TRANSPORTATION

HIGHWAYS

Current law requires that any major highway project, unlike other construction projects undertaken by the department of transportation (DOT), receive the approval of the transportation projects commission (TPC) and the legislature before the project may be constructed. A major highway project is a project having a total cost of more than \$5,000,000 and involving construction of a new highway 2.5 miles or more in length; reconstruction or reconditioning of an existing highway that relocates at least 2.5 miles of the highway or adds one or more lanes five miles or more in length to the highway; or improvement of an existing multilane divided highway to freeway standards. There are currently 75 enumerated major highway projects approved for construction. This bill adds one major highway project to the list of 75 enumerated projects already approved for construction.

Under current law, the building commission may issue revenue bonds in a principal amount of \$1,348,058,900, of which \$1,255,499,900 may be used for major highway projects and other transportation facilities and \$92,559,000 may be used for fees and other expenses related to the revenue obligations.

This bill increases the level of revenue bonding for major highway projects and transportation administrative facilities by 14.3% to \$1,435,165,900. The bill also authorizes the building commission to contract revenue obligations in any amount to pay fees and other expenses related to the revenue obligations.

This bill authorizes DOT to designate highways that have outstanding intrinsic value as scenic byways. The bill allows DOT to apply for federal designation of a scenic byway as a national scenic byway. Federal designation would make the scenic byway eligible for federal aid for scenic byways.

Under current law, outdoor advertising signs that are located along interstates and certain other highways and that advertise activities conducted on the property on which the signs are located (on-property signs) are subject to restrictions as to size, number and location. This bill prohibits the erection of on-property signs at locations that constitute traffic hazards and eliminates specific restrictions that apply solely to on-property signs located outside the incorporated area of a city or village. The bill specifies that on-property signs do not require permits issued by DOT.

DRIVERS AND MOTOR VEHICLES

Current law authorizes circuit courts and municipal courts to suspend or revoke a person's motor vehicle operating privilege for a variety of reasons, including failure to pay an amount ordered by the court for ordinance violations unrelated to operating a motor vehicle, such as failing to properly keep sidewalks clear of snow and ice. Suspensions and revocations for failure to pay generally continue until the person pays the amount owed. The suspension and revocation orders are forwarded

to DOT, which updates the person's driving record to reflect the suspension or revocation.

This bill requires DOT to develop a process, by rule, to charge courts a processing fee for each court order that suspends or revokes a person's operating privilege for failure to pay a forfeiture that was imposed for violating an ordinance unrelated to the violator's operation of a motor vehicle. The bill also allows courts to charge the violator a fee in an amount not more than the fee DOT charges the court for processing the order.

Current law requires DOT to redesign motor vehicle registration plates that are issued to certain specified vehicles, primarily automobiles and light—duty trucks, or that identify the registrant as a member of an authorized special group (such as U.S. military or veteran, physically disabled, University of Wisconsin campus or natural resources). DOT must begin issuing the newly designed plates beginning with registrations effective July 1, 2000, and must issue newly designed plates for every specified vehicle registered in this state by July 1, 2003. Vehicle registrants must pay \$10 or \$15, depending on the type of plate, for the newly designed plates.

This bill allows DOT until July 1, 2005, to complete the issuance of the newly designed plates. The bill also requires DOT to redesign these registration plates every six years, and to issue plates of the new design to replace plates that are six or more years old.

Under current law, if a person arrested for operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant (OWI) refuses to take a test to determine the amount of alcohol in his or her blood or breath, the law enforcement officer who requested the test takes possession of the person's license, prepares a notice of intent to revoke the person's operating privilege and gives a copy of the notice to the person, to the circuit court and to the district attorney. The notice informs the person of a number of items, including the right to request a court hearing to contest the revocation. The Wisconsin court of appeals, in *State v. Schoepp*, 204 Wis. 2d 266 (1996), held that a person who receives a notice of intent to revoke the person's operating privilege may utilize the full range of discovery procedures under state law, including the use of depositions and interrogatories.

This bill prohibits either party's use of discovery in these cases, except that if a hearing is requested, the person who refused to take the test has the right to receive a copy of any written or voice recorded statement of a witness before that witness testifies.

Currently, 31.29% of all moneys received by the state as driver improvement surcharges from persons convicted of OWI is used to pay for chemical testing and services provided by the state traffic patrol. The secretary of administration transfers the remaining driver improvement surcharge moneys to programs or purposes related to OWI, such as for the purchase of breath screening devices. Under this bill, the separate 31.29% payment is eliminated and the chemical testing and

services program is eligible for a funding transfer approved by the secretary of administration as are the other OWI-related programs.

Under current law, DOT may contract with third-party testers to conduct on—the—road tests for commercial motor vehicle drivers, abbreviated on—the—road tests for school bus drivers and special examinations for school bus drivers. This bill permits DOT to contract with third—party testers to conduct on—the—road tests for noncommercial motor vehicle drivers, except on—the—road tests for authorization to operate certain motorcycles.

This bill raises the fee for a driving skills test in a school bus or in a noncommercial motor vehicle from \$10 to \$15.

Current law requires DOT to issue a distinctive license document to any person who is under the legal drinking age when the license is issued. Under this bill, beginning on January 1, 2000, DOT must also issue a distinctive license document to any person who is under 18 years of age when the license is issued.

Under current law, no person may operate a school bus unless the person possesses an endorsement to operate school buses. A school bus endorsement is valid for the eight—year duration of the person's operator's license. This bill requires each school bus operator to pass an examination of his or her ability to safely operate a school bus at least once every 4 years.

1997 Wisconsin Act 84 made extensive changes to this state's laws regarding operating a motor vehicle with an operating privilege that is revoked or suspended (OAR or OWS). Most of those changes are scheduled to take effect on May 1, 2000, or sooner if DOT's computer system can accommodate the necessary changes.

This bill delays the effective date of 1997 Wisconsin Act 84 until May 1, 2001, or until DOT's computer system can accommodate the necessary changes, whichever occurs earlier. The bill specifies that DOT is not required to implement all of that act's changes simultaneously, but may establish different effective dates for those changes. The bill makes an OAR or OWS committed in another jurisdiction a minor traffic offense for purposes of determining whether the offending driver is a habitual traffic offender. Under the bill, all OAR and OWS will be treated as minor traffic offenses, without regard to where the offense was committed.

Currently, DOT is required to revoke the operating privilege of a person determined to be a habitual traffic offender. The revocation commences on the day on which DOT mails the person notice of the revocation or, if the person is already suspended or revoked, on the day on which the person is convicted and first considered a habitual traffic offender, or on the date on which the person surrendered his or her operator's license to begin the current revocation or suspension period.

This bill makes all revocations by DOT for habitual traffic offenders begin on the date DOT mails notice of the revocation.

Under current law, a highway authority may impose special weight limitations on highways that would likely be seriously damaged or destroyed if such limitations were not imposed. The weight limits are effective only if weight limit notice signs are properly posted. This bill requires the posting of advance weight limit notice signs, in addition to the weight limit notice signs, to allow motorists to avoid the weight—limited highway altogether.

Current law prohibits any person from driving upon a highway any motor vehicle that exceeds the maximum permissible gross vehicle weight or the maximum permissible weight per axle. Current law allows additional weight, beyond the weight limits ordinarily applicable, for certain trucks transporting exclusively milk from the point of production to the primary market and returning with dairy supplies and dairy products from such primary market to the farm. Only milk trucks having axle measurements of nine feet, one inch or greater qualify for the additional 2,000 pound axle weight. This bill extends the 2,000 pound weight limit to milk trucks having an actual axle distance of eight feet, six inches or more.

Under current law, DOT utilizes a telephone call—in procedure through which applicants may obtain certain single trip permits to operate vehicles that exceed the statutory size or weight limits. This bill requires DOT to implement a telephone call—in procedure through which applicants may obtain single trip, annual, consecutive month and multiple trip permits to operate vehicles that exceed the statutory size or weight limits, together with the designated route of travel. The bill also raises fees for certain single trip, annual, consecutive month and multiple trip permits issued by DOT by 10% beginning on January 1, 2000, and ending on June 30, 2003, after which time the fees revert to their current amounts.

This bill increases the fee for late payment of fees for registering a motor truck through DOT's automated telephone registration system from \$5 to \$10.

This bill eliminates the \$5 fee charged to financial institutions for processing electronic applications for motor vehicle title and registration.

Under current law, a claimant must serve legal process upon the secretary of transportation to commence a legal action against a nonresident driver for damages arising from a motor vehicle accident in this state. The secretary of transportation collects a \$15 fee from the claimant for each defendant in the action and forwards the legal process to the nonresident driver. This bill increases this service—of—process fee to \$25.

TRANSPORTATION AIDS

Under current law, DOT provides state aid payments to local public bodies in urban areas served by mass transit systems to assist the local public bodies with the expenses of operating those systems. DOT makes state aid payments in amounts sufficient to ensure that the combination of state and federal aids contributed toward the operating expenses of an urban mass transit system equals the uniform percentage established by DOT for the class of mass transit system. The percentage varies for each of the three classes of mass transit systems but is uniform for all mass transit systems within a class. The three classes are: 1) mass transit systems serving urban areas having a population of less than 50,000; 2) mass transit systems serving urban areas having a population of more than 50,000 but having annual operating expenses of less than \$20,000,000; and 3) mass transit systems having annual operating expenses of more than \$20,000,000.

This bill modifies the classes of mass transit systems and revises the amount of state aids payable to local public bodies served by those systems. The bill creates two classes of mass transit systems: 1) those having operating expenses of more than \$20,000,000 (Tier A); and 2) those having operating expenses of \$20,000,000 or less (Tier B). Under the bill, the sum of state and federal aid provided to a local public body served by a Tier A mass transit system may not exceed 50% of the mass transit system's projected operating expenses. The sum of state and federal aid provided to a local public body served by a Tier B mass transit system may not exceed 65% of the mass transit system's projected operating expenses, except that the sum of aids provided to local public bodies served by certain Tier B mass transit systems may not exceed 60% for calendar years 2000 and 2001.

Current law requires a local public body that receives state aid under the urban mass transit operating assistance program to pay a local contribution towards the mass transit system's operating expenses in an amount equal to at least 20% of the amount of state aid received under the program. This local contribution does not apply to local public bodies served exclusively by a shared—ride taxicab system. This bill requires all recipients to pay at least 10% of the operating expenses, regardless of the amount of state aid received under the program, except that recipients served exclusively by a shared—ride taxicab system must pay at least 5% of the system's operating expenses.

Under current law, DOT makes general transportation aids payments to a county based on a share—of—costs formula, and to a municipality (city, village or town) based on the greater of a share—of—costs formula for municipalities or an aid rate per mile (\$1,596 for 1998 and thereafter).

Beginning with general transportation aids payable for the year 2000, this bill increases the aid rate to \$1,644 per mile and increases the maximum amount of aid that may be paid under the program from the current limit of \$78,744,300 to \$81,106,600 for counties, and from the current limit of \$247,739,100 to \$254,784,900 for municipalities. The bill also allows a portion of law enforcement costs to be considered in the share-of-costs formula, instead of as highway-related traffic

police costs. The bill allows DOT to establish different portions for different classes of counties or municipalities.

This bill provides that aid amounts payable to any single municipality or county under the general transportation aids program may not be reduced by more than 2% annually.

This bill requires each municipality to assess biennially the condition of roads under its jurisdiction and to report the results to DOT.

