	1. If the nursery grower annually sells no more than \$5,000 worth of nursery
13	stock, \$55. 340
14	2. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$5,000 but not more than
15)	\$20,000 worth of nursery stock, \$100 \$75
16	3. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$20,000 but not more than
17)	\$100,000 worth of nursery stock, \$200
18	4. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$100,000 but not more than
19)	\$200,000 worth of nursery stock, \$409.
20	5. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$200,000 but not more than
21)	\$500,000 worth of nursery stock, \$600,
22	6. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$500,000 but not more than
23	\$2,000,000 worth of nursery stock, \$1,209.
24	7. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$2,000,000 worth of nursery
25	stock, \$2,400 \$1,200

1	(cm) License fee; Christmas tree growers. A Christmas tree grower shall pay
2	the following annual license fee, based on annual sales calculated according to par.
3	(e):
4)	1. We fee If the Christmas tree grower annually sells no more than \$5,000 worth
5)	of Christmas trees 5
6	2. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$5,000 but not more
7	than \$20,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$75.
8	3. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$20,000 but not more
9)	than \$100,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$159 \$90
10	4. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$100,000 but not more
<u></u>	than \$200,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$300, \$7150
12	5. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$200,000 but not more
1 3)	than \$500,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$450.
14	6. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$500,000 but not more
15)	than \$2,000,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$909.
16	7. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$2,000,000 worth of
17)	Christmas trees, \$1,800 \$900
18	(d) Surcharge for operating without a license. In addition to the fee required
19	under par. (c) or (cm), an applicant for a nursery grower license shall pay a surcharge
20	equal to the amount of that fee if the department determines that, within 365 days
21	before submitting that application, the applicant operated as a nursery grower
22	without a license in violation of par. (a). Payment of the surcharge does not relieve
23	the applicant of any other penalty or liability that may result from the violation, but
24	does not constitute evidence of a violation of par. (a).

- (e) Calculating annual sales. The amount of an applicant's license fee under par. (c) or (cm) for a license year shall be based on the applicant's sales of nursery stock during the applicant's preceding fiscal year, except that if the applicant made no sales during the preceding fiscal year the fee shall be based on the applicant's good faith prediction of sales during the license year for which the applicant is applying.
 - (f) Exemptions. Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:
- 1. A nursery grower whose only sales of nursery stock are retail sales totaling less than \$250 annually.
- 2. A person growing nursery stock for sale pursuant to a valid temporary permit under par. (g).
- (g) Temporary permit; sales benefiting nonprofit organization. The department may issue a temporary permit authorizing the permit holder to sell nursery stock, for the benefit of a nonprofit organization, for a period of not more than 7 consecutive days. An applicant for a temporary permit shall apply on a form provided by the department and shall pay a fee of \$5. The department may impose written conditions on the temporary permit and may summarily suspend or revoke the permit if the permit holder violates those conditions.
- (3m) Notice of New Locations. (a) The holder of a nursery dealer license shall notify the department in writing before adding, during a license year, any new location at which the license holder will hold nursery stock for sale. The license holder shall specify the address of the new location in the notice.
- (b) The holder of a nursery grower license shall notify the department in writing before adding, during the license year, any new location at which the license holder will operate a nursery or hold nursery stock for sale. The license holder shall specify the address of the new location in the notice.

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labeled with all of the following:

(4) Nursery growers and dealers; records. (a) Nursery dealers; records of 1 nursery stock received. A nursery dealer shall keep a record of every shipment of 2 nursery stock received by the nursery dealer. The nursery dealer shall include all 3 of the following in the record: 4 1. A description of the types of nursery stock, and the quantity of nursery stock 5 of each type, included in the shipment. 6 2. The name and address of the source from which the nursery dealer received 7 the shipment. 8 (b) Nursery growers and dealers; records of shipments to other nursery growers 9 and dealers. Each nursery grower and nursery dealer shall record every shipment 10 of nursery stock that the nursery grower or nursery dealer sells or distributes to 11 another nursery grower or nursery dealer. The nursery grower or nursery dealer 12 shall include all of the following in the record: 13 1. A description of the types of nursery stock, and the quantity of nursery stock 14 of each type, included in the shipment. 15 2. The name and address of the nursery grower or nursery dealer receiving the 16 **17** shipment. (c) Records retained and made available. A nursery grower or nursery dealer 18 who is required to keep records under par. (a) or (b) shall retain those records for at 19 least 3 years and shall make those records available to the department for inspection 20 and copying upon request. 21 (5) LABELING NURSERY STOCK. (a) Nursery stock shipped to dealer. No person 22 may sell or distribute any shipment of nursery stock to a nursery dealer, and no 23

