

State of Misconsin

LRB-1432/X KSH:kmg&jlg:hmh

1:king@jig:iniiii

TODAY

DOA:.....Wong - PECFA revenue bonding

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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AN ACT ...; relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau ENVIRONMENT

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP

Under current law, the department of commerce (department) administers a program to reimburse owners of certain petroleum product storage tanks for a portion of the costs of cleaning up discharges from those tanks. This program is commonly known as PECFA.

This bill authorizes the department to issue revenue obligations, to be paid from revenues deposited in the petroleum inspection fund, to fund the payment of claims under the PECFA program. No more than \$450,000,000 in revenue obligations may be issued under the bill. The building commission may pledge any portion of revenues received from the proceeds of the obligations or the petroleum inspection fund to secure revenue obligations issued under this bill. The building commission may issue the revenue obligations when it reasonably appears to the building commission that the obligations can be fully paid on a timely basis from the petroleum inspection fund. The bill provides a so-called "moral obligation pledge" which applies if the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee. If the rate is reduced and there are insufficient funds in the petroleum inspection fund to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations, the legislature expresses its expectation and aspiration that it would make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

between this state and the trustee or in accordance with the resolution pledging the revenues to the repayment of revenue obligations issued under this subsection.

SECTION 49. 101.143 (9m) of the statutes is created to read:

- 101.143 (9m) Revenue obligations. (a) The petroleum storage remedial action program is a special fund program, as defined in s. 18.52 (8), and the petroleum inspection fund is a special fund, as defined under s. 18.52 (7). The petroleum inspection fund is a segregated fund created by the imposition of fees, penalties or excise taxes. The legislature finds and determines that a nexus exists between the petroleum storage remedial action program and the petroleum inspection fund in that fees imposed on users of petroleum are used to remedy environmental damage caused by petroleum storage.
- (b) Deposits, appropriations or transfers to the petroleum inspection fund for the purposes of the petroleum storage remedial action program may be funded with the proceeds of revenue obligations issued subject to and in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (e) The department shall have all other powers necessary and convenient to distribute the special fund revenues and to distribute the proceeds of the revenue obligations in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (f) The department may enter into agreements with the federal government or its agencies, political subdivisions of this state, individuals or private entities to insure or in any other manner provide additional security for the revenue obligations issued under this subsection.



- (g) Revenue obligations may be contracted by the building commission when it reasonably appears to the building commission that all obligations incurred under this subsection can be fully paid on a timely basis from moneys received or anticipated to be received. Revenue obligations issued under this subsection may not exceed \$650,000,000 in principal amount. In addition to this limit on principal amount, the building commission may contract revenue obligations under this subsection as the building commission determines is desirable to fund or refund outstanding revenue obligations, to pay issuance or administrative expenses, to make deposits to reserve funds or to pay accrued or capitalized interest.
- (h) Unless otherwise expressly provided in resolutions authorizing the issuance of revenue obligations or in other agreements with the owners of revenue obligations, each issue of revenue obligations under this subsection shall be on a parity with every other revenue obligation issued under this subsection and in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (i) Recognizing its moral obligation to do so, the legislature expresses its expectation and aspiration that, if the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee and if the funds in the petroleum inspection fund are insufficient to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations issued under subch. If or IV of ch. 18 pursuant to this subsection, the legislature shall make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

Section 50. 281.59 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.59 (4) (b) The department of administration may, under s. 18.56 18.561 (5) and (9) (j), deposit in a separate and distinct fund in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee outside the state treasury, any portion of the

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revenues derived under s. 25.43 (1). The revenues deposited with a trustee outside the state treasury are the trustee's revenues in accordance with the agreement between this state and the trustee or in accordance with the resolution pledging the revenues to the repayment of revenue obligations issued under this subsection.

(END)

From:

Groethe, Reed [reed.groethe@foleylaw.com]

Sent:

Monday, February 01, 1999 11:03 AM

To:

Hubli, Scott

Cc:

Wolff, Michael; Erdman, David; Hoadley, Frank

Subject:

PECFA revenue bonding (LRB--1423/3)

Scott: Here are my comments on the current draft.

Analysis, "Environment", paragraph 2, line 3: The statement that no more than \$150 million in revenue obligations may be issued is not entirely correct, since the s. 101.143(9m) would also allow additional amounts for what the public finance industry calls "non-asset bonds".

Analysis, "State Finance, paragraph 3, line 3: delete "exclusively" to conform to current language of bill. By the way, the intent of removing "solely" and "exclusively" was to allow a revenue obligation that might partake of both the enterprise obligation authorizations and the special fund obligation authorizations. Another way of achieving that result would be to expressly provide that a revenue obligation may be both an enterprise obligation and a special fund obligation.

Page 5, line 14: In the parallel provision for s. 18.562, "shall

be" was changed to "is".

Page 8, line 19: Make "owner" plural.

Page 9, line 24: Change "charged" to "charge".

- Page 10, lines 19-22: The admittedly clumsy language I supplied was intended to avoid a constitutional concern. The pledge of pre-existing property creates "debt". If money in a special fund was existing before the revenue bonding program were established, does that similarly create "debt"? Limiting the security interest to amounts arising after the creation of the program seems prudent. I understand that money is fungible. We could establish subaccounts for "before" and "after" money and provide that "before" money gets used first. Or we could simply say that money is accounted for on a first-in, first-out basis but not set up subaccounts. Or we could leave it for a court to uncommingle the fund in the unlikely event that the security interest gets exercised. I do think it is prudent to sav something, however, and the changes made to the language I supplied cause it to have a different meaning altogether. Perhaps you could give me a call and we can discuss this matter further.
- Page 11, line 24: Change "treasure" to "treasury".

Page 19, line 7: I don't understand the change, even in light of

your note. I think we should discuss this provision also.

- Page 20 (generally): I agree that all the existing revenue bond programs are relying upon the enterprise obligation authorizations; in my judgment, however, it is better to allow them to use either or both authorizations. This is particularly true of the transportation revenue bonds, which have a source of payment that is conceptually more a special fund revenues than an enterprise.
- Page 21, lines 4-6: We used the phrase "for purposes of" because the term "special fund" is not actually defined.



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1432/K KSH:kmg&jlg:jf

DOA:.....Wong - PECFA revenue bonding

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

+001

AN ACT . relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau ENVIRONMENT

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP

Under current law, the department of commerce (department) administers a program to reimburse owners of certain petroleum product storage tanks for a portion of the costs of cleaning up discharges from those tanks. This program is commonly known as PECFA.

This bill authorizes the department to issue revenue obligations, to be paid from revenues deposited in the petroleum inspection fund, to fund the payment of claims under the PECFA program. No more than \$450,000,000 in revenue obligations may be issued under the bill. The building commission may pledge any portion of revenues received from the proceeds of the obligations or the petroleum inspection fund to secure revenue obligations issued under this bill. The building commission may issue the revenue obligations when it reasonably appears to the building commission that the obligations can be fully paid on a timely basis from the petroleum inspection fund. The bill provides a so-called "moral obligation pledge" which applies if the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee. If the rate is reduced and there are insufficient funds in the petroleum inspection fund to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations, the legislature expresses its expectation and aspiration that it would make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

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STATE GOVERNMENT

STATE FINANCE

Under current law, the state may issue "revenue obligations" for certain specified purposes. In general, a revenue obligation is an obligation that is: 1) incurred to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, improve, operate or manage a revenue-producing enterprise; and 2) repayable solely from, and secured solely by,

the property or income from the revenue-producing enterprise.

This bill broadens the definition of revenue obligation to allow revenue bonding in situations which would not meet the current law definition of revenue obligation. Under the bill, revenue obligations consist of two different types: enterprise obligations and special fund obligations. The first type of revenue obligation, called an enterprise obligation, includes all obligations authorized under current law; i.e., obligations that are incurred to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, improve, operate or manage a revenue—producing enterprise and are repayable solely from, and secured solely by, the property or income from that revenue—producing enterprise. The definition of enterprise obligation under the bill is broader than the current law definition of revenue obligation in that it eliminates the requirement that bond be repayable solely from, and be solely secured by, property or income from the revenue—producing enterprise.

The second type of revenue obligation, a special fund obligation, is created by the bill. Special fund obligations are an undertaking by the state to repay a certain amount of borrowed money that is payable exclusively from a special fund consisting

of fees, penalties or excise taxes.

The bill uses this second type of revenue obligation in order to authorize not more than \$150,000,000 of revenue obligation bonding for the PECFA program. See ENVIRONMENT, HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP. These revenue obligations are to be repaid from, and are secured by, the petroleum inspection fund. If, however, the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee and the fees in the fund prove insufficient to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations, the bill expresses the legislature's expectation and aspiration that it would make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as

an appendix to this bill.