This bill provides that the amount of aid that DOT may award under the elderly and disabled transportation capital assistance program, which provides aid for specialized vehicles and facilities used to provide transportation services to elderly and disabled persons, may not exceed the percentage of estimated costs specified by DOT or the percentage of costs that are eligible for federal aid, whichever is less.

Under current law, DOT may contract up to \$19,000,000 in public debt for the acquisition and improvement of rail property. This bill increases this authorized general obligation bonding limit from \$19,000,000 to \$23,500,000.

RAIL AND AID TRANSPORTATION

Under current law, DOT, local governmental bodies, local residents and railroad companies may petition the office of the commissioner of railroads (OCR) for a determination of whether a railroad crossing over a public highway protects and promotes public safety. OCR may order the railroad to install automatic warning signals or other suitable safety device at the railroad crossing.

This bill creates a railroad grade crossings committee to review every railroad grade crossing in this state to recommend crossings for improvements. The bill generally prohibits DOT from paying for improvements to railroad grade crossings ordered by OCR unless the committee first recommended improvements to the crossing.

Currently, under the freight railroad assistance program, DOT makes loans to cities, villages, towns and counties for acquiring freight railroad facilities, rehabilitating or constructing rail property improvements or improving freight railroad infrastructure. The loans are made at the legal rate of interest of 5%, unless DOT and the borrower agree to a different rate. This bill requires DOT to specify by rule a rate of interest applicable to such loans.

OTHER TRANSPORTATION

This bill increases the authorized general obligation bonding limit for grants awarded by DOT for harbor improvements from \$15,000,000 to \$18,000,000.

Under current law, participants under the Wisconsin retirement system (WRS) whose principal duties involve law enforcement, require frequent exposure to a high

degree of peril and require a high degree of physical conditioning are classified as protective occupation participants. Current law specifically classifies members of the state patrol as protective occupation participants. Under WRS, the normal retirement age of a protective occupation participant is lower, and the percentage multiplier used to calculate retirement annuities is higher, than for other participants.

This bill specifically classifies the administrator of the division of state patrol as a protective occupation participant for the purposes of WRS, if the division administrator is certified as qualified to be employed as a law enforcement officer in this state. The bill also makes the administrator a member of the state traffic patrol (having the same powers and duties of other members) if the administrator is certified as a law enforcement officer in this state. As a member of the state traffic patrol, the administrator is entitled to receive full pay and other benefits during any period in which the administrator is unable to work because of an injury sustained while performing certain duties that entail a considerable risk of injury or danger.

Under current law, the state traffic patrol consists of not more than 385 traffic officers in the classified service. This bill increases the authorized number of state patrol officers from 385 to 400.

Under current law, the operator of an authorized emergency vehicle (such as a police and fire vehicle or an ambulance) is exempt from certain traffic regulations when responding to an emergency call or when in pursuit of a suspected violator of the law. This exemption applies only when the operator is driving with due regard under the circumstances for the safety of all persons and, in most circumstances, is giving visible and audible signals.

This bill makes snowmobiles operated on state lands by DNR's law enforcement employes and all-terrain vehicles and snowmobiles operated by conservation wardens, on or off state lands, authorized emergency vehicles.

This bill requires DOT to award a grant of \$1,000,000 to the city of Superior for the construction of the Major Richard I. Bong Air Museum.

VETERANS AND MILITARY AFFAIRS

Under current law, in response to a war, insurrection, rebellion, riot or invasion, in the event of a public disaster resulting from a flood, conflagration or tornado, or upon application of certain public officials, the governor may order into active service all or any portion of the national guard. This bill allows the governor to order all or any portion of the national guard into active service when the governor considers that activation necessary for the protection of persons or property.

Under current law, to be eligible for veterans benefits, a veteran must meet certain criteria, including residency in this state and service on active duty under honorable conditions in the U.S. armed forces. The veteran may be eligible for benefits if he or she meets certain types of service requirements, such as service in

a war period or in specified conflicts or receipt of a specified service medal, or if he or she served on active duty for two consecutive years or the full period of his or her initial service obligation.

Under this bill, a veteran may also be eligible for benefits if he or she was a resident of this state for any consecutive five—year period after entry, reentry, enlistment or induction into service in the U.S. armed forces and before the date of his or her application for benefits or, if applicable, before the date of his or her death.

Currently, the department of veterans affairs (DVA) administers a mortgage loan program for veterans. Under the program, eligible veterans may obtain a mortgage loan for the purchase of a house or mobile home, construction of a home, home improvements, including construction of a garage, and certain refinancing related to a home purchase or construction. Under current law, the maximum loan amount for home improvements, including construction of a garage, is \$15,000. This bill changes that maximum loan amount to \$25,000.

Currently, DVA reimburses eligible nondisabled veterans for 50% of the tuition and fees incurred by the veteran while attending a postsecondary school as an undergraduate. This bill raises the reimbursement rate to 65% of the tuition and fees incurred by a nondisabled veteran.

Under current law, reimbursement is available under this program only for classes in an institution in the University of Wisconsin (UW) System or at a technical college or for classes attended by a veteran receiving a waiver of nonresident tuition under the Minnesota-Wisconsin student reciprocity agreement. Reimbursement is limited to tuition and fees paid for 120 part-time or full-time credits at an institution in the UW System, or for 60 part-time or full-time credits at a technical college, or an equivalent amount of credits at the institution at which the veteran is receiving a waiver of nonresident tuition. This bill allows the veteran to attend any institution of higher education, including technical colleges, but requires the veteran to enroll for at least 12 credits during the semester for which reimbursement is requested.

Under current law, an eligible veteran who is a resident of this state and who completes a correspondence course or a course as a part-time student from an institution of higher education may apply for reimbursement from DVA for a portion of the costs of the course if the course is related to the veteran's occupational, professional or employment objectives. Under current law, the maximum reimbursement that may be paid is 50% of the tuition and fees paid for the course. This bill increases the maximum reimbursement percentage from 50% to 65%.

Currently, DVA may borrow money from the veterans mortgage loan repayment fund and enter into transactions with the state investment board to obtain money to make loans to veterans under the veterans personal loan program. If DVA borrows money from the veterans mortgage loan repayment fund, DVA must pledge the loans made under the veterans personal loan program as collateral for that borrowed money.

Under this bill, DVA may borrow money from the veterans mortgage loan repayment fund to obtain money for the veterans personal loan program, but is not required to pledge the loans made under the personal loan program as collateral for the borrowed money. The bill provides that transactions with the state investment board may include the sale of veterans' loans.

This bill uses moneys received under the Indian gaming compacts to fund an American Indian services coordinator as a project position in DVA. The bill also uses moneys received under the Indian gaming compacts to award grants to the governing bodies of federally recognized American Indian tribes and bands for the creation of a model program that helps American Indians overcome barriers to the receipt of federal and state veterans benefits.

Under current law, the state may contract public debt for the purpose of making loans to veterans for the purchase or construction of housing, for home improvements and for refinancing any existing mortgage for the purchase or construction of a home or for home improvements. Currently, the state is authorized to contract public debt in an amount not to exceed \$1,807,500,000. This bill increases this amount to \$1,918,000,000.

Under current law, DVA operates the Wisconsin Veterans Museum in Madison. The museum contains the battle flags of Wisconsin armed forces units that served in the nation's wars and other relics and mementos of those wars. This bill provides that the mission of the Wisconsin Veterans Museum is to acknowledge, commemorate and affirm the role of Wisconsin veterans in the United States of America's military past by means of instructive exhibits and other educational programs.

Under current law, only a county with a population of 100,000 or more, a bank or trust company and the commandant of the Wisconsin Veterans Home at King may be a guardian of five or more unrelated wards at one time. The commandant may act as a guardian only of members of the Wisconsin Veterans Home at King and is not allowed to charge a fee for that service. This bill eliminates the commandant of the Wisconsin Veterans Home at King from among those who may act as guardian of five or more unrelated wards at one time.

Currently, the national guard, in the department of military affairs, operates the Badger Challenge program, which provides programs for high school aged disadvantaged youth to help them remain in and complete high school. This bill allows only youths who are members of families eligible to receive aid from the federal temporary assistance for needy families program to attend the Badger Challenge program. The bill removes state general purpose funding from the program and allows federal temporary assistance for needy families block grant

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moneys received by the department of workforce development to be used to fund the operation of the Badger Challenge program.

This bill will be referred to the joint survey committee on tax exemptions for a detailed analysis, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

This bill will be referred to the joint survey committee on retirement systems for a detailed analysis, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

Because this bill concerns a conveyance of a lake bed area, the department of natural resources, as required by law, will prepare a detailed report to be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

-1961/1.1 Section 1. 13.123 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.123 (3) (a) Any senator authorized by the committee on senate organization to attend a meeting outside the state capital, any representative to the assembly authorized by the committee on assembly organization to attend an out-of-state meeting or authorized by the speaker to attend a meeting within this state outside the state capital, and all members of the legislature required by law, legislative rule, resolution or joint resolution to attend such meetings, shall be paid no additional compensation for such services but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses from the appropriation under s. 20.765 (1) (a) or (b), but no legislator may be reimbursed under this subsection for expenses on any day for which the legislator submits a claim under sub. (1). Any expenses incurred by a legislator under s. 14.82 shall be reimbursed from the appropriation under s. 20.315 (1) (q).

-1961/1.2 Section 2. 13.45 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.45 (3) (a) For any day for which the legislator does not file a claim under s. 13.123 (1), any legislator appointed to serve on a legislative committee or a committee to which the legislator was appointed by either house or the officers thereof shall be reimbursed from the appropriations under ss. 20.315(1)(q) and s.

SECTION 2

20.765 (1) (a) or (b) for actual and necessary expenses incurred as a member of the committee.

-1250/5.1 Section 3. 13.48 (16) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.48 (16) Madison downtown state office facilities. The Except as provided in s. 32.02 (16) the eminent domain authority of the building commission under ch. 32 is limited to the acquisition of such parcels of land as it deems necessary for a site for Madison downtown state office facilities, whenever the building commission is unable to agree with the owner upon the compensation therefor, or whenever the absence or legal incapacity of such owner, or other cause prevents or unreasonably delays such agreement.

-1696/7.1 SECTION 4. 13.94 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.94 (1) (b) Audit the records of every state department, board, commission, independent agency or authority and the corporation described under s. 39.81 at least once each 5 years and audit the records of other departments as defined in sub. (4) when the state auditor deems it advisable or when he or she is so directed and, in conjunction therewith, reconcile the records of the department audited with those of the department of administration. Audits of the records of a county, city, village, town or school district may be performed only as provided in par. (m). Within 30 days after completion of any such audit, the bureau shall file with the chief clerk of each house of the legislature, the governor, the department of administration, the legislative reference bureau, the joint committee on finance, the legislative fiscal bureau and the department audited, a detailed report thereof, including its recommendations for improvement and efficiency and including specific instances, if any, of illegal or improper expenditures. The chief clerks shall distribute the report

to the joint legislative audit committee, the appropriate standing committees of the legislature and the joint committee on legislative organization.

-0030/2.1 Section 5. 13.94 (4) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

13.94 (4) (a) 1. Every state department, board, examining board, affiliated credentialing board, commission, independent agency, council or office in the executive branch of state government; all bodies created by the legislature in the legislative or judicial branch of state government; any public body corporate and politic created by the legislature including specifically a professional baseball park district and a family care district under s. 46.2895; every Wisconsin works agency under subch. III of ch. 49; every provider of medical assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49; technical college district boards; development zones designated under s. 560.71; every county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437; every nonprofit corporation or cooperative to which moneys are specifically appropriated by state law; and every corporation, institution, association or other organization which receives more than 50% of its annual budget from appropriations made by state law, including subgrantee or subcontractor recipients of such funds.

