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66.1303 (1) A development plan shall contain such information as the planning commission shall, by rule or regulation require requires, including all of the following:

- (a) A metes and bounds description of the development area;
- (b) A statement of the real property in the development area fee title to which the city proposes to acquire and a statement of the interests to be acquired in any other real property by the city;
- (c) A statement of the various stages, if more than one is intended, by which the development is proposed to be constructed or undertaken, and the time limit for the completion of each stage, together with a metes and bounds description of the real property to be included in each stage;.
- (d) A statement of the existing buildings or improvements in the development area, to be demolished immediately, if any;
- (e) A statement of the existing buildings or improvements, in the development area not to be demolished immediately, if any, and the approximate period of time during which the demolition, if any, of each such building or improvement is to take place;
- (f) A statement of the proposed improvements, if any, to each building not to be demolished immediately, any proposed repairs or alterations to such the building, and the approximate period of time during which such improvements, repairs or alterations are to be made;
- (g) A statement of the type, number and character of each new industrial, commercial, residential or other building or improvement to be erected or made; and a statement of the maximum limitations upon the bulk of such buildings or improvements to be permitted at various stages of the development plan;

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1	(h) A statement of those portions, if any, of the development area which may
2	be permitted or will be required to be left as open space, the use to which each such
3	open space is to be put, the period of time each such open space will be required to
4	remain an open space and the manner in which it will be improved and maintained,
5	if at all; .
6	(i) A statement of the proposed changes, if any, in zoning ordinances or maps,
7	necessary or desirable for the development and its protection against blighting
8	influences <u>;</u> .
9	(j) A statement of the proposed changes, if any, in streets or street levels and
10	any of proposed street closings;
11	(k) A statement of the character of the existing dwelling accommodations, if
12	any, in the development area, the approximate number of families residing therein
13	in the development area, together with a schedule of the rentals being paid by them,
14	and a schedule of the vacancies in such the accommodations, together with the rental
15	demanded therefor; for the vacant accommodations.
16	(L) A statement of the character, approximate number of units, approximate
17	rentals and approximate date of availability of the proposed dwelling
18	accommodations, if any, to be furnished during construction and upon completion of
19	the development;
20	(m) A statement of the proposed method of financing the development, in
21	sufficient detail to evidence the probability that the redevelopment corporation will
22	be able to finance or arrange to finance the development;
23	(n) A statement of persons who it is proposed will be active in or associated with
24	the management of the redevelopment corporation during a period of at least one

year from the date of the approval of the development plan.

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1	(o) The development plan, and any application to the planning commission or
2	local governing body for approval thereof, may contain in addition such other Other
(3)	statements or material as may be deemed relevant by the proposer thereof applicant,
4	including suggestions for the clearance, replanning, reconstruction or rehabilitation
5	of one or more areas which may be larger than the development area but which
6	include it, and any other provisions for the redevelopment of such area or areas.
7	(2) No development shall may be actually initiated until the adoption of a
8	resolution of approval of the development plan therefor by both the planning
9	commission and the local governing body.
10	(3) (intro.) The planning commission may approve a development plan after a
11	public hearing, and shall determine all of the following:
12	(a) That the area within which the development area is included is substandard
13	or insanitary and that the redevelopment of the development area in accordance with
14	the development plan is necessary or advisable to effectuate the public purposes
15	declared in s. 66.405 66.1301 (2); if the area is comprised of vacant land it shall be
16	established that such the vacant land impairs the economic value of surrounding
17	areas in accordance with the general purposes expressed in s. 66.405 66.1301 (2);
18	(b) That the development plan is in accord with the master plan, if any, of the
19	city;
20	(c) That the development area is not less than 100,000 square feet in area
21	except that it may be smaller in area when undertaken in connection with a public
22	improvement, but in any event if it is of sufficient size to allow its redevelopment in
23	an efficient and economically satisfactory manner and to contribute substantially to

the improvement of the area in which the development is located; but whenever. If

the local governing body makes a finding to the effect that an area is in urgent need

of development, and that such development will contribute to the progress and expansion of an area whose economic growth is vital to the community, then in such instance the development area shall may not be less than 25,000 square feet subject to the requirements of par. (d);

- (d) That the various stages, if any, by which the development is proposed to be constructed or undertaken, as stated in the development plan, are practicable and in the public interest and where the area to be developed consists either of vacant land or of substandard or insanitary buildings or structures as provided in s. 66.405 66.1301 (3) (a), and such the area is less than 100,000 square feet but more than 25,000 square feet as provided in par. (c) then the new structures to be constructed on such the vacant land shall may not be less than 1,000,000 cubic feet in area;
- (e) That the public facilities, based on whether the development be a is residential, industrial or commercial one, are presently adequate or will be adequate at the time that the development is ready for use to serve the development area;
- (f) That the proposed changes, if any, in the city map, in zoning ordinances or maps and in streets and street levels, or any proposed street closings, are necessary or desirable for the development and its protection against blighting influences and for the city as a whole;
- (g) Upon data submitted by or on behalf of the redevelopment corporation, or upon data otherwise available to the planning commission, that there will be available for occupation by families, if any, then occupying dwelling accommodations in the development area legal accommodations at substantially similar rentals in the development area or elsewhere in a suitable location in the city, and that the carrying into effect of implementing the development plan will not cause undue hardship to such those families. The notice of the public hearing to be held by the planning

commission prior to \underline{its} approval \underline{by} it of the development plan shall contain separate
statements to the effect that before the development plan is approved, the planning
commission must make the determination required in this paragraph, and that if the
development plan is approved, real property in the development area is subject to
condemnation.

SECTION 374. 66.406 (3) (h) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1303 (3m) and amended to read:

66.1303 (3m) Any such A determination upon approval by the local governing body, shall be made under sub. (3) is conclusive evidence of the facts so determined except upon proof of fraud or wilful misfeasance. In arriving at such the determination, the planning commission shall consider only those elements of the development plan relevant to such the determination under pars. (a) to (g) sub. (3) and to the type of development which is physically desirable for the development area concerned from a city planning viewpoint, and from a neighborhood unit viewpoint, if the development plan provides that the development area is to be primarily residential.

SECTION 375. 66.406 (4) (intro.), (a) and (b) of the statutes are renumbered 66.1303 (4) (intro.), (a) and (b), and 66.1303 (4) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read:

66.1303 (4) (intro.) The local governing body, by a two-thirds vote of the members-elect thereof, may approve a development plan, but no resolution of approval shall may be adopted by it unless and until the planning commission shall has first have approved thereof the development plan and there has the plan and planning commission determination have been filed with the local governing body

1	the development plan, the determination by the planning commission, and unless
2	and until the local governing body shall determine determines all of the following:
3	SECTION 376. 66.406 (4) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1303 (4m) and
4	amended to read:
5	66.1303 (4m) Any such A determination shall be under sub. (4) is conclusive
6	evidence of the facts so determined except upon proof of fraud or wilful misfeasance.
7	In considering whether or not a resolution of approval of the development plan shall
8	will be adopted, the local governing body shall consider those elements of the
9	development plan relevant to such the determination under pars. (a) and (b) sub. (4).
10	SECTION 377. 66.406 (5) to (8) of the statutes are renumbered 66.1303 (5) to (8)
11	and amended to read:
12	66.1303 (5) The planning commission and the local governing body, by a
13	two-thirds vote of the members elect thereof, may approve an amendment or
14	amendments to a development plan, but no such amendment to a development plan
15	which has theretofore been approved by the planning commission and the local
16	governing body shall be approved unless and until if an application therefor for the
17	amendment has been filed with the planning commission by the redevelopment
18	corporation containing that part of the material required by sub. (1) which shall be
19	is relevant to the proposed amendment, and unless and until if the planning
20	commission and the local governing body shall make the determinations required by
21	sub. (3) or (4) which shall be are relevant to the proposed amendment.
22	(6) The planning commission and the local governing body may, for the
23	guidance of prospective proponents of development plans, fix general standards to
24	which a development plan shall conform. Variations from such the standards may
25	be allowed for the accomplishment of the purposes of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425

66.1329 Such The standards may contain provisions more	restrictive than those
imposed by applicable planning, zoning, sanitary and building	laws, ordinances and
regulations.	
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- (7) Local housing authorities organized under ss. 66.40 66.1201 to 66.404 66.1211, redevelopment authorities organized under s. 66.431 66.1333, and community development authorities organized under s. 66.4325 66.1335 may render such advisory services in connection with the preliminary surveys, studies and preparation of a development plan as may be requested by the city planning commission or the local governing body and charge fees for such advisory services based on the their actual cost thereof.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the local legislative body may designate, by ordinance or resolution, the local housing authority, the local redevelopment authority, or both jointly, or the local community development authority, to perform all acts, except the development of the general plan of the city, which are otherwise performed by the planning commission under ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329.

SECTION 378. 66.407 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1305, and 66.1305 (1) (intro.) and (a) to (h), as renumbered, are amended to read:

(1) (intro.) No redevelopment corporations; Hmitations; incubators (1)

- (a) Undertake any clearance, reconstruction, improvement, alteration or construction in connection with any development until the approvals required by s. 66.406 66.1303 have been made;
- (b) Change, alter, amend, add to or depart from Amend the development plan until the planning commission and the local governing body have approved that

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1	portion of such change, alteration, amendment, addition or departure the
2	amendment relevant to the determination required to be made by it as set forth in
3	s. 66.406; <u>66.1303.</u>
4	(c) After a development has been commenced, sell, transfer or assign any real
5	property in the development area without first obtaining the consent of the local
6	governing body, which consent. Consent may be withheld only if the sale, transfer
7	or assignment is made for the purpose of evading the provisions of ss. 66.405 ± 66.1301
8	to 66.425; <u>66.1329.</u>
9	(d) Pay as compensation for services to, or enter into contracts for the payment
10	of compensation for services to, its officers or employes in an amount greater than
11	the limit thereon contained in the development plan, or in if a default thereof of the
12	development plan occurs, then in an amount greater than the reasonable value of the
13	services performed or to be performed by such the officers or employes;.
14	(e) Lease an entire building or improvement in the development area to any
15	person or corporation without obtaining the approval of the local governing body
16	which may be withheld only if the lease is being made for the purpose of evading the
(17)	provisions of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.13295 •
18	(f) Mortgage any of its real property without obtaining the approval of the local
19	governing body;
20	(g) Make any guarantee without obtaining the approval of the local governing
21	body;
22	(h) Dissolve without obtaining the approval of the local governing body, which
23	may be given upon such conditions as said body may deem deemed necessary or

appropriate to the protection of the interest of the city in the proceeds of the sale of

the real property as to any property or work turned into the development by the city.

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SECTION 378

Such The approval is to shall be indorsed on the certificate of dissolution and such
the certificate is may not to be filed in the office of the secretary of state in the absence
of such the indorsement;
Section 379. 66.408 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1307 (title).

Section 380. 66.408(1), (2), (3) and (4) of the statutes are renumbered 66.1307plain (1), (2) (a), (3) and (4) and amended to read:

66.1307 (1) Application of other corporation Laws to redevelopment CORPORATIONS. The provisions of the general corporation law as presently in effect and as hereafter from time to time amended, shall apply to redevelopment corporations, except where such unless the provisions are in conflict with the provisions of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329.

- (2) (a) jednej Der wicht felt is pronce of stock bolds of income desenvilled No redevelopment corporation shall may issue stocks, bonds or income debentures, except for money or property actually received for the use and lawful purposes of the corporation or services actually performed for the corporation.
- (3) DETERMINATION OF DEVELOPMENT COST. (a) Upon the completion of a development a redevelopment corporation shall, or upon the completion of a principal part of a development a redevelopment corporation may, file with the planning commission an audited statement of the development cost thereof. Within a reasonable time after the filing of such the statement, the planning commission shall determine the development cost applicable to the development or such portion thereof of the development and shall issue to the redevelopment corporation a certificate stating the amount thereof as of the development cost so determined.
- (b) A redevelopment corporation maxiat any time, whether prior or subsequent to the undertaking of any contract or expense, apply to the planning commission for

	Jam Section 380
(1)	a ruling as to whether any particular item and amount of cost therein may be
2	included in development cost when finally determined by the planning commission,
3	and the amount thereof. The planning commission shall, within a reasonable time
4	after such the application, render a ruling thereon, and in the event that it shall be
5	if it is ruled that any item of cost may be included in development cost, the amount
6	thereof as so determined of the cost shall be so included in development cost when
7	finally determined.
8	(4) REGULATION OF REDEVELOPMENT CORPORATIONS. A redevelopment corporation
9	shall do all of the following:
10	(a) Furnish to the planning commission from time to time, as required by it, but
0	with respect to regular reports not more often than once every 6 months, such
12	financial information, statements, audited reports or other material as such the
$\widetilde{(13)}$	commission shall require requires, each of which shall conform to such standards of
14	accounting and financial procedure as the planning commission may by general
15	regulation prescribe <u>prescribes</u> .
16	(b) Establish and maintain such depreciation and other reserves, surplus and
17	other accounts as the planning commission reasonably requires.
18	SECTION 381. 66.41 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
19	SECTION 382. 66.41 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1307 (2) (b) and amended
20	to read:
21	66.1307 (2) (b) No \underline{A} redevelopment corporation shall may pay any interest on
22	its income debentures or dividends on its stock during any dividend year, unless
23	there shall exist, at the time of any such an intended payment, no a default exists

under any amortization requirements with respect to its indebtedness.