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The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 18.51 of the statutes is amended to read:

18.51 Provisions applicable. The following sections apply to this subchapter, except that all references to "public debt" or "debt" are deemed shall be

revenue obligations. The bonds revenue obligations shall mature at any time not exceeding 50 years from the date thereof as the commission shall determine. The bonds revenue obligations shall be payable only out of the redemption fund provided under sub. s. 18.561 (5) or 18.562 (3) and each bond revenue obligation shall contain on its face a statement to that effect. Any such bonds Λ revenue obligation may contain a provision authorizing redemption, in whole or in part, at stipulated prices, at the option of the commission and shall provide the method of redeeming the bonds. The state and a contracting party may provide in any contract for purchasing or acquiring a revenue producing enterprise or program, that payment shall be made in such bonds revenue obligations.

SECTION 12. 18.56 (2) to (6) of the statutes are renumbered 18.561 (2) to (6) and amended to read:

shall be a mortgage lien upon or security interest in the income and property of each revenue—producing enterprise or program to for the benefit of the holders owners of the related bonds and to the holders of the coupons of the bonds. The note or other instrument evidencing the security interest of a bondholder in a loan made or purchased with revenue obligation bonds shall constitute a statutory lien on the revenue enterprise obligations. No physical delivery, recordation or other action is required to perfect the security interest. The income and property of the revenue—producing enterprise or program shall remain subject to the lien until provision for payment in full of the principal and interest of the bonds enterprise obligations has been made, as provided in the authorizing resolution. Any holder owner of such bonds or attached coupons enterprise obligations may either at law or in equity protect and enforce the lien and compel performance of all duties required



$identified \ as \ "the \dots redemption fund". \ Each \ redemption fund \ shall \ be \ expended, \ and$
all moneys from time to time on hand therein are irrevocably appropriated, in sums
sufficient, only for the payment of principal and interest on the revenue enterprise
obligations giving rise to it and premium, if any, due upon refunding redemption of
any such obligations. Moneys in the redemption funds may be commingled only for
the purpose of investment with other public funds, but they shall be invested only
in investment instruments permitted in s. $25.17(3)(dr)$. All such investments shall
be the exclusive property of the fund and all earnings on or income from such
investments shall be credited to the fund.

(6) <u>REDEMPTION FUND SURPLUS.</u> If any surplus is accumulated in any of the redemption funds, subject to any contract rights vested in <u>holders owners</u> of <u>revenue</u> enterprise obligations secured thereby, it shall be paid over to the treasury.

SECTION 13. 18.56(7) and (8) of the statutes are renumbered 18.561(7) and (8).

SECTION 14. 18.56 (9) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 18.561 (9) (intro.) and amended to read:

18.561 (9) Authorizing resolution. (intro.) The commission may provide in the authorizing resolution for bonds enterprise obligations or by subsequent action all things necessary to carry into effect this section. Any authorizing resolution shall constitute a contract with the holder owner of any bonds enterprise obligations issued pursuant to such the resolution. Any authorizing resolution may contain such provisions or covenants, without limiting the generality of the power to adopt the resolution, as is are deemed necessary or desirable for the security of bondholders the owners of enterprise obligations or the marketability of the bonds enterprise obligations, including but not limited to provisions as to:



1	acquired or purchased may, upon such terms and conditions as are satisfactory,
2	contract that bonds enterprise obligations to provide for the discharge of the secured
3	obligation or charge, or for the whole purchase price shall be deposited with a trustee
4	or depository and released from the deposit from time to time on such terms and
5	conditions as are necessary to secure the payment of the secured obligation or charge.
6	SECTION 17. 18.561 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
7	18.561 (title) Enterprise obligations.
8	SECTION 18. 18.561 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
9	18.561 (1) PAYMENT WITH REVENUE OBLIGATIONS. The state and a contracting
10	party may provide, in any contract for purchasing or acquiring a revenue-producing
11	enterprise or program, that payment shall be made in revenue obligations.
12	SECTION 19. 18.561 (7) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
13	18.561 (7) (title) PAYMENT FOR SERVICES.
14	SECTION 20. 18.561 (8) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
15	18.561 (8) (title) Rates for services.
16	SECTION 21. 18.561 (9) (k) of the statutes is created to read:
17	18.561 (9) (k) Defeasance of the obligations.
18	SECTION 22. 18.562 of the statutes is created to read:
19	18.562 Special fund obligations. (1) Security interest in special fund.
20	There is a security interest, for the benefit of the owners of the special fund
21	obligations, in the amounts in the special fund that are related to the special fund
22	obligations issued after the creation of the special fund program. No physical
23	delivery, recordation or other action is required to perfect the security interest. The
24	special fund shall remain subject to the security interest until provision for payment
25	in full of the principal and interest of the special fund obligations has been made, as

- provided in the authorizing resolution. An owner of special fund obligations may either at law or in equity protect and enforce the security interest and compel performance of all duties required by this section.
- (2) Use of special fund program responsibilities shall jointly determine, and the commission shall fix in the authorizing resolution for the obligations, the conditions under which money in the special fund shall be set aside and applied to the payment of the principal and interest of the obligations, deposited in funds established under the authorizing resolution or made available for other purposes.
- (3) REDEMPTION FUND. The special fund revenues that are to be set aside for the payment of the principal and interest of the special fund obligations shall be paid into a separate fund in the treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee under sub. (5) (e) to be identified as "the ... redemption fund". Each redemption fund shall be expended, and all moneys from time to time on hand therein are irrevocably appropriated, in sums sufficient, only for the payment of principal and interest on the special fund obligations giving rise to it and premium, if any, due upon redemption of any such obligations. Moneys in the redemption funds may be commingled only for the purpose of investment with other public funds, but they shall be invested only in investment instruments permitted in s. 25.17 (3) (dr). All such investments shall be the exclusive property of the fund and all earnings on or income from such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- (4) SURPLUS. If any surplus is accumulated in any of the redemption funds, subject to contract rights vested in the owners of special fund obligations security thereby, it shall be paid over to the treasure.

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1	thereafter. Estimated disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in
2	the schedule under s. 20.005.
3	SECTION 42. 20.143 (3) (v) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	20.143 (3) (v) Petroleum storage environmental remedial action; awards.
5	Biennially, from the petroleum inspection fund, the amounts in the schedule to pay
6	awards under s. 101.143 and, legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m) and amounts
7	to reduce principal of revenue obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143 (9m).
8	SECTION 43. 20.143 (3) (vb) of the statutes is created to read:
9	20.143 (3) (vb) Petroleum storage environmental remedial action revenue
10	bonding; awards. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient not to exceed
11	the net proceeds of special fund obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143 (9m) to pay
12	awards under s. 101.143 and legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m). Estimated
13	disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in the schedule under s.
14	20.005.
15	SECTION 44. 25.47 of the statutes is renumbered 25.47 (intro.) and amended
16	to read:
17	25.47 Petroleum inspection fund. (intro.) There is established a separate
18	nonlapsible trust fund designated as the petroleum inspection fund, to consist of the:
19	(1) The fees imposed under s. 168.12 (1), the.
20	(2) The payments under s. 101.143 (4) (h) 1m., the
21	(3) The payments under s. 101.143 (5) (a) and the.
22	(4) The net recoveries under s. 101.143 (5) (c).
23	Section 45. 25.47 (5) of the statutes is created to read:
24	25.47 (5) The moneys transferred from the appropriation account under s.
25	20.143 (3) (s).

SECTION 46.	45.79 (9) (a	of the statutes:	s amended to	read:
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45.79 (9) (a) All moneys received from any source for repayment of loans, mortgages or mortgage loan notes funded with proceeds of revenue obligations issued under sub. (6) (c) shall be deposited into one or more separate nonlapsible trust funds in the state treasury or with a trustee as provided in s. 18.56 18.561 (9)

(j) The board may pledge revenues received by the funds to secure revenue obligations issued under sub. (6) (c) and shall have all other powers necessary and convenient to distribute the proceeds of the revenue obligations and loan repayments in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18. Unrestricted balances in the funds may be used to fund additional loans issued under sub. (6) (c) and pay the balances owing on loans after the assumptions of the loans or the closings of the sales of residences under sub. (10) (c).

SECTION 47. 84.59 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.59 (2) The department may, under 18.56 18.561 (5) and (9) (j), deposit in a separate and distinct fund outside the state treasury, in an account maintained by a trustee, revenues derived under s. 341.25. The revenues deposited are the trustee's revenues in accordance with the agreement between this state and the trustee or in accordance with the resolution pledging the revenues to the repayment of revenue obligations issued under this section.

SECTION 48. 85.52 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

85.52 (5) (c) The department of administration may, under (s) 8.56 18.561 (5) and (9) (j) deposit in a separate and distinct fund in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee outside the state treasury, any portion of the revenues derived under s. 25.405 (2). The revenues deposited with a trustee outside the state treasury are the trustee's revenues in accordance with the agreement

between this state and the trustee or in accordance with the resolution pledging the revenues to the repayment of revenue obligations issued under this subsection.