-0030/2.2 Section 6. 13.94 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

13.94 (4) (b) In performing audits of <u>family care districts under s. 46.2895</u>, Wisconsin works agencies under subch. III of ch. 49, providers of medical assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49, corporations, institutions, associations, or other organizations, and their subgrantees or subcontractors, the legislative audit bureau shall audit only the records and operations of such providers and organizations which pertain to the receipt, disbursement or other handling of appropriations made by state law.

-1850/1.1 Section 7. 13.96 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

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his or her responsibilities.

ALL:all:all SECTION 7

1	13.96 (3) Powers of the director of the legislative technology
2	services bureau may, by lease agreement, purchase and install computer networking
3	equipment to serve facilities of state agencies, as defined in s. 20.001 (1), that are
4	located in the same building in which a legislative branch office is located or in an
5	adjacent building, and may provide related maintenance and support services to
6	such agencies.
7	*-1741/2.1* Section 8. 14.06 of the statutes is created to read:
8	14.06 Gifts, grants and bequests. The governor may accept gifts, grants and
9	bequests, and may expend the proceeds to carry out the purposes for which received.
10	*-1739/1.1* Section 9. 14.11(2)(a) 1. to 3. of the statutes are amended to read:
11	14.11 (2) (a) 1. To assist the attorney general in any action or proceeding.
12	2. To act instead of the attorney general in any action or proceeding, if the
13	attorney general is in any way interested adversely to the state;.
14	3. To defend any action instituted by the attorney general against any officer
15	of the state;
16	*-1739/1.2* SECTION 10. 14.11 (2) (a) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
17	14.11 (2) (a) 5. Upon request of the ethics board, to assist the board in
18	investigating or prosecuting an alleged violation of subch. III of ch. 13 or subch. III
19	of ch. 19.
20	*-1821/4.1* Section 11. 14.18 of the statutes is created to read:
21	14.18 Assistance from state agencies. (1) In this section "state agency" has
22	the meaning given under s. 20.001 (1).
23	(2) The governor may enter into a cooperative arrangement with any state
24	agency under which the agency provides assistance to the governor in carrying out

1 *-1961/1.3* Section 12. 14.82 of the statutes is repea
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***-2028/2.1* Section 13.** 15.03 of the statutes is amended to read:

15.03 Attachment for limited purposes. Any division, office, commission, council or board attached under this section to a department or independent agency or a specified division thereof shall be a distinct unit of that department, independent agency or specified division. Any division, office, commission, council or board so attached shall exercise its powers, duties and functions prescribed by law, including rule making, licensing and regulation, and operational planning within the area of program responsibility of the division, office, commission, council or board, independently of the head of the department or independent agency, but budgeting, program coordination and related management functions shall be performed under the direction and supervision of the head of the department or independent agency, except that with respect to the office of the commissioner of railroads, all personnel and biennial budget requests by the office of the commissioner of railroads shall be processed and properly forwarded by the public service commission without change except as requested and concurred in by the office of the commissioner of railroads by the department of transportation.

-1696/7.2 Section 14. 15.07(1)(a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

15.07 (1) (a) 5. The members of the educational communications board appointed under s. 15.57 (5) and (7) (1) (e) and (g) shall be appointed as provided in that section.

-1922/5.1 Section 15. 15.07 (2) (k) of the statutes is created to read:

15.07 (2) (k) The governor shall serve as chairperson of the governor's work-based learning board.

-2005/5.1 Section 16. 15.07 (2) (L) of the statutes is created to read:

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SECTION	16

1	15.07 (2) (L) The chairperson of the glass ceiling board shall be designated
2	annually by the governor.

- *-1516/4.1* Section 17. 15.07 (5) (i) of the statutes is repealed.
- ***-2023/1.1*** **SECTION 18.** 15.105 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.105 (1) Tax appeals commission. There is created a tax appeals commission which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. Members shall be appointed solely on the basis of fitness to perform the duties of their office, and shall be experienced in tax matters. The commission shall meet at the call of the chairperson or at the call of a majority of its members. The chairperson shall not serve on or under any committee of a political party. The commission shall include but not be limited to a small claims summary proceedings division.

-0030/2.5 Section 19. 15.105 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.105 (10) BOARD ON AGING AND LONG-TERM CARE. There is created a board on aging and long-term care, attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of 79 members appointed for staggered 5-year terms. Members shall have demonstrated a continuing interest in the problems of providing long-term care for the aged or disabled. At least 4 All members shall be public members with no interest in or affiliation with any nursing home. At least 5 members shall be persons aged 65 or older or persons with physical or developmental disabilities or their family members, guardians or other advocates.

-0400/7.1 Section 20. 15.105 (24) (title) of the statutes is renumbered 15.195 (3) (title).

-0400/7.2 Section 21. 15.105 (24) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 15.195 (3) (a) and amended to read:

1	15.195 (3) (a) Creation. There is created a national and community service
2	board which is attached to the department of administration health and family
3	services under s. 15.03.
4	*-0400/7.3* SECTION 22. 15.105 (24) (b) and (c) (intro.) and 1. to 4. of the
5	statutes are renumbered 15.195 (3) (b) and (c) (intro.) and 1. to 4.
6	*-0400/7.4* Section 23. 15.105 (24) (c) 4m. of the statutes is renumbered
7	15.195 (3) (c) 4m. and amended to read:
8	15.195 (3) (c) 4m. The secretary of administration health and family services
9	or his or her designee.
10	*-0400/7.5* Section 24. $15.105(24)(c)5$. to $10.$, (d) and (e) of the statutes are
11	renumbered 15.195(3)(c) 5. to 10., (d) and (e).
12	*-0247/1.1* Section 25. $15.105(25)$ (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	15.105 (25) Technology for educational achievement in Wisconsin board.
14	(intro.) There is created a technology for educational achievement in Wisconsin
15	board which is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The
16	board shall consist of the state superintendent of public instruction or his or her
17	designee, the secretary of administration or his or her designee and the following
18	members appointed for 4-year terms:
19	*-1696/7.3* Section 26. 15.105 (25) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	15.105 (25) (bm) A member of the educational communications board. If the
21	secretary of administration determines that the federal communications
22	commission has approved the transfer of all broadcasting licenses held by the
23	educational communications board and the board of regents of the University of
24	Wisconsin System to the corporation described under s. 39.81, this paragraph does

SECTION 26

1	not apply on and after the effective date of the last license transferred [revisor
2	inserts datel.
3	*-1696/7.4* Section 27. 15.105 (25) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	15.105 (25) (c) Four or, if the secretary of administration determines that the
5	federal communications commission has approved the transfer of all broadcasting
6	licenses held by the educational communications board and the board of regents of
7	the University of Wisconsin System to the corporation described under s. 39.81, on
8	and after the effective date of the last license transferred [revisor inserts date].
9	$\underline{5}$ other members.
10	*-2005/5.2* Section 28. 15.105 (26) of the statutes is created to read:
11	15.105 (26) Glass ceiling board. There is created a glass ceiling board which
12	is attached to the department of administration under s. 15.03. The board shall
13	consist of the following members:
14	(a) Two senators and 2 representatives to the assembly, chosen in the same
15	manner that members of standing committees are chosen.
16	(b) Twenty-one other members appointed to serve for 3-year terms, selected in
17	part from persons holding positions in the private sector and in part from persons
18	holding positions in the public sector.
19	*-0510/1.1* SECTION 29. 15.107 (16) (b) 13. of the statutes is amended to read:
20	15.107 (16) (b) 13. Four Five members of the public.
21	*-1836/2.1* Section 30. 15.183 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	15.183 (2) Division of savings and Loan institutions. There is created a
23	division of savings and loan institutions. Prior to July 1, 2000, the division is
24	attached to the department of financial institutions under s. 15.03. After June 30,
25	2000, the division is created in the department of financial institutions. The

1	administrator of the division shall be appointed outside the classified service by the
2	secretary of financial institutions and shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary.
3	*-0030/2.6* Section 31. 15.197 (5) of the statutes is created to read:
4	15.197 (5) COUNCIL ON LONG-TERM CARE. There is created in the department of
5	health and family services a council on long-term care, which shall consist of 15
6	members. The governor shall designate the chairperson of the council on long-term
7	care.
8	*-0030/2.7* SECTION 32. 15.197 (5) of the statutes, as created by 1999
9	Wisconsin Act (this act), is repealed.
10	*-0178/2.1* Section 33. 15.197 (12) of the statutes is created to read:
11	15.197 (12) Council on birth defect prevention and surveillance. There is
12	created in the department of health and family services a council on birth defect
13	prevention and surveillance. The council shall consist of the following members:
14	(a) A representative of the University of Wisconsin Medical School who has
15	technical expertise in birth defects epidemiology.
16	(b) A representative from the Medical College of Wisconsin who has technical
17	expertise in birth defects epidemiology.
18	(c) A representative from the subunit of the department that is primarily
19	responsible for the administration of public health health programs.
20	(d) A representative from the subunit of the department that is primarily
21	responsible for the administration of the medical assistance program.
22	(e) A representative from the subunit of the department that is primarily
23	responsible for health care information.
24	(f) A representative of the State Medical Society of Wisconsin.

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1	(g) A representative of the American Academy of Pediatrics — Wisconsin
2	Chapter.
3	(h) A representative of a nonprofit organization that has as its primary purpose
4	the prevention of birth defects.
5	(j) A parent or guardian of a child with a birth defect.
6	*-0269/3.1* Section 34. 15.197 (25) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	15.197 (25) (c) This subsection does not apply beginning on July 1, 2001 2002.
8	*-1922/5.2* Section 35. 15.223 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
9	*-1922/5.3* Section 36. 15.223 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
10	15.223 (3) Division of workforce excellence. There is created in the
11	department of workforce development a division of workforce excellence.
12	*-1922/5.4* Section 37. 15.225 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
13	15.225 (3) GOVERNOR'S WORK-BASED LEARNING BOARD. (a) There is created a
14	governor's work-based learning board which is attached to the department of
15	workforce development under s. 15.03.
16	(b) The governor's work-based learning board shall consist of the following
17	members:
18	1. The governor.
19	2. The state superintendent of public instruction.
20	3. The president of the technical college system board.
21	4. The director of the technical college system board.
22	5. The secretary of workforce development.
23	6. The administrator of the division of workforce excellence in the department
24	of workforce development.
25	7. One member who is a representative of organized labor.

1	8. One member who is a representative business and industry.
2	9. One member, who is not a public officer and who does not possess the
3	qualifications of the members under subds. 7. and 8., to represent the interests of the
4	public.
5	(c) The members of the board appointed under par. (b) 7., 8. and 9. shall be
6	appointed by the governor to serve at the pleasure of the governor.
7	*-1696/7.5* Section 38. 15.57 of the statutes is renumbered 15.57 (1).
8	*-1696/7.6* Section 39. 15.57 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
9	15.57 (2) If the secretary of administration determines that the federal
10	communications commission has approved the transfer of all broadcasting licenses
11	held by the educational communications board and the board of regents of the
12	University of Wisconsin System to the corporation described under s. 39.81, this
13	section does not apply on and after the effective date of the last license transferred
14	[revisor inserts date].
15	*-1516/4.2* Section 40. 15.675 of the statutes is renumbered 15.677 and
16	amended to read:
17	15.677 Same; attached board council. (1) EDUCATIONAL APPROVAL BOARD
18	<u>council</u> . There is created an educational approval board <u>council</u> which is attached
19	to the higher educational aids board under s. 15.03. The board council shall consist
20	of not more than 7 members, who shall be representatives of state agencies and other
21	persons with a demonstrated interest in educational programs, appointed to serve
22	at the pleasure of the governor.
23	*-0030/2.8* Section 41. 16.009 (2) (p) of the statutes is created to read:
24	16.009 (2) (p) Contract with one or more organizations to provide advocacy
25	services to potential or actual recipients of the family care benefit, as defined in s.