nursery dealer may accept a shipment of nursery stock, unless that shipment is

- 1. The name and address of the person selling or distributing the shipment to
 the nursery dealer.
 - 2. A certification, by the person under subd. 1., that all of the nursery stock included in the shipment is from officially inspected sources.
 - (b) Growers and dealers to report unlabeled shipments. Whenever any person tenders to a nursery grower or nursery dealer any shipment of nursery stock that is not fully labeled according to par. (a), the nursery grower or nursery dealer shall promptly report that unlabeled shipment to the department.
 - (c) Nursery stock sold at retail. A person selling nursery stock at retail shall ensure that the nursery stock is labeled with the common or botanical name of the nursery stock.
 - (6) Care of Nursery Stock. (a) Adequate facilities. A nursery grower or nursery dealer shall maintain facilities that are reasonably adequate for the care and keeping of nursery stock held for sale, so that the nursery grower or nursery dealer can keep the nursery stock in healthy condition pending sale.
 - (b) Reasonable examinations. Nursery growers and nursery dealers shall make reasonable examinations of nursery stock held for sale to determine whether that nursery stock is capable of reasonable growth, is infested with injurious pests or is infected with disease.
 - (7) Prohibitions. (a) Nursery dealers. No nursery dealer may do any of the following:
 - 1. Obtain, hold, sell, offer to sell or distribute nursery stock from any source other than an officially inspected source.
 - 2. Misrepresent that the nursery dealer is a nursery grower.

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or the environment in this state.

(b) Nursery growers and dealers. No nursery grower or nursery dealer may do 1 2 any of the following: 1. Sell, offer to sell or distribute any nursery stock that the nursery grower or 3 nursery dealer knows, or has reason to know, is infested with plant pests or infected 4 with plant diseases that may be spread by the sale or distribution of that nursery 5 6 stock. 2. Sell, offer to sell or distribute any nursery stock that the nursery grower or 7 nursery dealer knows, or has reason to know, will not survive or grow. 8 3. Misrepresent the name, origin, grade, variety, quality or hardiness of any 9 nursery stock offered for sale or make any other false or misleading representation 10 in the advertising or sale of nursery stock. 11 4. Conceal nursery stock to avoid inspection by the department, falsify any 12 record required under this section or make any false or misleading statement to the 13 department. 14 DEPARTMENT INSPECTION. The department may inspect nurseries and 15 premises at which nursery stock is held for sale or distribution. 16 DEPARTMENT ORDERS. (a) Holding orders and remedial orders. **(9)** 17 authorized employe or agent of the department may, by written notice, order a 18 nursery grower or nursery dealer to do any of the following: 19 1. Temporarily hold nursery stock pending inspection by the department. 20 2. Remedy violations of this section. 21

3. Refrain from importing weeds or pests that threaten agricultural production

- Permanently withhold nursery stock from sale or distribution, if the sale or distribution would violate this section or an order issued under this section and the violation cannot be adequately remedied in another manner.
 Destroy or return, without compensation from the department, nursery stock that is sold or distributed in violation of this section, or an order issued under this section, if the violation cannot be adequately remedied in another manner.
 (b) Hearing. If the recipient of an order under par. (a) requests a hearing on that order, the department shall hold an informal hearing within 10 days unless the
 - that order, the department shall hold an informal hearing within 10 days unless the recipient of the order consents to a later date for an informal hearing. The request for a hearing is not a request under s. 227.42 (2). If a contested matter is not resolved at the informal hearing, the recipient of the order is entitled to a class 2 contested case hearing under ch. 227. The department is not required to stay an order under par. (a) pending the outcome of any hearing under this paragraph.
 - (10) RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER STATES. (a) General. The department may enter into reciprocal agreements with other states to facilitate interstate shipments of nursery stock.
 - (b) Officially inspected sources. As part of an agreement under par. (a), the department may recognize sources of nursery stock in another state as officially inspected sources.
 - (c) Inspection and certification standards. An agreement under par. (a) may specify standards and procedures for all of the following:
 - 1. Inspecting officially inspected sources of nursery stock.
 - 2. Inspecting and certifying interstate shipments of nursery stock.
 - Section 9204. Appropriation changes; agriculture, trade and consumer protection.

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(1) PLANT PEST DETECTION. The unencumbered balance in the appropriation account under section 20.115 (7) (j), 1997 stats., is transferred to the appropriation account under section 20.115 (7) (ja) of the statutes, as created by this act.

(END)

Tradewell, Becky

From:

Grinde, Kirsten

Sent:

Monday, January 25, 1999 8:35 AM

To: Subject: Tradewell, Becky RE: LRB 0091/4

Yes.

----Original Message-----From:

Tradewell, Becky

Sent:

Saturday, January 23, 1999 12:32 PM

To: Subject: Grinde, Kirsten RE: LRB 0091/4

Kirsten,

Should this be in addition to existing s. 20.115 (7) (q)?

Becky

----Original Message----

Grinde, Kirsten From:

Friday, January 22, 1999 6:26 PM Sent:

Tradewell, Becky Subject: LRB 0091/4

Becky,

Please make the following change to LRB 0091/4:

Create an annual appropriation from the conservation fund for plant protection, including nursery regulation and the detection and control of plant pests.

Let me know if you need any more information.

Kirsten



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

500W

LRB-0091/4/5
RCT:kmg;jf
reshaff
Makey

DOA:.....Grinde - Plant pest detection and nurseries

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

See p.2

AN ACT forelating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau AGRICULTURE

Under current law, a person may not operate a nursery (a place where plants are grown for sale) in this state without a license from the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection (DATCP). The license fee is based primarily on total nursery acreage. A nursery operator must pay a surcharge, also primarily based on acreage, which is used for gypsy moth eradication. A person other than the operator of a nursery may not sell nursery stock without a nursery dealer license from DATCP. The nursery dealer license fee is \$25 for each place of business. A nursery dealer must also pay a \$30 surcharge which is used for gypsy moth eradication.