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SECTION 383. 66.411 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1329 and amended to read:

66.1329 Urban redevelopment; enforcement of duties. Whenever If a redevelopment corporation shall not have fails to substantially complied comply with the development plan within the time limits for the completion of each stage thereof as therein stated, reasonable delays caused by unforeseen difficulties excepted, or shall do, permit to be done or fail or omit to do anything contrary to or required of it, as the case may be, by ss. 66.405 to 66.425, or shall be about so to do, permit to be done or fail or omit to have done, as the case may be then any such fact violates or is about to violate ss. 66.1301 to 66.1329, the failure to comply or actual or possible violation may be certified by the planning commission to the city attorney of the city, who. The city attorney may thereupon commence a proceeding in the circuit court of the county in which the city is in whole or in part situated in the name of the city for the purpose of having such action, failure or omission, or threatened action, failure or omission, established by order of the court or stopped, prevented or etherwise rectified by mandamus, injunction or otherwise. Such proceeding shall be commenced by a petition to the circuit court alleging the violation complained of and praying for appropriate relief. It shall thereupon be the duty of the court to specify the time, not exceeding padays after service of a copy of the petition, within which the redevelopment corporation complained of must answer the petition seeking appropriate relief. The court, shall, immediately after a default in answering or after answers as the case may be, inquire into the facts and circumstances in such the manner as the court shall direct without other or formal proceedings, and without respect to any technical requirements. Such other persons or corporations as it shall seem to the The court may join as parties any other persons Alegory or tign Ait deems

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necessary or proper to join as parties in order to make its order or judgment effective
may be joined as parties. The final judgment or order in any such the action or
proceeding shall dismiss the action or proceeding or establish the failure complained
of or direct that a mandamus order, or an injunction, or both, issue, or grant such
other relief as the court may deem appropriate relief.
SECTION 384. 66.412 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1309 and amended to
read:
66.1309 Urban redevelopment; transfer of land. Notwithstanding any
requirement of law to the contrary or the absence of direct provision therefor for
transfer of land in the instrument under which a fiduciary is acting, every executor,
administrator, trustee, guardian or other person, holding trust funds or acting in a
fiduciary capacity, unless the instrument under which such the fiduciary is acting
expressly forbids, the state, its subdivisions, cities, all other public bodies, all public
officers, corporations organized under or subject to the provisions of the banking law,
the division of banking as conservator, liquidator or rehabilitator of any such person,
partnership or corporation, persons, partnerships and corporations organized under
or subject to the provisions of the banking law, the commissioner of insurance as
conservator, liquidator or rehabilitator of any such person, partnership or
corporation, any of which owns or holds any real property within a development area,
may grant do all of the following:
(1) Grant, sell, lease or otherwise transfer any such real property to a
redevelopment corporation, and receive.
(2) Receive and hold any cash, stocks, income debentures, mortgages, or other
securities or obligations, secured or unsecured, exchanged therefor for the transfer

by such the redevelopment corporation, and may execute such.

that are considered

SECTION 384

(3) Execute instruments and do such acts as may be deemed necessary or desirable by them or it and by the redevelopment corporation in connection with the development and the development plan.

SECTION 385. 66.413 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1311 and amended to read:

- 66.1311 Urban redevelopment; acquisition of land. (1) A redevelopment corporation may whether before or after the development plan has been approved, acquire real property or secure options in its own name or in the name of nominees to acquire real property, by gift, grant, lease, purchase or otherwise.
- (2) A city may, upon request by the <u>a</u> redevelopment corporation, acquire, or obligate itself to acquire, for such the redevelopment corporation any real property included in such <u>a</u> certificate of approval of condemnation, by gift, grant, lease, purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, according to the provisions of any appropriate general, special or local law applicable to the acquisition of real property by the city. Real property acquired by a city for a redevelopment corporation shall be conveyed by such the city to the redevelopment corporation upon payment to the city of all sums expended or required to be expended by the city in the acquisition of such the real property, or leased by such the city to such the redevelopment corporation, all upon such terms as may be agreed upon between the city and the redevelopment corporation to carry out the purposes of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329.
- (3) The provisions of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329 with respect to the condemnation of real property by a city for a redevelopment corporation shall prevail over the provisions of any other general, special or local law.

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SECTION 386. 66.414 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1313 and amended to read:

66.1313 Urban redevelopment; condemnation for. (1) Condemnation proceedings for a redevelopment corporation shall be initiated by a petition to the city to institute proceedings to acquire for the redevelopment corporation any real property in the development area. Such The petition shall be granted or rejected by the local governing body, and the resolution or resolutions granting such the petition shall contain a requirement require that the redevelopment corporation shall pay to the city all sums expended or required to be expended by the city in the acquisition of such the real property, or for any real property to be conveyed to the corporation by the city in connection with the plan, and the time of payment and manner of securing payment thereof, and may require that the city shall receive, before proceeding with the acquisition of such the real property, such assurances as to payment or reimbursement by the redevelopment corporation, or otherwise, as the city may deem deems advisable. Upon the passage of a resolution or resolutions by the local governing body granting the petition, the redevelopment corporation shall cause to be made make 3 copies of surveys or maps of the real property described in the petition, one of which shall be filed in the office of the redevelopment corporation, one in the office of the city attorney of the city, and one in the office in which instruments affecting real property in the county are recorded. The filing of such copies of surveys or maps shall constitute the constitutes acceptance by the redevelopment corporation of the terms and conditions contained in such the resolution or resolutions. The city may conduct any condemnation proceedings either under ch. 32 or at its option, under other laws applicable to such the city. When title to the real property shall have vested vests in the city, it shall convey or lease

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the same real property, with any other real property to be conveyed or leased to the redevelopment corporation by the city in connection with said the redevelopment plan, to the redevelopment corporation upon payment by the redevelopment corporation of the sums and the giving of the security required by the resolution granting the petition.

- (2) The following provisions shall apply to any proceedings for the assessment of compensation and damages for real property in a development area taken or to be taken by condemnation for a redevelopment corporation:
- (a) For the purpose of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329, the award of compensation shall may not be increased by reason of any increase in the value of the real property caused by the assembly, clearance or reconstruction, or proposed assembly, clearance or reconstruction for the purposes of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329, of the real property in the development area. No allowance shall may be made for improvements begun on real property after notice to the owner of such the property of the institution of the proceedings to condemn such the property.
- (b) Evidence shall be is admissible bearing upon relevant to the insanitary, unsafe or substandard condition of the premises, or the of their illegal use thereof, or the enhancement of rentals from such illegal use, and such the evidence may be considered in fixing the compensation to be paid, notwithstanding that no steps to remedy or abate such the conditions have been taken by the department or officers having jurisdiction. If a violation order is on file against the premises in any such the department, it shall constitute constitutes prima facie evidence of the existence of the condition specified in such the order.
- (c) If any of the real property in the development area which is to be acquired by condemnation has, prior to such acquisition, been devoted to another public use,

- it may nevertheless be acquired provided that no real property belonging to the city or to any other governmental body, or agency or instrumentality thereof of the city or other governmental body, corporate or otherwise, may be acquired without its consent. No real property belonging to a public utility corporation may be acquired without the approval of the <u>public service</u> commission or other officer or tribunal having regulatory power over such the corporation.
- (d) Upon the trial a statement, affidavit, deposition, report, transcript of testimony in an action or proceeding, or appraisal made or given by any owner or prior owner of the premises taken, or by any person on the owner's or prior owner's behalf, to any court, governmental bureau, department or agency respecting the value of the real property for tax purposes, shall be is relevant, material and competent upon the issue of value of damage and shall be is admissible on direct examination.
- (e) The term "owner", as used in <u>In</u> this section, shall include "owner" includes a person having an estate, interest or easement in the real property to be acquired or a lien, charge or encumbrance thereon on the real property.

SECTION 387. 66.415 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1315 and amended to read:

66.1315 Urban redevelopment; continued use of land by prior owner.

(1) When title to real property has vested in a redevelopment corporation or city by gift, grant, devise, purchase or in condemnation proceedings or otherwise, the redevelopment corporation or city, as the case may be, may agree with the previous owners of such the property, or any tenants continuing to occupy or use it, or any other persons who may occupy or use or seek to occupy or use such the property, that such the former owner, tenant or other persons may occupy or use such the property

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upon the payment of a fixed sum of money for a definite term or upon the payment periodically of an agreed sum of money. Such The occupation or use shall may not be construed as a tenancy from month to month, nor require the giving of notice by the redevelopment corporation or the city, as the case may be, for the termination of such occupation or use or the right to such occupation or use, but immediately. Immediately upon the expiration of the term for which payment has been made the redevelopment corporation or city, as the case may be, shall be is entitled to possession of the real property and may maintain summary proceedings, or obtain a writ of assistance, and shall be is entitled to such any other remedy as may be provided by law for obtaining immediate possession thereof. A former owner, tenant or other person occupying or using such real property shall may not be required to give notice to the redevelopment corporation or city, as the case may be, at the expiration of the term for which that person has made payment for such occupation or use, as a condition to that person's cessation of occupation or use and termination of liability therefor.

(2) In the event that If a city has acquired real property for a redevelopment corporation, the city shall, in transferring title to the redevelopment corporation, deduct from the consideration or other moneys which the redevelopment corporation has become obligated to pay to the city for such this purpose, and credit the redevelopment corporation with, the amounts received by the city as payment for temporary occupation and use of the real property by a former owner, tenant, or other person, as in this section provided, less the cost and expense incurred by the city for the maintenance and operation of such the real property.

SECTION 388. 66.416 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1317 (title).

1	SECTION 389. 66.416 (1) to (4) of the statutes are renumbered 66.1317 (1) to (4),
2	and 66.1317 (1), (2) (a) (intro.) 4. and 5. and (b), (3) and (4), as renumbered, are
3	amended to read:
4	66.1317 (1) Any A redevelopment corporation may borrow funds and secure the
5	repayment thereof of the funds by mortgage. Every such mortgage shall contain
6	reasonable amortization provisions and shall may be a lien upon no other real
7	property except that forming the whole or a part of a single development area.
8	(2) (a) (intro.) Certificates, bonds and notes, or part interests therein in, or any
9	part of an issue thereof of, these instruments, which are issued by a redevelopment
10	corporation and secured by a first mortgage on all or part of the real property of the
11	redevelopment corporation, or any part thereof, shall be are securities in which all
(12)	the following persons, partnerships or corporations and public bodies or public
13	officers may legally invest the funds within their control:
14	4. The division of banking as conservator, liquidator or rehabilitator of any such
15	person, partnership or corporation; and persons, partnerships or corporations
16	organized under or subject to chs. 600 to 646.
17	5. The commissioner of insurance as conservator, liquidator or rehabilitator of
18	any such person, partnership or corporation.
19	(b) The principal amount of the securities described in par. (a) shall may not
20	exceed the limits, if any, imposed by law for investments by the person, partnership,
21	corporation, public body or public officer making the investment.
22	(3) Any \underline{A} mortgage on the real property in a development area, or any part
23)	thereof, may create a first lien, or a second or other junior lien, upon such the real
24	property.

SECTION 389

(4) The limits as to principal amount secured by mortgage referred to in sub.
(2) shall do not apply to certificates, bonds and notes, or part interests therein in, or
any part of an issue thereof of, these instruments, which are secured by first
mortgage on real property in a development area, or any part thereof, which the
federal housing administrator has insured or has made a commitment to insure
under the national housing act. Any such \underline{A} person, partnership, corporation, public
body or public officer described in sub. (2) may receive and hold any debentures,
certificates or other instruments issued or delivered by the federal housing
$administrator, pursuant \ to \ the \ national \ housing \ act, in \ compliance \ with \ the \ contract$
of insurance of a mortgage on all or part of real property in the development area,
or any part thereof.

SECTION 390. 66.417 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1319 (title).