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1	46.2805 (4), or their families or guardians. The board and contract organizations
2	under this paragraph shall assist these persons in protecting their rights under all
3	applicable federal statutes and regulations and state statutes and rules. An
4	organization with which the board contracts for these services may not be a provider,
5	nor an affiliate of a provider, of long-term care services, a resource center under s.
6	46.283 or a care management organization under s. 46.284. For potential or actual
7	recipients of the family care benefit, advocacy services required under this
8	paragraph shall include all of the following:
9	1. Providing information, technical assistance and training about how to obtain
10	needed services or support items.
11	2. Providing advice and assistance in preparing and filing complaints,
12	grievances and appeals of complaints or grievances.
13	3. Providing negotiation and mediation.
14	4. Providing individual case advocacy assistance regarding the appropriate
15	interpretation of statutes, rules or regulations.
16	5. Providing individual case advocacy services in administrative hearings and
17	legal representation for judicial proceedings regarding family care services or
18	benefits.
19	*-0829/1.1* Section 42. 16.0095 of the statutes is repealed.
20	*-2005/5.3* Section 43. 16.01 (2) (h) of the statutes is created to read:
21	16.01 (2) (h) Provide staffing and other support services to the glass ceiling
22	board, and pay expenses required to operate the board.
23	*-1618/3.1* Section 44. 16.15 (4) of the statutes is repealed.
24	*-2005/5.4* Section 45. 16.17 of the statutes is created to read:
25	16.17 Glass ceiling initiative. (1) In this section:

(h) and amended to read:

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1	(a) "Board" means the glass ceiling board.
2	(b) "Glass ceiling" means a formal or informal barrier to full participation of
3	women and minority group members in the management of public and private sector
4	employers.
5	(2) The board shall do all of the following:
6	(a) Administer an annual "Governor's Glass Ceiling Award Program" to
7	recognize Wisconsin businesses and organizations that advance or promote the
8	advancement of women and minority group members to upper-level management
9	positions.
10	(b) Conduct outreach and provide other resources to disseminate information
11	to employers on glass ceiling issues and effective programs that have helped
12	eliminate barriers to promotion of women and minority group members to
13	upper-level management positions.
14	(c) Identify businesses and industries that provide exceptional opportunities
15	for women and minority group members to advance to upper-level management
16	positions, and, whenever appropriate, promote the expansion of such businesses and
17	industries in this state.
18	(d) Actively promote the appointment of qualified women and minority group
19	members to public and private governing bodies.
2 0	*-0400/7.7* SECTION 46. 16.22 (title), (1) and (2) (intro.) and (a) to (g) of the
21	statutes are renumbered 46.78 (title), (1) and (2) (intro.) and (a) to (g).
22	*-0400/7.6* Section 47. 16.22 of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin
23	Act (this act), is repealed.
24	*-0400/7.8* Section 48. 16.22 (2) (h) of the statutes is renumbered 46.78 (2)

1	46.78 (2) (h) From the appropriations under s. $\frac{20.505(4)(j)}{20.435(3)}$
2	(gb) and (p), award grants to persons providing national service programs, giving
3	priority to the greatest extent practicable to persons providing youth corps programs.
4	*-0400/7.9* Section 49. 16.22 (2) (i) to (k) of the statutes are renumbered
5	46.78 (2) (i) to (k).
6	*-0400/7.10* Section 50. 16.22 (2) (kL) of the statutes, as created by 1997
7	Wisconsin Act 237, section 4w, is renumbered 16.22 and amended to read:
8	16.22 Wisconsin promise challenge grants. From the appropriation under
9	s. $20.505(4)(1)(fm)$, award Wisconsin promise challenge grants and provide training
10	and technical assistance under 1997 Wisconsin Act 237, section 9101 (1z) (b) and (h).
11	*-0400/7.11* Section 51. 16.22 (2) (L) and (3) of the statutes are renumbered
12	46.78 (2) (L) and (3).
13	*-1806/3.1* Section 52. 16.24 (title) and (1) of the statutes are renumbered
14	14.63 (title) and (1), and 14.63 (1) (b), as renumbered, is amended to read:
15	14.63 (1) (b) "Institution of higher education" means a public or private
16	institution of higher education that is accredited by an accrediting association
17	recognized by the department state treasurer, and a proprietary school approved by
18	the educational approval higher educational aids board under s. 39.51.
19	*-1806/3.2* SECTION 53. 16.24 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 14.63 (2), and
20	14.63 (2) (intro.) and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:
21	14.63 (2) Weighted average tuition; tuition unit cost. (intro.) Annually, the
22	department state treasurer and the board jointly shall determine all of the following:
23	(b) The price of a tuition unit, which shall be valid for a period determined
24	jointly by the department state treasurer and the board. The price shall be sufficient
25	to ensure the ability of the department state treasurer to meet its his or her

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obligations under this section. To the extent possible, the price shall be set so that
the value of the tuition unit in the anticipated academic year of its use will be equal
to 1% of the weighted average tuition for that academic year plus the costs of
administering the program under this section attributable to the unit.
-1806/3.3 Section 54. 16.24 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 14.63 (3), and
14.63 (3) (a) (intro.) and (d), as renumbered, are amended to read:
14.63 (3) (a) (intro.) The department state treasurer shall contract with an
individual, a trust or a legal guardian for the sale of tuition units to that individual,
trust or legal guardian if all of the following apply:
(d) The department state treasurer shall promulgate rules authorizing a
person who has entered into a contract under this subsection to change the
beneficiary named in the contract.
-1806/3.4 SECTION 55. 16.24 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 14.63 (4) and
amended to read:
14.63 (4) Number of Tuition units purchased. A person who enters into a
contract under sub. (3) may purchase tuition units at any time and in any number,
except that the total number of tuition units purchased on behalf of a single
beneficiary may not exceed the number necessary to pay for 4 years of full-time
attendance, including mandatory student fees, as a resident undergraduate at the
attendance, increasing managed seasons seems at
institution within the University of Wisconsin System that has the highest resident
institution within the University of Wisconsin System that has the highest resident
institution within the University of Wisconsin System that has the highest resident undergraduate tuition, as determined by the department state treasurer, in the

SECTION 56

14.63 (5) (a) Except as provided in sub. (7m), if an individual named as
beneficiary in a contract under sub. (3) attends an institution of higher education in
the United States, each tuition unit purchased on his or her behalf entitles that
beneficiary to apply toward the payment of tuition and mandatory student fees at the
institution an amount equal to 1% of the anticipated weighted average tuition of
bachelor's degree-granting institutions within the University of Wisconsin System
for the year of attendance, as estimated under sub. (2) in the year in which the tuition
unit was purchased.
(b) (intro.) Upon request by the beneficiary, the department state treasurer
shall pay to the institution in each semester of attendance the lesser of the following:
2. An amount equal to the sum of the institution's tuition and mandatory
student fees for that semester.
-1806/3.6 SECTION 57. 16.24 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 14.63 (6), and
14.63 (6) (a) 5. and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:
14.63 (6) (a) 5. Other circumstances determined by the department state
treasurer to be grounds for termination.
(b) The department state treasurer shall terminate a contract under sub. (3)
if any of the tuition units purchased under the contract remain unused 10 years after
the anticipated academic year of the beneficiary's initial enrollment in an institution
of higher education, as specified in the contract.
-1806/3.7 Section 58. 16.24 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 14.63 (7), and
14.63 (7) (a) (intro.), 3., 4. and 5. and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:
14.63 (7) (a) (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (7m), the department state
treasurer shall do all of the following:

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1	3. If a contract is terminated under sub. (6) (a) 4. or (b), refund to the person
2	who entered into the contract an amount equal to 99% of the amount determined
3	under subd. 2. If a contract is terminated under sub. (6) (a) 4., the department may
4	not issue a refund for one year following receipt of the notice of termination and may
5	not issue a refund of more than 100 tuition units in any year.
6	4. If a contract is terminated under sub. (6) (a) 5., refund to the person who
7	entered into the contract the amount under subd. 2. or under subd. 3., as determined
8	by the department state treasurer.
9	5. If the beneficiary is awarded a scholarship, tuition waiver or similar subsidy
10	that cannot be converted into cash by the beneficiary, refund to the person who
11	entered into the contract, upon the person's request, an amount equal to the value
12	of the tuition units that are not needed because of the scholarship, waiver or similar
13	subsidy and that would otherwise have been paid by the department state treasurer
14	on behalf of the beneficiary during the semester in which the beneficiary is enrolled.
15	(b) Except as provided under par. (a) 3., the department The state treasurer
16	shall determine the method and schedule for the payment of refunds under this
17	subsection.
18	*-1806/3.8* Section 59. 16.24 (7m) of the statutes is renumbered 14.63 (7m)
19	and 14.63 (7m) (a) (intro.), (b) and (c), as renumbered, are amended to read:
20	14.63 (7m) (a) (intro.) The department state treasurer may adjust the value of
21	a tuition unit based on the actual earnings attributable to the tuition unit less the
22	costs of administering the program under this section that are attributable to the
23	tuition unit if any of the following applies:

(b) The department state treasurer may not increase the value of a tuition unit

under par. (a) to an amount that exceeds the value of a tuition unit that was

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SECTION 59

1	purchased at a similar time, held for a similar period and used or refunded in the
2	anticipated academic year of the beneficiary's attendance, as specified in the
3	contract.
4	(c) The department state treasurer may promulgate rules imposing or
5	increasing penalties for refunds under sub. (7) (a) if the department state treasurer
6	determines that such rules are necessary to maintain the status of the program
7	under this section as a qualified state tuition program under section 529 of the
8	Internal Revenue Code, as defined in s. 71.01 (6).
9	*-1806/3.9* Section 60. 16.24 (8) of the statutes is renumbered 14.63 (8) and
10	amended to read:
11	14.63 (8) Exemption from garnishment, attachment and execution. Moneys
12	deposited in the tuition trust fund and a beneficiary's right to the payment of tuition
13	and mandatory student fees under this section are not subject to garnishment,
14	attachment, execution or any other process of law.
15	*-1806/3.10* Section 61. $16.24(9)$ to (11) of the statutes are renumbered 14.63
16	(9) to (11) , and 14.63 (9) , (10) , $(10m)$ and (11) (b) , as renumbered, are amended to read:
17	14.63 (9) Contract with actuary. The department state treasurer shall
18	contract with an actuary or actuarial firm to evaluate annually whether the assets
19	in the tuition trust fund are sufficient to meet the obligations of the department state
20	<u>treasurer</u> under this section and to advise the department <u>state treasurer</u> on setting
21	the price of a tuition unit under sub. (2) (b).
22	(10) REPORTS. (a) Annually, the department state treasurer shall submit a
23	report to the governor, and to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature

under s. 13.172(3), on the program under this section. The report shall include any

recommendations for changes to the program that the department state treasurer

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1	determines are necessary to ensure the sufficiency of the tuition trust fund to meet
2	the department's state treasurer's obligations under this section.
3	(b) The department state treasurer shall submit a quarterly report to the state
4	investment board projecting the future cash flow needs of the tuition trust fund. The
5	state investment board shall invest moneys held in the tuition trust fund in
6	investments with maturities and liquidity that are appropriate for the needs of the
7	fund as reported by the department state treasurer in its his or her quarterly reports.
8	All income derived from such investments shall be credited to the fund.
9	(10m) REPAYMENT TO GENERAL FUND. The secretary of administration shall
10	transfer from the tuition trust fund to the general fund an amount equal to the
11	amount encumbered from the appropriation under s. $\frac{20.505(9)}{20.585(2)}$ (a) when
12	the secretary of administration determines that funds in the tuition trust fund are
13	sufficient to make the transfer. The secretary of administration may make the
14	transfer in instalments.
15	(11) (b) The requirements to pay tuition and mandatory student fees under sub.
16	(5) and to make refunds under sub. (7) are subject to the availability of sufficient
17	assets in the tuition trust fund.
18	*-1806/3.11* Section 62. 16.24 (12) and (13) of the statutes are renumbered
19	14.63 (12) and (13), and 14.63 (12) (title), (a) (intro.) and (b) (intro.) and (13), as
20	renumbered, are amended to read:
21	14.63 (12) (title) Additional department duties and powers of the state
22	TREASURER.
23	(a) (intro.) The department state treasurer shall do all of the following:

(b) (intro.) The department state treasurer may do any of the following:

SECTION 62

1	(13) Program termination. If the department state treasurer determines that
2	the program under this section is financially infeasible, the department state
3	treasurer shall discontinue entering into tuition prepayment contracts under sub.
4	(3) and discontinue selling tuition units under sub. (4).
5	*-1696/7.7* Section 63. 16.25 of the statutes is created to read:
6	16.25 Emergency weather warning system. If the secretary determines
7	that the federal communications commission has approved the transfer of all
8	broadcasting licenses held by the educational communications board and the board
9	of regents of the University of Wisconsin System to the corporation described under
10	s. 39.81, on and after the effective date of the last license transferred [revisor
11	inserts date], the department shall operate an emergency weather warning system.
12	*-0417/2.1* Section 64. 16.339 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	16.339 (2) (a) From the appropriation under s. 20.505 (7) (dm), the department
14	may award a grant that does not exceed \$50,000 to an eligible applicant for the
15	purpose of providing transitional housing and associated supportive services to
16	homeless individuals and families if the conditions under par. (b) are satisfied.
17	*-2105/1.1* Section 65. 16.385 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	16.385 (7) Individuals in state prisons or secured juvenile facilities. No
19	payment under sub. (6) may be made to a prisoner who is imprisoned in a state prison
20	under s. 302.01 or to a person placed at a secured correctional facility, as defined in
21	s. 938.02 (15m), or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g),
22	or a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p).
23	*-1068/4.1* Section 66. 16.417 (2) (f) of the statutes is renumbered 16.417 (2)
24	(f) (intro.) and amended to read:
25	16.417 (2) (f) (intro.) This subsection does not apply to an any of the following:

1	1. An individual other than an elective state official who has a full-time
2	appointment for less than 12 months, during any period of time that is not included
3	in the appointment.
4	*-1068/4.2* Section 67. 16.417 (2) (f) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
5	16.417 (2) (f) 2. An individual who is a member of the faculty, as defined in s.
6	36.05 (8), or academic staff, as defined in s. 36.05 (1), other than an elective state
7	official, who has a full-time appointment at an institution within the University of
8	Wisconsin System and who holds any other position or is retained in any other
9	capacity by a different institution within the University of Wisconsin System.
10	*-1139/1.1* Section 68. 16.42 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	16.42 (1) (intro.) All agencies, other than the legislature and the courts, no later
12	than September 15 of each even-numbered year, before each budget period no later
13	than the date and in the form and content prescribed by the department, shall
14	prepare and forward to the department and to the legislative fiscal bureau the
15	following program and financial information:
16	*-1835/2.1* SECTION 69. 16.50 (5m) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	16.50 (5m) University indirect cost reimbursements. Subsections (2) to (5)
18	do not apply to expenditures authorized under s. $20.285(2)(i)$ 2.2
19	*-0424/1.1* Section 70. 16.501 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	16.501 (title) Forward Wisconsin, Inc.; funds: report.
21	*-0424/1.2* Section 71. 16.501 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
22	16.501 (3) On or before September 1, 2000, and every September 1 thereafter,
23	Forward Wisconsin, Inc., shall submit to the appropriate standing committees under
24	s. 13.172 (3) a report stating the net jobs gain due to the funds provided to Forward
25	Wisconsin, Inc., under s. 20.143 (1) (bm).

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-1679/3.1 Section 72. 16.505 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended	to read:
16.505 (1) (intro.) Except as provided in subs. (2), (2m) and, (2n) and	<u>l (4),</u> no
position, as defined in s. 230.03 (11), regardless of funding source or type,	may be
created or abolished unless authorized by one of the following:	
_1679/3.2 Section 73. 16.505 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to	read:

16.505 (4) (b) Except as provided in par. pars. (c) and (d), no agency may change the funding source for a position authorized under this section unless the position is authorized to be created under a different funding source in accordance with this section.

-1679/3.3 Section 74. 16.505 (4) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:

16.505 (4) (b) Except as provided in pars. par. (c) and (d), no agency may change the funding source for a position authorized under this section unless the position is authorized to be created under a different funding source in accordance with this section.

-1679/3.4 SECTION 75. 16.505 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

16.505 (4) (d) During the period beginning on the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date], and ending on June 30, 2001, or on the date of publication of the 2001-03 biennial budget act, whichever is later, the department may change the funding source for any position that is funded in whole or in part from program revenues or program revenues-service under any paragraph specified in s. 20.505(1), (2), (5), (7) or (8) to any other paragraph specified in s. 20.505(1), (2), (5), (7) or (8) that is funded from program revenues or program revenues-service. Any change in the funding source for a position made under this paragraph remains in effect after the period specified in this paragraph unless changed in accordance

with this section. No later than the last day of the month following the completion of each calendar quarter, the secretary of administration shall report to the cochairpersons of the joint committee on finance concerning any positions for which the funding source has been changed under this paragraph during the preceding calendar quarter. The report shall include, for each position, the position type and the previous and current paragraph from which the position is funded.

-1733/2.1 SECTION 76. 16.52 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.52 (6) (a) Except as authorized in s. ss. 16.74 and 16.745, all purchase orders, contracts, or printing orders for any agency as defined in s. 16.70 (1) shall, before any liability is incurred thereon, be submitted to the secretary for his or her approval as to legality of purpose and sufficiency of appropriated and allotted funds therefor. In all cases the date of the a purchasing contract or order governs the fiscal year to which the contract or order is chargeable, unless the secretary determines that the purpose of the contract or order is to prevent lapsing of appropriations or to otherwise circumvent budgetary intent. Upon Whenever such approval is required, the secretary upon granting approval, shall immediately encumber all contracts or orders, and indicate the fiscal year to which they are chargeable.

-1085/4.1 Section 77. 16.528 (3) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

16.528 (3) (f) The failure to pay timely due to an occurrence to which s. 893.83 applies.

-0605/3.1 Section 78. 16.54(2)(a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

16.54 (2) (a) 2. Whenever a block grant is made to this state under any federal law enacted after August 31, 1995, which authorizes the distribution of block grants for the purposes for which the grant is made, the governor shall not administer and no board, commission or department may encumber or expend moneys received as

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a part of the grant unless the governor first notifies the cochairpersons of the joint committee on finance, in writing, that the grant has been made. The notice shall contain a description of the purposes proposed by the governor for expenditure of the moneys received as a part of the grant. If the cochairpersons of the committee do not notify the governor that the committee has scheduled a meeting for the purpose of reviewing the proposed expenditure of grant moneys within 14 working days after the date of the governor's notification, the moneys may be expended as proposed by the governor. If, within 14 working days after the date of the governor's notification, the cochairpersons of the committee notify the governor that the committee has scheduled a meeting for the purpose of reviewing the proposed expenditure of grant moneys, no moneys received as a part of the grant may be expended without the approval of the committee. This subdivision does not apply to the expenditure of block grant funds that are allocated under s. 49.175.

-0607/5.1 Section 79. 16.54 (12) of the statutes is created to read:

- 16.54 (12) (a) The department of health and family services may not expend or encumber any moneys received under s. 20.435 (8) (mm) unless the department of health and family services submits a plan for the expenditure of the moneys to the department of administration and the department of administration approves the plan.
- (b) The department of workforce development may not expend or encumber any moneys received under s. 20.445 (3) (mm) unless the department of workforce development submits a plan for the expenditure of the moneys to the department of administration and the department of administration approves the plan.
- (c) The department of administration may approve any plan submitted under par. (a) or (b) in whole or in part. If the department approves any such plan in whole

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or part, the department shall notify the cochairpersons of the joint committee on finance, in writing, of the department's action under this paragraph.

(d) At the end of each fiscal year, the department of administration shall determine the amount of moneys that remain in the appropriation accounts under ss. 20.435 (8) (mm) and 20.445 (3) (mm) that have not been approved for encumbrance or expenditure by the department pursuant to a plan submitted under par. (a) or (b) and shall require that such moneys be lapsed to the general fund. The department shall notify the cochairpersons of the joint committee on finance, in writing, of the department's action under this paragraph.

-1781/3.1 Section 80. 16.62 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.62 (2) The department may establish user charges for records storage and retrieval services, with any moneys collected to be credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.505 (1) (im) or (kd) (ka). Such charges shall be structured to encourage efficient utilization of the services.

-1781/3.2 Section 81. 16.62 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.62 (3) The department may establish user fees for the services of the public records board. Any moneys collected shall be credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.505 (1) (kd) (ka).

-1733/2.2 SECTION 82. 16.71 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.71 (1) Except as otherwise required under this section or as authorized in s. ss. 16.74 and 16.745, the department shall purchase and may delegate to special designated agents the authority to purchase all necessary materials, supplies, equipment, all other permanent personal property and miscellaneous capital, and contractual services and all other expense of a consumable nature for all agencies. In making any delegation, the department shall require the agent to adhere to all

requirements imposed upon the department in making purchases under this subchapter. All materials, services and other things and expense furnished to any agency and interest paid under s. 16.528 shall be charged to the proper appropriation of the agency to which furnished.

-1733/2.3 SECTION 83. 16.72 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.72 (4) (a) Except as provided in s. ss. 16.74 and 16.745 or as otherwise provided in this subchapter and the rules promulgated under s. 16.74 and this subchapter, all supplies, materials, equipment and contractual services shall be purchased for and furnished to any agency only upon requisition to the department. The department shall prescribe the form, contents, number and disposition of requisitions and shall promulgate rules as to time and manner of submitting such requisitions for processing. No agency or officer may engage any person to perform contractual services without the specific prior approval of the department for each such engagement. Purchases of supplies, materials, equipment or contractual services by the investment board or by the legislature, the courts or legislative service or judicial branch agencies do not require approval under this paragraph.

-1618/3.2 Section 84. 16.72 (6) and (7) of the statutes are repealed.