This bill restructures and makes various changes in the law related to nursery operators and nursery dealers. Under the bill, the license fee for a nursery operator (called a nursery grower) is based on annual sales of nursery stock. Under the bill, the nursery dealer license fee is based on annual purchases of nursery stock. The bill eliminates the gypsy moth surcharge and provides that all of the nurser grower and nursery dealer license fees are used for plant protection, including nursery regulation and control of plant pests. The bill requires that Christmas tree growers be licensed as nursery growers. The bill also authorizes DATCP to issue temporary permits to allow the growing and sale of nursery stock for the benefit of nonprofit organizations without a license.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

l	SECTION 1.	20.115(7)	(j) of the	statutes is	repealed.
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****NOTE: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.

- **SECTION 2.** 20.115 (7) (ja) of the statutes is created to read:
- 3 20.115 (7) (ja) Plant protection. All moneys received under s. 94.10 (2) and (3)
- 4 for plant protection, including nursery regulation and the detection and control of
- 5 plant pests.

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****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.

- 6 Section 3. 93.135 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 7 93.135 (1) (b) A license under s. 94.10 (2) or (3) or (4).
- 8 Section 4. 94.10 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
- 9 **94.10 Nursery stock; inspection and licensing. (1)** Definitions. In this section:
 - (b) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization described in section 501 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code that is exempt from federal income tax under section 501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (c) "Nursery" means premises in this state on which a person propagates or grows nursery stock for sale. "Nursery" does not include heeling—in grounds or other premises where a person holds nursery stock for purposes other than propagation or growth.
 - (d) "Nursery dealer" means a person, other than a nursery grower, who sells, offers for sale or distributes nursery stock from a location in this state.

1	(e) "Nursery grower" means a person who owns or operates a nursery.
2	(f) "Nursery stock" means plants and plant parts that can be propagated or
3	grown, including rooted Christmas trees, but excluding seeds, sod, cranberry
4	cuttings and annuals.
5	(g) "Officially inspected source" means any of the following:
6	1. A nursery dealer licensed under sub. (2).
7	2. A nursery grower licensed under sub. (3).
8	3. A source outside this state that the department recognizes under sub. (10)
9	as an officially inspected source.
10	(i) "Rooted Christmas tree" means an evergreen tree that is rooted in the soil
11	and grown for eventual harvest and sale as a Christmas tree.
12	(j) "Sell" means to transfer ownership, for consideration.
13	(2) Nursery dealer; annual license. (a) License required. Except as provided
14	in par. (f), no person may operate as a nursery dealer without an annual license from
15	the department. A nursery dealer license expires on February 20. A nursery dealer
16	license may not be transferred to another person.
17	(b) Applying for a license. A person applying for a nursery dealer license under
18	par. (a) shall apply on a form provided by the department. An applicant shall provide
19	all of the following to the department:
20	1. The applicant's legal name and address and any other name under which the
21	applicant does business.
22	2. The address of each location at which the applicant proposes to hold nursery
23	stock for sale.
24	3. The license fee required under par. (c).
25	4. The surcharge required under par. (d), if any.

1	5. Other information reasonably required by the department for licensing
2	purposes.
3	(c) License fee. A nursery dealer shall pay the following annual license fee,
4	based on annual purchases calculated according to par. (e):
5	1. If the nursery dealer buys no more than \$5,000 worth of nursery stock for
6	resale, \$30.
7	2. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$5,000 but not more than \$20,000 worth
8	of nursery stock for resale, \$50.
9	3. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$20,000 but not more than \$100,000
10	worth of nursery stock for resale, \$100.
11	4. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$100,000 but not more than \$200,000
12	worth of nursery stock for resale, \$150.
13	5. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$200,000 but not more than \$500,000
14	worth of nursery stock for resale, \$200.
15	6. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$500,000 but not more than \$2,000,000
16	worth of nursery stock for resale, \$300.
17	7. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$2,000,000 worth of nursery stock for
18	resale, \$400.
19	(d) Surcharge for operating without a license. In addition to the fee required
20	under par. (c), an applicant for a nursery dealer license shall pay a surcharge equal
21	to the amount of that fee if the department determines that, within 365 days before
22	submitting the application, the applicant operated as a nursery dealer without a
23	license in violation of par. (a). Payment of the surcharge does not relieve the
24	applicant of any other penalty or liability that may result from the violation, but does
25	not constitute evidence of a violation of par. (a).