SECTION 391. 66.417 (1) to (6) of the statutes are renumbered 66.1319 (1) to (6), and 66.1319 (1), (2), (3), (5) and (6), as renumbered, are amended to read:

66.1319 (1) The A local governing body may by resolution determine that real property, title to which is held by the city, specified and described in such the resolution, is not required for use by the city and may authorize the city to sell or lease such the real property to a redevelopment corporation; provided, that, if the title of the city to such the real property be is not declared inalienable by charter of the city, or other similar law or instrument.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any general, special or local law or ordinance, a sale or lease authorized under sub. (1) may be made without appraisal, public notice or public bidding for a price or rental amount and upon terms agreed upon between the city and the redevelopment corporation to carry out the purposes

lessor;

of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329. In the case of a lease, the The term of the lease
shall may not exceed 60 years with a right of renewal upon the same terms.
(3) Before any sale or lease to a redevelopment corporation shall be is
authorized, a public hearing shall be held by the local governing body to consider the
proposed sale or lease.
(5) The deed or lease of such real property shall be executed in the same manner
as a deed or lease by the city of other real property owned by it and may contain
appropriate conditions and provisions to enable the city to reenter the real property
in the event of a violation by if the redevelopment corporation violates of any of the
provisions of ss. $66.405 \underline{66.1301}$ to $66.425 \underline{66.1329}$ relating to such the redevelopment
corporation or ef violates the conditions or provisions of such the deed or lease.
(6) A redevelopment corporation purchasing or leasing real property from a
city shall may not, without the written approval of the city, use such the real property
for any purpose except in connection with its development. The deed shall contain
a condition that the redevelopment corporation will devote the real property granted
only for the purposes of its development subject to the restrictions of ss. 66.405
66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329, for breach of which the city shall have the right to may
reenter and repossess itself of the real property.
SECTION 392. 66.418 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1321 and amended to
read:
66.1321 Urban redevelopment; city lease to, terms. If real property of a
city be is leased to a redevelopment corporation:
(1) The lease may provide that all improvements shall be the property of the

Section 392

1	(2) The lessor may grant to the redevelopment corporation the right to
2	mortgage the fee of such the real property and thus enable the redevelopment
3	corporation to give as security for its notes or bonds a first lien upon the land and
4	improvements;
5	(3) The execution of a lease shall does not impose upon the lessor any liability
6	or obligation in connection with or arising out of the financing, construction,
7	management or operation of a development involving the <u>leased</u> land so leased . The
8	lessor shall may not, by executing such the lease, incur any obligation or liability
9	with respect to $\frac{1}{2}$ leased premises other than may devolve upon the lessor with
10	respect to premises not owned by it. The lessor, by consenting to the execution by a
11	redevelopment corporation of a mortgage upon the leased land, shall does not
12	thereby assume, and such the consent shall \underline{may} not be construed as imposing upon
13	the lessor, any liability upon the note or bond secured by the mortgage;
4	(4) The lease may reserve such easements or other rights in connection with
(15)	the real property as may be considered necessary or desirable for the future planning
16	and development of the city and the extension of public facilities therein in the city,
17	including the construction of subways and conduits and the widening and changing
18	of grade of streets. The lease may contain such other provisions for the protection
19	of the parties as are not inconsistent with the provisions of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to
20	66.425 66.1329.
21	SECTION 393. 66.419 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1323 (title) and
22	amended to read:
23	66.1323 (title) Urban redevelopment; aids by city and appropriations.
24	SECTION 394. 66.419 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1323 (1) and amended
2 5	to read:

1	66.1323 (1) In addition to the powers conferred upon the city by other
2	provisions of ss. 66.405 to 66.425 , the. A local governing body is empowered to may
3	appropriate moneys for the purpose of, and to may borrow or to accept grants from
4	the federal or state governments or any agency thereof of their agencies, for and in
5	aid of the acquisition of any lands required to carry out the plan or the purposes
6	mentioned in s. 66.42; and to these ends, to 66.1325. The local governing body may
7	enter into such contracts, mortgages, trust indentures or other agreements as the
8	federal government may require requires.
9	SECTION 395. 66.42 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1325 (title).
10	SECTION 396. 66.42 (Table 1) of the statutes and renumbered 66.1325
11	and 66.1325 (intro.) and (1), as renumbered, are amended to read:
12	Burban redevelopment; city improvements. B 66.1325 (intro.) For the purpose of aiding and cooperating in the planning,
13	undertaking, construction or operation of any such redevelopment plan located
14	within the area in which it is authorized to act, any a local governing body may upon
(15)	such terms, with or without consideration, as it may determine determine all of the
16	following: that it determines
17	(1) Cause parks, playgrounds, recreational, community, educational, water,
18	sewer or drainage facilities, or any other works which it is otherwise empowered to
19	undertake, to be furnished adjacent to or in connection with housing projects;
20	SECTION 397. 66.421 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
21	SECTION 398. 66.421 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1323 (2) and amended
22	to read:
23	66.1323 (2) The A city is authorized to may appropriate moneys for the purpose
24	of making plans and surveys to carry out such redevelopment, and for any purpose
25	required to carry out the intention of ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329.

SECTION 399

1	SECTION 399. 66.422 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1327 (title) and
2	amended to read:
3	66.1327 (title) Urban redevelopment; construction of statute; conflict
4	of laws; supplemental powers.
5	SECTION 400. 66.422 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1327 (1) and amended
6	to read:
7	66.1327 (1) Sections 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329 shall be construed
8	liberally to effectuate the purposes hereof of urban redevelopment, and the
9	enumeration therein of specific powers shall does not operate to restrict the meaning
10	of any general grant of power contained in ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329 or
11	to exclude other powers comprehended in such the general grant.
12	SECTION 401. 66.424 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
13	SECTION 402. 66.424 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1327 (2) and amended
14	to read:
15	66.1327 (2) Insofar as If ss. $66.405 \ \underline{66.1301}$ to $66.425 \ \underline{66.1329}$ are inconsistent
16	with any other law, the provisions of these sections shall be are controlling.
17	SECTION 403. 66.425 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
18	SECTION 404. 66.425 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1327 (3) and amended
19	to read:
20	66.1327 (3) The powers conferred by ss. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 shall be
21	66.1329 are in addition and supplemental to the powers conferred by any other law.
22	SECTION 405. 66.43 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1331 (title).
23	SECTION 406. 66.43 (1), (2), (2m) (3) (intro.) and (a) of the statutes are
24	renumbered 66.1331 (1), (2), (2m) and (3), (a), and 66.1331 (2), (2m) and (3) (intro.)
25	and (a), as renumbered, are amended to read:
	(intro.) and

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66.1331 (2) Findings and declaration of necessity. It is hereby found and declared that there have existed and continue to exist in cities within the state, substandard, insanitary, deteriorated, slum and blighted areas which constitute a serious and growing menace, injurious and inimical to the public health, safety, morals and welfare of the residents of the state; that the. The existence of such these areas contributes substantially and increasingly to the spread of disease and crime (necessitating excessive and disproportionate expenditures of public funds for the preservation of the public health and safety, for crime prevention, correction, prosecution, punishment, and the treatment of juvenile delinquency and for the maintenance of adequate police, fire and accident protection, and other public services and facilities), constitutes an economic and social liability, substantially impairs or arrests the sound growth of cities, and retards the provision of housing accommodations; that this. This menace is beyond remedy and control solely by regulatory process in the exercise of the police power and cannot be dealt with effectively by the ordinary operations of private enterprise without the aids herein provided; that the in this section. The acquisition of property for the purpose of eliminating substandard, insanitary, deteriorated, slum or blighted conditions thereon or preventing recurrence of such these conditions in the area, the removal of structures and improvement of sites, the disposition of the property for redevelopment incidental to the foregoing these activities, and any assistance which may be given by cities or any other public bodies in connection therewith, are public uses and purposes for which public money may be expended and the power of eminent domain exercised; and that the. The necessity in the public interest for the provisions herein enacted of this section is hereby declared as a matter of legislative determination. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to contravene, repeal or

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read:

1	rescind the finding and declaration of necessity heretofore set forth in s. 66.43 (2)
2	prior to the recreation thereof on July 10, 1953.
3	(2m) DISCRIMINATION. Persons otherwise entitled to any right, benefit, facility
4	or privilege under this section shall not, with reference thereto, be denied them in
5	any manner for any purpose nor be discriminated against because of sex, race, color,
6	creed, sexual orientation or national origin.
7	(3) Definitions. (intro.) The following terms whenever used or referred to in
8	In this section shall, for the purposes of this section and, unless a different intent
9	clearly appears from the context, be construed as follows:
10	(a) "Blighted area" means any area, including a slum area, in which a majority
11	of the structures are residential or in which there is a predominance of buildings or
12	improvements, whether residential or nonresidential, and which, by reason of
13	dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence, inadequate provision for
14	ventilation, light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and
15	overcrowding, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire
16	and other causes, or any combination of such these factors, is conducive to ill health,
17	transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency and crime, and is
18	detrimental to the public health, safety, morals or welfare.
19	SECTION 407. 66.43 (3) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
	NOTE: Repeals a provision that defines a city to be a city. The provision is unnecessary.
	(L) (STET)
20	SECTION 408. 66.43 (3) (c) to (tr) and (4) to (15) of the statuted are renumbered
21	66.1331 (3) (c) to (m) and (4) to (15), and 66.1331 (3) (d), (h), (k) and (n), (4) (a) and

(7) to (1), as renumbered, are amended to

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66.1331 (3) (d) "Land" includes bare or vacant land, or the land under buildings, structures or other improvements, also and water and land under water. When employed in connection with "use", as for instance, "use of land" or "land use", "land" also includes buildings, structures and improvements existing or to be placed thereon on land.

(h) "Project area" means a blighted area or portion of a blighted area, as defined in par. (a), of such extent and location as adopted by the planning commission and approved by the local legislative body as an appropriate unit of redevelopment planning for a redevelopment project, separate from the redevelopment projects in other parts of the city. In the provisions of this section relating to leasing or sale by the city, for abbreviation "project area" is used for the remainder of the project area after taking out those pieces of property which shall have been or are to be transferred for public uses.

(k) "Real property" includes land; also includes land together with the buildings, structures, fixtures and other improvements thereon on the land; also includes liens, estates, easements and other interests therein in the land; and also includes restrictions or limitations upon the use of land, buildings or structures, other than those imposed by exercise of the police power.

"Redevelopment project" means any work or undertaking to acquire blighted areas or portions thereof of blighted areas, and lands, structures, or improvements, the acquisition of which is necessary or incidental to the proper clearance or redevelopment of such the areas or to the prevention of the spread or recurrence of slum conditions or conditions of blight in such the areas; to clear any such blighted areas by demolition or removal of existing buildings, structures, streets, utilities, or other improvements thereon and; to install, construct, or

Sec. 400 6.43 (3) (m) and (n) and (4) to (15) gto statutes are renumber 6 6.1331 (3) (m) and (n) and (4) to (5), and 66.1331 (3) (m), (4) (a) and (c), (5), (6) (a) (intra) and (b) to (g) and (7) to (15), as renumbered, are amended to read:

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reconstruct streets, utilities, and site improvements essential to the preparation of sites for uses in accordance with a redevelopment plan; or to sell, lease or otherwise make available land in such blighted areas for residential, recreational, commercial, industrial or other use or for public use, or to retain such the land for public use, in accordance with a redevelopment plan. The term "redevelopment "Redevelopment project" may also include includes the preparation of a redevelopment plan, the planning, surveying, and other work incident to a redevelopment project, and the preparation of all plans and arrangements for carrying out a redevelopment project. "Redevelopment plan" means a plan for the acquisition, clearance, recons rehabilitation or future use of a redevelopment project area. lafinition of "Redevelopments

(4) Hower of city (a) Every A city is granted, in addition to its other powers, 2000 may exercise all powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this section, including the following powers in addition to others herein granted all of the following:

1. To prepare or cause to be prepared Prepare redevelopment plans and to undertake and carry out redevelopment projects within its corporate limits.

2. To enter Enter into any contracts determined by the local legislative body to be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section.

3. Within its boundaries, to acquire by purchase, eminent domain or otherwise, any real or personal property or any interest therein in that property, together with any improvements thereon, necessary or incidental to a redevelopment project; to hold, improve, clear or prepare for redevelopment any such property; to sell, lease, subdivide, retain for its own use, mortgage, or otherwise encumber or dispose of any such property or any interest therein in that property, to enter into contracts with redevelopers of property containing covenants, restrictions, and conditions

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that it

regarding the use of such the property in accordance with a redevelopment plan and such other covenants, restrictions and conditions as it may deem deems necessary to prevent a recurrence of blighted areas or to effectuate the purposes of this section; to and make any of such covenants, restrictions, conditions or covenants running with the land, and to provide appropriate remedies for any their breach thereof.

- 4. To borrow Borrow money and issue bonds, and to apply for and accept advances, loans, grants, contributions, and any other form of financial assistance from the federal, state or county government, or other public body or from any sources, for the purpose of this section; to and give such security as may be required, and to enter into and carry out contracts in connection therewith with the security.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the local legislative body may designate, by ordinance or resolution, any local housing authority existing under ss. 66.40 66.1201 to 66.404 66.1211, any local redevelopment authority existing under s. 66.431 66.1333, or both jointly, or any local community development authority existing under s. 66.4325 66.1335, as the agent of the city to perform any act, except the development of the general plan of the city, which may otherwise be performed by the planning commission under this section.
- (5) General and project area redevelopment plans. (a) The planning commission is hereby directed to shall make and, from time to time, develop a comprehensive or general plan of the city, including the appropriate maps, charts, tables and descriptive, interpretive and analytical matter, which. The plan is intended to shall serve as a general framework or guide of development within which the various area and redevelopment projects under this section may be more precisely planned and calculated, and which comprehensive or general. The plan shall include at least a land use plan which designates the proposed general

SECTION 408

distribution and general locations and extents of the uses of the land for housing, business, industry, recreation, education, public buildings, public reservations and other general categories of public and private uses of the land.