-1733/2.4 Section 85. 16.745 of the statutes is created to read:

16.745 Investment board purchasing. (1) The investment board may place requisitions and enter into contracts for the purchase of any materials, supplies, equipment or services required by the board. The investment board shall maintain copies of all purchasing requisitions and contracts, and shall permit inspection and copying of the requisitions and contracts under subch. II of ch. 19. No such requisition or contract need be filed with the department.

- (2) The investment board shall file all bills and statements for purchases and engagements made by the board with the secretary, who shall audit and authorize payment of all lawful bills and statements. No bill or statement for any purchase or engagement for the investment board may be paid until the bill or statement is approved by the board.
- (3) The department, upon request, shall make recommendations and furnish assistance to the investment board regarding purchasing procedure. The department, upon request, shall process requisitions for purchases submitted by the investment board and shall procure materials, supplies, equipment, property and services for the board in accordance with the purchasing procedure prescribed for executive branch agencies under this subchapter.
- (4) All stationery and printing purchased by the investment board shall be procured from the lowest responsible bidder.

-1733/2.5 Section 86. 16.75(1)(a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

16.75 (1) (a) 2. If a vendor is not a Wisconsin producer, distributor, supplier or retailer and the department determines that the state, foreign nation or subdivision thereof in which the vendor is domiciled grants a preference to vendors domiciled in that state, nation or subdivision in making governmental purchases, the department and any agency making purchases under s. 16.74 or 16.745 shall give a preference over that vendor to Wisconsin producers, distributors, suppliers and retailers, if any, when awarding the order or contract. The department may enter into agreements with states, foreign nations and subdivisions thereof for the purpose of implementing this subdivision.

-1733/2.6 Section 87. 16.75 (3m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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16.75 (3m) (b) The department and any agency making purchases under s. 16.74 or 16.745 shall attempt to ensure that 5% of the total amount expended under this subchapter in each fiscal year is paid to minority businesses. Except as provided under sub. (7), the department may purchase materials, supplies, equipment and contractual services from any minority business submitting a qualified responsible competitive bid that is no more than 5% higher than the apparent low bid or competitive proposal that is no more than 5% higher than the most advantageous offer. In administering the preference for minority businesses established in this paragraph, the department and any agency making purchases under s. 16.74 or 16.745 shall maximize the use of minority businesses which are incorporated under ch. 180 or which have their principal place of business in this state.

-1733/2.7 Section 88. 16.75 (8) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

16.75 (8) (a) 1. The department, any other designated purchasing agent under s. 16.71 (1), any agency making purchases under s. 16.74 or 16.745 and each authority other than the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority shall, to the extent practicable, make purchasing selections using specifications developed under s. 16.72 (2) (e) to maximize the purchase of materials utilizing recycled materials and recovered materials.

-1733/2.8 Section 89. 16.75 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.75 (9) The department, any other designated purchasing agent under s. 16.71 (1), any agency making purchases under s. 16.74 or 16.745 and any authority other than the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority shall, to the extent practicable, make purchasing selections using specifications prepared under s. 16.72 (2) (f).

-0362/2.1 Section 90. 16.752 (12) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.752 (12) (a) Except as provided in pars. (c), (d), (h) and, (i) and (j) and as
authorized under sub. (13), agencies shall obtain materials, supplies, equipment and
services on the list maintained by the board under sub. (2) (g).

-0362/2.2 Section 91. 16.752 (12) (j) of the statutes is created to read:

16.752 (12) (j) The secretary may, upon request of an agency, waive compliance with par. (a) with respect to any purchase to be made by or for that agency if the secretary determines that compliance with par. (a) would contravene competitive requirements under federal law or regulations applicable to that purchase.

-1733/2.9 Section 92. 16.76 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.76 (1) All contracts for materials, supplies, equipment or contractual services to be provided to any agency shall run to the state of Wisconsin. Such contracts shall be signed by the secretary or an individual authorized by the secretary, except that contracts entered into by the investment board shall be signed by an individual authorized by the board and contracts entered into directly by the legislature, the courts or a legislative service or judicial branch agency shall be signed by an individual authorized under s. 16.74 (2) (b).

-1495/4.1 Section 93. 16.76 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.76 (4) (a) In this subsection, "master lease" means an agreement entered into by the department on behalf of one or more agencies for the lease of goods or the provision of to obtain property or services under which the department makes or agrees to make periodic payments.

(ag) The department may act on behalf of one or more agencies or municipalities. The department may pay or agree to pay to the lessor under a master lease a sum substantially equivalent to or in excess of the aggregate value of goods involved property or services obtained and it may be agreed that the department or

one or more agencies <u>or municipalities</u> will become, or for no other or nominal consideration has the option to become, the owner of goods leased or to be leased <u>property obtained or to be obtained under a master lease</u> upon full compliance with the <u>its</u> terms of the agreement.

-1495/4.2 Section 94. 16.76 (4) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:

16.76 (4) (ar) Any master lease entered into by the department on behalf of a municipality under this subsection may be used only to obtain property or services related to public safety functions of the municipality. The department shall enter into an instalment sales contract with a municipality with respect to any property or services obtained by the municipality under a master lease. The municipality shall issue a general obligation promissory note to the department as security for any such property or services obtained or to be obtained.

-1495/4.3 Section 95. 16.76 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.76 (4) (b) The Except as provided in par. (h), the department may enter into a master lease whenever the department determines that it is advantageous to the state to do so. If the master lease provides for payments to be made by the state from moneys that have not been appropriated at the time that the master lease is entered into, the master lease shall contain the statement required under s. 16.75 (3).

-1495/4.4 SECTION 96. 16.76 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.76 (4) (c) Payments under a master lease may include interest payable at a fixed or variable rate as the master lease may provide. The department may enter into agreements and ancillary arrangements which the department determines to be necessary to facilitate the use of a master lease, including liquidity facilities, remarketing or dealer agreements, letter of credit agreements, insurance policies,

interest rate	guaranty	agreements,	-reimbursement	agreements	and	-indexing
agreements.						

-1495/4.5 Section 97. 16.76 (4) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.76 (4) (e) The department may grant the lessor a perfected security interest in goods leased property obtained or to be leased obtained under each a master lease. The department shall record and preserve evidence of the security interest in its offices at all times during which the master lease is in effect.

-1495/4.6 Section 98. 16.76 (4) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

master lease. Each fiscal agent shall be an incorporated bank or trust company authorized by the laws of the United States or of the state in which it is located to do business as a banking or trust company. Sections 16.705 and 16.75 do not apply to contracts for fiscal agent services. The department shall periodically require competitive proposals, under procedures established by the department, for fiscal agent services under this paragraph. There may be deposited with a fiscal agent, in a special account for such purpose only, a sum estimated to be sufficient to enable the fiscal agent to make all payments which will come due under the master lease not more than 15 days after the date of deposit. The department may make such other provisions respecting fiscal agents as it considers necessary or useful and may enter into a contract with any fiscal agent containing such terms, including compensation, and conditions in regard to the fiscal agent as it considers necessary or useful.

-1495/4.7 Section 99. 16.76 (4) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

16.76 (4) (g) Sections 16.705 and 16.75 do not apply to agreements or ancillary agreements under par. (c) or contracts for fiscal agent services under par. (f).

-1495/4.8 Section 100. 16.76 (4) (h) of the statutes is created to read:

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16.76 (4) (h) A master lease may not be used to obtain a facility for use or
occupancy by the state or an agency or instrumentality of the state or to obtain an
internal improvement.

-1495/4.9 Section 101. 16.76 (4) (i) of the statutes is created to read:

16.76 (4) (i) A master lease may not provide that the right of the department or any other agency to obtain property or services under the lease depends on payments to be made by a municipality for property or services obtained by the municipality under the lease unless the obligation of the municipality to make those payments constitutes a general obligation.

-1495/4.10 Section 102. 16.76 (4) (j) of the statutes is created to read:

16.76 (4) (j) If a master lease is used to finance payments to be made under an energy conservation construction project as provided in s. 16.858 (2), payments under the lease may not be conditioned upon any payment required to be made by the contractor pursuant to an energy conservation audit.

-1733/2.10 Section 103. 16.77 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

orders or contracts issued by the secretary or the secretary's designated agents, and no bill or statement for supplies, materials, equipment or contractual services purchased for and delivered to any agency may be paid until the bill or statement is approved through a preaudit or postaudit process determined by the secretary. This subsection does not apply to purchases made by the investment board or to purchases made directly by the courts, the legislature or a legislative service or judicial branch agency under s. 16.74.

-1733/2.11 Section 104. 16.78 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.78 (1) Every agency other than the board of regents of the university of Wisconsin system or an agency making purchases under s. 16.74 or 16.745 shall purchase all computer services from the division of information technology services in the department of administration, unless the division grants written authorization to the agency to procure the services under s. 16.75 (1), to purchase the services from another agency or to provide the services to itself. The board of regents of the university of Wisconsin system may purchase computer services from the division of information technology services.

-1781/3.3 Section 105. 16.84 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.84 (14) Provide interagency mail delivery service for agencies, as defined in s. 16.70 (1). The department may charge agencies for this service. Any moneys collected shall be credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.505 (1) (kd) (ka).

-1495/4.11 SECTION 106. 16.858 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 16.858 (2) (a) and amended to read:

16.858 (2) (a) Any A contract under sub. (1) shall require may provide for the construction work to be financed by the state or by the contractor to undertake the construction work at its own expense. The contract shall provide for the state to pay a maximum stated amount, which shall include any financing costs incurred by the contractor. The maximum stated amount may not exceed the minimum savings determined under the audit to be realized by the state within the period specified in the audit. The state shall make payments under the contract as the savings identified in the audit are realized by the state, in the amounts actually realized, but not to exceed the lesser of the maximum stated amount or the actual amount of the savings realized by the state within the period specified in the audit. If the department provides financing for construction work, the department may finance

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any portion of the cost of the work under a master lease entered into as provided under s. 16.76 (4). If the department provides financing for the construction work and the stated amount to be paid by the state under the contract is greater than the amount of the savings realized by the state within the period specified in the audit under sub. (1), the contract shall require the contractor to remit the difference to the department.

(b) The department shall charge the cost of the payments made by the state to the contractor to the applicable appropriation for fuel and utility costs at the building, structure or facility where the work is performed in the amounts equivalent to the savings that accrue to the state under that appropriation from expenditures not made as a result of the construction work, as determined by the department in accordance with the contract. The department may also charge its costs for negotiation and, administration and financing of the contract to the same appropriation.

-1495/4.12 Section 107. 16.858 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.858 (4) No later than January 1 of each year, the secretary shall report to the cochairpersons of the joint committee on finance identifying any construction work for which the department has contracted under this section for which the state has not made its final payment has not been made as of the date of the preceding report, together with the actual energy cost savings realized by the state as a result of the contract to date, or the estimated energy cost savings to be realized by the state if the total savings to be realized in the audit under sub. (1) have not yet been realized, and the date on which the state made its final payment under the contract or, if the final payment has not been made, the latest date on which the state is

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obligated to mak	e its fina	l payment	under	the	contract,	and	any	amount	that
remains payable	to the sta	te under th	e contra	act.					

-1306/3.1 Section 108. 16.952 of the statutes is created to read:

16.952 Planning grants to local governmental units. (1) In this section, "local governmental unit" means a county, city, village, town or regional planning commission.