SECTION 49. 101.143 (9m) of the statutes is created to read:

- 101.143 (9m) REVENUE OBLIGATIONS. (a) The petroleum storage remedial action program is a special fund program, as defined in a 18.52 (8) and the petroleum inspection fund is a special fund, as defined under s. 18.52 (7). The petroleum inspection fund is a segregated fund created by the imposition of fees, penalties or excise taxes. The legislature finds and determines that a nexus exists between the petroleum storage remedial action program and the petroleum inspection fund in that fees imposed on users of petroleum are used to remedy environmental damage caused by petroleum storage.
- (b) Deposits, appropriations or transfers to the petroleum inspection fund for the purposes of the petroleum storage remedial action program may be funded with the proceeds of revenue obligations issued subject to and in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (e) The department shall have all other powers necessary and convenient to distribute the special fund revenues and to distribute the proceeds of the revenue obligations in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (f) The department may enter into agreements with the federal government or its agencies, political subdivisions of this state, individuals or private entities to insure or in any other manner provide additional security for the revenue obligations issued under this subsection.

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- (g) Revenue obligations may be contracted by the building commission when it reasonably appears to the building commission that all obligations incurred under this subsection can be fully paid on a timely basis from moneys received or anticipated to be received. Revenue obligations issued under this subsection may not exceed \$450,000,000 in principal amount. In addition to this limit on principal amount, the building commission may contract revenue obligations under this subsection as the building commission determines is desirable to fund or refund outstanding revenue obligations, to pay issuance or administrative expenses, to make deposits to reserve funds or to pay accrued or capitalized interest.
- (h) Unless otherwise expressly provided in resolutions authorizing the issuance of revenue obligations or in other agreements with the owners of revenue obligations, each issue of revenue obligations under this subsection shall be on a parity with every other revenue obligation issued under this subsection and in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (i) Recognizing its moral obligation to do so, the legislature expresses its expectation and aspiration that, if the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee and if the funds in the petroleum inspection fund are insufficient to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations issued under subch. If or IV of ch. 18 pursuant to this subsection, the legislature shall make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

SECTION 50. 281.59 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.59 (4) (b) The department of administration may, under \$\frac{18.561}{18.561} (5)

and (9) (j) deposit in a separate and distinct fund in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee outside the state treasury, any portion of the

(or 18.562 (3) and (5) (e)

revenues derived under s. 25.43 (1). The revenues deposited with a trustee outside 1 the state treasury are the trustee's revenues in accordance with the agreement 2 between this state and the trustee or in accordance with the resolution pledging the 3 revenues to the repayment of revenue obligations issued under this subsection. 4

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(g) Revenue obligations may be contracted by the building commission when It reasonably appears to the building commission that all obligations incurred under this subsection can be fully paid on a timely basis from moneys received or, anticipated to be received. Revenue obligations issued under this subsection may not exceed \$450,000,000 in principal amount. In addition to this limit on principal bill amount, the building commission may contract (revenue obligations under this subsection as the building commission determines is desirable to fund or refund These

8 pay outstanding revenue obligations, to pay issuance or administrative expenses, to make deposits to reserve funds or to pay accrued or capitalized interest.

- Unless otherwise expressly provided in resolutions authorizing the (h) issuance of revenue obligations or in other agreements with the owners of revenue obligations, each issue of revenue obligations under this subsection shall be on a parity with every other revenue obligation issued under this subsection and in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (i) Recognizing its moral obligation to do so, the legislature expresses its expectation and aspiration that, if the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee and if the funds in the petroleum inspection fund are insufficient to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations issued under subch. II or IV of ch. 18 pursuant to this subsection, the legislature shall make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

SECTION 50, 281.59 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.59 (4) (b) The department of administration may, under s. 18.56 18.561 (5) and (9)/j), deposit in a separate and distinct fund in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee outside the state treasury, any portion of the

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comments from Reed Growthe I a	leferred
to Reed's suggested language to a	
the security interest in S. 18.562,	•
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counsel has to write the opinion	, footnea
Essente so em more than welling	to defer
to their judgment on this questron	·
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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1432/5dn KSH:kmg:jf

February 1, 1999

This "/5" incorporates additional comments from Reed Groethe. I deferred to Reed's suggested language to describe the security interest in s. 18.562. Although I believe the language is ambiguous, bond counsel has to write the opinion, so I'm more than willing to defer to their judgment on this question.

K. Scott Hubli Administrative Services Manager

Phone: (608) 266-0135

E-mail: Scott.Hubli@legis.state.wi.us

From:

Groethe, Reed [reed.groethe@foleylaw.com]

Sent:

Tuesday, February 02, 1999 8:51 AM

To:

Hubli, Scott

Cc:

Wolff, Michael; Erdman, David; Hoadley, Frank; Wong, Manyee; Schmiedicke, David; Ryan,

David B.

Subject:

RE: LRB-1432/5

Scott: I have additional suggestions affecting two sections.

Page 10, lines 24-25: Michael Wolff points out that the sentence has an unclear antecedent. Is it amounts that arise or obligations that arise? Obviously, it must be amounts, because all obligations arise only after the creation of the program under which they are issued. Still, it would clarify matters to move the phrase "that arise after creation of the special fund program" so it follows "in the amounts".

Page 10, line 25: I suggest adding a new sentence-"For this purpose, amounts shall be accounted for on a first-in, first-out basis." This suggestion responds to your concern that, because money is fungible, the preceding sentence is ambiguous. The original language does resolve a constitutional concern. All the same, it would be better avoid the

Page 3, line 13. Adding a sentence-"A revenue obligation may be both an enterprise obligation and a special fund obligation"-would make explicit what has been implicit in removing the language of exclusivity from the definitions of each type of revenue obligation.

----Original Message-----

From: Hubli, Scott [SMTP:Scott.Hubli@legis.state.wi.us]

Monday, February 01, 1999 9:11 PM

To: 'Groethe, Reed'; Wolff, Michael; Erdman, David; Hoadley,

Frank; Wong, Manyee

Subject:

LRB-1432/5

This is the version that went into the initial compile. Please let me know

if any additional changes need to be made and I will see if the changes can

be made on the master for the budget bill. Thanks.

<<99-1432/5>> <<99-1432/5dn>>

Scott

K. Scott Hubli, Administrative Services Manager Wisconsin Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-0135 scott.hubli@legis.state.wi.us << File: 99-1432/5 >> << File: 99-1432/5dn >>

From:

Wolff, Michael

Sent:

Tuesday, February 02, 1999 8:36 AM

To: Subject: Hubli, Scott RE: LRB-1432/5

I just spoke to Reed G and he has a few (2, I think) more small suggestions. If you can hold the file open a few minutes he will e-mail you with them. Thanks.

-----Original Message-----From:

Hubli, Scott

Sent:

Tuesday, February 02, 1999 8:32 AM

To:

Wolff, Michael

Subject:

RE: LRB-1432/5

Thanks for the catch. I will modify this.

Scott

----Original Message-----From: Wolff, Michael

Tuesday, February 02, 1999 8:17 AM Sent:

To:

Hubli, Scott

Cc:

'Reed Groethe'; Wong, Manyee

Subject: RE: LRB-1432/5

Scott -- thanks for the draft. After a cursory inspection, the only thing I see is that the \$150,000,000 figure still shows up in the State Government section of the analysis.

----Original Message----

From:

Hubli, Scott

Monday, February 01, 1999 9:11 PM Sent:

To: 'Groethe, Reed'; Wolff, Michael; Erdman, David; Hoadley, Frank; Wong, Manyee

Subject:

LRB-1432/5

This is the version that went into the initial compile. Please let me know if any additional changes need to be made and I will see if the changes can be made on the master for the budget bill. Thanks.

<< File: 99-1432/5 >> << File: 99-1432/5dn >>

Scott

K. Scott Hubli, Administrative Services Manager Wisconsin Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-0135 scott.hubli@legis.state.wi.us

From:

Wolff, Michael

Sent:

Tuesday, February 02, 1999 8:36 AM

To: Subject: Hubli, Scott RE: LRB-1432/5

I just spoke to Reed G and he has a few (2, I think) more small suggestions. If you can hold the file open a few minutes he will e-mail you with them. Thanks.

----Original Message-----

From:

Hubli, Scott

Sent:

Tuesday, February 02, 1999 8:32 AM

To: Subject: Wolff, Michael RE: LRB-1432/5

Thanks for the catch. I will modify this.

Scott

----Original Message---From: Wolff, Michael

Sent: Tuesday, February 02, 1999 8:17 AM

To: Hubli, Scott

Cc: 'Reed Groethe'; Wong, Manyee

Subject: RE: LRB-1432/5

Scott -- thanks for the draft. After a cursory inspection, the only thing I see is that the \$150,000,000 figure still shows up in the State Government section of the analysis.

----Original Message-----

From:

Hubli, Scott

Sent: Monday, February 01, 1999 9:11 PM

To: 'Groethe, Reed'; Wolff, Michael; Erdman, David; Hoadley, Frank; Wong, Manyee

Subject:

LRB-1432/5

This is the version that went into the initial compile. Please let me know if any additional changes need to be made and I will see if the changes can be made on the master for the budget bill. Thanks.

<< File: 99-1432/5 >> << File: 99-1432/5dn >>

Scott

K. Scott Hubli, Administrative Services Manager Wisconsin Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-0135 scott.hubli@legis.state.wi.us



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1432/5 KSH:kmg&jlg:jf

DOA:.....Wong - PECFA revenue bonding

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET -- NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

noon 1100

AN ACT relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau ENVIRONMENT

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP

Under current law, the department of commerce (department) administers a program to reimburse owners of certain petroleum product storage tanks for a portion of the costs of cleaning up discharges from those tanks. This program is commonly known as PECFA.