- (e) Calculating annual purchases. The amount of an applicant's license fee under par. (c) for a license year shall be based on the applicant's purchases of nursery stock during the applicant's preceding fiscal year, except that if the applicant made no purchases of nursery stock during the preceding fiscal year the fee shall be based on the applicant's good faith prediction of purchases during the license year for which the applicant is applying.
 - (f) Exemptions. Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:
- 1. A person whose only sales of nursery stock are retail sales totaling less than \$250 annually.
- 2. A person selling or offering to sell nursery stock pursuant to a valid permit under par. (g).
- (g) Temporary permit; sales benefiting nonprofit organization. The department may issue a temporary permit authorizing the permit holder to sell nursery stock, for the benefit of a nonprofit organization, for a period of not more than 7 consecutive days. An applicant for a temporary permit shall apply on a form provided by the department and shall pay a fee of \$5. The department may impose written conditions on the temporary permit and may summarily suspend or revoke the permit if the permit holder violates those conditions.
- (3) NURSERY GROWER; ANNUAL LICENSE. (a) License required. Except as provided in par. (f), no person may operate as a nursery grower without an annual license from the department. A nursery grower license expires on February 20. A nursery grower license may not be transferred to another person.
- (b) Applying for a license. A person applying for a nursery grower license under par. (a) shall apply on a form provided by the department. An applicant shall provide all of the following to the department:

1	1. The applicant's legal name and address and any other name under which the
2	applicant does business.
3	2. The address of each location in this state at which the applicant operates a
4	nursery or holds nursery stock for sale.
5	3. The license fee required under par. (c) or (cm).
6	4. The surcharge required under (d), if any.
7	5. Other information reasonably required by the department for licensing
8	purposes.
9	(c) License fee; general. Except as provided in par. (cm), a nursery grower shall
10	pay the following annual license fee, based on annual sales calculated according to
11	par. (e):
12	1. If the nursery grower annually sells no more than \$5,000 worth of nursery
13	stock, \$40.
14	2. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$5,000 but not more than
15	\$20,000 worth of nursery stock, \$75.
16	3. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$20,000 but not more than
17	\$100,000 worth of nursery stock, \$125.
18	4. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$100,000 but not more than
19	\$200,000 worth of nursery stock, \$200.
20	5. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$200,000 but not more than
21	\$500,000 worth of nursery stock, \$350.
22	6. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$500,000 but not more than
23	\$2,000,000 worth of nursery stock, \$600.
24	7. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$2,000,000 worth of nursery
25	stock, \$1,200.

1	(cm) License fee; Christmas tree growers. A Christmas tree grower shall pay
2	the following annual license fee, based on annual sales calculated according to par.
3	(e):
4	1. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells no more than \$5,000 worth of
5	Christmas trees, \$20.
6	2. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$5,000 but not more
7	than \$20,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$55.
8	3. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$20,000 but not more
9	than \$100,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$90.
10	4. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$100,000 but not more
11	than \$200,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$150.
12	5. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$200,000 but not more
13	than \$500,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$250.
14	6. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$500,000 but not more
15	than \$2,000,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$450.
16	7. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$2,000,000 worth of
17	Christmas trees, \$900.
18	(d) Surcharge for operating without a license. In addition to the fee required
19	under par. (c) or (cm), an applicant for a nursery grower license shall pay a surcharge
20	equal to the amount of that fee if the department determines that, within 365 days
21	before submitting that application, the applicant operated as a nursery grower
22	without a license in violation of par. (a). Payment of the surcharge does not relieve
23	the applicant of any other penalty or liability that may result from the violation, but
24	does not constitute evidence of a violation of par. (a).

- (e) Calculating annual sales. The amount of an applicant's license fee under par. (c) or (cm) for a license year shall be based on the applicant's sales of nursery stock during the applicant's preceding fiscal year, except that if the applicant made no sales during the preceding fiscal year the fee shall be based on the applicant's good faith prediction of sales during the license year for which the applicant is applying.
 - (f) Exemptions. Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:
- 1. A nursery grower whose only sales of nursery stock are retail sales totaling less than \$250 annually.
- 2. A person growing nursery stock for sale pursuant to a valid temporary permit under par. (g).
- (g) Temporary permit; sales benefiting nonprofit organization. The department may issue a temporary permit authorizing the permit holder to sell nursery stock, for the benefit of a nonprofit organization, for a period of not more than 7 consecutive days. An applicant for a temporary permit shall apply on a form provided by the department and shall pay a fee of \$5. The department may impose written conditions on the temporary permit and may summarily suspend or revoke the permit if the permit holder violates those conditions.
- (3m) Notice of New Locations. (a) The holder of a nursery dealer license shall notify the department in writing before adding, during a license year, any new location at which the license holder will hold nursery stock for sale. The license holder shall specify the address of the new location in the notice.
- (b) The holder of a nursery grower license shall notify the department in writing before adding, during the license year, any new location at which the license holder will operate a nursery or hold nursery stock for sale. The license holder shall specify the address of the new location in the notice.

of each type, included in the shipment.

- (4) Nursery growers and dealers; records. (a) Nursery dealers; records of nursery stock received. A nursery dealer shall keep a record of every shipment of nursery stock received by the nursery dealer. The nursery dealer shall include all of the following in the record:
 1. A description of the types of nursery stock, and the quantity of nursery stock
- 2. The name and address of the source from which the nursery dealer received the shipment.
- (b) Nursery growers and dealers; records of shipments to other nursery growers and dealers. Each nursery grower and nursery dealer shall record every shipment of nursery stock that the nursery grower or nursery dealer sells or distributes to another nursery grower or nursery dealer. The nursery grower or nursery dealer shall include all of the following in the record:
- 1. A description of the types of nursery stock, and the quantity of nursery stock of each type, included in the shipment.
- 2. The name and address of the nursery grower or nursery dealer receiving the shipment.
- (c) Records retained and made available. A nursery grower or nursery dealer who is required to keep records under par. (a) or (b) shall retain those records for at least 3 years and shall make those records available to the department for inspection and copying upon request.
- (5) Labeling nursery stock. (a) Nursery stock shipped to dealer. No person may sell or distribute any shipment of nursery stock to a nursery dealer, and no nursery dealer may accept a shipment of nursery stock, unless that shipment is labeled with all of the following:

following:

other than an officially inspected source.