- (2) From the appropriation under s. 20.505 (1) (z), the department may provide grants to local governmental units to be used to finance the cost of planning activities, including contracting for planning consultant services, public planning sessions and other planning outreach and educational activities, or for the purchase of computerized planning data, planning software or the hardware required to utilize that data or software. The department shall require any local governmental unit that receives a grant under this section to finance at least 20% of the cost of the product or service to be funded by the grant from the resources of the local governmental unit. Prior to awarding a grant under this section, the department shall forward a detailed statement of the proposed expenditures to be made under the grant to the secretary of transportation and obtain his or her written approval of the proposed expenditures.
 - *-1623/1.1* Section 109. 16.956 of the statutes is repealed.
 - *-1413/3.1* Section 110. 16.964 (6) of the statutes is created to read:
- 16.964 (6) (a) In this subsection, "tribe" means a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state.
- (b) From the appropriation under s. 20.505 (6) (ks), the office shall provide grants to tribes to fund tribal law enforcement operations. To be eligible for a grant under this subsection, a tribe must submit an application for a grant to the office that

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1	includes a proposed plan for expenditure of the grant moneys. The office shall review
2	any application and plan submitted to determine whether that application and plan
3	meet the criteria established under par. (b). The office shall review the use of grant
4	money provided under this subsection to ensure that the money is used according to
5	the approved plan.
6	(c) The office shall develop criteria and procedures for use in administering this
7	subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.10 (1), the criteria need not be promulgated as
8	rules under ch. 227.
9	*-1254/5.1* Section 111. 16.966 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	16.966 (3) The department shall develop and maintain a computer-based
11	Wisconsin land information system and may develop and maintain other geographic
12	information systems relating to land in this state for the use of governmental and
13	nongovernmental units. In conjunction with the land information system, the
14	department may conduct soil surveys and soil mapping activities.
15	*-1254/5.2* SECTION 112. 16.966 (5) and (6) of the statutes are created to read:
16	16.966 (5) The department may assess any state agency for any amount that
17	it determines to be required to conduct soil surveys and soil mapping activities. For

16.966 (5) The department may assess any state agency for any amount that it determines to be required to conduct soil surveys and soil mapping activities. For this purpose, the department may assess state agencies on a premium basis and pay costs incurred on an actual basis. The department shall credit all moneys received from state agencies under this subsection to the appropriation account under s.

21 20.505 (1) (kt).

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(6) The department may contract with the board of commissioners of public lands to perform soil surveys and soil mapping activities on lands under the jurisdiction of that board.

-1254/5.3 Section 113. 16.967(3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.967 (3) BOARD DUTIES. (intro.) The Except as otherwise provided in s. 16.966
(3), the board shall direct and supervise the land information program and serve as
the state clearinghouse for access to land information. In addition, the board shall:
* 1954/5 4* Section 114 16 967 (5) of the statutes is renealed

-1265/7.1 Section 115. 16.971 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.971 (9) In conjunction with the public defender board, the director of state courts, the departments of corrections and justice and district attorneys, the division may maintain, promote and coordinate automated justice information systems that are compatible among counties and the officers and agencies specified in this subsection, using the moneys appropriated under s. 20.505 (1) (ja) and, (kp) and (kq). The division shall annually report to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2) concerning the division's efforts to improve and increase the efficiency of integration of justice information systems.

-0250/4.1 Section 116. 16.974 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

16.974 (7) (a) Subject to s. 196.218 (4r) (f), coordinate Coordinate with the technology for educational achievement in Wisconsin board to provide school districts, and cooperative educational service agencies and technical college districts with telecommunications access under s. 196.218 (4r) 44.73 and contract with telecommunications providers to provide such access.

(b) Coordinate Subject to s. 44.73 (5), coordinate with the technology for educational achievement in Wisconsin board to provide private colleges and, technical college districts, public library boards and public library systems with telecommunications access under s. 196.218 (4r) 44.73 and contract with telecommunications providers to provide such access.

any appointed member of a family care district board, the appointing authority shall

1	appoint to serve for the residue of the unexpired term a person who meets the
2	applicable requirements under s. 46.2895 (3) (b).
3	*-1432/7.1* Section 122. 18.51 of the statutes is amended to read:
4	18.51 Provisions applicable. The following sections apply to this
5	subchapter, except that all references to "public debt" or "debt" are deemed shall be
6	read to refer to a "revenue obligation" and all references to "evidences of
7	indebtedness" shall be read to refer to "evidences of revenue obligations": ss. 18.02,
8	18.03, 18.06 (8), 18.07, 18.10 (1), (2), (4) to (9) and (11) and 18.17.
9	*-1432/7.2* Section 123. 18.52 (2m) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:
10	18.52 (2m) (intro.) "Enterprise obligation" means every undertaking by the
11	state to repay a certain amount of borrowed money that is all of the following:
12	*-1432/7.3* Section 124. 18.52 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52
13	(5) and amended to read:
14	18.52 (5) "Revenue obligation" means every undertaking by the state to repay
15	a certain amount of borrowed money which is: an enterprise obligation or a special
16	fund obligation. A revenue obligation may be both an enterprise obligation and a
17	special fund obligation.
18	* $-1432/7.4$ * Section 125. 18.52(5)(a) of the statutes is renumbered 18.52(2m)
19	(a) and amended to read:
20	18.52 (2m) (a) Created for the purpose of purchasing, acquiring, leasing,
21	constructing, extending, expanding, adding to, improving, conducting, controlling,
22	operating or managing a revenue-producing enterprise or program;
23	*-1432/7.5* Section 126. $18.52(5)(b)$ of the statutes is renumbered $18.52(2m)$
24	(b) and amended to read:

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1	18.52 (2m) (b) Payable solely from and secured solely by the property or income
2	or both of the enterprise or program; and.
3	*-1432/7.6* Section 127. $18.52(5)(c)$ of the statutes is renumbered $18.52(2m)$
4	(c).
5	*-1432/7.7* Section 128. 18.52 (7) of the statutes is created to read:
6	18.52 (7) "Special fund obligation" means every undertaking by the state to
7	repay a certain amount of borrowed money which is all of the following:
8	(a) Payable from a special fund consisting of fees, penalties or excise taxes.
9	(b) Not public debt under s. 18.01 (4).
10	*-1432/7.8* Section 129. 18.52 (8) of the statutes is created to read:
11	18.52 (8) "Special fund program" means a state program or purpose with
12	respect to which the legislature has determined that financing with special fund
13	obligations is appropriate and will serve a public purpose.
14	*-1432/7.9* Section 130. 18.53 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 18.53 (3)
15	(intro.) and amended to read:
16	18.53 (3) (intro.) The commission shall authorize money to be borrowed and
17	evidences of revenue obligation to be issued therefor up to the amounts specified by
18	the legislature to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, extend, expand, add to,
19	improve, conduct, control, operate or manage such revenue-producing enterprises
20	or programs as are specified by the legislature as the funds are required. The
21	requirements for funds shall be established by the state department or agency head
22	carrying out program responsibilities for which the revenue obligations have been
23	authorized by the legislature., but shall not exceed the following:
24	*-1432/7.10* Section 131. 18.53 (3) (a) and (b) of the statutes are created to
25	read:

18.53 (3) (a) In the case of enterprise obligations, the amounts specified by the
legislature to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, extend, expand, add to, improve,
conduct, control, operate or manage such revenue-producing enterprises or
programs as are specified by the legislature.
(b) In the case of special fund obligations, the amount specified by the
legislature for such expenditures to be paid from special fund obligations.
-1432/7.11 SECTION 132. 18.56 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 18.56 and
amended to read:
18.56 Revenue bonds obligations. The commission may authorize, for any
of the purposes described in s. 18.53 (3), the issuance of revenue-obligation bonds
revenue obligations. The bonds revenue obligations shall mature at any time not
exceeding 50 years from the date thereof as the commission shall determine. The
bonds revenue obligations shall be payable only out of the redemption fund provided
under sub. s. 18.561 (5) or 18.562 (3) and each bond revenue obligation shall contain
on its face a statement to that effect. Any such bonds A revenue obligation may
contain a provision authorizing redemption, in whole or in part, at stipulated prices
at the option of the commission and shall provide the method of redeeming the bonds
The state and a contracting party may provide in any contract for purchasing or
acquiring a revenue-producing enterprise or program, that payment shall be made
in such bonds revenue obligations.
-1432/7.12 Section 133. 18.56 (2) to (6) of the statutes are renumbered
18.561 (2) to (6) and amended to read:

18.561 (2) Security interests of owners of enterprise obligations. There

shall be is a mortgage lien upon or security interest in the income and property of

each revenue-producing enterprise or program to for the benefit of the holders

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SECTION 133

owners of the related bonds and to the holders of the coupons of the bonds. The note or other instrument evidencing the security interest of a bondholder in a loan made or purchased with revenue obligation bonds shall constitute a statutory lien on the revenue enterprise obligations. No physical delivery, recordation or other action is required to perfect the security interest. The income and property of the revenue-producing enterprise or program shall remain subject to the lien until provision for payment in full of the principal and interest of the bonds enterprise obligations has been made, as provided in the authorizing resolution. Any holder owner of such bonds or attached coupons enterprise obligations may either at law or in equity protect and enforce the lien and compel performance of all duties required by this section. If there is any default in the payment of the principal or interest of any of such bonds enterprise obligations, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer the revenue-producing enterprise or program on behalf of the state and the bondholders owners of the enterprise obligations, with power to charge and collect rates sufficient to provide for the payment of the operating expenses and also to pay any bonds or enterprise obligations outstanding against the revenue-producing enterprise or program, and to apply the income and revenues thereof in conformity with this subchapter and the authorizing resolution, or the court may declare the whole amount of the bonds enterprise obligations due and payable, if such relief is requested, and may order and direct the sale of the revenue-producing enterprise or program. Under any sale so ordered, the purchaser shall be vested with an indeterminate permit to maintain and operate the revenue-producing enterprise or program. The legislature may provide for additions, extensions and improvements to a revenue-producing enterprise or program to be financed by additional issues of bonds enterprise obligations as

provided by this section. Such additional issues of bonds enterprise obligations shall be subordinate to all prior related issues of bonds enterprise obligations which may have been made under this section, unless the legislature, in the statute authorizing the initial issue of bonds enterprise obligations, permits the issue of additional bonds enterprise obligations on a parity therewith.

- (3) <u>Dedication of Revenues.</u> As accurately as possible in advance, the commission and the state department or agency carrying out program responsibilities for which bends enterprise obligations are to be issued shall determine, and the commission shall fix in the authorizing resolution for such bends enterprise obligations: the proportion of the revenues of the revenue-producing enterprise or program which shall be necessary for the reasonable and proper operation and maintenance thereof; the proportion of the revenues which shall be set aside as a proper and adequate replacement and reserve fund; and the proportion of the revenues which shall be set aside and applied to the payment of the principal and interest of the bends enterprise obligations, and shall provide that the revenues be set aside in separate funds. At any time after one year's operation, the state department or agency and the commission may recompute the proportion of the revenues which shall be assignable under this subsection based upon the experience of operation or upon the basis of further financing.
- (4) Replacement and reserve fund shall be available and shall be used, whenever necessary, to restore any deficiency in the redemption fund for the payment of the principal and interest due on bends enterprise obligations and for the creation and maintenance of any reserves established by the authorizing resolution to secure such payments. At any time when the redemption fund is sufficient for said purposes,

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moneys in the replacement and reserve fund may, subject to available appropriations, be expended either in the revenue-producing enterprise or program or in new acquisitions, constructions, extensions or additions, expansions or improvements. Any accumulations of the replacement and reserve fund may be invested as provided in this subchapter, and if invested, the income from the investment shall be carried in the replacement and reserve fund.