This bill authorizes the department to issue revenue obligations, to be paid from revenues deposited in the petroleum inspection fund, to fund the payment of claims under the PECFA program. Revenue obligations issued under this bill may not exceed \$450,000,000 in principal amount. In addition to this limit on principal amount, the bill authorizes the issuance of revenue obligations to fund or refund these outstanding revenue obligations, to pay issuance or administrative expenses, to make deposits to reserve funds or to pay accrued or capitalized interest. The building commission may pledge any portion of revenues received from the proceeds of the obligations or the petroleum inspection fund to secure revenue obligations issued under this bill. The building commission may issue the revenue obligations when it reasonably appears to the building commission that the obligations can be fully paid on a timely basis from the petroleum inspection fund. The bill provides a so-called "moral obligation pledge" which applies if the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee. If the rate is reduced and there are insufficient funds

in the petroleum inspection fund to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations, the legislature expresses its expectation and aspiration that it would make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

STATE GOVERNMENT

STATE FINANCE

Under current law, the state may issue "revenue obligations" for certain specified purposes. In general, a revenue obligation is an obligation that is: 1) incurred to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, improve, operate or manage a revenue—producing enterprise; and 2) repayable solely from, and secured solely by,

the property or income from the revenue-producing enterprise.

This bill broadens the definition of revenue obligation to allow revenue bonding in situations which would not meet the current law definition of revenue obligation. Under the bill, revenue obligations consist of two different types: enterprise obligations and special fund obligations. The first type of revenue obligation, called an enterprise obligation, includes all obligations authorized under current law; i.e., obligations that are incurred to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, improve, operate or manage a revenue—producing enterprise and are repayable solely from, and secured solely by, the property or income from that revenue—producing enterprise. The definition of enterprise obligation under the bill is broader than the current law definition of revenue obligation in that it eliminates the requirement that bond be repayable solely from, and be solely secured by, property or income from the revenue—producing enterprise.

The second type of revenue obligation, a special fund obligation, is created by the bill. Special fund obligations are an undertaking by the state to repay a certain amount of borrowed money that is payable from a special fund consisting of fees,

penalties or excise taxes.

The bill uses this second type of revenue obligation in order to authorize not more than \$250,000,000 of revenue obligation bonding for the PECFA program. See ENVIRONMENT, HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP. These revenue obligations are to be repaid from, and are secured by, the petroleum inspection fund. If, however, the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee and the fees in the fund prove insufficient to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations, the bill expresses the legislature's expectation and aspiration that it would make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as

an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 18.51 of the statutes is amended to read:





1	18.51 Provisions applicable. The following sections apply to this
2	subchapter, except that all references to "public debt" or "debt" are deemed shall be
3	read to refer to a "revenue obligation" and all references to "evidences of
4	indebtedness" shall be read to refer to "evidences of revenue obligations": ss. 18.02,
5	18.03, 18.06 (8), 18.07, 18.10 (1), (2), (4) to (9) and (11) and 18.17.
6	SECTION 2. 18.52 (2m) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:
7	18.52 (2m) (intro.) "Enterprise obligation" means every undertaking by the
8	state to repay a certain amount of borrowed money that is all of the following:
9	SECTION 3. 18.52 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52 (5) and
10	amended to read:
11	18.52 (5) "Revenue obligation" means every undertaking by the state to repay
12	a certain amount of borrowed money which is: an enterprise obligation or a special
13	fund obligation Censert 3-13
14	SECTION 4. 18.52 (5) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52 (2m) (a) and
15	amended to read:
16	18.52 (2m) (a) Created for the purpose of purchasing, acquiring, leasing,
17	constructing, extending, expanding, adding to, improving, conducting, controlling,
18	operating or managing a revenue-producing enterprise or program:
19	SECTION 5. 18.52 (5) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52 (2m) (b) and
20	amended to read:
21	18.52 (2m) (b) Payable solely from and secured solely by the property or income
22	or both of the enterprise or program; and.
23	SECTION 6. 18.52 (5) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52 (2m) (c).
24	SECTION 7. 18.52 (7) of the statutes is created to read:

the proceeds applied in payment of the same at maturity or before maturity by
agreement with the holder owner of the secured obligation or charge. The
commission and the owners of any revenue-producing enterprise or program
acquired or purchased may, upon such terms and conditions as are satisfactory,
contract that bonds enterprise obligations to provide for the discharge of the secured
obligation or charge, or for the whole purchase price shall be deposited with a trustee
or depository and released from the deposit from time to time on such terms and
conditions as are necessary to secure the payment of the secured obligation or charge.
SECTION 17. 18.561 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (title) Enterprise obligations.
SECTION 18. 18.561 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (1) PAYMENT WITH REVENUE OBLIGATIONS. The state and a contracting
party may provide, in any contract for purchasing or acquiring a revenue-producing
enterprise or program, that payment shall be made in revenue obligations.
SECTION 19. 18.561 (7) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (7) (title) PAYMENT FOR SERVICES.
SECTION 20. 18.561 (8) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (8) (title) RATES FOR SERVICES.
SECTION 21. 18.561 (9) (k) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (9) (k) Defeasance of the obligations.
SECTION 22. 18.562 of the statutes is created to read:
18.562 Special fund obligations. (1) SECURITY INTEREST IN SPECIAL FUND.
There is a security interest, for the benefit of the owners of the special fund
obligations, in the amounts in the special fund related to the special fund obligations
that arise after the creation of the special fund program. No physical delivery,
Censert 10-25

- recordation or other action is required to perfect the security interest. The special fund shall remain subject to the security interest until provision for payment in full of the principal and interest of the special fund obligations has been made, as provided in the authorizing resolution. An owner of special fund obligations may either at law or in equity protect and enforce the security interest and compel performance of all duties required by this section.
- (2) Use of special fund program responsibilities shall jointly determine, and the commission shall fix in the authorizing resolution for the obligations, the conditions under which money in the special fund shall be set aside and applied to the payment of the principal and interest of the obligations, deposited in funds established under the authorizing resolution or made available for other purposes.
- (3) REDEMPTION FUND. The special fund revenues that are to be set aside for the payment of the principal and interest of the special fund obligations shall be paid into a separate fund in the treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee under sub. (5) (e) to be identified as "the ... redemption fund". Each redemption fund shall be expended, and all moneys from time to time on hand therein are irrevocably appropriated, in sums sufficient, only for the payment of principal and interest on the special fund obligations giving rise to it and premium, if any, due upon redemption of any such obligations. Moneys in the redemption funds may be commingled only for the purpose of investment with other public funds, but they shall be invested only in investment instruments permitted in s. 25.17 (3) (dr). All such investments shall be the exclusive property of the fund and all earnings on or income from such investments shall be credited to the fund.

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SECTION 50. 281.59 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

281.59 (4) (b) The department of administration may, under s. 18.56 18.561 (5) and (9) (j) or 18.562 (3) and (5) (e), deposit in a separate and distinct fund in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee outside the state treasury, any portion of the revenues derived under s. 25.43 (1). The revenues deposited with a trustee outside the state treasury are the trustee's revenues in accordance with the agreement between this state and the trustee or in accordance with the resolution pledging the revenues to the repayment of revenue obligations issued under this subsection.

(END)

STATE OF WISCONSIN – **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU** – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

Insert 3-13:
elde sold peter elle
· A revenue obligation may be both
an enterprise obligation and a special
fund avligation

Insert 10-25:1
For this purpose, amounts in the
special fund shall be accounted for on
a first-out basis.
0 '0 '

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1432/Jdn KSH:kmg;jf

February 1, 1999

This "/s" incorporates additional comments from Reed Groethe. I-deferred to Reed's suggested language to describe the security interest in s. 18.562. Although I believe the language is ambiguous, bond counsel has to write the opinion, so I'm more than willing to defer to their judgment on this question.

K. Scott Hubli Administrative Services Manager Phone: (608) 266–0135

E-mail: Scott.Hubli@legis.state.wi.us

and michael Walf



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1432/K KSH:kmg&jlg:hmh

DOA:.....Wong - PECFA revenue bonding

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

D-NOTE)

AN ACT (2; relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau ENVIRONMENT

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP

Under current law, the department of commerce (department) administers a program to reimburse owners of certain petroleum product storage tanks for a portion of the costs of cleaning up discharges from those tanks. This program is commonly known as PECFA.

This bill authorizes the department to issue revenue obligations, to be paid from revenues deposited in the petroleum inspection fund, to fund the payment of claims under the PECFA program. Revenue obligations issued under this bill may not exceed \$450,000,000 in principal amount. In addition to this limit on principal amount, the bill authorizes the issuance of revenue obligations to fund or refund these outstanding revenue obligations, to pay issuance or administrative expenses, to make deposits to reserve funds or to pay accrued or capitalized interest. The building commission may pledge any portion of revenues received from the proceeds of the obligations or the petroleum inspection fund to secure revenue obligations issued under this bill. The building commission may issue the revenue obligations when it reasonably appears to the building commission that the obligations can be fully paid on a timely basis from the petroleum inspection fund. The bill provides a so-called "moral obligation pledge" which applies if the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee. If the rate is reduced and there are insufficient funds

obligation	payable i	n whole	or in	part,	directly	or	indirectly,	out	of s	uch	fund,	to
restore to 1	the fund a	all divers	ions f	rom t	he fund.							