- (b) For the exercise of the powers granted and for the acquisition and disposition of real property for the redevelopment of a project area, the following steps and plans shall be requisite, namely are required:
- 1. Designation by the planning commission of the boundaries of the project area proposed by it for redevelopment, submission of such the boundaries to the local legislative body and the adoption of a resolution by said the local legislative body declaring such the area to be a blighted area in need of redevelopment.
- 2. Adoption by the planning commission and approval by the local legislative body of the redevelopment plan of the project area. Such The redevelopment plan shall conform to the general plan of the city and shall be sufficiently complete to indicate its relationship to definite local objectives as to appropriate land uses, improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities, recreational and community facilities, and other public improvements in the project area, and. The plan shall include, without being limited to, a statement of the boundaries of the project area; a map showing existing uses and conditions of real property therein in the area; a land use plan showing proposed uses of the area; information showing the standards of population density, land coverage, and building intensity in the area after redevelopment; a statement of proposed changes, if any, in zoning ordinances or maps and building codes and ordinances; a statement as to the kind and number of site improvements and additional public utilities which will be required to support the new land uses in the area after redevelopment; and a statement of a feasible method proposed for the relocation of families to be displaced from the project area.

- 3. Approval of a redevelopment plan of a project area by the local legislative body may be given only after a public hearing conducted by it, and a finding by it that said the plan is feasible and in conformity with the general plan of the city. Notice of such the hearing, describing the time, date, place and purpose of the hearing and generally identifying the project area, shall be published as a class 2 notice, under ch. 985, the last insertion to be at least 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing. All interested parties shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity at the hearing to express their views respecting the proposed plan, but the hearing shall be is only for the purpose of assisting the local legislative body in making its determination.
- (c) In relation to the location and extent of public works and utilities, public buildings and other public uses in the general plan or in a project area plan, the planning commission is directed to shall confer with such other those public officials, boards, authorities and agencies under whose administrative jurisdictions such the uses respectively fall.
- (d) After a project area redevelopment plan of a project area shall have has been adopted by the planning commission and approved by the local legislative body, the planning commission may at any time certify said the plan to the local legislative body, whereupon said. The local legislative body shall proceed to exercise the powers granted to it in this section for the acquisition and assembly of the real property of the area. Following such certification, no new construction shall may be authorized by any agencies, boards or commissions of the city, in such the area, unless as authorized by the local legislative body, including substantial remodeling or conversion or rebuilding, enlargement or extension of major structural improvements on existing buildings, but not including ordinary maintenance or remodeling or changes necessary to continue the occupancy.

Section 408

(6) (Transfer, lease or sale of real property in project areas for public and
PRIVATE USES. (a) (intro.) After the real property in the project area has been
assembled, the city shall have power to may lease or sell all or any part of the real
property, including streets or parts thereof to be closed or vacated in accordance with
the plan, to a redevelopment company or to an individual, a limited liability company
or a partnership for use in accordance with the redevelopment plan. Real property
in the project area shall be leased or sold at its fair value for uses in accordance with
the redevelopment plan notwithstanding that the fair value may be less than the cost
of acquiring and preparing the property for redevelopment. In determining the
property's fair value, a city shall take into account and give consideration to the
following:

- (b) Any such lease or sale <u>under this subsection</u> may be made without public bidding, but only after a public hearing by the planning commission upon the proposed lease or sale and the <u>its</u> provisions thereof; and notice. Notice of the hearing shall be published as a class 2 notice, under ch. 985.
- (c) The terms of such a lease or sale under this subsection shall be fixed by the planning commission and approved by the local legislative body and the. The instrument of lease may provide for renewals upon reappraisals and with rentals and other provisions adjusted to such the reappraisals. Every such lease or sale shall provide that the lessee or purchaser shall carry out or cause to be carried out the approved project area redevelopment plan or approved modifications thereof and that no use shall may be made of any land or real property included in the lease or sale nor any building or structure erected thereon which does not conform to such the approved plan or approved modifications thereof. In the instrument or instruments of lease or sale, the planning commission, with the approval of the local legislative

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body, may include such other terms, conditions and provisions as in its judgment will provide reasonable assurance of the priority of the obligations of the lease or sale and of conformance to the plan over any other obligations of the lessee or purchaser and also assurance of the financial and legal ability of the lessee or purchaser to carry out and conform to the plan and the terms and conditions of the lease or sale; also, such and may include terms, conditions and specifications concerning buildings, improvements, subleases or tenancy, maintenance and management and any other matters as the planning commission, with the approval of the local legislative body, may impose or approve, including provisions whereby the obligations to carry out and conform to the project area plan shall run with the land. In the event that If maximum rentals to be charged to tenants of housing be are specified, provision may be made for periodic reconsideration of such rental bases.

legislative body, that all building constructions and other physical improvements specified to be done and made by the purchaser of the area have been completed, the purchaser shall have no power to may not convey all or part of the area or any part thereof, without the consent of the planning commission and the local legislative body, and no such consent shall may be given unless the grantee of the purchaser is obligated, by written instrument, to the city to carry out that portion of the redevelopment plan which falls within the boundaries of the conveyed property and also that the. The grantee, and the heirs, representatives, successors and assigns of the grantee shall have no right or power to may not convey, lease or let the conveyed property or any part thereof of the property, or erect or use any building or structure erected thereon on the property free from obligation and requirement to conform to the approved project area redevelopment plan or approved modifications thereof.

- (f) The planning commission may, with the approval of the local legislative body, cause to have demolished any demolish an existing structure or clear the area of any part thereof of the structure, or may specify the demolition and clearance to be performed by a lessee or purchaser and the time schedule for same the work. The planning commission, with the approval of the local legislative body, shall specify the time schedule and conditions for the construction of buildings and other improvements.
- if the lease or sale is of parts of an area, the city shall have the power to may include in the cost payable by it the cost of the construction of local streets and sidewalks within the area or of grading and other local public surface or subsurface facilities necessary for shaping the area as the site of the redevelopment of the area. The city may arrange with the appropriate federal, state or county agencies for the reimbursement of such outlays from funds or assessments raised or levied for such these purposes.
- (7) Housing for displaced families. In connection with every redevelopment plan the The housing authority shall formulate a feasible method for the temporary relocation of persons living in areas that are designated for clearance and redevelopment. In addition the The housing authority and the local legislative body will shall assure that decent, safe and sanitary dwellings substantially equal in number to the number of substandard dwellings to be removed in carrying out the redevelopment are available, or will be provided, at rents or prices within the financial reach of the income groups displaced.
- (8) USE-VALUE APPRAISALS. After the city shall have has assembled and acquired the real property of the project area, it shall, as an aid to it in determining the rentals

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and other terms upon which it will lease or the price at which it will sell all or part of the area or parts thereof, place a use value upon each piece or tract of land within the area which, in accordance with the plan, is to be used for private uses or for low-rent housing, such use. The use value to shall be based on the planned use; and, for the purposes of this use valuation, it the city shall cause provide a use valuation appraisal to be made prepared by the local commissioner of assessments or assessor; but nothing. Nothing contained in this section shall may be construed as requiring the city to base its rentals or selling prices upon such the appraisal.

(9) Protection of redevelopment plan. (a) Previous to the Before execution and delivery by the city of a lease or conveyance to a redevelopment company, or previous to the before consent by the city to an assignment or conveyance by a lessee or purchaser to a redevelopment company, the articles or certificate of incorporation or association or charter or other basic instrument of such the company shall contain provisions so defining, limiting and regulating the exercise of the powers of the company so that neither the company nor its stockholders, its officers, its directors, its members, its beneficiaries, its bondholders or other creditors or other persons shall have any power to may amend or to effect the amendment of the terms and conditions of the lease or the terms and conditions of the sale without the consent of the planning commission, together with the approval of the local legislative body, or, in relation to the project area development plan, without the approval of any proposed modification in accordance with sub. (10); and no. No action of stockholders, officers, directors, bondholders, creditors, members, partners or other persons, nor any reorganization, dissolution, receivership, consolidation, foreclosure or any other change in the status or obligation of any redevelopment company, partnership, limited liability company or individual in any litigation or proceeding

- in any federal or other court shall <u>may</u> effect any release or any impairment or modification of the lease or terms of sale or of the project area redevelopment plan unless such consent or approval be is obtained.
 - (b) Redevelopment corporations A redevelopment corporation may be organized under the general corporation law of the state and shall have the power to be a redevelopment company under this section, and to may acquire and hold real property for the purposes set forth in this section, and to may exercise all other powers granted to redevelopment companies in this section, subject to the provisions, limitations and obligations herein set forth.
 - partnership to which any all or part of a project area or part thereof is leased or sold under this section shall keep books of account of its operations of or transactions relating to such the area or part entirely separate and distinct from accounts of and for any other project area or part thereof of the other project area or any other real property or enterprise; and no. No lien or other interest shall may be placed upon any real property in said the area to secure any indebtedness or obligation of the redevelopment company, individual, limited liability company or partnership incurred for or in relation to any property or enterprise outside of said the area.
 - redevelopment plan may be modified at any time or times after the lease or sale of all or part of the area or part thereof provided that if the modification be is consented to by the lessee or purchaser, and that if the proposed modification be is adopted by the planning commission and then submitted to the local legislative body and approved by it. Before approval, the local legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the proposed modification, notice of the time and place of which shall be given by

mail sent at least 10 days prior to the hearing to the then owners of the real properties
in the project area and of the real properties immediately adjoining or across the
street from the project area. The local legislative body may refer back to the planning
commission any project area redevelopment plan, project area boundaries or
modification submitted to it, together with its recommendation for changes in such
the plan, boundaries or modification and, if such recommended changes be are
adopted by the planning commission and in turn formally approved by the local
legislative body, the plan, boundaries or modification as thus changed shall be and
become the approved plan, boundaries or modification.
(11) LIMITATION UPON TAX EXEMPTION. Nothing contained in this section shall
(11) Limitation upon tax exemption. Nothing contained in this section shall may be construed to authorize or require the exemption of any real property from
may be construed to authorize or require the exemption of any real property from
may be construed to authorize or require the exemption of any real property from taxation, except real property sold, leased or granted to and acquired by a public
may be construed to authorize or require the exemption of any real property from taxation, except real property sold, leased or granted to and acquired by a public housing authority. No real property acquired pursuant to this section by a private
may be construed to authorize or require the exemption of any real property from taxation, except real property sold, leased or granted to and acquired by a public housing authority. No real property acquired pursuant to this section by a private redevelopment company, individual, limited liability company or partnership either
may be construed to authorize or require the exemption of any real property from taxation, except real property sold, leased or granted to and acquired by a public housing authority. No real property acquired pursuant to this section by a private redevelopment company, individual, limited liability company or partnership either by lease or purchase shall be is exempt from taxation by reason of such acquisition.

(13) Cooperation and use of city funds. (a) To assist any redevelopment project located in the area in which it is authorized to may act, any a public body may, upon such terms as it may determine: Furnish determines, furnish services or facilities, provide property, lend or contribute funds, and perform any other action of a character which it is authorized to may perform for other purposes.

the conditions attached to such the grants or loans.

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(b) Every A city may appropriate and use its general funds to carry out the purposes of this section and, to obtain such funds, may, in addition to other powers set forth in this section, incur indebtedness, and issue bonds in such amount or amounts as the local legislative body determines by resolution to be necessary for the purpose of raising funds for use in carrying out the purposes of this section; provided, that any. The issuance of bonds by a city pursuant to under this provision paragraph shall be in accordance with such statutory and other legal requirements as that govern the issuance of obligations generally by the city.

(14) LIMITED OBLIGATIONS. For the purpose of carrying out or administering a redevelopment plan or other functions authorized under this section, any a city may issue municipal obligations payable solely from and secured by a pledge of and lien upon any or all of the income, proceeds, revenues, funds and property of the city derived from or held by it in connection with redevelopment projects, including the proceeds of grants, loans, advances or contributions from any public or private source. Municipal obligations issued under this subsection may be registered under s. 67.09 but shall otherwise be in such a form, mature at such time or times, bear interest at such rate or rates, be issued and sold in such a manner, and contain such terms, covenants, and conditions at the local legislative body of the city shall, by The municipal obligations shall be fully resolution, determine determines. negotiable, shall not require a referendum, and shall are not be subject to the provisions of any other law or charter relating to the issuance or sale of municipal obligations. Obligations under this section sold to the United States government need not be sold at public sale. In this subsection, "municipal obligation" has the meaning specified in s. 67.01 (6).