- (5) REDEMPTION FUND. The proportion which shall be set aside for the payment of the principal and interest of such bonds on the enterprise obligations shall from month to month as they accrue and are received, be set apart and paid into a separate fund in the treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee under sub. (9) (j) to be identified as "the ... redemption fund". Each redemption fund shall be expended, and all moneys from time to time on hand therein are irrevocably appropriated, in sums sufficient, only for the payment of principal and interest on the revenue enterprise obligations giving rise to it and premium, if any, due upon refunding redemption of any such obligations. Moneys in the redemption funds may be commingled only for the purpose of investment with other public funds, but they shall be invested only in investment instruments permitted in s. 25.17 (3) (dr). All such investments shall be the exclusive property of the fund and all earnings on or income from such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- (6) <u>REDEMPTION FUND SURPLUS.</u> If any surplus is accumulated in any of the redemption funds, subject to any contract rights vested in <u>holders owners</u> of <u>revenue</u> enterprise obligations secured thereby, it shall be paid over to the treasury.

-1432/7.13 SECTION 134. 18.56 (7) and (8) of the statutes are renumbered 18.561 (7) and (8).

-1432/7.14 Section 135.	18.56 (9) (ir	ntro.) of the	statutes is	renumbered
18.561 (9) (intro.) and amended to	read:			

18.561 (9) <u>Authorizing resolution</u>. (intro.) The commission may provide in the authorizing resolution for bends enterprise obligations or by subsequent action all things necessary to carry into effect this section. Any authorizing resolution shall constitute a contract with the <u>holder owners</u> of any <u>bends enterprise obligations</u> issued pursuant to <u>such the</u> resolution. Any authorizing resolution may contain such provisions or covenants, without limiting the generality of the power to adopt the resolution, as is <u>are</u> deemed necessary or desirable for the security of <u>bendholders</u> the owners of enterprise obligations or the marketability of the <u>bends enterprise</u> obligations, including <u>but not limited to provisions</u> as to:

-1432/7.15 Section 136. 18.56 (9) (a) to (j) of the statutes are renumbered 18.561 (9) (a) to (j).

-1432/7.16 Section 137. 18.56 (10) of the statutes is renumbered 18.561 (10) and amended to read:

enterprise obligations the par value of which are equal to the principal amount of any secured obligation or charge subject to which a revenue—producing enterprise or program is to be purchased or acquired, and shall set aside in a sinking fund from the income of the revenue—producing enterprise or program, a sum sufficient to comply with the requirements of the instrument creating the security, or if interest. If the instrument does not make any provision therefor for a sinking fund, the resolution shall fix and determine the amount which that shall be set aside into such the sinking fund from month to month for interest on the secured obligation or charge, and a fixed amount or proportion not exceeding a stated sum, which shall be

not less than one percent of the principal, to be set aside into the fund to pay the
principal of the secured obligation or charge. Any balance in the fund after satisfying
the secured obligations or charge, shall be transferred to the redemption fund. Bonds
Enterprise obligations set aside for the secured obligation or charge may, from time
to time, be issued to an amount sufficient with the amount then in the sinking fund,
to pay and retire the secured obligation or charge or any portion thereof. The bonds
enterprise obligation may be issued in exchange for or satisfaction of the secured
obligation or charge, or may be sold in the manner provided in this subchapter, and
the proceeds applied in payment of the same at maturity or before maturity by
agreement with the holder owner of the secured obligation or charge. The
commission and the owners of any revenue-producing enterprise or program
acquired or purchased may, upon such terms and conditions as are satisfactory,
contract that bonds enterprise obligations to provide for the discharge of the secured
obligation or charge, or for the whole purchase price shall be deposited with a trustee
or depository and released from the deposit from time to time on such terms and
conditions as are necessary to secure the payment of the secured obligation or charge.
-1432/7.17 Section 138. 18.561 (title) of the statutes is created to read:

18.561 (title) Enterprise obligations.

-1432/7.18 Section 139. 18.561 (1) of the statutes is created to read:

18.561 (1) Payment with revenue obligations. The state and a contracting party may provide, in any contract for purchasing or acquiring a revenue-producing enterprise or program, that payment shall be made in revenue obligations.

-1432/7.19 Section 140. 18.561 (7) (title) of the statutes is created to read: 18.561 (7) (title) Payment for services.

-1432/7.20 Section 141. 18.561 (8) (title) of the statutes is created to read:

1	18.561	(8)	(title)	RATES	FOR	SERVICES
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- 2 *-1432/7.21* SECTION 142. 18.561 (9) (k) of the statutes is created to read:
- 3 18.561 (9) (k) Defeasance of the obligations.
 - *-1432/7.22* Section 143. 18.562 of the statutes is created to read:
 - 18.562 Special fund obligations. (1) Security interest in special fund obligations, in the amounts that arise after the creation of the special fund program in the special fund related to the special fund obligations. For this purpose, amounts in the special fund shall be accounted for on a first—in, first—out basis. No physical delivery, recordation or other action is required to perfect the security interest. The special fund shall remain subject to the security interest until provision for payment in full of the principal and interest of the special fund obligations has been made, as provided in the authorizing resolution. An owner of special fund obligations may either at law or in equity protect and enforce the security interest and compel performance of all duties required by this section.
 - (2) USE OF SPECIAL FUND MONEYS. The commission and the state agency carrying out the special fund program responsibilities shall jointly determine, and the commission shall fix in the authorizing resolution for the obligations, the conditions under which money in the special fund shall be set aside and applied to the payment of the principal and interest of the obligations, deposited in funds established under the authorizing resolution or made available for other purposes.
 - (3) REDEMPTION FUND. The special fund revenues that are to be set aside for the payment of the principal and interest of the special fund obligations shall be paid into a separate fund in the treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee under sub.

 (5) (e) to be identified as "the ... redemption fund". Each redemption fund shall be

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expended, and all moneys from time to time on hand therein are irrevocably appropriated, in sums sufficient, only for the payment of principal and interest on the special fund obligations giving rise to it and premium, if any, due upon redemption of any such obligations. Moneys in the redemption funds may be commingled only for the purpose of investment with other public funds, but they shall be invested only in investment instruments permitted in s. 25.17 (3) (dr). All such investments shall be the exclusive property of the fund and all earnings on or income from such investments shall be credited to the fund.

- (4) SURPLUS. If any surplus is accumulated in any of the redemption funds, subject to contract rights vested in the owners of special fund obligations security thereby, it shall be paid over to the treasury.
- (5) AUTHORIZING RESOLUTION. The commission may provide in the authorizing resolution for special fund obligations or by subsequent action all things necessary to carry into effect this section. Any authorizing resolution shall constitute a contract with the owners of any special fund obligations issued pursuant to the resolution. An authorizing resolution may contain such provisions or covenants, without limiting the generality of the power to adopt the resolution, as are deemed necessary or desirable for the security of owners of the obligations or the marketability of the obligations, including provisions as to:
 - (a) Employment of consultants.
 - (b) Records and accounts.
 - (c) Establishment of reserve or other funds.
 - (d) Issuance of additional obligations.
- (e) Deposit of the proceeds of the sale of the obligations or revenues of the special fund in trust, including the appointment of depositories or trustees.

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-1432/7.23 SECTION 144. 18.57 (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

18.57 (title) Funds established for revenue obligations.

-1432/7.24 Section 145. 18.57 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

18.57 (1) A separate and distinct fund shall be established in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee under s. 18.56 18.561 (9) (j) with respect to each revenue—producing enterprise or program the income from which is to be applied to the payment of any revenue enterprise obligation. A separate and distinct fund shall be established in the state treasury or in an account maintained by a trustee under s. 18.562 (5) (e) with respect to any special fund that is created by the imposition of fees, penalties or excise taxes and is applied to the payment of special fund obligations. All moneys resulting from the issuance of evidences of revenue obligation shall be credited to the appropriate fund or applied for refunding or note renewal purposes, except that moneys which represent premium or accrued interest received on the issuance of evidences shall be credited to the appropriate redemption fund.

-1432/7.25 Section 146. 18.57 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 18.57 (4) (intro.) and amended to read:

18.57 (4) (intro.) If, after all outstanding related revenue obligations have been paid or payment provided for, moneys remain in any such a fund, they created under sub. (1), all of the following shall occur:

(a) If the fund created under sub. (1) is in an account maintained by a trustee under s. 18.561 (9) (j) or 18.562 (5) (e), the moneys shall be paid over to the treasury and the.

(b) The fund created under sub. (1) shall be closed.

-1432/7.26 Section 147. 18.58 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

18.58 (1) Management of funds and records. All funds established under this subchapter which are deposited in the state treasury shall be managed as provided by law for other state funds, subject to any contract rights vested in holders owners of evidences of revenue obligation secured by such fund. The department of administration shall maintain full and correct records of each fund. The legislative audit bureau shall audit each fund as of January 1 of each year reconciling all transactions and showing the fair market value of all property on hand. All records and audits shall be public documents. All funds established under this subchapter which are deposited with a trustee under s. 18.56 18.561 (9) (j) or 18.562 (5) (e) shall be managed in accordance with resolutions authorizing the issuance of revenue obligations, agreements between the commission and the trustee and any contract rights vested in holders of evidence owners of revenue obligations secured by such fund.

-1432/7.27 SECTION 148. 18.60 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

18.60 (1) The commission may authorize, for any one or more of the purposes described in s. 18.53 (1), the issuance of revenue—obligation refunding bonds. Refunding bonds may be issued, subject to any contract rights vested in holders owners of bonds or notes being refinanced, to refinance more than one issue of bonds or notes notwithstanding that the bonds or notes may have been issued at different times for different purposes and may be secured by the property or income of more than one enterprise or program or may be public debt or building—corporation indebtedness. The principal amount of refunding bonds shall not exceed the sum of: the principal amount of the bonds or notes being refinanced; applicable redemption

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premiums; unpaid interest on the bonds or notes to the date of delivery or exchange of the refunding bonds; in the event the proceeds are to be deposited in trust as provided in sub. (3), interest to accrue on the bonds or notes from the date of delivery to the date of maturity or to the redemption date selected by the commission, whichever is earlier; and the expenses incurred in the issuance of the refunding bonds and the payment of the bonds or notes. A determination by the commission that a refinancing is advantageous or that any of the amounts provided in the preceding sentence should be included in the refinancing shall be conclusive.

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-1432/7.28 Section 149. 18.60 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

18.60 (2) If the commission determines to exchange refunding bonds, they may be exchanged privately for and in payment and discharge of any of the outstanding bonds or notes being refinanced. Refunding bonds may be exchanged for a like or greater principal amount of the bonds or notes being exchanged therefor except that the principal amount of the refunding bonds may exceed the principal amount of the bonds or notes being exchanged therefor only to the extent determined by the commission to be necessary or advisable to pay redemption premiums and unpaid interest to the date of exchange not otherwise provided for. The holders owners of the bonds or notes being refunded who elect to exchange need not pay accrued interest on the refunding bonds if and to the extent that interest is accrued and unpaid on the bonds or notes being refunded and to be surrendered. If any of the bonds or notes to be refinanced are to be called for redemption, the commission shall determine which redemption dates shall be used, if more than one date is applicable and shall, prior to the issuance of the refunding bonds, provide for notice of redemption to be given in the manner and at the times required by the proceedings authorizing the outstanding bonds or notes.