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1	1. The name and address of the person selling or distributing the shipment to
2	the nursery dealer.
3	2. A certification, by the person under subd. 1., that all of the nursery stock
4	included in the shipment is from officially inspected sources.
5	(b) Growers and dealers to report unlabeled shipments. Whenever any person
6	tenders to a nursery grower or nursery dealer any shipment of nursery stock that is
7	not fully labeled according to par. (a), the nursery grower or nursery dealer shall
8	promptly report that unlabeled shipment to the department.
9	(c) Nursery stock sold at retail. A person selling nursery stock at retail shall
10	ensure that the nursery stock is labeled with the common or botanical name of the
11	nursery stock.
12	(6) CARE OF NURSERY STOCK. (a) Adequate facilities. A nursery grower or
13	nursery dealer shall maintain facilities that are reasonably adequate for the care and
14	keeping of nursery stock held for sale, so that the nursery grower or nursery dealer
15	can keep the nursery stock in healthy condition pending sale.
16	(b) $\it Reasonable\ examinations.$ Nursery growers and nursery dealers shall make
17	reasonable examinations of nursery stock held for sale to determine whether that
18	nursery stock is capable of reasonable growth, is infested with injurious pests or is
19	infected with disease.
20	(7) PROHIBITIONS. (a) Nursery dealers. No nursery dealer may do any of the

1. Obtain, hold, sell, offer to sell or distribute nursery stock from any source

2. Misrepresent that the nursery dealer is a nursery grower.

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or the environment in this state.

(b) Nursery growers and dealers. No nursery grower or nursery dealer may do 1 2 any of the following: 1. Sell, offer to sell or distribute any nursery stock that the nursery grower or 3 nursery dealer knows, or has reason to know, is infested with plant pests or infected 4 with plant diseases that may be spread by the sale or distribution of that nursery 5 stock. 6 2. Sell, offer to sell or distribute any nursery stock that the nursery grower or 7 nursery dealer knows, or has reason to know, will not survive or grow. 8 3. Misrepresent the name, origin, grade, variety, quality or hardiness of any 9 nursery stock offered for sale or make any other false or misleading representation 10 in the advertising or sale of nursery stock. 11 4. Conceal nursery stock to avoid inspection by the department, falsify any 12 record required under this section or make any false or misleading statement to the 13 department. 14 (8) DEPARTMENT INSPECTION. The department may inspect nurseries and 15 premises at which nursery stock is held for sale or distribution. 16 DEPARTMENT ORDERS. (a) Holding orders and remedial orders. 17 authorized employe or agent of the department may, by written notice, order a 18 nursery grower or nursery dealer to do any of the following: 19 1. Temporarily hold nursery stock pending inspection by the department. 20 2. Remedy violations of this section. 21

3. Refrain from importing weeds or pests that threaten agricultural production

SECTION

consumer protection.

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4. Permanently withhold nursery stock from sale or distribution, if the sale or 1 distribution would violate this section or an order issued under this section and the 2 violation cannot be adequately remedied in another manner. 3 5. Destroy or return, without compensation from the department, nursery 4 stock that is sold or distributed in violation of this section, or an order issued under 5 this section, if the violation cannot be adequately remedied in another manner. 6 (b) Hearing. If the recipient of an order under par. (a) requests a hearing on 7 that order, the department shall hold an informal hearing within 10 days unless the 8 recipient of the order consents to a later date for an informal hearing. The request 9 for a hearing is not a request under s. 227.42 (2). If a contested matter is not resolved 10 at the informal hearing, the recipient of the order is entitled to a class 2 contested 11 case hearing under ch. 227. The department is not required to stay an order under 12 par. (a) pending the outcome of any hearing under this paragraph. 13 (10) RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER STATES. (a) General. The department 14 may enter into reciprocal agreements with other states to facilitate interstate 15 shipments of nursery stock. 16 (b) Officially inspected sources. As part of an agreement under par. (a), the 17 department may recognize sources of nursery stock in another state as officially 18 inspected sources. 19 (c) Inspection and certification standards. An agreement under par. (a) may 20 specify standards and procedures for all of the following: 21 1. Inspecting officially inspected sources of nursery stock. 22 2. Inspecting and certifying interstate shipments of nursery stock. 23 9204. Appropriation changes; agriculture, trade

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account under section 20.115 (7) (j), 1997 stats., is transferred to the appropriation
account under section 20.115 (7) (ja) of the statutes, as created by this act.
(END)



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0091/5 RCT:kmg:lp

DOA:.....Grinde - Plant pest detection and nurseries

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT ...; relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau AGRICULTURE

Under current law, a person may not operate a nursery (a place where plants are grown for sale) in this state without a license from the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection (DATCP). The license fee is based primarily on total nursery acreage. A nursery operator must pay a surcharge, also primarily based on acreage, which is used for gypsy moth eradication. A person other than the operator of a nursery may not sell nursery stock without a nursery dealer license from DATCP. The nursery dealer license fee is \$25 for each place of business. A nursery dealer must also pay a \$30 surcharge which is used for gypsy moth eradication.