SECTION 39. 20.143 (3) (s) of the statutes is created to read:

20.143 (3) (s) Petroleum inspection fund — revenue obligation proceeds. As a continuing appropriation, all proceeds from revenue obligations that are issued under subch. II or IV of ch. 18, authorized under s. 101.143 (9m) and deposited in a fund in the state treasury created under s. 18.57 (1), to provide for reserves and for expenses of issuance and management of the revenue obligations, and the remainder to be transferred to the petroleum inspection fund for the purposes of the petroleum storage remedial action program under s. 101.143. Estimated disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in the schedule under s. 20.005.

SECTION 40. 20.143 (3) (t) of the statutes is created to read:

20.143 (3) (t) Petroleum inspection fund — revenue obligation repayment. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient to repay the fund in the state treasury created under s. 18.57 (1) the amount needed to retire revenue obligations issued under subch. II or IV of ch. 18, as authorized under s. 101.143 (9m).

****NOTE: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.

SECTION 41. 20.143 (3) (u) of the statutes is created to read:

20.143 (3) (u) Revenue obligation debt service — petroleum inspection fund. From the fund in the state treasury created under s. 18.57 (1), all moneys received by the fund for the purpose of the retirement of revenue obligations, providing for reserves and for operations relating to the management and retirement of revenue obligations issued under subch. If or IV of ch. 18, as authorized under s. 101.143 (9m). All moneys received by the fund are irrevocably appropriated in accordance with

1	subch. II of ch. 18 and further established in resolutions authorizing the issuance of
2	the revenue obligations and setting forth the distribution of funds to be received
3	thereafter. Estimated disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in
4	the schedule under s. 20.005.
5	SECTION 42. 20.143 (3) (v) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	20.143 (3) (v) Petroleum storage environmental remedial action; awards.
7	Biennially, from the petroleum inspection fund, the amounts in the schedule to pay
8	awards under s. 101.143 and, legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m) and amounts
9	to reduce principal of outstanding revenue obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143 undur-
10	(9m) Quest 19-10 V ** ** Note: This is reconciled so scored to the comma affected by Gallowing LRB 27//
11	SECTION 43. 20.143 (3) (vb) of the statutes is created to read: #15: LRO - 1432/6
12	20.143 (3) (vb) Petroleum storage environmental remedial action revenue
13	bonding; awards. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient not to exceed
14	the net proceeds of special fund obligations issued pursuant to s. $101.143(9\text{m})$ to pay
15	awards under s. 101.143 and legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m). Estimated
16	disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in the schedule under s.
17	20.005.
18	SECTION 44. 25.47 of the statutes is renumbered 25.47 (intro.) and amended
19	to read:
20	25.47 Petroleum inspection fund. (intro.) There is established a separate
21	nonlapsible trust fund designated as the petroleum inspection fund, to consist of the:
22	(1) The fees imposed under s. 168.12 (1), the.
23	(2) The payments under s. 101.143 (4) (h) 1m., the
24	(3) The payments under s. 101.143 (5) (a) and the.
25	(4) The net recoveries under s. 101.143 (5) (c).

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Section 50. 281.59 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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(END)

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1432/7dn KSH:/....

This draft reconciles LRB-1432/6 and LRB-1668/P1. Both of these drafts should continue to appear in the compiled bill.

K. Scott Hubli Administrative Services Manager Phone: (608) 266–0135

E-mail: Scott.Hubli@legis.state.wi.us

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1432/7dn KSH:kmg:jf

February 2, 1999

This draft reconciles LRB-1432/6 and LRB-1668/P1. Both of these drafts should continue to appear in the compiled bill.

K. Scott Hubli Administrative Services Manager Phone: (608) 266–0135 E-mail: Scott.Hubli@legis.state.wi.us



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1432/7 KSH:kmg&jlg:hmh

DOA:.....Wong - PECFA revenue bonding

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT ...; relating to: the budget.

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in the petroleum inspection fund to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations, the legislature expresses its expectation and aspiration that it would make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

STATE GOVERNMENT

STATE FINANCE

Under current law, the state may issue "revenue obligations" for certain specified purposes. In general, a revenue obligation is an obligation that is: 1) incurred to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, improve, operate or manage a revenue—producing enterprise; and 2) repayable solely from, and secured solely by, the property or income from the revenue—producing enterprise.

This bill broadens the definition of revenue obligation to allow revenue bonding in situations which would not meet the current law definition of revenue obligation. Under the bill, revenue obligations consist of two different types: enterprise obligations and special fund obligations. The first type of revenue obligation, called an enterprise obligation, includes all obligations authorized under current law; i.e., obligations that are incurred to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, improve, operate or manage a revenue—producing enterprise and are repayable solely from, and secured solely by, the property or income from that revenue—producing enterprise. The definition of enterprise obligation under the bill is broader than the current law definition of revenue obligation in that it eliminates the requirement that bond be repayable solely from, and be solely secured by, property or income from the revenue—producing enterprise.

The second type of revenue obligation, a special fund obligation, is created by the bill. Special fund obligations are an undertaking by the state to repay a certain amount of borrowed money that is payable from a special fund consisting of fees, penalties or excise taxes.

The bill uses this second type of revenue obligation in order to authorize not more than \$450,000,000 of revenue obligation bonding for the PECFA program. See ENVIRONMENT, HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP. These revenue obligations are to be repaid from, and are secured by, the petroleum inspection fund. If, however, the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee and the fees in the fund prove insufficient to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations, the bill expresses the legislature's expectation and aspiration that it would make an appropriation from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	18.51 Provisions applicable. The following sections apply to this
2	subchapter, except that all references to "public debt" or "debt" are deemed shall be
3	read to refer to a "revenue obligation" and all references to "evidences of
4	indebtedness" shall be read to refer to "evidences of revenue obligations": ss. 18.02,
5	18.03, 18.06 (8), 18.07, 18.10 (1), (2), (4) to (9) and (11) and 18.17.
6	SECTION 2. 18.52 (2m) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:
7	18.52 (2m) (intro.) "Enterprise obligation" means every undertaking by the
8	state to repay a certain amount of borrowed money that is all of the following:
9	SECTION 3. 18.52 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52 (5) and
10	amended to read:
11	18.52 (5) "Revenue obligation" means every undertaking by the state to repay
12	a certain amount of borrowed money which is: an enterprise obligation or a special
13	fund obligation. A revenue obligation may be both an enterprise obligation and a
14	special fund obligation.
15	SECTION 4. 18.52 (5) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52 (2m) (a) and
16	amended to read:
17	18.52 (2m) (a) Created for the purpose of purchasing, acquiring, leasing,
18	constructing, extending, expanding, adding to, improving, conducting, controlling,
19	operating or managing a revenue-producing enterprise or program;
20	SECTION 5. 18.52 (5) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52 (2m) (b) and
21	amended to read:
22	18.52 (2m) (b) Payable solely from and secured solely by the property or income
23	or both of the enterprise or program; and.
24	SECTION 6. 18.52 (5) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52 (2m) (c).
25	SECTION 7. 18.52 (7) of the statutes is created to read:

1	18.52 (7) "Special fund obligation" means every undertaking by the state to
2	repay a certain amount of borrowed money which is all of the following:
3	(a) Payable from a special fund consisting of fees, penalties or excise taxes.
4	(b) Not public debt under s. 18.01 (4).
5	SECTION 8. 18.52 (8) of the statutes is created to read:
6	18.52 (8) "Special fund program" means a state program or purpose with
7	respect to which the legislature has determined that financing with special fund
8	obligations is appropriate and will serve a public purpose.
9	SECTION 9. 18.53 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 18.53 (3) (intro.) and
10	amended to read:
11	18.53 (3) (intro.) The commission shall authorize money to be borrowed and
12	evidences of revenue obligation to be issued therefor up to the amounts specified by
13	the legislature to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, extend, expand, add to,
14	improve, conduct, control, operate or manage such revenue-producing enterprises
15	or programs as are specified by the legislature as the funds are required. The
16	requirements for funds shall be established by the state department or agency head
17	carrying out program responsibilities for which the revenue obligations have been
18	authorized by the legislature., but shall not exceed the following:
19	SECTION 10. 18.53 (3) (a) and (b) of the statutes are created to read:
20	18.53 (3) (a) In the case of enterprise obligations, the amounts specified by the
21	legislature to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, extend, expand, add to, improve,
22	conduct, control, operate or manage such revenue-producing enterprises or
23	programs as are specified by the legislature.
24	(b) In the case of special fund obligations, the amount specified by the
25	legislature for such expenditures to be paid from special fund obligations.