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1	(15) Construction. This section shall be construed liberally to effectuate the
2	its purposes hereof and the enumeration therein in this section of specific powers
3	shall does not operate to restrict the meaning of any general grant of power contained
4	in this section or to exclude other powers comprehended in such the general grant.
5	SECTION 409. 66.43 (16) of the statutes is repealed.
	Note: Repealed as archaic. The subsection validates actions of a city taken before July 10, 1953. There appears to be no need to continue the validation.
6	SECTION 410. 66.43 (17) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1331 (16).
7	SECTION 411. 66.431 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1333 (title).
8	SECTION 412. 66.431 (1), (2) and (2m) (intro.) and (a) to (e) of the statutes are
9	renumbered 66.1333 (1), (2) and (2m) (intro.) and (a) to (e), and 66.1333 (2) and (2m)
10)	(intro.) and (d) (intro.) and 1. to 5, as renumbered, are amended to read:
11	66.1333 (2) FINDINGS. In addition to the findings and declarations made in ss.
12	66.43 66.1331 (2) and 66.435 66.1337, which findings and declarations are in all
13	respects affirmed, restated and incorporated herein, it is further found and declared
14	that the existence of substandard, deteriorated, slum and blighted areas and
15	blighted properties is a matter of statewide concern; that it. It is the policy of this
16	state to protect and promote the health, safety, morals and general welfare of the
17	people of the state in which such these areas and blighted properties exist by the
18	elimination and prevention of such these areas and blighted properties through the
19	utilization of all means appropriate for that purpose, thereby encouraging
20	well-planned, integrated, stable, safe and healthful neighborhoods, the provision of

healthful homes, a decent living environment and adequate places for employment

of the people of this state and its communities in such these areas and blighted

properties; that the. The purposes of this section are to provide further for the

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elimination and prevention of substandard, deteriorated, slum and blighted areas and blighted properties through redevelopment and other activities by state-created agencies and the utilization of all other available public and private agencies and resources, thereby carrying out the policy of this state as heretofore declared; that state. State agencies are necessary in order to carry out in the most effective and efficient manner the state's policy and declared purposes for the prevention and elimination of substandard, deteriorated, slum and blighted areas and blighted properties; and that such state. State agencies shall be available in all the cities in the state to be known as the redevelopment authorities of the particular cities, to and carry out and effectuate the provisions of this section when the local legislative bodies of the cities determine there is a need for them to carry out within their cities the powers and purposes of this section; and any assistance. Assistance which may be given by cities or any other public bodies in connection therewith under this section, are public uses and purposes for which public money may be expended; and that the. The necessity in the public interest for the provisions herein enacted of this section is declared a matter of legislative determination. Nothing contained herein is deemed to contravene, repeal or rescind in this subsection contravenes, repeals or rescinds the finding or declaration of necessity prior to the recreation thereof of this subsection on June 1, 1958. (2m) DEFINITIONS. (intro.) As used or referred to in In this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise: (d) (intro.) "Blight elimination, slum clearance and urban renewal project", "redevelopment and urban renewal project", "redevelopment or urban renewal

project", "redevelopment project", "urban renewal project" and "project" mean

undertakings and activities in a project area for the elimination and for the

- prevention of the development or spread of slums and blight, and may involve clearance and redevelopment in a project area, or rehabilitation or conservation in a project area, or any combination or part thereof of the undertakings and activities in accordance with a "redevelopment plan", "urban renewal plan", "redevelopment or urban renewal plan", "project area plan" or "redevelopment and urban renewal plan", either one of which means the redevelopment plan of the project area prepared and approved as provided in sub. (6). Such These undertakings and activities may include all of the following:

 1. Acquisition of all or a portion of a blighted area or portions thereof;
 - 2. Demolition and removal of buildings and improvements;
 - 3. Installation, construction, or reconstruction of streets, utilities, parks, playgrounds, and other improvements necessary for carrying out in the project area the objectives of this section in accordance with the redevelopment plan;
 - 4. Disposition of any property acquired in the project area (, including sale, initial leasing or retention by the authority itself), at its fair value for uses in accordance with the redevelopment plan;
 - 5. Carrying out plans for a program of voluntary or compulsory repair and rehabilitation of buildings or other improvements in accordance with the redevelopment plan; and.
 - SECTION 413. 66.431 (2m) (f) of the statutes is repealed.

Note: Repeals a provision that defines a city to be a city. The provision is unnecessary.

SECTION 414. 66.431 (2m) (g) to (t) and (3) to (17) of the statutes are renumbered 66.1333 (2m) (g) to (t) and (3) to (17), and 66.1333 (2m) (j), (3) (a) 1. and 4. and (b) to

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(g), (5) (a), (b) 4. and (c) 1r. and 2., (6) (a) to (e), (9) (a) 1. a. and c. and (b) to (f) and (10) to (17), as renumbered, are amended to read:

66.1333 (2m) (j) "Real property" includes all lands, together with improvements and fixtures thereon, and property of any nature appurtenant thereto to the lands, or used in connection therewith with the lands, and every estate, interest, right and use, legal or equitable, therein in the lands, including terms for years and liens by way of judgment, mortgage or otherwise.

- redevelopment authority, functioning within a city in which there exists substandard, deteriorating, deteriorated, unsanitary slum and blighted areas, constitutes a more effective and efficient means for preventing and eliminating slums and blighted areas in the city and preventing the recurrence thereof of blighted areas. Therefore, there is created in every such city with a blighted area a redevelopment authority, to be known as the "redevelopment authority of the city of". An authority is created for the purpose of carrying out blight elimination, slum clearance, and urban renewal programs and projects as set forth in this section, together with all powers necessary or incidental to effect adequate and comprehensive blight elimination, slum clearance and urban renewal programs and projects.
 - 4. The powers of the authority shall be are vested in the commissioners.
- (b) The commissioners who are first appointed shall be designated by the appointing power to serve for the following terms: 2 for one year, 2 for 2 years, 1 for 3 years, 1 for 4 years, and 1 for 5 years, from the date of their appointment.

 Thereafter After the first appointments, the term of office shall be for is 5 years. A commissioner shall hold holds office until a successor has been is appointed and

- qualified. Removals with respect to commissioners Removal of the authority shall be a commissioner is governed by s. 66.40 66.1201. Vacancies and new appointments shall be are filled in the same manner as provided in par. (a).
- (c) The filing of a certified copy of the resolution above referred to adopted under par. (a) with the city clerk shall be is prima facie evidence of the authority's right to proceed, and such the resolution shall is not be subject to challenge because of any technicality. In any suit, action or proceeding commenced against the authority, a certified copy of such the resolution shall be deemed is conclusive evidence that such the authority is established and authorized to transact business and exercise its powers hereunder under this section.
- (d) Following the adoption of such a resolution, such under par. (a), a city shall thereafter be is precluded from exercising the powers provided in s. 66.43 66.1331 (4), and the authority has exclusive power to may proceed to carry on the blight elimination, slum clearance and urban renewal projects in such the city, except that such the city is not precluded from applying, accepting and contracting for federal grants, advances and loans under the housing and community development act of 1974 (P.L. 93–383).
- (e) 1. Such An authority shall have has no power, whatsoever, in connection with any public housing project;
- 2. Persons otherwise entitled to any right, benefit, facility or privilege under this section shall may not, with reference thereto, be denied such the right, benefit, facility or privilege in any manner for any purpose nor be discriminated against because of sex, race, color, creed, sexual orientation or national origin.
- (f) In carrying out this section, the An authority is deemed an independent, separate and distinct public body and a body corporate and politic, exercising public

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powers determined to be necessary by the state to protect and promote the health, safety and morals of its residents, and is authorized to may take title to real and personal property in its own name; and such. The authority shall may proceed with the acquisition of property by eminent domain under ch. 32, or any other law relating specifically to eminent domain procedures of redevelopment authorities.

and responsibilities under civil service. The authority may appoint an executive director whose qualifications shall be are determined by the authority. The director shall also act as secretary of the authority and may have has the duties, powers and responsibilities delegated by the authority. All of the employes, including the director of the authority, shall be eligible to may participate in the same pension system, health and life insurance programs and deferred compensation programs provided for city employes and are eligible for any other benefits provided to city employes.

(5) POWERS OF REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITIES (a) Every An authority is granted, in addition to any other powers, may exercise all powers necessary or incidental to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this section, including the following powers:

- 1. To prepare or cause to be prepared <u>Prepare</u> redevelopment plans and urban renewal plans and to undertake and carry out redevelopment and urban renewal projects within the corporate limits of the city in which it functions.
- 2. To enter Enter into any contracts determined by the authority to be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section. All contracts, other than those for personal or professional services, in excess of \$25,000 shall be are subject to bid and shall be awarded to the lowest qualified and competent bidder. The authority may reject any bid required under this paragraph. The authority shall advertise for

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bids by a class 2 notice, under ch. 985, published in the city in which the project is to be developed. If the estimated cost of a contract, other than a contract for personal or professional services, is between \$3,000 and \$25,000, the authority shall give a class 2 notice, under ch. 985, of the proposed work before the contract is entered into.

3. Within the boundaries of the city to, acquire by purchase, lease, eminent domain, or otherwise, any real or personal property or any interest therein in the property, together with any improvements thereon on the property, necessary or incidental to a redevelopment or urban renewal project; to hold, improve, clear or prepare for redevelopment or urban renewal any such of the property; to sell, lease, subdivide, retain or make available the property for the city's use; to mortgage or otherwise encumber or dispose of any such of the property or any interest therein in the property enter into contracts with redevelopers of property containing covenants, restrictions and conditions regarding the use of such the property in accordance with a redevelopment or urban renewal plan, and such other covenants, restrictions and conditions as the authority deems necessary to prevent a recurrence of blighted areas or to effectuate the purposes of this section; to make any of such -covenants, restrictions, conditions or covenants running with the land and to provide appropriate remedies for any their breach thereof; to arrange or contract for the furnishing of services, privileges, works or facilities for, or in connection with a project; to temporarily operate and maintain real property acquired by it in a project area for or in connection with a project pending the disposition of the property for such uses and purposes as may be deemed desirable even though not in conformity with the redevelopment plan for the area; within the boundaries of the city to, enter into any building or property in any project area in order to make inspections, surveys, appraisals, soundings or test borings, and to obtain an order for this purpose

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an appropriate circuit from a court of competent jurisdiction in the event if entry is denied or resisted; to own and hold property and to insure or provide for the insurance of any real or personal property or any of its operations against any risks or hazards, including the power to pay paying premiums on any such insurance; to invest any project funds held in reserves or sinking funds or any such the funds not required for immediate disbursement in property or securities in which savings banks may legally invest funds subject to their control; to redeem its bonds issued under this section at the redemption price established therein in the bonds or to purchase such the bonds at less than redemption price, all such bonds so redeemed or purchased to be canceled; to develop, test and report methods and techniques, and carry out demonstrations and other activities, for the prevention and elimination of slums and blight; and to disseminate blight elimination, slum clearance and urban renewal information.

4. a. To borrow Borrow money and issue bonds; to execute notes, debentures and other forms of indebtedness; and to apply for and accept advances, loans, grants, contributions and any other form of financial assistance from the city in which it functions, from the federal government, the state, county, or other public body, or from any sources, public or private for the purposes of this section, and to give such security as may be required and to enter into and carry out contracts or agreements in connection therewith with the security; and to include in any contract for financial assistance with the federal government for or with respect to blight elimination and slum clearance and urban renewal such conditions imposed pursuant to federal laws as the authority deems reasonable and appropriate and which are not inconsistent with the purposes of this section.

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- b. Any debt or obligation of the authority shall is not be deemed the debt or obligation of the city, county, state or any other governmental authority other than the redevelopment authority itself.
- c. To issue Issue bonds in its discretion to finance its activities under this section, including the payment of principal and interest upon any advances for surveys and plans, and may issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of such bonds previously issued by it. Such bonds Bonds shall be made payable, as to both principal and interest, solely from the income, proceeds, revenues, and funds of the authority derived from or held in connection with its undertaking and carrying out of projects or activities under this section; provided that payment. Payment of such the bonds, both as to principal and interest, may be further secured by a pledge of any loan, grant or contribution from the federal government or other source, in aid of any projects or activities of the authority under this section, and by a mortgage of any such all or a part of the projects or activities, or any part thereof. Bonds issued under this section shall are not constitute an indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction of the state, city or of any public body other than the authority issuing the bonds, and shall are not be subject to any other law or charter relating to the authorization, issuance or sale of bonds. Bonds issued under this section are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose and, together with interest thereon and income therefrom, shall be are exempt from all taxes. Bonds issued under this section shall be authorized by resolution of the authority and, may be issued in one or more series and shall bear such a date, be payable upon demand or mature at such a time, bear interest at such a rate, be in such a denomination, be in such a form either with or without coupon or registered, carry such conversion or registration privileges, have

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such rank or priority, be payable in such a medium of payment, at such a place, and be subject to such terms of redemption, with or without premium, be secured in such a manner, and have such other characteristics (as) is provided by the resolution, trust indenture or mortgage issued pursuant thereto to the transaction. Bonds issued under this section shall be executed as provided in s. 67.08 (1) and may be registered under s. 67.09. The bonds may be sold or exchanged at public sale or by private negotiation with bond underwriters as the authority may provide provides. The bonds may be sold or exchanged at such any price or prices as the authority shall determine determines. If sold or exchanged at public sale, the sale shall be held after a class 2 notice, under ch. 985, published prior to such the sale in a newspaper having general circulation in the city and in such any other medium of publication as the authority determines. Such bonds Bonds may be sold to the federal government at private sale, without publication of any notice, at not less than par, and, if less than all of the authorized principal amount of such the bonds is sold to the federal government, the balance may be sold at private sale at not less than par at an interest cost to the authority of that does not to exceed the interest cost to the authority of the portion of the bonds sold to the federal government. Any provision of any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be are fully negotiable. In any suit, action or proceeding involving the validity or enforceability of any bond issued under this section or the security therefor for any bond, any such bond reciting in substance that it has been issued by the authority in connection with a project or activity under this section shall be conclusively is deemed to have been issued for such that purpose and such the project or activity shall be conclusively is deemed to have been planned, located and carried out in accordance with this section.