This bill restructures and makes various changes in the law related to nursery operators and nursery dealers. Under the bill, the license fee for a nursery operator (called a nursery grower) is based on annual sales of nursery stock. Under the bill, the nursery dealer license fee is based on annual purchases of nursery stock. The bill eliminates the gypsy moth surcharge and provides that all of the nurser grower and nursery dealer license fees are used for plant protection, including nursery regulation and control of plant pests. The bill requires that Christmas tree growers be licensed as nursery growers. The bill also authorizes DATCP to issue temporary permits to allow the growing and sale of nursery stock for the benefit of nonprofit organizations without a license.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 20.115 (7) (j) of the statutes is repealed.
	****NOTE: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
2	SECTION 2. 20.115 (7) (ja) of the statutes is created to read:
3	20.115 (7) (ja) Plant protection. All moneys received under s. 94.10 (2) and (3)
4	for plant protection, including nursery regulation and the detection and control of
5	plant pests.
	****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
6	SECTION 3. 20.115 (7) (qc) of the statutes is created to read:
7	20.115 (7) (qc) Plant protection; conservation fund. From the conservation
8	fund, the amounts in the schedule for plant protection, including nursery regulation
9	and control of plant pests.
	****NOTE: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
10	SECTION 4. 93.135 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	93.135 (1) (b) A license under s. 94.10 (2) or (3) or (4).
12	SECTION 5. 94.10 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
13	94.10 Nursery stock; inspection and licensing. (1) Definitions. In this
14	section:
15	(b) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization described in section 501 (c)
16	of the Internal Revenue Code that is exempt from federal income tax under section
17	501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1	(c) "Nursery" means premises in this state on which a person propagates or
2	grows nursery stock for sale. "Nursery" does not include heeling-in grounds or other
3	premises where a person holds nursery stock for purposes other than propagation or
4	growth.
5	(d) "Nursery dealer" means a person, other than a nursery grower, who sells,
6	offers for sale or distributes nursery stock from a location in this state.
7	(e) "Nursery grower" means a person who owns or operates a nursery.
8	(f) "Nursery stock" means plants and plant parts that can be propagated or
9	grown, including rooted Christmas trees, but excluding seeds, sod, cranberry
10	cuttings and annuals.
11	(g) "Officially inspected source" means any of the following:
12	1. A nursery dealer licensed under sub. (2).
13	2. A nursery grower licensed under sub. (3).
14	3. A source outside this state that the department recognizes under sub. (10)
15	as an officially inspected source.
16	(i) "Rooted Christmas tree" means an evergreen tree that is rooted in the soil
17	and grown for eventual harvest and sale as a Christmas tree.
18	(j) "Sell" means to transfer ownership, for consideration.
19	(2) NURSERY DEALER; ANNUAL LICENSE. (a) License required. Except as provided
20	in par. (f), no person may operate as a nursery dealer without an annual license from
21	the department. A nursery dealer license expires on February 20. A nursery dealer
22	license may not be transferred to another person.
23	(b) Applying for a license. A person applying for a nursery dealer license under
24	par. (a) shall apply on a form provided by the department. An applicant shall provide

all of the following to the department:

1	1. The applicant's legal name and address and any other name under which the
2	applicant does business.
3	2. The address of each location at which the applicant proposes to hold nursery
4	stock for sale.
5	3. The license fee required under par. (c).
6	4. The surcharge required under par. (d), if any.
7	5. Other information reasonably required by the department for licensing
8	purposes.
9	(c) License fee. A nursery dealer shall pay the following annual license fee,
10	based on annual purchases calculated according to par. (e):
11	1. If the nursery dealer buys no more than \$5,000 worth of nursery stock for
12	resale, \$30.
13	2. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$5,000 but not more than \$20,000 worth
14	of nursery stock for resale, \$50.
15	3. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$20,000 but not more than \$100,000
16	worth of nursery stock for resale, \$100.
17	4. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$100,000 but not more than \$200,000
18	worth of nursery stock for resale, \$150.
19	5. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$200,000 but not more than \$500,000
20	worth of nursery stock for resale, \$200.
21	6. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$500,000 but not more than \$2,000,000
22	worth of nursery stock for resale, \$300.
23	7. If the nursery dealer buys more than \$2,000,000 worth of nursery stock for
24	resale, \$400.

- (d) Surcharge for operating without a license. In addition to the fee required under par. (c), an applicant for a nursery dealer license shall pay a surcharge equal to the amount of that fee if the department determines that, within 365 days before submitting the application, the applicant operated as a nursery dealer without a license in violation of par. (a). Payment of the surcharge does not relieve the applicant of any other penalty or liability that may result from the violation, but does not constitute evidence of a violation of par. (a).
- (e) Calculating annual purchases. The amount of an applicant's license fee under par. (c) for a license year shall be based on the applicant's purchases of nursery stock during the applicant's preceding fiscal year, except that if the applicant made no purchases of nursery stock during the preceding fiscal year the fee shall be based on the applicant's good faith prediction of purchases during the license year for which the applicant is applying.
 - (f) Exemptions. Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:
- 1. A person whose only sales of nursery stock are retail sales totaling less than \$250 annually.
- 2. A person selling or offering to sell nursery stock pursuant to a valid permit under par. (g).
- (g) Temporary permit; sales benefiting nonprofit organization. The department may issue a temporary permit authorizing the permit holder to sell nursery stock, for the benefit of a nonprofit organization, for a period of not more than 7 consecutive days. An applicant for a temporary permit shall apply on a form provided by the department and shall pay a fee of \$5. The department may impose written conditions on the temporary permit and may summarily suspend or revoke the permit if the permit holder violates those conditions.