18.56 Revenue bonds obligations. The commission may authorize, for any of the purposes described in s. 18.53 (3), the issuance of revenue obligation bonds revenue obligations. The bonds revenue obligations shall mature at any time not exceeding 50 years from the date thereof as the commission shall determine. The bonds revenue obligations shall be payable only out of the redemption fund provided under sub. s. 18.561 (5) or 18.562 (3) and each bond revenue obligation shall contain on its face a statement to that effect. Any such bonds A revenue obligation may contain a provision authorizing redemption, in whole or in part, at stipulated prices, at the option of the commission and shall provide the method of redeeming the bonds. The state and a contracting party may provide in any contract for purchasing or acquiring a revenue producing enterprise or program, that payment shall be made in such bonds revenue obligations.

SECTION 12. 18.56 (2) to (6) of the statutes are renumbered 18.561 (2) to (6) and amended to read:

shall be is a mortgage lien upon or security interest in the income and property of each revenue-producing enterprise or program to for the benefit of the holders owners of the related bonds and to the holders of the coupons of the bonds. The note or other instrument evidencing the security interest of a bondholder in a loan made or purchased with revenue obligation bonds shall constitute a statutory lien on the revenue enterprise obligations. No physical delivery, recordation or other action is required to perfect the security interest. The income and property of the revenue-producing enterprise or program shall remain subject to the lien until provision for payment in full of the principal and interest of the bonds enterprise

SECTION 12

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obligations has been made, as provided in the authorizing resolution. Any holder owner of such bonds or attached coupons enterprise obligations may either at law or in equity protect and enforce the lien and compel performance of all duties required by this section. If there is any default in the payment of the principal or interest of any of such bonds enterprise obligations, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer the revenue-producing enterprise or program on behalf of the state and the bondholders owners of the enterprise obligations, with power to charge and collect rates sufficient to provide for the payment of the operating expenses and also to pay any bonds or enterprise obligations outstanding against the revenue-producing enterprise or program, and to apply the income and revenues thereof in conformity with this subchapter and the authorizing resolution, or the court may declare the whole amount of the bonds enterprise obligations due and payable, if such relief is requested, and may order and direct the sale of the revenue-producing enterprise or program. Under any sale so ordered, the purchaser shall be vested with an indeterminate permit to maintain and operate the The legislature may provide for revenue-producing enterprise or program. additions, extensions and improvements to a revenue-producing enterprise or program to be financed by additional issues of bonds enterprise obligations as provided by this section. Such additional issues of bonds enterprise obligations shall be subordinate to all prior related issues of bonds enterprise obligations which may have been made under this section, unless the legislature, in the statute authorizing the initial issue of bonds enterprise obligations, permits the issue of additional bonds enterprise obligations on a parity therewith.

(3) <u>DEDICATION OF REVENUES.</u> As accurately as possible in advance, the commission and the state department or agency carrying out program

responsibilities for which bends enterprise obligations are to be issued shall determine, and the commission shall fix in the authorizing resolution for such bends enterprise obligations: the proportion of the revenues of the revenue—producing enterprise or program which shall be necessary for the reasonable and proper operation and maintenance thereof; the proportion of the revenues which shall be set aside as a proper and adequate replacement and reserve fund; and the proportion of the revenues which shall be set aside and applied to the payment of the principal and interest of the bends enterprise obligations, and shall provide that the revenues be set aside in separate funds. At any time after one year's operation, the state department or agency and the commission may recompute the proportion of the revenues which shall be assignable under this subsection based upon the experience of operation or upon the basis of further financing.

(4) REPLACEMENT AND RESERVE FUND. The proportion set aside to the replacement and reserve fund shall be available and shall be used, whenever necessary, to restore any deficiency in the redemption fund for the payment of the principal and interest due on bonds enterprise obligations and for the creation and maintenance of any reserves established by the authorizing resolution to secure such payments. At any time when the redemption fund is sufficient for said purposes, moneys in the replacement and reserve fund may, subject to available appropriations, be expended either in the revenue-producing enterprise or program or in new acquisitions, constructions, extensions er, additions, expansions or improvements. Any accumulations of the replacement and reserve fund may be invested as provided in this subchapter, and if invested, the income from the investment shall be carried in the replacement and reserve fund.

- (5) REDEMPTION FUND. The proportion which shall be set aside for the payment of the principal and interest of such bonds on the enterprise obligations shall from month to month as they accrue and are received, be set apart and paid into a separate fund in the treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee under sub. (9) (j) to be identified as "the ... redemption fund". Each redemption fund shall be expended, and all moneys from time to time on hand therein are irrevocably appropriated, in sums sufficient, only for the payment of principal and interest on the revenue enterprise obligations giving rise to it and premium, if any, due upon refunding redemption of any such obligations. Moneys in the redemption funds may be commingled only for the purpose of investment with other public funds, but they shall be invested only in investment instruments permitted in s. 25.17 (3) (dr). All such investments shall be the exclusive property of the fund and all earnings on or income from such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- (6) <u>REDEMPTION FUND SURPLUS.</u> If any surplus is accumulated in any of the redemption funds, subject to any contract rights vested in <u>holders owners</u> of <u>revenue</u> enterprise obligations secured thereby, it shall be paid over to the treasury.

SECTION 13. 18.56 (7) and (8) of the statutes are renumbered 18.561 (7) and (8).

SECTION 14. 18.56 (9) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 18.561 (9) (intro.) and amended to read:

18.561 (9) <u>Authorizing resolution</u>. (intro.) The commission may provide in the authorizing resolution for <u>bonds enterprise obligations</u> or by subsequent action all things necessary to carry into effect this section. Any authorizing resolution shall constitute a contract with the <u>holder owners</u> of any <u>bonds enterprise obligations</u> issued pursuant to <u>such the</u> resolution. Any authorizing resolution may contain such provisions or covenants, without limiting the generality of the power to adopt the

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resolution, as is <u>are</u> deemed necessary or desirable for the security of bondholders the owners of enterprise obligations or the marketability of the bonds enterprise obligations, including but not limited to provisions as to:

SECTION 15. 18.56 (9) (a) to (j) of the statutes are renumbered 18.561 (9) (a) to

SECTION 16. 18.56 (10) of the statutes is renumbered 18.561 (10) and amended to read:

18.561 (10) Sinking fund. The authorizing resolution may set apart bonds enterprise obligations the par value of which are equal to the principal amount of any secured obligation or charge subject to which a revenue-producing enterprise or program is to be purchased or acquired, and shall set aside in a sinking fund from the income of the revenue-producing enterprise or program, a sum sufficient to comply with the requirements of the instrument creating the security, or if interest. If the instrument does not make any provision therefor for a sinking fund, the resolution shall fix and determine the amount which that shall be set aside into such the sinking fund from month to month for interest on the secured obligation or charge, and a fixed amount or proportion not exceeding a stated sum, which shall be not less than one percent of the principal, to be set aside into the fund to pay the principal of the secured obligation or charge. Any balance in the fund after satisfying the secured obligations or charge, shall be transferred to the redemption fund. Bonds Enterprise obligations set aside for the secured obligation or charge may, from time to time, be issued to an amount sufficient with the amount then in the sinking fund, to pay and retire the secured obligation or charge or any portion thereof. The bonds enterprise obligation may be issued in exchange for or satisfaction of the secured obligation or charge, or may be sold in the manner provided in this subchapter, and

the proceeds applied in payment of the same at maturity or before maturity by
agreement with the holder owner of the secured obligation or charge. The
commission and the owners of any revenue-producing enterprise or program
acquired or purchased may, upon such terms and conditions as are satisfactory
contract that bonds enterprise obligations to provide for the discharge of the secured
obligation or charge, or for the whole purchase price shall be deposited with a trustee
or depository and released from the deposit from time to time on such terms and
conditions as are necessary to secure the payment of the secured obligation or charge.
SECTION 17. 18.561 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (title) Enterprise obligations.
SECTION 18. 18.561 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (1) PAYMENT WITH REVENUE OBLIGATIONS. The state and a contracting
party may provide, in any contract for purchasing or acquiring a revenue-producing
enterprise or program, that payment shall be made in revenue obligations.
SECTION 19. 18.561 (7) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (7) (title) PAYMENT FOR SERVICES.
SECTION 20. 18.561 (8) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (8) (title) Rates for services.
SECTION 21. 18.561 (9) (k) of the statutes is created to read:
18.561 (9) (k) Defeasance of the obligations.
SECTION 22. 18.562 of the statutes is created to read:
18.562 Special fund obligations. (1) Security interest in special fund
There is a security interest, for the benefit of the owners of the special fund
obligations, in the amounts that arise after the creation of the special fund program

in the special fund related to the special fund obligations. For this purpose, amounts

- in the special fund shall be accounted for on a first—in, first—out basis. No physical delivery, recordation or other action is required to perfect the security interest. The special fund shall remain subject to the security interest until provision for payment in full of the principal and interest of the special fund obligations has been made, as provided in the authorizing resolution. An owner of special fund obligations may either at law or in equity protect and enforce the security interest and compel performance of all duties required by this section.
- (2) Use of special fund moneys. The commission and the state agency carrying out the special fund program responsibilities shall jointly determine, and the commission shall fix in the authorizing resolution for the obligations, the conditions under which money in the special fund shall be set aside and applied to the payment of the principal and interest of the obligations, deposited in funds established under the authorizing resolution or made available for other purposes.
- (3) REDEMPTION FUND. The special fund revenues that are to be set aside for the payment of the principal and interest of the special fund obligations shall be paid into a separate fund in the treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee under sub. (5) (e) to be identified as "the ... redemption fund". Each redemption fund shall be expended, and all moneys from time to time on hand therein are irrevocably appropriated, in sums sufficient, only for the payment of principal and interest on the special fund obligations giving rise to it and premium, if any, due upon redemption of any such obligations. Moneys in the redemption funds may be commingled only for the purpose of investment with other public funds, but they shall be invested only in investment instruments permitted in s. 25.17 (3) (dr). All such investments shall be the exclusive property of the fund and all earnings on or income from such investments shall be credited to the fund.