5. To establish Establish a procedure for preservation of the records of the 1 authority by the use of microfilm, another reproductive device, optical imaging or 2 electronic formatting, if authorized under s. 19.21 (4) (c). Any such The procedure 3 shall assure that copies of such the records that are open to public inspection 4 continue to be available to members of the public requesting them. A photographic 5 reproduction of a record or copy of a record generated from optical disk or electronic 6 storage is deemed the same as an original record for all purposes if it meets the 7 applicable standards established in ss. 16.61 and 16.612. 8 6. The Authorize the chairperson of the authority or the vice chairperson in the 9 absence of the chairperson, selected by vote of the commissioners, and the executive 10 director or the assistant director in the absence of the executive director is authorized. to execute on behalf of the authority all contracts, notes and other forms of obligation when authorized by at least 4 of the commissioners of the authority to do so. 13 7. The authority is authorized to commence Commence actions in its own name 14 and. The authority shall be sued in the name of the authority. The authority shall 15 that have an official seal. 16 8. To exercise such Exercise other and further powers as (may be) required or 17 necessary in order to effectuate the purposes hereof of this section. 18 9. To exercise Exercise any powers of a housing authority under s. 66.40 19 66.1201 if done in concert with a housing authority under a contract under s. 66.30 20 21 <u>66.0301</u>. (b) 4. The authority may acquire by purchase real property within any area 22 designated for urban renewal or redevelopment purposes under this section prior to 23 the approval of either the redevelopment or urban renewal plans or prior to any 24

modification of the plan, providing if approval of such the acquisition is granted by

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property is acquired, the authority may demolish or remove structures so acquired with the approval of the local governing body. In the event that If acquired real property so acquired is not made part of the urban renewal project the authority shall bear any loss that may arise as a result of the acquisition, demolition or removal of structures acquired under this section; however, the local legislative body if if If the local legislative body has given its approval to the acquisition of such real property that is not made a part of the urban renewal project, it shall reimburse the authority for any loss sustained as provided for in this subsection. Any real property acquired in a redevelopment or in an urban renewal area pursuant to under this subsection may be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this section providing if the local governing body has approved the acquisition of the property for the project.

(c) 1r. Condemnation proceedings for the acquisition of blighted property shall be conducted under ch. 32 or under any other law relating specifically to eminent domain procedures of authorities. The authority may hold, clear, construct, manage, improve or dispose of the blighted property, for the purpose of eliminating its status as blighted property. Notwithstanding sub. (9), the authority may dispose of the blighted property in any manner. The authority may assist private acquisition, improvement and development of blighted property for the purpose of eliminating its status as blighted property, and for that purpose the authority shall have has all the duties, rights, powers and privileges given to the authority under this section, as if it had acquired the blighted property.

2. Prior to acquiring blighted property under subd. 1. or 1g., the authority shall hold a public hearing to determine if the property is blighted property. Notice of such the hearing, describing the time, date, place and purpose of the hearing and

generally identifying the property involved shall be given to each owner of the property, at least 20 days prior to the date set for the hearing, by certified mail with return receipt requested. If the notice cannot be delivered by certified mail with 3 return receipt requested, or if the notice is returned undelivered, notice may be given 4 by posting the notice at least 10 days prior to the date of hearing on any structure **6** located on the property which is the subject of the notice. If the property which is the 6 subject of the notice consists of vacant land, a notice may be posted in some suitable 7 and conspicuous place on that property. For the purpose of ascertaining the name 8 of the owner or owners of record of property which is subject to a public hearing under 9 this subdivision, the records of the register of deeds of the county in which such the 10 property is located, as of the date of the notice required under this subdivision, shall (11) be deemed are conclusive. An affidavit of mailing or posting the notice which is filed 12 as a part of the records of the authority shall be deemed is prima facie evidence of 13 that notice. In the hearing under this subdivision, all interested parties may express 14 their views respecting on the authority's proposed determination, but the hearing is 15 only for informational purposes. Any technical omission or error in the procedure 16 specified under this subdivision does not invalidate the designation or subsequent 17 acquisition. If any owner of property subject to the authority's determination that 18 the property is blighted property objects to that determination or to the authority's 19 acquisition of that property, that owner shall file a written statement of his or her 20 and reasons for the objections and the reasons for those objections with the authority 21 te, at the time of, or within 15 days after the public hearing under this 22 subdivision. Such The statement shall contain the mailing address of the person 23 filing the statement and be signed by or on behalf of that person. The filing of that

statement shall be is a condition precedent to the commencement of an action to contest the authority's actions under this paragraph.

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(6) COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OF REDEVELOPMENT; DESIGNATION OF BOUNDARIES;

(APPROVAL BY LOCAL LEGISLATIVE BODY, (a) The authority may make or cause to be made

and prepare or cause to be prepared a comprehensive plan of redevelopment and urban renewal which shall be consistent with the general plan of the city, including the appropriate maps, tables, charts and descriptive and analytical matter. Such The plan is intended to shall serve as a general framework or guide of development within which the various area and redevelopment and urban renewal projects may be more precisely planned and calculated. The comprehensive plan shall include at least a land use plan which designates the proposed general distribution and general locations and extents of the uses of the land for housing, business, industry, recreation, education, public buildings, public reservations and other general categories of public and private uses of the land. The authority is authorized to may make or have made all other surveys and plans necessary under this section, and to adopt or approve, modify and amend such the plans.

(b) For the exercise of the powers granted and for the acquisition and disposition of real property in a project area, the following steps and plans shall be requisited are required

1. Designation by the authority of the boundaries of the proposed project area, submission of such the boundaries to the local legislative body, and adoption of a resolution by two-thirds of such the local legislative body declaring such the area to be a blighted area in need of a blight elimination, slum clearance and urban renewal project. Thereafter After these acts, the local legislative body may, by resolution by two-thirds vote, prohibit for an initial period of not to exceed 6 months from

enactment of such the resolution any new construction in such the area except upon resolution by the local legislative body that such the proposed new construction, on such reasonable conditions as may be fixed therein stated in the resolution, will not substantially prejudice the preparation or processing of a plan for the area and is necessary to avoid substantial damage to the applicant. Such The order of prohibition shall be is subject to successive renewals for like periods by like resolutions; but no new construction contrary to any such resolution of prohibition shall may be authorized by any agency, board or commission of the city in such the area except as herein provided in this subdivision. No such prohibition of new construction shall may be construed to forbid ordinary repair or maintenance, or improvement necessary to continue occupancy under any regulatory order.

2. Approval by the authority and by two-thirds of the local legislative body of the redevelopment plan of the project area which has been prepared by the authority. Such The redevelopment plan shall conform to the general plan of the city and shall be sufficiently complete to indicate its relationship to definite local objectives as to appropriate land uses, improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities, recreational and community facilities, and other public improvements in the project area, and. The redevelopment plan shall include, without being limited to, a statement of the boundaries of the project area; a map showing existing uses and conditions of real property therein; a land use plan showing proposed uses of the area; information showing the standards of population density, land coverage and building intensity in the area after redevelopment; present and potential equalized value for property tax purposes; a statement of proposed changes, if any, in zoning ordinances or maps and building codes and ordinances; a statement as to the kind and number of site improvements and additional public utilities which will be

from the project area.

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required to support the new land uses in the area after redevelopment; and a statement of a feasible method proposed for the relocation of families to be displaced

3. Approval of a redevelopment plan of a project area by the authority may be given only after a public hearing conducted by the authority and a finding by the authority that such the plan is feasible and in conformity with the general plan of the city. Notice of such the hearing, describing the time, date, place and purpose of the hearing and generally identifying the project area, shall be published as a class 2 notice, under ch. 985, the last insertion to be at least 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing. In addition thereto, at At least 20 days prior to the date set for the hearing on the proposed redevelopment plan of the project area a notice shall be transmitted by certified mail, with return receipt requested, to each owner of real property of record within the boundaries of the redevelopment plan. If transmission of such the notice by certified mail with return receipt requested cannot be accomplished, or if the letter is returned undelivered, then notice may be given by posting the same notice at least 10 days prior to the date of hearing on any structure located on the property; or, if such the property consists of vacant land, a notice may be posted in some suitable and conspicuous place on such the land. Such The notice shall state the time and place at which the hearing will be held with respect to the redevelopment plan and that the owner's property might be taken for urban renewal. For the purpose of ascertaining the name of the owner of record of the real property within such project boundaries, the records, at the time of the approval by the redevelopment authority of the project boundaries, of the register of deeds of the county in which such the property is located shall be deemed are conclusive. Failure to receive such the notice shall does not invalidate the plan. An affidavit of mailing

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or posting of such the notice or posting thereof filed as a part of the records of the authority shall be deemed is prima facie evidence of the giving of such notice. All interested parties shall be afforded a full opportunity to express their views respecting on the proposed plan at such the public hearing, but the hearing shall only be for the purpose of assisting the authority in making its determination and in submitting its report to the local legislative body. Any technical omission in the procedure outlined herein shall in this subdivision does not be deemed to invalidate Any owner of property included within the boundaries of the the plan. redevelopment plan and objecting to such the plan shall be required to state the owner's objections and the reasons therefor for objecting, in writing, and file the same document with the authority either prior to, at the time of the public hearing, or within 15 days thereafter, but not subsequently thereto after the hearing. The owner shall state his or her mailing address and sign his or her name thereto. The filing of such objections in writing shall be is a condition precedent to the commencement of an action to contest the right of the redevelopment authority to condemn the property under s. 32.06 (5).

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(c) In relation to the location and extent of public works and utilities, public buildings and public uses in a comprehensive plan or a project area plan, the authority is directed to shall confer with the planning commission and with such other public officials, boards, authorities and agencies of the city under whose administrative jurisdictions such these uses respectively fall.

 $(d) \ \underline{At\,any\,time\,after\,such}\,\underline{After\,the}\,redevelopment\,plan\,has\,been\,approved\,both$ by the authority and the local legislative body, it may be amended by resolution adopted by the authority, and such the amendment shall be submitted to the local legislative body for its approval by a two-thirds vote before the same shall become

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it becomes effective. It shall is not be required in connection with any amendment to the redevelopment plan, unless the boundaries described in the plan are altered to include other property, that the provisions in this subsection with respect to public hearing and notice be followed.

(e) After a project area redevelopment plan of a project area has been adopted by the authority, and the local legislative body has by a two-thirds vote approved the redevelopment plan the authority may at any time certify said the plan to the local legislative body, whereupon. After certification, the authority shall proceed to exercise the powers granted to it for the acquisition and assembly of the real property of the area. The local legislative body shall upon the certification of such the plan by the authority direct that no new construction shall be permitted, and thereafter. After this direction, no new construction shall may be authorized by any agencies, boards or commissions of the city in such the area unless as authorized by the local legislative body, including substantial remodeling or conversion or rebuilding, enlargement, or extension or major structural improvements on existing buildings, but not including ordinary maintenance or remodeling or changes necessary to continue the occupancy.

PRIVATE USES (a) 1. a. Upon the acquisition of any or all of the real property in the project area, the authority has power to may lease, sell or otherwise transfer to a redevelopment company, association, corporation or public body, or to an individual, limited liability company or partnership, all or any part of the real property, including streets or parts thereof of streets to be closed or vacated in accordance with the plan, for use in accordance with the redevelopment plan. No assembled lands of the project area shall may be either sold or leased by the authority to a housing

- authority created under s. 66.40 66.1201 for the purpose of constructing public housing projects upon such the land unless the sale or lease of the lands has been first approved by the local legislative body by a vote of not less than four-fifths of the members elected.
- c. A copy of the redevelopment plan shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county where the redevelopment project is located. Any amendment to the redevelopment plan, approved as herein provided for under sub. (6), shall also be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county.
- (b) Any such A lease or sale may be made without public bidding, but only after public hearing is held by the authority after a notice to be is published as a class 2 notice, under ch. 985, and the. The hearing shall be predicated upon the proposed sale or lease and the provisions thereof of the sale or lease.
- (c) The terms of such a lease or sale shall be fixed by the authority, and the instrument of lease may provide for renewals upon reappraisals and with rentals and other provisions adjusted to such the reappraisals. Every such lease or sale shall provide that the lessee or purchaser shall will carry out or cause to be carried out the approved project area redevelopment plan or approved modifications thereof of the redevelopment plan, and that the use of such land or real property included in the lease or sale, and any building or structure erected thereon, shall conform to such the approved plan or approved modifications thereof of the plan. In the instrument of lease or sale, the authority may include such other terms, provisions and conditions as in its judgment that will provide reasonable assurance of the priority of the obligations of the lease or sale and, of conformance to the plan over any other obligations of the lessee or purchaser, and also assurance of the financial and legal ability of the lessee or purchaser to carry out and conform to the plan and the terms

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and conditions of the lease or sale; also, such. In the instrument of lease or sale, the authority may include terms, conditions and specifications concerning buildings, improvements, subleases or tenancy, maintenance and management, and any other matters as the authority may impose or approve imposes or approves, including provisions whereby under which the obligations to carry out and conform to the project area plan shall run with the land. If maximum rentals to be charged to tenants are specified, provision may be made for periodic reconsideration of such rental bases.