1	(3) Nursery grower; annual license. (a) License required. Except as provided
2	in par. (f), no person may operate as a nursery grower without an annual license from
3	the department. A nursery grower license expires on February 20. A nursery grower
4	license may not be transferred to another person.
5	(b) Applying for a license. A person applying for a nursery grower license under
6	par. (a) shall apply on a form provided by the department. An applicant shall provide
7	all of the following to the department:
8	1. The applicant's legal name and address and any other name under which the
9	applicant does business.
10	2. The address of each location in this state at which the applicant operates a
11	nursery or holds nursery stock for sale.
12	3. The license fee required under par. (c) or (cm).
13	4. The surcharge required under (d), if any.
14	5. Other information reasonably required by the department for licensing
15	purposes.
16	(c) License fee; general. Except as provided in par. (cm), a nursery grower shall
17	pay the following annual license fee, based on annual sales calculated according to
18	par. (e):
19	1. If the nursery grower annually sells no more than \$5,000 worth of nursery
20	stock, \$40.
21	2. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$5,000 but not more than
22	\$20,000 worth of nursery stock, \$75.
23	3. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$20,000 but not more than
24	\$100,000 worth of nursery stock, \$125.

1	4. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$100,000 but not more than
2	\$200,000 worth of nursery stock, \$200.
3	5. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$200,000 but not more than
4	\$500,000 worth of nursery stock, \$350.
5	6. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$500,000 but not more than
6	\$2,000,000 worth of nursery stock, \$600.
7	7. If the nursery grower annually sells more than \$2,000,000 worth of nursery
8	stock, \$1,200.
9	(cm) License fee; Christmas tree growers. A Christmas tree grower shall pay
10	the following annual license fee, based on annual sales calculated according to par.
11	(e):
12	1. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells no more than \$5,000 worth of
13	Christmas trees, \$20.
14	2. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$5,000 but not more
15	than \$20,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$55.
16	3. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$20,000 but not more
17	than \$100,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$90.
18	4. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$100,000 but not more
19	than \$200,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$150.
20	5. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$200,000 but not more
21	than \$500,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$250.
22	6. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$500,000 but not more
23	than \$2,000,000 worth of Christmas trees, \$450.
24	7. If the Christmas tree grower annually sells more than \$2,000,000 worth of
25	Christmas trees, \$900.

- (d) Surcharge for operating without a license. In addition to the fee required under par. (c) or (cm), an applicant for a nursery grower license shall pay a surcharge equal to the amount of that fee if the department determines that, within 365 days before submitting that application, the applicant operated as a nursery grower without a license in violation of par. (a). Payment of the surcharge does not relieve the applicant of any other penalty or liability that may result from the violation, but does not constitute evidence of a violation of par. (a).
- (e) Calculating annual sales. The amount of an applicant's license fee under par. (c) or (cm) for a license year shall be based on the applicant's sales of nursery stock during the applicant's preceding fiscal year, except that if the applicant made no sales during the preceding fiscal year the fee shall be based on the applicant's good faith prediction of sales during the license year for which the applicant is applying.
 - (f) Exemptions. Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:
- 1. A nursery grower whose only sales of nursery stock are retail sales totaling less than \$250 annually.
- 2. A person growing nursery stock for sale pursuant to a valid temporary permit under par. (g).
- (g) Temporary permit; sales benefiting nonprofit organization. The department may issue a temporary permit authorizing the permit holder to sell nursery stock, for the benefit of a nonprofit organization, for a period of not more than 7 consecutive days. An applicant for a temporary permit shall apply on a form provided by the department and shall pay a fee of \$5. The department may impose written conditions on the temporary permit and may summarily suspend or revoke the permit if the permit holder violates those conditions.

- (3m) Notice of New Locations. (a) The holder of a nursery dealer license shall notify the department in writing before adding, during a license year, any new location at which the license holder will hold nursery stock for sale. The license holder shall specify the address of the new location in the notice.
- (b) The holder of a nursery grower license shall notify the department in writing before adding, during the license year, any new location at which the license holder will operate a nursery or hold nursery stock for sale. The license holder shall specify the address of the new location in the notice.
- (4) Nursery growers and dealers; records. (a) Nursery dealers; records of nursery stock received. A nursery dealer shall keep a record of every shipment of nursery stock received by the nursery dealer. The nursery dealer shall include all of the following in the record:
- 1. A description of the types of nursery stock, and the quantity of nursery stock of each type, included in the shipment.
- 2. The name and address of the source from which the nursery dealer received the shipment.
- (b) Nursery growers and dealers; records of shipments to other nursery growers and dealers. Each nursery grower and nursery dealer shall record every shipment of nursery stock that the nursery grower or nursery dealer sells or distributes to another nursery grower or nursery dealer. The nursery grower or nursery dealer shall include all of the following in the record:
- 1. A description of the types of nursery stock, and the quantity of nursery stock of each type, included in the shipment.
- 2. The name and address of the nursery grower or nursery dealer receiving the shipment.