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(4) Surplus.	If any surplus is accumulated in any of the redemption funds,
subject to contract	rights vested in the owners of special fund obligations security
thereby, it shall be	paid over to the treasury.

- (5) AUTHORIZING RESOLUTION. The commission may provide in the authorizing resolution for special fund obligations or by subsequent action all things necessary to carry into effect this section. Any authorizing resolution shall constitute a contract with the owners of any special fund obligations issued pursuant to the resolution. An authorizing resolution may contain such provisions or covenants, without limiting the generality of the power to adopt the resolution, as are deemed necessary or desirable for the security of owners of the obligations or the marketability of the obligations, including provisions as to:
 - (a) Employment of consultants.
 - (b) Records and accounts.
 - (c) Establishment of reserve or other funds.
 - (d) Issuance of additional obligations.
- (e) Deposit of the proceeds of the sale of the obligations or revenues of the special fund in trust, including the appointment of depositories or trustees.
 - (f) Defeasance of the obligations.
- 19 SECTION 23. 18.57 (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
- 20 18.57 (title) Funds established for revenue obligations.
- 21 Section 24. 18.57 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 18.57 (1) A separate and distinct fund shall be established in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee under s. 18.56 18.561 (9) (j) with respect to each revenue-producing enterprise or program the income from which is to be applied to the payment of any revenue enterprise obligation. A separate and distinct

1	fund shall be established in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a
2	trustee under s. 18.562 (5) (e) with respect to any special fund that is created by the
3	imposition of fees, penalties or excise taxes and is applied to the payment of special
4	fund obligations. All moneys resulting from the issuance of evidences of revenue
5	obligation shall be credited to the appropriate fund or applied for refunding or note
6	renewal purposes, except that moneys which represent premium or accrued interest
7	received on the issuance of evidences shall be credited to the appropriate redemption
8	fund.
9	SECTION 25. 18.57 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 18.57 (4) (intro.) and
10	amended to read:
11	18.57 (4) (intro.) If, after all outstanding related revenue obligations have been
12	paid or payment provided for, moneys remain in any such a fund, they created under
13	sub. (1), all of the following shall occur:
14	(a) If the fund created under sub. (1) is in an account maintained by a trustee
15	under s. 18.561 (9) (j) or 18.562 (5) (e), the moneys shall be paid over to the treasury
16	and the.
17	(b) The fund created under sub. (1) shall be closed.
18	SECTION 26. 18.58 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	18.58 (1) Management of funds and records. All funds established under this
20	subchapter which are deposited in the state treasury shall be managed as provided
21	by law for other state funds, subject to any contract rights vested in holders owners
22	of evidences of revenue obligation secured by such fund. The department of
23	administration shall maintain full and correct records of each fund. The legislative
24	audit bureau shall audit each fund as of January 1 of each year reconciling all
25	transactions and showing the fair market value of all property on hand. All records

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and audits shall be public documents. All funds established under this subchapter which are deposited with a trustee under s. 18.56 18.561 (9) (j) or 18.562 (5) (e) shall be managed in accordance with resolutions authorizing the issuance of revenue obligations, agreements between the commission and the trustee and any contract rights vested in holders of evidence owners of revenue obligations secured by such fund.

SECTION 27. 18.60 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

18.60 (1) The commission may authorize, for any one or more of the purposes described in s. 18.53 (1), the issuance of revenue-obligation refunding bonds. Refunding bonds may be issued, subject to any contract rights vested in holders owners of bonds or notes being refinanced, to refinance more than one issue of bonds or notes notwithstanding that the bonds or notes may have been issued at different times for different purposes and may be secured by the property or income of more than one enterprise or program or may be public debt or building-corporation indebtedness. The principal amount of refunding bonds shall not exceed the sum of: the principal amount of the bonds or notes being refinanced; applicable redemption premiums; unpaid interest on the bonds or notes to the date of delivery or exchange of the refunding bonds; in the event the proceeds are to be deposited in trust as provided in sub. (3), interest to accrue on the bonds or notes from the date of delivery to the date of maturity or to the redemption date selected by the commission, whichever is earlier; and the expenses incurred in the issuance of the refunding bonds and the payment of the bonds or notes. A determination by the commission that a refinancing is advantageous or that any of the amounts provided in the preceding sentence should be included in the refinancing shall be conclusive.

SECTION 28. 18.60 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

18.60 (2) If the commission determines to exchange refunding bonds, they may
be exchanged privately for and in payment and discharge of any of the outstanding
bonds or notes being refinanced. Refunding bonds may be exchanged for a like or
greater principal amount of the bonds or notes being exchanged therefor except that
the principal amount of the refunding bonds may exceed the principal amount of the
bonds or notes being exchanged therefor only to the extent determined by the
commission to be necessary or advisable to pay redemption premiums and unpaid
interest to the date of exchange not otherwise provided for. The holders owners of
the bonds or notes being refunded who elect to exchange need not pay accrued
interest on the refunding bonds if and to the extent that interest is accrued and
unpaid on the bonds or notes being refunded and to be surrendered. If any of the
bonds or notes to be refinanced are to be called for redemption, the commission shall
determine which redemption dates shall be used, if more than one date is applicable
and shall, prior to the issuance of the refunding bonds, provide for notice of
redemption to be given in the manner and at the times required by the proceedings
authorizing the outstanding bonds or notes.

SECTION 29. 18.60 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 18.60 (5) (intro.) and amended to read:

18.60 (5) (intro.) All of the following provisions of s. 18.56 that are not inconsistent with the express provisions of this section shall apply to refunding bonds, except that the maximum permissible term shall be 50 years from the date of original issue of the oldest note or bond issue being refunded.:

SECTION 30. 18.60 (5) (a) to (c) of the statutes are created to read:

18.60 (5) (a) Section 18.56.

(b) In the case of enterprise obligations, s. 18.561.

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(c) In the case of special fund obligations, s. 18.562.

SECTION 31. 18.61 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

18.61 (2) The state pledges and agrees with the holders owners of any evidences of revenue obligation obligations that the state will not limit or alter its powers to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the holders owners or in any way impair the rights and remedies of the holders owners until the revenue obligations, together with interest including interest on any unpaid instalments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of the holders owners, are fully met and discharged. The commission may include this pledge and agreement of the state in any agreement with the holders of notes or bonds and in any evidence owners of revenue obligation.

SECTION 32. 18.61 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

18.61 (3) (a) If the state fails to pay any revenue obligation in accordance with its terms, and default continues for a period of 30 days or if the state fails or refuses to comply with this subchapter or defaults in any agreement made with the holders owner of any issue of revenue obligations, the holders owners of 25% in aggregate principal amount of the revenue obligations of the issue then outstanding by instrument recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Dane county and approved or acknowledged in the same manner as a deed to be recorded may appoint a trustee to represent the holders owners of the notes or bonds revenue obligations for the purposes specifically provided in the instrument.

SECTION 33. 18.61 (3) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

18.61 (3) (b) (intro.) The trustee may, and upon written request of the holders owners of 25% in aggregate principal amount of the revenue obligations of the issue then outstanding shall, in the trustee's own name:

1	SECTION 34. 18.61 (3) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
2	18.61 (3) (b) 1. By action or proceeding, enforce all rights of all holders owners
3	of the issue of revenue obligations, including the right to require the state to collect
4	enterprise or program income adequate to carry out any agreement as to, or pledge
5	of, such income and to require the state to carry out any other agreements with the
6	holders owners of the revenue obligations and to perform its duties under this
7	subchapter;
8	SECTION 35. 18.61 (3) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
9	18.61 (3) (b) 3. By action, require the state to account as if it were the trustee
10	of an express trust for the holders owners of the revenue obligations;
11	SECTION 36. 18.61 (3) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
12	18.61 (3) (b) 4. By action, enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or
13	in violation of the rights of the holders owners of the revenue obligations; and
14	SECTION 37. 18.61 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	18.61 (3) (c) The trustee shall have all of the powers necessary or appropriate
16	for the exercise of any functions specifically set forth in this subchapter or incident
17	to the general representation of the holders owners of revenue obligations in the
18	enforcement and protection of their rights.
19	SECTION 38. 18.61 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	18.61 (4) Any public officer or public employe, as defined in s. 939.22 (30), and
21	the surety on the person's official bond, or any other person participating in any
22	direct or indirect impairment of any fund established under this subchapter, shall
23	be liable in any action brought by the attorney general in the name of the state, or
24	by any taxpayer of the state, or by the holder of any evidence owner of revenue

1	obligation payable in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, out of such fund, to
2	restore to the fund all diversions from the fund.