- (d) Until the authority certifies that all building constructions and other physical improvements specified by the purchaser have been completed, the purchaser shall have no power to may not convey the all or part of an area, or any part thereof, without the consent of the authority and no such. No consent shall may be given unless the grantee of the purchaser is obligated, by written instrument, to the authority to carry out that portion of the redevelopment plan which falls within the boundaries of the conveyed property and also unless the written instrument specifies that the grantee and the heirs, representatives, successors and assigns of the grantee, shall have no right or power to may not convey, lease or let all or part of the conveyed property or any part thereof, or erect or use any building or structure erected thereon on the conveyed property free from obligation and requirement to conform to the approved project area redevelopment plan or approved modifications thereof of the redevelopment plan.
- (e) The authority may cause to have demolished demolish any existing structure or clear the all or part of an area of any part thereof, or specify the demolition and clearance to be performed by a lessee or purchaser and a time

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SECTION 414

demolition and clearance

schedule for the same. The authority shall specify the time schedule and conditions for the construction of buildings and other improvements.

- (f) In order to facilitate the lease or sale of a project area, or if the lease or sale is part of an area, the authority has the power to may include in the cost payable by it the cost of the construction of local streets and sidewalks in the area, or of grading and any other local public surface or subsurface facilities or any site improvements necessary for shaping the area as the site of the redevelopment of the area. The authority may arrange with the appropriate federal, state, county or city agencies for the reimbursement of such outlays from funds or assessments raised or levied for such these purposes.
- every redevelopment plan, the An authority shall formulate a feasible method for the temporary relocation of persons living in areas that are designated for clearance and redevelopment. In addition, the The authority shall prepare a plan which shall be submitted for submittal to the local legislative body for approval which shall assure that decent, safe and sanitary dwellings substantially equal in number to the number of substandard dwellings to be removed in carrying out the redevelopment are available or will be provided at rents or prices within the financial reach of the income groups displaced. The authority is authorized to may make relocation payments to or with respect to persons (, including families, business concerns and others), displaced by a project for moving expenses and losses of property for which reimbursement or compensation is not otherwise made, including the making of such payments financed by the federal government.
- (11) Modification of redevelopment plan. (a) An approved project area redevelopment plan may be modified at any time after the lease or sale of all or part

of the area or part thereof provided that if the modification is consented to by the lessee or purchaser, and that the proposed modification is adopted by the authority and then submitted to the local legislative body and approved by it. Before approval, the authority shall hold a public hearing on the proposed modification, and notice of the time and place of hearing shall be sent by mail at least 10 days prior to the hearing to the owners of the real properties in the project area and of the real properties immediately adjoining or across the street from the project area. The local legislative body may refer back to the authority any project area redevelopment plan, project area boundaries or modifications submitted to it, together with recommendations for changes in such the plan, boundaries or modification, and if such the recommended changes are adopted by the authority and in turn approved by the local legislative body, the plan, boundaries or modifications as thus changed shall be become the approved plan, boundaries or modification.

(b) Whenever the authority determines that a redevelopment plan with respect to a project area that has been approved and recorded in the register of deed's office is to be modified to permit land uses in the project area, other than those specified in the redevelopment plan, the authority shall notify all purchasers of property within the project area of the authority's intention to modify the redevelopment plan, and it shall hold a public hearing with respect to on the modification. Notice shall be given to the purchasers of the property by personal service at least 20 days prior to the holding of the public hearing, or if the purchasers cannot be found notice shall be given by registered mail to the purchasers at their last-known address. Notice of the public hearing shall also be given by publication as a class 2 notice, under ch.

985. The notice shall specify the project area and recite the proposed modification and its purposes. The public hearing shall be merely is advisory to the authority.

(3)

After If the authority, following the public hearing, determines that the modification of the redevelopment plan will not affect the original objectives of the plan and that it will not produce conditions leading to a reoccurrence of plans or blight within the project area, the authority may by resolution act to modify the plan to permit additional land uses in the project area, subject to approval by the legislative body by a two-thirds vote of the members elect. If the local legislative body approves the modification to the redevelopment plan, an amendment to the plan containing the modification shall be recorded with the register of deeds of the county in which the project area is located and shall supplement the redevelopment plan previously recorded. Following the action with respect to modification of the redevelopment plan, the plan shall be considered is amended and no legal rights shall accrue to any person or to any owner of property in the project area by reason of the modification of the redevelopment plan.

(c) The provisions herein of this subsection shall be construed liberally to effectuate the <u>its</u> purposes hereof and substantial compliance shall be deemed <u>is</u> adequate. Technical omissions shall <u>do</u> not invalidate the procedure set forth herein in <u>this subsection</u> with respect to acquisition of real property necessary or incidental to a redevelopment project.

(12) LIMITATION UPON TAX EXEMPTION. The real and personal property of the authority is declared to be public property used for essential public and governmental purposes, and such the property and an authority shall be are exempt from all taxes of the state or any state public body; but the. The city in which a redevelopment or urban renewal project is located may fix a sum to be paid annually in lieu of such taxes by the authority for the services, improvements or facilities furnished to the project by the city if the authority is financially able to do so, but such

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the sum shall may not exceed the amount which would be levied as the annual tax of the city upon such the project. However, no No real property acquired under this section by a private company, corporation, individual, limited liability company or partnership, either by lease or purchase, shall be is exempt from taxation by reason

5 <u>because</u> of such the acquisition.

redevelopment or urban renewal project located in the area in which the authority is authorized to act, any a public body may, upon such terms and t determines: furnish services or facilities, provide property, lend or contribute funds, and perform any other action of a character which it is authorized to may perform for other general purposes, and to enter into cooperation agreements and related contracts in furtherance of the purposes enumerated. Any Acity and any a public body may levy taxes and assessments and appropriate such funds and make such expenditures as

may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection, but taxes and assessments shall may not be levied under this subsection by a public body which has no power to may not levy taxes and assessments for any other purpose.

out blight elimination, slum clearance and urban renewal programs and projects, the city in which the authority functions is authorized, without limiting its authority under any other law, to may issue and sell general obligation bonds in the manner and in accordance with the provisions of under ch. 67, except that no referendum shall be is required, and to may levy taxes without limitation for the payment thereof of the bonds, as provided in s. 67.035. The bonds authorized under this subsection shall be are fully negotiable and except as provided in this subsection shall are not be subject to any other law or charter pertaining to the issuance or sale of bonds.

1	(15) BUDGET. The local legislative body shall approve the budget for each fiscal
2	year of the authority, and shall have the power to may alter or modify any item of said
3	the budget relating to salaries, office operation or facilities.
4	(16) Legal services to authority. The legal department of any \underline{a} city in which
5	the authority functions can provide legal services to such the authority and a
6	member of the legal department having the necessary qualifications may, subject to
7	approval of the authority, be its counsel; the. The authority may also retain
8	specialists to render legal services as required by it.
9	(17) Construction. This section shall be construed liberally to effectuate the
10	its purposes hereof and the enumeration therein in this section of specific powers
11	shall does not operate to restrict the meaning of any general grant of power contained
12	in this section or to exclude other powers comprehended in such the general grant, 123;
13	SECTION 415. 66.432 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1011, and 66.1011 (title),
14	(1), (2) and (3), as renumbered, are amended to read:
15	66.1011 (title) Local equal opportunities for housing. (1) Declaration
16	OF POLICY. The right of all persons to have equal opportunities for housing regardless
17	of their sex, race, color, physical condition, disability as defined in s. 106.04 (1m)(g),
18	sexual orientation as defined in s. 111.32 (13m), religion, national origin, marital
19	status, family status as defined in s. 106.04 (1m) (k), lawful source of income, age or points and source of income.
2 0)	ancestry is a matter both of statewide concern under \$\square 106.04\$ and also of local
21	interest under this section and s. 66.433 66.0125. The enactment of a 106.04 by the
22	legislature shall does not preempt the subject matter of equal opportunities in
23	housing from consideration by political subdivisions, and shall does not exempt
24	political subdivisions from their duty, nor deprive them of their right, to enact

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ordinances which prohibit discrimination in any type of housing solely on the basis of an individual being a member of a protected class.

- ordinances prohibiting discrimination in housing within their respective boundaries solely on the basis of an individual being a member of a protected class. Such an An ordinance may be similar to \$106.04 (1) to (8) or may be more inclusive in its terms or in respect to the different types of housing subject to its provisions, but any such. An ordinance establishing a forfeiture as a penalty for violation shall may not be for an amount that is less than the statutory forfeitures under s. 106.04. Such an An ordinance may permit a complainant, aggrieved person or respondent to elect to remove the action to circuit court after a finding has been made that there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of the ordinance has occurred. Such an An ordinance may also authorize the political subdivision, at any time after a complaint has been filed alleging an ordinance violation, to file a complaint in circuit court seeking a temporary injunction or restraining order pending final disposition of the complaint.
- (3) CONTINGENCY RESTRICTION. No political subdivision shall may enact an ordinance under sub. (2), which that contains a provision making its effective date or the operation of any of its provisions contingent on the enactment of an ordinance on the same or similar subject matter by one or more other political subdivisions.

SECTION 416. 66.4325 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1335, and 66.1335 (1) (intro.) and (a), (2) (intro.), (3), (4), (5) (intro.) (a), (b), (c), (e) and (f) and (5m) to (7), as renumbered, are amended to read:

66.1335 (1) Authorization (intro.) Any \underline{A} city may, by a two-thirds vote of the members of the city council present at the meeting, adopt an ordinance or resolution

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creating a housing and community development authority which shall be known as the "Community Development Authority" of such the city. It shall be deemed is a separate body politic for the purpose of carrying out blight elimination, slum The clearance, urban renewal programs and projects and housing projects. ordinance or resolution creating a housing and community development authority may also authorize such the authority to act as the agent of the city in planning and carrying out community development programs and activities approved by the mayor and common council under the federal housing and community development act of 1974 and as agent to perform all acts, except the development of the general plan of the city, which may be otherwise performed by the planning commission under s. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329, 66.43 66.1331, 66.435 66.1337 67 66.46 A certified copy of such the ordinance or resolution shall be transmitted to the mayor. The ordinance or resolution shall also: do all of the following

(a) Provide that any redevelopment authority created under s. 66.431 66.1333 operating in such the city and any housing authority created under s. 66.40 66.1201 operating in such the city, shall terminate its operation as provided in sub. (5); and

- (2) APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS. (intro.) Upon receipt of a certified copy of such the ordinance or resolution, the mayor shall, with the confirmation of the council, appoint 7 resident persons having sufficient ability and experience in the fields of urban renewal, community development and housing, as commissioners of the community development authority.
- (3) EVIDENCE OF AUTHORITY. The filing of a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution referred to in sub. (1) with the city clerk shall be is prima facie evidence of the community development authority's right to transact business and such the ordinance or resolution is not subject to challenge because of any technicality. In any

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<u>a</u> suit, action or proceeding commenced against the community development authority, a certified copy of such the ordinance or resolution is conclusive evidence that such the community development authority is established and authorized to transact business and exercise its powers under this section.

(4) Powers and duties. The community development authority shall have has all powers, duties and functions set out in ss. 66.40 66.1201 and 66.431 66.1333 for housing and redevelopment authorities and as. As to all housing projects initiated by the community development authority it shall proceed under s. 66.40 66.1201, and as to all projects relating to blight elimination, slum clearance, urban renewal and redevelopment programs it shall proceed under s. 66.405 66.1301 to 66.425 66.1329 66.435 66.1337 or 66.46 664 as determined appropriate by the common council on a project by project basis. As to all community development programs and activities undertaken by the city under the federal housing and community development act of 1974, the community development authority shall proceed under all applicable laws and ordinances not inconsistent with the laws of this state. In addition, if provided in the resolution or ordinance, the community development authority may act as agent of the city to perform all acts, except the development of the general plan of the city, which may be otherwise performed by the planning commission under s. 66.405 66 66.43 66.4831, 66.435 66/1537 or 66.46 66/14/95

(5) Termination of housing and redevelopment authorities. (intro.) Upon the adoption of an ordinance or resolution creating a community development authority, all housing and redevelopment authorities previously created in such the city under ss. 66.40 66.1201 and 66.431 shall 66.1333 terminate.

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- (a) Any programs and projects which have been begun by housing and redevelopment authorities shall, upon adoption of such the ordinance or resolution be transferred to and completed by the community development authority. Any procedures, hearings, actions or approvals taken or initiated by the redevelopment authority under s. 66.431 66.1333 on pending projects is are deemed to have been taken or initiated by the community development authority as though if the community development authority had originally undertaken such the procedures, hearings, actions or approvals.
- (b) Any form of indebtedness issued by a housing or redevelopment authority shall, upon the adoption of such the ordinance or resolution, be assumed by the community development authority except as indicated in par. (e).
- (c) Upon the adoption of such the ordinance or resolution, all contracts entered into between the federal government and a housing or redevelopment authority, or between such these authorities and other parties shall be assumed and discharged by the community development authority except for the termination of operations by housing and redevelopment authorities. Housing and redevelopment authorities may execute any agreements contemplated by this subsection. Contracts for disposition of real property entered into by the redevelopment authority with respect to any project shall be are deemed contracts of the community development authority without the requirement of amendments therete to the contracts. Contracts entered into between the federal government and the redevelopment authority or the housing authority shall bind the community development authority in the same manner as though if originally entered into by the community development authority.