SECTION 5

- (c) Records retained and made available. A nursery grower or nursery dealer who is required to keep records under par. (a) or (b) shall retain those records for at least 3 years and shall make those records available to the department for inspection and copying upon request.
- (5) LABELING NURSERY STOCK. (a) Nursery stock shipped to dealer. No person may sell or distribute any shipment of nursery stock to a nursery dealer, and no nursery dealer may accept a shipment of nursery stock, unless that shipment is labeled with all of the following:
- 1. The name and address of the person selling or distributing the shipment to the nursery dealer.
- 2. A certification, by the person under subd. 1., that all of the nursery stock included in the shipment is from officially inspected sources.
- (b) Growers and dealers to report unlabeled shipments. Whenever any person tenders to a nursery grower or nursery dealer any shipment of nursery stock that is not fully labeled according to par. (a), the nursery grower or nursery dealer shall promptly report that unlabeled shipment to the department.
- (c) *Nursery stock sold at retail*. A person selling nursery stock at retail shall ensure that the nursery stock is labeled with the common or botanical name of the nursery stock.
- (6) Care of Nursery Stock. (a) Adequate facilities. A nursery grower or nursery dealer shall maintain facilities that are reasonably adequate for the care and keeping of nursery stock held for sale, so that the nursery grower or nursery dealer can keep the nursery stock in healthy condition pending sale.
- (b) Reasonable examinations. Nursery growers and nursery dealers shall make reasonable examinations of nursery stock held for sale to determine whether that

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1	nursery stock is capable of reasonable growth, is infested with injurious pests or is
2	infected with disease.
3	(7) Prohibitions. (a) Nursery dealers. No nursery dealer may do any of the
4	following:
5	1. Obtain, hold, sell, offer to sell or distribute nursery stock from any source
6	other than an officially inspected source.
7	2. Misrepresent that the nursery dealer is a nursery grower.
8	(b) Nursery growers and dealers. No nursery grower or nursery dealer may do
9	any of the following:
10	1. Sell, offer to sell or distribute any nursery stock that the nursery grower or
11	nursery dealer knows, or has reason to know, is infested with plant pests or infected
12	with plant diseases that may be spread by the sale or distribution of that nursery
13	stock.
14	2. Sell, offer to sell or distribute any nursery stock that the nursery grower or
15	nursery dealer knows, or has reason to know, will not survive or grow.
16	3. Misrepresent the name, origin, grade, variety, quality or hardiness of any
17	nursery stock offered for sale or make any other false or misleading representation
18	in the advertising or sale of nursery stock.
19	4. Conceal nursery stock to avoid inspection by the department, falsify any
20	record required under this section or make any false or misleading statement to the
21	department.

(8) DEPARTMENT INSPECTION. The department may inspect nurseries and

premises at which nursery stock is held for sale or distribution.

- SECTION 5
- 1 (9) DEPARTMENT ORDERS. (a) Holding orders and remedial orders. An authorized employe or agent of the department may, by written notice, order a nursery grower or nursery dealer to do any of the following:
 - 1. Temporarily hold nursery stock pending inspection by the department.
 - 2. Remedy violations of this section.
 - 3. Refrain from importing weeds or pests that threaten agricultural production or the environment in this state.
 - 4. Permanently withhold nursery stock from sale or distribution, if the sale or distribution would violate this section or an order issued under this section and the violation cannot be adequately remedied in another manner.
 - 5. Destroy or return, without compensation from the department, nursery stock that is sold or distributed in violation of this section, or an order issued under this section, if the violation cannot be adequately remedied in another manner.
 - (b) Hearing. If the recipient of an order under par. (a) requests a hearing on that order, the department shall hold an informal hearing within 10 days unless the recipient of the order consents to a later date for an informal hearing. The request for a hearing is not a request under s. 227.42 (2). If a contested matter is not resolved at the informal hearing, the recipient of the order is entitled to a class 2 contested case hearing under ch. 227. The department is not required to stay an order under par. (a) pending the outcome of any hearing under this paragraph.
 - (10) RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER STATES. (a) General. The department may enter into reciprocal agreements with other states to facilitate interstate shipments of nursery stock.

1	(b) Officially inspected sources. As part of an agreement under par. (a), the
2	department may recognize sources of nursery stock in another state as officially
3	inspected sources.
4	(c) Inspection and certification standards. An agreement under par. (a) may
5	specify standards and procedures for all of the following:
6	1. Inspecting officially inspected sources of nursery stock.
7	2. Inspecting and certifying interstate shipments of nursery stock.
8	SECTION 9204. Appropriation changes; agriculture, trade and
9	consumer protection.
10	(1) PLANT PEST DETECTION. The unencumbered balance in the appropriation
11	account under section 20.115 (7) (j), 1997 stats., is transferred to the appropriation
12	account under section 20.115 (7) (ja) of the statutes, as created by this act.
13	(END)