SECTION 39. 20.143 (3) (s) of the statutes is created to read:

20.143 (3) (s) Petroleum inspection fund — revenue obligation proceeds. As a continuing appropriation, all proceeds from revenue obligations that are issued under subch. II or IV of ch. 18, authorized under s. 101.143 (9m) and deposited in a fund in the state treasury created under s. 18.57 (1), to provide for reserves and for expenses of issuance and management of the revenue obligations, and the remainder to be transferred to the petroleum inspection fund for the purposes of the petroleum storage remedial action program under s. 101.143. Estimated disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in the schedule under s. 20.005.

SECTION 40. 20.143 (3) (t) of the statutes is created to read:

20.143 (3) (t) Petroleum inspection fund — revenue obligation repayment. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient to repay the fund in the state treasury created under s. 18.57 (1) the amount needed to retire revenue obligations issued under subch. II or IV of ch. 18, as authorized under s. 101.143 (9m).

****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.

SECTION 41. 20.143 (3) (u) of the statutes is created to read:

20.143 (3) (u) Revenue obligation debt service — petroleum inspection fund. From the fund in the state treasury created under s. 18.57 (1), all moneys received by the fund for the purpose of the retirement of revenue obligations, providing for reserves and for operations relating to the management and retirement of revenue obligations issued under subch. II or IV of ch. 18, as authorized under s. 101.143 (9m). All moneys received by the fund are irrevocably appropriated in accordance with

1	subch. II of ch. 18 and further established in resolutions authorizing the issuance of
2	the revenue obligations and setting forth the distribution of funds to be received
3	thereafter. Estimated disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in
4	the schedule under s. 20.005.
5	Section 42. 20.143 (3) (v) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	20.143 (3) (v) Petroleum storage environmental remedial action; awards.
7	Biennially, from the petroleum inspection fund, the amounts in the schedule to pay
8	awards under s. 101.143 and, legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m), amounts
9	to reduce principal of outstanding revenue obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143
10	(9m) and, if the department promulgates rules under s. 101.143(2)(i) 1., to purchase,
11	or provide funding to purchase, insurance described in s. 101.143 (2) (i) 2.
	****Note: This is reconciled s. $20.143(3)(v)$. This Section has been affected by drafts with the following LRB numbers: LRB-1432/6 and LRB 1668/P1.
12	SECTION 43. 20.143 (3) (vb) of the statutes is created to read:
13	20.143 (3) (vb) Petroleum storage environmental remedial action revenue
	20.145 (3) (VD) Felloleum storage entironmental remeatar action receivas
14	bonding; awards. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient not to exceed
14	bonding; awards. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient not to exceed
14 15	bonding; awards. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient not to exceed the net proceeds of special fund obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143 (9m) to pay
14 15 16	bonding; awards. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient not to exceed the net proceeds of special fund obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143 (9m) to pay awards under s. 101.143 and legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m). Estimated
14 15 16 17	bonding; awards. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient not to exceed the net proceeds of special fund obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143 (9m) to pay awards under s. 101.143 and legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m). Estimated disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in the schedule under s.
14 15 16 17 18	bonding; awards. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient not to exceed the net proceeds of special fund obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143 (9m) to pay awards under s. 101.143 and legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m). Estimated disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in the schedule under s. 20.005.
14 15 16 17 18 19	bonding; awards. From the petroleum inspection fund, a sum sufficient not to exceed the net proceeds of special fund obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143 (9m) to pay awards under s. 101.143 and legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m). Estimated disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in the schedule under s. 20.005. Section 44. 25.47 of the statutes is renumbered 25.47 (intro.) and amended
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	the net proceeds of special fund obligations issued pursuant to s. 101.143 (9m) to pay awards under s. 101.143 and legal costs incurred under s. 101.143 (7m). Estimated disbursements under this paragraph shall not be included in the schedule under s. 20.005. Section 44. 25.47 of the statutes is renumbered 25.47 (intro.) and amended to read:

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1	(2) The payments under s. 101.143 (4) (h) 1m., the
2	(3) The payments under s. 101.143 (5) (a) and the.
3	(4) The net recoveries under s. 101.143 (5) (c).
4	SECTION 45. 25.47 (5) of the statutes is created to read:
5	25.47 (5) The moneys transferred from the appropriation account under s.
6	20.143 (3) (s).
7	SECTION 46. 45.79 (9) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	45.79 (9) (a) All moneys received from any source for repayment of loans,
9	mortgages or mortgage loan notes funded with proceeds of revenue obligations
10	issued under sub. (6) (c) shall be deposited into one or more separate nonlapsible
11	trust funds in the state treasury or with a trustee as provided in s. 18.56 18.561 (9)
12	(j) or 18.562 (5) (e). The board may pledge revenues received by the funds to secure
13	revenue obligations issued under sub. (6) (c) and shall have all other powers
14	necessary and convenient to distribute the proceeds of the revenue obligations and
15	loan repayments in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18. Unrestricted balances in the
16	funds may be used to fund additional loans issued under sub. (6) (c) and pay the
17	balances owing on loans after the assumptions of the loans or the closings of the sales
18	of residences under sub. (10) (c).
19	SECTION 47. 84.59 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	84.59 (2) The department may, under s. 18.56 18.561 (5) and (9) (j) or 18.562
21	(3) and (5) (e), deposit in a separate and distinct fund outside the state treasury, in
22	an account maintained by a trustee, revenues derived under s. 341.25. The revenues
23	deposited are the trustee's revenues in accordance with the agreement between this
24	state and the trustee or in accordance with the resolution pledging the revenues to

the repayment of revenue obligations issued under this section.

SECTION 48. 85.52 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

85.52 (5) (c) The department of administration may, under s. 18.56 18.561 (5) and (9) (j) or 18.562 (3) and (5) (e), deposit in a separate and distinct fund in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee outside the state treasury, any portion of the revenues derived under s. 25.405 (2). The revenues deposited with a trustee outside the state treasury are the trustee's revenues in accordance with the agreement between this state and the trustee or in accordance with the resolution pledging the revenues to the repayment of revenue obligations issued under this subsection.

SECTION 49. 101.143 (9m) of the statutes is created to read:

101.143 (9m) Revenue obligations. (a) For purposes of subch. II of ch. 18, the petroleum storage remedial action program is a special fund program, and the petroleum inspection fund is a special fund. The petroleum inspection fund is a segregated fund created by the imposition of fees, penalties or excise taxes. The legislature finds and determines that a nexus exists between the petroleum storage remedial action program and the petroleum inspection fund in that fees imposed on users of petroleum are used to remedy environmental damage caused by petroleum storage.

- (b) Deposits, appropriations or transfers to the petroleum inspection fund for the purposes of the petroleum storage remedial action program may be funded with the proceeds of revenue obligations issued subject to and in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (e) The department shall have all other powers necessary and convenient to distribute the special fund revenues and to distribute the proceeds of the revenue

- obligations in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (f) The department may enter into agreements with the federal government or its agencies, political subdivisions of this state, individuals or private entities to insure or in any other manner provide additional security for the revenue obligations issued under this subsection.
- (g) Revenue obligations may be contracted by the building commission when it reasonably appears to the building commission that all obligations incurred under this subsection can be fully paid on a timely basis from moneys received or anticipated to be received. Revenue obligations issued under this subsection may not exceed \$450,000,000 in principal amount. In addition to this limit on principal amount, the building commission may contract revenue obligations under this subsection as the building commission determines is desirable to fund or refund outstanding revenue obligations, to pay issuance or administrative expenses, to make deposits to reserve funds or to pay accrued or capitalized interest.
- (h) Unless otherwise expressly provided in resolutions authorizing the issuance of revenue obligations or in other agreements with the owners of revenue obligations, each issue of revenue obligations under this subsection shall be on a parity with every other revenue obligation issued under this subsection and in accordance with subch. II of ch. 18 and, if designated a higher education bond, in accordance with subch. IV of ch. 18.
- (i) Recognizing its moral obligation to do so, the legislature expresses its expectation and aspiration that, if the legislature reduces the rate of the petroleum inspection fee and if the funds in the petroleum inspection fund are insufficient to pay the principal and interest on the revenue obligations issued under subch. II or

subsection.

$IV\ of\ ch.\ 18\ pursuant\ to\ this\ subsection,\ the\ legislature\ shall\ make\ an\ appropriation$
from the general fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the obligations.
SECTION 50. 281.59 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
281.59 (4) (b) The department of administration may, under s. 18.56 18.561 (5)
and (9) (j) or 18.562 (3) and (5) (e), deposit in a separate and distinct fund in the state
treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee outside the state treasury, any
portion of the revenues derived under s. 25.43 (1). The revenues deposited with a
trustee outside the state treasury are the trustee's revenues in accordance with the
agreement between this state and the trustee or in accordance with the resolution
pledging the revenues to the repayment of revenue obligations issued under this

(END)