1	(e) A housing authority which has outstanding bonds or other securities that
2	require the operation of the housing authority in order to fulfill its commitments with
(3)	respect to the discharge of principal or interest or both, may continue in existence
4	solely for such that purpose. The ordinance or resolution creating the community
5	development authority shall delineate the duties and responsibilities which shall
6	devolve upon the housing authority with respect thereto to that purpose.
7	(f) The termination of housing and redevelopment authorities pursuant to this
8	section shall is not be subject to s. 66.40 66.1201 (26).
9	(5m) Tax exemption. Community development authority bonds issued on or
10	after January 28, 1987, are declared to be issued for an essential public and
11	$governmental\ purpose\ and\ to\ be\ public\ instrumentalities\ and,\ together\ with\ interest$
12	thereon on the bonds and income therefrom from the bonds, are exempt from taxes.
13	(6) Controlling statute. The powers conferred under this section shall be are
14	in addition and supplemental to the powers conferred by any other law. Insofar as
15	To the extent this section is inconsistent with any other law, this section shall control
16	controls.
17	(7) Construction. This section shall be construed liberally to effectuate its
18	purposes and the enumeration of specific powers herein in this section does not
19	restrict the meaning of any general grant of power contained in this section nor does
20	it exclude other powers comprehended in such the general grant.
21	SECTION 417. 66.433 of the statutes is renumbered 66.0125, and 66.0125 (1),
22	(2), (3) (c) 1 (d) and (7) (a), as renumbered, are amended to read:
23	66.0125 (1) DEFINITION. "Municipality" as used herein In this section.
24	means a city, village, town, school district or county.
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a localgovernmental unit

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(2) CREATION. Each-municipality is authorized and urged to either establish by ordinance a community relations-social development commission or to participate in such a commission established on an intergovernmental basis within the county -pursuant to/enabling ordinances adopted by the participating municipa A school district may establish or participate in such a commission by resolution instead of by ordinance. Such An intergovernmental commission may be established in cooperation with any a nonprofit corporation located in the county and composed primarily of public and private welfare agencies devoted to any of the purposes set Every such An ordinance or resolution establishing a forth in this section. commission shall substantially embody the language of sub. (3). Each municipality may appropriate money to defray the expenses of such the commission. If such the commission is established on an intergovernmental basis within the county, the provisions of s. 66.30 66.0301, relating to local cooperation, are applicable thereto apply as optional authority and may be utilized by participating municipalities to effectuate the purposes of this section, but a contract between municipalities is not necessary for the joint exercise of any power authorized for the joint performance of any duty required herein in this section.

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a. To establish and keep in force proper health standards for the community and beneficial zoning for the community area in order to facilitate the elimination of blighted areas, and to prevent the start and spread of such, blighted areas;

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3. Examine the need for, initiate, participate in and promote publicly and privately sponsored studies and programs in any field of human relationship which that will aid in accomplishing the foregoing objectives, and initiate such public

local governmental unit

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programs and studies and participate in and promote such privately sponsored programs and studies purposes and duties of the commission.

(4) COMPOSITION OF COMMISSION. The commission shall be nonpartisan and composed of citizens residing in the municipality, including representatives of the The composition of the clergy and minority groups, and the composition thereof, commission and the number and method of appointing and removing the commission members thereof shall be determined by the governing body of the municipality creating or participating in the commission. Notwithstanding s. 59.10 (4) or 66.11 local governmental unit's 66.0501(2), a member of such the manicipal governing body may serve on the commission, except that a county board member in a county having a population over 500,000 may not accept compensation for serving on the commission. Of the persons first appointed, one-third shall hold office for one year, one-third for 2 years, and one-third for 3 years from the first day of February next following their appointment, and until their respective successors are appointed and qualified. All succeeding terms shall be for 3 years. Any vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as original appointments. Every person appointed as a member of the commission shall take and file the official oath. Ins. 354-18 (attached)

assistance under title II of the federal economic opportunity act of 1964. No assistance shall be accepted with respect to any matter to which objection is made by the legislative body creating such the commission, but if the commission is established on an intergovernmental basis and such objection is made by any participating legislative body said, assistance may be accepted with the approval of a majority of the legislative bodies participating in such the commission.

SECTION 418. 66.434 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

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(7) Designation of commissions as cooperating agencies under federal law.

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SECTION 419. 66.434 of the statutes is renumbered 46.30 (5) and amended to read:

46.30 (5) CITY, VILLAGE OR TOWN ASSISTANCE. A city, village or town may appropriate funds for promoting and assisting any a community action agency under s. 46.30.

SECTION 420. 66.435 of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 35, is renumbered 66.1337, and 66.1337(2), (2m) (a) (intro.), 2. and 4. and (b) and (3) to (7), as renumbered, are amended to read:

66.1337 (2) FINDINGS. It is hereby found and declared that there exists in municipalities of the state slum, blighted and deteriorated areas which constitute a serious and growing menace injurious to the public health, safety, morals and welfare of the residents of the state, and the findings and declarations made before August 3, 1955 in s. 66.43 (2) 66.1331 are in all respects affirmed and restated; that while certain. Certain slum, blighted or deteriorated areas, or portions thereof, may require acquisition and clearance, as provided in s. 66.43 66.1331, since the prevailing condition of decay may make impracticable the reclamation of the area by conservation or rehabilitation in such a manner that the conditions and evils hereinbefore enumerated of these areas may be eliminated, remedied or prevented, and to. To the extent feasible salvable slum and blighted areas should be conserved and rehabilitated through voluntary action and the regulatory process; and all. All acts and purposes provided for by this section are for and constitute public uses and are for and constitute public purposes, and that moneys. Moneys expended in connection with such powers under this section are declared to be for public purposes and to preserve the public interest, safety, health, morals and welfare. Any municipality in carrying out the provisions of this section shall afford maximum

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SECTION 420

1	opportunity consistent with the sound needs of the municipality as a whole to the
2	rehabilitation or redevelopment of areas by private enterprise.
3	(2m) (a) (intro.) "Rehabilitation or conservation work" may include includes
4	any of the following:
5	2. Acquisition of real property and demolition, removal or rehabilitation of
6	buildings and improvements thereon where necessary to eliminate unhealthful,
7	unsanitary or unsafe conditions, lessen density, reduce traffic hazards, eliminate
8	obsolete or other uses detrimental to the public welfare, or to otherwise remove or
9	prevent the spread of blight or deterioration, or to provide land for needed public
10	facilities.
11	4. The disposition, for uses in accordance with the objectives of the urban
12	renewal project, of any property or part thereof acquired in the area of the project.
13	The disposition shall be in the manner prescribed in this section for the disposition
14	of property in a redevelopment project area.
15	(b) "Urban renewal project" may include includes undertakings and activities
16	for the elimination and for the prevention of the development or spread of slums or
17	blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating areas and may involve any work or
18	undertaking for such this purpose constituting a redevelopment project or any
19	rehabilitation or conservation work, or any combination of such the undertaking or
20	work.
21	(3) Urban renewal projects. In addition to its authority under any other
22	section, a A municipality is authorized to may plan and undertake urban renewa
23	projects.

(4) Workable program. (a) 1. The governing body of the municipality, or such

the public officer or public body as it designates, including a housing authority

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organized and created under s. 66.40 66.1201, a redevelopment authority created under s. 66.431 66.1333 or a community development authority created under s. 66.4325 66.1335, is authorized to may prepare a workable program for utilizing appropriate private and public resources to eliminate, and prevent the development or spread of, slums and urban blight and deterioration, to encourage needed urban rehabilitation, to provide for the redevelopment of blighted, deteriorated or slum areas, or to undertake those activities or other feasible activities that may be suitably employed to achieve the these objectives of such a program. The governing body may by resolution or ordinance provide the specific means by which a workable program can be effectuated and may confer upon its officers and employes the power required to carry out a program of rehabilitation and conservation for the restoration and removal of blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating areas. If a municipality finds that there exists in the municipality dwellings or other structures that are unfit for human habitation due to dilapidation, defects that increase the hazards of fire, accidents or other calamities, lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities or other conditions, rendering the dwellings or other structures unsanitary, dangerous or detrimental to the health, safety or morals, or otherwise inimical to the welfare of the residents of the municipality, the municipality may enact the resolutions or ordinances that it considers appropriate and effectual in order to prevent those conditions and may require or cause the repair, closing, demolition or removal of the dwellings or other structures. For the purposes of the resolutions or ordinances, a "dwelling"

2. In this subsection:

a. "Dwelling" means any building, structure or part of the building or structure that is used and occupied for human habitation or intended to be so used and includes

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any appurtenances belonging to it or usually enjoyed with it. The term "structure" also

<u>b. "Structure"</u> includes fences, garages, sheds, and any type of store or commercial, industrial or manufacturing building.

3. The ordinances or resolutions under subd. 1. shall require that, if there are reasonable grounds to believe that there has been a violation of the ordinances or resolutions, notice of the alleged violation shall be given to the alleged responsible person by appropriately designated public officers or employes of such the municipality. Every such notice shall be in writing; include a description of the real estate sufficient for identification; include a statement of the reason for issuance; specify a time for the performance of any act that the notice requires; and be served upon the alleged responsible person. The notice of violation is properly served on the person if a copy of it is delivered to the person personally; is left at the person's usual place of abode, in the presence of someone in the family of suitable age and discretion who shall be informed of the contents of the notice; is sent by registered mail or by certified mail with return receipt requested to the person's last-known address; or, if the registered or certified letter with the copy of the notice is returned showing the letter has not been delivered to the person, by posting a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place in or about the dwelling or other structure affected by the notice. Any

4. A person affected by such a notice under subd. 3. may request and shall be granted a hearing on the matter before a board or commission established by the governing body of such the municipality or before a local health officer. The person shall file in the office of the designated board or commission or the local health officer a written petition requesting the hearing and setting forth a statement of the

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grounds for it within 20 days after the day the notice was served. Within 10 days after receipt of the petition, the designated board or commission or the local health officer shall set a time and place for the hearing and shall give the petitioner written notice of it. At the hearing the petitioner shall have an opportunity to may be heard and to show cause why the notice should be modified or withdrawn. The hearing before the designated board or commission or the local health officer shall be commenced not later than 30 days after the date on which the petition was filed. Upon written application of the petitioner to the designated board or commission or the local health officer, the date of the hearing may be postponed for a reasonable time beyond the 30-day period, if, in the judgment of the board, commission or local health officer, the petitioner has submitted a good and sufficient reason for such a postponement. Any notice served under this section shall become becomes an order if a written petition for a hearing is not filed in the office of the designated board or commission or the local health officer within 20 days after such notice is served. The designated board or commission or the local health officer may administer oaths and affirmations in connection with the conduct of any hearing held under this section. 5. After the hearing the designated board or commission or the local health officer shall sustain, modify or cancel the notice given under subd. 3., depending upon its findings as to whether the provisions of the resolutions or ordinances have been complied with. The designated board or commission or the local health officer may also modify any notice so as to authorize a variance from the provisions of the resolutions or ordinances when, because of special conditions, enforcement of the

provisions of the resolutions or ordinances will result in practical difficulty or

unnecessary hardship, if the intent of the resolutions or ordinances will be observed

and public health and welfare secured. If the designated board or commission or the

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local health officer sustains or modifies the notice, the sustained or modified notice is an order, and the persons affected by the order shall comply with all provisions of the order within a reasonable period of time, as determined by the board, commission or local health officer. The proceedings at the hearing, including the findings and decisions of the board, commission or local health officer, shall be reduced to writing and entered as a matter of public record in the office of the board, commission or local health officer. The record shall also include a copy of every notice or order issued in connection with the matter. A copy of the written decision of the board, commission or local health officer shall then be served, in the same manner prescribed for service of notice under subd. 3., on the person who filed the petition for hearing.

- 6. If the local health officer finds that an emergency exists that requires immediate action to protect the public health, the local health officer may, without notice or hearing, issue an order reciting the existence of such an the emergency and requiring that action be taken that the local health officer determines is necessary to meet the emergency. This order shall be is effective immediately. Any person to whom the order is directed shall comply with it, but shall be afforded a hearing as specified in this section subsection if the person immediately files a written petition with the local health officer requesting the hearing. After the hearing, depending upon the findings of the local health officer as to whether an emergency still exists that requires immediate action to protect the public health, the local health officer shall continue the order in effect or modify or revoke it.
- (b) Any A person aggrieved by the determination of any a board, commission or local health officer, following review of an order issued under this section subsection, may appeal directly to the circuit court of the county in which the dwelling or other structure is located by filing a petition for review with the clerk of